Agencies.
...AL INSURANCE.
...OLM CAMERON,
...............Desbarats's Block
...ce of Queen's Printer,
...adian institution—perfect security
... immediate payment of claims.
...8, 1868. 918tf
...TUAL
...URANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
...Insurance Company has received
...act the business of Life Insurance
...UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSUR...
...NY, of Maine.
...S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
...N, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
...y, deposited with the Receiver...
...Thousand Dollars in addition to
...Thousand, making Seventy Thou...
...0,000, U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.
... John H. Gray, M.P., has been
...al to the Company for the Domin...
...atters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
...mber 7, 1868. 894tf
...ATCHES.
...L, LIVERPOOL,
...er by special appointment to
... THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,
AND
...OURT OF SPAIN,
...ONORABLE THE LORDS COM...
...ERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
... QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
...of the Great International Exhib...
...ndon, 1862, and of the Uni...
...Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
...POINT
...R. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
...Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
...hese celebrated Timekeepers.
... & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
... Agents in the Dominion for
... Watches.
...y 20. 743y

...ERS,
...AKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
...DERTAKER,
...T THE OLD STAND,
...RIDEAU-STREE...
... AND AT THE
... WELLINGTON-STREET,
... assortment of Cabinet and Uphol...
...n be obtained at moderate prices.
...NDERTAKING.
...ing branch is under S. R.'s imme...
...ence, who attends all Funerals
...harge, and has constantly on hand
...nt of Ready-made Coffins, of all
...es:
...LACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c
...ing Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or
... Coffins, may rely on getting a gen...
...stained Butternut sold for Wal...
...ns of keeping their deceased rela...
... days, or even a week, can do so
...possible inconvenience by appl...
... who has had over 20 years ex...
...bove branches, and feels confident
...tion.
...dertaking Branch will be found
... Ottawa.
...ons always ready for the removal
...—At the West End Establishment.
...ber 4, 1868. 839y
...Hardware.
...RE!
AT
...AC'S, CENTRE TOWN
...RS, CULTIVATORS,
... IRON, COAL,
... HEAVY HARDWARE,
...LS, ROPE, CHAINS,
...ssortment of House-furnishings
...the lowest cash prices to be found
...rket.
ALSO,
...erns and sizes, for coal and wood
...t, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton
...undries, with drums, pipes, ur...
...heapest to be had in town.
...BROS.,
...y appointment
... HIS EXCELLENCY SIR
...OHN YOUNG.
...Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and
...eed, rolled and rounds of Beef,
... Hams and Bacon, cured in the
... Lower Town Market, Ottawa.
...L CANADIAN BANK
...NCY AT OTTAWA
... DAY BEEN CLOSED.
... obtain balances due them upon
... QUEBEC BANK here, to whom
... moneys due the Royal Cana...
...nded over for collection.
... payments to the Ontario Gov...
...so at the same place, where the
... can be had.
C. B. GRASETT,
Agent.
...22, 1869. 955d
...S EPILEPTIC CURE,
...d cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus
...Hysteria, &c., &c. This prepar...
... recipe of a celebrated French
... very great success which has
... every case, and where the high...
...ars of no avail, has induced the
...t every possible publicity. The
...bscriber's name and address on
... one dollar. Sole Proprietor,
...emist, 396, Notre Dame-street,
... Water, equal to anything in...
... cents per bottle. 783y
...D. MAYES,
...PLATE PRINTER,
...reet, Centre Town,
...arks & Queen Streets.
...ange, Bill Heads, Visiting
...inted on the shortest notice.
...ll be made at the next Session
...f Ontario for an act to incorpo...
...NIA PEAT MANUFACTUR...
...G COMPANY, with powers to
...r Railway from some point in
...edonia to the navigable waters
...idth Nation Rivers, and to au...
...pality of Caledonia to grant to
...o much of the road allowances
...d fifth concessions as may be
...nufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf
... printed and published by
... Times Printing and Publish...
... at the Office, 38, Sparks-st.
...n, Ottawa. James Cotton
...irector Alex. Robertson

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 962. OTTAWA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCU PIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on han a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clear out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,

President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954td

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
SPOTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar-Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention o Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window.

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,

to be had only

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES: STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa.

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,

953tf Sparks-st.

WANTED.—AN ARCHITECT to contract for Building a Stone Church at Mount St. Patrick. Apply [if by letter, post-paid,] for further particulars to the REV. JOHN McCORMICK, P.P., Mount St. Patrick, P. O. County of Renfrew, or JAMES O'GORMAN, Shamrock P. O.

Shamrock, January 25, 1869. 960-3-5wl

NOTICE.

I beg to remind the party who has a Chest of Drawers, that was taken from my dwelling during the late fire, and which contained Jewellery and Valuable Clothing, that I expect to hear from him without delay.

I further beg to remind the gentleman who was seen to take a Shawl on the same occasion, and roll it round his shoulders, that I expect to hear from him without delay.

THOS. GUERIN,

Dep. Pub. Works.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959-4l

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞ AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS.... $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON.

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
(at greatly reduced prices.)

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNE.

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examne them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made upon all cash purchases of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*

☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

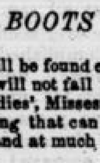
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of hand made boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the Times Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 951tf

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the Canada Gazette Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier: "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," 'The most elegant juvenile book of the season,"' superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.

Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.

Third. It will not mould.

Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.

Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.

Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.

Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and always "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

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BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

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Publications.

BOOK LIST.—J. DURIE & SON have received Nature's Noblemen, by the author of Rachel's Secret; the Prodigal Son, by Rev. W. Morley Punshon; the Bab Ballads, by W. S. Gilbert; the Carols of Cockayne, by Hy. S. Leigh; the Five Days Entertainments at Wentworth; Grange, by F. T. Palgrave; Sportscrapiana-facts in Athletics, by Caw; Lyra Sabbatica; Hymns on the Holy Communion, by Ada Cambridge; the Search for the Gral, by Julia Goddard; History of Civilization in Europe, by Buckle, (Eng. Ed.)

Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography, also the Teacher and Reader, 12th English edition.

Cheap Books.—Sterne's Works, $1; the Family Doctor, Illustrated, [new] $1; Addison's Spectator, complete, $1.25; Hallam's Middle Ages, $1.25; Macaulay's Essays, 2 vols., $2; Disraeli's Novels, 5 vols., $4; Bulwer's Novels, 11 vols., $9.

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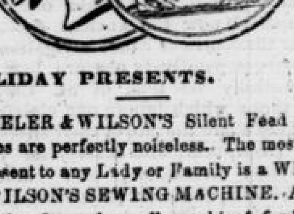

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Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........				
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines....	7½	"	1 3
70	do	do Poplin........	7½	"	1 0
150	do	do Cobourg......	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for..........	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only..................	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths	Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins	Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra	Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres	Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,..................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces	Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......	6 d
160 do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars........	6½d
165 do	Good Prints	4 d
303 do	Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's..............................	6½d
159 do	French Calicos, in choice patterns...	8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..........	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating................	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed...............	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed..........	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a grea sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only..............	2 6	
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......	3 9	
500 Under Shirts, only............	3 3	
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting...........................	3 3	worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting..................	1	do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.		

☞ Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50..OVERCOATS.
4.00.................................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up...PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25...................................VESTS.
$8.00,..........Black Broadcloth.........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞ Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

House, Land and General Agency,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

Inglis' New Buildings, Sussex-st.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

75 y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be ound constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

PORK,

OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,

Forwarders and Commission Merchants,

Canal Basin

ROYAL CEREMONIES IN MADAGASCAR.

An English clergyman in Madagascar writes an account of the recent coronation of the Queen of that island. The ceremonial was curious and interesting. "All the female members of the near branches of the royal family were clothed in scarlet from head to foot. The wives of the offices, &c. (one hundred or one hundred and fifty), were dressed in European clothing, some of them looking very nice, and others hideous. Then came two brass cannons—then soldiers in their different uniforms. Great advances has been made in the dresses of the soldiers, and they really looked well. Then came the officers of higher rank, in most expensive dresses, velvet of all hues, and gold lace in profusion. Then came the Queen, in a handsome gilded palanquin, with the scarlet umbrella, and her usual attendants. When she reached a stone upon which for gene...ons it has been customary for new sovereigns to stand, she alighted, and walking over the stone, accompanied by the prime minister and other high officers, she went to the throne prepared for her. The canopy under which she sat was in excellent taste. The pillars were of green with gold moulding, and the hangings of green and gold too. The dome-shaped roof was of scarlet velvet, prettily ornamented with silver spear heads crossed at the corners. Beneath the dome were inscribed on the four different sides the following words: 'Glory to God—Peace on earth—Goodwill to men—May God be with us.' At the side of the Queen's seat was a small gilded table, upon which was placed a very handsomely bound Malagasy Bible, and a copy of the laws of Madagascar.

"As soon as the Queen had taken her place the scarlet-clothed ladies were taken to seats to the south of the Queen on the platform, and the French and ourselves were placed on the north side of the same. We thus had a very honourable position, and one from which we could see the whole proceedings. The Prime Minister, as first subject, took his place among the people below. He was dressed in a white velvet suit trimmed with gold, with blue leather boots. A little boy about twelve or fourteen acted as his shield-bearer. Behind him stood some two hundred officers, dressed chiefly in velvet. As soon as the firing of cannons had subsided, the Queen stood up and delivered her speech. The sentence in which she alluded to Christianity was as follows:

"'And as to the praying, it is not compulsory; nor is there any hindrance, fo God made you.'

"The Queen was very collected, and spoke distinctly, but she could not be heard by the thousands who were present. The speech is to be printed and circulated freely. After the Queen's speech the laws were proclaimed, upwards of eighty in all, and these, too, are to be printed. After this the presentation of 'basina' commenced. The heads of the different tribes came forward in parties, and made their short congratulatory address one by one, and presented their dollars. The dresses of some of these chiefs were most rich and yet grotesque; the colours of some of their lambas were magnificent, and many wore coloured silk turbans."

Wellington Battalion.—The *Guelph Advertiser* gives an account of the annual dinner of the battalion as follows:—

The ovation that was tendered to the County Council on Tuesday evening in the Town Hall, by the Col. and Officers of the Wellington Battalion, was in every respect a perfect success. At about half-past seven or so, a sumptuous dinner was laid for well nigh a hundred guests, and the two tables running parallel, as well as the cross one, at which the gallant Col. presided as chairman, were surrounded by a gathering of the happiest looking countenances we ever had the pleasure of gazing upon. The enlivening strains of the splendid band; the "spread" furnished by "mine host" Miller—who knows to pefection the way to minister on such occasions—the tone of the speechifying, and the atmosphere of sociability which surrounded the whole proceedings, caused Time to fly away most imperceptibly and agreeably. Lieut. Col. Higinbotham filled the chair with his usual tact and ability. Seated at his right, we observed the Warden of the County, Peter Gow, Esq., M. P. P., and the Chaplain of the Battalion, the Rev. Mr. Ball. On the left, David Stirton, Esq., M. P. P.; A. McKim, Esq., M. P. P.; the Mayor of Guelph, Donald Guthrie, Esq., and others. The 1st vice chair was occupied by Dr. Tuck, Assistant Surgeon of the Battalion.

Combats on the Ocean.—Among the extraordinary spectacles sometimes witnessed by these who "go down to the sea in ships," none are more impressive than a combat for the supremacy between the monsters of the deep. The battles of the swordfish and the whale are described as heroic in grandeur. The swornfish go in schools like whales, and the attacks are often regular sea fights. When the two troops meet as soon as the swordfish have betrayed their presence by a few bounds in the air, the whales draw together and close up their ranks. The swordfish always endeavours to take the whale in the flank, either because its cruel instinct has revealed to it the defect in the cuirass, for there exists near the brachial fins of the whale a spot where wounds are mortal, or because the flank presents a wider surface to its blows. The swordfish recoils to secure a greater impetus. If the movement escapes the keen eye of his adversary, the whale is lost, receives the blow of the enemy and dies almost instantly. But if the whale perceives the swordfish at the instant of the rush by a spontaneous bound it springs clear of the water its entire length, and falls on its flank with a crash that resounds for many leagues and whitens the sea with boiling foam. The gigantic animal has only its tail for defence. It tries to strike the enemy, and to finish him at a single blow. But if the active swordfish avoids the fatal tail, the battle becomes more terrible. The aggressor springs from the water in his turn, falls upon the whale and attempts not to pierce, but to saw it with the teeth that garnish its weapon. The sea is stained with blood; the fury of the whale is boundless. The swordfish harrasses him, strikes on every side, kills him and flies to other victories. Often the swordfish has not time to avoid the fall of the whale, and contents itself with presenting

its sharp saw to the flank of the gigantic animal which is about to crush it; it then dies like Maccabaeus, smothered beneath the weight of the elephant of the ocean. Finally, the whale gives a few last bounds into the air, dragging its assassin in its flight, and perishes as it kills the monster of which it was the victim.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Immense Clearing Sale of Carpets—Magee & Russell.
The Royal Canadian Bank—E. B. Wood.
Tenders of Silver—W. Weir.
Authorized Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1869.

☞ For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.

On Saturday last the Hon. Joseph Howe was sworn in by His Excellency Sir John Young as a member of the Honourable the Queen's Privy Council for Canada; also as President of the Privy Council, in the room and stead of the late Honourable Adam Johnston Fergusson Blair, deceased.

His Excellency Sir John Young and Lady Young leave to-day for Montreal, to accept of the hospitalities tendered them by the citizens of the Commercial Metropolis.

The Hon. Mr. Rose also leaves for Montreal to-day; and the Hon. Mr. Howe for Nova Scotia.

Our readers will perhaps be somewhat surprised on seeing the announcement at the head of our editorial columns this morning. The Hon. Joseph Howe has accepted a seat in the Privy Council in the place of the late Hon. Mr. Blair. There are at the present time abundant and most cogent reasons for this step. It has been put beyond dispute that the Imperial Government would entertain no project for the release of Nova Scotia from the operation of the provisions of the British North America Act, and hence all further efforts in the cause of repeal would be not only fruitless but absolutely pernicious. The home authorities had imposed upon the Canadian Government the duty of so framing the legislation of the country as to make it just and acceptable to the Nova Scotians, and this duty had been frankly accepted by our Privy Council, and entered upon in a spirit of fairness and conciliation. It was necessary, therefore, that some one representing the Nova Scotia majority should have a place in the Cabinet, to give a guarantee to the public that the measures in contemplation were to be justly framed and carried out in good faith; and who of that majority was more likely to insure that guarantee than the Hon. Joseph Howe?

We need scarcely recall the circumstances attending the visit of the several members of the Privy Council to Halifax last August; the Repeal Convention, and Mr. Howe's subsequently published letters concerning the same. These matters must all be fresh in the public recollection; and they involved but a single conclusion: *i. e.*, that Repeal being out of the question, it but remained for the public men of Nova Scotia to make the best of the situation; to set forth the position and requirements of their Province, and make such terms, within the Act of Union, as it was possible for them to do. Mr. Howe saw, and no doubt other leading Nova Scotians saw, that this was the only possible course which could be pursued within the bounds of loyalty and patriotism; and Mr. Howe, true to his character, was the first to frankly and honestly proclaim the fact to the world. As a result of the visit of the Ministers to which we have alluded, Mr. Howe opened a correspondence with the leader of the Government, with a view of ascertaining what, and how much, could be done for his Province *within* the Union. Like a practical man he abandoned repeal only when convinced that repeal was impossible, and if not *accepting*, at least submitting to, a *situation* which circumstances had rendered inevitable, he at once set himself to the work of adapting that *situation* to the requirements of his Province. We believe in this work Mr. Howe himself will be able to convince the Nova Scotians that he was met by the leader of the Government and his colleagues in a fair and friendly spirit. In respect of Nova Scotia's peculiar position, we believe Mr. Howe was ably seconded in its exposition by the member for Colchester, Mr. McLelan, whose practical and financial knowledge rendered him a valuable colleague to Mr. Howe in setting forth, in a clear and forcible light, the several points wherein their Province suffered by the arrangements adopted at the London Conference.

As a sequel to the correspondence which had been for some time going on between Mr. Howe and the Privy Council, Messrs. Howe and McLelan met the Hon. Finance Minister at Portland; and subsequently came to Ottawa in pursuance of the negociations for which a basis had already been laid. These negociations, relating mainly, or we should say solely, to financial matters, were at length concluded to the mutual satisfaction of the Government on the one side, and Messrs. Howe and McLelan on the other, and the result will be laid before the public in detail in the course of a short time. The proposed altered relations of Nova Scotia to the Dominion will of course form a fruitful theme of public discussion, and must in due course be submitted to Parliament for its judgment; if sanctioned, we may hope that the mad spirit of repeal has been exorcised from the body politic of Canada; if rejected—but of that we have no fear.

The grave responsibility which the repeal agitation in Nova Scotia, the failure of the repeal delegates in England, and the despatch of the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, of June last, had thrown upon our Government, was one which it had either to shoulder, or under which it must have had to succumb. *Nova Scotia had to be reconciled to the Union.* This was the imperative duty imposed upon our Government in fulfilment of the destiny of the British American colonies to be one country under the British flag. The Hon. Mr. Howe has earnestly assisted the Premier and his colleagues in accomplishing this end. But when terms had been agreed upon and a policy determined, it was necessary not only for the satisfaction of Nova Scotia, but for that of the other Provinces, that a substantial guarantee should be given for the good faith of this policy. Ontario, Quebec and New Brunswick should see that Nova Scotia accepts its due share of the *ministerial* responsibility of presenting this policy for the approval of the whole country and the legislative sanction of Parliament. Hence the Premier insisted that as a necessary condition to the adoption of the policy determined on towards Nova Scotia, the Hon. Mr. Howe should accept a seat in the Privy Council, and meet Parliament with a due share of the responsibility attaching to him for the measures to be submitted.

It may readily be understood that the Hon. Mr. Howe hesitated before acceding to this request; that he weighed well the consequences of such a step, and the misconceptions to which it would expose his conduct. But simultaneously with the settlement on the material points under discussion between Mr. Howe and the Government came a despatch from the Earl of Granville, Colonial Minister, touching some resolutions of the Nova Scotia House of Assembly which do not appear to have been before His Grace of Buckingham and Chandos when he penned his significant despatch of the 8th December, just on the eve of his quitting office, in reply to the famous "Minute" of the Nova Scotia Executive Council. Our readers remember the tone of the despatch just referred to, and we have excellent reasons for believing that the despatch of Earl Granville is conceived in the same spirit; that it cuts off all hope of a favourable view of the Repeal movement being entertained by the present Government, and imposes, from considerations of the highest Imperial interests, the maintenance of the Union Act in its integrity, and the most conciliatory policy towards all the Provinces under it. It was thus rendered certain that despite the presence of Mr. Bright in the new Government its policy respecting Canada would be precisely the same as that of its predecessor, and hence the last faint hope of obtaining Repeal, or even a change in the Union Act, at the instance of a single Province, has been destroyed. Under these circumstances, Mr. Howe could no longer resist the invitation of Sir John A. Macdonald to accept office and share in the responsibility of the policy to the adoption of which he had so largely contributed.

Throughout the length and breadth of the Dominion there will be an almost universal feeling of satisfaction at this result. Every Unionist will rejoice that the talents of the veteran statesman are at length to be devoted to the cause of consolidating a political system on this continent, whose early germs were planted in great part by his own hand; and we trust that all, or nearly all, the Nova Scotia Repealers, recognising the irresistible force of the "logic of events" will applaud the patriot who has won for his Province improved relations with the General Government. We are not altogether hopeful of the Local Cabinet of Nova Scotia. Our readers know that since the "stay-away-from-Ottawa" cry was raised, we have considered them the marplots of the sister Province. It will rejoice us exceedingly if the future shall prove that our judgment in the past has been too harsh; but though we fear there may be some malcontents for a time, we have the utmost confidence that the sober judgment of Nova Scotia will ratify Mr. Howe's action, and condemn these malcontents to the ranks of a hopeless and continually dwindling minority. By the great majority of the Nova Scotians, and everywhere throughout the other Provinces, Mr. Howe's acceptance of Ministerial responsibility will be joyfully hailed as a substantial guarantee for the consolidation and perpetuation of British American Union. Viewing the event in this light we heartily congratulate our readers on its consummation.

We hope our city readers will not fail to read the letter of our correspondent "New "Brunswick," and "inwardly digest" the facts therein contained. It is the old contrast to which we have so often called their attention—*with* and *without* water works. If our own experience has not been enough, dear bought as it has been, surely that of the city of St. John, with twice our population, and more than twice our ordinary risks, escaping with but a fraction of our losses, ought to be enough to convince every one of us that we are standing in the way of the city's progress and prosperity every day that we prolong the time for entering on the construction of water works. An imperious necessity stares the city in the face, and the sooner it is frankly met the better. Some days ago we were given to understand that a requisition was in circulation requesting the Mayor to call a meeting for the consideration of this important question. What has become of the requisition? Has it been burnt? Or was it dropped into one of the water carter's puncheons? "We pause for a reply."

It will be seen by a report published elsewhere that our good friends of Norfolk County have a keen appreciation of the value of gastronomic stimulants in strengthening the back-bone of their representatives. But a short time ago we had the pleasure of recording the proceedings of the great demonstration recently held at Simcoe in honour of the representative of the North Riding of Norfolk, whose appointment to the Intercolonial Railway Commission, and election as Chairman thereof, have given him a position of great prominence before the country; and to whom the compliment, coming as it did from political friends and opponents, must have been as gratifying to him as it was creditable to the patriotic feeling of the Riding.

Now we have a project for a like compliment to the member for the South Riding. But as Mr. Lauson, from his brief Parliamentary career, though deserving well of his constituents, has not yet achieved the distinction attained by the senior member for the county, it has been deemed prudent to associate with the project of a dinner in his honour the "ventilation" of the facilities offered by Long Point Bay for the establishment of a Harbour of Refuge on the North Shore of Lake Erie. Those who know anything of the perils of navigation on that shallow, and—like nearly all shallow bodies—boisterous lake, must be aware that the construction of a safe and convenient Harbour of Refuge would be of the utmost advantage to the shipping interest; and we believe that no more favourable place can be found for the establishment of such Harbour than the Bay indicated by Mr. Lauson's friends. We hope, therefore, that the proposed dinner may prove a success, and that the arguments in the speeches thereat may be such as to put the superior claims of Long Point Bay beyond dispute. At this distance, we can hardly be expected to devote much space or attention to local matters so far beyond our immediate neighbourhood; but our many friends and readers throughout the western counties will give us credit for having generally, when we touched upon their local affairs, given a fair and impartial estimate of their merits; but though to the people around the neighbourhood the establishment of a Harbour of Refuge must necessarily be estimated from local considerations, we believe that the natural advantages presented by Long Point Bay are such as to commend it in the general interests of the trade on Lake Erie, independently of local advantages.

OTTAWA AND ST. JOHN—A CONTRAST.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—The annexed extract from the St. John, N.B., *Globe*, referring to the report of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department of that city for the year 1868, cannot but furnish some striking and interesting facts to the citizens of Ottawa at the present time. Here we find that in a city of 45,000 inhabitants, and with four times as many extensive buildings and warehouses as Ottawa possesses, the loss by fire during the *whole* year of 1868 amounted to but $14,210, and I may mention that a great part of this loss occurred in the destruction of an extensive livery stable, where a large quantity of hay was stored, the fire spreading with such rapidity that the efforts of the Department were alone directed to saving the surrounding buildings, which they succeeded in doing. Beside the rates of insurance there being very low, the citizens of that place have the inestimable satisfaction of feeling that with a supply of water, and three first-class fire engines, they have made every human provision for the protection of life and property against fire.

In view of the facts stated, will the authorities of this rising city longer delay to make provision against the re-currence of such disaster and ruin as that of the night of the 20th inst., thereby paralyzing private enterprise, besides depriving the people of Ottawa of one of nature's greatest blessings, "an unlimited and cheap supply of pure water."

Yours, &c.,
NEW BRUNSWICK.

January 30.

"Fires During 1868.—We are indebted to the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department for the following information: From the 1st January, 1868, to 1st January, 1869, there were 84 fires and alarms in this city, an increase of 46 over those of 1867. The aggregate loss of property by those fires was about $14,210, a decrease of $3,790 on the estimated loss from like causes in the previous year. About $10,000 of the loss during last year was sustained at two fires, one on the 15th January, 1868, at the old Water Works building, and the other on 1st April, at Brown & Hamm's livery stables. This report furnishes conclusive proof of the efficiency of our Fire Department."

PROJECTED DINNER BY THE ELECTORS OF THE SOUTH RIDING OF NORFOLK TO THEIR REPRESENTATIVES.

A public meeting of the inhabitants of Port Rowan and surrounding country was convened at Dimon's hotel on the evening of Saturday, the 23rd instant, for the purpose of taking into consideration the entertainment of their representatives to a public dinner at the earliest opportunity. After the customary preliminaries, Dr. Chadwick was elected chairman, and Dr. Hillyer requested to act as secretary.

The chairman having in his usual eloquent strains explained the purpose of the meeting, H. J. Killmaster, Esq., was requested to express his views on questions of local interest. That gentleman, whose interests are largely identified with this locality, and whose energetic efforts for the furtherance of the Southern Railroad, and a harbour of refuge along the north shore of Lake Erie, have made him deservedly popular, came forward amid enthusiastic applause. He said it was a source of unalloyed satisfaction to himself to meet so many of his neighbours and friends of every shade of politics, who were willing to forego their little prejudices, and unite for the purpose of proposing a mark of appreciation of the course of their representatives, and a means whereby the great public questions of the day might be ventilated. Among those great public questions there was one which interested them above all others. The Dominion Government had seen fit in its wisdom to make an appropriation for the establishment of a harbour of refuge somewhere along the north shore of Lake Erie (hear, hear.) Everybody interested in maritime matters must know how desirable was such an object, and must applaud the humanity and wisdom of such a course. (Hear, hear, and cheers.) A commission had been appointed, and surveys would most probably be made before the close of winter, when all he asked, and all the people of the North Riding of Norfolk asked, was a fair field and no favour. [Hear, hear.] Everybody acquainted with the navigation of Lake Erie was ready and willing to admit that there was not, along the whole north shore, so eligible and appropriate a site for a harbour of refuge as Long Point Bay. [Cheers.] Capt. Hall, who, he believed, had been appointed by the Detroit Board of Trade to investigate this matter—a gentleman who was admirably adapted to discharge the duties of his position—had reported favourably of this Bay as being in his opinion the best for such harbour of any he had seen. [Cheers.] He had also had a long and interesting conversation with the most experienced man in the Dominion in harbour matters, who is now resident at Ottawa, and other competent authorities, all of whom conceded that the bay that laves the banks of this unpretending town was by far the best refuge for vessels in a storm, of any on the lakes. Capt. Hall said that with an expenditure of a comparatively insignificant sum of money it might be made available for vessels of the largest class. Its extent was such that a large fleet could ride at anchor with perfect safety, and still have spare room. All it required was the laying out of a few thousands in dredging the natural basin, and Long Point Bay will be the best harbour of refuge on the continent. [Hear, hear and cheers.] He knew there were to be found men who sneered at this idea, but that was no indication of the weakness of the cause. [Hear, hear.] All great objects have at their commencement been ridiculed by knavish schemers, or weak-kneed imbeciles. The idea of building the Welland Canal was ridiculed by the people of old Niagara, as the people of Ports Stanley and Burwell are prone to ridicule our claims, but where is now the ancient capital, and where is the centre of canal navigation? The lot of our comparatively obscure port would most probably be that of St. Catherines whilst those which ignore our claims would most likely share the fate of their sneering anti-type (hear, hear, and cheers) for nature's claims are irresistible, and must extinguish theirs, (loud and prolonged applause.) We should appoint a committee to wait upon the Government commissioners, show them around the Bay, and satisfy them of the claims of this locality. It is now a good time to guage the channel, and it should be done at once. A public dinner might arouse the people from their lethargy of indifference, and stimulate the members to increased efforts in our behalf (great applause.) He would beg to move that a dinner, irrespective of political considerations, be provided, and that the representatives of the South Riding, and as many more, as a committee appointed for the purpose may select, be invited thereto.

J. L. Dedrick, Esq., merchant, seconded the motion.

After addresses from S. N. Holt, Esq., barrister, R. Richardson, Esq., and others, and the passage of several minor resolutions, the meeting adjourned.

THE OTTAWA UNITY BENEFIT SOCIETY.

This society, established on the first day of June last, upon the principle of mutual support in time of sickness, and the rendering of assistance to the widows of its deceased members, is one which highly commends itself to the notice of every prudent mechanic and workingman. It gives us great pleasure to be in a position to state that its affairs are in a very prosperous condition, and that the committee of management anticipate that by the end of May next, the roll of members will exhibit at least 150 names. It will be seen on reference to our impression of the 28th ult., that the bill incorporating the society received the assent of the Lieut.-Governor of Ontario, at the prorogation of the Legislature on the Saturday previous, so that members, or intending members, need be under no apprehension as to the safe investment of a moiety of their earnings, seeing that the society is under the protection of the state, to which it is at the same time answerable.

We have read the by-laws over, and have no fault to find with them. Much care has evidently been bestowed on their compilation, and, for the present at all events, they have a sufficiently extensive application.

For the information of mechanics and workingmen who are eligible to become members of this society, we give *in extenso* article four of the said by-laws having reference to "fees and dues:"

ARTICLE IV.—FEES AND DUES.

Section 1.—The entrance fee shall be $1 for the first year, dating from 1st June, 1868, after the expiration of which time the following scale shall be observed, viz.: From 18 to 25 years of age, $1, and for each additional year 25 cents, to wit:

18 to 25 years of age,		$1.00	entrance.
26	"	1.25	"
27	"	1.50	"
28	"	1.75	"
29	"	2.00	"and so on.

Section 2.—The ordinary subscription to the Benefit Fund shall be 25 cents per month.

We likewise submit to the notice of our readers article 6, with a hope that its publication in our columns may induce many of our readers, who, fortunately, have the means at their command, to endorse the action taken by the promoters of this most beneficial combination of workingmen.

ARTICLE VI.—HONOURARY MEMBERS.

Section 1.—Any gentleman, being a Protestant and of good moral character, may become an honourary member on payment of a sum of not less than $2 annually, but sha'l not be eligible to hold office, or claim assistance from the benefit or sick fund. Clergymen may become honourary members without the payment of the admission fee.

Section 2.—Honourary members must be proposed in the same manner as ordinary members, except in so far as respects the production of a medical certificate, which will not be required.

Mr. Mills, the Honourary Secretary, will have pleasure in receiving proposals for membership.

PRESENTATION TO J. B. LEWIS, ESQ., ON HIS RETIREMENT FROM THE RECORDERSHIP.

On Saturday afternoon last the Chief of Police, accompanied by the members of the police force, paid a visit to J. B. Lewis, Esq., and presented him with the following address, and a very handsome and valuable meerschaum pipe, with a suitable inscription on a neat silver shield. This appropriate expression of feeling, with its accompanying testimonial, arose from the occasion of the retirement of Mr. Lewis from the office of Recorder of Ottawa, under the provisions of the late Act of the Legislature of Ontario. Mr. Lewis, we may be here permitted to say, in addition to his term of office as Police Magistrate, has completed his twelve years of public service as Recorder of the city, and we feel satisfied that the sentiments expressed in the address of the police force are shared generally by every one in this community. The following is the

ADDRESS.

To John Bower Lewis, Esq., Recorder of Ottawa.

Dear Sir,—We the undersigned members of the police force of Ottawa, in view of your retirement from the office of Recorder, cannot allow the occasion to pass without expressing our sincere regret that the change in the law has rendered it unavoidable that you should cease to hold a position which you have ever occupied with ability, dignity and credit to yourself, and with general satisfaction to every one in this community interested in the sound and impartial administration of justice. We beg, respectfully, to thank you for the many considerate acts of kindness which we have received at your hands during your term of office, formerly as police-magistrate, and latterly as a member of the board of commissioners of police. We feel that, in your retirement from the judicial bench, the administration of justice will lose an able, popular and efficient public officer, and each official of the court a friend, to us, particularly, endeared by many acts of kindness and long association, and much respected as one of the heads of the department under whose rule we have had the honour of serving.

We rejoice in the fact, that although leaving the recorder's court, you will still remain amongst us; and while we desire to express our earnest and best wishes for the welfare of yourself and family, we confidently entertain the hope that we shall yet have many opportunities of profiting by your advice and counsel.

We have the honour to be,
Dear sir,
Your sincere friends,
THOMAS LANGRELL, Chief of Police,
FREDERICK DAVIS, Sergeant,
JOHN BROWN, Sergeant,
E. J. O'NEILL, Detective,
JOHN LITLE,
NEAL ATKINSON,
ADOLPHE PINARD,
JOHN JORDAN,
WM. McVEITY,
DENIS O'KEEFE,
CELERTIN DEROCHER,
WILLIAM HALLAND,
GEORGE ACRES,
FRANK GRAHAM,
MICHAEL NILE.

Ottawa, January 30, 1869.

Mr. Lewis made a very feeling and appropriate reply, in which, after thanking the members of the police force for the address with which they had presented him, he entered into a brief history of the police force of this city since its formation, in which he spoke highly of the general conduct of that body.

"Cartoons of Raffaelle."

Seven chromolithographs in *fac simile* of the celebrated "Cartoons of Raffaelle" are now on exhibition and for sale at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st.

The "Cartoons of Raffaelle" it has been truly said "are England's chief treasures of art." For centuries they have been the admiration of all who appreciate the true and the beautiful in art. Critics of every nation have lauded this rare collection of paintings as being not only matchless specimens of the genius of the greatest master in ancient or modern times; but, also, as powerful incentives to virtue and religion. Their history extends far into the past. Raffaelle produced this series in 1513 and 1514, from which tapestries were wrought to decorate the interior of the Sistine Chapel. They were afterwards purchased by Charles I., acting under the advice of Rubens. They have frequently been engraved, but no copies at all comparable with the great originals have ever been given to the public, till a most accomplished engraver, the late Thomas Hollowell, under the immediate patronage of George III., undertook the task, and about forty-five years after the work was accomplished, and the *seven engravings* were produced. The engraved plates were destroyed, according to contract, so that it is very rarely that a set of these cartoons are offered for sale. No copies, except those issued by the present publishers, are *fac similes* in colour of the original "Cartoons of Raffaelle." 959a

Jewellery.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Saturday, January 30.

Pursuant to adjournment the council met at 9 o'clock, a. m.

Present—The warden, and Messrs. Cowan, Dawson, Hinton, Kidd, Armstrong, Caldwell, McCaffery, Tremblay, Cummings, Smith, Blackburn, Lyon and Dow.

The minutes of yesterday were read.

Mr. Dawson submitted the report of the committee on roads and bridges.

Moved by Mr. Kidd, seconded by Mr. Lyon, that the report, just read, on roads and bridges, be now adopted.—Carried.

Mr. Greene submitted the report of the committee on buildings and jail.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that the report of the building and jail committee, just read, be adopted.—Carried.

Mr. Lyon submitted the report of the committee on education.

Moved by Mr. Lyon, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the report of the committee on education be adopted.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that the report of the committee on education be amended, as far as the same relates to the grant of fifty dollars to each of the mutes mentioned therein, and that the said sum be not granted by this council, but referred to the respective townships to which they belong.—Carried.

Mr. Smith called for the yeas and nays:

Yeas—Messrs. Cowan, Dawson, Hinton, Kidd, Armstrong, Caldwell, McCaffery, Tremblay, Cummings—9.

Nays—Smith, Blackburn, Lyon, Dow—4.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Greene, that the account of the clerk for postage and drawing bonds, &c., amounting to $18.82 be paid by the warden's order on the treasurer.—Carried.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that the account of the clerk be referred to the committee on finance.—Lost.

Mr. Blackburn called for the yeas and nays.

Yeas—Messrs. Blackburn, Smith, Dow, Cummings—4.

Nays—Cowan, Dawson, Greene, Hinton, Fraser, Kidd, Mohr, Armstrong, Caldwell, McCaffery, Lyon, Tremblay—12.

The warden then declared the original motion carried.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that the name of Mr. Lyon be substituted in the room, and instead of Mr. Blackburn on the committee of finance, who declines further to act on said committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the clerk of this council be, and is hereby authorized, to communicate with the agricultural association of Ontario in answer to their communication, read at this board yesterday, informing that society where they may procure the information desired.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Kidd, that the warden employ the wood inspector for the city of Ottawa to measure the firewood as delivered for the use of this corporation.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. McCaffery, that this council adjourn till Tuesday, 16th February, at two o'clock, p.m.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

LOCAL NEWS.

Police Court.—There was no new case before His Worship on Saturday. The boys charged with cutting the brass nuts from the boiler were brought up and again remanded.

St. Alban School House Readings.—Readings will be given this evening by the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Mr. Meredith, Mr. Fennings Taylor, and Captain Stuart. Music and songs. As the chair will be taken punctually at eight o'clock, it will be convenient and save interruption if persons will make a point of going in time.

T. H. E. Quadrille Club.—This club meets for the last time, previous to Lent, this evening in Gowan's assembly room, when a good time is expected. The club extends to the members of the *Star* quadrille club, a friendly invitation, and both clubs thus meeting on such a festive occasion, must be gratifying to all interested, and cannot but prove a success.

Auction Sale To-day.—It will be seen by our advertising columns that the stock in trade belonging to the estate of G. J. Marston, jr., of Hull, commences to-day at Mr. Rowe's sale-rooms. The stock consists of a general assortment of shelf hardware, groceries, &c. The sale is advertised for three in the afternoon, and seven in the evening. We think it useless to make any remarks on this sale, as it will be quite sufficient for the public to see Mr. Rowe's name to the advertisement to know that there is no humbugging in this matter, and that bargains may be expected.

Auction Sale of Watches, Fancy Goods, &c.—This afternoon and evening Mr. Bermingham will close his great auction sale of defaulters' stock by selling a number of valuable gold and silver watches, among which are some very elegant ladies' gold watches set with diamonds, fine electroplated goods comprising Queen's pattern spoons and forks, table and desert knives, carvers, fish slices, &c., of the first quality, together with masonic jewels, coromandel goods, morrocco albums, general fancy goods, &c., &c. The hours of sale are 2 p. m. and 7 p. m. This will be positively the last day of the sale.

Curling.—The return match between Upper and Centre Town came off on Saturday afternoon:

Centre Town.	*Upper Town.*
Dr. Wood,	C. A. Prigg,
T. Gallagher,	T. McKay,
W. Hutchison (skip)	R. S. Cassels,
G. Hutchison,	A. Gilmour (skip.)
Centre Town 28	13 ends.
Upper Town 14	9
14	4

This is the fourth match Centre Town has played against Upper Town and Sandy Hill, in each of which it has proved victorious.

Runaway.—On Saturday afternoon a runaway which threatened mischief occurred on Sparks-st. A farmer's team came up at a furious speed, and the by-standers saw that the driver had little or no power over the horses. Seeing that there was danger, and there was a woman in the sleigh, a man, whose name we did not learn, leaped from the snow bank on the side of the street on to the sleigh, for the purpose of stopping the horses. In a moment afterwards the woman was thrown off, but got up little, if any, hurt, and by the time the team reached Champness' hotel the horses were brought under control, and stopped without, that we know of, doing any other damage.

Mechanics' Institute Annual Festival.—The Ottawa Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum will hold their annual festival to-morrow evening at Gowan's Hall, under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General. The festival takes the shape this year, as it did last, of a concert. The managers have secured the services of Professor Gustave Smith to conduct the concert, and with such names as Mrs. Dunlevie, Madame Gelinas and Miss McCarthy as vocalists, Mr. Smith and Mr. H. P. Hill, as pianists, there is a sure guarantee that the musical part of the festival will be good. Gowan's band will play some of their selections, and there will be addresses delivered by the President, Hon. J. H. Grey, and his Worship the Mayor, besides a reading and a recitation. These attractions, independently of the object of the festival, should be sufficient to fill the hall.

Narrow Escape from Drowning.—On Saturday last as John Nash was engaged in cutting ice on the Rideau river, between the island and the New Edinburgh bridge, he made a false step and fell into the water from which the ice had been previously cut. Fortunately he was an expert swimmer, and contrived, though the current was very strong, to keep near the edge, but, cold and almost benumbed as he was, could not raise himself out of the water. A Frenchman and a boy were assisting him in cutting ice, and he shouted to them for a pikepole, but the man in his excitement could not at first find it, but set up a cry that there was a man gone, and no pikepole to be found. The boy, more self-possessed, found the pole, and with a good deal of difficulty the poor fellow was at length rescued from his perilous situation. Had he continued in the water a few minutes longer, cold as it was, he would probably have been unable to stem the rapid current, and have been swept away under the ice and drowned.

Larceny and Physical Force.—William Morrison, the Indian who was tried and acquitted at the Aylmer assizes the other day on a charge of horse stealing, and who, when the Aylmer jail was on fire, tried to make his escape, appeared in this city on Saturday morning last as a shop thief. He entered the drug store of Mr. Featherston, Sussex-st., on the pretence of pricing or purchasing some articles, and whilst doing so purloined a package or two of medicine, or perfumery, amongst which was some violet powder, which, in his rough hands, burst, as he thrust it forcibly into his pocket. The mark this left on his clothing being observed by the proprietor led to his detection. Mr. Featherston seized the thief, and policeman Banning being at hand, he was, with great difficulty, secured. He is a lithe, strong fellow, though below the medium size, and in a fit of desperation is capable of giving quite enough work to any man of ordinary strength who should undertake to capture him. Mr. Pinard, tavern-keeper, assisted the policeman, and he was taken to the Police Station. In the afternoon he was remanded and taken to jail. On his way he boasted that he could knock a hole through an inch board. He will now have an opportunity of practising on a stone wall.

ONTARIO PEAT COMPANY.

The production of peat fuel is likely to become an important branch of industry in Canada. Wood has become so scarce that the residents in our cities find it a very prominent item in their household expenses, and the farmers in many parts of the country are beginning to feel the effects of that wholesale destruction of the forest which has gone on for years, without a thought being bestowed on the future. The price of cordwood has gone up so high that dealers have found it profitable to bring supplies to Toronto from the State of Michigan. The coal dealers have little pity for the community, and by forming "rings" and "corners," have run up the price of coal to a very high figure.

The scarcity of wood and the high price of coal have, we are glad to say, turned public attention to the production of peat, and stimulated enterprises such as that taken in hand by the Ontario Peat Company. The prospectus of the Company, which will be found on another page, is worthy of a careful perusal. One ton of peat has been found by experiment to be equal to about one and one-third cords of hard wood, and if the peat can be laid down on the banks of the Welland Canal at $1 to $1.25 a ton, we have no doubt that we shall soon be freed from the clutches of a monopoly in fuel. The Company has 1400 acres, part of the well known Cranberry Marsh, in Welland, capable of producing, according to the estimates of the engineers, over 3,000,000 tons of peat. We are assured that some of the Welland peat which is sold in Hamilton at $4 a ton, has given the greatest satisfaction. With such a margin for profit, as this affords, the stock of the Company should be readily floated, and, with judicious management, could not fail to prove a paying investment.—*Canadian Monetary Times.*

SEVEN AND A-HALF YEARS IN A MICHIGAN STATE PRISON.

From the Jackson Patriot.

In the fall of 1851 there was a steamboat plying the lakes, called the *Globe*, owned by two brothers named Robinson. One of these brothers was second engineer of the boat, and during one of her trips a passenger by the name of Karney went into the engine-room and attempted to interfere with the running of the boat. Robinson gave him a push and he fell upon the shafting, when one of the boat hands came up and kicked him in the jaw with such force as to break it. Karney sprang up, drew a knife and stabbed Robinson in the breast, killing him instantly. He then stabbed a man by the name of Cummins, one of the boat hands. He was seized, lashed to the boat and carried to Mackinaw, where he was turned over to the civil authorities. After having his jaw dressed by a physician he was taken to Detroit and lodged in jail, where he remained four months, and then, with others, he made his escape before being brought to trial. A reward of one thousand dollars was offered by the authorities for his capture, but he had probably fled to some other country, and succeeded in eluding the vigilance of the detectives. Ten years after this, in the year 1861, Edward Murphy, who was then living in Chicago, was arrested and charged with being the escaped criminal. He was taken to Mackinaw, and there tried for the murder of Robinson, was convicted for the crime, and sentenced to solitary confinement in the Michigan State Prison for life. The witnesses against him were Cummins, the man who had been stabbed on the boat, and a man by the name of Ladroot, who was turnkey at the jail in Detroit at the time Karney made his escape. They pretended to identify Murphy in consequence of his having lost one of his little fingers at the second joint, which was the case with the real murderer, but the fact was that Murphy had lost his five years after the murder had been committed. These two witnesses, however, swore point blank that he was the man, and, as stated above, served seven and a half years in solitary confinement in the State prison. He finally succeeded, after so many years of suffering, in establishing his innocence by proving an *alibi*, and was released from prison in March last.

It is supposed the two witnesses entered into a conspiracy against Murphy for the purpose of obtaining the reward which had been offered for the capture of Karney, and their scheme proved successful, although they received only $600 of the money.

Murphy is now an old man, broken down in spirit and constitution, and is destitute of means. He proposes to petition the Legislature for relief.

—Peat beds are being discovered in various parts of the Province, now that the bogs of Welland are being utilized and in a fair way of being turned to a profitable account. A new company has been organized to operate in Welland, and we learn from the Huron *Signal* that an examination of the Wawanosh peat beds reveals the fact that they are of extraordinary richness. They comprise several thousand acres, and in some places the bog is from 12 to 15 feet in depth.

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

British America Fire Assurance Company—This well-known and long-established Company continue to take risks in this city at the usual rates. Herrick, Brush & Co., agents. 957a

DIED.

On Saturday, January 30th, 1869, Isabella McMartin, wife of Henry Labelle, hotelkeeper, York-st. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend her funeral to-day [Monday] at 10 a.m.

TENDERS OF SILVER

FOR

MY EXPORTATION MOVEMENT

are hereby accepted.

Particulars in circular to be issued

THIS DAY.

W. WEIR.

Montreal, February 1, 1869. 962tf

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

☞ Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

☞ In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds.*

☞ The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700	YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180	" all wool DUTCH do
575	" UNION do
1925	" 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450	" 3 do do
200	" PRINTED DRUGGETS
225	" GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575	" "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750	" do BRUSSELS do
225	" WOOL STAIR do
150	" TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS.

☞ All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold very cheap.

☞ The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks.

☞ All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Auction Sale.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

VALUABLE GOLD WATCHES,

MASONIC JEWELS,

Elegant Morocco-bound Albums,

COROMANDEL JEWEL CASES,

Superior Electro-plated Goods,

&c., &c.,

FOR ONE DAY ONLY!

As the Dry Goods Sale of Defaulters' Stock closes on Saturday, 30th instant, the subscriber has received instructions from the Attorney to sell on

MONDAY AFTERNOON & EVENING,

February 1st,

and on that day only, the undermentioned valuable goods, belonging to the same stock:

One Churub 18 k Gold Lady's Watch, Hunting Enamelled Cases, with Nine Diamonds. Very fine movement.

Two 18 k Gold Ladies' Watches, Fine Enamelled Cases, set with Diamonds. Very Valuable.

Several plain 18 k Gold Hunting Watches.

A large number of Silver Watches.

A few complete sets of Queen's Pattern Spoons and Forks, a very superior article, with Table and Dessert Knives and Carvers to match.

ALSO,

Coromandel Jewel and Trinket Cases.

Fine Morocco Albums.

Masonic Jewels.

Ladies' and Gent's Morocco Satchels, Reticules, &c., &c.

The Hours of Sale are 2 p.m., and 7 p.m.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

LOCHLIN McCORMICK, Agent for Attorney.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF STOVES.

The undersigned has received instructions from

MESSRS. ESMONDE BROS,

to sell the balance of their large bankrupt stock of

STOVES,

ON TUESDAY, SECOND FEBRUARY,

at 11 a.m.,

At his Rooms, Sparks-st.

The stock consists of every Description of Hall, Box, Parlour, Grate, Cylinder and Parlour Cook Stoves, for Wood and Coal.

Intending purchasers should examine this stock as it is no doubt the best ever bought, and will be sold the cheapest in the city.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

Assignee's Sale.

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

WITHOUT RESERVE,

ON MONDAY, 1st FEBRUARY AND

FOLLOWING DAYS,

At A. Rowe's Sale Rooms, Ottawa,

the whole of the STOCK IN TRADE belonging to the

ESTATE OF G. J. MARSTON Jr.,

COMPRISING

SHELF HARDWARE, GROCERIES, &c.

Sale at 3 o'clock, and 7 p.m.

T. S. BROWN, Official Assignee.
A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 26, 1869. 957.31

Amusements.

OTTAWA MECHANICS' INSTITUTE

AND ATHENÆUM.

ANNUAL FESTIVAL,

Under the Patronage of

His Excellency the Governor-General,

TUESDAY, 2nd FEBRUARY, 1869,

At EIGHT o'clock p.m., at

GOWAN'S HALL.

PROGRAMME.

Conductor,........*Professor Gustave Smith.*

PART I.

1. Selection........Gowan's Band
2. ADDRESS........THE PRESIDENT
3. Song—Les Adieux—*Schubert*.....Mrs. Dunlevie
4. Piano Solo—Fantasia, Oberon—*Weber*........Mr. H. P. Hill
5. Song—The Death of Nelson........Mr. Bessmer
6. ADDRESS........HON. J. H. GREY
7. Aria—It is better to laugh than be sighing—*Donizetti*........Miss McCarthy
8. Song—Two in the Morning........Mr. Higgins

PART II.

1. Selection........Gowan's Band
2. Reading—Parrhasius and the Captive—*Willis*........Mr. McL. Stewart
3. Piano Solo—Etude de Concert—composed and executed by Prof. G. Smith
4. ADDRESS........THE MAYOR
5. Song—Waiting—*H. Millard*........Mme. Gelinas
6. Recitation—Report from Below—*Hood*........Mr. W. Williams
7. Song—The barin' o' the door........Mr. Sinclair
8. God save the Queen........Gowan's Band

Single Tickets 35 cents. Double Tickets 50 cents.

☞ Entrance by Wellington-st.

W. WHITE, President.

G. KENNEDY, Secretary.

962-3

NOTICE.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN BANK

HAVING

WITHDRAWN ITS AGENCY

FROM OTTAWA,

Parties there having monies to pay to the

GOVERNMENT OF ONTARIO

may pay them into the agency of

THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

Dated at Toronto, 28th January, 1869.

E. B. WOOD, Treasurer.

962-2

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, January 29, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Presentation to Dr. Rolph--Another Shooting Match--A Charity Project --The Repeal League at Halifax, &c.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 30.

The presentation to Dr. Rolph by the undergraduates to the medical department of Victoria College, took place at Yorkville last night. The Doctor was presented with a flattering address and portrait of himself, painted by B. Irwin, of Toronto.

The Rev. Mr. Punshon lectured on the Huguenots last night to an audience that crammed the room. Enthusiasm and admiration were universally expressed.

Preparations are being made for another pigeon shooting match in May. Prizes to the amount of $1,000 will be distributed.

Miss Barman writes a long letter to the *Leader*, advocating a prisoners' home and charity post-office.

Hon. Mr. Carling has been very unwell for several days past, but is better to-day.

The *Telegraph* attacks the Board of Agriculture warmly for holding private meetings, and its conduct in regard to the treasurer, as admitted in its own report.

A deputation, consisting of Principal Snodgrass and Professor McKennas, is expected to arrive this evening, to advocate the claims of Queen's College.

A pretty heavy rain took place last night with a slight fall of snow this afternoon.

A Halifax despatch says the council for the organization of a repeal league was to meet last night. The *Chronicle*, in an article on the league, says: "Our appeal to England may fail; if it should, what then? Appeal again? No! Declare war? No! But tell the people honestly we succumb to force. We cannot resist! We are as bitterly opposed to Union now as ever before, and wait but our chance to overthrow it!"

MONTREAL.

Preparations for the Governor's Dinner--No Reply yet received to Hon. J. H. Cameron's Telegram--Action by the Fire Marshals against the Lancashire Insurance Co.--The Coming Billiard Match, &c., &c.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 30.

It is said that Hon. Mr. Howe will positively speak at the Governor's dinner on Tuesday night, and then leave for home. Now that he has been appointed President of the Council his speech is looked forward to with even greater interest. The Royal Guides are ordered to parade on Monday, and will escort the Governor from the railway station. The Victoria Rifles will furnish a guard of honour of 100 men.

Hon. J. H. Cameron has not yet received any reply from England.

A driver of the Royal Artillery, named Geo. Bennett, aged 22, was found dead near his bed this morning. He had been drinking heavily of late.

Nine horses have died this week from being fed from refuse from breweries and refineries, instead of oats.

The fire marshals have brought an action against the Lancashire Insurance Company for $1,050, the amount due them for services rendered in the capacity of fire marshals.

Mr. Carter has presented a petition to the Quebec Legislature for an Act to incorporate a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals.

Hon. Treasurer Dunkin is much better.

The erection of an academy of music will be proceeded with in the spring.

The next billiard match between Dion and Foster will be played in Montreal in three weeks, and will be the same as that played on Thursday—1,200 points, push shot barred. Dion won the toss last night.

No change in the markets.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Lord Monck Elected Chairman of the Franco-American Telegraph Company.

LONDON, January 29.—Lord Monck has been elected chairman of the Franco-American Cable Company.

LIVERPOOL, January 30.—The steamships *Cuba* and *Colorado* have arrived.

FRANCE.

Reception to Minister Burlingame.

PARIS, January 29.—Prince Napoleon gave a reception to-day to Burlingame.

CUBA.

HAVANA, January 29.—The *Prensa* advocates the military occupation of the island. The late disturbances have not been renewed and the city is perfectly quiet.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

The *Herald's* Havana special says two of the commissioners appointed by the revolutionists to treat with Gen. Dulce arrived here to-day, but the negotiations make no headway and promise little result.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

Success of the Allied Forces--Lopez a Fugitive.

LONDON, January 30.—Details of news from Rio Janeiro show that the success of the allied powers in Paraguay has been most complete. All the Paraguayan forts are in their hands. They have captured the artillery and baggage of Lopez's army, and 2,000 prisoners. The Dictator Lopez was a fugitive in the forest, and was surrounded by the allied troops.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Horrible Outrage by Negroes in North Carolina.

NEW YORK, January 30.—The *Herald's* Richmond special says another outrage has occurred in Dauphin county, N.C. A white man who fired upon a party of negroes attempting to violate the person of some young ladies, was murdered in his house the following night, and his body cut in halves and hung up in the room where he slept. Lawlessness and anarchy exist in this section of the country to such a degree as to justify the calling out and arming of the militia by the Governor.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Grand Ball of Telegraph Operators.

NEW YORK, January 30.—The annual ball of the telegraphers last night was one of the most brilliant of the season. Many prominent members of the press and eminent telegraphers were present.

Sailed.

NEW YORK, January 30.—The steamships *City of London* and *France*, for Europe, sailed today.

A Challenge to the Yacht "Cambria."

Mr. Douglas, of the New York Yacht Club, owner of the yacht *Sappho*, has challenged the owner of the British yacht *Cambria* to an ocean race about the 1st of June next.

The Sailors' Strike.

The position of the sailors' strike, according to their own version, is that there are over 200 vessels ready laden for sea, which require at least 1,000 hands. Many have shipped crews at the new scale of prices. They are determined to insist on their demand, and believe they have power to enforce it.

Fatal Accident at a Fire.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N.Y., January 30.—The blast furnace, and outbuildings attached, belonging to Alger & Co., at Cold Spring, were destroyed by fire this evening. Loss quite heavy. Insurance is not ascertained. During the fire Fred. Warren fell from the burning building, breaking his neck.

Ferry Boat Collision.

NEW YORK, January 30.—A collision occurred between the Fulton ferry boat *Columbia* and *Minola*, of a similar nature to that of several months ago. Fortunately no person was killed or injured.

The America-Mexican Treaty.

WASHINGTON, January 30.—There is a good deal of talk about the Mexican Treaty just published. It is the general opinion that the Mexicans over-ride the United States since the treaty is somewhat ingeniously worded as to exclude claims for money advanced, or for damages done by anybody except the Mexican authorities. It is currently reported that this part of the treaty was drawn up by Caleb Cushing, as attorney for the Mexican government.

The Pension Bill in Congress.

The report of the senate committee on pensions does not recommend any specified sum to be paid to Mrs. Lincoln as a pension. It is the intention of senator Morton to call the bill up on Monday, and have it fixed in open senate. He is confident of the passage of the bill.

Increase of Mortality in New York.

NEW YORK, January 30.—The mortality for the week is 426, an increase of 83 over last week.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 30.—Gold 136¼.
American Exchange 44.
Gold closed at 136¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 30.—Cotton firm; sales to-day at 29 cents for middling uplands.—Flour 5c. @ 10c. lower; receipts 2,088 barrels; sales 4,700 barrels at $5.75 @ 6.25 for superfine State and Western; $6.90 @ 7.25 for common to choice extra State; $6.70 @ 7.60 for common to choice extra Western; $6.75 @ 9.00 for round hoop Ohio.—Rye flour quiet; sales 100 barrels at $7.25 @ 7.40.—Wheat declining; sales 75,000 bushels at $1.38 for No. 2 spring.—Rye quiet.—Corn dull; receipts 24,025 bushels; sales 34,000 bushels at 91c. @ 94c. for Western.—Barley quiet; receipts none; sales 8,000 bushels at $2.14.—Oats active; receipts 3,000 bushels; sales 4,000 bushels at 74½c. @ 79c. for Western.—Pork firmer to-day; sales 1,000 barrels at $30.62 for new mess; $29 @ 29.25 for old mess.—Lard quiet at 19½c. @ 20½c. for steam; 20½c. @ 20¾c. for kettle rendered.

NEW YORK, January 30.—Butter dull at 28c. @ 35c. for Ohio, and 40c. @ 48c. for State. Cheese firm at 16c. @ 21c.

LATEST MONETARY.—Money continues easy, and steady at 6 @ 7 per cent. for call loans.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 30—p. m.—Consols 93¼; Bonds 75¼; Erie 26; Illinois Central 92¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 30—p. m.—Cotton buoyant; Uplands 11¼d.; sales 20,000 bales; Breadstuffs quiet; Pork 97s. 6d.; Lard 78s.; Bacon 59s. 6d.; Refined petroleum 1s. 11½d.

12 m.—Flour 26s. @ 26s. 6d.; Red wheat 9s. 10d. @ 9s. 11d.; White wheat 11s. @ 11s. 6d.; Corn 34s. @ 34s. 6d. for old; 33s. @ 33s. 3d. for new; Barley 5s.; Oats 3s. 6d.; Peas 33s. 6d.; Pork 95s.; Lard 77s.; U. S. Bonds 75⅛.

Later—1:25 p. m.—Breadstuffs closed unchanged; Lard 78s.

—The Dental Association of the Province of Quebec intend applying to the Quebec Legislature at its approaching session for an Act of incorporation. Mr. Carter has the matter in hand.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will CURE coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs: public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can alone be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as is the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868 657y

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 3, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 23.] 955d

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned:

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY
SIR JOHN YOUNG.

FINNAN HADDIES,
PORTLAND BLOATERS,
LING FISH [Pickled],
LING FISH [Dry].

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)
LACKAWANNA, (Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912.3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT,
JOHN S. HENDERSON

950b

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

☞ LOW PRICES, ☜

HORROCKS'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3¼d to 7¼d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low price.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at
THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Queen-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
The Tea Pot, Ottaw

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacts prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 936.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 30, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@ 6 75
No. 1	5 25	@ 5 50
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@ 3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@ 2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@ 4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@ 1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 58	@ 0 60
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@ 0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	26 00	@ 27 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@ 18 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@ 6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@ 0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@ 0 60
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@ 0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@ 0 24
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 22	@ 0 26
Apples—per brl	0 00	@ 4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@ 0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@ 20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@ 0 00

LOST IN THE FOREST.

The Alpena (Mich.) *Pioneer* has a detailed account of a case of severe suffering. Mr. Charles Crapo, brother to the Governor, and Mr. Alderman, a surveyor, when returning through the woods from examining lands on the Sheboygan river, and when in town 34-4, cut his foot very badly disabling him from traveling any further. His comrade, supposing that there were lumber camps in 33-3, made the wounded man as comfortable as he could, fixed his tent, built him a fire and cut a good supply of wood, and leaving him all the provisions, which were three days' rations, took only two "hard tacks" and started for help, expecting to get through in one day. He eat all his provisions at noon, but at night, when he reached his destination, he found a dreary wilderness where he expected to find a camp. He immediately started for the main river, but soon became entangled in a dense swamp, and, through fatigue, and want of food, and having to sleep on the ground without blanket, or tent, he was taken sick, and could make but very slow progress. After three days of intense suffering he reached Erskine's farm, late at night, and utterly exhausted. Mr. Pratt, happening to be there, took him next morning to Coomstock's camp, which was the nearest one to where he left the wounded man. Mr. William Coomstock immediately started with eight men to the relief of Mr. Crapo.

"They found him without wood, and suffering from his wound and anxiety. He supposed that either his friend had perished or was lost, and certainly expected to be left to die. He calculated his provisions to last him 12 days and cut his name on his gunstock and the bottom of his boot so that any one finding his remains might know who he was. Having lain there six days alone since his comrade left him, he describes the sensation of the arrival of help as the happiest moment of his life. His rescuers brought him to camp upon a litter, and the next day brought him to town. Both men, after recruiting, started for Saginaw."

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly,

P. A. DROLET.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake

G. CHENY,

Manager, Canadian Express Company.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

We advise our grocers, farmers, and others to read carefully the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. In presence of the general dullness of business in these counties, merchants who desire to push their business profitably would do well to give them their orders, as from their direct fresh importations, and small wholesale profits, merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give them a call, as their terms are of the most liberal character.—*True Patriot, Thorold.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,......................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary. H. B. REEVE.

Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fail through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolised nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,968

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866........$ 551,971 40; December, 1867........$576,135 19; Increase........$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67 1,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March,'68 1,727,939 55; Increase........ 133,294 59
April, May, June, '67, 1,559,778 79; April, May, June, '68, 1,749,631 52; Increase........ 159,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolising the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to		Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30½
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.			
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE, Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR CASES of

CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm*."—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL

BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

OTTAWA
AND
GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 952td

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Kingston, 29 Lots, on Wednesday, Feb. 3rd, 1869.
Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

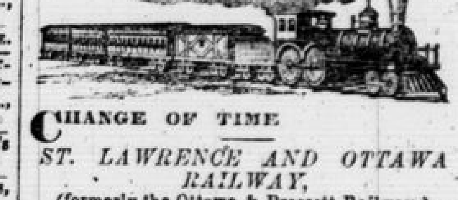
Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at ....8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at........ 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at,........ 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 1, 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

ANNUAL MEETING.

GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers and friends of this Institution will be held in the DIRECTOR'S HALL, in the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the SECOND day of FEBRUARY next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, in the afternoon, to receive the Annual Report, and elect Directors. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

Signed,
W. H. THOMPSON,
GEORGE HAY,
JAMES PEACOCK,
ALEX. WORKMAN,
RODERICK ROSS,
Trustees.

Ottawa, 14th January, 1869. 947td

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

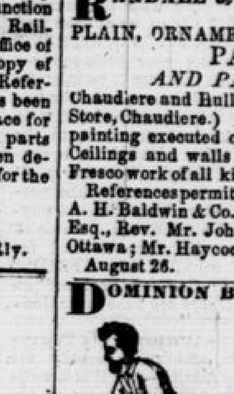
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev. Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT............ DESBARATS'S BLOCK.

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 18

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

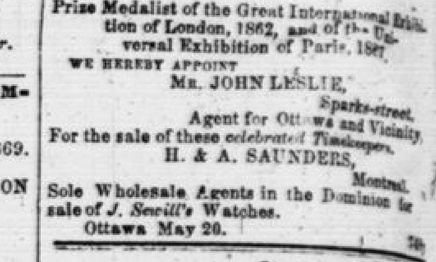
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated* Timekeepers.

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930.3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN BANK

AGENCY AT OTTAWA

HAS THIS DAY BEEN CLOSED.

Depositors can obtain balances due them upon application to the QUEBEC BANK here, to whom bills and notes for moneys due the Royal Canadian Bank are handed over for collection.

Parties making payments to the Ontario Government can do so at the same place, where the necessary receipts can be had.

C. B. GRASETT, Agent.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 955d

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 963. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Black Cloths, Winceys, Beaver Cloths, Cottons, Meltons, Prints, Tweeds, &c., &c.

We have also on han a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

881y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954td

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN

AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50,

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon:
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible]dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1869.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,

to be had only

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Red, Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not haying a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK STOVES,
BOX STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES,
DOUBLE STOVES,
HOTEL STOVES,
COAL STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,

953tf Sparks-st.

NEW GROCERY STORE.

Esther-street, (continuation of Bank-street), opposite the first public well.

JOHN COOK announces to his neighbours, farmers and others that he always keeps on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, of the best description, which he will sell at as low rates as they can be bought in any of the large city stores. Also, on hand, LIQUORS of the finest brands.

JOHN COOK.

947-1-2-3m Proprietor

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No. 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also, the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,

4tf. Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Peterghams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS.
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS.
$4 ....OVERCOATS.
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS.
$1 ....GOOD VESTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON.

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
(at greatly reduced prices.)

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNE[L],

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*

Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

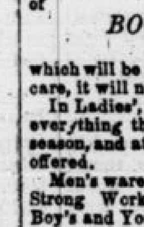
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of hand made boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 1868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware, I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier: "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends, (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season,"' superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.

Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.

Third. It will not mould.

Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.

Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.

Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.

Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."

Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."

Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."

Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."

Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."

J. R Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."

American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well"

Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."

POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.

W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Publications.

BOOK LIST.—J. DURIE & SON have received Nature's Noblemen, by the author of Rachel's Secret; the Prodigal Son, by Rev. W. Morley Punshon; the Bab Ballads, by W. S. Gilbert; the Carols of Cockayne, by Hy. S. Leigh; the Five Days Entertainments at Wentworth; Grange, by F. T. Palgrave; Sportscrapiana-facts in Athletics, by Caw; Lyra Sabbatica; Hymns on the Holy Communion, by Ada Cambridge; the Search for the Gral, by Julia Goddard; History of Civilization in Europe, by Buckle, (Eng. Ed.)

Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography, also the Teacher and Reader, 12th English edition.

CHEAP BOOKS.—Sterne's Works, $1; the Family Doctor, Illustrated, [new] $1; Addison's Spectator, complete, $1.25; Hallam's Middle Ages, $1.25; Macaulay's Essays, 2 vols., $2; Disraeli's Novels, 5 vols., $4; Bulwer's Novels, 11 vols., $9.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON,

10 Sparks-st.

JONES & HOLLAND

Have Just to Hand

New Books and Magazines from England.

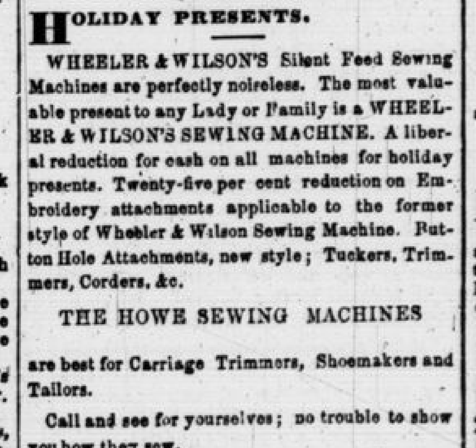
New Books and Magazines from New York, Boston and Philadelphia,

Including all the Fashion Reports for the Month.

They supply all the leading Daily Papers, including the *Globe* and the *Gazette*, at 10 cents per week each.

Post Office Block, January 25, 1869.

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*

R. W. STEPHEN,

930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7½	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplin.........	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg......	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for........	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only................	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,..................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars.......6½d
165 do Good Prints.......4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's.......6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..............	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating..........	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed..........	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed..........	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a grea sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only..........2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only.......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only..........3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ....5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting..........3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting..........1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice..........

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50..........OVERCOATS.
4.00..........heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up..........PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25..........VESTS.
$8.00..........Black Broadcloth........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

PORK,

OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann,* and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,

Forwarders and Commission Merchants,

Canal Basin

CURIOSITIES OF ENGLISH ADVERTISING.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* has an entertaining article growing out of the recent publication in London of an advertising periodical called the *Exchange and Mart*. This periodical, says the *Pall Mall Gazette*, offers its columns at a low rate to advertisers, wishing either to exchange or to sell anything, from a rare postage stamp to a carriage and pair and a mansion house.

We give, by way of illustration, a few of the advertisements in the *Exchange and Mart*, as they are given in the article above referred to:

Here are two advertisements which answer each other in the most admirable manner, so far as one material of the bargain is concerned:—

"Dandie Dinmont terrier puppy, mustard color, to exchange."

"Wanted, a Dandie Dinmont or Scotch terrier puppy."

On looking further, we find that the first advertiser wants in exchange for the tyke "Votes for the Old Kent Asylum" for deaf and dumb boys.

The second offers in exchange for the Dandie Dinmont "a handsome bull terrier from a prize strain."

Another advertiser is apparently equipping himself as a Fenian, for he dates from Donegal, and offers a red Irish setter for a Colt's revolver, and a "choice whelp ditto" for a bowie-knife.

Many of the proposed exchangers are dying for rings. A lady has a very good morocco handkerchief box, with gilt finishings exceedingly pretty. She is "only open to offers of rings not turquoise."

Another lady has a white Limerick lace tunic, uncleaned, cost £4. She wishes for a good turquoise ring and long gold earrings.

Another writes: "I wish for rings. I have an electric machine and apparatus, a pneumatic trough, an alarum, alphabetical safety lock, and other things, but am open to offers."

One lady declares that a sealskin jacket is much wanted, but she is "open to offers," and this is what she will give: "A Lallier album, containing six hundred and eighty-one stamps, very rare ones indeed, forty-six graduated red cornelian beads, thirteen large ivory ones, three pretty illuminations, a set of green beetles, earrings and brooch, on gilt leaf, cost nearly £2.

Under the head of books and pamphlets we find an advertisement which Dr. McNeil or some of his friends should certainly look up. "I have about one hundred different, mostly free-thought, pamphlets, average price sixpence, which I would exchange for anything useful worth a guinea."

Here is another specimen: "I have twenty military badges, and Adam and Eve eccentric, to exchange for others, or would give two badges for Tom Dawson's cat, Miss Seuhouse, Miss Charlton's fan, Mr. Millbank's eccentric."

We observe another advertiser ingeniously offers: "To amateurs, or those who desire a small organ cheap.—For sale, in working order, the complete shell of an organ. Only wants pipes."

The B. & O. R. R. Artillery Company has again been fully organized. The half yearly inspection took place last week, and we find that all the former Volunteers entered their names anew.

After the inspection was over, Mrs. Abbott, wife of the respected Vice President of the road, invited the officers and men to partake of an excellent supper, prepared expressly for the occasion.—*Brockville Canadian.*

THE VOLUNTEERS.—The officers and men of the St. John Volunteer Battalion have nearly all, we understand, re-enrolled under the New Militia Law. The Volunteer Artillery of St. John have done the same. Col. Botsford, in Westmoreland, is engaged in raising a Rifle Corps. In Northumberland there are two large Batteries of Artillery, and we presume that county will find no difficulty in filling its quota by volunteers. We observe that in St. Andrews a movement is on foot for the re-enrollment of Captain Osburn's Battery. From St. Stephen we hear that there is much backwardness in the matter of re-enrolling. The Fredericton Victoria Rifles, a strong corps, have enrolled. In this place not very great progress is making in enrolling.—*Woodstock (N. B.) Acadian.*

MARINES.—In the service of nations generally there is no finer body of men than the marines. With everything of the soldier about them, they likewise acquire many attributes of the sailor, and their usefulness has been tested in many a hard-fought battle on ship's deck and on shore alike. Notwithstanding all this, the gallant marine has always been a subject of banter for small wits both in and out of the service. "Tell that to the marines" is a very old saying, in which lies a suggestion that the gullibility of the marines is considered greater than that of Jack, and that he is, therefore, a safer subject for a "sell." Among topers of the old school, empty bottles are jocularly called "marines," and the present writer was once one of a party in which a person who inadvertently thus applied the word, was challenged to mortal combat by a young officer of that branch of the service, who was also in the party, and had to compromise the matter by explaining that he had never heard an empty bottle called anything else, and that he supposed the term "marine," as applied to it, meant a good fellow who had done his duty, and was ready to do it again. The term "horse-marine" is a gibe well known, and it has lately been popularized in comic song. In the Mediterranean there is a curious little fish called the *cavallo marino*, which a facetious English traveller translated by "horse-marine," thereby giving great offence to those nautical troops. A singular circumstance has just occurred at Plymouth, England, apropos of jesting about the marines. A piece was produced at the Plymouth theatre, in which a great deal of the fun hinged upon allusions to the marines. This gave such offence to the corps, of which Plymouth is one of the depots, that the commanding officer issued a general order restraining any member of his branch of the service from going to that theatre. This must have been a severe lesson to the management; for, in ad-

dition to losing the patronage of so large a squadron of play-goers, they were also deprived of the services of the greater number of their "supes," who were men belonging to the marines.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Valentines, &c.—Jones & Holland.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Joe Wormald.
Tenders Wanted—Archibald Foster.
St. Patrick's Literary Association—John Kelly.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.

His Excellency the Governor-General and staff left yesterday morning by special train for Montreal. The vice-regal party arrived there about seven o'clock, p.m.

We regret to have to state that Lady Young was unable, from indisposition, to accompany His Excellency, as had been intended.

The Hon. Mr. Langevin is expected in town to-day.

Mr. Sandford Fleming, Chief Engineer of the Intercolonial, will probably arrive here to-morrow.

The Hon. Messrs. Rose, Campbell and Howe accompanied His Excellency to Montreal yesterday. Mr. Howe will, we understand, remain over at Montreal to join in the festivities.

The following is the despatch to which we made allusion yesterday when commenting on the Hon. Mr. Howe's acceptance of office. It will be seen that the policy of the Gladstone Cabinet in respect of Confederation, is precisely the same as that of the previous Ministry. Earl Granville "can "hold out no hope that Her Majesty's "Government will propose, or that Parlia- "ment will entertain, any measure for the "repeal of the Act of 1867." After this very positive declaration even the Halifax *Chronicle*, unless it belies its promises of the other day, will accept the situation. We trust that the local politicians of Nova Scotia will consider well the meaning of this despatch, and learn therefrom the folly of one single Province attempting to upset a political arrangement on the faith of which "important transactions," involving many millions of dollars and the good name of the whole country, have already been entered upon and proceeded with so far that it would be impossible to recede without dishonour, even were the Imperial authorities disposed to let the experiment be tried, which evidently they are not.

The Nova Scotians built much upon the prospect of Mr. Bright's being in the new Cabinet. But Mr. Bright himself indicated very plainly to his constituents that his responsibilities as a Minister of the Crown must dictate his action in the House of Commons, rather than his own personal convictions. He anticipated beforehand that he would have to sacrifice something for the sake of harmony; and had it been the case that Mr. Bright himself was in favour of Repeal, of which we have not yet seen any evidence, it is clear from this despatch that he has waived his intention of giving effect to his views in this particular. Nor is Mr. Bright to be blamed for this. He is but one of many who for the time being will shape the policy of the Empire, and he and every one of his collegues have a first responsibility to maintain the honour and integrity of the nation, and respect its established policy, despite their individual predilections.

Cannot the Nova Scotians themselves draw a profitable lesson from Mr. Bright's position, by recognising their share of responsibility to the rest of British North America, and to the Empire of which they form a part, as he so frankly recognised his duty to waive his personal judgment for the sake of preserving harmonious councils in the British Cabinet? The contemplated changes in the financial relations between their Province and the Dominion will assist in reconciling them to this course; and they will see, or at least every reasonable man of them will see, that with the knowledge that such a despatch as the following had emanated from the Colonial Office, the Hon. Mr. Howe would have been untrue to the interests of his Province had he refused to accept the invitation of the Premier to join the Cabinet:

The Secretary of State of the Colonies to the Governor-General.

Downing-st.,
13th January, 1869.

Sir,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch No. 3 of the 12th ultimo, transmitting copies of certain resolutions addressed by the House of Assembly to the Lieut.-Governor of Nova Scotia, respecting the recent Confederation of the North American Provinces, and of a statement on the same subject addressed to the Lieut.-Governor by his Executive Council.

The statement of the Executive Council was forwarded to the Secretary of State on Lord Monck's despatch No. 169 of 8th September, which was acknowledged by the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos in a despatch No. 235 of 8th December.

The resolutions of the Assembly appear not to have been before His Grace when that despatch was written, but they do not call for any lengthened observations from me.

I greatly regret that a majority of the House of Assembly should entertain and express the sentiments embodied in some of these resolutions.

But I can hold out no expectation that Her Majesty's Government will propose, or that Parliament will entertain, any measure for the repeal of the Act of 1867. That Act was passed at the desire of the three Provincial Legislatures, its operation has not hitherto been unsuccessful; and on the faith of it important transactions are already in progress. Further I have reason to believe that the Government of the Dominion is disposed liberally to fulfil the expectation expressed in my predecessor's despatch No. 107 of the 10th of June last, that the Government and Parliament of Canada would modify any arrangement respecting taxation, or respecting the regulation of trade and fisheries which might prejudice the interests of Nova Scotia and of the Maritime portion of the Dominion.

I most earnestly hope, therefore, that even those inhabitants of Nova Scotia who are not convinced of the expediency of the Confederation, will see it to be their duty, and their interest, to abandon an agitation which is only calculated to perpetuate disunion, to arrest the progress of settlement and commerce, and to divert the efforts of the Government and Legislature from those objects of general utility to which they ought to be steadily directed.

I have, &c.,
[Signed,] GRANVILLE.

Governor-General, the Right Hon.
Sir John Young, Bart., G.C.B., &c., &c.

Rumour has been busy during the past three or four days, concerning the nature and extent of the financial concessions to Nova Scotia, agreed upon by the Government and accepted by Messrs. Howe and McLelan. The following minute of the Privy Council will explain in brief the result of the negotiations, and the extent of the concessions to be proposed for the approval of Parliament:

Copy *of a Report of a Committee of the Honourable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council on the 25th of January*, 1869.

The committee have given their attentive consideration to the annexed report of the Honourable the Minister of Finance, having reference to and submitting certain correspondence that has taken place between him and Messrs. Howe and McLelan, together with certain reports, on the subject of the re-adjustment of the financial conditions attending the admission of Nova Scotia into the Union; and concurring in the suggestions of the Minister of Finance, they respectfully advise that a measure be submitted to Parliament at its next session providing—

1st. That the debt of Nova Scotia, on entering the Union, be placed at $9,186,756, and that that Province be relieved from any charge of interest, unless her debt exceed that sum; and—

2nd. That for ten years, from the 1st July, 1867, an annual subsidy of $82,698 be paid to that Province.

The committee further report their concurrence in the recommendation of the Finance Minister that Nova Scotia be debited, after the completion of the Province building, with interest on the cost of that building, until it shall have been placed at the disposal of the Dominion.

[Certified]
WM. H. LEE, C. P. C.

The approval by Messrs. Howe and McLelan of this arrangement is conveyed in the following letter:

(Copy.)

Ottawa, January 26, 1869.

We have had the honour to receive your letter of this day's date, enclosing your report to His Excellency the Governor-General, and the minute of Council thereupon. These papers close the negotiations opened by Sir John A. Macdonald's letter of the 6th of October.

The decision of the Government upon the points raised in our correspondence, as discussed at Portland and in Ottawa, is, on the whole, satisfactory to us, and will, we believe, be regarded in Nova Scotia as evidence of a very sincere desire on the part of the General Government to meet the just expectations and provide for the local services of the Province.

Permit us to express our sense of the very fair and judicial spirit in which both yourself and the Auditor General have conducted this intricate and delicate negotiation, and for the courtesy which in every stage of it we have received at your hands.

We have, &c.,
JOSEPH HOWE,
A. W. McLELAN.

The Hon. JOHN ROSE.

The above in a few words conveys the net result of the long and earnest negotiations which have taken place; and perhaps the great bulk of the public will hardly stop to examine the reasons which have led the Government to accede to a proposition for thus changing the financial arrangements adopted at the London Conference. These reasons are, however, of a weighty and convincing character, and are fully set forth in the reports &c., alluded to in the minute of Council. They will, no doubt, furnish material for earnest discussion in Parliament and through the press, but are too lengthy to be disposed of satisfactorily in a single newspaper article.

It may be remarked, however, that the special subsidy for ten years is granted at the same rate per head of the population, and for the same term, as a similar subsidy was granted to the Province of New Brunswick by the London Conference. The reasons as set forth in the correspondence and reports before us seem to be no less urgent in favour of the claims of Nova Scotia to this temporary and exceptional assistance to enable it to carry on its Local Government. The increase in the amount of the debt which Nova Scotia carries into the Union, may be justified in comparatively few words: the debt of that Province was nearly doubled between the date of the Quebec Conference and that of the going into force of the Union Act, and this debt was expended in works which by that Act have become the property of the Union. Clearly, therefore, on this ground, as well as on that of a *pro rata* calculation per head of the population, the Province was entitled to the increase which has been proposed.

There are other matters, affecting the relative receipts and expenditure of the Dominion on account of the Province, which seemingly place the Province under obligation to the Dominion, as the account has gone so far. But it is evidently unjust to base a conclusion upon these figures, without first estimating at its proper value what Nova Scotia brought into the common partnership and contributed to the common property.

Several claims were put forward by Messrs. Howe and McLelan in addition to those conceded. But a full argument of the whole case convinced them of the wisdom of modifying or abandoning them. These claims, the report of the Minister of Finance, and other matters affecting this important negotiation, we shall take another opportunity of discussing.

The Pictou (N.S.) *Standard*, January 19th, referring to the negotiations of Messrs. Howe and McLelan with the Government says:

"The object of the mission is, as we understand, to consider certain modifications respecting the terms of Union on the part of this Province. We do not know what the proposed modifications are, but believe they have a reference to the financial arrangements. We shall await with some interest to be made acquainted with the result of the mission of these gentlemen. Having accepted the position of mediators, we have no doubt they will do their best to secure such modifications as will meet the approval of the country, and obviate to some extent at least, the objections which have been made to the existing terms. For our part we will cheerfully accept any additional sum which may be provided for the local wants of this Province, and it may be that since the terms of union were arranged, circumstances have arisen which were not contemplated at the time. For instance the debt that we were to bring into the Union was fixed at $8,000,000, and it was not then thought that our debt would exceed that amount. It is not known, however, that our debt has overrun that sum by more than a million. This was in consequence of the increased cost of the Pictou Railway, and the extensive obligations incurred for the construction of the Annapolis Railway, and other incidental expenditures previous to July 1867. When we take into consideration, therefore, that our debt is larger than was anticipated at the time that the financial arrangements of the Union were agreed upon, it is but fair perhaps that a larger provision should be made to cover this debt, especially as most of it was incurred in the construction of works which became the property of the Dominion; and if Messrs. Howe and McLelan will succeed in getting the additional sum which will cover the excess of debt which we have incurred, it will be hailed as a boon, but a boon to which indeed we may have a fair right, and which, in view of the circumstances, we may accept without feeling that we are doing an injustice to the other Provinces.

"We do not, however, desire to speculate at length upon the nature of the negotiations in which the gentlemen we have named may be engaged. We presume that they are actuated by an earnest desire to remove objections which have hitherto prevented themselves, and those who think with them, from co-operating with the Legislature of the Dominion in giving the question of Union a fair trial, and we cannot but desire and hope that they will be successful. The country at large is, we are satisfied, tired of useless agitation, and desires now that the energies of our public men should be directed to the furtherance of public business, and to desist from an agitation which not only retards the prosperity of the country, but tends very largely to unsettle and render uncertain and fluctuating all commercial and manufacturing enterprises."

The European Mail for North America.—London, January 9, 1869. Agents for Ottawa, Messrs. Durie & Son.

This is a valuable weekly publication, especially for mercantile men. It is prepared expressly for this country, and with it is now incorporated the once well known publication, *Willmer & Smith's European Times*. In addition to a general summary of the news of the week it contains full and elaborate commercial reports, price lists, &c., &c.

DEPARTURE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL FOR MONTREAL.

His Excellency the Governor-General left the capital yesterday morning at a quarter after nine o'clock, by a special train on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railroad, to be present at the reception tendered him by the city of Montreal. His Excellency was accompanied by Mr. Turville, Governor's Secretary; Lieut.-Col. McNeill, V.C., A.D.C.; Hon. John Rose, Minister of Finance; Hon. A. Campbell, Postmaster-General; Hon. Joseph Howe, President of the Privy Council; Mr. Boyle, Coldstream Guards; and Mr. Reynolds, Managing Director of the St. L. & O. Ry.

Notwithstanding the heavy snow drift of the previous night, the journey from this city to Prescott Junction was accomplished in two hours. The engine employed on the occasion was one of the heavy ones recently added to the stock of this road, and was tastefully decorated with flags.

At Prescott Junction a special train was in readiness on the G. T. Railway to receive the vice-regal party.

Mr. Brydges, the Managing Director of the Grand Trunk Railway, received the Governor-General and party in his private car, which immediately started on its journey. A telegraphic despatch was received at Prescott at 2:15 p.m., stating that the special train had already passed Vaudreuil station. It was probable, therefore, that the journey would be performed in the short space of seven hours; that is to say the train left Ottawa at 9:15 a. m., and would, no doubt, reach Montreal before 4 p.m. Early in the evening a telegram from Montreal was received here announcing the arrival of His Excellency and party at that city.

It was stated, also, that the Hon. Mr. Howe would remain in Montreal to participate in the festivities of the occasion.

CITY COUNCIL.

Monday, February 1, 1869.

The regular meeting of the Council took place at half-past seven o'clock.

Present:—His Worship the Mayor, and Aldermen Rochester, Cunningham, Pratt, Bate, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Mosgrove, Abbott, Goulden, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

The mayor said he had ordered the clerk to furnish each member of the council with a bound copy of last year's proceedings of the council.

Mr. Robinson said there was a great deal of dissatisfaction expressed in the city at the exemption of the Government officials from taxation and pointed to the fact that the member for the city had stated in the House in Toronto that he had received telegraphic despatches from the Mayor in favour of such exemption.

The rules having been suspended for the purpose, His Worship said he would explain by reading the correspondence in the matter. He read a letter from Arthur Harvey, stating the grounds on which the exemption had been at first granted, and also stating that many officials who intended building would not do so if the taxes were reimposed. In answer to a telegram the Mayor said he had telegraphed that his private opinion was in favour of the exemption. After considerable discussion, in which the general opinion of the council was against the action of the Legislature, a resolution appointing a committee to investigate where the balance lay was proposed, and several resolutions offered in amendment, the matter was finally referred to a committee to report upon at the next meeting of the council.

Several communications and petitions were read and referred to the proper committees, among which was an invitation from the corporation of Ogdensburg to the Ottawa council to go and examine the water works recently completed in the former city.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the mayor be empowered to carry out an arrangement reported by him in reference to procuring the late Recorder's portrait for the City Hall.—Carried.

A report of the fire inspector having been read it was

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the thanks of the city are due to Lord Alexander Russell and the officers of the Rifle Brigade, for placing the troops at the disposal of the city on the occasion of the late fire, and that a grant of $50 be given for the benefit of the men.—Carried.

On motion of Ald. Martineau, a special committee on water works was appointed, consisting of an alderman from each ward; and that the communication from the superintendent of the water works of Ogdensburg be referred to said committee.

Tenders for furnishing cedars being opened the contract was given to James Driscoll at four and five cents per foot.

The finance committee presented their first report, recommending the payment of several accounts, in all amounting to $2,210.82. The report was adopted.

After the reading and disposing of reports of other standing committees a by-law, empowering the committee on fire and water to take charge of the street lamps, was passed, and the council adjourned.

THE AGRICULTURAL COUNCIL.

Full returns have not yet been received of the election of members to compose the new Agricultural Council. It will be seen from the following list, that from one division there is no return, and that in another division there is a tie.

No. 1—Mr. George Macdonnell, Cornwall.
" 2—Hon. James Skead, Ottawa.
" 3—Sheriff Ferguson, Kingston, and Mr. Andrew Wilson (a tie).
" 4—Mr. Edwin Mallory, Napanee.
" 5—Not heard from.
" 6—Mr. George Graham, Brantford.
" 7—Mr. James Cowan, Waterloo.
" 8—Mr. J. C. Rykert.
" 9—Mr. David Christie.
" 10—Mr. Robt. Gibbons, Goderich.
" 11—Mr. Lionel C. Shipley, Falkirk.
" 12—Mr. Stephen White, Charing Cross.

In the case of a tie the decision rests with the Commissioner of Agriculture.—*Leader.*

—Great improvements have been made in the manufacture of glass. A Parisian manufacturer has produced glass thread as fine as a spider's web and as flexible, while its strength is equal to that of wool. It can be and has been worked in a sewing machine.

—Vienna possesses a tenor who threatens to outshine the bests artists of the day. The one in question is a hairdresser's assistant from Trieste, who some time back cut his throat on account of a lover's quarrel. Careful treatment in hospital has not alone cured him, but given him the most remarkable tenor voice ever heard.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 287.6m

LOCAL NEWS.

Acknowledgment.—The Superioress of the general hospital wishes gratefully to acknowledge a donation of $5 from Alderman Abbott in aid of the funds of the general hospital.

Acknowledgment.—Received for the Rideau Fire Company the sum of eight dollars, being part of the donation of Mr. Reynolds to the Ottawa fire brigade.—J. A. Grison, Captain Rideau Co.

St. Patrick's Literary Institute.—A general meeting of the St. Patrick's Literary Institute will be held in their hall this evening for the transaction of general business. Hour of meeting at half-past seven o'clock, p.m.

Auction Sale of Stoves To-day.—A rare opportunity to obtain first-class stoves, at very cheap rates, will be offered to-day at the auction room of Mr. McLean. These stoves were bought by Esmonde Bros. at reduced rates, which will enable them to sell them at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere.

Auction Sale of Groceries.—We are instructed to say that the groceries belonging to the estate of G. J. Marston, Jr., now being sold at A. Rowe's sale-room, will be offered at 3 p. m. to-day. This portion of the stock consists of teas, tobaccos, syrups, &c.; this sale is well worthy the attention of purchasers, as bargains have already been secured.

Penny Readings.—The popular entertainment of penny readings will take place this evening at New Edinburgh, when readings will be given by Dr. Grant, Mr. Carrier, and Major Seale. The New Edinburgh people have admirably sustained this popular institution, and this evening is expected to be one of their great reunions.

Protestant Hospital.—Public Meeting.—The annual general meeting of the managers and members of the Protestant Hospital will be held in that institution to-day at two o'clock, to hear the yearly report, and to elect officers for the ensuing year. The friends of the hospital and the public are invited to attend.

Sparring Exhibition.—Our advertising columns contain an announcement that the celebrated pugilist Joe Wormald, assisted by his pupil, Bill Hamall, will give a sparring exhibition at Her Majesty's Theatre on Wednesday evening next. There will no doubt be a large number of the "sports" to witness the sparring of Wormald.

Called to the Bar.—We congratulate Mr. George Taillon, of the firm of Mosgrove and Taillon, barristers and solicitors, on his having passed his examination at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, and being called to the Bar of Ontario. We believe he is the first French Canadian who has been admitted to the Bar in this Province. He is a talented and painstaking young lawyer, who is capable of making his mark in the profession, and we have no doubt he will do so.

A Ball.—Preparations having been made for a ball to come off at the head of the Deep Cut last night, and said ball, from the well-known character of the nymphs who were to figure in the dance, being deemed less suited to this high latitude of chastity and morality than to that of New York, it was contemplated by the police authorities to attend the same in official costume, for the purpose of escorting some of the fair ones home—to the station. Whether they did so or not will be seen at the Police Court this morning.

Needless Alarm.—Last night a man was seen to fall down in Lower Town, and as his appearance seemed to favour the idea that he was dead, a report to that effect got abroad, and reached the police by a messenger despatched for that purpose from the crowd surrounding him. Two or three of the force immediately left to take charge of the body, but by the time they reached the ground the said body had so far recovered its powers of absorption that it had taken in a little more whiskey in the house from which it had been ejected, and it was thought that locomotion might be possible in a little while.

Reminder.—The annual festival of the Ottawa Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum will take place this evening in Gowan's music hall. Those who are desirous to see the institution flourish will not require to be reminded. Mechanics' institutes flourish in all parts of Great Britain and Canada, and are justly regarded as an indispensable aid to the dissemination of knowledge among the people. Whatever, therefore, can be done to foster their growth and increase their usefulness will be so much done for the benefit of the whole community. It is earnestly to be hoped, therefore, that all who can will contribute towards this object by their attendance at the concert this evening, when, besides serving one of the best of causes, they will get full value for their money.

Police Court.—The adjourned case of John Ciappi for selling liquor by the glass under a shopkeeper's licence, was further adjourned.

Achille Proulx was fined $20 and costs for selling liquor without a license.

Thomas Madden was charged with obtaining goods and money from Mr. E. McGillivray under false pretences.

E. McGillivray sworn—Prisoner came to him on Friday last with a load of wood, and represented that he was the brother of Mr. Dennis Berrigan, from whom he had previously got wood, and said he himself had wood for sale and was the owner of a house, farm, and a team. He asked for money owing to Berrigan, and got $30. He also obtained goods to the amount of $10 or $11, on the representation of his being Berrigan's brother and the owner of property as above stated.

Dennis Berrigan sworn—Prisoner was employed by him, and sent to town with wood to Mr. McGillivray, but was not authorized to ask for money, nor to get goods. When he came home he saw the goods, viz.: moccasins, mittens, shirts, &c., and asked where he got them, and was told by prisoner that he bought them at the sign of the Sheep or Lamb in Centre Town; he belongs to Nepean, is very poor, and is not the owner of any property. Madden is a man of about 25 years of age, and has the appearance of a farmer. He had nothing to say, and was committed to take his trial at the next assizes.

Cleophas Peltier, a decent looking young man of about 19 years of age, was brought up charged with disorderly conduct.

Policeman Banning said he found him with a number of others on Sunday morning, about one o'clock, in a vacant house on Bolton-st., owned by Mrs. Campeau. The company were dancing to the music of two "big fiddles and a big drum," and making a great noise. They were ordered by the police to cease their music and dancing and leave the house, and all went except the prisoner, who said he represented Madame Campeau, and used insulting language to the officers of the law on the street. His Worship said whether he represented Mrs. Campeau or not, he must learn that he could not violate the law with impunity, and fined him $10 and costs, amounting in all to $13.50, or go to jail for one week.

William Morrison, an Indian, was charged with stealing some small packages of perfumery from Mr. Featherston's drug store on Saturday last.

Mr. Featherston said he saw one of the packages in his possession, when he searched him and found more. The value of the articles was not more than about 75cts. Acting on the advice of Mr. Mosgrove the Indian pleaded guilty, and said he was drunk and that if His Worship would let him go he would never drink again. He said his home was St. John's, N.B. There was every disposition to be merciful, and the case was disposed of summarily by sending him to jail for one week.

William Armstrong was fined $2 and costs for keeping a dangerous dog, two women having deposed that the said dog had attacked them and torn their clothes.

Geo. Irvine and Allan McGilton, two small boys, were charged with chopping off eight brass guage cocks from a steam boiler lying at the canal basin, the property of Samuel Mulligan, who, being sworn, said the six cocks produced in court were like his, but he would not undertake to swear that they were his, because there might be others like them; they were worth on the boiler about $3 dollars each, but as old brass they were worth only about ten cents a pound.

Allan McGilton was discharged and put into the witness box for the prosecution against the boy Irvine, and swore positively that he knew nothing whatever of them.

Sergeant Davis said he had charged the boy with stealing the articles, and he said he was present when they were cut off; he then took him with some other boys to Mr. Fraser, who deals in such articles, and he recognized Irvine as having been among the boys of whom he had purchased them.

Alexander D. Fraser sworn—He had bought the articles in question from some boys, and the prisoner was one of them. All of them appeared to have an interest in the sale. They said the things were given to them by a man down at the canal basin. The prisoner was then fined $2 and costs, or go to jail for two days.

The last witness was then placed in the dock charged with purchasing the cocks, and Irvine was called as a witness. He said Fraser did not ask where they got them from. He (witness) sold him two lbs., and got tenpence. He had sold him old stuff before; he could not swear that those produced were the same as he sold.

Samuel Mulligan called—He believed the articles produced were his property, but he could not swear to them. The case was adjourned to get other evidence.

GOVERNMENT POSTAL TELEGRAPHY.

The Boston *Traveller* says:—"There is not a more important question before the country than that which relates to the proper management of the telegraph, and the opinion that government should take charge of that great agent of civilization, as it now has charge of the business of carrying letters, is daily growing stronger. The reasons for this are of a recondite nature. It is clear that the telegraph never can be made to answer the end of its creation so long as it shall be controlled and managed as it is at present, and as it has been during the quarter of a century since it came into use. That end is the conveyance of intelligence, public and private, at rates that shall make the telegraph as useful and as low in its charges as the post office now is, and as it has been for years. The time was when sending a letter a few hundred miles was really enormous—so great, in point of fact, that had merchants charged at the same rate for bringing goods from foreign countries commerce must have come to a close. But we have changed all that, and now we get our letters at rates far lower than it would have seemed possible to get them in the last generation. It is no exaggeration to say that three-fourths of the ancient prices paid for the conveyance of letters have been abated, taking the world over; and the condition of mankind has been vastly improved in consequence of this great abatement of the cost of carrying out one of the most valuable of the processes by which the race is elevated in the scale of being. No one can fairly appreciate what has been done in this regard who is not aware how loud were the declarations that low rates of postage would be ruinous to all concerned, and that the mail service would come to an end were the reformers to have their way. But they did have their way, and with the best possible result.

What has been done in relation to the telegraph? The cost of telegraphing is simply enormous, and it ought no longer to be borne with because the effect of the charges made is to favour the monopolizing spirit in the worst possible manner. To be moderate in expression, we will go no farther than to say that we are convinced that, at the very least, two-thirds of the present charges for telegraphing could be done away with were a judicious system to be adopted. Others go further than this, and probably they are right. There is now in print a Bill, reported by Mr. Ramsay in the United States Senate, "to incorporate the United States Postal Telegraph Company and to establish a postal telegraph system;" and in section twelve of this Bill it is provided that the Postmaster-General shall offer to the company to make a contract to transmit messages by telegraph at the rate of twenty cents for each message of twenty words or figures, or less, and five cents for each added five words or figures, or less, for each and every five hundred miles, or fractional part thereof, and at proportionate rates for other messages. The gentlemen whose names appear in the first section of the Bill (Messrs. Gardiner G. Hubbard, Samuel W. Bates and Estes Howe) are of high character, and they are not persons to engage in any enterprise which they do not understand or of which they have not counted the cost; and yet they are ready to accept the terms above quoted, and they would, we are sure, thrive in carrying on the business in strict accordance with those terms. Those terms are so much lower than the present charges that the saving to the host of persons who employ the telegraph would be immense, while the increase of telegraphing business would be gigantic; and the largest profits to the company would proceed from the increase of business, an increase that can never take place under the existing system of extortion, which is repressive of business, and which prevents the telegraph from becoming what it was meant it should be—a mighty agency for the promotion of the welfare of all. Should "the United States Postal Telegraph Company" be chartered and act under contract with the Government—for we assume that our Government must follow the example of almost all other Governments and take the telegraph, as it has the post office, into its own hands, and "run it"—it will flourish; but it will not flourish at the cost of the country, but as a consequence of doing good to the country by placing a grand instrument for human advancement within the reach of every one who shall desire to avail himself of its beneficial labours. Such a company would not have any of the odious features of a corporation, as the terms under which it would exist would place it at the control of the government, which itself is at the control of the people. The attention of the people is earnestly invoked to this matter, in order that the opinion may be made up and concentrated in favour of the proposed change—a change that must take place, and which ought to take place at once, as every day of delay in making it involves a heavy charge upon the country. A hearing on the subject will be had on Tuesday next, January 19, before the United States Senate's Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, when, it is to be hoped, the matter will be pushed vigorously. What is most needed is that the business world should be roused to a full and clear conception of the necessity that exists for the bringing about the Reform desired. The telegraph's proper use concerns us all, as all are concerned in the proper management of the postal service; but it most closely concerns the business world that the change sought should be made at once, made thoroughly and made in accordance with those liberal and enlightened principles that characterize our age, and in the triumph of which the followers of commerce are peculiarly interested.

"Cartoons of Raffaelle."

Seven chromolithographs in *fac simile* of the celebrated "Cartoons of Raffaelle" are now on exhibition and for sale at the establishment of B. Eaton, Elgin-st.

The "Cartoons of Raffaelle" it has been truly said "are England's chief treasures of art." For centuries they have been the admiration of all who appreciate the true and the beautiful in art. Critics of every nation have lauded this rare collection of paintings as being not only matchless specimens of the genius of the greatest master in ancient or modern times; but, also, as powerful incentives to virtue and religion. Their history extends far into the past. Raffaelle produced this series in 1513 and 1514, from which tapestries were wrought to decorate the interior of the Sistine Chapel. They were afterwards purchased by Charles I., acting under the advice of Rubens. They have frequently been engraved, but no copies at all comparable with the great originals have ever been given to the public, till a most accomplished engraver, the late Thomas Hollowell, under the immediate patronage of George III, undertook the task, and about forty-five years after the work was accomplished, and the *seven engravings* were produced. The engraved plates were destroyed, according to contract, so that it is very rarely that a set of these cartoons are offered for sale. No copies, except those issued by the present publishers, are *fac similes* in colour of the original "Cartoons of Raffaelle." 959h

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

British America Fire Assurance Company—This well-known and long-established Company continue to take risks in this city at the usual rates. Herrick, Brush & Co., agents. 957a

THE WAY THE FRENCH PREVENT STREET BEGGARY.

It is not so much in the handling of foreign rogues as in the dealing with native scamps that the vigour of the French police system is apparent. No one ever saw in the streets of Paris a Frenchman go about barefooted, bawling, 'I've got no work to do,' or cynically exposing his sores to tempt the compassion of the unwary. Such a man would, before he had gone ten paces, be stopped by a policeman and led off to the station-house. Here, the first question put to him by the commissarie would be '*Ou sont vos papiers?*' (Where are your papers?) If the man be honest and reduced to beggary by misfortune only, and not by crime, he has nothing to fear. All he has to do is to produce the *livret* with which all servants and working people are required to be provided. This *livret* is a small book issued by the Prefecture in Paris, or by the mayors in the departments. On the first page is set forth a full personal description of the recipient, together with his name, age, birthplace, and condition of life; the remaining pages contain blank forms to be filled up by the people in whose service he is employed. It is a penal offence punishable by a fine of 500 f. for a first offence, and 1,000 f. for a second, to engage any servant, workman, or workwoman unprovided with a book of this kind; and the master is furthermore bound under penalties to fill up the blank forms in the book, stating the day upon which the man or woman entered his service and the day on which he or she left it. As, however, a rogue so disposed might occasionally forge a few signatures, and fill up his *livret* with names of fancy employers, servants and workmen are required to present themselves before the commissaire of their quarter when they change their situations, and obtain from that functionary an official *visa* to their *livret*. The commissaire detains the book four-and-twenty hours, and, in the interval, sends round to the servant's late master to find out if the signature purporting to be his be genuine; if it be not, the forger may count upon a year's imprisonment and five years of police supervision.

One cannot too highly commend this system of *livrets*, which renders greater service than can ever be supposed. By it masters have an almost certain guarantee of their servant's honesty; for as is always customary for the employer to detain the *livrets* of the men or women in his service until the day of their departure, anything like a sudden flight with the plate or linen becomes out of the question. What could the fugitive do without his *livret?* It would be utterly impossible for him to obtain a new situation; and if, pretending that he had lost his book, he applied to the police for another, he could only get it upon furnishing satisfactory evidence as to the manner in which he had been spending his time for the last two years, which, under the circumstances, he would not be able to do. Again, the necessity of being provided with a *livret* makes professional thieving and vagabondage a thing unheard of, as we can show, by reverting to the supposed case of the man wandering about barefooted. At the question of the commissaire. "*Ou sont vos papiers?*" he produces his *livret*. If it be in order, he is asked in a kind manner how he comes to be out of work, and, after hearing his explanations, the commissaire remands him for a fortnight in order that inquiries may be instituted concerning him, also that his relatives may be officially communicated with to ascertain if they are able and willing to help him. At the end of the fortnight he comes up again, having been comfortably cared for in the meanwhile, and is disposed of according to the merits of his case. If he be a native of Paris he is told that he may apply at the *Bureau de Bienfaisance*, at the *Maire* of his *arrondissement*, and receive so much a week until he finds work. If he be infirm he is placed in the *Depot de Medicite* (workhouse) of the Department of the Seine and boarded there for the remainder of his days, or until such time as he can either find easy work or relatives to support him.

—A fortunate member of the House of Commons, known not to speak particularly well, was asked, "How did you get on with your speeches?" "Very well," he answered. "When I got to a hitch, I said, 'Mr. Gladstone,' and then everyone rose and cheered, and I thought what I should say the while."

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shown by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

DIED.

At Quebec, on the 28th January, Louisa Ethel, daughter of the Honourable George Irvine.

Amusements.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, 3rd FEB'Y.

GRAND

SPARRING EXHIBITION,

BY

JOE WORMALD,

CHAMPION OF THE WORLD,

And his Pupil,

BILL HAMALL.

ALSO,

THE CELEBRATED VOCALIST,

HUGH HAMALL.

Admission 25 and 50 cents.
February 2, 1869. 963-2

OTTAWA MECHANICS' INSTITUTE AND ATHENÆUM.

ANNUAL FESTIVAL,

Under the Patronage of

His Excellency the Governor-General,

TUESDAY, 2nd FEBRUARY, 1869,

At EIGHT o'clock p.m., at

GOWAN'S HALL.

PROGRAMME.

Conductor,........*Professor Gustave Smith.*

PART I.

1. Selection........Gowan's Band
2. ADDRESS........THE PRESIDENT
3. Song—Les Adieux—*Schubert*......Mrs. Dunlevie
4. Piano Solo—Fantasia, Oberon—*Weber*........Mr. H. P. Hill
5. Song—The Death of Nelson........Mr. Beament
6. ADDRESS........HON. J. H. GREY
7. Aria—It is better to laugh than be sighing—*Donizetti*........Miss McCarthy
8. Song—Two in the Morning........Mr. Higgins

PART II.

1. Selection........Gowan's Band
2. Reading—Parrhasius and the Captive—*Willis*........Mr. McL. Stewart
3. Piano Solo—Etude de Concert—composed and executed by Prof. G. Smith
4. ADDRESS........THE MAYOR
5. Song—Waiting—*H. Millard*........Mme. Gelinas
6. Recitation—Report from Below—*Hood*........Mr. W. Williams
7. Song—The barin' o' the door........Mr. Sinclair
8. God save the Queen........Gowan's Band

Single Tickets 35 cents. Double Tickets 50 cents.

Entrance by Wellington-st.

W. WHITE,
President.
G. KENNEDY,
Secretary.
962-3

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS,

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do
575 " UNION do
1925 " 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold very cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks.

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Auction Sale.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

VALUABLE GOLD WATCHES,

MASONIC JEWELS,

Elegant Morocco-bound Albums,

COROMANDEL JEWEL CASES,

Superior Electro-plated Goods,

&c., &c., &c.

FOR ONE DAY ONLY!

As the Dry Goods Sale of Defaulters' Stock closes on Saturday, 30th instant, the subscriber has received instructions from the Attorney to sell on

MONDAY AFTERNOON & EVENING,

February 1st,

and on that day only, the undermentioned valuable goods, belonging to the same stock:

One Cherub 18 k Gold Lady's Watch, Hunting Enamelled Cases, with Nine Diamonds, Very fine movement.

Two 18 k Gold Ladies' Watches, Fine Enamelled Cases, set with Diamonds. Very Valuable.

Several plain 18 k Gold Hunting Watches.

A large number of Silver Watches.

A few complete sets of Queen's Pattern Spoons and Forks, a very superior article, with Table and Dessert Knives and Carvers to match.

ALSO,

Coromandel Jewel and Trinket Cases.

Fine Morocco Albums.

Masonic Jewels.

Ladies' and Gent's Morocco Satchels, Reticules, &c., &c.

The Hours of Sale are 2 p.m., and 7 p.m.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

LOCHLIN McCORMICK,
Agent for Attorney.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF STOVES.

The undersigned has received instructions from

MESSRS. ESMONDE BROS.,

to sell the balance of their large bankrupt stock of

STOVES,

ON TUESDAY, SECOND FEBRUARY,

at 11 a.m.,

At his Rooms, Sparks-st.

The stock consists of every Description of Hall, Box, Parlour, Grate, Cylinder and Parlour Cook Stoves, for Wood and Coal.

Intending purchasers should examine this stock as it is no doubt the best ever bought, and will be sold the cheapest in the city.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

Assignee's Sale.

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

WITHOUT RESERVE,

ON MONDAY, 1st FEBRUARY AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

At A. Rowe's Sale Rooms, Ottawa,

the whole of the STOCK IN TRADE belonging to the

ESTATE OF G. J. MARSTON Jr.,

COMPRISING

SHELF HARDWARE, GROCERIES, &c.

Sale at 3 o'clock, and 7 p.m.

T. S. BROWN, Official Assignee.
A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 26, 1869. 957.

JONES & HOLLAND,
[Post Office Block,]
Have just opened out

VALENTINES,

suited to all tastes, and at prices ranging from a penny upwards.

The *Daily Globe*, *Gazette*, or Toronto *Telegraph* supplied at 10 cents per week.

February 2, 1869.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.—The General Monthly Meeting of the Association will be held at their Hall on TUESDAY, SIXTH INSTANT, at 7:30 o'clock, p.m.

A full meeting is requested, as important matters are to be laid before the meeting.

JOHN KELLY,
Secretary.
953-1

NOTICE.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN BANK

HAVING

WITHDRAWN ITS AGENCY

FROM OTTAWA,

Parties there having monies to pay to the

GOVERNMENT OF ONTARIO

may pay them into the agency of

THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

Dated at Toronto, 28th January, 1869.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer.
962-2

TENDERS.

TENDERS

will be received by the undersigned, up to

Twelve O'Clock, Noon, on

Wednesday, the 3rd day of March, Next,

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A REGISTRY OFFICE

In the Town of Pembroke.

The building to be completed on or before the first day of November, 1869.

Each tender must be accompanied with the names of two good and sufficient sureties for the due performance of the work.

The undersigned do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or other tender unless otherwise satisfactory.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Andrew Irving, Esq., Registrar, Pembroke.

ARCHIBALD FOSTER,
Chairman;
S. G. SYMS,
T. M. CARSWELL,
Building Committee.

Pembroke, January 28, 1869. 963-1-6wd

TENDERS OF SILVER

FOR

MY EXPORTATION MOVEMENT

[illegible]

Particulars [illegible] circular to be issued

THIS DAY.

W. WEIR.

Montreal, February 1, 1869. 961f

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

Arrival of His Excellency the Governor-General.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

The Whelan Appeal Case cannot be taken before the English Privy Council.

All the Troops to be Withdrawn from Canada Except the 60th Rifles and 69th Regiment.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 1.

This afternoon crowds of people flocked to the railway station, Bonaventure-st., long before the hour of the expected arrival of His Excellency. A little before five o'clock a Guard of Honour of the Victoria Rifles, under command of Capt. Crawford, marched in and took up a position on the east side of the station. At the same time the Royal Guides formed in front of the entrance of the station. The troop was commanded by Capt. Davidson. Punctually at five o'clock the special train entered the station. When the cars stopped the Mayor entered the State carriage and received His Excellency, who was accompanied by his Aide-de-Camp and Private Secretary. His Excellency and suite on alighting on the platform were received with a general salute from the Guard of Honour. The aldermen, councillors, and city officers, were present, as were also General Bissett; Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Henry Havelock; Lieutenant-Colonel Dyde, Commandant; Lieutenant-Colonels Bacon, Smith, A. A. G., MacPherson, D. A. G., and David, A. A. G. His Excellency passed through the station, and entered the Mayor's carriage, followed by his Aide-de-Camp. The carriage was drawn by four bays, and the Royal Guides having mounted, formed an escort, and the whole drove off along Bonaventure-st., followed by a long train of carriages, on to McGill-st., the head of the cortege then turning into Notre Dame-st., thence through St. Francois Xavier-st., and on to the St. Lawrence Hall, where a large crowd, who cheered heartily, was assembled; also a Guard of Honour from the 69th Regiment, who saluted His Excellency as he passed into the Hall, the band at the same time playing the national anthem. The Mayor, members of the Corporation, and other gentlemen also entered the hall, and in a few minutes the crowd began to move away.

To-morrow morning, about half-past ten o'clock, the Governor will be sworn in at the Court House, after which addresses will be presented. A levee will be held about noon.

The ball to Lady Young has been postponed till after Lent. Her Ladyship was too ill to accompany Sir John.

Lieut.-Governor Howland and lady arrived to-night. Lieut.-Governor Belleau is not coming.

Everybody is looking for Howe's speech to-morrow night.

The Hon. J. H. Cameron left on Saturday night for Ottawa. Previous to his departure he sent for Mrs. Whelan, for the purpose, as we are informed, of communicating to her the purport of a message just received from England, stating that the Whelan appeal case could not be taken before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

News has been received from England to withdraw all troops from Canada except the 60th Rifles and 69th Regiment.

TORONTO.

Definite Information Regarding the Removal of the Regular Troops--The New Wesleyan Church--Address to Sheriff Jarvis--Arrest of Marks and Green for Perjury--A Further Investment by the Ontario Goverment in Canadian Securities.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 1.

Definite information has been received that the regular troops will be withdrawn on the 30th of May. Their destination is unknown at present. A company of the Royal Cavalry has come here to protect the barracks. Orders have been issued to notify the owners of premises rented for the use of the troops of the approaching vacation. London will be abandoned as a military post.

Designs for the new Wesleyan Church in McGill Square are in the hands of the committee. The decision and advertisement for contracts will be made as soon as a couple of absent members return. The edifice is expected to cost $40,000.

At the close of the assize court the petit jurors presented an address to Sheriff Jarvis, tendering their thanks for the courteous, kind, and friendly manner in which they had been treated.

Marks and Green, plaintiffs in the late suit for false imprisonment, were arrested to-day on a charge of perjury. They will appear for trial at the Police Court to-morrow.

Cols. Jenyns and Anderson returned to the city yesterday from an inspection tour, which occupied them the last two weeks.

The *Globe* is down on Howe's assenting to office. The terms of the bargain forbid all congratulation. Nova Scotia is to be bribed to remain in the Union. The *Leader* is jubilant.

A Halifax despatch says H. M. Smith, M.P.P., has written a letter in which he says he has never approached the subject of the Union of the Colonies in a factious spirit; nor does he now desire to do so. He declares he is entrusted with a duty of the most delicate character to perform for his constituents, which he will endeavour to discharge in accordance with their wishes; but when told that it is time to yield on repeal, or when he is led to believe that the time has come for doing so, there will be but one plain path of duty lying before him, as a public man, and he will not shrink from following it.

The Ontario Government has made a further investment of £150,000 sterling in Canadian securities, bought in London.

CABLE NEWS.

FRANCE.

Russia Urges Greece to Accede to the Proposition of the Conference--Monetary.

PARIS, January 30.—The Russian Government, through its minister at Athens, urges Greece to accede to the proposition of the Conference of Paris. It is rumoured here to-day that the Greek Government has yielded and will sign the protocol.

The bourse is strong; rentes 70f. 57c.

PARIS, February 1.—Gen. Dix to-day received the Hon. Anson Burlingame and the Chinese ambassadors.

Princess Mathilde gives a reception this week to the Chinese embassy.

A report is current that Gen. Dix protested against the unusual honours with which Jeff. Davis was recently received at St. Cyr while on a visit to the military schools there; but it is officially denied by the French Government that the minister of the United States has made any such protest.

PARIS, February 1—Eve.—In the Corps Legislatif the Opposition speakers demand the restoration of diplomatic relations with Mexico, on the ground that the French interest was disturbed by their interruption.

SPAIN.

The Papal Nuncio about to Withdraw from Madrid.

MADRID, January 30.—Monseigneur Fronche, the Papal Nuncio, is about to withdraw from Madrid. All the foreign ministers in this city, with the exception of the representative of Russia, have protested against the insult offered to the Nuncio.

MADRID, February 1.—It is understood that the first business of the Constituent Cortes, soon to assemble, will be to establish a directory to govern the country until a sovereign is chosen. A deputation, composed of citizens in favour of a republic, and of freedom of religious worship, waited upon the ministers yesterday, and requested them to issue a decree declaring absolute separation of church and state. An immense crowd gathered in the street in front of the ministerial palace, and clamored for religious liberty. The ministers replied that they would refer the whole subject to the Cortes. The Government has prohibited large popular demonstrations, and the utterances of political cries in the streets, as they are liable to lead to the disturbance of the public peace and order.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, February 1.—The Reichsrath has adopted a bill allowing a trial by jury in all cases of the violation of laws for the regulation of the press.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 1.—A despatch from Athens, dated yesterday, announces that a majority of the Greek Cabinet have decided to agree to the proposition of the Paris Conference. When the question was brought to a final vote four ministers gave their voices for signing the protocol, and three, including M. Bulgor, the President of the Ministry, voted against it.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, February 1.—A telegram from Constantinople asserts that Morris, the American Minister, instructed by Secretary Seward, has offered to the Sublime Porte the mediation of the government of the United States in the quarrel between Turkey and Greece.

VALENTIA ISLAND.

No Communication with the Atlantic Cable.

VALENTIA ISLAND, February 1.—A storm has prostrated the telegraph lines connecting the European cities with the Atlantic cable.

HONOLULU.

NEWS VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

Marine Disasters--Shocks of Earthquake.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 30.—Advices from Honolulu up to the 16th inst report considerable excitement in regard to small pox. A number of schooners had been wrecked. Frequent shocks of earthquake had been felt.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Chicago Ceded to Indiana.

CHICAGO, January 30.—A bill was introduced in the Lower House of the Illinois Legislature, and passed by a vote of 78 to 9, separating the city of Chicago from Illinois, and ceding it to Indiana.

Shocks of Earthquake in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 30.—Several shocks of earthquake were felt in San Francisco on Thursday and Friday last.

Rumoured Probable Annexation of Hayti and St. Domingo to the United States.

WASHINGTON, January 30.—It is said that certain overtures have been made to the United States Government by the authorities of Hayti and St. Domingo, which, if successfully carried out, will result in the annexation of those islands to the United States.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Horrible Accident from the Explosion of Nitro Glycerine.

TROY, N.Y., February 1.—At the rock blasting on Lebanon Springs Railroad in the town of South Petersburg, Rensselaer Co., on Saturday morning, three men were killed and five others were injured by the premature explosion of nitro glycerine. Of the injured Jno. Onal cannot possibly survive. The killed were horribly mutilated, their limbs being blown off and their body rendered almost unrecognizable.

Terrible Disaster From A Water Freshet.

DANBURY, CONN., February 1.—A terrible disaster, destroying a number of lives and much property, occurred here last night. The upper Kohanza dam, which supplies the Borough with water, gave way, forcing another dam below, when two bodies of water rushed forward, carrying all before them. Plant's dam and three bridges were also swept away. The houses and small buildings were destroyed and carried off in a flood of ice. Rocks, trees, and Mr. A. Clark's dwelling, was carried away with his family, consisting of himself, wife and boy. All were drowned. Miss Humphrey, Mrs. Husted, and Mr. Charles Andrews' mother were also drowned. A number of other persons are missing. It is supposed twelve or fifteen lives were lost.

Four Wall-st. Operators Charged with Defrauding the U. P. Railroad.

NEW YORK, February 1.—Fred. Goodall, Wesley Lyan, Simon Wolf, and Jas. Wilkinson were held to-day charged with defrauding the Union Pacific Railroad Company out of the first mortgage bonds, valued at $124,000. They are Wall-st. operators.

The Supposed Murderer of Rogers Arrested.

NEW YORK, February 1.—Sergt. Lowry, of the 15th precinct police, at one o'clock this morning arrested a noted English thief, whose name we suppress at the request of the authorities, against whom it is asserted there is most positive proof that he murdered Mr. Rogers. The man who was accessory to the murder has not yet been arrested, but his whereabouts are known, and the police feel confident that they will be able to effect his arrest to-night. It is said the motive of the murder was robbery.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 1.—American Exchange 45¼. Gold 136.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 1.—Cotton firm at 29½c.—Flour dull; receipts 8,100 barrels; sales 5,700 barrels to-day at $5.75 @ 6.25 for Superfine State and Western; $6 90 @ 7.20 for common to choice Extra State; $6 80 @ 7.60 for common to choice Extra Western.—Rye flour dull.—Wheat dull and drooping; sales 8,500 bushels of Nos. 1 and 2 Spring Mixed at $1.62½.—Rye quiet.—Corn dull and lower; receipts 41,000 bushels; sales 34,000 bushels at 91c. @ 93c. for new mixed Western.—Barley steady; receipts 400 bushels; sales at 2,100 bushels.—Oats dull and heavy; receipts 200 bushels; sales 1,400 bushels at 73c. for Western in store; 76c. for do. afloat.—Pork firmer at $31.00 @ 31.50 for new mess; $30.50 @ 31.00 for old mess.—Lard firmer at 19½c. @ 20½c. for steam; 20½c. @ 21½c. for kettle rendered.

—Croakers predict a sickly summer this year. A mild January, they say, is a bad sign.

—A marine curiosity just presented to the Connecticut Historical Society is the work of a shell fish from the Phillippine Islands. It is a shelter for the little creature; fifteen inches long and from three-quarters to one and a half inches in diameter, shaped like a cornucopia, and resembling a delicate fabric of lace-work wrought from spun glass.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will CURE coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs: public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

JOSEPH HALL

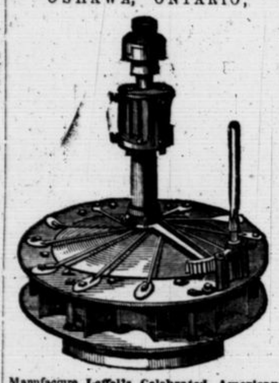
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851.

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS,

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. Glen, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call special attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

☞ We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,

959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

CHANCERY SALE

OF

VALUABLE PROPERTY

In the City of Ottawa.

In pursuance of the Decree on further directions of the Court of Chancery, made in the cause of YIELDING vs. FELLOWES, there will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, with the consent of ROBERT J. TURNER, ESQ., Accountant of the said Court, by MR. HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms on Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of FEBRUARY, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable property in two parcels:

PARCEL 1.—Being a portion of Lot No. 7, on the South Side of Rideau-street, in the City of Ottawa, described as follows: being composed of the South East quarter of the said Lot, having a frontage on St. Paul-street of 33 feet, more or less, and running back towards Rideau-street, and carrying equal breadth a distance of 99 feet, more or less, on which is erected a small log house 1½ stories high, 25 feet in length, and also a frame shed or stable, 30 by 21.

PARCEL 2.—That part of the said Lot No. 7, commencing in the centre of the Eastern side line of the said lot at a distance of 99 feet, more or less, from Rideau-street, aforesaid, and running South Westerly, parallel to Rideau-street, 26 feet 10 inches, then North Westerly, parallel to the Eastern boundary of the said Lot, 49 feet 8 inches, then North Easterly, parallel to Rideau-street, 2 feet 3 inches, to the lot formerly deeded by one WATSON LITTLE to one AGAR YIELDING, by Assignment dated April 10th, 1839, then South Easterly parallel to the Easterly limit of the said lot 24 feet 8 inches, to the South West corner of the said last mentioned lot, thence along the Southerly boundary of said lot in a direction parallel to Rideau-street, 24 feet 7 inches, more or less, to the Eastern boundary of Lot 7, thence Southerly along the said Eastern boundary, 25 feet, more or less, to the place of beginning.

If sufficient be realized by the sale of Parcel No. 1 to meet the exigencies of the case the remaining lot will be withdrawn from sale.

The conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale at the Court of Chancery with the following variations: The purchaser or purchasers will be required to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of the purchase money at the time of sale to the Vendor or his Solicitors, and pay the balance within one month from the day of sale without interest. Upon such payment the purchaser or purchasers will be entitled to a conveyance or conveyances at his or their own expense with a good and valid title to the premises, and to be let into possession.

For further particulars apply to MESSRS. CAMERON, McMICHAEL, FITZGERALD & HOSKIN, MESSRS. BLAKE, KERR & WELLS, and JOHN HOSKIN, Esquire, Solicitors, Toronto, and LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD, Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 14th day of January, 1869.

ROBERT J. TURNER.

CAMERON, McMICHAEL, FITZGERALD & HOSKIN, Vendor's Solicitors. 951-1awtd

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET,

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868 857y

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 3, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 22.] 955d

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned:

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY

SIR JOHN YOUNG.

FINNAN HADDIES,

PORTLAND BLOATERS,

LING FISH [Pickled],

LING FISH [Dry].

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-str.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00
Halifax..... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 30 00
Halifax..... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA,

(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,

$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,

912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 956tf

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT,
60b JOHN S. HENDERSON

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

☞ LOW PRICES, ☜

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3¼d to 7¼d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868. The Tea Pot, Ottaw

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacts prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	$ 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 58	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	26 00	@	27 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOME.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: The Congou Tea you sent me in December last, gives great satisfaction, and is much superior to anything of the kind at that price, which we have been accustomed to get from other houses in your city.

Very truly yours, W. E. JONES.
Richmond *Guardian* Office, Richmond.

WINFIELD.—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.
To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. REID.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality.—Brantford *Courier.*

QUEBEC.—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. DROLET.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake. G. CHENY,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

We advise our grocers, farmers, and others to read carefully the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. In presence of the general dullness of business in these counties, merchants who desire to push their business profitably would do well to give them their orders, as from their direct fresh importations, and small wholesale profits, merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give them a call, as their terms are of the most liberal character.—*True Patriot, Thorold.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.
Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

ROOMS TO LET.
MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock, ... $500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.
Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.
Secretary, H. B. REEVE.
Counsel, MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.
General Superintendent, MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.
HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fail through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40	December, 1867	$576,135 19	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,594,644 96	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,778 79	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52	Increase	159,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that"

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,741,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600.757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,900,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolising the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30c
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.		ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 65	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 866tt

Medical.

PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES
Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES
Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

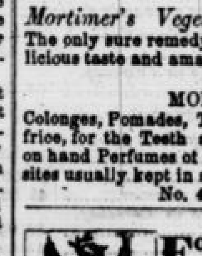
CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.
Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR CASES of
CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.
Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of
HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL
BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 834.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.
Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.
Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*
Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.
J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.
The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 609y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE — A. O. A. & Co. — MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

OTTAWA
AND
GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that
THE DIRECTORS
Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
have this day made a further
CALL OF TEN PER CENT.
on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on
Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.
By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 952td

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.
W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.
Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.
THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.
Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)
Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.
SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.
The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.
A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their
Educational Establishment in Ottawa.
Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CONCENTRATED LYE.
CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE
Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.
Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.
W R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

ORDNANCE LANDS.
Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:
At Kingston, 29 Lots, on Wednesday, Feb. 3rd, 1869.
Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.
Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent
Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.
By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME
ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.60 p. m	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.
Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.
LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.
LEAVE SANDPOINT.
5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.
All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.
The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.
H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at .... 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at .... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.
She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

ANNUAL MEETING.
GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers and friends of this Institution will be held in the DIRECTOR'S HALL, in the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the SECOND day of FEBRUARY next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, in the afternoon, to receive the Annual Report, and elect Directors. The public are respectfully invited to attend.
Signed, W. H. THOMPSON,
GEORGE HAY,
JAMES PEACOCK,
ALEX. WORKMAN,
RODERICK ROSS,
Trustees.
Ottawa, 14th January, 1869. 947td

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,
Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.
References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY.
This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.
B. B. LARIVIERE.
N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT, ... Desbarats's Block,
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 164.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6's.
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.
J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET,
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,
Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.
UNDERTAKING.
The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:
METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.
Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)
Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.
N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.
Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.
RESIDENCE.—At the West End Establishment Wellington-st.
Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be had in the Ottawa market.
ALSO,
STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,
By appointment
BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.
Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.
N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.
930.3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—I am now prepared to furnish constant employment to all classes at their homes in their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Fifty cents to $5 per evening is easily earned, and the boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. Great inducements are offered. All who see this notice please send me their address and test the business for themselves. If not well satisfied I will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing me. Full particulars sent free. Sample sent by mail for ten cents in stamps. Address
930.1-5w4 E. C. ALLEN, Augusta, Me.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 78y

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.
Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

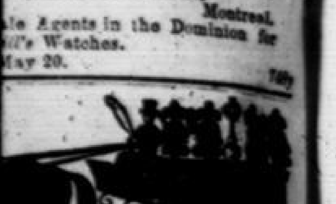
TIGHT BINDING

Agencies.

...IAL INSURANCE.
...COLM CAMERON,
...... DESBARAT'S BLOCK
...ffice of Queen's Printer,
...nadian institution—perfect security
...d immediate payment of claims.
...8, 1868.

...UTUAL
...SURANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
...g Insurance Company has received
...nsact the business of Life Insurance
...UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSUR-
...ANY, of Maine.
...S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
...VIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
...day, deposited with the Receiver-
...ty Thousand Dollars in addition to
...y-Thousand, making Seventy Thou-
...($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds...
...John H. Gray, M.P., has been
...nsel to the Company for the Domin-
...matters will be referred to him.
B. B. CORWIN,
Manager.
...ember 7, 1868.

...ATCHES.
...LL, LIVERPOOL,
...turer by special appointments
...TY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
HONORABLE THE LORDS COM-
...NERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
...T QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL
NAVY;
...t of the Great International Exhibi-
London, 1862, and of the Uni-
...l Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
...f these celebrated Timekeepers.
...H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
...le Agents in the Dominion for
...l's Watches.
...May 20.



...ERS,
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AND
...NDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
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...al assortment of Cabinet and Uphol-
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...UNDERTAKING.
...aking branch is under S. R.'s imme-
...endence, who attends all Funerals
...Charge, and has constantly on hand
...ment of Ready-made Coffins, of all
...ities:
...BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.
...ering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or
...od Coffins, may rely on getting a ge-
...no stained Butternut sold for Wal-
...rous of keeping their deceased rela-
...w days, or even a week, can does
...ast possible inconvenience by apply-
...rs, who has had over 20 years' ex-
...e above branches, and tools cons...
...efaction.
Undertaking Branch will be kept
...e in Ottawa.
...ggons always ready for the remo...
...CE—At the West End Establishment,
...ptember 4, 1868.

Hardware.

...ARE:
AT
...SAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
...GHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
... HEAVY HARDWARE,
...AILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
...al assortment of House-furnishings,
... at the lowest cash prices to be found
...market.
ALSO,
...patterns and sizes, for coal and wood,
...scott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton
...Foundries, with drums, pipes, &c.
...e cheapest to be had in town.

...LL BROS.,
By appointment
TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR
JOHN YOUNG.
...ll Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and
...n.
...spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef,
...ed Hams and Bacon, cured in the
...o. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

...E WORKING CLASS.—I am
...pared to furnish constant employ-
...sses at their homes for their spare
...siness new, light and profitable.
...$5 per evening is easily earned, and
...d girls earn nearly as much as
... inducements are offered. All who
... please send me their address and
...ss for themselves. If not well satis-
...d $1 to pay for the trouble of writing
...rticulars sent free. Sample sent by
...ents in stamps. Address
E. C. ALLEN, Augusta, Me.

...E'S EPILEPTIC CURE,
...ef and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus
...eral Hysteria, &c., &c. This prepa-
... the recipe of a celebrated French
...s the very great success which has
...e in every case, and where the high-
...ill was of no avail, has induced the
...ive it every possible publicity. The
...e subscriber's name and address on
...Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor,
..., Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street,
...rida Water, equal to anything im-
...37½ cents per bottle.

...EO. MAYES,
... PLATE PRINTER,
... Street, Centre Town,
... Sparks & Queen Streets.
...xchange, Bill Heads, Visiting
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...s is printed and published by
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...ANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st.,
...Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON,
...g Director ALEX. ROBERTSON.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 964. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL,

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on han a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF

ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,

President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954td

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jelli... in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call ...dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window.

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,

to be had only

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Red, Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,

953tf Sparks-st.

NEW GROCERY STORE.

Esther-street, (continuation of Bank-street), opposite the first public well.

JOHN COOK announces to his neighbours, farmers and others that he always keeps on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, of the best description, which he will sell at as low rates as they can be bought in any of the large city stores.

Also, on hand, LIQUORS of the finest brands.

JOHN COOK,
Proprietor

947-1-2-3m

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No. 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also, the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 59 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

4tf

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞ AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 .... GREY ETOFFE PANTS.
$4.50 .... GOOD PEA JACKETS.
$4 .... OVERCOATS.
$9 .... COMPLETE SUITS.
$1 .... GOOD VESTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ...... UNDERSHIRTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ...... DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON.

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
(at greatly reduced prices.)

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNE...

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made upon all CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.

☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

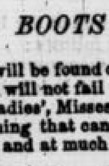
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier s "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.

Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.

Third. It will not mould.

Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.

Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.

Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.

Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."

Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."

Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."

Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's Ink, and think it the best."

Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."

J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."

American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well"

Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."

POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.

W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Publications.

BOOK LIST.—J. DURIE & SON have received Nature's Noblemen, by the author of Rachel's Secret; the Prodigal Son, by Rev. W. Morley Punshon; the Bab Ballads, by W. S. Gilbert; the Carols of Cockayne, by Hy. S. Leigh; the Five Days Entertainments at Wentworth; Grange, by F. T. Palgrave; Sportscrapiana-facts in Athletics, by Caw; Lyra Sabbatica; Hymns on the Holy Communion, by Ada Cambridge; the Search for the Gral, by Julia Goddard; History of Civilization in Europe, by Buckle, (Eng. Ed.)

Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography, also the Teacher and Reader, 12th English edition.

CHEAP BOOKS.—Sterne's Works, $1; the Family Doctor, Illustrated, [new] $1; Addison's Spectator, complete, $1.25; Hallam's Middle Ages, $1.25; Macauley's Essays, 2 vols., $2; Disraeli's Novels, 5 vols., $4; Bulwer's Novels, 11 vols., $9.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

JONES & HOLLAND

Have Just to Hand

New Books and Magazines from England.

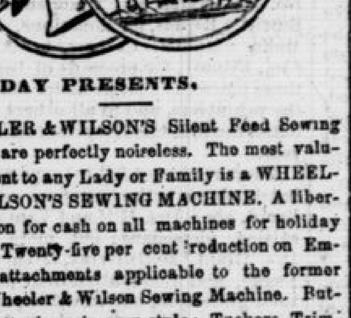
New Books and Magazines from New York, Boston and Philadelphia,

Including all the Fashion Reports for the Month.

They supply all the leading Daily Papers, including the *Globe* and the *Gazette*, at 10 cents per week each.

Post Office Block, January 25, 1869.

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*

R. W. STEPHEN,

936-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........				
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines.....	7½	"	1 3
70	do	do Poplin.........	7½	"	1 0
150	do	do Cobourg.....	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for.........	3		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only...............	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths	Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins	Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins	
Mandarin Lustres	Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,.....................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars.........6½d
165 do Good Prints ....4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's..6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..........		3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating...........	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed...........	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed.........	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only............2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only..............3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ....5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting..........................3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting.........................1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice..............

☞ Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, (12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.................................OVERCOATS.
4.00..........................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up..............................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25.........................VESTS.
$8.00.........Black Broadcloth.......FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞ Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

75-y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

APPOINTMENTS.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ottawa, 30th January, 1869.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz.:

The Honourable Joseph Howe, as a Member of the Privy Council of Canada.

ALSO

The Honourable Joseph Howe, as President of the Privy Council, vice the Honourable A. J. Ferguson Blair, deceased.

Department of the Secretary of State of Canada, Ottawa, 25th January, 1869.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has been pleased, under the authority of "The Railway Act, 1868," to appoint—

The Honourable Sir John Alexander Macdonald, K. C. B.,

The Honourable Samuel Leonard Tilley, C. B.,

The Honourable John Rose, and

The Honourable Hector Louis Langevin, C. B., to constitute the Railway Committee of the Privy Council.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDER.

Head Quarters, Ottawa, 29th January, 1869.

GENERAL ORDER.

Reserve Militia.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Regimental Division of the City of Ottawa.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel:

Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph Aumond, from late 4th Non-Service Battalion, Carleton.

To be Majors:

Major Allan Gilmour, from late 7th Non-Service Battalion, Carleton.

Captain George Hay, from late 7th Non-Service Battalion, Carleton.

HOW SHALL WE TREAT AMERICANS?

This is the subject of an article in the *Pall Mall Gazette*:—"A very able article in the *Atlantic Monthly*," it says, "deserves perusal as helping to clear up a matter upon which Englishmen have felt considerable perplexity. How, we have sometimes asked in despair, are we to preserve a decent state of good feeling between ourselves and Brother Jonathan? Many of us, to say the truth, are not specially fond of Americans or of American institutions; others look upon America as the promised land whose condition foreshadows the blessed future of the world. But, lovers or haters of our cousins, we generally agree upon two things—first, that it is highly undesirable to have any outstanding rancors to embitter every trifling dispute between the two countries; and, secondly, that the Americans are a singularly ticklish folk to manage. With the best of good-will we are always treading upon their corns. We are something in the position of a man encountered by a fierce dog, and equally afraid of patting his head or hitting him with a stick. Certainly, it is now the general wish in England to be on good terms with our touchy neighbours; and when we find one who will calmly give us his reasons instead of sulkily nursing his wrath, we ought to be sincerely obliged to him. We have no desire to treat Americans as if they were still in their minority; and if they claim the privileges and responsibilities of manhood, we should only be too happy to meet them half way. Neither is there much use in the policy, which is too popular in England just now, of trying to pacify them by a sudden overflow of compliment. The little sugar-plums of compliment about our common origin and our perfect identity in language, laws, literature, and right to the glories of Shakespeare and Cromwell are all very well after dinner—if, that is, a wretched orator has nothing more original to say."

GLADSTONE AND THE UNITED STATES—THE PREMIER'S LETTER TO MR. LESTER.

From the Standard.

We protest against the publication of Mr. Gladstone's penitential letter, in so far as it affects the nation at large. The British people have nothing to repent or be ashamed of in their conduct towards America, and have no call to chastise themselves for "arrogance and self-confidence" before the clients of Mr. C. Edwards Lester. What the American people never seem willing to understand is that it was consistent with a perfect good will towards themselves to have believed—even to have hoped—that America could be as great, as happy, and as free, under two or three republics as under one—that, provided the Americans were actuated by a kindred spirit with the English people, it could not matter to England whether there were on the North American continent one collection of English speaking States or half a dozen—that is, so far as the interests of civilization and humanity are concerned, there is not the smallest reason why we should rather wish all the States to be united than they should proceed with their destinies separately.

From the Morning Post.

The single fact that slavery in the United States has been abolished cannot *per se*, in the presence of surrounding circumstances, be accepted as conclusive that in subduing the South the North acted wisely in the interests of the republic, and is entitled to the approval of mankind. The nominal liberty acquired by the slaves has been bought by a loss of political liberty to their former masters, which is felt by them far more keenly, that is to say, produces what Bentham would term a greater amount of evil than the prolongation for a limited period of the servitude imposed on the negroes; but when we also take into consideration the loss of life, the confiscations of property, the subversion of an excellent constitutional system, and the imposition on the entire republic of an immense debt, it is impossible to avoid the conclusion that, taking the interests of the entire population, both white and black, of the United States into account, it would have been much better for the entire community if the statesmen of the North had in 1862 endorsed the sentiment expressed then by Mr. Gladstone, and granted to the South its independence.

HESPELER VOLUNTEER COMPANY.—The Hespeler Volunteer Company are said to be a fine looking set of young fellows. Some of them are young Goliahs, as in the case of Charles Taylor, 6 feet 4 inches and over; Amaziah Kingsbury, 6

feet 4 inches; and Manual S. Lucia, 6 feet 3 inches. The Captain of the Company is George Hespeler, Esq., and the other officers Lieut. Kribb and Ensign Phinn.—*Berlin Telegraph.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Black Water Spaniel Dog Lost.
Caution—Robert Skead.
Board and Lodging Wanted.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

Hon. Mr. Langevin arrived yesterday.

A large addition was also made to the contingent of railway contractors previously in town.

We understand that the prisoner Whelan has, from his own choice, changed his spiritual Director. To this we are sure there will be no objection from any quarter, and least of all from the rev. gentleman who formerly was so assiduous in his attentions to the prisoner's spiritual necessities. If it may have been the case heretofore, that Whelan has buoyed himself up with prospects of reprieve and final deliverance from the dread sentence of the law that has been passed upon him, we hope that henceforth those who have the privilege of intercourse with him between the present date and the rapidly approaching day of his final doom, in this world at least, will be honest enough to warn him that all he has to hope for here is the stern fulfilment of the judgment of the Court. It would be cruel to mislead him with other expectations in the face of all that has transpired before our highest Courts. From their judgment we know not of any means of escape, and we must in candour say that not a circumstance, either in the conduct of the prisoner, or in the character of the evidence offered in his defence, has occurred that would warrant the Executive in extending the time for his execution beyond the date already fixed, the eleventh of the present month.

We know not what importance to attach to the information conveyed in our Montreal despatch of yesterday; but from a patient examination of the law bearing on the case, and after consultation with gentlemen of experience in the legal profession, we have been quite unable to discover wherein the Hon. John Hillyard Cameron had the first ground for an appeal to the Judicial Committee of the Queen's Privy Council on behalf of Whelan. Nothing short of a successful suit on a writ of *habeas corpus* could possibly bring the case up for judgment in England; and we cannot discover any warranty for such an action in the criminal laws of our country. It would be well, therefore, we think, were it at once understood that the efforts of the prisoner's counsel from henceforth are *nil*, and that he, the prisoner, has nothing before him but to expiate the righteous judgment of the court before which he underwent the ordeal of a fair and impartial trial. Whelan's case has been long enough before the public; let us hope we are approaching the end of it. The conduct of his counsel may, or may not, be matter for legitimate discussion hereafter.

A certain Western journal, profiting by the experience of a noted politician who touched the zenith of his political splendour in the summer of 1864, says that Mr. Howe "would have been much more powerful "advocating the new arrangement as an independent member on the floor of the "House than as a follower of Sir John A. "Macdonald." Why should the ex-Reform organ say so? Would George Brown have been "much more powerful" in 1864, had he not allowed himself to be "bribed" by office? Did the salary of five thousand a year attached to the Presidency of the Council emasculate his patriotism, and make him a mere blind follower of "John A.?" A supporter of Trinity College and other "sectarian" grants? Who would dare to say so? Not surely the *Globe*, which thanks "fortune"—and truth to tell, "fortune" seems to have been its supreme deity throughout its career—that the illustrious George stands no longer in the way of its performing its conscientious duty. Yet when we look back to the Coalition of 1864 —"for a special object"—we are strongly impressed with the parallel which it affords to the new "Coalition" just formed. Mr. Howe has a "special object" in view: the obtaining of better terms within the Union for his own Province. In 1864 Mr. Brown had "a special object" in view, that of tacking on two or three, as he called them, "poor sisters" to rob and plunder his own favourite Province! Can anybody suppose that Brown has an atom of justification that would not swell into a large lump when applied to the case of Howe?

And how did George Brown act, after he petulantly resigned his position as President of the Council? Did he as an "independent "member" help on the cause of Confederation, which was the "special object" of his becoming a "follower of John A. Macdonald?" On the contrary, was it not the truth that Mr. Brown, in his "independent" position, became the most fractious and obstructive member of the House? It is probable that this example may have warned Ministers of the folly of trusting to an "independent" position. At all events, it is certain that the Hon. Joseph Howe is not the man to shrink from responsibility, and having succeeded in obtaining so large a concession for his Province, it is not at all surprising that he should be willing to shoulder his full share of the responsibility before his own constituents and in the face of the whole Legislature of the Dominion. His past manly career ought to be a guarantee that no other course would be adopted by him; though we understand at the same time that the *Globe* may have very special reasons for disliking it.

With its usual capacity for distorting the truth, the *Globe* misrepresents the scheme proposed to be submitted to Parliament for the pacification and reconciliation of Nova Scotia. Our contemporary has a sort of mania for misrepresenting facts, and, therefore, perhaps we can hardly complain that in this particular instance it has followed its ordinary instincts. However, it is desirable that the truth should be told, and in this case, that can hardly be without first premising that the *Globe* lies.

It is unfortunate that respect for truth compels us to use a phrase seemingly so offensive, but we opine that our *confrere* has been so long and so well accustomed to the "soft impeachment" that it will accept it with becoming equanimity.

In the first place, then, it is utterly untrue that Nova Scotia "is to obtain an advantage "of two million of dollars in the arrange- "ment of the debt." The truth is, that Nova Scotia's debt being at the time of the Quebec Conference less than five millions, it was proposed to allow the Province to enter the Union with *eight*. But subsequent expenditures in the completion of public works raised that expenditure to more than nine millions; and it is now proposed that she be permitted to enter the Union with a debt of only $9,186,756, a considerable fraction below the actual debt of the Province, and precisely similar to the proportion, *per capita*, of the population, allowed by the London Conference to the sister Province of New Brunswick.

It is another untruth to say that Nova Scotia is "to sell her new Province building "to the Dominion." The only stipulation sanctioned by the minute of Council in regard to the Province Building is that, until it is handed over to the Dominion authorities, Nova Scotia will be *debited* with the interest on the cost of its construction. We fancy that Nova Scotians will have no difficulty in understanding either the meaning or the justice of this provision. The new building and its peculiar position is better understood in the latitude of Halifax than in that of Toronto, and on this particular matter we do not anticipate that there will be any serious trouble. If the Local Government fancies the fun of keeping this new Province building in their own hands—all right; the only condition attached is that they shall pay the interest for their fun, and this surely is reasonable enough. By and bye we shall see how long they care to hold it.

We learn from the same trustworthy authority (the *Globe*) that last session Mr. Howe "disgusted the Liberals of the West," and we can hardly hope that their sentiments towards him will be improved by seeing him occupying a prominent place on the Treasury Benches next session. However, we know the stuff of which western "Liberals," after the *Globe* pattern, are made, and do not, therefore, feel any special concern as to the measure of their "disgust."

"Diogenes" will have to look to his laurels. The Montreal *Gazette*, of yesterday, perpetrated a caricature on our much respected Governor-General, which beats the comic paper all hollow. Who will be next in the pasquinading process? Seriously, it is too bad that respectable gentlemen's physiognomies should be murdered in wretched "wood-cuts," and paraded before the public under the dignity of portraits. The Governor-General has, we think, fair ground for an action of libel against our *confrere*.

THE LATE LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ERMATINGER.

The late Lieut.-Colonel William Ermatinger, whose decease recently took place, left Canada for the purpose of joining the Anglo-Spanish Legion, under the command of Lieut.-General Sir DeLacy Evans in 1834.

He joined the 1st or "Reyna Ysabel" Royal Lancers as a Lieutenant, and for his conspicuous gallantry in several engagements with the Carlists was promoted to the rank of Captain and Squadron Leader, and subsequently to that of Lieut.-Colonel; was also honourably mentioned in the general orders of the day, receiving with other decorations that of the tower and cross, and being likewise created by the command of Queen Isabella a Knight of San Fernando of Spain. He was twice slightly wounded and had two horses shot under him during his military career in the Royalist service.

The late Lieut.-Colonel Ermatinger was much esteemed by his brother officers of the 1st Royal Lancers, and considered by all who had the pleasure of serving with him in the Legion as a smart and dashing cavalry officer, and gallant soldier and true gentleman.—*Cor. United Service Gazette.*

LOCAL NEWS.

Acknowledgment.—The Sappers Fire Company gratefully acknowledge having received $6 of the donation made by Mr. Reynolds to the fire brigade of this city.

The Sparring Exhibition.—The entertainment at Her Majesty's Theatre to-night will, doubtless, be well patronised by the lovers of the "manly art," all of whom are familiar with the name of Joe Wormald. Joe is one of the most successful professors of the art, and claims the title of champion of the world, a claim which no one seems inclined to dispute him. The sparring will be between Joe Wormald and his pupil, Bill Hamall.

An Unwilling Witness.—In the case of A. D. Fraser, charged with receiving the water guages stolen from the steam boiler of Mr. Mulligan knowing them to have been stolen, Alexander Stewart, an engineer who was well acquainted with the articles, was summoned to prove them to be those taken from the boiler. He had so far complied with the requirements of the summons as to visit the locality of the Police Court yesterday morning, but positively refused to enter. The police magistrate being informed of the fact sent two policemen to bring him by force, but he had by that time disappeared and could not be found. In consequence of this it was found necessary to adjourn the case a second time, and the magistrate caused a warrant to issue for Stewart's arrest, and the police went to several places in search of him. Stewart, it seems, was ignorant of this fact, and presently he passed by the station to see if the court was over, thinking if it was he was clear of the summons. He was of course arrested and locked up to be ready this morning to give the evidence he might have given yesterday and had his freedom.

Police Court.—The adjourned case of Thos. Madden, charged with obtaining money and goods under false pretences from Mr. Edward McGillivray, was called up, when Detective O'Neill gave evidence to the effect that he had had a conversation with the prisoner on the subject, and he admitted having obtained the goods, most of which had been recovered, and the rest were on the person of prisoner, who had no others to replace them. It was understood that the money obtained for the wood had been returned to Mr. McGillivray.

Mr. McGillivray's clerk was examined, and proved that the prisoner came to the store, and that by the order of his employer he gave him the goods.

The prisoner had nothing to say on the subject, and was committed to take his trial at the next assizes.

The adjourned case of *A.* D. Fraser, charged with receiving a quantity of brass knowing the same to have been stolen, was called, and in the absence of Alexander Stewart, who had been summoned to appear as a witness, was again adjourned.

A warrant was issued for the apprehension of Stewart.

Save Your Doctor's Bills.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

THE PROTESTANT HOSPITAL GENERAL MEETING.

The eighteenth annual meeting of the members and friends of the Protestant General Hospital was held in the Directors' Hall yesterday, 2nd February, inst., at 2 o'clock, p. m. The directors and officers, and other friends of the institution, were present, amongst whom was His Worship Mayor Friel, who had been invited to attend. The directors had held a short session for the transaction of their monthly business. This being concluded, His Worship the Mayor was called.

The Mayor said he had received an invitation through the secretary to attend this meeting. As chief magistrate it was his duty to manifest no distinction between classes of the community, especially in giving official countenance to works of charity and benevolence, therefore he had accepted an invitation to be present. He was not a subscriber to the hospital, and for that reason hesitated to take part in their proceedings, but as they were courteous enough to insist that he should preside he would be wanting in reciprocal courtesy if he declined. (Applause.) This institution had been creditably sustained by the Protestant denominations of Central Canada, and it had rendered excellent service to the poor and suffering of those classes. He was of those who would desire to see no distinction between classes in charitable or benevolent undertakings, but he had reluctantly become convinced, even from evidence amongst his own co-religionists, that it was as yet impossible to control class distinctions, and we must therefore accept the situation and do all the good we can in separate channels, emulating each other in Christian charity and kindness. (Applause.) It had been well said by a great statesman that religion should not be a wall of separation to keep people asunder, but he feared that in matters of this kind the millenium must arrive before that happy consummation need be expected. Allusion had been made in the report just read to the want of material aid from the city corporation in the support of city patients. This was to be regretted, and if the directors brought the matter before the city corporation he did not doubt there would be a favourable result. He could only answer for himself. If it was a matter he could decide reasonable remuneration should be cheerfully accorded. (Applause.)

The secretary then read the annual report, and laid the treasurer's account for the past year on the table.

Eighteenth Annual Report of the Directors of the County of Carleton General Hospital for the Year ending 31st January, 1869.

In accordance with their usual custom at the annual meetings the Directors have much pleasure in submitting to the members present and the public a brief record of their proceedings during the year gone by.

Varied as their reports have unavoidably and almost invariably been with details of stinted funds, debts and difficulties, side by side with the acknowledgment of the assistance and timely aid received, yet seldom has a year presented so many changes as the past. Still now, as ever, are they called upon to thank the Almighty, in whose hands are the hearts of men, that in their necessity He raised up friends; and that again at the close of another year, as at the last, they are allowed the happiness of feeling that God has blessed their efforts in enabling them to keep open the Hospital doors for the reception of all the Protestant indigent and destitute sick who sought admission—none having been turned away therefrom.

Although the Treasurer's report for last year did not appear very unfavourable, yet from the decrease in the subscriptions, and from the increased expenditure in consequence of the large number of inmates, it was found that at one period of the year the available funds had become entirely exhausted, and the Treasurer was even obliged to make an advance of money to meet some imperative demands; and it is with deep regret they are obliged to state that they are now far from being in a flourishing condition.

It cannot be gainsayed that there is more feeling than reason in charity. No sensational calamity occurs without being followed by a flow of charity far beyond what is needed, while old-established institutions are left to linger in hopeless difficulties. Very few philanthropists ever enquire how far existing charities will meet the needs and demands that come before them. Each one prefers creating something new of his own, and the new object diverts the stream of charity from the old ones.

Many persons are in the habit of viewing hospitals solely as charities, which is a great mistake. Charitable purposes they undoubtedly fulfil to the patient, but they are of equal importance to the public at large. Would that every rich sufferer lying in as much ease as can be given him on his restless bed, knew how much he owes of relief—possibly even life—to the skill and experience learned at those forlorn hospital beds where all the mysterious laws of disease are carefully studied, worked out into theories, and tested by incessant observation of cause and result on a scale much wider, more complete and satisfactory, than any private practice could ever supply. Would that all of us, who at some time or other, either for ourselves or those dearer than ourselves, have known what it was to live upon every look of the doctor—to recognise him as the one human being who is still important to us, on whose talent, decision, caution, and tenderness, hangs every thing most precious to us in this world. Would that all could understand how much of that which makes him what he is, has been gained within hospital walls, dedicated to physical suffering, and consecrated by its hopeful and merciful alleviation.

Turning aside from these unpleasant subjects, the Directors have great pleasure in stating, that this charity is again indebted to the kind remembrance of the Hon. the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, and to the County Council of Carleton, for their esteemed annual grants, and not only pray for a continuance of them, but trust the former will during the next Session of Parliament be augmented. Also to the clergymen of various Protestant denominations for their annual congregational collections, as well as in visiting the Hospital to impart religious instruction and consolation to the inmates, for which the Directors tender their heartfelt thanks.

They beg to acknowledge the receipt of a legacy bequeathed by the late Alexander Workman, jr., Esquire, and thank his father for the prompt manner in which he paid over the amount. A resolution condoling with the family at their sad bereavement and irreparable loss sustained has been adopted by the Board and conveyed to them.

With sincere thanks they acknowledge the receipt of a donation, the proceeds of a juvenile bazaar, through the hands of the Misses Fanny Dole, Amelia Mutchmor, Maggie Bate, Jennie Leslie, and Lizzie Hay. This donation from their young fair friends will be regarded, they are certain by all, as doubly precious, when considered as affording a speaking proof of the excellent feelings which animate the rising generation.

They also tender their warmest thanks to the Hon. Mrs. Thomas McKay, and the St. George's Society, for their annual subscriptions. To L. O. Lodges No. 811, Cumberland, No. 338, March, and Orangemen resident at Burritt's Rapids, for donations. To Mrs. Chas. Mohr, Mohr's Corners, to Allan Fraser, Esq., Fitzroy, for proceeds of bazaars held in those places, the latter under the patronage of the volunteers, and to all others who contributed towards the Hospital funds during the year.

They would not fail to express their great indebtedness to the members of the Medical Board, viz.: Drs. Hill and VanCortlandt, consulting physicians; but more especially to Drs. Grant, McGillivray, Henry, Sweetland, Loggo, and Codd, attending physicians, for their gratuitous, but valuable professional services, rendered to the patients during the year.

Nor would they willingly neglect to accord their appreciation of the very friendly feeling displayed towards the charity, by the editors of the *Citizen* and Times journals, who have ever made kindly mention of it, and have gratuitously published the annual reports year after year; and therefore they feel that those gentlemen well deserve their best thanks, which they cheerfully give.

In summing up their list of acknowledgments, they cannot overlook the kindness of the Hon. Mrs. Monk, in visiting the Hospital from time to time, and sending packages of newspapers to the patients for perusal, which they very much appreciate, and for which the patients feel truly grateful.

On the 21st day of January last, the Hospital was highly honoured by an unexpected visit from His Excellency the Governor-General, attended by Lieutenant-Colonel Irvine, A.D.C., Col. McNeil, V.C., A.D.C., and suite, who went over the whole building from basement to cupola, examined everything very closely, and on leaving expressed himself highly pleased with the arrangements and comforts of the establishment, and recorded the same in the visitors' book.

The receipts from all sources during the year, including $335 received from pay-patients, amounted to $2,922.78. The expenditure to $2,648.71. For these, and other details of a financial nature, reference is respectfully made to the Treasurer's accounts herewith submitted:

Since the opening of the Hospital for the reception of patients in the year 1832 to the 31st January, 1869, thirteen hundred and fifty-one persons have availed themselves of its benefits, and remained therein 45,497 days, maintained at the expence of its funds, over nine-tenths being non-paying, or what is generally styled pauper patients. No registry appears to have been kept of the out-door patients, which must have been very numerous. It is barely necessary after reading this to plead the usefulness of such an institution in our midst, or the loss the community would sustain were the Directors obliged to close its doors for want of means to carry it on.

The number admitted for medical treatment during the past year was one hundred and twenty-nine, 103 males and 26 females, who remained in the hospital 3,737 days as follows:

Discharged cured	81
Discharged incurable	7
Discharged improved	2
Discharged relieved	7
Died	14
Remaining in Hospital	18
Total	129
The pay patients numbered	26
The non-pay numbered	103
Total	129
The former remained in Hospital	683 days
The latter remained in Hospital	3,054 days
In all	3,737 days

The Board has much pleasure in testifying to the efficiency of the officers, steward and matron, and are happy to add that their respective duties continue to be discharged to their satisfaction.

Contributions of cast-off clothing, male and female, would be very acceptable, and are much needed by many of the patients when leaving. They will be thankfully received by the steward and duly acknowledged.

The Directors do not consider that the Hospital has been fairly treated by the city corporation. They have sent a great many destitute persons to be relieved, but never contributed anything towards their support. It is to be hoped that this seeming oversight will be remembered in the future.

Having thus briefly stated the claims and requirements of the Hospital and its present position, the Directors earnestly and confidently appeal to the community of this city and surrounding counties for their prompt and zealous exertions in its behalf, and cherish the hope, that the call will be responded to in such a manner as may enable them to meet the inevitable increased demand which they anticipate will be made upon the charity during the current year.

"Blessed be the man that provideth for the sick and needy. The Lord shall deliver him in time of trouble."

Respectfully submitted,
RODERICK ROSS,
Secretary.

General Protestant Hospital,
Ottawa, February 2, 1869.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIANS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST JANUARY, 1869.

In-door Patients.

Admitted	129
Discharged cured	81
Discharged incurable	7
Discharged improved	2
Discharged relieved	7
Died	14
Remaining in Hospital	18
Total	129
Males	103
Females	26

Natives of

England	20
Ireland	39
Scotland	13
Canada	51
Germany	1
Denmark	1
Norway	1
United States	3
Total	129

Churches of

England	80
Scotland	15
Free Church	19
Methodist	8
Baptists	4
Congregationalists	1
Lutherans	2
Total	129

LOCALITIES RESIDING		IN WHEN ADMITTED.	
Ottawa	50	Renfrew	2
Osgoode	15	Quebec, C. E.	1
Gloucester	8	Pontiac, C.E.	1
Hull, C. E.	5	London	1
United States	4	Goulborne	1
North Gower	3	Richmond	1
March	3	Cumberland	1
Pembroke	3	Bristol, C.E.	1
Montreal, C.E.	3	Ross	1
Gatineau, C.E.	3	Quio, C. E.	1
Huntly	2	New Edinburgh	1
Lanark	1	Fitzroy	1
Kemptville	1	Kenmore	1
Buckingham, C.E.	1	Prescott	1
Hawkesbury	1	Aylmer, C.E.	1
Packingham	1	Clarendon, C.E.	1
Merickville	1	Beckwith	1
Marlborough	2	Emigrants	3
Almonte	1	Total	129

On motion of Z. Wilson, Esq., seconded by Rich. Abbott, Esq., it was resolved unanimously that the report now read be received and adopted, and printed, under the direction of the secretary, and while this meeting feels called upon to record with gratitude to God for the past success attending the labours of those entrusted with the management of the affairs of the institution, they also pledge themselves in humble dependence on the Divine blessing, to continued perseverance, and increased exertions in furtherance of its objects.

Moved by Francis Abbott, Esq., seconded by Richard Bishop, Esq., that the cordial thanks of this meeting be given to the President, vice-president, the directors, treasurer and secretary, for their zealous and unremitting exertions in conducting the business of the institution during the past year.—Carried.

Moved by George Hay, Esq., seconded by Judge Armstrong, that the report of Samuel Howell and Ed. Routh, Esquires, auditors, now read, be received and placed on file, and that they receive the thanks of this meeting, and that they be re-appointed for the current year.—Carried.

The members present then proceeded to the election of directors to replace those retiring. On the return of the scrutineers they declared three lowest on the list below duly elected.

CHAS. ARMSTRONG, President.
RODERICK ROSS, Secretary.

It was then announced that Alexander Workman, Esq., had paid $100 into the funds of the hospital, and he was thereupon appointed a life director.

The members present then proceeded to elect three directors to fill the places of Messrs. Edward McGillivray, H. V. Noel, and John Roberts, who having served the time for which they were respectively elected, retire. The new directors elected were Messrs. Z. Wilson, F. Abbott, and D. T. Browne. The business being concluded, a vote of thanks was tendered to the Mayor for his conduct in the chair.

The officers and directors of the hospital for the ensuing year are as follows:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

For three years from 1st February, 1867:
George Hay,
Thomas Patterson,
John Durie,
Alexander Workman,
James Peacock.

For two years, from 1st February, 1868:
Judge Armstrong,
W. H. Walker,
George May.

For one year, from 1st February, 1869:
D. T. Browne,
Z. Wilson,
Francis Abbott.

LIFE DIRECTORS.

Roderick Ross,
James McCracken,
A. M. Dole,
James Rosamond,
Richard Bishop.

OFFICERS.

President—Judge Armstrong.
Vice-President—George Hay.
Treasurer—Alex. Workman.
Secretary—Roderick Ross.
Steward—George Sadlier.
Matron—Miss Sadler.

Signed, CHAS. ARMSTRONG,
President.
RODERICK ROSS,
Secretary.

OTTAWA MECHANICS' INSTITUTE —ANNUAL FESTIVAL.

The annual festival of the above Institution was held last night in Gowan's Hall. A very large and respectable audience were assembled before the hour of commencement, and the entertainment was opened by selections from the *repertoire* of Gowan's Band, which drew forth great applause.

William White, Esq., President of the Institution, occupied the chair, and Mayor Friel, Dr. Sweetland, President of the St. George's Society, John Langton, Esq., President of the Natural History Society, and James Fraser, Esq., President of the St. Andrew's Society, occupied seats near the President.

The President then rose and said:

It has fallen to my lot on the present occasion to make what may be called the financial statement of the evening. You have been invited to assist us by your presence here this evening, and it is only proper that some account should be given to you of the position of the institution on behalf of which we ask your aid. The Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum of Ottawa was established, as no doubt many of you are aware, in 1853, the first meeting of the trustees having been held on the 9th of February in that year. Dr. Hill was the first president, and the first lecture given under the auspices of the institute was on the "Phenomena of Vegetation," and was delivered by Dr. VanCortlandt on the 19th of March, 1853. From that time up to 1858 the institute seems to have progressed favourably, its receipts from subscriptions and donations having been seldom equalled in later years. From 1858 to 1865 the receipts fell off considerably, being in 1864 less than $1,000. In 1866 and 1867 the income was somewhat larger, reaching in the latter year nearly $1,600. In 1868 the receipts were again down to $1,000. It may be as well here to state that the accounts are made up to the beginning of March in each year. I am not able to say what the income for the year now drawing to a close will be, but, probably, not greatly in excess of that of last year. Of the expenditure of such an institution as the Mechanics' Institute it is hardly necessary to go much into detail. There are, of course, certain expenses such as rent, salary of custodian, gas, insurance, and newspaper subscriptions which must be met, and when the income has more than sufficed to meet these, which unfortunately has not often happened of late, the surplus has been devoted to the increase of the library. In 1863 the library contained 1,883 volumes, it now contains about 2,200. A large proportion of these works is upon the various branches of natural history; many of the volumes are of considerable value. The number of members now belonging to the institute is something under 400. I think I have now, ladies and gentlemen, given you all the information you will care to listen to just now respecting the past history and present position of the institute. I will, therefore, proceed to say a few, and very few, words, as to our wants and what it is we seek at your hands. As I said just now, there are certain items of expenditure which may be said to be almost beyond our control; that is to say, the institute must incur them, or it could not exist. These are rent, custodian's salary, gas, insurance, and subscriptions to newspapers, and I don't think any of them can, under our circumstances, be materially reduced without impairing the efficiency of the institute. But these expenses, amounting to upwards of $800 a year, absorb all our income, or so nearly all that the remainder is barely enough to meet small incidental expenses, such as postage, &c., and we are left without means to arrange and display our geological and other collections, and without the means of increasing our library, which sadly needs replenishing. We have a valuable geological collection, some cases of shells of birds and animals—in fact the commencement of a museum of Natural History;—but they are unfortunately so huddled together that no one can see them to any advantage, and I dare say many of our members hardly know we have got them. We are anxious to get up a course of lectures, but here again want of means so cramps our efforts that we are afraid to venture. Hence our appeal to you for assistance. This appeal will, however, be made to you by gentlemen more accustomed to public speaking, and more capable of presenting our claims, than myself, and I trust their eloquence may succeed in inducing you to give us the means of making the institute what it ought to be, an honour and a credit to the capital of the Dominion.

Mrs. Dunlevie sang in her magnificent style *Let Adieux* by Schubert. Mrs. Dunlevie laboured under the disadvantage of a severe cold, and was rather hoarse, but her execution and style was what it always is, and requires no comment after the applause of such an audience.

The piano solo *Fantasia*, from Oberon, by Mr. H. P. Hill, was exceedingly good, and elicited great applause.

"The Death of Nelson," by Mr. Beament, was rendered in his best style.

The Hon. Col. Gray was then introduced by the President, and delivered an address, which was frequently applauded, and evinced an intimate acquaintance with the mission of Mechanics' Intitutes in their practical bearings on the best interests of society by the advancement of literary and scientific knowledge among the masses of the people.

The Mayor, H. J. Friel, Esq., was warmly received on rising to address the audience. He said the best use he could make of the brief time at his disposal would be to present a synopsis of the history of the Institute. He was induced to do this from having heard that a prominent member of the Ontario Legislature had insinuated in his place in the Assembly that the Ottawa Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum had an existence only on paper, and had neither a local habitation nor a home. The best reply to this gentleman would be a few facts, which would no doubt induce him to withdraw or modify his rather hasty and ill-founded reflections. (Cheers.) This institution was first originated in February, 1853, —sixteen years ago. The object stated by its founders was the association together of mechanics and others for their mutual improvement in the arts and sciences, and the promotion of the knowledge of natural and experimental philosophy and general literature. A library of reference and circulation, a reading-room and museum, and lectures on appropriate subjects, formed a portion of the arrangements. The promises then made were carried out faithfully. (Cheers.) A library was established, lectures have been given nearly every year, the reading-room has always been an important centre of attraction, and the museum, containing many scientific specimens, has always had an existence. Under the fostering care of G. Billings, Esq., now of the Geological Department, the Institute early obtained some degree of fame for its geological specimens. The first trustees of the institution were Dr. Sewell, Dr. Hill, Dr. Beaubien, Dr. VanCortlandt, Judge Armstrong, J. B. Turgeon, T. M Blaisdell, A. Workman, G. Billings, R. Kneeshaw, R. S. Cassels, G. Heron, R. W. Scott, Jas. Cunningham, A. Foster, J. Dufton, D. M. Grant, A. Scott, Geo. Sutton, and H. J. Friel. The first president was Dr. Hill. The association started with a cash foundation of £130, of which £50 was a donation from the late Stewart Derbishire, formerly M.P. for the town. Of the original trustees Messrs. Kneeshaw, Foster, A. Scott, Geo. Sutton and Dr. Sewell have paid the debt of nature, and are with us no more, but their works live after them. Messrs. Dufton, Heron and Billings have roamed to other fields of labour, and the remainder of the original trustees are amongst us still, most of them, doubtless, with us tonight. The institution became incorporated under the general laws of the Province. The first lecture before the Institute was delivered by Dr. VanCortlandt, in March, 1853, the subject being "The Phenomena of Vegetation." The first donation to the library was by Mrs. Sproule, being the "Works of Sir Joshua Reynolds." In the first year, on the occasion of the visit of the then Governor-General, an exhibition of the arts and manufactures of the Ottawa Valley was organised by the Institute, and was so successfully carried out as to draw forth the warmest commendation of His Excellency, who personally visited it. (Cheers.) The first life membership granted by the Institute was that of Stewart Derbishire, and as a relic of the past, and a memorial of the man, so widely and favourably known, the letter may profitably find a place here:

"New York, February 9, 1855.

"G. Billings, Esq., Corresponding Secretary "Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum.

"Sir,—I have the honour to acknowledge "the receipt of your letter of the 5th ult., "concerning a certificate of life membership "of the Bytown Mechanics' Institute and "Athenæum, and I regret my absence from "Quebec on a tour to some of the principal "cities of the United States, prevented me "from receiving at an earlier date this mark "of distinction I so much prize. I beg you "will assure the members of the Institute "that I readily and thankfully accept the "privilege of fellowship with themselves, to "which, by their vote, they have inducted me; "and if I can become a working bee it will "give me more pleasure than to be a drone "in the hive.

* * *

"I have the honour to be,
"Your obedient servant,
"S. DERBISHIRE."

Capt. Baker, father of our present Postmaster, and Hon. Hamnett Pinhey, were early friends of the Institute. The former was a life member, and the latter at his death bequeathed a sum of money to its funds. These men were among the chief local intellectual lights of their day. (Cheers.) The Rev. Mr. Aiken, of Smith's Falls, was an early benefactor of the Institute, and received the distinction of life membership. The aim of many of the original founders of the Institute was to establish it as an intellectual centre for the Ottawa country, in consideration of the distance of Montreal and Toronto, cities possessing important scientific and literary institutions. In this spirit it has advertized prizes for specimens in natural history, held art exhibitions, and every year has held its annual festival like this to-night. (Cheers.) The inhabitants of Ottawa have year after year contributed liberally to its support, and on several occasions the ladies have interested themselves to aid its funds, even to the extent of holding bazaars for that object, from which large sums were obtained. (Cheers.) As regards the local habitation of the Institute, it has always had its rooms in the very centre of the city, in the position most favourable for the general public. It pays one hundred pounds a year for its rooms, which are large and well adapted for its museum, library, and news-room. It is quite evident that the member of the Legislature who spoke so slightingly of this institution must have been sadly misinformed. It may not be among the most flourishing, but it is amongst the most valuable and well-conducted of the scientific and literary associations of the Province. It is worthy of public countenance and public support, and has lofty aims, which paucity of means alone prevents it from at present attaining. The Mayor closed with some eloquent observations, and was applauded on taking his seat.

Madame Gelinas sang with powerful effect Millard's song entitled, "Waiting," and was encored, when she sang "The Merry, Merry Sunshine," which was greatly applauded.

Mr. Rice recited in his inimitable style of comicality Hood's comic poem, "Report from Below," and was greatly applauded.

Mr. Higgins sang in good time the dashing song "The Good Rhine Wine," and the festival concluded with "God Save the Queen" by the band.

Interesting to Volunteers.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a salutary influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as is the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

LOST,
ON SATURDAY LAST,
In Wellington-st., a BLACK WATER SPANIEL DOG, about 7 months old. Any person giving information at this office, which may lead to its recovery, will be suitably rewarded.
Ottawa, Feb. 2, 1869. 964-3

CAUTION.
NARCISSE LACHAPELLE having left my employ contrary to the terms of his agreement I hereby forbid any person or persons from hiring or harboring him after date of this advertisement.
ROBERT SKEAD.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1869. 964-3

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

Auction Sale.
By H. McLean, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE OF STOVES.
The undersigned has received instructions from
MESSRS. ESMONDE BROS.,
to sell the balance of their large bankrupt stock of
STOVES,
ON TUESDAY, SECOND FEBRUARY,
at 11 a.m.,
At his Rooms, Sparks st.
The stock consists of

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

Grand Reception to His Excellency the Governor-General.

Every Honour Paid to the Representative of Royalty.

Addresses from the Legislature and all the City Societies.

THE BANQUET.

IT IS A GRAND SUCCESS.

A Large Number of Distinguished Guests Present.

SPEECH OF HIS EXCELLENCY.

Speeches of Lieutenant-Governor Howland, Hon. John Rose, Hon. Mr. Campbell, General Wyndham, General Bissett, &c., &c.

MONTREAL, February 2.

About ten o'clock this morning His Excellency left St. Lawrence Hall, at the entrance of which was drawn up a guard of honour of one hundred men, and the band of the 60th Rifles, under command of Captain Brown, and a troop of the 13th Hussars as an escort, were formed on the extreme right. On His Excellency appearing the guard of honour gave a general salute, the line presenting arms, the officers saluting, and the band playing the national anthem. His Excellency entered the carriage, accompanied by Col. McNeil, A.D.C., the Mayor, and Francis Turville, Esq., Private Secretary. The carriage then drove off, the Hussars escorting His Excellency to the Court House.

A salute of nineteen guns was fired by the Royal Artillery.

At the Court House he was received by a detachment of the 78th Highlanders, drawn up in line in the corridor within the building.

His Excellency and suite were then escorted by the Mayor and Hon. Mr. Rose up to the Advocates' Council room on the 3rd floor.

There were waiting in this room to receive him, Judges of the Court of Queen's Bench and Superior Court—Badgely, Monk, McKay, Mondelet, Torrance, and Beaudry; the chiefs of the staff of the military and militia were also present, together with most of the members of the Corporation, and other civil officers, and a number of prominent citizens. Standing near His Excellency were Lieutenant-Governor Howland, of Ontario, Postmaster-General Campbell, Lieutenant-General Sir Charles Wyndham, Major-General Bissett, Col. Sir Henry Havelock, W. H. Lee, clerk of the Executive Council, &c.

His Excellency and Private Secretary, Mr. Turville, then read the commission of Her Majesty, appointing Sir John Young to be Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada, after which the oaths of office were administered to him by the Hon. Justice Badgely.

His Excellency being sworn in proceeded into the library, followed by high personages, military, judicial and civil. These formed themselves into a semi-circle, and His Excellency standing within it received the members of the City Council with the Mayor at the head. His Worship read an address, which Sir John Young replied to in fitting terms. Both address and reply were read in English and French.

Some delay now occurred, and His Excellency was kept waiting nearly 10 minutes. This was owing to a dispute between the St. George's and St. Patrick's Societies as to the order of precedence, each claiming the right to be presented first. Happily this difference, which ought to have been settled before the parties entered the building, caused nothing more unseemly than a delay. At length the Presidents of the St. George's, St. Andrew's and St. Patrick's Societies entered in that order, and approached abreast. Each presented his address without having first read it to His Excellency, who, graciously smiling, in like manner presented triple replies without reading them, and the representatives of the rose, shamrock and thistle moved in due order from the Governor's presence.

The following additional societies then by means of their presidents and delegations presented addresses, to which brief and appropriate replies were given: St. Patrick's Society, Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, Natural History Society, Typographical Society, Board of Trade, and the Corn Exchange.

His Excellency was introduced to each member of the deputation and shook hands.

The levee then began with the presentation of the military dignitaries, and for a considerable time a rapid and continuous stream of citizens presented themselves before His Excellency still to be succeeded by others. Amongst these were some of our best known men, nearly all the officers of the volunteer corps, and many holding official stations, as also the representatives of the Catholic clergy and the seigniory of Montreal.

The ceremony concluded at about half-past 12, when His Excellency returned to the St. Lawrence Hall.

At one o'clock the deputation from the Quebec Legislature presented their address and received a suitable reply.

This afternoon His Excellency walked through several of the principal streets along with his Aide de Camp, and in so doing seemed to pay much attention to many public buildings and the handsomest of our new warehouses and stores.

At seven o'clock this evening the banquet took place, and seldom was such a large assemblage seen gathered in the dining-room of the St. Lawrence Hall. The dinner itself was of the most sumptuous kind, with wines of the richest viands.

The Mayor occupied the chair. On his right sat Sir John Young, Gen. Wyndham, Hon. John Rose, Hon. Mr. Campbell, and on the left Lieut.-Governor Howland, Gen. Bissett, Col. McNeil, A. D. C., Mr. Turville, Ensign Curtis, Ensign Hudson, and leading citizens. Mr. Brydges was also present.

After the cloth was removed the Mayor proposed the usual loyal toasts, "The Queen, the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the Royal Family." In proposing "His Excellency the Governor-General" he said that so soon as the Corporation of Montreal heard of the arrival of His Excellency in Ottawa they felt desirous that he should visit Montreal; not in a cold manner, but as the warmly invited guest of the corporation and the citizens generally. All the people felt delighted at his gracious visit, and extended towards him the kindest feelings and heartiest welcome. Although spontaneous the cause of the esteem was not accidental, for the people of the Dominion heard with delight the appointment to the high and important office of Governor, one whose conduct in the government of several dependencies of the Empire heretofore committed to his charge had exhibited the highest qualities of statesmanship. (Applause.)

His Excellency, on rising, was received with enthusiastic applause. After the cheering had subsided he said, Mr. Mayor and gentlemen, if it were allowable to find fault on an occasion like the present, I should be very much inclined to quarrel with the flattering terms in which your excellent Mayor has thought fit to speak of my past services. My own feeling with regard to them is that they have been very imperfect, though they have received the approbation of those with whom I had to deal, and have been amply rewarded by my sovereign [cheers.] I am very sensible of your kindness, and I extend to you my best acknowledgment for your sumptuous hospitality and reception. I cannot accept of it as personal to myself, but as a tribute paid by this great company to him who does England's message here (loud cheers), and as a token of the whole community that they value British connection, and are contented with the institutions under which they live (renewed cheers)—institutions wisely framed in accordance with the wishes of the people, by the united wisdom of British and Canadian statesmen [hear, hear.] Of the success of their efforts the best proof is found in the determination of the people to cherish and maintain the institutions to which those efforts have given birth [cheers.] That determination is expressed in many ways, and in signs so visible that he who reads, may read them in the observance of order, and habits of regular industry during peace, and the readiness at the remotest call of danger to endure personal sacrifice for the defence of the country, in reverence for the laws, and in loyalty to the Crown [cheers]. To implant such sentiments broadcast amongst the people is a result at which the most patriotic law-giver might aim, and to have succeeded in obtaining them is a result which might well gratify the ambition of the most ambitious. That such success has been attained is clear, not only from feelings already alluded to, but from the outward signs of the great public works in progress or in completion, of individual industry, and of that public spirit which can only be generated and permanently maintained by the assurance of security and consciousness of possessing ever enduring liberties. (Cheers.) Amongst these evidences, Mr. Mayor, I should be inclined to place as one of the most signal the great city over which you so worthily preside. The great city of Montreal, its stately streets and its lengthened lines of houses, its accumulated wealth, and its spirit of active enterprise, it is true it may not rival in wealth the golden arched cities of Australia, but it rivals them in the commercial facilities of its position, and it surpasses them in the number of its inhabitants, added as it is upon the confluence of rivers much more favourable to inter-communication than that meeting of the waters celebrated by the Irish poet. (Cheers and laughter.) It is fitted by nature to be the great emporium of the Dominion, the commercial centre from which commerce shall flow in constant influx and reflux throughout the Dominion. This Dominion is inhabited by races different in origin, but races all of ancient renown, and equal in the field of industry and perseverance. (Cheers.) These features give promise of wealth to Montreal and power and greatness to the Dominion to that Dominion which, if we may trust present appearances, will ere long be enlarged beyond its present borders from the ocean on the east to the ocean on the west, and which will unite all our fellow countrymen in British North America as willing associates in the lofty building of free institutions upon the British model throughout the whole of British North America. (Loud cheers.) It is true that a cloud of misapprehension has rested over one province but that cloud is gradually clearing away, and yielding to clearer light. (Cheers.) I trust that ere long the inhabitants of Nova Scotia will see that their real interests lie in the direction in which their affections have all along lain. (Cheers and laughter.) In the direction of a cordial agreement with their fellow-subjects, and of this I feel sure that whatever requests they may make they will be respectfully listened to, and that every ground of grievance will be removed which can be removed with justice to the other Provinces. (Cheers.) I trust that ere long Nova Scotia will of her own free will cheerfully fall into line and partake of the general advance, co-operating in and deriving benefit from those great works to which public sanction has already been given, and to which public expectation is directed. Speaking of these great works I must say that they seem to me of gigantic magnitude. They strike a European imagination like mine with feelings akin to awe, as well as of admiration. Amongst other works are a line of railway hundreds and hundreds of miles in length, to which hundreds of miles are still to be added, and a canal which is to connect the distant waters of Lake Huron with the tidal waters of the St. Lawrence, a distance of well nigh 400 miles. These appear to me enterprises of gigantic magnitude, and I trust the people who have set their minds upon them will not forget one wise caution, one timely and judicious hint, dropped by the Premier, Sir John A. Macdonald, at the banquet given to the Mayor in Ottawa. Sir John said as soon as the resources of the Dominion now rapidly increasing, shall be equal to the task, no voice will be raised against this great national work. (Cheers.) So soon as the resources are equal to the task, remember, I trust that these resolutions may increase rapidly, but I earnestly hope this caution will not be forgotten, for however desirable these great works may be, too high a price may be paid for them. [Hear, hear.] An embarrassed Exchequer would be a bitter penalty to pay for any undue haste [hear, hear,] but this caution apart, or rather I should say this caution observed, or heeded, I trust this country will proceed rapidly in its advancement, and attain to a higher state of prosperity in the future, than it has in the past. Great things have been already achieved, and now the destinies of the country are unreservedly and emphatically in the hands of the people, and everything may be expected from the action of energetic and self-governing men in the midst of an atmosphere of freedom. [Cheers.] I shall now only repeat most earnestly my thanks for all your kindnesses, and express the wish that the Dominion may increase in prosperity, that its people may become more united, that peace may reign undisturbed for generations, throughout all its borders, and that plentiousness may crown the industry of its inhabitants. [Loud and prolonged cheers.] Now gentlemen I have been allowed to give a toast namely, "The prosperity of the City of Montreal," with which I beg leave to couple the name of your worthy Mayor, who has presided with so much ability on the present occasion, and who has given such satisfaction to all his fellow-citizens during the past year. (Cheers.)

His Worship responded.

"The Army, Navy and Volunteers," was then drank with all honors.

In returning thanks General Wyndham said, Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen, I am very often called upon to return thanks for the army, and I am proud to do so again. We are, on this occasion. As we were on the last occasion, when we met here, coupled with the navy and volunteers, as the Mayor has said, the country is covered with snow and ice; you may not have any representative of the navy here to reply for them, but they may rest assured that as long as they conduct themselves as they have done they will always be looked upon as the right arm of England's power, and that they never will be forgotten by any man with a free British heart. (Cheers.) As regards the volunteers I see many around me quite as able to return thanks for themselves; I shall therefore restrict myself to the army. I am sorry to say that it is likely to be somewhat reduced, but I can say this, that after 30 years' experience I am perfectly well aware there is no place out of England to which they would sooner go, and in which they would sooner stay than in the Dominion of Canada. (Cheers.) The country is filled with old soldiers who fought gallantly, not only in the Dominion, but throughout the Empire at large. The officers, as well as the men, have intermarried; their feelings are very much the same, and they have always been received with such cordiality and kindness, that I am sure when they go away there will be very few who will not hopefully and heartily pray for success to this Dominion, and I firmly believe that not only this company, but also the nation at large will wish the army as it departs every prosperity. [Loud cheers.]

Col. Dyde responded for the volunteers.

The next toast was "The Lieut.-Governor of Ontario," in proposing which the Mayor said, we were honoured on a recent occasion by a visit from the Lieut.-Governor of Quebec, who took most lively interest in our manufacturing progress. We were now honoured by the presence of the Lieut.-Governor of Ontario, and have learned from the public journals that he also makes those important elements of our wealth his special care. This augured well for the country, and the country should evince its gratitude towards the distinguished heads of their respective governments for their encouragement to such an important interest. I think I utter but the voice of both Provinces when I say that both these distinguished officials have the confidence of their people, and that the honours which they are now enjoying are well earned tributes for long and faithful services rendered to their country in years gone by. (Applause.)

Lieut.-Gov. Howland was very warmly cheered on rising to respond. He spoke as follows:

Mr. Mayor, Your Excellency, and gentlemen—I can scarcely find language suitable to respond to the toast which you have so kindly proposed. It, sir, has afforded me the highest gratification that anything could possibly afford me to be able through your courtesy and kindness to be here, and join the people of this city, the emporium of Canada, in bidding welcome and paying honour to our guest this evening. I acknowledge the obligation on my own part, and on the part of the people of Western Canada, and beg to return you my sincere thanks on their behalf, knowing as I have done, intimately for the last thirty years; having business and social relations with the merchants and people of this city, and having been a witness of its progress and prosperity. I can well appreciate the great enterprise and talent on the part of the people, and especially the merchants, who have tended to bring it to the high state of prosperity which it now enjoys, and sir, it is a matter of the highest satisfaction and gratification to myself, and one in which I think we all join, that His Excellency the Governor-General has arrived here, deputed to preside over the Government of the country at a time so fortunate, and one in which so much satisfaction, contentment, and prosperity exist throughout the country, and I beg to assure you and His Excellency that throughout the Province of Ontario, and I think in the absence of my honorable friend, Lieut.-Governor of Quebec, which I regret, I may venture to say on behalf of the people of Quebec also there is almost without exception a universal feeling of contentment and loyalty. Not loyalty as an unmeaning sentiment, but a feeling of satisfaction in the institutions of the country, a conviction that they will result in liberty and order. There exists a perfect quiet and satisfactory confidence in the future of this country, in the institutions which have been so happily accorded to us. I can say, sir, that I feel the greatest possible obligations to you and the citizens of Montreal for having afforded me the pleasure of joining with you in welcoming to the country and to your city, His Excellency, the present Governor-General. At the present time it is certainly of much higher importance than in the past history of this country, what the character and qualifications may be of the gentleman who may be sent here to preside over the Government of the Dominion. It is a matter of the highest gratification to all of us to feel and know from his past history and the knowledge which we possess of the experience that His Excellency has had as a statesman, legislator and Administrator, we have the fullest assurance that he is most highly qualified for the position which he now occupies. (Cheers.) I again beg to thank you for the opportunity which has been afforded me in joining with you in the festivities of to-night.

Hon. Mr. Campbell, in response to repeated calls from all parts of the room, rose to reply. He said my friend Mr. Rose being a citizen of Montreal has with a sort of doubtful courtesy assigned to me the duty of responding to this toast. I beg to return you thanks for the honour you have done the Ministry—an honour enhanced by the kindly manner in which you have received this toast. I am sorry that the Canadian ministry is not represented on this occasion by some one more familiar with the citizens of Montreal than I am. I am charged by the Premier, Sir John A. Macdonald, to express to this gathering his deep regret that he was unable to be present. I have also the same expression of regret to make to you on behalf of the other ministers who are at Ottawa. They would all gladly have been here had circumstances enabled them to gratify their inclination. I am quite sure I would be transgressing my duty if, on an occasion of this kind, I should say a word about politics at all. It would be impossible for me to say anything about the past course of the ministry of Canada, or its present and future policy, without in some degree transgressing upon the feelings of some of those who are present, and also upon the proprieties of the occasion. I am quite sure I could not go very far upon that subject without treading upon the toes of my friend on my left, Hon. Mr. Holton. I wish them well and am too kindly disposed towards those who have been opposed to me in politics to desire on the present or on any occasion to trespass upon their feelings, so that really in returning thanks for the Canadian ministers on an occasion of this kind my theme is limited. I can't venture to discuss in my way their achievements or their prospects. This toast is not given so much to the men who for a moment may be in office, as it is to the positions they occupy. Many of us remember when toasts of this kind were not proposed on public occasions because it was thought those who were connected with it committed themselves in some way to the policy of the ministry of the day. I cannot, but think Cabinet ministers from the very fact of an assembly of this kind recurring such a toast will be disposed to take a deeper sense of the gravity of their position I think allusion to the western province. I am afraid we will feel a little jealous, unless we in Western Canada can persuade His Excellency to pay a visit like this to Montreal, but know we can show him a happy, contented and prosperous people, very glad indeed to welcome him, and with whom I believe he will feel as much at home as he is now at home with the people of Montreal.

Hon. John Rose was also then called. He said my friend and sincere colleague Campbell has so admirably responded to this toast, I really think it unnecessary to trespass upon your time, but starting as I do, perhaps more as a citizen of Montreal than as a member of the Colonial Ministry, I will not say one word with respect to the merits or demerits of the Ministers. I entirely agree with my friend Hon. Mr. Campbell, who has said that when toasts are given, it should not be given having any political significance. My friend having spoken to this toast, I may be permitted to say that there is an equally important part of the Government machine which has not been covered by the toast which you have proposed; the Ministers are but the servants of the people they represent the opinions of the majority. I allude to those who sit opposed to us. I think, therefore, that the toast may as well have covered, not only the Colonial Ministry, but those who belong to the Opposition. My friend Hon. Mr. Campbell has said that he was unwilling to allude to politics, because he may possibly tread on the toes of his friend who sits next to him, [Hon. Mr. Holton.] I have sat alongside of the gentleman, [Hon. Mr. Holton,] I am proud to call him my personal friend of nearly a quarter of a century. [Cheers.] Allow me here to say one word as this is the first opportunity I have had of meeting many of my old and valued friends in this community in which I have resided, and in which all my affections, sympathies, and interests are involved, and my political connections for ten years. Allow me to take this opportunity of saying that the pervading emotion in my mind in regard to those ten years in which our political connection has been more intimate than perhaps they are now, is that you have been very kind indeed to my few virtues, and very blind to my many faults. I have trespassed too long upon your patience, but I feel that it would be ungrateful on my part if I did not make this public acknowledgment of gratitude to my friends, and also to my opponents, who have been so forbearing. One word more, I am sure that we have all listened with great pleasure and profit to the observations of His Excellency the Governor-General (hear, hear). We must be careful not to overrun our resources, but at the same time there must be a judicious and cautious yet determined development of our resources. Again I thank you most cordially for your kindness (loud cheers).

Dorion was loudly called for, but not being invited by the chair, he did not respond.

Mr. Lees proposed the "Ladies," after which the band played the national anthem, and the meeting broke up shortly after eleven o'clock.

Hon. Mr. Howe left for Nova Scotia. He was pressed to speak at the dinner, but refused, saying he would make his first speech to his constituents at Hants.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 2.

Hon. J. H. Cameron Returned to Toronto --No Further Action to be taken in the Whelan Case Unless the Prisoner is Respited--Disgraceful Scene in the Toronto City Council, &c., &c.

Hon. J. H. Cameron has returned to Toronto. He has not made application to England, and as the prisoner's signature is necessary in such appeal, and that cannot be sent by telegraph, of course the appeal cannot be made. He waits the decision of the Dominion Government on the application for a respite before any further action is taken.

In the city council last night a rather warm debate took place. Mr. Medcalf said some members were worse than men in penitentiary; when called to name them he said J. E. Smith, late Mayor. Mr. Smith then challenged him to make specific charges, and moved for a committee for investigation. This would not do, and members retorted that he was in his dotage, and had so acted as to prove himself a calumniator and villian.

The court was without a judge to-day, as yesterday the Recorders became private citizens by the act abolishing their offices; and Judge Boyd, Assistant-Judge of the County Counrt, is on business elsewhere.

Notice has been given that the timber agency of Toronto, under charge of Mr. Nash, will be abolished, and the business henceforth transacted at the Woods and Forests Branch of the Crown Lands Department:

Thirteen parties were admitted as attorneys yesterday.

H. Kinloch has been appointed Assistant-Clerk of the Council.

Letters patent have been issued incorporating the Oshawa Cabinet Company, and Joseph Hall Manufacturing Company. Each to carry on business at Oshawa with a capital of $100,000.

The *Globe's* Halifax despatch says Howe's acceptance of office took all by surprise, and that he had promised not to enter the Government until another appeal to England was made and failed. The Unionists generally rejoice, but some hint that the action was not calculated to increase confidence in Howe. The Repealers denounce him for betraying their cause; but rejoice at his acceptance, as they say they can defeat him when he presents himself for re-election in Hants. James W. King, defeated by Howe at the last election by six hundred majority, is mentioned as a candidate. All are looking forward with anxiety to Howe's speech at the Governor's dinner in Montreal.

Rumours were circulating of a split in the Local Government. It is said a prominent member from the east will be forced to retire, and a western member substituted.

A Man Kills his Wife and then Attempts Self-Murder.

CHICAGO, February 2.—A terrible tragedy occurred in Merrien County, Iowa, on Saturday. A man named Geo. Shaffer, who had twice deserted his wife, returned recently and ordered her to leave her father's house. He went there with a loaded revolver. His wife's mother met him at the door, and after knocking her down with a chair he served his wife similarly, and then shot her in the head, killing her instantly. He next fired three times at himself, without effect, and then gashed his throat with a butcher knife.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868 657y

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

FINNAN HADDIES,

PORTLAND BLOATERS,

LING FISH (Pickled).

LING FISH (Dry).

JAMES BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT,
940b JOHN S. HENDERSON

TENDERS OF SILVER

FOR

MY EXPORTATION MOVEMENT

are hereby accepted.

Particulars by circular to be issued

THIS DAY.

W. WEIK

Montreal, February 1, 1869. 962tf

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCKS and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Wellington-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNNS BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868. The Tea Pot, Ottawa

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Corrected expressly for the Ottawa Times.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 2, 1869.

Flour—Extra	6 50	@ 6 75
No. 1	5 25	@ 5 50
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25	@ 3 37½
Spring "	2 62½	@ 2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs	0 90	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@ 4 50
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@ 1 25
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@ 0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 58	@ 0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@ 0 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel	26 00	@ 27 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@ 18 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@ 6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@ 0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@ 0 60
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 25	@ 0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@ 0 24
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 22	@ 0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@ 4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@ 0 40
Hay—Per ton	8 00	@ 20 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@ 0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

Pelcome.—Montreal Tea Company:—Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, Jno. T. Day-

Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: The Congou Tea you sent me in December last, gives great satisfaction, and is much superior to anything of the kind at that price, which we have been accustomed to get from other houses in your city.

Very truly yours,
W. E. JONES.

Richmond Guardian Office, Richmond.

Winfield—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, John Heritage.
To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

Montreal Tea Company,

Gentlemen,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, Francis T. Greene, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

Peterborough.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. Reid.

The Montreal Tea Company.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality.—Brantford *Courier*.

Quebec—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly,
P. A. Drolet.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon*.

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. Cheny,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

We advise our grocers, farmers, and others to read carefully the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. In presence of the general dullness of business in these counties, merchants who desire to push their business profitably would do well to give them their orders, as from their direct fresh importations, and small wholesale profits, merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give them a call, as their terms are of the most liberal character.—*True Patriot, Thorold.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.
Joseph Mooney,
Russell House Block

For Sale or to Let.

For Sale, or to Let for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.
Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

Valuable Farms for Sale.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

Rooms to Let.
MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

For Sale.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,....................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.
Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.
Secretary. H. B. REEVE.
Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.
General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

The Dominion Telegraph Company has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 15th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolised nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,365

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40	December, 1867	$576,135 19	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67	1,594,644 96	Jany., Feb., March,'68	1,727,939 55	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,778 79	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52	Increase	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	163,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,241,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to New York. {50c} Reduced to Canada Money. {........ 35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to Philadelphia. {75c} Reduced to Canada Money. {........ 52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to Washington. {90c} Reduced to Canada Money. {........ 62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to Baltimore. {85c} Reduced to Canada Money. {........ 59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit .... 60c; Detroit to Chicago. {75c} Reduced to Canada Money. {........ 52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to New Orleans. {$2 75c} Reduced to Canada Money. {........ $1 90c—$2 20

Note.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.
Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tt

Medical.

Pain Killer

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

Pain Killer.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st.,
Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, General Agents

Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Mortimer's

INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, and BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK — REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

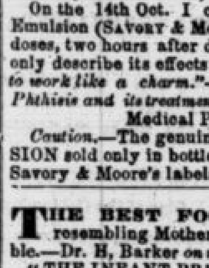
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



For Cases of CONSUMPTION

treated with Savory & Moore's PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (Savory & Moore's) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

The Best Food for Infants, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

Flower Bulbs.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

Edward C. Malloch, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

Dr. C. Leggo, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

Dr. Oliver Martin, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

Dr. C. A. Martin, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

Dr. George Hutchison, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Dr. W. J. Henry, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Dr. O. C. Wood, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. Cancers Cured, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

Dr. J. A. Beckett, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 835.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

Pickwick House,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

Ottawa House.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac*.

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

Toronto House, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

The "Queen" Restaurant,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

The Metropolitan,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

Dominion House,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

L. B. Tackaberry, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. Sparks, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. Billings, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
References.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. Christie, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Road's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'Connor & Waller, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

Oliver & Annable, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGreevy, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

Plans, Specifications, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

To Farmers & Others.

TRADE O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 0 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 0 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 0 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 0 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 0 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 0 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 0 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 0 70
Finest	0 75 @ 0 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 0 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 0 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 0 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 0 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 0 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 952td

Legal Cards.

Macpherson, Kennedy & Christie, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

Nicholas Sparks, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. Mara, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

Mosgrove & Taillon, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. Tetreau, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Lapierre & Haycock, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'Connor, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

E. H. Haycock, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. Buckley, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

Lees & Gemmill, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

Edward T. Dartnell, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

Piano-Forte Tuition.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

Education—Classical and General.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

St. Alban's School,
Daly-st.

PRINCIPAL:
Rev. Bickerton A. Edwards, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

School Fees.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term extra.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

Musical Academy.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

Holiday Presents AT THE MEDICAL HALL, 28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Enlarged Portraiture OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To Tourists.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

Concentrated Lye.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Public Notice

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.
W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

Ordnance Lands.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Kingston, 29 Lots, on Wednesday, Feb. 3rd, 1869.
Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

Railroads.

Change of Time

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

Brockville & Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10 a m
Night do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.	
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.	
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at via Vermont Central.	3:30 p m
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1 1868.

Canadian Pain Destroyer!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Millinery.

Notice.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

Removal.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

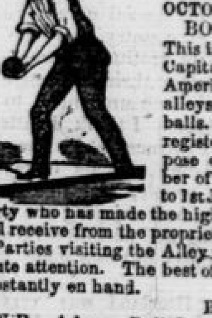
Randall & Montgomery,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

Dominion Bowling Alley.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

Piano Tuning.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he proposes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at F. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

Provincial Insurance.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
Agent,................Desbarats's Block,
Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1866.

Union Mutual LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY;

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

S. Rogers,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,
Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience, by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.
Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

Hardware! AT THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN.

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be had in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood, from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

Satchell Bros.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.
930.3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

To the Working Class.—I am now prepared to furnish constant employment to all classes at their homes for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Fifty cents to $5 per evening is easily earned, and the boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. Great inducements are offered. All who see this notice please send me their address and test the business for themselves. If not well satisfied I will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing me. Full particulars sent free. Sample sent by mail for ten cents in stamps. Address
950.1-5w4 E. C. ALLEN, Augusta, Me.

Parodee's Epileptic Cure.

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. None genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Notice.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton, Managing Director. Alex. Robertson, Editor.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 965. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in ½ lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1·50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues,
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call ...dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, I Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window.

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,

to be had only

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do

and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butt, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Red, Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!

But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,
73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
Sparks-st.

953tf

NEW GROCERY STORE.

Esther-street, (continuation of Bank-street), opposite the first public well.

JOHN COOK announces to his neighbours, farmers and others that he always keeps on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, of the best description, which he will sell at as low rates as they can be bought in any of the large city stores. Also, on hand, LIQUORS of the finest brands.

JOHN COOK,
947-1-2-3m Proprietor

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No. 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also, the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
4tf Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 .....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 .....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 .....OVERCOATS,
$9 .....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 .....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.....UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .....DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNEL
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns.
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

as greatly reduced prices.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*

Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose And Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4197 GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 917d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier: "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School-Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.

Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.

Third. It will not mould.

Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.

Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.

Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.

Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."

Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."

Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."

Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."

Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."

J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."

American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well."

Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."

POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.

W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 3, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
938-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts, where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			p.	d.		s.	d.
100 pieces		different qualities Black Silks					
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5		worth 0	8	
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	" 1	0	
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1	0	
80	do	Double Delaines	7½	"	1	3	
70	do	do Poplin	7½	"	1	0	
150	do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1	3	
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1	6	
33	do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3	0	
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3	0	
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2				
200	do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2	0	

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths, Orientat Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces	Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for		6	d
160 do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars		6½	d
165 do	Good Prints		4	d
303 do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's		6½	d
159 do	French Calicos, in choice patterns		8	d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating	3 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000	Flannel Shirts, only	2 6	
200	White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9	
500	Under Shirts, only	3 3	
300	Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces	2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting	3 3	worth 5
5 do	2-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1	do 3
81 do	Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice		

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, (2s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.....OVERCOATS.
4.00.....heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up.....PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25.....VESTS.
$8.00,.....Black Broadcloth.....FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75 y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 885-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868 657y

TENDERS.

TENDERS

will be received by the undersigned, up to

Twelve O'Clock, Noon, on

Wednesday, the 3rd day of March, Next,

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A REGISTRY OFFICE

In the Town of Pembroke.

The building to be completed on or before the first day of November, 1869.

Each tender must be accompanied with the names of two good and sufficient sureties for the due performance of the work.

The undersigned do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or other tender unless otherwise satisfactory.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Andrew Irving, Esq., Registrar, Pembroke.

ARCHIBALD FOSTER,
Chairman;
S. G. SYMS,
T. M. CARSWELL,
Building Committee.

Pembroke, January 28, 1869. 963-1-6wd

TENDERS OF SILVER

FOR

MY EXPORTATION MOVEMENT

are hereby accepted.

Particulars by circular to be issued

THIS DAY.

W. WEIR

Montreal, February 1, 1869. 962tf

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

THE NOVA SCOTIA SETTLEMENT CORRESPONDENCE.

[Sir John A. Macdonald to Hon. Joseph Howe.]

(PRIVATE.)

OTTAWA, October 6th, 1868.

MY DEAR MR. HOWE,—Now that the Legislature of Nova Scotia has been prorogued, and the exciting discussions on Constitutional questions for a time ended, I think the time has come when I can again ask your aid and influence in endeavouring to allay the feeling that unhappily exists in Nova Scotia, and to give the Union Act a fair trial.

For that purpose, I desire to repeat, shortly, the material portions of the Statement, that the Committee of the Convention, of which you were Chairman, were kind enough to allow Sir George Cartier and myself to make.

In the first place I will say, on behalf of the late Province of Canada, that in the question of Union we acted in good faith. The Delegations from the several Provinces were appointed by their respective Governments, and we had reason to believe that the Governments of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick as fully represented their people as the Canadian Government did.

I regret exceedingly the present unfortunate state of affairs, and my colleagues and myself are prepared to do all that we can to put an end to it.

By the Despatch of the Duke of Buckingham to Lord Monck, of the 4th June last, in answer to the Address of your House of Assembly, the Governor General and his advisers are precluded from even entering upon the consideration of the question of the repeal of the Act of the Union.

His Grace declares that the measure is not only conducive to the strength and welfare of the Provinces concerned, but *important to the interests of the whole Empire*, and states that the Queen's Government feel that they would not be warranted in advising the reversal of this great measure of State.

He, however, draws the attention of Lord Monck and his Government to the points raised in the Address relative to taxation, the regulation of Trade and the Fisheries; and he expresses a confidence (which I am sure is well founded) that it will be the care and wish of that Government and of the Parliament of the Dominion, to relax or modify any arrangements on those subjects which may prejudice the peculiar interests of Nova Scotia and the Maritime portion of the Dominion.

On this point I can only repeat what I stated before the Committee, that the Canadian Government are not only ready but anxious to enter upon a frank and full discussion of those points, and are prepared, in case the pressure of taxation should be shewn to be unequal, or unjust to Nova Scotia, to relieve that pressure by every means in their power. They are also ready to discuss any Financial or Commercial questions that may be raised by the Nova Scotian Government or yourself, and the representatives of Nova Scotia in the Parliament of the Dominion.

You may remember that I suggested to the Committee that Mr. Annand, the Finance Minister of the Province, or any other gentleman or gentlemen selected for the purpose, should visit Ottawa and sit down with the Finance Minister here, for the purpose of ascertaining whether any inequality or injustice exists, the extent of such inequality and the best remedy. I now reiterate the assurance I then gave, that the Government here will consider the question not in a rigid, but in the most liberal spirit, with a desire to do even more than justice for the sake of securing the co-operation of the people of Nova Scotia in working the new Constitution. We will enter upon this enquiry whenever it suits your convenience, and the Canadian Government engage to press upon Parliament, with all the influence they possess, the legislation required to carry out any financial readjustment that may be agreed upon.

I am aware that even if the Union Act were accepted, objections are taken by leading politicians in Nova Scotia to some of its constitutional (and non-financial) provisions.

Now the Constitution is a new one, and to a considerable degree experimental, but it seems to me that it should have a fair trial, before we pronounce it so defective as to call for immediate alteration—still, that is altogether a matter of opinion.

The proper, indeed the only place for discussing any such changes is in the Parliament of the Dominion, and the able men who represent Nova Scotia will have full opportunity of pressing their views in their places there.

It is so obviously the interest of the Government and Parliament of the Dominion that the Union should work satisfactorily, that the Nova Scotian representatives may rest well assured of every suggestion of theirs being fully considered. Meanwhile, I would desire to impress upon you the great injury that is caused to the material interests of Nova Scotia by its not being fully represented in the Government of the Dominion, and by the position of isolation assumed by yourself and your co-representatives in the Parliament here. Questions of the greatest importance in the administration of affairs are continually arising, in which Nova Scotia should have a potential voice—and I may instance the rights of our Fishermen, the subject of Reciprocity and other matters of almost equal importance.

The Canadian Government, I see by the anti-Union papers, are charged with an unwise administration of public affairs, so far as Nova Scotia is concerned. All that I can say is, that we act according to the best information that we can obtain, and that if mistakes are made the fault is not ours.

I have already invited you to give us your aid and advice as a Minister, and regret extremely that you do not see your way to taking that position.

I trust that you may be able to do so—the sooner the better. Meanwhile, why do you, and those who act with you, not pursue a course similar to that of O'Connell? He was sincerely desirous of affecting the repeal of the union between England and Ireland, and, as you know, spared no effort for that purpose. But he did not stand aloof in Parliament. On the contrary, while still preserving his opinions as to repeal, he gave a general support to the administration of the day, and thereby secured for himself a potential voice in the administration of Irish affairs? At present matters stand thus:—The Canadian Government must either act without advice from Nova

Scotia, (which is of course inadvisable) or consult with those who, it is stated, have not the confidence of the majority of the people, which continues the irritation now existing.

Let me urge upon you to put an end to this unfortunate state of things. In the hope that this might soon be the case, the Canadian Government has, as much as possible without injury to the public service, postponed filling up the more important offices connected with Nova Scotia, and will continue to do so, although these delays are made causes of attack upon us for neglect of our duties.

I write with the approbation and concurrence of my colleagues, and this letter, although marked "private," and not to be used as an official document, can be shown by you to any friends that you think proper.

Believe me, &c., &c.,

(Signed,) JOHN A. MACDONALD.

THE HON. JOSEPH HOWE,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.

[Mr. Howe to Sir John A. Macdonald.]

(COPY.) HALIFAX, 21st October, 1868.

MY DEAR SIR JOHN,—Your letter of the 6th inst. reached me a few days ago. I at once informed Mr. Annand of its arrival, but did not ask him to read it, or to compromise himself or his colleagues by taking part in the correspondence. The members of the Local Government and Legislature have already, as you are aware, re-asserted their determination to obtain the repeal of the British North American Act, and have sent forward their resolutions and Minute of Council. They are hopeful that the new Parliament will do to Nova Scotia more substantial justice than the old, and when the elections are over, may despatch another petition and delegation to England. Heartily desiring, as I do, the repeal of the Act, I must confess that I am less sanguine. I used to believe that in a case involving vested interests, constitutional rights, and great sums of money, British statesmen and legislators would do justice though the Heavens should fall. With deep sorrow and a sense of humiliation not easily described, I am now compelled to acknowledge that I have cherished a delusion.

Whether it be that the British Ministers yield to the representations of the Governor General and to the paramount influence of Canada, or sincerely believe that the interests of the empire are in some mysterious way, which I cannot discover, bound up with this Confederation; or whether, as I shrewdly suspect, the men who represent the railway and financial interests to be affected by this measure, dominate and control both Houses, I apprehend that unless some marvellous change is wrought by the new constituencies, we shall have as little chance of obtaining justice from the new Parliament as we had from the last.

My friends here are more hopeful, and I shall be delighted, should they make a fresh appeal, to find that I have been mistaken.

A new House of Commons may take a more enlightened view of the subject, but Mr. Gladstone, who will be the leader, if the Liberals win, has twice spoken and voted against us. As matters stand, then, we have not a very cheerful outlook, nor are the remedies, which are now freely talked of all over this once loyal Province, pleasant to contemplate. I have for months set my face steadily against revolutionary movements, annexation intrigues, or open resistance to the law, but I will not disguise from you, that it may be very difficult to stem the tide of public opinion that a rejection of enquiry by a new Parliament may set in motion, unless in the meantime some large and substantial measure of reparation and justice is offered by the Government of the Dominion.

Holding these opinions and foreseeing the dangers to be encountered, I am content to take the risk of this correspondence, of which I am quite aware that persons more sanguine of success will entirely disapprove.

I have shown your letter to a few judicious friends here, and shall show it to others, including, of course, the members of the House of Commons as they come up to town; and I intend to make no secret of the fact that such a correspondence is going on. I am asked every day if I have taken office, or "accepted the situation," as the phrase goes. My answer is that I have accepted nothing, but recognising the obligation imposed by the Imperial upon the Canadian Government, I mean to discuss the whole subject with them, in a frank and earnest manner. Some of my friends here are apprehensive that the fact of such a correspondence going on, will weaken their chance of getting repeal from the new House of Commons. If I thought so I would break it off to-morrow, but, as it must close long before the time arrives for making that appeal I am content to continue it, in the belief that no harm and some good will arise out of a free interchange of our opinions.

Whether we remain united, or ultimately separate, it is of the utmost consequence that the feelings of exasperation which recent events provoked among the people of British America, should be allayed. The arrogant, petulant and hasty manner in which this measure was, from the first, forced upon our people, aroused their passions. The visit of the Canadian Ministers here was the first movement in the right direction, and in your letter of the 6th inst. I recognize a spirit of fairness which I am prompt to acknowledge.

From the first we were much alarmed by the financial aspects of the scheme, your assurance that these shall be revised and substantial justice done is very satisfactory. Mr. Annand cannot go to Ottawa, somebody else may, but as the distance is great, we may be able to arrive at common conclusions by a simpler method. Mr. McLelan has already sent to Mr. Rose the substance of a speech which he delivered in the House of Commons last session. Enclosed you will find copies of a speech by Mr. Annand.

Glancing over those papers you will perceive that, if not Confederated, Nova Scotia could have met all her obligations, and, under her old tariff, have had a small surplus in the Treasury. That by imposing one per cent upon imports, we could have raised money enough to keep up our roads and bridges, now left almost without any provision though our tariff has been raised to fifteen per cent, and sundry direct taxes have been imposed. It appears to me that the claim for $3,000,000 on account of our public works is a fair one, to say nothing of another based upon the disproportion of our annual consumption per head, and that of your people. I do not wish to trouble you with many figures, or to involve you in financial discussions which can be more easily conducted by others, but I may observe that we ought not to be charged interest on $622,458 of Province notes circulated and sustained for years on the public credit. Will you be good enough to ask Mr. Rose or Mr. Langton to examine Mr. Annand's speech and Mr. McLelan's figures, and inform me if the calculations are accurate, or to what extent they agree with them. If there is a per contra side to the account let it be sent down.

As this letter is already so long, I may perhaps trouble you with another, on the constitutional aspects of the question. I quite recognize the narrow limits to which you are confined by the Duke of Buckingham's despatch, but we both know that the Colonial Office would sanction, and Parliament approve, of any changes which experience might suggest, and I would rather discuss these with you in a friendly way now, because I fear that without the approval of the Government, I would have but a small chance to win favour for them in the House of Commons.

I note what you say in reference to my taking office, and to the example of O'Connell. My position is certainly not a very profitable, or a very enviable one, but I prefer to hold it just now. I have been driven into it by a sense of duty, and by the force of circumstances which I could not control. The responsibilities resting on me are not light, and I can only relieve myself of them, by maintaining for the present a position of personal independence.

As regards the present Government of the Dominion I did not last winter factiously oppose them. Should I go to Ottawa again, (reserving the question of repeal, if there is a chance in our favour) my action would be governed by yours. If you do justice I will give you credit for it.

The choice of the route for the Intercolonial Railroad meets my entire approval, and if you can place our commercial relations with the United States on a satisfactory footing, either by treaty or reciprocal legislation, and arrange the financial aspects of the question equitably, I think I may safely say that the gentlemen who may go from Nova Scotia to Ottawa, would be justified in giving a fair support to your Government.

Believe me,
My dear Sir John,
Yours very truly,
[Signed,] JOSEPH HOWE.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,
&c., &c., &c.

(To be continued.)

THE GOSPEL NOT RETAILED IN BOSTON.—At one of our fashionable churches, where pews are eagerly snapped up at about a thousand dollars each, a young man and his newly married wife recently attended public worship for two or three Sabbaths, and were so well pleased with the preacher that they resolved to attend regularly. Accordingly, as they passed out one Sunday, the gentleman, calling the sexton aside, says patronisingly: "See here, I think, on the whole, I'll come here to church. Now, I want to hire two seats—good seats, mind you—on the lower floor, and now let me see all that you have to let." "To let! did I understand you?" inquired the sexton. "Yes, I don't mind paying four or five dollars extra for two choice broad aisle seats," replied the applicant. "Young man," said the somewhat practical custodian, "we have no seats 'to let;' we do not do a retail business at this house."—*Boston Commercial Advertiser.*

—We have heard of a 'bridge of sighs,' and of a sigh that was wafted 'from Indus to the Pole,' and of the 'passing tribute of a sigh;' but it was reserved for Victor Hugo to utilize sighing as an implement of war. The Greeks—who remember that another exile of genius and self-will, Lord Byron, gave them his 'sighing blade'—seem to have invited M. Hugo to do as much for them. To whom M. Hugo replies, 'Alas! I can only sigh; I have done so before, yet I shall do so again. *You may reckon on me.*"

If Tom Payne had not already said, and the first Napoleon repeated after him, that 'one step above the sublime makes the ridiculous,' the ways and works of Victor Hugo would surely have given some living mortal a chance to invent the saying.—*N.Y. World.*

A BRICK OF GOLD.—Mr. Dunstan, Manager of the Richardson Mine exhibited in this office to-day a brick of gold, the result of two week's crushing, ending Jan. 30th, 1869. It weighs 19 oz. and one pennyweight, valued at $381, the product of 70 tons of rock. This gives an average of $5 75 per ton, being somewhat above the former yield. Mr. Dunstan informs us that the rock crushed during the last two or three days yielded over 20 per cent more of gold than that crushed formerly.—*Belleville Intelligencer.*

"Cartoons of Raffaelle."

Seven chromolithographs in *fac simile* of the celebrated "Cartoons of Raffaelle" are now on exhibition and for sale at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st.

The "Cartoons of Raffaelle" it has been truly said "are England's chief treasures of art." For centuries they have been the admiration of all who appreciate the true and the beautiful in art. Critics of every nation have lauded this rare collection of paintings as being not only matchless specimens of the genius of the greatest master in ancient or modern times; but, also, as powerful incentives to virtue and religion. Their history extends far into the past. Raffaelle produced this series in 1513 and 1514, from which tapestries were wrought to decorate the interior of the Sistine Chapel. They were afterwards purchased by Charles I., acting under the advice of Rubens. They have frequently been engraved, but no copies at all comparable with the great originals have ever been given to the public, till a most accomplished engraver, the late Thomas Hollowell, under the immediate patronage of George III., undertook the task, and about forty-five years after the work was accomplished, and the *seven engravings* were produced. The engraved plates were destroyed, according to contract, so that it is very rarely that a set of these cartoons are offered for sale. No copies, except those issued by the present publishers, are *fac similes* in colour of the original "Cartoons of Raffaelle." 959a

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Stationery—J. Durie & Son.
New Books— do.
Comfortable House Wanted.
Mail Contract—Matthew Sweetman.
Lectures—Y. M. C. Association.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

THERE was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon for the transaction of routine business.

We understand that the Hon. Mr. CARTIER has advised some of his friends that he expected to be able to leave England this week.

Mr. SANDFORD FLEMING, Chief Engineer of the Intercolonial Railway, is expected to reach town to-day.

Another addition to the number of railway contractors previously in town, was made yesterday. From the large number here we expect that there will be keen competition for the building of the Intercolonial.

TO-DAY we give place to the letters of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD and the Hon. JOSEPH HOWE, relating to the opening of negotiations for the readjustment of the financial relations between Nova Scotia and the Dominion. Our space is preoccupied to the exclusion of any lengthy comments on these letters, but it will be seen that a most anxious desire to remove all causes of disagreement is manifested both by Sir JOHN and Mr. HOWE. That a negotiation of such momentous importance should have been brought to a satisfactory conclusion is creditable to the parties on both sides.

TWO STORIES WITH A MORAL.

"A STORY WITH A MORAL." (From the Globe, Feb. 2, 1869.)	A STORY WITH A MORAL. (From THE OTTAWA TIMES, Feb. 4, 1869.)
"It is not very long	"It is not very long
since Mr. Joseph Howe	since Mr. George
was the foremost advocate of the Union of the Provinces. In all British America there was no public man there who had so much influence as he, or has done so much to turn the thoughts of Repealers in that direction. If it was true, as he alleged in August, that the people were so exasperated that there was great danger of their mobbing the Canadian Ministers when they visited Halifax, no man had done so much to exasperate the people. If it was true that only the greatest prudence on the part of their leaders, and a knowledge of the hopelessness of violent measures, prevented the people from rising in open rebellion, no man is more to blame than Mr. Howe. Whatever of mischief to Nova Scotia and the Dominion—whatever of injury to British interests on this continent—may be due to anti-Union agitation, Mr. Howe must bear his full share of the responsibility."	Brown was the most vocate of the Union of blatant anti-Confederation. In all British America there was no public man there was no public man who had so ably and persistently advocated Union, or had done so much to create the Maritime Province in its favour. In every Province and in Britain he was known chiefly for his eloquent pleading on behalf of the Union of every Province and in the North American Britain he was known Colonies. When the chiefly for his violent time came for realising denunciation of the what he had termed Canadian Government, "the dream of his boyhood," Mr. Howe was profound ranged on the other side. His party had been beaten at the previous election, and had gone out of office. Of two more "poor sisters" to suck the Imperial Government, very lifts blood out of and was not in a position to take part in the Confederation negotiations of 1864. His party had been political friends, beaten in the previous though in opposition, election (or so near it had their places on the that they remained in Nova Scotia delegation power but a few to the Quebec conference, and their share had gone out of office. in the deliberations of He had been figuring that body. But the behind the scenes as great apostle of Union wire puller, and had was absent, and it soon played the very deuce transpired that he was with his party. His inimical to the measure which he had political friends, spent a life-time in though in opposition, advocating. He had had a strong hope of returning to power, not been consulted, because the strength of and he was not satisfied. His term of service as Fishery Commissioner came to an end in a few months, and it soon transpired that he was in treaty to Nova Scotia to place himself at the head of the anti-Union party—which was being organized out of the dissatisfied and disappointed of both the political parties."

"If it is true, as Mr. Howe intimated in his letters some time since, that annexation sympathies have been developed in Nova Scotia, no man is so much responsible for that as he, or has done so much to turn the thoughts of Repealers in that direction. If it was true, as he alleged in August, that the people were so exasperated that there was great danger of their mobbing the Canadian Ministers when they visited Halifax, no man had done so much to exasperate the people. If it was true that only the greatest prudence on the part of their leaders, and a knowledge of the hopelessness of violent measures, prevented the people from rising in open rebellion, no man is more to blame than Mr. Howe. Whatever of mischief to Nova Scotia and the Dominion—whatever of injury to British interests on this continent—may be due to anti-Union agitation, Mr. Howe must bear his full share of the responsibility."

"When Mr. Howe had made as complete as possible the destruction of his reputation as an advocate of Colonial Union and an upholder of British institutions on this continent—when the Repeal agitation had done its worst—when a turning point had been reached, and the danger of further mischief was fast passing away, Mr. Howe began to consider the best way of getting out of the false position he had occupied for three years. Having determined upon a retreat, he set about executing an old grudge in the with considerable skill. He had a most difficult task, and he probably managed as well as any man could do who had made up his mind to sell himself as dexterously as possible under the circumstances. The gradual toning down from the Repealer to the seeker after "better terms" was dexterous, though not to be especially commended on the score of candour. The denouncer to the collaborator, the Repeal movement—that from the opposition to the Government for the negotiation of "John A., Cartier and Galt" was dexterous, though not to be especially commended on the score of candour. The first movement—that from voting against the Government for alleged incompetency and corruption to the acceptance of office—was too sudden to be in keeping with the rest of the game. Mr. Howe's impatience got the better of him at the last, and he sacrificed something of what was left of his own reputation, and a great part of his influence in Nova Scotia, if the people could be made to believe that he had acted a thoroughly disinterested part. When they saw that he got an office as the end of all his dexterous manœuvering, they imputed motives to him, and forgot his arguments (if he had any.)"

"When Mr. Brown had made as complete as possible the destruction of his reputation as an opponent of Colonial Union, and an upholder of "rep. by pop." pure and simple—when the Reform agitation had done its best—when a turning point had been reached, and the Reformers (*minus* Mr. Brown) had a fair prospect of power, Mr. Brown began to consider the best way of getting himself into office, and leaving some of his friends against whom he had an old grudge in the lurch. Having determined upon a retreat, he set about executing his plan with considerable skill. He had a most difficult task, and he probably managed as well as any man could do who had made up his mind to sell himself and bones to the enemy. The sudden change from the denouncer to the collaborator, the Reform movement—that from voting out the Government for alleged incompetency and corruption to the acceptance of office—was too sudden to be in keeping with the rest of the game. Mr. Brown's impatience got the better of him at last, and he sacrificed something of what was left of his own reputation, and a great deal of his influence with Upper Canada Reformers, in his haste to reach the Treasury benches. His devotion acted a thoroughly disinterested part. When they saw that he got an office as the end of all his dexterous manœuvering, they imputed motives to him, and forgot his arguments (if he had any.)"

"The life-long Unionist threw himself into the work of unsaying all that he had said for thirty years in favour of Union, with the greatest zeal. He did not content himself with objections to points of detail, or the manner of bringing about Confederation. He took the most extreme ground against Union on any terms—denounced Canada and Canadians in the wildest terms—and talked in the most extravagant and ridiculous way of the robbery and enslavement of Nova Scotia. In his harangues he omitted nothing that was calculated to excite the passions and prejudices of the people. He did not scruple to use language calculated to undermine the loyalty of his countrymen. Even in the letter issued by him just before leaving for England, a few months ago, he had covert allusions to Fenianism and to the United States, which could bear but one interpretation. On the floor of the House of Commons at Ottawa, in his famous speech against the acquisition of the Northwest Territory, Mr. Howe used language to which no one but an annexationist could listen without pain."

"The life-long Unionist threw himself into the work of unsaying all that he had said for fifteen years against Union with the greatest zeal. He did not content himself with agreeing to the construction of a single line of Intercolonial Railway—which he had always before opposed—to consolidate Union, but talked in the most extravagant and ridiculous way of the willingness to pay the price of five Intercolonial Railways for Confederation! In his harangues he omitted nothing that was calculated to excite the predilections of the people in favour of the scheme he had formerly opposed. He did not scruple to use language calculated to undermine the faith of his followers in the sincerity of his former professions. Even on the great question of sectarian grants he supported the most outrageous votes of the public money to papistical and prelatical institutions, to which his sternest opposition had always theretofore been given. On the floor of the House of Assembly at Quebec, in his many famous speeches in favour of the Coalition policy, Mr. Brown used language to which no one but an out-and-out "corruptionist" could listen without pain."

"If it is true, as Mr. Brown intimated, in his articles through the *Globe*, that Lower Canada and the Maritime Provinces would plunder Upper Canada, no man is so much responsible for that as he, or has done so much to turn the thoughts of Upper Canadians in that direction. If it was true—all that trash which the *Globe* inflicted on its readers year in and year out, up to 1864,—no man has ever made a greater fool of himself by belying his former professions than Mr. Brown. Whatever of mischief to Upper Canada—whatever of injury to British interests on this Continent—may be due to the great Clear Grit agitation and the advocacy of Illinois as preferable to Canada for settlement, Mr. Brown must bear his full share of the responsibility."

"Mr. Howe's reflections, on finding himself a member of the Government of United British America, cannot be altogether agreeable. He must feel humiliated when he thinks of the devious road by which he—the original apostle of Union—has reached a resting place in the Dominion Cabinet. He cannot but think it an inglorious ending to all his agitation and his trips to England to ask the union—had reached a Repeal of the Union, resting place in the to find himself a placeman in Ottawa. He cannot but reflect that what he has now attained, might have been attained long ago without so much discredit and so much inconsistency. Had he stood true to his Union principles; had he resisted the temptation to play the demagogue at the head of the anti-Union party, he might have been in the Government of the Dominion from the beginning. He might have gone into it with a *prestige* that would have made him a power in the management of the affairs of the Dominion. The high reputation he had in all parts of the country, his great abilities, and his long experience as a public man, would have given him a commanding position in the Federal Parliament, and would have made him, perhaps, the foremost man in British America. As it is, he goes into the cabinet shorn of his power, and liable to the grossest imputations upon his political character. He gets the office and the salary, but beyond that nothing. Power in the cabinet and of popular influence in the House are out of the question. If he can again have any influence in the country, it will be within the boundaries of his Province. The admiration which new converts to the Union cause, when the people in the other had long before the Provinces had for him, was nearly dissipated during his factious Repeal agitation. Those who did not lose faith in him for that, will lose it now."

"The moral of all this is, that in politics, as in everything else, honesty is the best policy. Expediency may seem to succeed for a time. The acts of the demagogue may win for a while. But in the end, the honest course is the best. Mr. Howe's dishonest and factious opposition to the Union seemed to succeed famously for a time. By means of it he won a position that enabled him to sell his party and get office. But as those whom for nearly half a life time he had virulently abused, and condemned out of his own mouth, gets the place, but the men who have really triumphed are the Unionists whom Mr. Howe hounded down at the election of 1857. He has vindicated their position, and condemned his own. Mr. Howe has his office and his $5,000 a year; but how miserable is his position compared with that of Dr. Tupper, Mr. Archibald, or Mr. Blanchard. Not one of them, we are sure, would take his office and his pay if they had to take his record with it. Truly, time sets all things even."

"The moral of all this is, that in politics, as in everything else, honesty is the best policy. Expediency may seem to succeed for a time. The acts of the demagogue succeeded for a while. Mr. Brown's dishonest and factious agitation seemed to succeed famously for a time. By means of it he won a position that enabled him to sell his party and get office. But as "the pieces of silver" burnt in his pocket he "went out and hung himself" (politically,) after having vindicated the position of those whom for nearly half a life time he had virulently abused, and condemned out of his own mouth. The day of his ompensation dawned when he took office; it rose to the flush of noontide when he abandoned it. Mr. Brown got the office, but the men who really triumphed were his the men whom Mr. Brown hounded down at the election of 1857. Mr. Brown had his office and his $5,000 for a little more than a year; but how miserable is his position compared with that of the Hon. Mr. Howland, Mr. Macdougall, or Mr. J. S. Macdonald. Not one of them, we are sure, would take his place as an outcast from his party—a political Ishmaelite again resolved into his original condition of a "governmental impossibility," and a dead weight to any party so unfortunate as to have to count him in its ranks. Truly, time sets all things even."

It has "set GEORGE BROWN in a very awkward predicament, from which he would no doubt be glad to escape; and it will yet "set" the conduct of the Hon. JOSEPH HOWE in its true light before the world, as that of a patriotic statesman. Whose "story with a moral" is the truest to history? Ours, or the *Globe's*? We have set them both before our readers; let them judge. The "moral" of our "story" is already the property of history; the "moral" of the *Globe's* has yet to be tried by the logic of events.

THE LATE ERNEST JONES.

Some few days ago we announced the death in London, (England,) of this well known political agitator, by whose opinions, example, and influence, the cause of extreme liberalism has of late years been frequently brought in a prominent way before the attention of the public. His father was Major Jones, Equerry to the late Duke of Cumberland, and was descended from an old Norman family that settled in one of the Welsh counties. Ernest Jones's education was conducted partly in England and partly in Germany. On his return from the latter country he entered the Middle Temple as a student-at-law, and was called to the Bar in Easter Term, 1844. His professional career commenced with much success, and being possessed of much natural talent and ability, he would undoubtedly have attained a high and honourable position had his attention not been diverted to politics. The Chartist movement was in full blast a year after he commenced his practice, and into it he plunged with such ardour that within a few years he became its leader, a position which he retained until the extinction of the cause in 1858. During this period he issued *The Labourer*, *Notes of the People*, and other periodicals, and a newspaper called *The People's Paper*, which was the organ of the Chartists and was continued for eight years. In the course of his connection with the Chartist movement he never accepted of any emoluments, but spent large sums in its support, and voluntarily resigned a fortune of nearly £2,000 per annum, his abandonment of the Chartist cause being made a condition of its being left to him. He contested unsuccessfully Halifax in 1847, and Nottingham in 1853 and 1857 for parliamentary representation. In 1848 he was tried for a seditious speech, and sentenced to two years' solitary confinement, and refused to petition for a commutation of the sentence. The severity of his treatment was subsequently made the subject of a debate in Parliament, but beyond this nothing was done in the matter. While in prison he wrote an epic poem (published in 1851 upon his regaining his liberty) entitled "The Revolt of Hindostan," entirely with his blood, on the leaves of the prison prayer books, being denied the use of pen, ink and paper, during the first nineteen months of his imprisonment. In 1855 appeared "The Battle Day," and this was followed by other poems—"The Painter of Florence," "The Emperor's Vigil," in 1856; "Beldagon Church," and "Corayds," in 1860. On the extinction of Chartism he resumed his practice as a barrister in the northern circuit of England, and was an acknowledged fluent and able speaker. Two years ago he, with Prof. Blackie, of Edinburgh University, took part in a public debate on "Liberalism," which was viewed with much interest. During the late elections he again came into public notice, and it was proposed to bring him out for Parliament if a present member for Manchester should be unseated on a charge of bribery, when death carried him off on the 26th ult.

HON. J.H. CAMERON PASSING ROUND THE HAT.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—You don't see the point. These Toronto lawyers, brilliant trio, are very pinks of loyal perfection. They are of the aristocratic pattern of professionals. It would be high treason towards Her Majesty, whose son was a mark for Fenian atrocity—an outrage on the poor blown up innocents of Clerkenwell—an insult to the dead and wounded of Ridgeway, to imagine for a moment that these super-excellent barristers act for filthy lucre. They are the extra-judicial avengers. To them belongs the merit of discovering a never-ending litigating process to bleed Fenian sympathisers, and punish them through their pockets for their sins. These model loyalists never intend to keep the cash—they are going to fund it for the benefit of McGee's widow. Why shouldn't Mr. Cameron wait at hotels for cable telegrams, whilst the hat is going round in Griffintown, or anywhere else, when the motive and results are such a solace to outraged loyalty and sympathetic feeling? What signifies hair-splitting down to the crack of doom, for a convicted Fenian murderer, in whose case was not a shadow of extenuation, and the justice of whose verdict no sane man can challenge, when the dignified counsel is only supplementing the righteous retribution which judge and jury must confine to the prisoner at the bar? Shades of the family compact—how are the mighty fallen?

Yours, THE PUBLIC.

OTTAWA, February 2, 1869.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND MISSIONARY MEETING, HAWKESBURY, COUNTY OF PRESCOTT.

The annual meeting of this mission took place on Saturday evening, 30th ultimo, at Hawkesbury Church, and although the snow storm which had prevailed all day prevented the attendance of many, yet a respectable number of the members assembled to meet the deputation. The Evening Service being read,

The Rev. J. G. Armstrong, the Incumbent, introduced the deputation from the Synod—the Venerable Archdeacon Paton and the Rev. Mr. Spencer. He said they formed the deputation sent to advocate the mission cause among them. Two other reverend gentlemen who had been announced as accompanying them were unable to attend. The Rev. Mr. Spencer would tell them his experience of the wants of the Canadian church, and the Venerable Archdeacon, who was known to them all,—had fought the good fight for the last thirty years, and had extensive experience of the wants of the Diocese—would best explain them, and state the position of their funds. The attendance on this occasion was not as large as he could wish, but when the members of the congregation were hereafter appealed to, as usual, he had no doubt they would come forward liberally to aid the missionary cause in this Diocese.

The Rev. Mr. Spencer then addressed the meeting, and said that he would briefly proceed to state to them what had been done, and what remained to be done to meet the missionary wants of this Diocese. In the seven years from 1862, when the Diocese was created, they had raised for missionary purposes the sum of $30,000 entirely by these meetings, collections and offertories. Before this Diocese was set apart from that of Toronto they amounted to $1,000 annually; now the average of the seven years was near $5,000. Thus they had made a good step in advance. Then they had fifty parishes, and fifty ministers doing duty. Now they had seventy one parishes and eighty-six ministers. This afforded good grounds for encouragement. Last year the total collections were $5,500, and though not going into debt, yet they must have fallen behind but for the noble munificence of the society for the propagation of the Gospel, which gave them annually $2,500 for missionary purposes. Now we should not continue to require this aid from such a fund. This should not go to a people as rich as we are, and so well able to support not only our own missions, but to contribute to those of others less able. There were now four vacant parishes in the Diocese. One in this county, at Plantagenet, one at the Addington road, one at Fitzroy and one at Youngville. There should be no delay in filling them, but there were not funds to do it. New settlements were also to be provided for, and there were often years before they could receive a clergyman or hear the voice of a Christian Minister. The reverend speaker then briefly detailed the circumstances connected with his visit to the Opeongo settlement, and regretted that the wants of many others were as great. He would tell them what their duty was in this respect. The commission to preach the Gospel was given to men, not to angels, though if God so willed it, it might be otherwise. It might even be proclaimed by one trumpet all over the world, inviting all to come to the truth—all to be saved. But this was not His will—were He to do so, it would be contradictory to nature. He works by means. Did he suspend these means then He might work by miracles—but this was not His will. His will is that men should convey these blessings to their fellow men, that they should extend to them good government, justice, instruction, health and other of God's blessings which they enjoyed themselves. Men are dependent on their fellow men from infancy to the close of life. Such as the social condition is; so is the spirited Kingdom of God. It is by human means that spiritual knowledge is to be conveyed to other men. Christ has emphatically told us "Go ye and teach all nations;" and with this assertion he has given us the promise, "Lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world." Thus we are made soldiers of Christ, but there is a responsibility on us. Do we recognize the fact that we are members of the mystical body of Christ, and that if one member of that body suffer, all suffer. All the members of that body are necessary, each to the other. Each has its part to perform, and if one fail all fail. The lay members of the Christian body have their duty to perform, and that duty is to contribute of the wealth which God has given them, to the support of God's Church. The Kingdom of God cannot be enlarged by God's ministers without support, because God has committed the preaching of the gospel to men, not to angels. If to angels these human means would not be needed, but being committed to man, that aid is required. Christ himself ordains human means for the spread of the Gospel, and what are we compared to Christ that we should hope to effect its spread without human aid. He who can give that aid and fails to do so, how can he hope for salvation. If he have no compassion for the stray sheep of Christ's fold, no love for them, no desire that they should reap the same benefits; it he cannot wean himself from his selfish nature, "how dwelleth the love of God in him?" This is not evidence of that charity which is the greatest of the three Christian graces, faith, hope, charity. But the greatest of all is charity. Think of this and if in the past; you have not fulfilled this Christian duty, do it now. Delay it no longer. It God has blessed you with worldly means, give of those means as God has given to you, and when you are hereafter called to render an account of your stewardship, may you hear those joyful words: "Well done thou good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joy of thy Lord."

The Rev. Mr. Armstrong then called on Mr. Dartnell, county attorney, who said that he felt less reluctance than he otherwise should in addressing a few observations to them, as the way had been so well prepared for him by the observations of the preceding speaker, and the knowledge that he, Mr. Dartnell, would be followed by one so well able to make up for his, Mr. Dartnell's, shortcomings. There were few who more thoroughly understood the wants of this diocese, or was more competent to address them than the venerable Archdeacon Paton, who would follow him. The Rev. Mr. Spencer had given them some details of the progress of missions in the diocese, and had dwelt upon the duty of the laity to aid those missionary efforts. He (Mr. Dartnell) might say that as a layman for the last 40 years he had acknowledged that duty, and to the best of his humble means and humble ability, whether in Ireland or in Canada, had never hesitated as far as in his power lay to discharge those duties, but his great regret had ever been that his worldly means did not enable him to go as far as he wished. He had tried, however, by personal exertion, and otherwise, to supply that deficiency. The preceding speaker had told them it was the layman's duty to give of his worldly means as God had blessed him, but there were other duties imposed upon him also: the duties of personal exertion and example in the same cause. It is true that all are not equally endowed with wealth or talent, but we are told that the outpouring of the rich man's wealth into the treasury of God finds no greater acceptance or favour at the throne of grace than the widow's humble mite if given from a willing heart. Those who have not wealth, may, however, do much to make up for that want by their personal exertions in the cause of Christ. For nearly twenty years he had some knowledge of the wants of the Christian Church in Canada. When he first came to the country, there was but one Diocese in this Province. It was cheering to see the progress which had since been made in missionary labours, despite the many difficulties they had to contend with. They had now three Dioceses and an efficient clergy, though still inadequate to their fast growing wants. During the same time, the social progress had been great, and the wealth of the laity had largely increased. Another and important social change had of late taken place, and Canada had entered the threshold of existence as a nation; with her new position new duties were imposed, and her people should ever remember that it is "Righteousness alone which exalteth a nation." This is a truth which should not be forgotten by us, and with the bright career of prosperity which seemed before us, let us not be as those who "lay up treasure for themselves, and are not rich towards God." Let us remember that "good works never die," and so use the opportunities and means of spiritual usefulness before us, as to raise around us such a Christian foundation and fabric that when our children, and our children's children, to remote generations, behold its fruits, when even, perhaps, our very names are buried in oblivion, it may then be said of us in the words of one of our old poets:

"Though all must enter the cold portals of the grave,
Yet the righteous actions of the just
Smell sweet in death and blossom in the dust."

The venerable Archdeacon Paton said he had listened with much satisfaction to the energetic and warm words of the lay brother who had just preceded him. He always felt great satisfaction when he saw laymen thus coming forward to aid their labour, for whilst the clergy address themselves to the judgment of their hearers, the words of the laymen generally come from the heart, and find a response in the hearts of their brother laymen. He knew the beneficial effects of such lay co-operation in his own parish, where the man of highest position in the town of Cornwall, Judge Jarvis, always took part in their proceedings, and with the most beneficial effect, stirring up the lay brethren to renewed exertion. He had lately the happiness of additional experience of this good. When lately at Ottawa he had seen one holding the highest position in the country taking part in their proceedings. There the Governor-General of Canada presided at their missionary meeting, and there exhorted the laity to be liberal in the missionary cause. He did not on that occasion confine himself to words, but by a check for $100 gave practical force to his remarks. Now the objects of these meetings are to promote the cause of church missionary labour in the diocese of Ontario, to guide into the way of salvation all within its limits, and these are objects which cannot but commend themselves to all who love the Saviour and the Saviour's cause, who pray for our prosperity, and rejoice in our success. Its prosperity depends on missionary efforts by which we hope to make "God's ways known on earth, and His saving wealth to all nations," whilst at the same time that branch of the Christian church around us may be increased in usefulness. He therefore appealed to them with confidence as men who love their Saviour and their Saviour's cause, and urged them to use their best exertions for that church. It was our first of social principles that all should act for the general prosperity of the community, and what their good in social matters would hold equally good when applied to the Church of Christ, which could be promoted by their zeal, piety, devotion, liberality—retarded by a want of zeal and liberality. But he had no fear of its failure. We had a divine assurance of the triumph of the Christian Church in the assurance of Christ himself that He would be with them to the end of time, "Lo, I am with you always even to the end of the world." Does not this promise warrant us in the belief of that triumph, but yet it does not relieve us of the responsibility to use human means. It is true that God could cause the light of Gospel truth to flash forth over the world in a moment of time, and could convert the world with lightning speed, or electric flash. But such is not His will. The farmer knows that he must plough the ground and sow the seed before he can reap the harvest. So it is with the Grace of God. God works by means. Hence the necessity of agents to proclaim the knowledge of the Lord Christ until the Gospel covers the whole earth. Our blessed Redeemer himself was the first Gospel missionary. He went forth through the cities, and villages, teaching and preaching the Gospel of His Kingdom. The Apostles followed in His steps. The first missionary command was given by Him, not to angels, but to men. He told them "Go ye and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost"—"As my Father hath sent Me, even so send I you." They went forth thus commissioned, and the fruit of their first missionary labour was that in one day three thousand souls were added to the church, and the word of the Lord mightily grew and prevailed. We know that the sword of the spirit is the word of God, and when it flashed before the heathen deities of Greece and Rome they quailed before a band of simple fishermen, the Lord working with them and confirming the good work with signs following. In three hundred years from that time a Christian sat on Cæsar's throne, and then to the present day the gospel mission has been attended with more or less success, and so will it prosper to the end of time, when God's name shall be great among the Gentiles; yes, God has blessed the labours of His missionaries. The Church claims the promise of His presence, and has sent forth the heralds of salvation to those in darkness and the shadow of death. This is England's glorious mission proclaiming the Divine truth. This Missionary spirit is the light of the Church. Love is the sign and test of that light; where there is no love there is no light divine to impart to others the blessings we enjoy. It is the Missionary spirit which calls into existence the great Christian blessings, Faith, Hope, Charity, Truth, to work for the final accomplishment of God's will: Hope to cheer us in the trials and surmount the obstacles in our way to effect God's purpose; and Charity which warms the heart and trains us to the performance of the work of God. England's missionary spirit works in every quarter of the globe. The time was when her missionaries were few to the enlarging

Latest by Telegraph.

FOR Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 3.

The Governor-General to-day visited McGill College, and was received by the professors and students. An address was presented by the Governor of the College, and replied to by His Excellency.

An artilleryman, named Stevens, of the Grey Battery, cut his throat this morning with a razor. He lies in a precarious condition.

The *Daily News* of this morning publishes the entire correspondence between the Hon. Mr. Howe, Mr. McLelan, and the Dominion authorities.

It has been snowing heavily all day, and all the trains are delayed.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 3.—J. Ashbury, owner of the British yacht *Cambria*, is in receipt of a note of Wm. Douglas, of New York, the owner of the *Sappho*, written on the 19th ult., proposing an ocean yacht race between their respective vessels. Ashbury accepts the challenge and suggests the following route as the test adapted to fairly test the sea-going qualities of the yachts: From Cowes eastwardly through Spithead and around the Isle of Wight, thence westwardly to and around Eddystone Lighthouse, thence southeasterly to Cherbourg, France, thence northerly to Cowes, the place of beginning.

The petition of the Irish Bishops for the rights of conversation have been rejected.

W. E. Forrester, President of the Board of Health, retains his seat in Parliament as member for Bradford. The petition against his election has failed.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 2.—Monsigneur Frouche, Papal Nuncio, departed from Madrid last Sunday on his way to Rome, but explanations having been made he has been induced to return, and was to-day received by the Governor of the city, and conducted by him to his official residence.

MADRID, February 3.—Five of the prisoners implicated in the assassination of the Governor of Burgos have confessed to their guilt.

GREECE.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 3.—There is no doubt that the Greek Government has agreed to the resolution of the Paris Conference.

Second despatch 7:30 p.m.—A despatch from Athens says the Greek Ministers have refused to agree to the signing of the protocol of the Paris Conference, and have tendered their resignations to the King.

ALGERIA.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, February 3.—A revolt has broken out among the natives of Algeria, in a district remote from the French settlement. The Duke of Magenta has been ordered to Algeria.

Second despatch—News received to-night from Algerria states that the insurgents have been defeated, and the revolt suppressed.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Congress Opposed to the Ratification of the "Alabama" Treaty.

NEW YORK, February 2.—The *Times* special says almost the universal individual sentiment of Congress is opposed to the ratification of the protocol on the *Alabama* treaty in the form in which it exists, and there can be no doubt that this feeling will find legislative expression when the time comes, and that there will be a non-concurrence in the treaty stipulations. So far as the English counter claims to our demands are concerned the few stray words of Gen. Grant a few days ago, that it was not a mere question of dollars and cents for a few ships burned, but a question of the destruction of our commerce, met with hearty approval everywhere; so that the fate of the pending protocol may be regarded as sealed. It appears certain that the proposition to transfer the telegraph business to the Post Office Department will be abandoned for the present.

Fifteen Lives Lost by the Danbury Disaster.

BETHEL, CONN., February 2.—Fifteen lives were lost by drowning and the intense cold in the Danbury disaster yesterday. Up to last night eleven bodies have been found, and four persons are missing.

Outrage by Negro Militia in Tennessee.

MEMPHIS, TENN., January 2.—A large number of refugees have arrived here from Arkansas. They recount terrible stories of outrages at the hands of the negro militia.

Rioting.

MOBATTA, January 20.—An outbreak of the people occurred here on January the 11th, which was quickly suppressed by the military. Serious difficulties is liable to break out again at any moment. Gen. Getteris, formerly General of the First Division, is said to have become the chief of a band of a robbers. The military are in pursuit of him, with orders to shoot him wherever found.

Gen. Grant in New York.

NEW YORK, January 3.—Gen. Grant arrived here last evening.

E. B. Washburne to Supersede Dix at Paris.

The *Sun's* Washington special says it seems now to be pretty well settled that E. B. Washburne is to supplant Gen. Dix at Paris early this summer.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The Weather in New York.

NEW YORK, February 3.—About one o'clock last night a snow storm set in, which this morning changed to rain, and has continued without ceasing all day. It is now accompanied by thunder and lightning; seriously interfering with telegraph lines.

A Large Fire at Franklin, Delaware Co.

UNADILLA, N. Y., February 3.—Still & Son's hardware store, Chamberlain Bros'. drug store, Brush Bros'. clothing store, Barnes' flour and feed store, residence and waggon house, together with the grocery store of R. H. Jackson, at Franklin, Delaware Co., were destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $40,000. The insurance is not ascertained.

The International Hotel at St. Paul, Minn., Burnt.

CHICAGO, February 3.—The International Hotel at St. Paul, Minnesota, and five adjoining frame structures, were destroyed by fire this morning. The fire caught in the laundry from the careless use of a candle. Nearly 200 guests were carried out in a fainting condition. They lost their clothes and baggage.

Parties from Louisville, Ky., yesterday negotiated for the purchase of the building, offering for it $11,000. Meall Bros., the owners, had an insurance on the building of $35,000. E. O. Belate, the proprietor, lost $28,000 in furniture. The total loss exceeds $100,000.

A Bold Robbery.

POUGHKEEPSIE, February 3.—A bold attempt was made upon the passengers on the morning express train, which left New York, on the Hudson River Railroad, at 8 o'clock, a. m. Soon after the train left the station, and while running slow, a mob of thieves entered the last car, one of them singing out "Through passengers take the forward cars," all started to go forward, when the thieves obstructed the doorway, and commenced their work. Mr. Brisbane doing business at 42 Day street, New York city, was robbed of his wallet, and another man robbed of his watch. All the thieves made their escape.

BRITISH AMERICA FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY—This well-known and long-established Company continue to take risks in this city at the usual rates. Herrick, Brush & Co., agents. 947a

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or ough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clear out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

WANTED,

FOR 1st MAY NEXT,

A COMFORTABLE HOUSE, of 8 or 9 rooms, in a pleasant part of the city, without a basement kitchen. Garden preferred. Address, "HENRY," TIMES Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 3, 1869. 965tf

MAIL CONTRACT.

Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa, until noon, on FRIDAY, the 5th MARCH, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week each way, between OTTAWA and PERTH, from the 1st APRIL next.

Conveyance to be made in a public or other vehicle.

The mails to leave OTTAWA, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 7 a.m., and to arrive at PERTH at 6 p.m.

To leave Perth, daily, (Sundays excepted), at 5 a.m., and, connecting at Franktown with the Brockville and Ottawa Mail Train, when required by the Department, to arrive at Ottawa within eight-and-one-half hours after leaving Franktown.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen, and blank forms of tender may be obtained, at the Post Offices of Ottawa, Perth, Richmond and Franktown.

MATTHEW SWEETMAN,

P.O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,

Kingston, 2nd February, 1869. 965-3

JOSEPH HALL

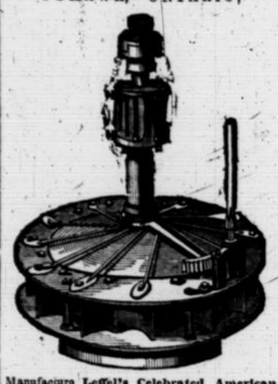
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS,

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pulites and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,

959-1aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$160 00

Halifax..... 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 30 00

Halifax..... 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 20 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,

or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA,

(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,

$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,

President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954td

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,

Next to Salmon's Hotel

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 817y

WANTED,

By a gentleman and his wife, board and lodging, in a respectable locality. Address, stating terms, etc., ALPHA, TIMES Office, Ottawa. 964tf

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds.*

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700	YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180	" all wool DUTCH do
575	" UNION do
1925	" 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450	" 3 do do
200	" PRINTED DRUGGETS
225	" GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575	" "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750	" do BRUSSELS do
225	" WOOL STAIR do
150	" TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks;

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,

Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY

SIR JOHN YOUNG.

FINNAN HADDIES,

PORTLAND BLOATERS,

LING FISH [Pickled],

LING FISH [Dry].

JAMES BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF

ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND,

[Post Office Block,]

Have just opened out

VALENTINES,

suited to all tastes, and at prices ranging from 1 penny upwards.

The *Daily Globe, Gazette,* or Toronto *Telegraph* supplied at 10 cents per week.

February 2, 1869.

LOST,

ON SATURDAY LAST,

In Wellington-st., a BLACK WATER SPANIEL DOG, about 7 months old. Any person giving information at this office, which may lead to its recovery, will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Feb. 2, 1869. 964-3

CAUTION.

NARCISSE LACHAPELLE having left my employ contrary to the terms of his agreement I hereby forbid any person or persons from hiring or harboring him after date of this advertisement.

ROBERT SKEAD.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1869. 964-3

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,

NOTE PAPERS,

ENVELOPES,

FOOLSCAPS,

FOLIO POSTS,

RECORD PAPERS,

TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,

MUSIC PAPER,

&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

Stationery and Printing House,

Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Casks, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868. The Tea Pot, Ottawa

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE.

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 15, 1868. 926-3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

ed expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 3, 1869.

In consequence of the snow storm which prevailed continuously through Tuesday night the market on Wednesday was not such to be quoted, and our figures remain as on the previous day.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@ 6 75
No. 1	5 25	@ 5 50
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@ 3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@ 2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@ 4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring "	1 20	@ 1 25
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@ 0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 58	@ 0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@ 0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	26 00	@ 27 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@ 18 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@ 6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@ 0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@ 0 60
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@ 0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@ 0 24
No. 2 "	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 22	@ 0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@ 4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@ 0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@ 20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@ 0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOME.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: The Congou Tea you sent me in December last, gives great satisfaction, and is much superior to anything of the kind at that price, which we have been accustomed to get from other houses in your city.
Very truly yours, W. E. JONES.
Richmond *Guardian* Office, Richmond.

WINFIELD—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.
To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. REID.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality.—Brantford *Courier.*

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. DROLET.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake
G. CHENY,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

We advise our grocers, farmers, and others to read carefully the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. In presence of the general dullness of business in these counties, merchants who desire to push their business profitably would do well to give them their orders, as from their direct fresh importations, and small wholesale profits, merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give them a call, as their terms are of the most liberal character.—*True Patriot, Thorold.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.
Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. J42-141-tf

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,......................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary, H. B. REEVE.

Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolised nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40	December, 1867	$576,135 19	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,594,644 96	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,778 79	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52	Increase	159,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,041,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,800,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

		MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do. do	Montreal	333	30
Do do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do do	Kingston	160	25
Do do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to New York. 50c — Reduced to Canada Money. .... 35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to Philadelphia. 75c — Reduced to Canada Money. .... 52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to Washington. 90c — Reduced to Canada Money. .... 62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to Baltimore. 85c — Reduced to Canada Money. .... 59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit .... 60c; Detroit to Chicago. 75c — Reduced to Canada Money. .... 52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to New Orleans. $2 75c — Reduced to Canada Money. .... $1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.
860tf

Toronto, September 29, 1868.

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES
Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES
Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain-Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK — REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR CASES of
CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*
Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*
"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*
"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.
No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.
Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w180y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.
Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.
Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*
Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests.
Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.
J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.
The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (Commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold.

The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 952td

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.
W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st, corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.
Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.
THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.
Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)
Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.
SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.
The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.
A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their
Educational Establishment in Ottawa.
Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER.
For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION!
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CONCENTRATED LYE.
CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE
Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.
Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.
W R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

ORDNANCE LANDS.
Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:
At Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.
Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent
Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.
By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME
ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway
Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.
Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.
LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7:15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.
LEAVE SANDPOINT.
5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.
All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.
The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.
H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at .... 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at .... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p m
☞ Sleeping Cars on all-Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.
She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1, 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

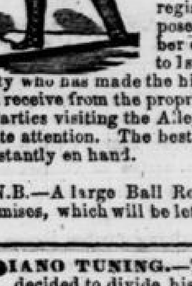
Millinery.

NOTICE.
MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gents' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.
N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.
MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,
Chaudiere and Bell. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.
References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his
BOWLING ALLEY.
This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.
B. B. LARIVIERE.
N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT .... DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.
J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,
Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.
UNDERTAKING.
The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:
METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.
Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)
Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.
N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.
Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.
RESIDENCE.—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.
Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

HARDWARE:
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.
ALSO,
STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,
By appointment
BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.
Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.
N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.
930.3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS in the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.
L. GRANT,
940b JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 78y

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.
Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 88

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st. Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 966. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN

AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues,
PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To gether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible]dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown......$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown......35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown......$100 00
Halifax......20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer......45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown......30 00
Halifax......15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer......30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,
Red Oil Barrel,
73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
953tf Sparks-st.

NEW GROCERY STORE.

Esther-street, (continuation of Bank-street), opposite the first public well.

JOHN COOK announces to his neighbours, farmers and others that he always keeps on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, of the best description, which he will sell at as low rates as they can be bought in any of the large city stores.

Also, on hand, LIQUORS of the finest brands.

JOHN COOK,
947-1-2-3m Proprietor

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No. 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also, the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
4tf Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞ AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES. ☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER,

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2......GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50......GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4......OVERCOATS,
$9......COMPLETE SUITS,
$1......GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and tancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
at greatly reduced prices.

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNELS,

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.

☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

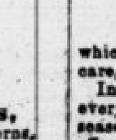
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a arge stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 1868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 917d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

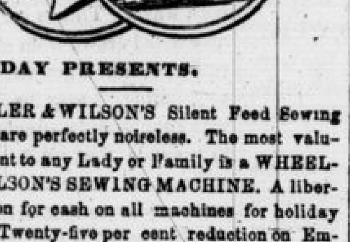
☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
939-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

TENDERS.

TENDERS

will be received by the undersigned, up to

Twelve O'Clock, Noon, on

Wednesday, the 3rd day of March, Next,

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A REGISTRY OFFICE

In the Town of Pembroke.

The building to be completed on or before the first day of November, 1869.

Each tender must be accompanied with the names of two good and sufficient sureties for the due performance of the work.

The undersigned do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or other tender unless otherwise satisfactory.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Andrew Irving, Esq., Registrar, Pembroke.

ARCHIBALD FOSTER,
Chairman;
S. G. SYMS,
T. M. CARSWELL,
Building Committee.

Pembroke, January 28, 1869. 963-1-6wd

TENDERS OF SILVER

FOR

MY EXPORTATION MOVEMENT

are hereby accepted.

Particulars by circular to be issued

THIS DAY.

W. WEIR

Montreal, February 1, 1869. 962tf

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100	pieces	different qualities Black Silks........			
80	do	Single width plain Wincey........	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey........	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey........	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines........	7½	"	1 3
70	do	do Poplin........	7½	"	1 0
150	do	do Cobourg........	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dres. Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps........1	6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino 1	6	"	3 0
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for........	3		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only........	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,......6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars......6½d
165 do Good Prints......4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's......6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20	pieces	Waterproof........	3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating........	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed........	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed........	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only......2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only......3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed......5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting......3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting......1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice......

☞ Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50......OVERCOATS.
4.00......heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up......PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25......VESTS.
$8.00,......Black Broadcloth......FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞ Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent. The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

PORK,

OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

JOSEPH HALL

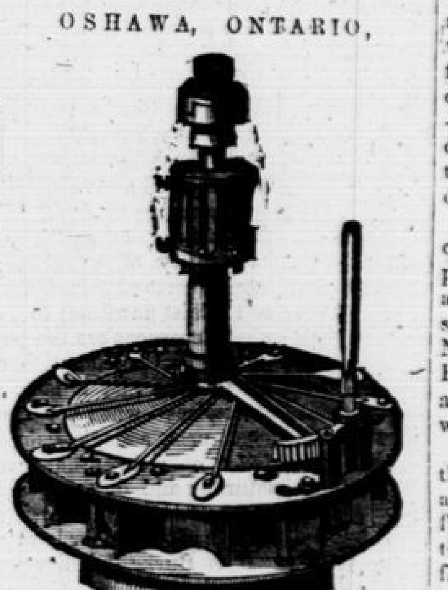
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851.

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS,

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture **Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels,** *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

☞ We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

MAIL CONTRACT.

Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa, until noon, on FRIDAY, the 5th MARCH, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week each way, between OTTAWA and PERTH, from the 1st APRIL next.

Conveyance to be made in a public or other vehicle.

The mails to leave OTTAWA, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 7 a.m., and to arrive at PERTH at 6 p.m.

To leave Perth, daily, (Sundays excepted), at 5 a.m., and, connecting at Franktown with the Brockville and Ottawa Mail Train, when required by the Department, to arrive at Ottawa within eight-and-one-half hours after leaving Franktown.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen, and blank forms of tender may be obtained, at the Post Offices of Ottawa, Perth, Richmond and Franktown.

MATTHEW SWEETMAN,
P.O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Kingston, 2nd February, 1869. 965-3

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912.3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954td

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

THE NOVA SCOTIA SETTLEMENT CORRESPONDENCE.

[A. W. McLelan, Esq., M. P., to Mr. Rose.]

LONDONDERRY, N. S., September 1?, 1868.

HON. JOHN ROSE,
Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEAR SIR,—The speech to which you so kindly refer, was not reported, but I will state as briefly as possible some of the financial grounds on which I object to confederation.

1st. Because Nova Scotia imports more dutiable goods per head of the population than any other Province named in the act of confederation.

The imports into Nova Scotia for home consumption, say in 1867,* were $39.50 per head. The same year into Canada, after deducting coin and bullion, military stores, &c., not included in imports in Nova Scotia, they were only $20.00. Hence, applying one tariff over all, the amount collected per head in Nova Scotia will greatly exceed that in Canada.

Circumstances will occasionally vary this. An abundant grain crop in Canada, with high prices, will increase the funds at the disposal of your people for the purchase of imported goods, whilst a failure of the fisheries, and of the mining and shipbuilding interests in Nova Scotia, will diminish ours. I made, some time ago, a comparison of the income available for the purchase of goods of the two Provinces from the exports of five of the principal branches of industry for the year of the last census, viz:

Branches of Industry.	Val. in Ca. Pop. 2,507,647.	Per Head	Val. in N.S Pop. 330,857.	Per Head
Agriculture.....	$14,259,225	$5.66	$ 786,52?	2.37
Mines...........	5?8,306	22	658,257	1.98
Sea.............	?35,646	33	3,094,449	9.35
Forest..........	11,012,363	4.39	767,13?	2.31
Shipb'ding, '63	3,000,000	1.19	2,000,000	6.06
		11.76		22.07

Giving to each Nova Scotian twenty-two dollars and seven cents, and to each Canadian only eleven dollars and seventy-six cents; the difference, I apprehend, will be found equally great in subsequent years, until the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty with the United States. You may safely assume, as a rule, that our people, mainly engaged in fishing, mining and shipbuilding, will import more largely than yours, differing so much in geographical position, occupation and habits. As confederation gives free trade with Canada in manufactured goods, part of our wants will be supplied there, but in many cases at as high a cost to the consumer as if imported elsewhere under a ten per cent tariff, the only benefit being to the Canadian manufacturer.

2ndly. Because it increases our tariff and taxes.

Considerable discussion has taken place respecting the extent of this increase, and the necessity for it, supposing the confederation act had not passed.

You will see, however, that no matter to what extent the tariff may be increased under the act, and supplemented by stamp taxes, all we are released from is the difference in the interest we paid the year previous to confederation, and the interest on eight millions, which, counting Provincial paper and Savings Bank, will be $121,213 and cost of management, say $5,000 more, now whilst only relieving us from this you increase the tariff largely impose new taxes, and also reduce our average sum for local services over $200,000, as I shall presently show. You will say that we have our section of Intercolonial, from Truro to the border, built.

True, but the present rate of duty does not provide for that service, and either you must depend upon a further increase, or the natural increase of revenue by the time expenditures are made, which we could have calculated upon ourselves.

We had the road under contract for a subsidy of $120,000 a year, for twenty years, equal to a permanent tax o[f], say $80,000. So that all we have for the increase of tariff, stamp tax, newspaper postage, and the growth of the country and its natural increase of revenue, is difference in interest on eight millions [part Provincial paper], and amount [*paid*] in 1866, which is......$121,213
Cost of exchange and management......5,000
For subsidy to road from Truro to Amherst......80,000

$206,213

Less amount of confederation reduces our local grant......202,000

Leaving only......$ 4,213

A sum so insignificantly small that you cannot be surprised that we are unwilling to submit to it.

3rdly. On account of the arrangement of debt.

The act bases the amount of debt given to each Province on the population, allowing Canada $62,500,000 or $24.92 per head; New Brunswick seven millions, or $27.77 per head; and Nova Scotia eight millions, or $24.17 per head, placing Nova Scotia 75 cents per head under Canada, or, for her population, in all $248,142, and a very much greater sum below New Brunswick—a departure from this basis of adjustment to the loss of Nova Scotia. You may have, at the Quebec adjustment, estimated the population by the rate of increase previous to the last census, but I am quite certain that, with the discovery of gold, the great increase in coal mining and all other branches of industry in Nova Scotia from 1860 to 1866, her population increased as rapidly as in any other Province.

Population alone, however, is not sufficient as a basis, a consideration should be had to the income,—to the revenue.

Taking the income from customs and excise in 1863, the year just preceding the adjustment of the Quebec scheme, and allowing Nova Scotia eight millions debt, Canada should have only......$54,475,000
1865......53,163,000
1866......59,200,000

This is without making any allowance for an increase of tariff to Nova Scotia.

Taking an average of revenue, and allowing for the increase of tariff, the debt allowed Canada should not have exceeded $50,000, or if 62½ were allowed her, ours should have been 10 millions at least. There is also a difference, and we claim an injustice done us, in the value and amount of the assets supposed to offset the debt of each Province. Your total liability is shown by your returns of 1867 to be $88,444,890. This you propose to reduce to $71,200,000, which will take $17,244,890 of the best of your assets; then Ontario and Quebec having to assume $8,700,000, they have, in schedule

*Error in figures; should have been 1866. The returns for 1867 not having been published in Nova Scotia.

4th to the act, assigned to them $12,046,888, leaving to offset $62,500,000 but $58,153,122.

Then of this balance, over 30 millions yield no return whatever, and the remainder only about three-fourths per cent. In the assets yielding this return you have enumerated harbour-piers, light-houses and roads and bridges; total $4,442,295.

Now, we have as many light-houses as you; we have every year expended large sums in improving harbours, building piers and breakwaters, and in the last ten years we have expended by Government $1,603,000 on our roads and bridges, so that we have in assets of that class an amount equal to you, which, calculating by the difference in population, fully offsets all yours yielding any revenue: That is, we have public property outside of that, representing our debt equal by population to all of yours yielding a return, leaving our railways and some other public property in your hands without an equivalent.

When we commenced the construction of railways our debt was only $578,835. Those works, with some public buildings, brought it up to nearly nine millions, exclusive of the "right of way" paid by the counties through which the railway pass. In assuming eight millions of this debt, you have, as we claim, taken our railways and many other public works, without giving a return. It may be said that our railways have not paid interest, but you should bear in mind that the connections to furnish traffic are only being completed. The fifty-two miles to Pictou runs into an inexhaustible coal region, taps the trade of the Gulf and will facilitate intercourse with Canada. The branch to Windsor, 35 miles, connects with the Windsor and Annapolis railway, now building under subsidy from us, which, when finished, must add largely to your receipts; and then the main line from Halifax to Truro, 62 miles, will form so much of the Intercolonial, and be as good to you as the sum it cost to build—as the act declares that you must connect Halifax and the Gulf of St. Lawrence. Had we left this section of the Intercolonial to be built by the Dominion Government, the cost of construction placed at the credit of Nova Scotia, would greatly assist the Local Government in meeting calls upon it. Should you take the section of road building from Monckton to Nova Scotia, lines under subsidy from the New Brunswick Government, you will most probably return the subsidy, or a great portion of it, to New Brunswick, and thereby reduce her indebtedness.

Our claim to a return of the cost of the section of Intercolonial, 62 miles, rests on as strong grounds as theirs, but we hold we have a right to the returns of all our railways, you not giving, in Dominion property, an equivalent. There is another consideration worth mentioning here; after it was known that the Confederation Act would pass the Imperial Parliament, we gave a subsidy of $1,103,000 to extend the railway from Windsor to Annapolis, which will largely help to make the Government 45 miles from Windsor to Halifax paying property. This might have been left; its claim upon the Dominion for aid was stronger than any public undertaking except the Intercolonial, which we shall have in Nova Scotia for a very long period. Whilst you have railways to extend, canals to build, and others to enlarge, requiring almost unlimited sums, and considering your power in the Dominion Parliament, it is not exceeding probability to say you will provide for them as soon as possible. Last session you cancelled some three or four millions for votes of old Canada, and among them a million for defence, stating that as the money was undrawn, you would provide for the services when needful, out of Dominion funds. Had we not some claim to have a liability such as this, unexpended and undrawn, treated in a similar manner? It is, however, left upon our shoulders, reducing by $55,000 the sum allowed us for local services. Another financial objection, and the one which bears heaviest with many, is the want of a sufficient sum for local services. The people of this Province have always been accustomed to have most of their local public services provided for out of the general revenue. There is a perfect network of roads, with thousands of bridges, all over the Province, unobstructed by toll gates and mainly kept up by public grants, as also many other local services.

As soon as it was demonstrated that the sum for local services would be very much less under Confederation than we had been accustomed to, and that those services would have to be sustained by direct taxation, the hostility to Confederation was largely increased. But your people were shown that Confederation would give them an increase of local funds, and no doubt it largely influenced their assent.

The amount of our annual local expenditure has been from five to nine hundred thousand dollars, say an average of $658,000.

Mr. Galt gives the average of your local expenditure previous to Confederation, $2,021,979, but note how largely it is increased. The assets in schedule 4th exceeding by $3,346,888 the debts assumed, gives a balance of income, after

paying interest of		$ 89,761
Subsidy, 80 cents per head and $150,000		2,156,121
Local revenue, as given by Mr. Galt		1,297,043
		$3,042,925
Making an increase for local purposes under Confederation of		1,520,946

Mr. Galt, however, placed the local revenue much lower than the estimates shown by the Finance Ministers of Ontario and Quebec, viz.:

Ontario		$2,077,267
Quebec		1,754,333
Total for local services		$3,831,600

Being nearly double the amount of the average grant previous to Confederation. With us it is just the reverse, instead of having an average expenditure for local

purposes of		$658,000
We have subsidy and Bonus	$324,000	
Local revenue	132,000	456,000
Deficiency		$202,000

It is true that a larger sum than this has been appropriated this year, but it is from arrears belonging to the year previous, which are not ordinary revenue, and should have been appropriated to the reduction of the debt of the period to which it belonged. The tendency of all governments is to expend all monies passing through their hands, rather than pay off debt. I am quite sure that you will say that it was well that it was done in this case, for had our Local Government confined their appropriations to the net sum Confederation gives, and provided by Bill, as they must do eventually, for raising by taxation on the counties the balance required to sustain local services, you would in less than six months see Nova Scotia out of the Confederation, or only conciliated by British bayonets.

But to return to the local revenues, you will see that the case stands thus: Canada gains by Confederation $1,520,946, or by latest estimates nearly $2,000,000, whilst Nova Scotia loses over $200,000. It is therefore not surprising that the people of Canada assented to Confederation, but it would have been surprising, other things being equal, had the people of Nova Scotia consented to it. It is with peoples as with individuals, they feel more keenly the loss of those benefits they have long enjoyed than the failure to secure new ones.

That Nova Scotia did not consent to the Act of Confederation, that she struggles to be released from it, is manly because she believes it takes away her old, long enjoyed and valued possessions without returning an equivalent. The people feel that they are called upon to give up a large portion of the sum from which they have hitherto sustained their local services, and whilst unwilling to do this, they ask what concessions are the people of Canada making for Confederation, and when you fail to shew that it is an act of mutual concessions—when you cannot place your finger upon a single right or privilege, or dollar of money, that you concede, they naturally and determinedly rebel against a surrender of at least one-third their average allowance for local purposes.

It is Burke, I believe, who says very truly, that "all good Governments, indeed every human benefit and enjoyment—every virtue and every prudent art—is founded on compromise and barter," and until you are able to demonstrate to our people that the surrender of so great a part of their local expenditure, is the exchange given for some equally valuable concession by Canada, you must not hope to conciliate Nova Scotia.

It is claimed by your friends here that your expenditures in Nova Scotia during the past year have exceeded your income. I have not the means at hand to investigate this; but suppose it is so, you must not forget that this is with Nova Scotia an entirely exceptional year. Trade is almost suspended and importations greatly reduced, and it is not improbable that it may also be exceptional in the liberality of your expenditure.

You should also bear in mind that three-fourths of the importations from foreign countries were under the old tariff, whilst in the whole year, from Canada, they were free of duty.

If it be that the expenditure for the whole Dominion has exceeded the whole income, you will not of course use any deficit there may be in Nova Scotia to the prejudice of our case.

But supposing you continue to expend more than your receipts in Nova Scotia, even under the higher tariff, our people will be slow to believe that the fault is in Nova Scotia, but rather attribute it to the more expensive system of management attendant upon Confederation. It was not the fault of Pharoh's well-favoured kine that they did not improve the condition of the seven that devoured them.

The question with our people is not so much whether Canada is better or worse for the connection, as it is what effect has it upon Nova Scotia! And, when another year shows the answer plain and unmistakable, that our annual appropriation, which was felt in every section and by-road of the Province, as you will see by reference to the road scales in our journals, is suddenly withdrawn, and the only mode of replacing it is by direct taxation upon the districts, the hostility to Confederation will assume a more active and urgent form than it has hitherto. No matter what may be said to the contrary, I affirm that all through the contest, the feelings of the people have been in advance of the politicians, and the universal desire was for the Local Legislature to take a stronger and bolder line of action.

But having decided to repeat constitutional means, it was well that they supplemented the expenditure by so large an appropriation belonging to the period anterior to Confederation, as, should we in the meantime obtain our reasonable request, and be permitted quietly to return to our old political position, the sense of wrong and the bitterness it engenders will not, I trust, have sunk too deep into the hearts of the people to be removed.

In thus confining myself to that part of our case referred to in your letter, you must not suppose that it is solely on financial grounds that we object to the Union Act. It is unnecessary to refer to others at present, and I only hope that what I have said may assist you to the conclusion that we are justified in opposing Confederation.

I have the honor to be,
Yours truly,
[Signed,] A. W. McLELAN.

"Cartoons of Raffaelle."

Seven chromolithographs in *fac simile* of the celebrated "Cartoons of Raffaelle" are now on exhibition and for sale at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st.

The "Cartoons of Raffaelle" it has been truly said "are England's chief treasures of art." For centuries they have been the admiration of all who appreciate the true and the beautiful in art. Critics of every nation have lauded this rare collection of paintings as being not only matchless specimens of the genius of the greatest master in ancient or modern times; but, also, as powerful incentives to virtue and religion. Their history extends far into the past. Raffaelle produced this series in 1513 and 1514, from which tapestries were wrought to decorate the interior of the Sistine Chapel. They were afterwards purchased by Charles I., acting under the advice of Rubens. They have frequently been engraved, but no copies at all comparable with the great originals have ever been given to the public, till a most accomplished engraver, the late Thomas Hollowell, under the immediate patronage of George III., undertook the task, and about forty-five years after the work was accomplished, and the *seven engravings* were produced. The engraved plates were destroyed, according to contract, so that it is very rarely that a set of these cartoons are offered for sale. No copies, except those issued by the present publishers, are *fac similes* in colour of the original "Cartoons of Raffaelle." 959a

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shown by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

Everybody Says So.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

House and Garden To Let—A. McGaw.
Furniture, Crockery, &c.—Variety Hall.
First-class Hotel for Sale—John McAdam.
A Total Eclipse—James McCarthy & Co.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.

His Excellency the Governor General is expected to arrive here from Montreal to-morrow.

We publish this morning the letter of A. W. McLelan, Esq., M. P. P., addressed to the Hon. Mr. Rose, setting forth his views as to the actual effect of the financial arrangements of the London Conference on the interests of Nova Scotia. It will be noticed that Mr. McLelan claims a good deal more for his Province than upon fuller discussion he was led to accept. But his letter is valuable as shewing the views entertained by himself and his colleagues, and may furnish our readers reasons to account for the dissatisfaction in Nova Scotia that have not been presented to them before in so strong a light.

All our Toronto *confreres* contain a statement relating to the Whelan case, in almost the same words, and evidently on the authority of the Hon. Mr. Cameron himself. It appears from this that Mr. Cameron went to Montreal "to confer as to the position of "the condemned; while there he made ap-"plication to the authorities at Ottawa for an "extension of time, in order to allow an "appeal to England........ Mr. Cameron "did not apply by telegraph to England for "leave to bring the case before the Privy "Council there, nor does he intend to do so "until the case is determined at Ottawa." It is also stated that the application cannot be made to England, except with the prisoner's signature. Nothing further will be known of the case until after the return of His Excellency to this city.

We understand that the requisition requesting His Worship the Mayor to call a public meeting, for the purpose of taking the water works question into consideration, has not been lost or mislaid, but that it was on its travels for signatures and has now been presented. We learn also that the Mayor has resolved upon calling a meeting of the ratepayers, to take place on the 18th inst. This delay has been deemed prudent, so that ample time may be given for obtaining full information; and that the ratepayers may have the opportunity of coming to the meeting prepared to give an intelligent vote on the resolutions that may be submitted to their decision.

The fact that the representatives of the insurance companies have it in contemplation either to withdraw their agencies from this city, or to make a large advance on the rates of insurance, ought to be sufficient to arouse the business community and property owners to a sense of the danger of longer delaying the construction of water works. The very report that such projects are seriously entertained on behalf of the insurance companies is of itself a serious injury to the character of the city. It tends to deter capitalists from making investments here, thereby depreciating the value of property, and merchants are far less likely to desire to hold heavy stocks, and far more likely to demand heavy profits, because their risk is heightened or their expenses increased, according as the companies may see fit to withdraw their agencies or raise their rates. With such considerations demanding the serious attention of the whole community, we cannot believe that any one interested in the progress and prosperity of the city will refrain from giving his hearty support to the introduction of an efficient system of water works.

The intention of the Imperial authorities to withdraw some twelve of the sixteen thousand troops now serving in Canada, though it does not excite surprise, is calculated in many quarters to inspire regret. To be "a garrison town" is something, even in a money point of view, to a Canadian city, while the absence from social life of the dashing and gallant officers will, no doubt, be keenly felt by many who do not interest themselves much in questions of trade and commerce in general, or commissariat supplies in particular. And there are other reasons why the withdrawal of the troops may be regretted from the colonial standpoint. Their presence here has done much to promote the martial spirit of the people; much to impress the public mind with a deep sense of the protecting power of the Mother Country; and thereby strengthen the feeling of attachment between Canada and the Empire.

But on the other hand, it must be remembered that a new Government is in power in England; that that Government must give an account of its stewardship to a reformed parliament; and that without a substantial exhibition of retrenchment in the public expenditure, it could scarcely hope to maintain its ground. A large measure of retrenchment is proposed by means of a reduction in the army; and to effect this, recruiting, it is said, will be stopped; and some twenty thousand troops withdrawn from colonial service. We do not pretend to judge whether England can wisely afford to make this reduction, but we have some faith that the authorities "at home" know their duty in the premises, and think therefore it would be quite out of place for us to object to it in this country.

It must also be remembered that there is every reason to believe that the special causes which created the necessity, or at all events the desirability of a respectably numerous force of British soldiers in Canada, have all, or nearly all, passed away. There cannot, therefore, be any logical objection on our part to a restoration of the *status quo ante*, the occurrence of these special causes. We must of course expect that there will be some grumbling in the localities immediately interested in the presence of the troops here. But we do not suppose that the people of Canada will blame the Imperial Government for having a prudent regard to the economising of their own finances, so long as the peace and security of the country are not endangered by the step. The troops will be removed in May next.

Montreal has narrowly escaped being the scene of a horrible slaughter of human life. On Wednesday night a concert had been given in the new St. Patrick's Hall, which was followed by a ball at which about two thousand persons were present. At midnight when enjoyment ran high, the company was suddenly startled by a sound as of an earthquake, and immediately it was discovered that the roof of the hall was falling in! The particulars will be seen by reference to our telegraphic despatch. Fortunately through the noble action of Mr. Rastrick, and a few other gentlemen of courage and coolness, panic was prevented, and the vast assemblage managed to escape from the doomed building just in time to save their lives. Only two are reported killed and thirty seriously injured; but it is almost a miracle considering the circumstances, that the dead were not to be counted by hundreds yesterday morning.

A catastrophe of the kind ought to warn the projectors of public buildings of the necessity of seeing to the strength and efficiency of their structures to stand every strain that may be put upon them. The vibration caused by the dancing of many hundreds of couples, must, no doubt, be immense, but like any other, it ought to be susceptible of approximate computation; and when a public hall is intended to be let as a ball-room, it ought certainly to be so constructed as to be able to withstand all the strain which the company it can hold would put upon it. The St. Patrick's Hall is a new erection, and one of the architectural attractions of Montreal. Its "caving in," therefore, is a calamity of itself; but under the circumstances in which it occurred, it affords a significant warning of the necessity of combining solidity and strength, with spaciousness and architectural adornment, in the construction of buildings intended to accommodate large gatherings of people. Had the managers refused to let the hall as a ball-room, it might have held up its roof for generations to come; but evidently no due provision had been made to resist, or render harmless, the vibration caused by the dancers, and hence this great calamity.

There is already provision made for railway and steamboat inspection; and we doubt not that human life has been a gainer thereby. Would it not be advisable to extend the system of inspection to certain classes of buildings devoted to public assemblages? The safe-keeping, the health and comfort of our criminal population, are guarded by the Prison Inspectors, and jails are built with especial reference to securing these ends. But for the innocent, or at least the unconvicted, public, all that the Legislature has done, and it is a great deal, is to provide that the doors of public places shall open both ways. This is very good; it prevents an excited crowd from stopping the means of egress, so that when the assemblage sees the roof falling, it may disperse. Could not this wise provision be supplemented by another, to provide that such buildings be so constructed as to prevent the danger of a like catastrophe to that which has just befallen the St. Patrick's Hall?

The Halifax *Citizen*, in reply to some swaggering remarks in the *Chronicle* of the same place, says:

"The principal difference between ourselves and some people who to-day stand high on the roll of honour in the repeal party is simply this: We never believed that the recent appeal to England would lead to any useful result—we do not believe that any appeal that can be made in that direction will succeed; and holding this opinion, we have been honest enough not to attempt to deceive the country by false hopes that we knew could not be realised; those gentlemen, on the contrary, while differing very little from us in their private opinions, have for months tried to keep up hopes which the Duke of Buckingham's despatch shows to have been false and delusive, a verdict that Earl Granville's answer, should he ever send one, will only confirm. No man in Nova Scotia is more desirous of bringing the Province out of the unfortunate position in which she has been placed by the Act of Union, if it can be done, than the editor of this paper; but he does not believe that this will ever be done, by renewed pitiful whining appeals to the proud power that has already twice spurned us—appeals that are as degrading to our own self-respect as they are without effect in the way of aiding our cause. It is exceedingly doubtful if a repeal of the British North America Act can ever be obtained by an effort within the unaided power of Nova Scotia; and we hold that it would be wrong for any politician or journalist, with the experience of the past fifteen months of unfruitful effort in view, to encourage the hope that repeal of the union is certain or easy. One thing, however, is certain, that if repeal is ever to be got, it must be by action of a much more energetic and self-sacrificing kind, than has hitherto marked the efforts of the Repeal party as a whole; and when the time for such action may be deemed, by those having direction of affairs to have arrived, the public will find the editor of the *Citizen* quite as ready as some of his neighbours to surrender his office, or make any other sacrifice but that of his honour and self respect, by which he may forward the true interests of his country."

The Quebec *Chronicle* in alluding to the speech of Sir John A. Macdonald, at the dinner given recently to the Mayor of this city, says:—

There is much satisfaction in knowing that this Ottawa Canal scheme, which may be described as one of yesterday, so short a time has it been discussed, has already made so profound an impression on the public mind, and won so many supporters. The Minister of Justice shows that in this matter he is up with the most advanced and enterprising sentiments of the country, convinced of the practicability of such a work as well as of its capacity for the enormous extension of our trade and commerce, and the development of the resources of the interior of the country. In this opinion Sir John coincides with the views of a host of experienced engineers and intelligent explorers and traders, as also with those of the mercantile community of Quebec, Montreal and other large Canadian cities. Our own leading citizens, months ago, made public record of their conviction in favour of this project, the resolutions then adopted expressing strong belief both in its feasibility and power to promote the material interests of the Dominion. We believe the majority of our Local Legislature view the scheme with favour, and that they would have no objection to giving it at least all the aid involved in moral support. This they might well do without scruple; for Quebec would directly benefit to a larger extent, perhaps, than any other province, by the Canal proposed. Our legislators might surely be expected to devote a little time to such a question, and to give the enterprise the encouragement of an approving resolution. We hope the Committee appointed at the public meeting, in November, held in the Board of Trade Rooms, will urge this matter upon the attention of the Legislature. Everything possible to strengthen the hands of Sir John A. Macdonald and every other friend of a project designed to bring, through Canada, the carrying trade of the West, should be done cordially and without delay.

A "sore walk" has just been started at Dartmouth, N.S. It at present turns out two tons daily, but is capable of increasing to ten tons, should the demand require it.

The *Leader* directs attention to the inefficient salaries paid to some of the Custom House officials at Toronto. Contrasting the rate of remuneration received by like officers at other ports it makes out an apparently good case, either for an increase to the Toronto officers, or a reduction from some others; and calls upon the Hon. Minister of Customs to investigate the matter and do the Toronto officers justice in the premises.

Though Mr. Weir has accepted the tenders and entered in the exportation-of-silver movement, there is still a large deficiency in the amount offered to guarantee Mr. Weir against personal loss. We hope, therefore, that merchants and others interested will endeavour to increase the number of his supporters. Weekly certificates of the shipments of silver will be published through the press.

LOYAL ORANGE ASSOCIATION.

The annual meeting of the Loyal Orange County Lodge of the County of Carleton took place on Tuesday last, the 2nd instant, at the village of Ashton, which is on the line between the Counties of Carleton and Lanark, and over thirty miles from Ottawa. We understand all the districts in the county were well represented, excepting Ottawa:

The following are the officers elected for the ensuing year:

W. County Master—Bro. William Elliott, North Gower.

W. Deputy County Master—Bro. Hiram Sykes, Ashton.

County Treasurer—Bro. William B. Monk, March.

County Secretary—Bro. — Wallis, North Gower.

County Chaplain—Bro. Rev. John May, March.

County Director of Ceremonies—Bro. John Dawson, Bell's Corners.

LOCAL NEWS.

Personal.—Gilbert McMicken, Esq., stipendiary magistrate, is at present in town.

Acknowledgment.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges the receipt of fifty dollars per honour of Alexander Mutchmor, Esq., being a collection taken up in Knox's Canada Presbyterian Church, Daly-st., city of Ottawa, in aid of the said institution.

Auction Sale.—The balance of the bankrupt stock, belonging to the estate of G. J. Marston, jr., will be sold at A. Rowe's auction rooms, this day. The stock remaining is principally shelf hardware, comprising carriage bolts, nails, locks, &c., &c. The sale will commence at two o'clock, p.m., sharp.

The Curling Rink.—We understand the President of the Curling Club, Allan Gilmour, Esq., with his usual generosity, purposes presenting a handsome medal to the best player of the "roaring game." The competitors will play in pairs, the two highest to play off for the prize. It is desirable, so that as little delay as possible occur before the game comes off, that those proposing to compete should at once leave their names with the secretary.

Police Court.—The only case at the Police Court yesterday morning was that of one Latremouille, charged with assault. The affair grew out of the case of Latremouille *vs.* Litle, for assault, which was tried on Wednesday, and the defendant William Litle was fined $1 for an alleged choking in a quarrel about a load of hay, the purchase of which was in dispute. The case against Latremouille was dismissed without costs.

Forgery and Desertion.—Two soldiers of the Rifle Brigade applied at Bucke's livery stable on Tuesday last with a note for a horse and sleigh to drive to Aylmer. As the fellows did not return the horse and sleigh, Mr. Bucke took the note to the proper authorities, when it appeared that the soldiers must have forged the note. Nothing further having been heard from them, it is supposed they have deserted.

All Daubed With the Same Stick.—The porch at the police station has been newly painted white. The door of the porch is closed by a spring and fastened with a spring lock. It was opened before the paint had fairly dried. In went the "unwashed," and after each closed the door. The door changed colour, and so did the coats of the visitors. Fresh paint was applied to the door, and care taken that it should remain open during business hours, until the paint had dried.

Arrest of Hinchey.—Mrs. Hinchey, whose application at the police station, Wednesday evening, for shelter and protection, we noticed yesterday, appeared at the police court yesterday morning, and lodged information against her husband, Thomas Hinchey, for a brutal assault. The Chief of Police handed the warrant for Hinchey's arrest to Sergeant Brown, who took with him Constable Acres, and proceeded to the house of the prisoner. Hinchey refused to go with the policemen, and one of them took hold of him to force him along, when he made several blows at the policeman. Another policeman coming up, the prisoner, after some fighting, was securely handcuffed, and placed in his own sleigh and brought to the lock-up. He will be brought before the magistrate this morning.

Teas and Coffees.—A very large business is now being done in teas and coffees by the enterprising firm of A. O. Audy & Co. They devote their attention entirely to this line, and as a consequence their success or failure depends upon the good quality of the articles which they supply. The system upon which their business is done is of manifest advantage to the purchaser, as it enables the firm to sell their teas at a slight advance on wholesale rates. They put up teas in catties containing five to ten pounds and upwards. Their coffees are also of superior flavour, and fully equal to their teas, which are excellent in quality, and free from adulterations. We call the attention of housekeepers and hotelkeepers to the price list published in another column.

St. Patrick's Hall.—There was fully five hundred persons at the St. Patrick's Hall last evening, and the programme arranged for the evening was an excellent one. Messrs. Esmonde, Walsh and Lawrence sang a trio, and were loudly applauded. Mr. Johnston gave an interesting reading. The Miss Duignan's sang a duet, and deservedly received an encore. Mr. Lett read a selection from Moore, in his usual excellent style. Mrs. Turgeon executed a piano solo in superb style, and being encored gave an imitation banjo solo. Mr. Buckley, accompanied by Mrs. Buckley on the piano, sang the "Fair Imogene," in inimitable style, and brought down the house. Mr. Waller read some lively selections from an old scrap book. A duet by Miss Duignan and Mr. Esmonde, was well rendered. Mr. Tubman read selections from "Mrs. Caudle's curtain lectures." Mrs. Buckley executed a piano solo in a brilliant manner; and Messrs. Walsh, Esmonde and Lawrence sang a trio. The entertainment, which was most interesting throughout, was concluded, by "God Save the Queen."

Young Men's Christian Association.—Last evening the Rev. John May, M.A., Rector of March, delivered a lecture in the Chapel of Ease, Sussex-st., on the subject of "The Supernatural." Perhaps there is no subject which admits of so wide a range of treatment which involves so much dissatisfaction as to conclusions; for in every-day life there are a great many features for which we can give no logical reason, and hence many show a disposition to attribute them to the supernatural, while the experience of life, or the developments of science, may in a very short time show them to be the result of natural laws, not before perfectly understood; and it is only reasonable to apply the same judgment to matters which have appeared to us as supernatural, and of which we have not as yet received a solution. "The age of miracles has passed," and beyond the supernatural phenomena certified to us by Holy Writ, it is the privilege, if not the duty, of man to investigate every theory, and believe only so much as is in accordance with reason; but it is also unsafe to pronounce anything untrue, simply because it does not come within the range of our knowledge. Taking these grounds the rev. gentleman delivered a very interesting lecture, illustrating his arguments in such a way as to show that he had expended more than ordinary research upon the subject.

The Late Fire.—The conflagration which reduced to ashes the Desbarats block has called forth no ordinary sympathy, and is justly deplored as a serious calamity. But Mr. Desbarats, although the greatest, was not the only loser. M. Chabert, the well known director of a popular institution, and who in this capacity has materially advanced the study of the fine arts, has suffered most severely. In fact, he has lost everything material that he possessed, wearing apparel, (only what he could throw hurriedly around him having been saved,) money, materials for drawing and sculpture, expensive chemicals, choice musical instruments, and a very valuable collection of books, among which was a fine copy of the Bible elegantly bound in several volumes. Among the useful works which were destroyed by the flames was the manuscript by M. Chabert, entitled "*A new method for teaching the art of drawing*," on which its author had bestowed fifteen years of study and research, and which, it was expected, would have been published at an early date, with the approbation of the Director of the Imperial Drawing School of Paris. The institution of the fine arts under the able guidance of M. Chabert had become quite a success. It has been sadly marred; but it will recover, no doubt, from the sudden check which it has experienced; and M. Chabert himself, sustained by the best sympathies and the warm encouragement of his fellow-citizens, will overcome his unlooked for difficulties, and be able to continue, as hitherto, his beneficial labours.

COUNTY COUNCIL OF PRESCOTT AND RUSSELL.

Second Day.

Wednesday, January 26.

The council reassembled at ten o'clock this day pursuant to adjournment. The early portion of the proceedings related chiefly to matters of finance and accounts.

On the presentation of an account of Mr. Keays, issuer of tavern licenses for the county of Russell, for advertising his appointment in the Ottawa *Citizen*, amounting to $29, a discussion arose as to the liability of the council to pay it, and Mr. Dartnell, issuer of licenses for the county of Prescott, was called on to state whether he had given publicity to his appointment in the same way.

Mr. Dartnell stated that he had not done so, that he did not consider that he could have claimed for advertising in this way, and did not do so, but addressed a circular to the clerks of each municipality, informing them of his appointment, and directing them to send the parties entitled to a license to him with the proper municipal certificate. On this explanation, the claim of Mr. Keays was rejected.

Mr. Dartnell then said that as they were on the subject of tavern licenses, he would wish to draw the attention of the reeves of the various municipalities present to the necessity for some decisive action on the part of the municipalities to put a stop to the sale of liquor without license, which was carried on to a considerable extent, defrauding both the Government and the municipalities. He could point to more than one township in which it was done under the very eyes of the municipal officers, yet no action was taken by them to stop it. He had the names of eight persons in one municipality thus selling, at a loss to the revenue of $40, and to the municipality of $160, and though the inspector of taverns was willing to do his duty, and prosecute, yet the municipality would not sustain him in doing so by proceeding at the municipal expense. Unless this system was changed, it was useless to attempt to enforce the law, but in any case in which the evidence was supplied, he (Mr. Dartnell) would attend and see to the enforcement of the law; and he thus brought the matter to their notice that on their return to their municipalities the proper steps might be taken to protect both the municipal and provincial revenue from such frauds.

After the passing of some further accounts a long discussion arose on the vote of money in support of the Grammar Schools, and Mr. Boyd, M.L.A., being present, explained to the council the nature of the changes in the law proposed by the Bill lately introduced in the Legislature of Ontario, and a vote of $350 in aid of each school for the next six months was passed.

The council then adjourned to dinner.

On the reassembling of the council the question of railway support was taken up.

Mr. Boyd said that as this was a subject of importance he had taken the liberty of drafting a resolution in relation to the scheme for a railroad from Ottawa, connecting with the Grand Trunk at Vaudreuil, upon which he would like to ascertain their views. He then read the resolution, which was as follows:

Whereas the county council of the united counties of Prescott and Russell having been informed that steps are now being taken for the purpose of constructing a railroad through these united counties, and whereas in the opinion of this council the construction of the same would largely contribute to the prosperity of the counties;

Resolved, that this council recommend to the favourable consideration of the heads of municipalities and the people generally, any railroad enterprise whose object would be to open up the country and develope the resources of the united counties of Prescott and Russell.

Mr. Boyd said the resolution thus framed committed them to nothing, as to the location of the future line. That would be left for after consideration, as also the extent to which aid might be given.

The resolution was then formally moved by Mr. Bradley and seconded by Mr. Casselman, and carried by acclamation.

Some minor matters were then disposed of and the council closed its sittings.

Poisonous Hair Dyes.—Attention has lately been directed in England to the chemical composition of the several dyes advertised for colouring and darkening the hair; and it has been found that lead forms the basis of them all. A correspondent writes: "Certain lotions are now in common use, which profess to restore the natural colour to grey hair, and prevent baldness, &c. Hearing several of my friends complain of indisposition, which they somehow connected with the use of the new hair lotion, I procured a specimen, and sent it for analysis. It was described by its vendor as perfectly innocuous, and the directions were, that a desert spoonful should be daily brushed into the roots of the hair, until the whole head was thoroughly moistened. The result of the analysis is, that this precious mixture (sold at 5s. per pint) is composed of rose water, sulphur and sugar of lead—the latter in sufficient quantity to cause either paralysis or painter's colic. I believe that these washes are now sold under different names, but a dangerous preparation of lead is in all of them, the medium for dyeing the hair. Fortunately this may always be easily detected by the naked eye, as its gravity causes it to sink, and form a white powder at the bottom of the bottle." In confirmation of this, an F. R. C. S. writes to say that, in one of these so-called innocuous hair dyes, he found carbonate of lead, or white lead. It is well known, he adds, "that very serious consequences may arise from continued application of white lead to the skin, and I wish to warn those who are eager to avoid one indication of old age, viz.: grey hairs—which, by the way, in old-fashioned times, used to be termed honourable—that they may bring upon themselves another and still more disagreeable indication of old age, viz.: loss of muscular power, or paralysis, which, when it depends upon a wilful poisoning for vanity's sake, can hardly, I think, from any point of view, be considered honourable.'"

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Save Your Doctor's Bills.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

THE GRAY-NELSON CASE.

The *Leader* says:—We have received a letter from Mr. Thomas Gray in reference to a communication which appeared in yesterday's *Globe* over the signature of Joseph Nelson. This letter the *Globe*, with characteristic unfairness, refused to publish, and Mr. Gray submitted it to us. We do not feel called upon, however, to lend our space for the purpose of publishing it, for the game is not worth the candle. It would be an endless task to follow all the twistings and turnings of a man of Mr. Joseph Nelson's stamp, and moreover his name has engaged more attention lately in our columns than it deserves. We have looked through Mr. Gray's letter and find that it answers very fully all the untruthful assertions made by Nelson; and in further proof of their recklessness, letters are appended from Messrs. Ross, Lawder and Muleck, and from the officers of the Public Works department, to whom Nelson made reference in his communication. From all that has transpired recently, no very exhaulted opinion can be entertained of the man whose slanders the *Globe* eagerly circulates. It may suit the purpose of that journal to give them currency, and to refuse the same publicity to their refutation; but we fancy the public cares very little about them. Whatever he may pen in future will carry no weight wherever he is known.

THE TAX TITLES BILL.

The Whitby *Chronicle* was the special organ of Mr. Brown at the last South Ontario election. How does the Managing Director like this from the last number of the *Chronicle*?

"We regret to see the *Globe* condemning this Act—which was one of the best measures of the Ministry during the last Session. Great injustice has hitherto been done to *bona fide* purchasers through the operation of the law as it now stands. Parties who bought lands forty years ago, which have been since settled and improved, have been made the victims of speculating lawyers who have pretended to discover flaws in their titles, and have been bringing ejectments, and otherwise harrassing them in order to make costs. Surely the *Globe* cannot be using its influence in favour of the legal profession? The late Act will be productive of much good, as we shall be able to shew in recurring to this subject next week. But really, what is wanting is an Act for quieting titles of purchasers, and so put an end forever to the proceedings of the law sharks."

Is the Managing Director so riled about this matter because his principal legal adviser, who has figured, in a quiet sort of way, in several election contests, is the head-centre of a ring of tax-sales speculators? We confess we can see no other reasonable explanation for its violent opposition to a measure which must prove of infinite good in thousands of cases, as the farmers of Ontario too well know. The engineer will hoist by his own petard, as he has often been before.—*Leader.*

WORKINGMEN'S CLUBS.

A writer in the *Atlantic Monthly* describes the London workingmen's club as follows:

The workingmen's club generally consists of two large rooms, which are airy, well-lighted, cheerful, scrupulously clean, and in winter warmed with huge roaring fires. The furniture consists of large, comfortable, wooden arm-chairs; one large, plain wooden table in the middle of the room, which is covered with newspapers and periodicals; two separate tables for writing, with the necessary materials, and several smaller ones scattered about the room, on which are placed draught-boards, chessmen, backgammon boards, dominoes, and other such harmless games. There are generally a few shelves, on which are kept a small number of books likely to be useful to a workingman; such as a dictionary, good standard history of England, a guide to London, a railway guide, books on window gardening, poultry and rabbit keeping, &c., and works bearing on different trades and manufactures, together with a carefully selected collection of lighter reading. In another part of the room there is a small counter where newspapers, magazines, stationery, photographs, cheap prints, &c., and a small stock of books of a good but inexpensive character are sold at cost price. This is a very valuable accessory to club-work, as it tends to check the sale of that low and immoral class of literature, which is to be found in the cheap book-stalls around the houses of the poor. At the end of the room there is a small bar, where any man, if he chooses, can purchase tea and coffee, bread and cheese, or butter, biscuits, tobacco, and pipes, at cost price. No beer or spirit is allowed. The daily newspapers are collected every day at five o'clock from different supporters of the club by one of the brothers of the guild detailed for that purpose. They are of all shades of opinion. The magazines and periodicals are forwarded by friends to the honourary secretary of the club, as soon as they have read them.

Two or three of the guildsmen put in an appearance at the club every evening. They smoke a pipe with the men, play at chess with one, at dominoes with another, or discuss the news of the day with two or three others. They assume a position of perfect equality with them, and endeavour by kindliness of manner to do away with any feeling of restraint that might otherwise be engendered in the minds of the members. The local clergy will sometimes drop in for an hour, shaking hands with one and another, asking after this man's wife, or that man's child, and showing the men that they take an interest in their every-day life, as well as in their spiritual welfare.

On Saturday the club holds what is termed a free-and-easy. A president for the evening is chosen among the men, reading and games are put aside, and all draw around the large centre table, or in the winter around the fire. On this one evening of the week the bar supplies at cost price one pint of the very best English porter to each man present. When all are seated, and pipes replenished, the president sings a song, generally one with a rousing chorus, and calls on every one in turn either to sing, tell a story, ask a riddle, or do anything he pleases likely to contribute to the general amusement. General though harmless merriment ensues, and the club spends a pleasant evening without spending any money, and without the usual Sunday morning headache. The clergy do not appear at the free-and-easies. In the room up stairs more serious work is being carried on. This is the club school-room. Here those who are willing to receive instruction may learn to read and write, and have the opportunity of studying books likely to improve them in their trade, apart from the noise and bustle of the general room. Members of these clubs have sometimes attributed the power to earn increased wages to the facilities for study provided for them in the school-rooms.

Williams.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I am in receipt of the five boxes of tea sent me, and can assure you it gives me great satisfaction. To my taste, it is preferable than the tea I used to purchase in this neighborhood for a third more of the price. I presume to be a judge, as I have been in the habit of drinking tea over thirty years. Yours faithfully, Donald Cameron.

Toronto.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the two chests of tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton one chest fine flavoured new season Congou at same price, viz: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c., James Edgar.

Cobourg.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c., F. Oliver.

Interesting to Volunteers.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden [illegible] climate are sources of Pulmonary [illegible] Asthmatic affections. Experience having [illegible] that simple remedies often act speedily [illegible] tainly when taken in the early stages of [illegible] ease, recourse should at once be had to "B[illegible] Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are [illegible] of the importance of checking a cough, or "[illegible] mon cold," in its first stage. That which [illegible] beginning would yield to a mild remedy, [illegible] lected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's [illegible] chial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay [illegible] tion which induces coughing, having a [illegible] fluence on the affected parts. As there are [illegible] tions, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold [illegible] dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—[illegible] disturbed at night and broken of your rest [illegible] sick child suffering and crying with the [illegible] ating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at [illegible] get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little [illegible] immediately—depend upon it; there is [illegible] about it. There is not a mother on earth [illegible] ever used it, who will not tell you at once [illegible] will regulate the bowels, and give rest [illegible] mother, and relief and health to the child, [illegible] ting like magic. It's perfectly safe to use [illegible] cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is [illegible] scription of one of the oldest and best female [illegible] sicians and nurses in the United States. P[illegible] cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to [illegible] "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SY[RUP]." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" [on] the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's W[orm] Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy [for] Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a [well] known and melancholy fact that one great [cause] of death among children is from Worms, [it] cannot be too deeply impressed upon the [minds of] parents the necessity of closely watching [their] children. By so doing; and understanding [the] symptoms and true cause of the [illegible] thousands of children might be saved from [early] graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms [of] diseases which are caused by Worms: [illegible] appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive [breath], frequent picking at the nose, grinding of [the teeth] during sleep, hardness of the belly, with [illegible] slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits, [illegible] of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, [illegible] sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual [wast]ing away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered [by a] child—drive out the worms thoroughly and [illegible] and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby [doing] away with the necessity of administering [Castor] Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—to [illegible] of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile [illegible] o Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W. [illegible] the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for Holloway's Worm [Lozenges] and take no other. Sold by [all] druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers [every]where.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 3rd instant, the wife of William D. LeSueur, of a son.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 6th of this month, and [those] wishing to see it can do so by coming to [illegible] Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, [and] will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and [intend] to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for [this] season will be sold at figures to induce [you to] buy, and spring goods being in advance [this] season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,

Clothing,

Boots and Shoes,

Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, [for this] reason—that other houses would offer [their] goods at the same figures, and induce [cus]tomers to believe they were as good value as [ours].

Come and look, and price our merchandise, [and] you will then be satisfied this is not a [sham] but a reality.

Keep a look out for the emblem of [the] the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.

Ottawa, February 6, 1869.

TO LET.

From 1st May next, a BRICK HOUSE and GARDEN, at present occupied by Mr. [illegible] Maria-st., west of Bank-st.

Apply to

966tf A. McGAW.

WHO WANTS FURNITURE,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS!

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex-st.

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and [second] hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery,

China, and

Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods.

Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,

General Agt.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. A. & Co. MARK

Farmers and others should buy their TEA [and] COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importation Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, [and] the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb. catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	[illegible]
Fine Flavoured New Season do	[illegible]
Excellent Full Flavoured do	[illegible]
Sound Oolong	[illegible]
Rich Flavoured, do	[illegible]
Very Fine, do do	[illegible]
Japan Good	[illegible]
Very Good	[illegible]
Finest	[illegible]

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	[illegible]
Fine do	[illegible]
Young Hyson	[illegible]
Fine do	[illegible]
Superfine and Very Choice	[illegible]

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 [illegible]
Java	0 20, 0 22, 0 [illegible]
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 [illegible]

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM.

TIGHT BINDING

Latest by Telegraph.

For Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

FEARFUL ACCIDENT AT THE ST. PATRICK'S HALL.

The Roof Falls in with a Portion of the Walls.

Thirty Persons Wounded.

Nearly 2,000 Persons in the Hall at the Time.

Providential Escape.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 4.

The roof of the new St. Patrick's Hall fell in early this morning. The concert of the *Commis Marchands* took place there last evening, and at midnight nearly 2,000 persons were assembled in the hall. Up to that hour all "went as merry as a marriage bell." The concert had passed off successfully, and the ball which followed was engaged in with spirit by the assemblage. Suddenly in the midst of the ball, and just when the mirth and excitement of the evening were at their height a strange vibration was felt all through the hall. Each dancer stopped involuntarily and gazed enquiringly into the face of his neighbour. It was not the tramp of many feet that had occasioned that peculiar rocking movement, but a low rumbling sound. "It is an earthquake," said several, and a feeling of dismay began to spread among the crowd. Some ladies suddenly noticed that their ball costumes were covered with some white substance, and looking upwards a shower of plaster was seen descending from the roof. At this moment Mr. Rastrick, an architect who has lately come to this city, from Hamilton, Ont., and whose office is situated beneath the hall, was seen to approach the Superintendent. He hastily informed him of the impending peril, that the roof was falling, and that unless the room was cleared in a very brief space of time of the 2,000 persons then in it, few, if any, would be left alive. Fortunately there were among the company a few men of more than ordinary coolness and good judgment. They, in concert with the Superintendent, and Mr. Rastrick, laboured assiduously to preserve order. By a few words calmly and coolly spoken, by gesture, and more than all by the force of their own brave example, they succeeded in reassuring the terror-stricken crowd. A few persons, men as well as women, gave way to panic for a time, but even these became quieted, as they saw how rapidly the hall was being cleared, and how ample a means of egress the broad staircase afforded. Meanwhile, as the human tide poured out of the hall, and into the street, the crackling sounds, sharp as reports of pistol shots, became louder and more frequent, and the shower of plaster more dense. Soon larger pieces of the ceiling, and masses of cornice began to fall, and the chandeliers gave way. Fortunately, however, by this time the majority of the crowd had managed to find their way into the street, and were gazing with awe-stricken countenances at the building, the walls of which now visibly oscillated. At length, with a mighty crash, the whole of the immense roof fell in, carrying with it a portion of the floor beneath. About thirty persons were wounded, some seriously. Two are reported killed. Workmen are now busy removing the *debris*.

It has been snowing heavily for the past two days. The trains are all blocked up.

SECOND DESPATCH.

The Governor-General this afternoon visited some of the public buildings and institutions, among the latter the Geographical Survey, in which he took great interest. This evening he attended the concert of the Amateur Musical Union at the Mechanics' Hall, and afterwards went to the ball of General Windham. This was a brilliant affair. The *élite* of the city were present. The band of the 69th regiment were in attendance; also a guard of honour, and two sergeants in full dress uniform from said regiment. To-morrow afternoon he visits the Victoria Skating Rink. The band of the 78th regiment will play. In the evening he dines at St. James' Club.

The review of the troops did not take place to-day, owing to the great snow storm.

The Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, Mrs. Howland, and Mr. Curtis, A. D. C., accompanied by the Mayor, Messrs. P. Redpath, and A. M. Delisle, visited the St. Lawrence Glass Works this afternoon, where they were received by Thomas Simpson, director of the company, and A. R. Bethune, one of the shareholders. Mr. Egginton, superintendent, conducted the party through the works, and explained various processes of manufacturing. The beauty and skill of finishing the various articles elicited the warmest admiration of the distinguished visitors, who, at the close of their visit, were invited to partake of a collation, which had been prepared by the directors. On their departure, His Honour and lady expressed their great satisfaction at having being able to witness so interesting an exhibition.

The last night's Western train, as also one due this morning here, have not yet arrived in Montreal. The former is reported at Point Claire, and is expected to arrive here this evening. The New York train, due at 10 o'clock, a. m., to-day, has not been heard of at all. The road is blocked up on the Vermont lines, and is probably the cause of detaining it. The Portland and Island Pond trains are running, although a little behind time, as also are Quebec trains. A train left this afternoon for St. Johns. The Western train that left last night is getting along, and was last heard of from Belleville.

There is much speculation as to the cause of the falling in of the roof of the St. Patrick's Hall last night, and by some it is attributed to the frost in the complex iron frame work used in the construction of the roof, which is a vast span of some 130 feet. It would appear that the tie rods had thus become tightened until they separated at the binding rivets. The eastern wall at the centre is deflected from the perpendicular. Some nine inches of the upper portion of the building is a perfect wreck. Messrs. Hutchison, Archd. Brush and Spiers, architects, are appointed to ascertain the cause of the accident. The damages are estimated at $25,000. The building had not yet been taken off the hands of the contractors.

The snow storm still continues.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 4.

In the county council yesterday, resolutions were adopted condemnatory of the government policy, in refusing petitions in favour of a grant to the Georgian Bay Canal. Mr. Capreol was heard before the council.

Private information indicates that the 13th Hussars are going to India, as usual with troops withdrawn from this colony.

The officers of the 29th give a ball to-night in the Music Hall.

A squad of fourteen cadets attending the Gunnery School received first-class certificates to-day.

The Division Court remains idle for want of a judge, the Recorder having been deposed, and junior Judge Boyd being absent.

The return of pupils attending public schools in January, 1869, show an increase of 638 over January, 1868.

Mr. Pinshon refuses the usual fee for his lecture in aid of the 'Boys' Home, sending five dollars instead. The total proceeds of the lecture were $560.

Reverend Dr. Burns lectured last night on bards.

The Grand Trunk trains from Montreal were 12 hours late, being delayed east of Kingston. A special train from the latter place reached here early to-day.

—An exchange says that Brigham Young's son Joe smokes good cigars, drinks good liquor, gets drunk, plays poker, licks his wives, and preaches the gospel.

—In 1867 the coal mines of Prussia yielded 105,000,000 tons of coal from 426 mines, and gave employment to 102,773 men and 175,229 women and children.

—A petition has been sent from Stettin to the King of Prussia, signed by 3,000 of the principal inhabitants, praying that the fortifications of that city may be dismantled.

Try Gardiner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.tm

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 4.—Specie in the vault in the Bank of England has decreased £315,000 sterling.

The appeal recently made in the case of Costello, the American citizen, convicted of complicity in the Fenian revolt, has been denied.

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 4.—Bands of Carlists have made their appearance in Catalonia. They came from the Valley of Andorra, and seek to produce a rising against the Provisional Government. Troops have been sent to disperse them. The press of the city fearing a civil war urges the Government to take active measures, and the people to unite against the reactionary party.

GREECE.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 4.—Still later despatches from Athens announce the probable adherence of Greece to the protocol of the Paris Conference.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, February 4.—Later advices from South America have been received. There was no war news. It was reported that a Brazillian force had gone to Ascunsion to establish a Provisional Government.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Extravagance in the Stationery Department at Washington.

WASHINGTON, February 3.—In a report to the House to-day, representative Eaton shows outrageous frauds in the interior department in stationery contracts. At one time a firm of this city was paid $28,000 for some bond paper, the market value of which was $7,000. Also several receipts have been given for goods never delivered, which is a profitable way of doing business.

The public debt statement for January shows an increase.

Discovery of the Murderer of Mr. Rogers.

NEW YORK, February 4.—The *Herald* says additional facts scatter all doubt as to Maher being the muderer of Mr. Rogers.

A Bill Legalizing Gold Contracts.

The *Times* special says the Ways and Means Committee had under consideration to-day Mr. Schencks' Bill legalizing gold contracts, and declaring the principal of the 5-20's payable in coin. The committee will agree to the bill.

A Skating Match Between Two Females —Stakes $250 a side.

BUFFALO, February 4.—The skating match at the rink last evening for $250 a side between Miss Godbout, of New Brunswick, and Miss Dean, of Chicago, was won by the latter. Another match between them for the same amount takes place here on Saturday evening.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

A Large Extent of Country Discovered.

NEW YORK, February 4.—Late advices from Australia *via* Panama and Havana state that a large extent of first-class country has been recently discovered about 200 miles eastward of Champion Bay. The rust has greatly damaged the crops.

United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, February 4.—In the House today Mr. Orton delivered his argument against the postal telegraph plan before the Senate Post Office Committee. Messrs. Hubbard and Greeley are in favour of it.

The *Alabama* treaty may be reported on at this Session, but it is not probable that any action will be taken. The Senate will amend the House Constitutional Amendment Bill, but it is thought that the changes will not be of a character likely to imperil the measure, or throw it over to a new Congress.

Failure of a Dry Goods Jobbing House.

PHILADELPHIA, February 4.—A large dry goods jobbing house failed here to-day. The liabilities are said to be five hundred thousand dollars, seventy thousand of which are due to one house in this city.

WYOMING.—To the Montreal Tea ompany:, Gentlemen, I have great pleasure in testifying to the satisfaction which my customers have universally expressed as to the quality of the tea which I have sold them. Of course it is my interest, the same as any other merchant, to buy where I can suit myself and customers best, and with this view I have purchased from you, and now testify my entire satisfaction of the tea. I remain, yours truly, DUNCAN MCBRIDE.

CHANCERY SALE

OF

VALUABLE PROPERTY

In the City of Ottawa.

In pursuance of the Decree on further directions of the Court of Chancery, made in the cause of YIELDING vs. FELLOWES, there will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, with the consent of ROBERT J. TURNER, ESQ., Accountant of the said Court, by MR. HECTOR MCLEAN, at his Auction Rooms on Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of FEBRUARY, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable property in two parcels:

PARCEL 1.—Being a portion of Lot No. 7, on the South Side of Rideau-street, in the City of Ottawa, described as follows: being composed of the South East quarter of the said Lot, having a frontage on St. Paul-street of 33 feet, more or less, and running back towards Rideau-street, and carrying equal breadth a distance of 99 feet; more or less, on which is erected a small log house 1½ stories high, 25 feet in length, and also a frame shed or stable, 30 by 24.

PARCEL 2.—That part of the said Lot No. 7, commencing in the centre of the Eastern side line of the said lot at a distance of 99 feet, more or less, from Rideau-street, aforesaid, and running South Westerly, parallel to Rideau-street, 26 feet 10 inches, then North Westerly, parallel to the Eastern boundary of the said Lot, 49 feet 8 inches, then North Easterly, parallel to Rideau-street, 2 feet 3 inches, to the lot formerly deeded by one WATSON LITTLE to one AGAR YIELDING, by Assignment dated April 10th, 1839, then South Easterly parallel to the Easterly limit of the said lot 24 feet 8 inches, to the South West corner of the said last mentioned lot, thence along the Southerly boundary of said lot in a direction parallel to Rideau-street, 24 feet 7 inches, more or less, to the Eastern boundary of Lot 7, thence Southerly along the said Eastern boundary, 25 feet, more or less, to the place of beginning.

If sufficient be realised by the sale of Parcel No. 1 to meet the exigencies of the case the remaining lot will be withdrawn from sale.

The conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale at the Court of Chancery with the following variations: The purchaser or purchasers will be required to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of the purchase money at the time of sale to the Vendor or his Solicitors, and pay the balance within one month from the day of sale without interest. Upon such payment the purchaser or purchasers will be entitled to a conveyance or conveyances at his or their own expense with a good and valid title to the premises, and to be let into possession.

For further particulars apply to MESSRS. CAMERON, MCMICHAEL, FITZGERALD & ROSKIN, MESSRS. BLAKE, KERR & WELLS, and JOHN HOSKIN, Esquire, Solicitors, Toronto, and LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD, Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 14th day of January, 1869.

ROBERT J. TURNER.

CAMERON, MCMICHAEL, FITZGERALD & ROSKIN, Vendor's Solicitors. 941-1awtd

WANTED,

By a gentleman and his wife, board and lodging, in a respectable locality. Address, stating terms, etc., ALPHA, TIMES Office, Ottawa. 964tf

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL,

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Black Cloths, Winceys, Beaver Cloths, Cottons, Meltons, Prints, Tweeds, &c., &c.

We have also on han a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

WANTED,

FOR 1st MAY NEXT,

A COMFORTABLE HOUSE, of 8 or 9 rooms, in a pleasant part of the city, without a basement kitchen. Garden preferred. Address, "HENRY," TIMES Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 3, 1869. 965tf

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

Including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen &c., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. MCADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 968-3m

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MACEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

☞ Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

☞ In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

☞ The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700	YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180	" all wool DUTCH do
575	" UNION do
1925	" 3 ply, ALL WOOL do
450	" 3 do do
200	" PRINTED DRUGGETS
225	" GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575	" "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750	" do BRUSSELS do
225	" WOOL STAIR do
150	" TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS.

☞ All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

☞ The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

☞ All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

FINNAN HADDIES,
PORTLAND BLOATERS,
LING FISH [Pickled],
LING FISH [Dry].

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

Due Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The argest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 881y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

STATIONERY, &c.

J. DURIE & SON have received 1 case Segar's Tracing Vellum, best quality.

ALSO,

A Choice Lot of Valentines, (English,) direct from the manufacturers, wholesale and retail.

J. DURIE & SON.

NEW BOOKS.

Greater Britain, by Dilke; Tricotrin, by Ouida; Life of Christopher Columbus, by Arthur Helps; Cassell's Life of Lord Brougham; Chambers's Journal, 1868, (bound); the Book of Chess, by Selkirk; the Child Wife, by Mayne Reid.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

☞ LOW PRICES, ☜

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

5½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

The Tea Pot, Ottawa

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS:

100	BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100	do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100	do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

	REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
	REDPATH'S STANDARD do
	NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100	BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500	CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100	CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE
150	CHESTS TWANKAY.
200	CADDIES BRIGHT TOBACCO.
100	BOXES TOBACCO,
500	BARRELS EXTRA FLOUR.
300	BBLS. MESS PORK

J. G. ROBINSON

December 16, 1868.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Corrected] expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1869.

In consequence of the snow storm which prevailed continuously through Tuesday night the market on Wednesday was not such to be quoted, and our figures remain as on the previous day.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 58	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	26 00	@	27 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOMB.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: The Congou Tea you sent me in December last, gives great satisfaction, and is much superior to anything of the kind at that price, which we have been accustomed to get from other houses in your city.

Very truly yours,
W. E. JONES.
Richmond *Guardian* Office, Richmond.

WINFIELD—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.
To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. GHENY,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. REID.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality.—Brantford *Courier.*

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly,
P. A. DROLET.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

We advise our grocers, farmers, and others to read carefully the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. In presence of the general dullness of business in these counties, merchants who desire to push their business profitably would do well to give them their orders, as from their direct fresh importations, and small wholesale profits, merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give them a call, as their terms are of the most liberal character.—*True Patriot, Thorold.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,......................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President,
HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer,
HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary.
H. B. REEVE.

Counsel.
MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent.
MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.
HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40	December, 1867	$576,135 19	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67	1,594,644 96	Jany., Feb., March,'68	1,727,939 55	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67,	1,559,778 79	April, May, June, '68,	1,749,631 52	Increase	159,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,333 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,441,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,800,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to		Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
To New York 80c	Buffalo to New York. 50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
To Philadelphia $1 05	Buffalo to Philadelphia. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
To Washington $1 30	Buffalo to Washington. 90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
To Baltimore $1 30	Buffalo to Baltimore. 85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
	From Toronto to Detroit		60c
To Chicago $1 35	Detroit to Chicago. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
To New Orleans $3 65	Buffalo to New Orleans. $2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.
Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES
Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES
Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

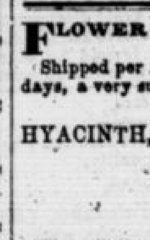
This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR CASES of
CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL
BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.
Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.
Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*
Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests.
Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.
J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.
The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

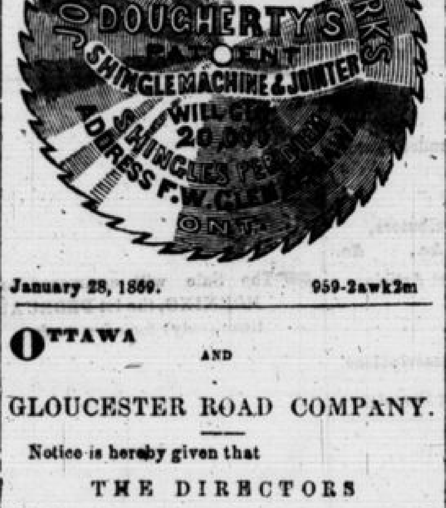
PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND,
[Post Office Block,]
Have just opened out
VALENTINES,
suited to all tastes, and at prices ranging from 1 penny upwards.
☞The *Daily Globe, Gazette,* or Toronto *Telegraph* supplied at 10 cents per week.
February 2, 1869.

LOST, ON SATURDAY LAST,
In Wellington-st., a BLACK WATER SPANIEL DOG, about 7 months old. Any person giving information at this office, which may lead to its recovery, will be suitably rewarded.
Ottawa, Feb. 2, 1869. 964-3

CAUTION.
NARCISSE LACHAPELLE having left my employ contrary to the terms of his agreement I hereby forbid any person or persons from hiring or harboring him after date of this advertisement.
ROBERT SKEAD.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1869. 964-3



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA
AND
GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that
THE DIRECTORS
Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
have this day made a further
CALL OF TEN PER CENT.
on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on
Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.
By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 5219d

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.
W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.
Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.
THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.
Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)
Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.
SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.
The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.
A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their
Educational Establishment in Ottawa.
Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
866tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
☞6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.*☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.
☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
☞Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.
Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.
W R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

ORDNANCE LANDS.
Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:
At Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.
Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent
Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.
By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.
ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway
Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.
Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.
LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7:15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.
LEAVE SANDPOINT.
5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.
All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.
The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.
H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at ..... 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ..... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at ..... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at ..... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at ..... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ..... 10:10 p m
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.
She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1, 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

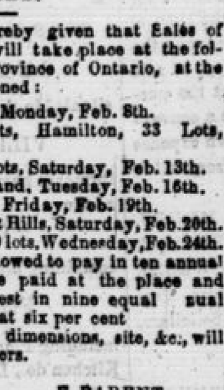
Millinery.

NOTICE.
MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.
N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.
MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,
Chaudiere and Bull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.
References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his
BOWLING ALLEY.
This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.
B. B. LARIVIERE.
N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

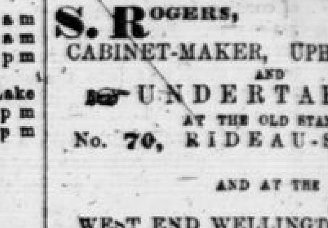
PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT,

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No: 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds.
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868

WATCHES.
J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER
☞ UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET
Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.
The Undertaking Branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:
METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG
Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for walnut.)
Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years experience in the above branches, and is confident of giving satisfaction.
N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.
Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.
RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.
Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices in the Ottawa market.
ALSO,
STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,
By appointment
BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY
JOHN YOUNG.
Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.
N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in English style.
930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS in the City of Ottawa, under the name, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth of January, A. D. 1869.
L. GRANT,
940b JOHN S. HENDERSON.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame St., Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Street
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.
Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 33, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VO
DIRECT
OPORTO,
Consisting of
PORT, SH
AND SC
PICKLES, S
FROM CR
A FULL
BEST in
TABLE and
&c.
FLAVOURI
Genuine.
PRESERV
to suit the
A LHERIA
PORTUGU
50 TINS
200 STI
size,
factory.
SHERRY W
to $3.00.
PORT WIN
$4.50.
ALL KINDS
according to
100 BOXES
boxes
LABRADOR
barrels and
10 CASES
TEAS—Black
Good, and se
SUGARS and
COFFEES
Try them.
TOBACCOS
make in cut
A GENERA
kinds of GR
hand, Wholesale
POSSIBLE PR
trial of the article
For sale
THO
Ottawa, November
JUST RECE
INDIA
No.
And for sale cheap
D. T.
Grocers, Wine
FRESH OYSTE
PRESERVED C
FRESH HALIB
FRESH SALMO
FRESH MACKE
FRESH LOBST
GREEN PEAS
LEMON, GING
Banana, Peach
Strawberry Syrup
RASPBERRY
FRY'S Chocolat
MOTT'S Cocoa
MORTON'S
TOMATO and
ANCHOVY Pa
STRASBURGH
POTTED Beef
PRESERVES
ORANGE Mar
MORRISON, T
Celebrated Su
Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Sal
PICKLED Ma
PICKLED HE
In Half Barre
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Hadd
And a full sto
Ottawa, Nov. 3,
BOTTLED
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The subscriber
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SCOTCH,
And
PORTS, SHERR
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A call
Ottawa, Jan. 20,
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Steerage
Liverpool or Que
Halifax
St. John's, N.F.,
Tickets sold to
Continent, at
For further inf
offices,
or to

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 967. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 3 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 5 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Ressor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call daily solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!

But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,
Red Oil Barrel,
73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
Sparks-st.

953tf

NEW GROCERY STORE.

Esther-street, (continuation of Bank-street), opposite the first public well.

JOHN COOK announces to his neighbours, farmers and others that he always keeps on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, of the best description, which he will sell at as low rates as they can be bought in any of the large city stores.

Also, on hand, LIQUORS of the finest brands.

JOHN COOK,
Proprietor

947-1-2-3m

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No. 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also, the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK BERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

4tf

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞ AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES ☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Patershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

CHANCERY SALE

OF

VALUABLE PROPERTY

In the City of Ottawa.

In pursuance of the Decree on further directions of the Court of Chancery, made in the cause of YIELDING vs. FELLOWES, there will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, with the consent of ROBERT J. TURNER, ESQ., Accountant of the said Court, by MR. HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms on Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of FEBRUARY, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable property in two parcels:

PARCEL 1.—Being a portion of Lot No. 7, on the South Side of Rideau-street, in the City of Ottawa, described as follows: being composed of the South East quarter of the said Lot, having a frontage on St. Paul-street of 33 feet, more or less, and running back towards Rideau-street, and carrying equal breadth a distance of 99 feet, more or less, on which is erected a small log house 1½ stories high, 25 feet in length, and also a frame shed or stable, 30 by 21.

PARCEL 2.—That part of the said Lot No. 7, commencing in the centre of the Eastern side line of the said lot at a distance of 99 feet, more or less, from Rideau-street, aforesaid, and running South Westerly, parallel to Rideau-street, 26 feet 10 inches, then North Westerly, parallel to the Eastern boundary of the said Lot, 49 feet 8 inches, then North Easterly, parallel to Rideau-street, 2 feet 3 inches, to the lot formerly deeded by one WATSON LITTLE to one AGAR YIELDING, by Assignment dated April 10th, 1839, then South Easterly parallel to the Easterly limit of the said lot 24 feet 8 inches, to the South West corner of the said last mentioned lot, thence along the Southerly boundary of said lot in a direction parallel to Rideau-street, 24 feet 7 inches, more or less, to the Eastern boundary of Lot 7, thence Southerly along the said Eastern boundary, 25 feet, more or less, to the place of beginning.

If sufficient be realized by the sale of Parcel No. 1 to meet the exigencies of the case the remaining lot will be withdrawn from sale.

The conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale at the Court of Chancery with the following variations: The purchaser or purchasers will be required to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of the purchase money at the time of sale to the Vendor or his Solicitors, and pay the balance within one month from the day of sale without interest. Upon such payment the purchaser or purchasers will be entitled to a conveyance or conveyances at his or their own expense with a good and valid title to the premises, and to be let into possession.

For further particulars apply to MESSRS. CAMERON, McMICHAEL, FITZGERALD & HOSKIN, MESSRS. BLAKE, KERR & WELLS, and JOHN HOSKIN, Esquire, Solicitors, Toronto, and LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD, Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 14th day of January, 1869.

ROBERT J. TURNER.

CAMERON, McMICHAEL, FITZGERALD & HOSKIN, Vendor's Solicitors. 951-1awtd

WANTED,

By a gentleman and his wife, board and lodging, in a respectable locality. Address, stating terms, etc., ALPHA, TIMES Office, Ottawa. 964tf

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.

☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

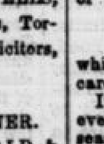
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots. Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 1868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4297 GEORGE MUPPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
Manager for Ottawa Office.

930-dwtf

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

TENDERS.

TENDERS

will be received by the undersigned, up to

Twelve O'Clock, Noon, on

Wednesday, the 3rd day of March, Next,

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A REGISTRY OFFICE

In the Town of Pembroke.

The building to be completed on or before the first day of November, 1869.

Each tender must be accompanied with the names of two good and sufficient sureties for the due performance of the work.

The undersigned do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or other tender unless otherwise satisfactory.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Andrew Irving, Esq., Registrar, Pembroke.

ARCHIBALD FOSTER,
Chairman;
S. G. SYMS,
T. M. CARSWELL,
Building Committee.

Pembroke, January 28, 1869. 963-1-6wd

TENDERS OF SILVER

FOR

MY EXPORTATION MOVEMENT

are hereby accepted.

Particulars by circular to be issued

THIS DAY.

W. WEIR

Montreal, February 1, 1869. 962tf

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces		different qualities Black Silks			
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
63	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines	7	"	1 3
70	do	do Poplin	7½	"	1 0
150	do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, ...6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1½ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars.......6½d
165 do Good Prints......4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's......6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces		Waterproof	3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only......2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only......3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed......5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2½-yards wide Linen Sheeting......3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting......1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

☞ Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50......OVERCOATS.
4.00......heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up......PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25......VESTS.
$8.00,......Black Broadcloth......FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞ Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

75-y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

PORK,

OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 500,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

JOSEPH HALL

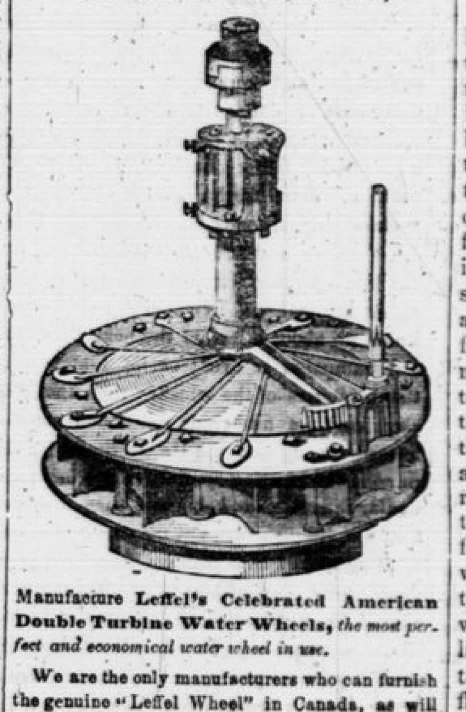
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS,

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture **Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels,** *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

☞ We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
OSHAWA, ONT.

959-2aw4m

MAIL CONTRACT.

Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa, until noon, on FRIDAY, the 5th MARCH, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week each way, between OTTAWA and PERTH, from the 1st APRIL next.

Conveyance to be made in a public or other vehicle.

The mails to leave OTTAWA, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 7 a.m., and to arrive at PERTH at 6 p.m.

To leave Perth, daily, (Sundays excepted), at 5 a.m., and, connecting at Franktown with the Brockville and Ottawa Mail Train, when required by the Department, to arrive at Ottawa within eight-and-one-half hours after leaving Franktown.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen, and blank forms of tender may be obtained, at the Post Offices of Ottawa, Perth, Richmond and Franktown.

MATTHEW SWEETMAN,
P.O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Kingston, 2nd February, 1869. 965-3

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,

912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954td

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

EXPLORATIONS IN WESTERN CHINA.

Failure of Mr. Cooper's Enterprise—Its Causes.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* of the 12th inst. has the following particulars of the failure of an effort to explore Western China:

"By mail just arrived from China we learn that Mr. Cooper, the enterprising traveller who has lately made four attempts by as many routes to pass into India from the western frontier of China, has at last been compelled to give up the undertaking, and is now on his way back to Shanghai. It had been Mr. Cooper's original intention to commence his journey from Likia by way of Sudya, but, failing in the attempt, he essayed to reach the same place from Bathang. In this he was also unsuccessful; nor was his effort to find his way through Thibet into Nepaul more fortunate. He therefore determined to take the only remaining route through the province of Yunnan by Bhamo. On the 3rd of June he started from Bathang, and after travelling ten or twelve days reached the town of A-ten-tse, the first town of any importance within the Yunnan frontier. From the outset he was beset with difficulties; the people, forbidden by the mandarins and priests to supply him with food, refused him the necessaries of life; on one occasion his hunger was such that he laid forcible hands on a lamb of a flock passing him on the road, but, all his efforts of remuneration failing to induce the shepherd to sell the animal, he was obliged to surrender his prize. At last he reached A-ten-tse in a state of semi-starvation; thence, having partly recruited his health and procured a passport for Tali, he started again on his way.

"After encountering many difficulties he arrived at Tong-lan, a frontier town, between the Imperial territory and the country owing allegiance to the independent Mohammedan Government that has of late years established itself in the province of Yunnan. Here he found that the Mandarin, who in this strange state of affairs had up to a few days before his arrival acted as the Imperial official, as well as the rebel Mohammedan employe, had cast in his lot entirely with the Imperialists, and opposed Mr. Cooper's proceeding any further, at the same time advising him to return to We-si, a town through which he had passed a few days previously, to await the result of an important battle that was said to be imminent. But the ill fortune that had attended him throughout clung to him still. On his return to We-si he was set upon by the soldiery of the place, and was obliged to seek protection from the local mandarin, who, under the pretext of securing his safety, confined him in a small room in his yamen, and placed a guard of soldiers over him. His hostile intentions were soon made manifest; he paid a visit to his prisoner and demanded from him a loan of 2,500 taels, (£830), his rifle, revolver, sword, and spy-glass. These Mr. Cooper refused to give up, but only kept them in his possession by showing his determination to use his revolver should the demand be backed by violence. Once he escaped from the yamen, and was a day's journey on his way to Bathang, when he was overtaken by soldiers sent in pursuit, and dragged back to his prison.

"His unfortunate plight excited the compassion of the inhabitants of Wei-si, who made him presents of fruit, eggs and fowls; more effectual succor was at hand. The chiefs of the neighbouring tribes visited him, and guaranteed his safety and release. The mandarin, afraid under these circumstances any longer to detain him, gave him his liberty. 'Weak, black and meagre'—as the Vicar Apostolic of Thibet, to whom we are indebted for these particulars, describes Mr. Cooper's condition—he commenced his return journey to Bathang, but reduced by bodily privations and mental anxiety, he fell ill with fever on the road, and though nursed with the greatest tenderness by one of the friendly chieftains and his family, he arrived at Bathang so shattered in mind and body as to be incapable of any exertion, and was obliged to leave the task of penning his adventures to his host, the Vicar Apostolic.

"Mr. Cooper's narrative fully corroborates Captain Sladen's account of the very friendly feeling entertained towards foreigners by the independent chieftains on the frontiers of China and Burmah. But the difficulty is to get at them. So opposed were the Burmese officials to Captain Sladen holding any intercourse with them, that it was only by stealing a march on his too friendly hosts that he was enabled to pass into their territory. From the above narrative it will be seen that the Chinese officials jealously guard these States from European influence. As an explorer in China Mr. Cooper labours under a very great disadvantage—he cannot speak the language, and is, therefore, entirely dependent on a Chinese interpreter for his communications with the natives. This places him in the hands of a man whose interest it may become to exaggerate the dangers and difficulties of the route before him, and to do all in his power to frustrate the explorer's designs. Or, if he be honest and true, his probable slight acquaintance with English would be almost as prejudicial to the interests of the traveller, by giving rise to misunderstandings, and his ignorance of etiquette, by placing him in a wrong position with regard to the officials of the country."

CANAL FREIGHTS.—During the last year only 5,000 bbls. of flour were shipped by canal from Buffalo to New York. The tolls were 23 cents a barrel, and the freight 50, making the cost of transportation 73. In May last the New York Central Railroad carried flour from Buffalo to New York city for 50 cents. In August, September, and October, and for the present month, the charge by the Erie and the Central was 70 cents. This shows that the railroads transport flour at less rate than the canals. They have one advantage, which is that they have no tolls to pay,—an advantage of 23 cents a barrel in their favour, and of 6 cents a bushel on wheat.—*Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.*

WYOMING.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I have great pleasure in testifying to the satisfaction which my customers have universally expressed as to the quality of the tea which I have sold them. Of course it is my interest, the same as any other merchant, to buy where I can suit myself and customers best, and with this view I have purchased from you, and now testify my entire satisfaction of the tea. I remain, yours truly, DUNCAN McBAINE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auction Sale of Boots and Shoes—A. Rowe.
Non-explosive Lamp—D. R. Leavens.
Purveyor to His Excellency—Jas. Buchanan.
Stoves of the Latest Style—Esmonde Bros.
A Proclamation—Hector L. Langevin.

The Ottawa Times

Office : 38, Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

THE Hon. Mr. COCKBURN, Speaker of the House of Commons, left yesterday for home.

The Hon. E. B. CHANDLER, Railway Commissioner, returned from the West yesterday.

T. R. FERGUSSON, Esq., M.P., also arrived in town yesterday.

AN extra of the *Official Gazette* has been issued, containing the usual formal proclamations and appointments consequent upon the swearing in of HIS EXCELLENCY as Governor-General (instead of administrator), which took place at Montreal on Tuesday last.

MR. GOLDWIN SMITH has disappeared from public view of late, and we were inclined to the belief that he had been assimilated so comfortably with the American people that we should no longer be compelled to recognise him as an Englishman. It appears, however, that the PROFESSOR has still a desire to maintain his Old World connection; or at least to let the benighted English people know that his light still shines, though at a great distance from them. He is disgusted with the result of the late English elections, and has communicated his feelings to the workingmen of England, in a letter recently published in the London *Bee Hive*.

The New York *World*, under the title of "Our own GOLDWIN SMITH," thus summarises and criticises this letter:

* * * * * * "The recent election in Great Britain, he declares, so far from being a victory of democracy, was only a triumph of money; the House of Commons is more than ever the rich man's club; no wise man can expect any good thing to come from such a legislature; the extension of the suffrage, from which such mighty results were to flow, has placed the government of the country more firmly than ever in the hands of the nobles and the rich parvenues; the new electors have not only failed to send even a single member of their own class to represent them, but they have permitted the few old members who entertained pronounced democratic opinions to be expelled from their seats. True, Mr. Goldwin Smith thinks that all this was but natural—the new electors were like Adam in the garden: the woman tempted him and he did eat; the rich men in England dangled the 'almighty pound' before the eyes of the newly-enfranchised, and straightway they voted the wrong ticket. The most alarming part of the business is that, unlike Adam, they are not ashamed, probably because they are not naked, but are newly clad in garments bought with the 'fi'-pun' notes' thrust by kid-gloved fingers into their horny palms. And although the Lord punished alike the tempter and the tempted, Mr. Goldwin Smith thinks it so entirely in accord with the instincts of English human nature, that a poor man should sell his vote to the highest bidder, that he has no words of condemnation for the bribed, and reserves all his wrath for the bribers. Something may possibly be done, he thinks, by substituting the ballot for open voting, 'the abolition of these nests of venality, the small boroughs,' (one of which nests, by the way—the little borough of Frome—elected Mr. Thomas Hughes, the only man who, by any stretch of imagination, may be called a workingman's member), and the transfer of the expenses of elections from the candidates to the rates. But, after all this is done, there will be little hope of a reform, since 'no legislation can alter the character of the people;' and how miserable and venal that character is, Mr. Goldwin Smith has already explained.

"Having thus delivered himself on general subjects, Mr. Goldwin Smith descends to personal themes. He explains why he was not himself a candidate at the late election. 'Either a Tory or a professing Liberal'—no genuine Liberal, of course, would have opposed him—would have run against him; 'and I could not have afforded to fight him with my own money, and I could not have brought myself to accept pecuniary aid even from the most generous hands. * * * A man is not bound to ruin himself, much less degrade himself, in seeking it [a seat in Parliament], and I could not have represented the workingmen except on terms consistent with their honour and my own.' And, moreover, had he been elected to Parliament, he could have done his constituents no good, for 'being untrained to debate, I could not have given even a forcible expression to our views.' There is no little meat to be found in these few kernels. In the first place, even with Mr. Goldwin Smith, it seems to be all a mere matter of money. A seat in Parliament is only to be bought. Could he have 'afforded' the expenditure requisite to buy the necessary number of voters, he does not make it appear that any scruples of principle would have stood in his way; as he could not 'afford' that expenditure out of his own pocket, and could not bring himself to accept 'donations,' as Mr. Odger and Mr. Hartwell did, he let the seat go to the deuce and bought his ticket for New York. To buy a seat at one's own expense, to a man of limited wealth, is 'ruin;' to buy one at the expense of others is 'degradation;' but for a very wealthy man to buy one out of his own pocket, is to represent a constituency on terms 'consistent with the honour' of the represented and the representative. If this all be really true, what in the name of common sense has Mr. Goldwin Smith to complain of? From his premises the conclusion is inevitable that no one but a rich man or a 'degraded man' can be elected to Parliament—and certainly a very moral philosopher like Mr. Goldwin Smith would prefer that the legislators of Great Britain should be millionaires rather than miscreants."

Visionary Radicals like Mr. GOLDWIN SMITH will be disappointed with every reform in the machinery for working the constitution which they may inaugurate; and Mr. SMITH seems to have stumbled upon the chief cause of his own disappointment: "no legislation can alter the character of a "people." Thus he finds the new Reform Bill giving a Parliament to England so very much like the old one, that he is quite disgusted with it. Regarding the elections as a triumph of "money," and being himself too poor to buy, too proud to beg, a seat, the "Democrats" of England are deprived of the parliamentary services of this *amateur* politician, and so, as the *World* says, "he bought a ticket for "New York." Possibly, if he will make use of his powers of observation, he will discover that "money" is far more powerful in the United States in controlling elections, and even in directing the current of legislation than it is in Britain. And perhaps had he remained in England, he might have found out that increasing the number of votes would tend in many constituencies to the increase in the number of purchasable voters. The ballot, he thinks, would assist in remedying the evil, or, in other words, in abridging the power of money in politics; but a philosopher like Mr. SMITH should have discovered by this time that money is one of the great forces of the age. Money paves the way to high position in society; money gives opportunities to men to win distinction for themselves, and these distinctions, of their own earning with their own money, bring to them other distinctions, sometimes of a political, sometimes merely of an honourary character. Of course we speak of money in the hands of those who know how to use it. And if the learned PROFESSOR will only read up the history of some of the American political "rings" he will be astounded to discover that in nothing are the New World Republicans so far ahead of their Old World cousins, as in the use of money for political purposes. Not only is money subscribed, and squandered by hundreds of thousands of dollars to affect the result of political contests to be decided by the "incorruptible" ballot; but it is as freely and, perhaps, more freely, contributed to buy "class legislation" through the State Legislatures and the American Congress. Let him but get "initiated" as a party man, either Radical or Democrat, and he will know all about it before the next Presidential campaign is over; or let him master the mysteries of the whiskey ring, the coal ring, and the numerous clubs and coteries formed throughout the United States for the purpose of securing special favours for particular interests, and he will then discover that the English are but novices in the art of using money as a political force. It is no doubt very deplorable that Democracies should vie with, or excel, monarchies in political corruption; but the more extended area of political power, in the former gives a wider field to work upon, and the result, though disheartening to visionary *doctrinaires*, only proves that human nature is not necessarily purified by the one system, nor defiled by the other. When the politicians are left alone to take care of the morals of a nation, it matters little whether they labour under King or President, the result will be pretty much the same.

THE following extract from the proceedings of the House of Representatives at Washington, as reported in the Congressional *Globe*, evidently relates to a matter which some time ago was under discussion by the Canadian press—*i. e.*, whether the Government had or had not accredited Mr. BREGA to act for it at Washington in furthering the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty. The story originated with the New York *Herald*, and, as our readers are aware, there was not a word of truth in it:

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Mr. HUMPHREY.—I ask unanimous consent to make a personal explanation.

There was no objection.

Mr. HUMPHREY.—Mr. Speaker, I am reported in the *National Intelligencer*, and other papers, as saying in the debate on the Niagara Ship Canal Bill, that "I was sorry to say that one of the Secretaries of the General Government should so far pander to the interest of the schemers as to use the reports of Mr. Brega." I used no such language, or any language capable of such construction in that debate. I have always regarded the Honourable Senator referred to by me in that debate as incapable of such conduct or motives, and I take this opportunity to correct any unfavourable impression that may have been derived from that report.

Mr. BANKS.—I ask that a letter be read in reference to this explanation.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois.—I object to the precedent of having letters read to the House from private individuals; it would occupy all our time. I suppose the letter offered by the gentleman from Massachusetts, is the denial of Mr. Brega that he is the agent of the Canadian Government, and I have no objection to that fact going upon the record, which will answer every purpose.

Mr. BANKS.—I ask that the letter be read; it will not take a moment.

Mr. PIKE.—I object.

The matter of course dropped, when Mr. PIKE objected; but we presume the object of Mr. BANKS was substantially gained by the statement of Mr. WASHBURNE to the effect that the letter was a denial from Mr. BREGA that he was the agent of the Canadian Government.

ON the fourth inst. the New Dominion Telegraph Company opened its line for business from Toronto to Dundas, Hamilton, St. Catharines, Clifton, and all points in the United States. On the afternoon of the 3rd the Toronto Board of Directors entertained the Hamilton Directors at the Terrapin Restaurant, Toronto, in celebration of the completion of the branch of the line mentioned.

SPRING CIRCUITS, 1869.

The Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and *Nisi Prius*, in and for the several counties of the Province of Ontario, after the present term, will be held as follows:

EASTERN CIRCUIT.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Morrison.

1.	Kingston	Tuesday	March	16
2.	Brockville	Wednesday	"	24
3.	Perth	Tuesday	"	30
4.	Ottawa	Tuesday	April	13
5.	L'Orignal	Tuesday	"	27
6.	Cornwall	Monday	May	3
7.	Pembroke	Tuesday	"	11

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

The Hon. Mr. Justice A. Wilson.

1.	Napanee	Wednesday	March	17
2.	Belleville	Monday	"	22
3.	Cobourg	Monday	April	5
4.	Whitby	Tuesday	"	13
5.	Peterborough	Tuesday	"	20
6.	Lindsay	Tuesday	"	27
7.	Picton	Tuesday	"	4

NIAGARA CIRCUIT.

The Hon. the Chief-Justice of the Common Pleas.

1.	Hamilton	Monday	March	15
2.	Welland	Tuesday	"	30
3.	St. Catharines	Monday	April	5
4.	Barrie	Monday	"	12
5.	Milton	Tuesday	"	27
6.	Owen Sound	Monday	"	10

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

The Hon. the Chief Justice of Ontario.

1.	Stratford	Tuesday	March	30
2.	Berlin	Tuesday	April	6
3.	Guelph	Monday	"	12
4.	Woodstock	Monday	"	19
5.	Brantford	Monday	"	26
6.	Cayuga	Tuesday	May	4
7.	Simcoe	Tuesday	"	11

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

The Hon. Mr. Justice John Wilson.

1.	Sarnia	Tuesday	March	16
2.	Goderich	Tuesday	"	23
3.	London	Tuesday	"	30
4.	St. Thomas	Thursday	April	8
5.	Chatham	Tuesday	"	13
6.	Sandwich	Tuesday	"	20
7.	Walkerton	Tuesday	May	11

HOME CIRCUIT.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Gwynne.

Brampton	Tuesday	March	16
City of Toronto	Monday	April	5

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussels, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

THE RED RIVER.

From the *Nor'-Wester* of the 16th ult. we make the following extracts. The first relates to the future of the Territory, and reveals an anxious desire for union with Canada. It is headed "our country," and says:

The whole settlement is on the *qui vive* in relation to the Dominion question.

It has become the absorbing topic, and all are anxious to learn the result of the late negotiations in London. The Canadian party are anxious to know if the fruition of their hopes and desires has at last been accomplished, and if this fair land is to "blossom like the rose" under the genial sun of civilization and progress. On the other hand the Hudson's Bay Company's party are anxious to know if they shall be permitted any longer to exercise a mockery of power over this people. Some few of them carry their antagonism to everything Canadian so far as to *hope* that the negotiations will fall through, as far as the Dominion is concerned, and that a Crown colony will be established, or a new form of Government under the auspices of the venerable monopoly itself. And failing either of those alternatives, a large number of the companyites favour annexation to the United States in preference to a connexion with the Dominion of Canada. Thus five different views of the question are under discussion at this moment among us.

The first view is that of the connection with Canada, and meets with the approval of the majority of this people. It means a quick and direct communication with the Atlantic. It means communication with the Pacific. It means a good Government, and a firm administration of justice. It means a large rush of immigration, the building of towns, cities, and railways; and it means general prosperity with a *very light taxation*.

The second view, namely, a continuance of the present system of things, means *humbug* of the worst description, and is not worthy of discussion.

The third view, *i. e.*, a Crown colony, means a very high taxation, under the rule of men sent out from England, who know nothing whatever relative to the wants of a new country, and especially on this continent.

The fourth view, namely, a new form of Government under the auspices of the Honourable Company, means a grievous wrong to this people, who want no more of their honourable taskmasters. It means isolation as much as ever; it means taxation without suffrage; and it means little or no immigration.

Immigration of the proper sort will never reach us while this country remains under the domineering power of the most outrageous monopoly disgracing this nineteenth century.

The fifth view—annexation to the United States—means what the St. Paul *Pioneer* says of the matter in an extract we print on this sheet.

In the meantime all parties are in a state of suspense regarding the matter. And until we, see an official announcement as to the result of the present (or late) negotiations in London the only answer we can make in regard to the question "If Canada is to take immediate possession of this territory?" is "that we do not know." But if any should ask if "we believed that Canada would ever get it?" we should answer "Yes. And that, too, at no distant day." That that will be the final result we regard to be as certain as that the sun will rise to-morrow.

Here is a touching appeal for an infusion of new blood into the settlement, as well as a picture of a tempting retreat for the man who is over-wrought in body or mind:

We ask our editorial brethren of the United States and Canada if they ever lived in a community where nothing takes place? We can safely say that "No" will be the almost unanimous answer; and can assure them that when they feel brain sick and weary with the continued hum of business, with the whistle of the locomotive, and the whirr of the factories, that Red River is just the spot to recuperate in.

Here is pure air; here is nature untrammelled by civilization; and here is perfect stagnation; as far as enterprise and "push" are concerned.

To be sure the most of us manage to crawl through the daily routine of life. But with some of us it requires an effort. We all eat if we have the food; we drink—alas, too much for some of us; we breathe and we sleep,—sleep our weary lives away. It would seem as if Morpheus, the drowsy god, had taken his habitation among us. And so it will be until we are awakened by other energies than our own. Until enterprising men come among us with their capital and knowledge to develope the rich, but latent resources of this our country.

Until an enlightened and progressive government sets the wheels of progress in motion. Only then, and not until then, will we be awakened from our lassitude to a lively sense of our duty among the people of the earth. And until that happy day arrives our foreign readers must excuse us if we have no great amount of local news to chronicle.

The weather receives a puff, of which the "clerk," if he has any respect for Red River opinion, ought to be proud:

Our winter weather still continues to be all that could be desired. Snow enough for good sleighing. Bright, sunshiny days. And as for our nights, our moonlit nights! how shall we describe them? They are beautiful beyond comparison; and we cannot believe that the famous nights in Egypt during the full of the moon are so clear and bright as those enjoyed by us at the same season.

We conclude our extracts with the following brief but suggestive allusion to the distress in the settlement:

Notwithstanding the care of the Relief Committee we hear of some of our poor being obliged to consume their buffalo robes to satisfy the cravings of hunger. Others have had to gather and boil the buds of the trees for food.

Just think of it!

HARRY STARCHUS, Jr., TO THE "TIMES"—GREETING.

Please dear TIMES don't go in for that Yankee perversion,—*per capita* for *per caput*. Per capita is sheerest nonsense. Translate it into English and see how it would look: "so much per *heads* of the population." You mean per *head*, so why not say per head in Latin as well as in English? It vexes me to see *per capita* in the Yankee papers; it grieves me to see it in a Canadian one. It is an odious expression. Do place it under your ban.

OTTAWA, 5th February, '69.

[If our memory serves us rightly, our censor is entirely mistaken in classing *per capita* as "a Yankee perversion." It is, if not good Latin, at least "law" Latin, and was old in use before the Yankee had a being. Our friend "HARRY STARCHUS, jr.," should know that lawyers, like physicians, are privileged to mutilate the "dead languages" for their own amusement, or the mystification of the public; and since some of their jargon has got so far popularised as to be generally understood surely the hard driven editor who is compelled to write so much that his readers may be satisfied with the quantity, and *plainly* that they may appreciate the quality, may be pardoned for accommodating his style to acknowledged usage, without being brought up with a short turn for a phrase the use of which in this generation is co-extensive with that of the English language.—ED.]

—Railways are rapidly destroying local dialects in this country, are fast fusing different races, and helping the formation of a true British character. The rural districts are supplied, through the railway, with coal as a substitute for the wood which was formerly used, and now is all but exhausted; and the introduction of coal has been followed by the thrashing machine and the steam cultivator, the benefits of which are inestimable on the old heavy lands of the country. It is calculated that upwards of 200,000 persons have been taken from agricultural pursuits and employed in different capacities, such as those of railway porters, ticket clerks, and artificers, at enhanced rates of remuneration, and thus a desire has been awakened on the part of the rural poor in the neighbourhood of railways to give their children a better education.—*English paper.*

TORBOLTON SCHOOL AFFAIRS.

DEAR SIR,—Would you have the goodness to allow me the use of your columns, for the purpose of giving a plain denial to certain statements made at the last meeting of the County Council, by the Reeve of Torbolton, concerning me as Local Superintendent of schools, as also of hinting at the *true* reasons for my removal from that office. Mr. Smith charged me with totally neglecting to visit school section No. 1, and with visiting No. 2 but once, "and that time with a gun on my shoulder." Now, the law requires two visits a year to each school. The year extends to April. I have time yet to make one visit to No 1: the other was *not made*. After three years' incumbency I have failed to make *but one visit*, and that to a school with which No. 2 has been quite *jealous* on account of my frequent visits to it during the two years previous. Even this visit would have been made, were it not for arrangements made by the section itself through its teacher. I owe Nos. 2, 3, and 4 no visits at present; and yet I have still two months unexpired term of office! If I have taken thought for one school more than another it was for No. 1. To visit this school once, involves a journey of 30 miles, and a loss of two days. As to No. 2, I have fully done my duty by it; and this Mr. Smith ought to have known, having my report before him on the table while making his assertions. Had he taken the trouble to open it, he would have found day and date for my two visits: but that was foreign to his purpose. Thus Mr. Smith does *his* duty.

So far as regards the grave and very pertinent charge of carrying "a gun on my shoulder," I will only say that I believe most people would regard my doing so as an evidence of prudent forethought when about to traverse so "*fowl*" a place as Torbolton.

Mr. S. informed the council that the whole township demanded my removal. I must doubt this statement. I presume he is right as to section No. 2, which is in so wretched a condition, educationally, that one poor man at least has sent his children to another township. I have been forced to reduce the grant to No. 2 on account of the small average attendance, therefore No. 2 desires my removal. No. 3, I believe, desires no such thing; probably also No. 4.

Mr. S. admitted in the council that he knew of no one in the county better qualified for the office than myself; there could then be no reason for removing me, save dereliction of duty. I have showed that this charge cannot fairly be laid against me; yet I am removed; what then are the *true* causes? This is a question that concerns more people than the Torboltonians and myself.

Here they are. *Cause No.* 1: My refusal to give No. 2 the lion's share of the Government grant. (Now it should be known that No. 2 has great men in it, who talk much, but do little for education: the ball commenced its rolling in No. 2.) *Cause No.* 2: My *national, ecclesiastical, and political position.* Here is the solution of the enigma. I am unacceptable to Scotch, Puritan, Radical Torbolton, not because I have failed in my duty to *it*, but because my improvident ancestors failed in their duty to *me*. It was an unfortunate oversight on their part not to bequeath to me the inestimable advantage of having even a *dash* of Scotch blood in my veins. I have felt this defect all my life. "No *Irish* need apply" for office in Torbolton. An Irishman by birth, a Tory in politics, a churchman by persuasion, and (horror of horrors!) a clergyman of the church of England by profession, the marvel is, not that Torbolton should *remove* from office a person convicted of such horrible offences, but that he ever *received* office in Torbolton! "And thereby hangs a tale!" The office I have lost was offered to a Presbyterian minister before I got it; it was offered to others again and again during my tenure. Even when *no* fault was found with me, this office went a-begging! It was too trifling a berth for any one who had not another township adjacent. It suited me as an appendix to March. It was never offered to Mr. Emery of Fitzroy, that would be "out of the frying pan into the fire." Had he continued L. S. of Fitzroy, I might still be L. S. of Torbolton. Mr. Emery is thrust out without cause assigned. I am thrust out on false charges. Strange coincidence of events. The coast is clear for Mr. Corrie a M. Preacher. And, doubtless, last "Sawbath" did many fervent thanksgivings burst forth from pious Torboltian bosoms, for the great deliverance from two such unconverted sons of Belial, providentially displaced to make way for a true believer!

My apology for so many words on a matter apparently so trivial is, that it is really an affair of great interest to this county. If I simply lost Torbolton; if Mr. S. had quietly removed me, it would have cost me little thought and less writing. But he casts a doubt on my efficiency as a township superintendent, thereby to ruin my chances for the whole county, or half of it. One or two county superintendents will probably be nominated by the County Council next year. As a churchman, and a candidate for this office, I must be defeated. The thin end of the Radical wedge has been inserted in Fitzroy and Torbolton; and I dare say that the municipal elections next January will show that it has split the county, but not exactly in the direction Mr. Smith and his friends desire.

Yours truly,
J. MAY, M.A.,
L. S. S. for March and Torbolton.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The fire which in a ridiculously short space of time totally destroyed Desbarats' most substantial, and apparently time-enduring block of buildings on Sparks-st., leaving scarcely a rack behind, burying up all his vast iron machinery, and iron chests, and consuming everything consumable, converting the walls into lime dust, and which had also swallowed up, as it were in a moment, the means of livelihood of a hundred families, was scarcely extinguished, when, with laudable public spirit, a number of our leading citizens called a public meeting to take measures for the relief of the destitute. The meeting was held, resolutions passed, the public spirit, the enterprise and the generosity of Mr. Desbarats were extolled, the want of water works was deplored, and a benevolent committee was named to seek out the destitute. Will you be kind enough Mr. Editor, to inform me if the destitute have yet been found, and if so to what extent public relief has come to the assistance of public sympathy?

Yours, &c.,
AN INQUIRER.

OTTAWA, February 5, 1869.

"Cartoons of Raffaelle."

Seven chromolithographs in *fac simile* of the celebrated "Cartoons of Raffaelle" are now on exhibition and for sale at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st.

The "Cartoons of Raffaelle" it has been truly said "are England's chief treasures of art." For centuries they have been the admiration of all who appreciate the true and the beautiful in art. Critics of every nation have lauded this rare collection of paintings as being not only matchless specimens of the genius of the greatest master in ancient or modern times; but, also, as powerful incentives to virtue and religion. Their history extends far into the past. Raffaelle produced this series in 1513 and 1514, from which tapestries were wrought to decorate the interior of the Sistine Chapel. They were afterwards purchased by Charles I., acting under the advice of Rubens. They have frequently been engraved, but no copies at all comparable with the great originals have ever been given to the public, till a most accomplished engraver, the late Thomas Hollowell, under the immediate patronage of George III., undertook the task, and about forty-five years after the work was accomplished, and the *seven engravings* were produced. The engraved plates were destroyed, according to contract, so that it is very rarely that a set of these cartoons are offered for sale. No copies, except those issued by the present publishers, are *fac similes* in colour of the original "Cartoons of Raffaelle." 959a

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

QUEBEC.—The Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the chest of mixed tea at 55 cents I received is excellent in quality, and fully 20 cents cheaper than I have been paying. Your obdt. servant, THOS. TRUDEL.

BOARD OF SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

OTTAWA, February, 1869.

Present—Charles McCarron, Esq., chairman; Messrs. J. Larose, S. Champagne, P. Dufour, Wm. Finley, Dennis Egan, Wm. Kehoe, and J. W. Peachy.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

Several communications and an account of Mr. R. O'Reilly were read and laid on the table; also report No. 1 from the Committee on Finance and Assessment.

On motion of J. Larose, seconded by Wm. Finley, the report of the Finance and Assessment Committee just read, was received and adopted.

REPORT NO. 1 OF FINANCE AND ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1869.

To the Chairman and Board of Separate School Trustees.

GENTLEMEN,—Your Committee in this their first report, beg leave to submit that having had under consideration the several accounts and petitions referred to them by the Board, would recommend that five dollars and fifty cents be allowed each of the following gentlemen for their services as returning officers for 1868, viz.: James Joynt, Dr. St. Jean, Robert O'Reilly, James Clarke, and Archibald Graham.

They have examined the account of James Joyce amounting to three dollars and fifty cents, and would recommend payment thereof.

They would also recommend a remission of taxes to the following persons for 1868, viz.: Jean Baptiste Bazin, Nicholas Cooper, Francis Desjardins, Mrs. Leon Ethier, widows Charles Lamarche, Regan, Daniel Kelly and Robillard, and Mrs. Joseph Asselin, amount on assessment roll; Mrs. Duignan one-half of the amount claimed from her.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
(Signed,) WM. FINLEY, Chairman,
JOSEPH LAROSE,
SERAPHIN CHAMPAGNE,
DENNIS EGAN.

On motion of P. Dufour, seconded by Seraphin Champagne, the account of R. O'Reilly, and the petitions of Mary Murphy, Richard McCann, and James Latchford were referred to the Committee on Finance and Assessment.

On motion of Wm. Finley, seconded by S. Champagne, the Collector was authorized to receive silver at par for all monies due the Board for taxes, and rate bills, until 1st of March next.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. PEACHY,
Sec.-Treasurer.

LOCAL NEWS.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Speaker Cockburn left town yesterday.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—The Board of Common School Trustees should have met on Thursday evening, but there was no quorum.

VISITORS IN THE CITY.—We observe that during the present week there is an unusually large number of visitors in the city, amongst whom are several large contractors from various parts of the Dominion.

AUCTION SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES.—Mr. Rowe, auctioneer, will sell at his rooms, commencing on the 9th inst., a very large and valuable stock of boots and shoes, both men and women's wear. Sale each evening at 7 o'clock.

FALL OF A HORSE.—A horse belonging to Messrs. Wright & Batson fell yesterday on Rideau-st., and a great many sympathisers were attracted to the spot. The poor animal fell down as if in a fit. He was put on a sleigh and drawn away to the farrier's.

THE DISHONEST DESERTERS.—The two soldiers who obtained a horse and cutter from the livery stable the other day with a forged note, and deserted, await examination at Ogdensburg, and if the forgery be proved, will no doubt be extradicted, if they are not, the regiment will be well rid of two bad characters.

THE MARKETS.—The roads continue so bad from the late snow storm, as to preclude the possibility of the farmers from a distance reaching the city. Yesterday, therefore, there was literally no market. This is bad for consumers, and it is bad for the market lessee, who day after day must be losing over twenty dollars.

WILL THE RIFLE BRIGADE LEAVE?—There are rumours about as to the Rifle Brigade leaving the Capital, and their being replaced by the 60th Rifles, now in Montreal. This is at present quite uncertain, and we shall all probably know nothing reliable about it until April. At any rate we shall not be left without some troops.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE.—An eclipse, not of the sun or moon, but of all the many places in Ottawa, where cheap dry goods, clothing, and groceries may be had, may be seen at the store of James McCarthy & Co., Wellington-st., on and after the 8th inst. Rare bargains will be given there as Messrs. McCarthy are about selling out, prior to changing their business.

A COW IN THE RIDEAU.—A cow, the property of a poor man, near the Rideau river, went down the bank a little above the railroad bridge, the other day, to get a drink from a hole made by ice cutters, when, by a false step, she plunged in, and came very near being drowned. Intelligence of the mishap reached the owner, who came to the spot in a state of great excitement, fearing the cow would be lost. Assistance was procured, and after great exertions continued for nearly an hour, the poor beast was rescued to the great relief of the owner.

POLICE COURT.—Thomas Hinchy was brought up on a charge of assaulting his wife. Mrs. Hinchy, no doubt under the influence of fear, reluctantly testified against him, and the hair that she exhibited at the station as having been torn by him from her head, was not produced in evidence. If it had, and if the police magistrate had known half the injuries inflicted on her, the prisoner would have received different treatment. The case was adjourned for one week to give him one more chance of altering his conduct towards his wife. And if he do not, little mercy will be shewn him.

Sarah Sullivan who was found drunk and half frozen on one of the back streets in Lower Town, was sent to jail for three weeks.

Patrick Buckley was fined $1 and costs, for furious driving.

BEGGARS.—Notwithstanding the mildness of the winter and the comparative cheapness of the staple articles of daily consumption, there are perhaps a larger number of beggars about the city soliciting alms than for years past. They are chiefly boys and girls of from seven to fourteen years of age. Most of them in the back streets seem to be content with a piece of bread, or whatever may be given to them, but a good many women are going the rounds of the front streets, and most of these prefer a penny in cash to three pennyworth of food, and it is to be feared that many do so because they can spend the money in drink. This, of course, is not certain, because many of them plead for a penny or two, to enable them to buy firewood. As we cannot, therefore, be certain that these poor creatures are actuated by improper motives, it is better that charity should err on the side of mercy, than that the poor should be sent empty away to cheerless homes, to suffer from hunger and cold. There is no doubt but much destitution exists in our midst, and an extensive field is open for the exercise of charity. The various benevolent societies are doing much for the relief of those of their several nationalities; but there are many cases of heart-rending distress that never come to their notice, and consequently pine in unobserved wretchedness and want. If committees of wealthy people were organized in each ward to search out cases of poverty within their own limits, they might be the means of doing much good, and saving many poor families from hunger and cold. A morning's walk, or drive, on errands of mercy like this, would afford to minds happily constituted to take pleasure in it, quite as much enjoyment as many other sources to which recourse is had for pleasure.

THE MOOSE.—On the last day of January, the legal season for deer hunting in the Province of Quebec, terminated. It would be well, in the sporting world, if every one in that Province respected properly the rights and privileges of the poor deer during the close season. It may not be generally known, (but it is nevertheless the case,) that the larger numbers of deer of the moose species slaughtered in any year, are assassinated, if we may be allowed to use the term, during the close season. When the snow is three or four feet deep in the latter end of February and March, they are thus killed chiefly by Indians, often only for their hides, and occasionally by more civilized *sportsmen* (?) who do not consider their list of achievements in the forest complete without a few unlawfully-slain moose as the trophies of their pot-hunting, or rather head-hunting capabilities. In old times below Quebec and up the St. Maurice River the officers of the garrisons stationed at the Ancient Capital, and others too, indulged in the truly unsportsmanlike habit of killing large numbers of those noble animals, carrying away their tongues alone, and leaving the remainder of the carcasses of the gigantic game a prey to the wolves and the caicajou. This disgraceful mode of hunting has happily ceased. It could not be tolerated at the present day. The chief destroyers of the deer of every species, and particularly the moose and cariboo, are the Indians, who killed vast numbers of them in the close season. We cannot comprehend why this is allowed, while no exception in their favour is made in the Statute. The descendants of the ancient tribes of Indians, who are now, as it were, pestering out a wretched existence in the outskirts of civilization in Canada, are well known to be a miserable and improvident race of mortals, possessed of the majority of the white man's vices, with few of his virtues to balance the account. If left entirely to themselves, the modern mongrel representatives, of old Pontiac, Tecumseb, and Brant would soon exterminate the rapidly disappearing remnants of the numerous races of fine wild animals which once inhabited our forests. Legislation has wisely stepped in to protect the Indian not only against his rapacious self, but to protect white sportsmen of the legitimate stamp against the lupine propensities of the Indian and his kindred hunter of more civilized pretentions. We trust the Game Law will be strictly enforced throughout the Province of Quebec, to the boundaries of which, the moose and cariboo are chiefly confined, so that those noble animals with their lesser congener the *cervus virginianus*, may be allowed to enjoy their winter in peace under the shadow of their own pine and cedar none daring to make them afraid.

PORT OF BELLEVILLE.

Total amount of imports and duty collected thereon at Belleville, for six years, ending 31st December, 1867:—

	Average value.	Average duty.
Value of goods imported	$757,663	$126,277
Duty collected thereon	$70,822	$11,803 76
Value of goods imported 1868,	$198,219	
Duty on goods imported 1868,		$21,028 18
Difference in favour of 1868 over preceding years	$71,947	$9,224 42

Say 78 per cent, or had not the duty been taken off corn, over one hundred per cent increase in 1868 over the average collections of six years preceding.—*Belleville Intelligencer.*

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street.
(All seats free.)
REV. DR. BEDFORD JONES and REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS.
Services To-morrow.—Holy Communion 8 a. m. Morning Prayer 11 a.m. Evening Prayer 7 p.m.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET, M A, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7 Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET, M A, Curates.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.
Military Service—Chaplain, Rev. T. D. Phillips, M.A.—in the Sussex-street Chapel at 9 a m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.
REV. GEORGE NOEL HIGGINSON, M.A., Clerk in charge.
Service in the New School House. Morning Service at 11. Afternoon Service at 4:30. Holy Communion on the first Sunday in the month at 11 a. m., and on the 3rd Sunday in the month at 8 a. m. The services are maintained by the offertory.

St James Episcopal Church—Hull.
REV JOHN JOHNSTON.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W PICKETT.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev. EDWARD EBBS, Minister.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D MCPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly St.
Rev. T. WARDROPE.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev MR MOORE.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street, at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. DANIEL M. GORDON.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev MR. HARPER.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts.
Rev. S. G STONE
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. GUILIARD, P P
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mas. —8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull,
REV E J W ROBERTS.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature o NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where 578y

DIED.

In this city, on the 4th instant, Emily Thornton, only child of Mr. Newill Bate, aged 4 months.

Funeral this morning [Saturday 6th,] at eleven o'clock, from the residence of her father, Besserer-st. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited.

Auction Sale.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at his sale-rooms, commencing on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9TH, 1869,

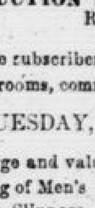
A large and valuable stock of BOOTS, &c., consisting of Men's Boots, Congress Gaiters, Winter Boots, Slippers, &c. Ladies' ware in Gaiters of every description, both winter and summer. Misses Boots of every description, Children's Ware, &c.

This will be a rare opportunity to secure boots and shoes, as the stock is large and well assorted and will be sold

WITHOUT RESERVE.

Terms of Sale—Cash in bankable funds.
Sale to commence each evening at 7 p.m.
A. ROWE,
987tf Auctioneer.

D. R. LEAVENS,



AGENT FOR THE NEW METALLIC

"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principal employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated

"MINER'S SAFETY LAMP,"

is strictly adhered to, rendering it safe from

THE POSSIBILITY OF EXPLOSION;

besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor*. If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking: this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal, and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

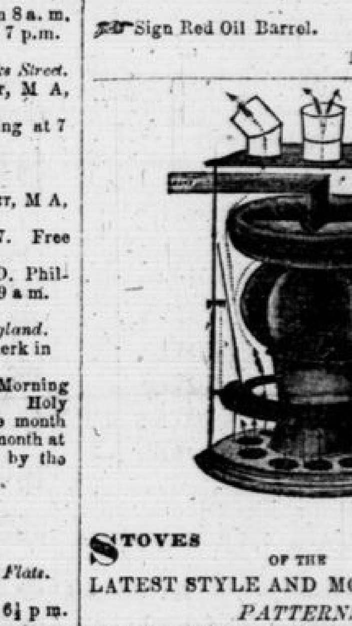
THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.
Call and see them at the

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.

☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.



STOVES

OF THE

LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED *PATTERNS,*

Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Just Received PRAIRIE HENS,

PARSON'S CELEBRATED

HAMS, BACON,

And CHEESE.

CAMPBELL'S SUPERIOR BACON

And SMOKED TONGUES.

FINNAN HADDIES, PORTLAND BLOATERS, } McEwan's Curing.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 967tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.
January 28, 1869. 959tf

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 82
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 32
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value,
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNEL
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for the season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours. Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

☞ Keep a look out for the emblem of unity the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 6, 1869.

CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir John YOUNG, Baronet, one of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas Her Majesty the Queen by letters patent, under the great seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster, on the twenty-ninth day of December, in the thirty-second year of Her Majesty's reign, has been graciously pleased to constitute and appoint me to be Her Majesty's Governor General in and over the Dominion of Canada, to and during Her Majesty's will and pleasure, and Her Majesty did thereby authorize and command me to do and execute all things in due manner that should belong to my said command, and the trust reposed in me according to the several powers and directions granted or appointed me by that Her Majesty's Commission, and of the Act of Parliament passed in the thirtieth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled "The British North America Act, 1867," and the instructions given me with such commission, or by such further instructions as may hereafter be given by Her Majesty under her sign manual and signet, or by Her Majesty's order in Her Privy Council, or through one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State and according to such laws as are now and shall hereafter be in force in the said Dominion; Now KNOW YE, and I have therefore with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, thought fit to issue this Proclamation to make known Her Majesty's said appointment; and I do also hereby, and with the same advice, require and command that all and singular Her Majesty's Officers and Ministers in the said Dominion of Canada, do continue in the execution of their several and respective offices, places and employments, and that Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom it may concern, do take notice hereof and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at Montreal, this SECOND day of FEBRUARY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and in the thirty-second year of Her Majesty's reign.

JOHN YOUNG.

By Command,
HECTOR L. LANGEVIN,
Secretary of State. 967-3

Latest by Telegraph.

For Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Discovery of a Gang of Robbers on the Island—They all Manage to Escape—The Ball of the 29th Regiment—Endowment of Queen's College, &c., &c., &c.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 5.

A gang of freebooters have been discovered on the island, but none were captured. A booth having been erected on the eastern end of the island, the Chief of Police sent a squad to investigate its nature. On approaching they were confronted by three men with guns levelled, threatening them with death in case they advanced a step. Four more shortly appeared, reiterating the threats of their predecessors. Some were recognised as late inmates of the jail. The police seeing mischief was meant, sent for aid to the city, but before it arrived the parties managed to escape off the island in a boat. On entering the booth it was found to contain a large quantity of articles lately reported to the police as missing. The larder was being stocked with lobsters, sardines, cigars, &c., in addition to the more solid elements of life. The eldest of the party is not over 21 years of age. Some of them are respectably connected.

Rumours are circulating to the effect that the troops will not move, but nothing definite has yet appeared.

The ball of the 29th Regiment last night was a most brilliant affair. Officers from all the garrisons in the Province were present, and several of the United States army. Some of the latter are now at the Rossin House.

Over $4,700 have been subscribed for the endowment of Queen's College, and more is expected.

The bishop of Rupert's Land acknowledges about $270, and has promised a subscription of $120 per annum, for the endowment of a theological chair at St. John's College.

MONTREAL.

The Governor's Movements in Montreal—Adjournment of the Quebec Assembly—Mr. Workman Declines Re-election as Mayor—Investigation into the Catastrophe at St. Patrick's Hall, &c., &c.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 5.

The Governor-General, this morning, visited the schools of the Christian Brothers, where he was presented with an address. Afterwards His Excellency, accompanied by his staff, drove up by Victoria Square, and halted opposite the St. Patrick's Hall. While admiring the handsome exterior of the structure, he expressed deep regret that so fine a building should have suffered so great a disaster. At one o'clock His Excellency was entertained by Mr. George Stephen, at his residence, where a small party were assembled, and partook of a sumptuous cold collation. This evening Sir John Young, Lieutenant-Governor Howland, Generals Wyndham, Bissett, and Walker, and a brilliant company, dined at St. James' Club. His Excellency leaves at nine o'clock a.m., to-morrow, for Ottawa. Lieutenant-Governor Howland leaves at the same hour for Toronto.

Mr. Workman having positively declined re-election as Mayor, Alderman Lyman, or Alexander, are spoken of as his successor.

Owing to the illness of Hon. Mr. Dunkin, and the absence of Sir George E. Cartier, and the delay in the printing of bills, the Quebec Assembly, by a vote of 41 to 13, to-night adjourned until the 16th instant.

Messrs. Hutchison, Scott, Rastrick, architects, began an investigation into the catastrophe at the St. Patrick's Hall this morning.

It is said that the Governor has expressed as his opinion, that Montreal should be the seat of Government, and that he will use his influence to have it brought here.

Several known Fenians here left for the States, fearing a revelation by Whelan.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 5.—There was a large meeting here last evening in favour of granting an amnesty to Fenian prisoners.

Preparations for the meeting of Parliament are nearly completed.

In the House the Hon. Henry W. Cowper will move, and Mr. Mundilla will second, the address to the Queen.

Lord Clarendon's health is much improved, and it is expected that he will soon be obliged to retire from the Foreign Office.

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 5.—The increase of bullion in the Bank of France for the past week was 9,800,000f.

The Marquis of Moustier, late Minister of Foreign Affairs, died to-day.

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 5.—Espartero has refused to accept a seat in the Cortes to which he was recently elected.

The erection of a synagogue in this city has been licensed by the authorities.

GREECE.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 5.—The Powers participating in the Paris Conference have granted a brief space of time for Greece to decide on the proposal.

King George has returned to Athens, and is engaged in forming a new Cabinet. He finds great difficulty in completing the Ministry, owing to the hostility of the Greeks to the Conference; but it is announced that Gealmes has consented to act as Premier, and Dalijannis as Minister of Foreign Affairs, both of whom are favourable to the Conference. Other seats in the Cabinet have also been filled with Ministers who will consent to sign the protocol.

Great excitement prevails at Athens. M. Bulgaris, the retiring Prime Minister, is immensely popular, and extensive demonstrations of sympathy are made in his favour by the citizens.

ALGERIA.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, February 5.—Despatches from Algeria announce that the insurgents were met by the troops, and after a sharp engagement were routed and dispersed.

CUBA.

Rumour Denied—The Mexicans Accuse Johnson of Hinting at Annexation.

HAVANA, February 4.—The rumour that the revolutionary Generals Cespedes and Aquilera have surrendered to Count Valmaseda proves untrue.

The Mexican papers accuse President Johnston and Minister Rosecrans for hinting at annexation in their public utterances.

HAYTI.

The Revolution Reported Failing.

The *Herald's* Port au Prince letter dated January 14th says President Salnave was still in the south superintending the military operations. Jacmel, Jeremie, and Anses Veau, were expected to surrender into his hands at any moment. It was reported that France was negotiating with the rebel leaders for the interest on the debt due her.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 5.—The Steamer *Rising Star*, from Aspinwall, brings $114,000 in Treasure.

Fires at Valparaiso have occasioned a loss of property to the amount of several hundred thousand dollars. A number of persons perished in the flames.

The Bolivian government has given out a contract to Robert Brown for the construction of a Railroad from Cobia to Patosi. The estimated cost is 25 or 30 millions of dollars. Peru has agreed to extend the Tacua Railroad to the Bolivian frontier, whence Sarwan & Co., agree to continue it to Lapos for five millions sterling.

Two ships has arrived at Valparaiso in 80 days, from Glasgow, within a quarter of an hour of each other. They sailed together, b only sighted each other once during the voyage.

Eight lives were lost by the wreck of the Italian Bark *Oberón*, on the coast of Chili.

The Peruvian expedition, under the charge of ex-Admiral Tucker, formerly of the Confederate navy, has demonstrated that the Denryll river is the true course of the Amazon, and not the Macanon, as formerly supposed.

A serious row occurred at Aspinwall, January, 22nd, between some sailors from the United States steamer *Tallapoosa*, and some two hundred Jamaica negroes. One of the sailors was killed.

LATER.—Venezuela papers contain the following news: The vomit is still prevalent at Coracas. Count Barthelide, La Ville, the Italian *Charge d'Affaire*, died of it. It appears that a great majority of the people prefer Roperto Monagas for president.

ST. DOMINGO AND ST. THOMAS.

NEWS VIA HAVANA.

HAVANA, February 5.—Later advices from St. Domingo state that the town of Scybo, in a Province of the East, has pronounced against Baez, and is in open revolution.

A vessel just arrived from St. Thomas reports that the project for annexation to the United States is watched with a great deal of interest.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Progress of the Central Pacific Railroad.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 14.—The Central Pacific Railroad has been completed 510 miles east of Sacramento, leaving 240 miles to be built. The track is being laid at the rate of three to four miles a day.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, February 5.—The steamship *Cambria*, from Europe, has arrived.

NEW YORK, February 5.—The steamship *Hecla*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

The Revolutionary Party of St. Domingo Applying for Annexation.

The *Tribune's* special says Mr. Angenard, a resident of St. Domingo city, arrived here two weeks since. He waited upon Mr. Seward, presenting his credentials from President Bazo, of the Republic of St. Domingo, according him plenary powers for the annexation of that Republic to the United States. The conditions of the proposed annexation are the paying on our part of the indebtedness of that Republic, amounting to several millions, with full recognition of its territory, and people, as an integral part of our own, and the establishment of a territorial government therein.

Pardon of Dr. Mudd.

The President to-day directed a pardon to issue for Dr. Mudd, the assassination conspirator, now confined at the Dry Tortugas. Efforts are being made also to secure the pardon of Arnold and Spangler.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The U. S. Senate.

WASHINGTON, February 5.—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee have not yet taken up the consideration of the protocol to the *Alabama* treaty, and no day has been decided on for its discussion. The question, when it does come up, rests entirely with the chairman of the committee, and he has not yet mentioned a word on the subject. The indications now are that there will be no action taken on it even in committee during the present session of Congress. The best opinion on the subject is that the committee will present an adverse report on it, if they report at all.

Railroad Accident.

SCRANTON, PA., February 5.—A passenger train on the Lackawanna and Bloomsbury Railroad ran off the track at Beach Haven this morning. Many persons were injured, but not one fatally. The Hon. Galusla A. Grow was severely burned.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, February 5.—The steamer *Russia*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

NEW YORK, February 5.—The bark *America*, supposed to have aboard some of the passengers rescued from the steamship *Hibernia*, is at anchor outside the bar.

Failure of a Dry Goods House.

PHILADELPHIA, February 5.—Rickey, Sharp & Co., dry goods dealers, have failed for $500,000; assets $300,000.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 5.—American Exchange 49¼. Gold 135.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 5.—Cotton firm at 30½c.—Flour unchanged; receipts 3,800 barrels; sales 3,400 barrels at $5.65 @ 6.02 for superfine State and western; $6.80 @ 7.10 for common to choice extra State; $6.55 @ 7.40 for common to choice extra western.—Rye flour quiet at $2.52 @ 3.—Wheat steady; receipts 150 bushels; sales 26,000 bushels $1.57 for No. 3 spring in store; $1.60 for No. 2 delivered; $1.62 for No. 1 and 2 do. mixed; $2.15 for white Michigan.—Rye quiet; receipts 1,000 bushels at $1.68.—Corn firm; receipts 18,000 bushels; sales 48,000 bushels at 87c. @ 90c. for new mixed western; $1.02 for old mixed western delivered.—Barley quiet; sales 3,300 bushels Canada at $2.15.—Oats firmer; receipts 3,000 bushels; sales 27,000 bushels at 76c. for western in store; 77c. @ 77½c. for do. afloat.—Pork firmer at $32.75 @ 33.33 for new mess; $32 for old mess.—Lard easier at 19½c. @ 20½c. for steam; 20½c. @ 21c for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 5—p. m.—Consols 93 for money; Bonds quiet and steady at 76½; Stocks easier; Erie at 36.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 5—p. m. — Cotton steady; uplands 12½d.; chesa 10s.; flour 26s.; red wheat 9s. 9d. @ 9s. 10d.; white wheat 11s. 5d. @ 11s. 6d.; corn 33s. for old; 31s. for new; barley 5s.; oats 3s.; peas 44s.; pork 97s. 6d.; lard 78s.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.4m

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on han a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT. This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

WANTED,

FOR 1st MAY NEXT,

A COMFORTABLE HOUSE, of 8 or 9 rooms, in a pleasant part of the city, without a basement kitchen. Garden preferred. Address, "HENRY," TIMES Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 3, 1869. 955tf

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

38 Sparks-st., Ottawa

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,

Improved Perfumed Distributors,

&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,

Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,

Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 956-3m

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

☞ Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

☞ In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

☞ The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700	YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180	" all wool DUTCH do
575	" UNION do.
1925	" 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450	" 3 do do
200	" PRINTED DRUGGETS
225	" GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575	" "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750	" do BRUSSELS do
225	" WOOL STAIR do
150	" TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS.

☞ All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

☞ The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks.

☞ All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,

Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The argest collection in t Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

STATIONERY, &c.

J. DURIE & SON have received 1 case Segar's Tracing Vellum, best quality.

ALSO,

A Choice Lot of Valentines, (English,) direct from the manufacturers, wholesale and retail.

J. DURIE & SON.

NEW BOOKS.

Greater Britain, by Dilke; Tricotrin, by Ouida; Life of Christopher Columbus, by Arthur Helps; Cassell's Life of Lord Brougham; Chambers's Journal, 1868, (bound); the Book of Chess, by Selkirk; the Child Wife, by Mayne Reid.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON,

10 Sparks-st.

TO LET.

From 1st May next, a BRICK HOUSE and GARDEN, at present occupied by Mr. Leslie, on Maria-st., west of Bank-st.

Apply to

966tf A. McGAW.

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery,

China, and

Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards;

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods.

☞ Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,

General Agent.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

☞ LOW PRICES, ☜

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,

NOTE PAPERS,

ENVELOPES,

FOOLSCAPS,

FOLIO POSTS,

RECORD PAPERS,

TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,

MUSIC PAPER,

&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

Stationery and Printing House,

Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868. The Tea Pot, Ottawa

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100	BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100	do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100	do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

	REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
	REDPATH'S STANDARD do
	NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100	BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500	CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100	CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150	CHESTS TWANKAY.
200	CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100	BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.
500	BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300	BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Corrected expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1869.

There was no market yesterday. This is doubtless attributable to the bad state of the roads, which are all blocked up with snow.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
GRAIN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 58	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	26 00	@	27 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@	18 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOMB.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: The Congou Tea you sent me in December last, gives great satisfaction, and is much superior to anything of the kind at that price, which we have been accustomed to get from other houses in your city.

Very truly yours, W. E. JONES.
Richmond *Guardian* Office, Richmond.

WINFIELD.—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.
To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder*. [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon*.

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENY,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times*.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. REED.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality. —Brantford *Courier*.

QUEBEC.—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly,

P. A. DROLET.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet*.

We advise our grocers, farmers, and others to read carefully the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. In presence of the general dullness of business in these counties, merchants who desire to push their business profitably would do well to give them their orders, as from their direct fresh importations, and small wholesale profits, merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give them a call, as their terms are of the most liberal character.—*True Patriot, Thorold.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons, Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock.............................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.
Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.
Secretary. H. B. REEVE.
Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.
General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprize.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Banger	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866........$ 551,971 40	December, 1867........$576,135 19	Increase........	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67 1,594,644 96	Jany., Feb., March,'68 1,727,939 55	Increase........	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67, 1,559,778 79	April, May, June, '68, 1,749,631 52	Increase........	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,f 11,552 47
1863	3,269,412 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,900,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

		MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do do	Montreal	333	30
Do do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do do	Kingston	160	25
Do do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	Actual Cost, Both Tariffs.			
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c		
	Buffalo to New York	50c	Reduced to Canada Money	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c		
	Buffalo to Philadelphia	75c	Reduced to Canada Money	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c		
	Buffalo to Washington	90c	Reduced to Canada Money	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c		
	Buffalo to Baltimore	85c	Reduced to Canada Money	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit	60c		
	Detroit to Chicago	75c	Reduced to Canada Money	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c		
	Buffalo to New Orleans	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Prise, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

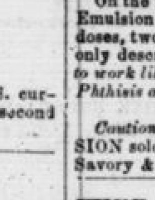
Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR CASES of CONSUMPTION treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL

BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m. dw

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w180y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke and Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,* Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

K. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st. 711tf

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND, [Post Office Block,]

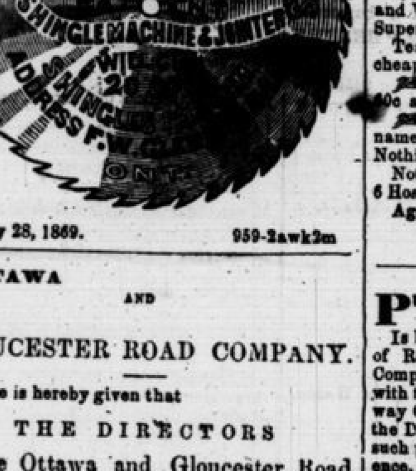
Have Just opened out

VALENTINES,

suited to all tastes, and at prices ranging from 1 penny upwards.

The *Daily Globe, Gazette,* or *Toronto Telegraph* supplied at 10 cents per week.

February 2, 1869.



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,

W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 52t9d

LOST,

ON SATURDAY LAST,

In Wellington-st., a BLACK WATER SPANIEL DOG, about 7 months old. Any person giving information at this office, which may lead to its recovery, will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Feb. 2, 1869. 964-3

CAUTION.

NARCISSE LACHAPELLE having left my employ contrary to the terms of his agreement I hereby forbid any person or persons from hiring or harboring him after date of this advertisement.

ROBERT SKEAD.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1869. 964-3

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS.
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Teas. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souna Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fin Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,

E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 921-2td

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7:15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10 a m
Night do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at ......8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at via Vermont Central.	3:30 p m
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 1 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

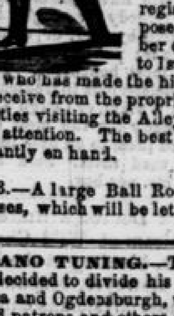
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE
PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT, ... Desbarats's B...
Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect ... to insurers, and immediate payment of ...

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 18...

No. 16½.

The following Insurance Company ha... a license to transact the business of Life In... in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. Joh...
For the Minister of F...
JOHN LANGTON...

I have this day, deposited with the Rece... General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition ... the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy T... sand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds...

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has b... appointed Counsel to the Company for the D... ion. All legal matters will be referred to h...

B. R. CORWIN

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
Mr. JOHN LESLIE
Sparks-st...
Agent for Ottawa and Vic...
For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER

AND

UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate p...

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG...

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut ...).

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over ... years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE.—At the West End Rideau... Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of Housebuilders' ... Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices ... in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, ... and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, ... niture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY
JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton, Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of B... and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, ... English style.

936.3m No. 7, Lower Town Market ...

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS in the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this ... of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT,
960b JOHN S. HEN...

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. ... Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated ... Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the best medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-st., Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 35, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES C... Managing Director. ALEX. ... Editor.

VOL.

DIRECT

OPORTO, S...
AND
Consisting of
PORT, SHERI...
AND SCOTC...
PICKLES, SAUC...
&c.,
FROM CROSS...

A FULL assort... BEST in marke...
TABLE and Coo... &c.
FLAVOURING ... Genuine.
PRESERVED ... to suit the holid...
ALMERIA GR... PORTUGUESE...
50 TINS NEW ... tins.
200 STILTO... size, from ... factory.
SHERRY WINE ... to $3.00.
PORT WINE—G... $4.50.
ALL KINDS of G... according to age...
100 BOXES ... boxes at ...
LABRADOR H... barrels and half ...
10 CASES SCO...
TEAS—Black, Gr... Good, and select...
SUGARS and SY...
COFFEES—Hi... Try them.
TOBACCOS—T... make in cut, tin...
A GENERAL ... kinds of GROC... hand, Wholesale an... POSSIBLE PRICE... trial of the articles w...
For sale at
THOS. ...
Ottawa, November 27, ...

JUST RECEIV...
INDIA W...
No. 16...
And for sale cheap, b...
D. T. BI...
Wholes...
Grocers, Wine a...

FRESH OYSTERS...
PRESERVED OYS...
FRESH HALIBUT...
FRESH SALMON...
FRESH MACKER...
FRESH LOBSTER...
GREEN PEAS
LEMON, GINGER...
Banana, Peach, ... Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VI...
FRY'S Chocolate a...
MOTT'S Cocoa P...
MORTON'S Bloat...
TOMATO and oth...
ANCHOVY Paste...
STRASBURGH M...
POTTED Beef and...
PRESERVES and ...
ORANGE Marmal...
MORRISON, TA...
Celebrated Sugar ... Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon...
PICKLED Macke...
PICKLED HERR...
In Half Barrels, ...
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies...
And a full stock o...
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 186...

BOTTLED AL...
BOTT...
The subscriber w... Families and others t...
FINE BO...
Which is in splendid ...
SCOTCH, I...
And othe...
PORTS, SHERRIE...
To other with ...
FIRST-CL...
A call ... dly sol...
Op...
Ottawa, Jan. 26, 186...

FOR LIVERP...
INMAN LINE OF M...
FROM NEW ...
AND ALTER...
RATES OF PASSAGE
First Cabi...
Liverpool or Queens...
Steerage, ...
Liverpool or Queens...
PASSAGE BY THE TU...
First Cab...
Liverpool or Queens...
Halifax...
St. John's, N.F., by ...
Steerage, ...
Liverpool or Queens...
Halifax...
St. John's, N.F., by ...
Tickets sold to an... Continent, at mo...
For further infor... offices,
or to H...

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 968. OTTAWA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY -, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues,
PRESERVES and Jellies a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
—Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention o Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$160 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Red, Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK STOVES,
BOX STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES,
DOUBLE STOVES,
HOTEL STOVES,
COAL STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,
Red Oil Barrel,
73 Sussex st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to DR. WOOD,
Sparks-st.
953tf

WANTED,

By a gentleman and his wife, board and lodging, in a respectable locality. Address, stating terms, etc., ALPHA, Times Office, Ottawa. 964tf

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

TENDERS OF SILVER

FOR

MY EXPORTATION MOVEMENT

are hereby accepted.

Particulars by circular to be issued

THIS DAY.

W. WEIR

Montreal, February 1, 1869. 962tf

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st.

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS,

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.35.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA, (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Office—17 Sparks-st.

912.3m

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954td

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made upon all cash purchases of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.

Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

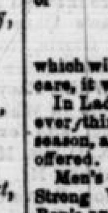
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Moccasins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Moccasins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

944tf

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

JOSEPH HALL

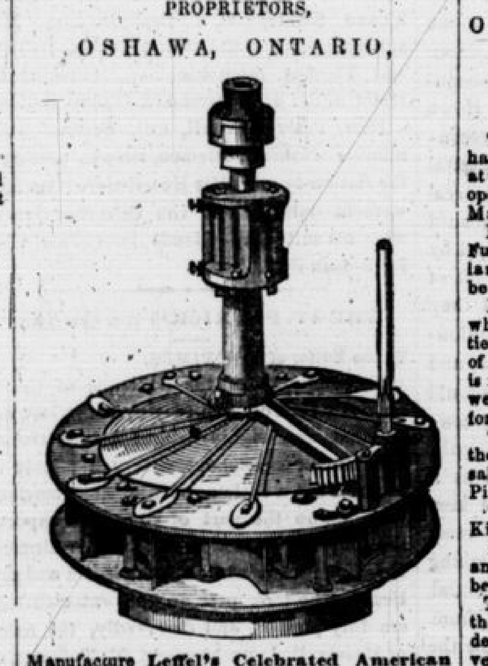
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS,

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2awim OSHAWA, ONT.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DISMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks				
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
63	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines	7	"	1 3
70	do	do Poplin	7½	"	1 0
150	do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, ...6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces	Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for	6 d
160	do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars	6½d
165	do	Good Prints	4 d
303	do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's	6½d
159	do	French Calicos, in choice patterns	8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof		3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000	Flannel Shirts, only	2 6	
1,200	White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9	
500	Under Shirts, only	3 3	
300	Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces	2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting	3 3	worth	5
5	do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1	do	3
81	do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice			

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50 ....OVERCOATS.
4.00 ....heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up ....PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25 ....VESTS.
$8.00 ....Black Broadcloth........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

THE NOVA SCOTIA SETTLEMENT.

Confidential Report by the Hon. Minister of Finance.

MY LORD,

In compliance with Your Lordship's request, I have now the honour to submit the result of the investigations into the financial position of Nova Scotia, as affected by the Union.

The primary object of the enquiry was to ascertain whether the burdens on the people of Nova Scotia are greater now, than they would have been had no Union taken place, and subsidiarly to contrast the position of that Province with the other sections of the Dominion, in order to see whether the financial arrangements, as settled by the Union Act, operate any relative injustice towards them.

I have felt that these investigations, to be of any value, ought to be conducted with judicial impartiality, and that all the facts must rest on the basis of official returns.

Having personally had no participation in settling the financial provisions of the Union, I was able to enter on the enquiry without any preconceived impressions of the justice or otherwise of these provisions.

I have also endeavoured to obtain an accurate comprehension of the main causes of complaint, and weigh them fairly.

It would serve no good purpose to encumber this report with special allusion to all the different minute points of objection which have been taken against the arrangements, or to review the arguments by which it is sought to prove the adverse effect of each separate feature in the scheme on Nova Scotia.

These were presented in the course of the first session by one of the ablest members from the Province of Nova Scotia, and were repeated by the Provincial Treasurer in a debate in the Legislative Council in the month of September last.

I have been favoured with an epitome of them by these gentlemen, and while it will be seen that the points they have raised have been fully considered, and are remarked on in detail in the schedules attached to this communication, I have thought it better to confine my report to the general results, rather than complicate it by attempts to discuss the justice or otherwise of each individual item in the accounts.

Great difficulty has arisen from the imperfect, and in some cases inaccurate character of the returns, to which reference had to be made; and while I believe the general results cannot be seriously affected, I ought not to withhold the expression of my doubts of the perfect reliability of the only data available.

I desire specially to guard myself against being precluded from modifying the conclusions I now convey, should I have evidence hereafter of the erroneous character of these data. I ought also to say that the ultimate practical effect of the fiscal changes on Nova Scotia, cannot for the present be other than conjectural, because in the first place, the changes created in the character of the trade are already very great: in the second, the statistics shew, and that but imperfectly, what those changes have been only up to July last; and in the third place it is obvious both as matter of reason and in light of the experience we already have, that the ultimate and permanent effect cannot be ascertained at the threshold of the Union.

While it was obviously desirable that the questions to be determined should be as few and simple as possible, it was equally so that the results should be tested in a variety of ways, and that all the data on which these results depend, should be submitted for reference.

The leading principles on which the financial arrangements in the Union Act seem to have been based, were to allow each Province to enter the Union with a certain amount of debt per head of the population, as assumed at the time of the Union, at an estimated percentage of increase since the last census in 1861; to pay each Province an annual subsidy of so much per head on the population as ascertained by the census, and on any excess of debt which either might be found to owe, to charge interest at the rate of 5 per cent, deducting the amount from the annual subsidy.

Certain public works belonging to each Province were transferred to the Dominion, while certain others were reserved as Provincial property.

1.—OBJECTIONS BY NOVA SCOTIA.

Nova Scotia, however, disputes the justice of these rules, when practically applied to her circumstances, contending *firstly*, that the population should not have been admitted as the sole basis, either of establishing the debt or payment of the subsidy, but that the extent of previous contribution by each Province to the revenue should also have been considered; that even if the basis of population were just, the estimate of the numbers were unfair to Nova Scotia, because the percentage of assumed increase to her numbers since the census of 1861 is less than allowed to Ontario and Quebec, and below what it should have been; *Secondly*, that Ontario and Quebec, forming the Province of Canada, possessed productive assets, which were retained by them as their own property, brought in revenues that not only prevented their being affected by the stipulated deduction for any excess of debt, but were actually available as sources of additional income beyond the amount contributed by the Dominion Treasury; that Nova Scotia possessed no corresponding class of assets, or if she did, they were by the Union Act taken possession of by the Dominion. She further contends that apart from these considerations of relative injustice, the practical effect on her has been that whereas her tariff on imports from which nearly the entire revenue was derived, and which was the only burden on the people, was on an average less than 10 per cent ad valorem, it has now been raised to upwards of 15 per cent; and that there have been superadded: 1st. Duties of Excise; 2nd. A Stamp Tax; 3rd. A Tax on Bank circulation; and 4th. Additional Postage on Newspapers.

The hardship resulting from the nominal increase in customs, is, as is urged by Nova Scotia, further aggravated by the fact that whereas her products chiefly consisted of ships, lumber, fish and Coal, she had to dispose of these abroad, and consequently had to import nearly all her articles of consumption from foreign countries; thus causing her population to pay a higher sum per head in duties than the people of any of the other Provinces; that therefore the increased duties in customs, is one which peculiarly affects her exceptional position, and that the nominal percentage of increase does not represent the real addition to the burdens on her people.

It is further urged that notwithstanding this increase on her burdens, the total amount to be received by her from the Dominion Treasury, and from the Provincial sources of revenue and the assets reserved to her, fall short of what she formerly had, and are less indeed than is necessary to carry on the Government, and provide for the local services which the new constitution has assigned to her.

A variety of other objections have been urged from time to time in detail against the financial provisions of the Union, but I think they are comprehended in those I have stated, viz:—

1st. That the principle of allowing each Province so much debt per head, and paying each a subsidy per head, ignoring the tax paying element, operates practical injustice to Nova Scotia in the circumstances in which she stood, and that even that principle, supposing it to have been just, has been unfairly applied.

2nd. That in the appropriation by the Dominion of public works situate in Nova Scotia, as well as of her local assets and the reservation to Ontario and Quebec of revenue yielding properties and works, there is relative injustice to Nova Scotia.

3rd. That Nova Scotia is not only subjected to increased taxation, but that the principles on which that taxation is imposed operate with special injustice to her; and

4th. It is asserted that if there had been no Union and Nova Scotia had raised her tariff to the extent since done by the Dominion Parliament, it would have produced sufficient to have met her increased liabilities, provided for her local services, and left a surplus beyond; whereas as is contended notwithstanding that increase the revenues left at her disposal are inadequate to meet the services she has customarily provided for.

2.—OBJECT AND EFFECT OF ACCOMPANYING STATEMENTS.

The statements which accompany this report have been prepared with a view of ascertaining how far the calculations,—on which these various grounds of complaint rest,—are supported by facts.

It would be beyond the limit of my duty to offer any further comment on these statements, than is necessary to point out to Your Lordship what they may or may not establish, and in what respect they ought to be taken with reserve.

It is however proper to state that the gentlemen engaged in the preparation of them were instructed, as the various features affecting the results came up, to deal with them all, not with the aim of endeavouring to prove the equity of the existing arrangements, but rather in a spirit of critical examination with the view of discovering in what way the several incidents might possibly be unfair to Nova Scotia. That duty I believe has been faithfully performed.

It will be convenient first to advert to those points which would seem to admit of little reasonable doubt; and (bearing more especially on the 3rd and 4th grounds of complaint) they are:—

a. That there was an increase in the taxation imposed on Nova Scotia after the Union.

b. That the increase was chiefly in customs duties.

c. That previous to the Union, Nova Scotia received considerably more per head of imported goods, both dutiable and free, than the rest of Canada, and paid more per head of duty on imports.

The statement I. shews that the value per head of total imports, for the last five years, were:—

	Canada.	Nova Scotia.	New Brunswick.
1864	$17.07	$34.25	$35.49
1865	15.89	39.55	28.05
1866	19.38	39.37	39.68
1867	20.99	34.52	30.03
1868	21.59	23.28	22.90

That the value of dutiable goods per head, during the same period in Nova Scotia and Canada, [the returns for New Brunswick being incomplete] was:

	Canada.	Nova Scotia.
1864	$11 41	$21.42
1865	10.09	21.42
1866	13.27	28.05
1867	14.25	22.33
1868	13.88	18.83

That the duty paid per head was:

	Canada.	Nova Scotia.	New Brunswick.
1864	$2.44	$2.92	$3.67
1865	2.26	3.14	2.83
1866	2.92	3.76	4.11
1867	2.80	3.32	4.17
1868	2.84	3.21	3.27

It is, however, to be remarked, *first*, that the estimates of the years previous to the Union are based on a higher rate of duty than that which existed in Canada at the time of the Union, inasmuch as the tariff on unenumerated articles was reduced in the session immediately preceding the Union from the ad-valorem rate of 20, to that of 15 per cent; while many articles formerly paying 10 per cent in Canada were made free; and *secondly*, that the rate since the Union is only an estimate, and probably an imperfect one, inasmuch as there have been two changes in the tariff, one in December, 1867, and another in April, 1868, and that the latter change had special reference to articles consumed in Nova Scotia, such as breadstuffs, ship-building materials, etc., from nearly all of which the duties formerly existing were entirely removed, while the tonnage dues on shipping formerly imposed by her have also been repealed. The returns are not yet all complete, and this statement is to be regarded as approximate only.

That there was a sensible reduction, however, in the percentage of customs, is proved by the fact that the returns of the first nine months subsequent to the Union shew an average reduction in customs on the value of dutiable goods of three per cent, as compared with the rate in Canada previous to the Union, and an analysis of the tables of imports into Nova Scotia will show that a large proportion of the articles which formerly paid duty are produced in Canada, and will now be available free to the consumer in Nova Scotia. Keeping these considerations in view as affecting the comparison of the

figures of former years, my further observations of their effect as bearing on objections Nos. 3 and 4 will be found in a subsequent portion of this report.

3.—DIVISION OF DEBTS AND ASSETS.

The objections taken to the appropriation, and the division of the assets and local revenues among the various Provinces, and by which it is alleged the interests of Nova Scotia were injuriously affected, have a necessary bearing on the fairness or otherwise of the principle stated in the first ground of complaint, viz: that an equal *per capita* assumption of debt and payment of subsidy, works unfairly to that Province, which, as is averred, paid more in customs, but had no sources of local revenue, and to which no allowance was made for the Public Works of which the Dominion denuded it.

It will, therefore, be convenient to consider these two objections together.

Your Lordship will see that it was not unnatural that misconception on this point should exist in Nova Scotia, even among the best informed of public men, since they derived their information wholly from the published accounts of Canada, and could not be expected to be aware that many of the items in those accounts represented liabilities on the one side, and assets on the other, which were purely nominal, but which were brought forward from year to year for bookkeeping reasons only.

Ascertaining the strength of this misconception, I caused the communications already alluded to in which these points in the case of Nova Scotia are strongly dwelt upon, and all others within my reach in which any facts that seemed to call for explanation were stated, to be referred to the Auditor General, and in his report will be found clear and exhaustive explanations shewing the extent to which the adjustment of the debts and the apportionment of the local assets affect each Province.

This statement is specially valuable because in it the Auditor General summarises all the objections taken by Nova Scotia, and furnishes such answer to each as the real state of the facts warrant. It will be seen from that statement that the true debt of Canada is not, as is supposed, $88,000,000, but only $72,000,000, and that there has been no appropriation of any assets by Canada to affect the reduction from the former nominal to the latter true figure.

It is believed that this explanation of the true amount of debt will be satisfactory, and supposing, as Nova Scotia desires, that the element, not of population alone, but of contribution to the revenue as well, ought to have been considered in settling a basis for the amount of debt which should be allowed to Nova Scotia, it is obvious that the contribution of Canada, in the way of excise as well as customs, should be taken into account.

Adopting this view, and taking the average of 3½ years anterior to confederation, Nova Scotia would have been entitled to $303,000 more of debt than is allowed her. But if the revenue derived by both Provinces from all sources be considered it would only have been $130,000 more. The calculations made by the Auditor General would seem to bear out these results.

4.—LOCAL REVENUES RESERVED TO ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.

It will be seen that the chief sources of local revenue and the productive assets apportioned to Ontario and Quebec consist of:—

a. Crown Lands and the arrears of money due on them.

b. Certain funds, such as the Upper Canada Building Fund, Common School, and other educational funds.

The funds enumerated under (*b*) undoubtedly yield a considerable revenue, but this cardinal point is to be kept in view in weighing the advantage which the payments on account of them confer on Ontario and Quebec, viz.: that they constitute in great part the excess of debt over the $62½ millions allowed to Canada, and that though the interest on them is paid by the Dominion to certain persons and public bodies in Ontario and Quebec, yet an equivalent amount is deducted from the subsidy payable to these Provinces on the excess of debt.

In other words the excess of debt is mainly created by these trust accumulations; and it would be the same to Ontario and Quebec if they were not paid these revenues, since they would in that case receive the amount by way of subsidy, which is now deducted to meet the interest on this excess of debt payable to themselves.

They are not a distinct source of revenue over and above the subsidy but what Ontario and Quebec receive on these trust monies they lose on the subsidy.

Thus the total debt of Ontario and Quebec is estimated at about $72,500,000, the excess on which interest has to be paid being $10,000,000, or $500,000 per annum; while the interest payable on trust account to Ontario and Quebec is $312,630 per annum.

The crown lands and arrears due on them cannot, however, be regarded in the same light. True, Nova Scotia retained her lands as well, but it is asserted that they are of less relative value.

In order to show what the total revenue of each Province, as well from Dominion as from local sources, will be, a statement has been prepared which it is believed approximates nearly to the actual fact. That statement is based on the receipts of the last three years, and on the assumption that in Ontario and Quebec, of the undistributed crown-land revenues, ⅔ belong to Ontario and ⅓ to Quebec. It shews the following results:—no deduction being made for excess of debt of any of the Provinces:

Revenues from all sources, Dominion as well as Provincial, per head in Ontario	$1.69
Do. New Brunswick	1.65
Do. Quebec	1.62
Do. Nova Scotia	1.36

This statement, it will be perceived, includes the revenue from the various local taxes as well, such as from law proceedings, marriage licenses, &c., &c., and which as they are imposed and paid by the people themselves in the several Provinces, can hardly be regarded as revenue producing assets distributed by the Union Act, though the power to continue to raise them is conferred on the several Provinces. If that power were not exercised the local revenues would be so much less.

This, however, being matter of argument, and there being several kinds of provincial revenue derived from local sources which do not all stand on the same footing, and with respect to which an honest difference of opinion might exist, I have caused a further statement to be prepared shewing the results on all the hypotheses which can arise.

The one which would seem most fairly to embrace the real justice of the case, is that which, after deducting the interest on the estimated excess of debt and the revenue from purely local taxation, gives the following results:

Net revenue per head Ontario	$1.40
Quebec	1.28
Nova Scotia	1.19
New Brunswick	1.46

If the hypotheses contained in this statement be adopted the total revenue of Nova Scotia, estimating her population at 330,857, would be $69,480 less than if she had the same per head as Ontario.

5.—RAILWAYS AND PUBLIC WORKS.

It is objected, moreover, that the Dominion has appropriated the railways belonging to Nova Scotia, and that as Canada has no railways, and made no corresponding contribution to the Dominion, the cost to Nova Scotia of these works should either not have been included as part of her debt, or else she should have been allowed to retain the roads as her own property.

The answer to this argument, it is believed, will be found in the following facts:

1st. That Canada having adopted a different system from Nova Scotia, viz.: that of making advances to companies to build railways instead of building them herself, Canada brings into the Union and gives it the benefit of more mileage of railways in proportion to the population and debt incurred, than Nova Scotia does, viz.: 1 mile to every 1,274 souls, at a cost to the public of $10.77 per head, whereas Nova Scotia brings in but 1 mile for every 2,279 souls at a cost of $19.04 per head.

If the canals and other public works of Canada yielding revenue are included, as it would seem but right they should, it will be found that the charge for public works per head is in Canada $18.61, whereas in Nova Scotia it is $19.04.

2nd. Canada makes a direct contribution of railway property, not, it is true, in the works themselves, but in what is more valuable, in securities bearing a first charge on productive roads, and which securities Nova Scotia and New Brunswick claim shall become the absolute property of the Dominion, without any allowance to Ontario or Quebec in reduction of their debt for what may be realized from these claims, viz:

A. Due by Great Western Company. A good asset....$	3,731,395
B. Due by Northern Company. A good asset....$	274,310
C. Due by Grand Trunk Company. A good asset....$	243,406
D. Other claims which are not now, but may hereafter become valuable, viz.: the advances to the Grand Trunk Railway and Northern Railway, of the nominal sum exclusive of interest of....	$17,454,300

(To be continued.)

RICHIBUCTO HARBOUR.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—I beg to forward you for publication the following resolutions, unanimously adopted at a large and influential public meeting, held in this town on the 16th instant, convened by the Sheriff, in compliance with a requisition from the leading merchants and ship-builders of Richibucto and Buctouche, to take into consideration the condition of the harbours of these ports respectively:

1. Moved by George McLeod, Esq., seconded by L. P. W. DesBrisay, Esq.:

Whereas, The repeated changes in the position of the bar at the entrance of the Richibucto harbour, owing to the shifting character of the sands, have not only led to a vast loss of property in ships and cargoes, but also so injured the character of the port as to render it impossible to obtain tonnage unless at a rate much beyond what the trade of the port can bear, and much in excess of the rate paid at the adjacent ports, in consequence of which premiums of insurance have been correspondingly increased, rendering insurance impracticable at some offices, and to be effected only at extreme rates of premium in others, and owing to which the port, both as regards the extent of its trade and the revenue collected from it, has gradually fallen from the favourable position it once occupied as the fourth port in the Province;

And whereas, It is the opinion of men familiar with the changes which have taken place on the bar for many years past, that such permanent improvement can be effected at a moderate expense as would prevent such changes in the future;

Therefore Resolved, That an application be made to the Dominion Government to cause such measures to be adopted as will remove the difficulties from which the trade of the port is so seriously suffering.

2. Moved by G. Clowes Carman, Esq., seconded by L. P. W. DesBrisay, Esq.

Resolved, That pending the accomplishment of such permanent improvement, an application be made to the Dominion Government to grant a subsidy for a steamer to ply between this port and Shediac, connecting with the Gulf mail steamers, as such steamer, in addition to these services, could render valuable assistance to the shipping visiting the ports of Richibucto and Buctouche without interfering with her regular trips.

3. Moved by Robert Hutchinson, Esq., seconded by Robert Brown, Esq.

Resolved, That copies of these resolutions, signed by the Chairman and Secretary, be forthwith transmitted to the Hon. S. L. Tilley and Hon. Peter Mitchell, with a request that they lay the same before the Government, and also that copies be furnished the Hon. David Wark and Auguste Renaud, Esq., M.P., with the request that they use their influence with and strongly press the matter upon the consideration of the Government.

4. Moved by John Brait, Esq., seconded by John Sutton, Esq.,

Resolved, That a committee of two gentlemen be appointed by this meeting to proceed to Ottawa during the sitting of Parliament to co-operate with the members of Parliament from Kent in the adoption of such a course as will best attain success.

5. Moved by Robert Hutchinson, Esq., seconded by Chas. J. Sayre, Esq.,

Resolved, That the Secretary forward to the principal papers in this Province and in Ontario and Quebec, copies of these resolutions and request the editors to insert the same.

George McLeod and Henry Livingston, Esqs., were unanimously selected to compose the committee referred to in the fourth resolution.

JAMES D. PHINNEY,
Secretary.

RICHIBUCTO, N.B., January, 1869.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Valentines and Song Books—Jones & Holland.
City Hoop Skirt Factory—D. Millar.
First-class Salesman Wanted.
Authorized Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Ottawa *Citizen* Stationery and Printing House.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL and staff returned from Montreal on Saturday evening.

The Hon. Messrs. ROSS and CAMPBELL returned by the same train.

The Hon. HIRAM BLANCHARD, of Nova Scotia, also arrived here on Saturday.

SOUTH LANARK has returned a supporter of the Government of Mr. J. S. MACDONALD in the person of Mr. CODE. Were a general election for Ontario to be held next month, the present Cabinet would secure the support of at least sixty-five out of the eighty-two constituencies. The Ontario Cabinet is in danger from being too strong; but it is safe from the fact that the Opposition is destitute of the material to make a ministry. With the solitary exception of Mr. BLAKE, there is not a man on the Opposition benches who would not disgrace the Province by being made a Cabinet Minister. This is a fact which we presume no "Reformer" will pretend to deny.

THERE are just ninety miles of the Intercolonial Railway up for contract, the tenders for which must be handed in on or before to-day. It is computed that, vicariously, or in person, there are at least ninety railway contractors in this good city at the present time, Micauber-like, waiting for something to turn up. What do the commissioners think of the proposition to give them a mile apiece, and send each and every one of them on their way rejoicing? We make the suggestion, free of charge, and in the hope that if acted upon, it will prevent a great deal of disappointment. It is melancholy to reflect that for division among all these expectants there are but four sections; "and what are they among so many?"

A VERY stupid paragraph, telegraphed from Montreal on Friday night, appeared both in the *Citizen* and TIMES, to the effect that Sir JOHN YOUNG had expressed his preference for Montreal as the seat of Government, and pledged his influence to have it removed there. Without advice, and without consultation with anybody, we pronounce the statement a gross and very clumsy fabrication. No Governor-General, and least of all, a man of Sir JOHN YOUNG's experience and statesmanship, would allow the expression of such a preference, under such circumstances, even did he entertain it, to escape him; and still less would he be indiscreet enough to promise his "influence" to effect the consummation of that or any other movement, having a party or sectional significance. The story is a very absurd creation to tickle the ears of the *quid nuncs*, and we repudiate it only because, it having crept into our columns, we should be sorry to suppose that any one would give us credit for attaching the slightest importance to it. To disturb the QUEEN's settlement of a long vexed question, or to use his "influence" to induce the Parliament of Canada to change the provisions of the British North America Act regarding the capital, are things that will never be perpetrated by Sir JOHN YOUNG, or any of his successors in office.

In connection with this subject, we may be permitted to give one word of advice to the Civil Service corps. From half a dozen different quarters, or more, we were confidentially assured that the Hon. JOSEPH HOWE had made it a *sine qua non* for the reconciliation of Nova Scotia, that the capital should be removed from Ottawa to Montreal and—will anybody credit it?—this absurd rumour was actually swallowed as gospel by gentlemen of the service! Now, the bit of advice we have to give is this: that if they are so gullible as to swallow every ridiculous rumour that silly brains may conceive, and silly tongues pour into their ears, they should at least have common sense enough to conceal their weakness from others not so gullible as themselves. Periodically, and as if this folly were governed by some fixed law, we are treated to reports of the most absurd and ridiculous character, touching some particular and totally inconsequential reason for the removal of the capital from Ottawa; and there are *gobe-mouches* on the press of other cities who treat these absurdities with seriousness! Let us, once for all, stamp these stupid rumours, as utterly without the slightest foundation in fact, and warn their concoctors that should they be repeated, we may take the trouble to ascertain their source; not indeed, that it would be any great consolation to know, but only that it would be some satisfaction to ascertain whose inventive brain can so easily unsettle the cogitations of certain old ladies of the masculine sex whose mouths are ever open for "rumours."

THERE is such a thing as coincidence of thought between different individuals placed in entirely different circumstances. The Montreal *Herald*, viewing all matters relating to Confederation from a standpoint which will scarcely be confounded with ours, appears to have arrived at pretty nearly the same conclusion regarding the *Globe's* criticism on the Hon. JOSEPH HOWE's acceptance of office. After quoting the *Globe's* "moral," which the other day we took no little pains to illustrate, the *Herald* says:

"That is what the poet called 'solemn truth'—alas that we should have to finish the question, and say 'though from an impious tongue.' When the *Globe* undertakes to lecture Mr. Howe on his want of consistency upon any question, and especially upon the question of Confederation, we cannot but feel strongly tempted to take up the cudgels for the Nova Scotian veteran, and say all that can be said in his favour. That perhaps, if we could discuss in a newspaper some matters that might be fittingly considered in a more private way, would be found to be much more than can be said for him, who, even with our recent experience, must be still looked upon as *par excellence* the renegade of Canada. There are a variety of doctrines entertained by different schools of theology and philosophy as to the age of the world. Some follow Moses, some the modern geologists. The Orientals have various systems of their own, and a great many persons, we presume, fairly confess that they know nothing about the matter. We are not sure whether Joe. Smith established a new era for the creation. We believe that his followers, like those of Mahomet, date their public documents from the hegira of their first prophet; but then they admit that there were some things which occurred before that event, besides the birth and extinction of the big mammals, the great ice drift, and the subsequent formation of the present crust. It has been reserved for the chronologists of the *Globe* to fix the beginning of all things at the moment when Geo. Brown joined the 'corruptionists.' Before that darkness must have brooded over the face of the Dominion, or else the art of printing, which we are told is the conservator of all knowledge, must have failed to shed its benign enlightenment over an establishment which one might certainly suppose to be not without that benefit. The writers who are there domiciled evidently have no more knowledge of the Hon. Geo. Brown in his infancy or days of opposition to the Intercolonial Railway and the admission of the Lower Provinces to suck the Canadian milch cow, than we have of the childhood and school boy days of Adam, or of Eve's existence before she 'came out' as a young lady. They suppose him to have suddenly stood forth a fully equipped Unionist, like another Old World hero, without father or mother or descent; but by his essential nature an advocate of Confederation. Well, the founders of eccentric sects are never without their adepts, and we should not wonder to see a *Globe* almanac, with everything made to match the new epoch. But, in the meantime, sticking to orthodoxy in these things as well as in creed, we cannot help believing still in what to the *Globe* is evidently a kind of pre-Adamitic state of existence, and yet in which it is commonly believed that there were some transactions, that being matched and pained with those which have since occurred would make quite as ugly a piece of patch-work as the one our critics have put together for Mr. Howe. Taking our time, however, only from the year 1865, we cannot think Mr. Howe has much reason to envy the hero of the *Globe*. 'Mr. Howe,' says that journal, gets the office; but the men who have really triumphed are the Unionists whom Mr. Howe hounded down.' May we not conclude with a slightly inverted paraphase, and say, 'The men who have really triumphed are the Conservatives whom Mr. Brown hounded down, and Mr. Brown gets—what? A tombstone.'"

We really cannot see that there is any practical difference between the *Herald's* and our own estimate of the "story with a "moral" as applied to Mr. BROWN. Dead he is, politically, beyond the shadow of a doubt, and, therefore, it is that any sign of renewed political life in the "Nova Scotia "veteran" scalds his heart to the very core. But the Montreal *Herald* is unsympathetic, very. It is positively cruel to twit an ancient ally with the possession of nothing better than a (political) "tombstone." However, the old days cannot be forgotten when GEORGE BROWN played the traitor to his Lower Canadian allies. He served them a dirty trick undoubtedly; but they have had their revenge in a hundred different ways. May we not now with success intercede with the *Herald* to let poor G. B. alone. Has he not been scarified enough by hereditary enemies, that ancient friends might leave him alone? Why should the bitter memories of by-gone days be so often thrown in his teeth? Poor GEORGE BROWN! The "Conservatives" who have triumphed at your expense surely owe it to your fallen greatness,—that while you lie in the gutter, no *Rouge*, or Clear Grit, hand should be allowed to rub the mud into your very pores! Against this shameful indignity we solemnly protest.

The Montreal *News* says:

"Petitions are said to be in circulation in Montreal and Quebec, praying the Governor-General to reprieve Whelan. We should like to see the names."

Yes, and so would a good many others.

ARRIVAL OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

His Excellency the Governor-General arrived by the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway on Saturday evening, at a quarter to six o clock. Sir John was accompanied by the Hon. John Rose, Minister of Finance; Hon. A. Campbell, Postmaster-General; Sir Henry Havelock, Bart., V. C., and Lady Alice Havelock; Mr. Turville, Governor's Secretary; Col. McNeill, V. C., A. D. C.; Mr. and Mrs. F. Sloane Stanley; C. J. Brydges, Esq., Managing Director of the Grand Trunk Railway, and Thomas Reynolds, Esq., Managing Director of the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Hon. Peter Mitchell, Col. Bernard and a number of other gentlemen, were in waiting at the station to meet His Excellency. Carriages were in waiting, and the Governor-General with his suite and friends immediately left for Rideau Hall.

THE ST. PATRICK'S READINGS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—As one of the audience at the St. Patrick's Hall on Thursday evening last, and one that was highly delighted with the entertainment throughout, will you permit me to point out a little accidental or intentional omission on the part of your contemporary the *Citizen* in its notice of the entertainment. It is this: That while all the ladies and gentlemen who took part in the entertainment are duly praised, and deservedly, the names of Messrs. P. J. Buckley and T. Tubman, are not even mentioned. This is all the more strange when the fact is that Mr. Buckley had to come before the audience three times, so pleased were they with his singing; and Mr. Tubman was hailed with an outburst of applause when his name was called out by the chairman, and throughout his reading—which was capital—and at its conclusion, the approbation of the audience was conveyed to him in the usual way.

Now, sir, it is my impression, and that of several others who noticed the omission in question, that it has been intentional, and proceeded from some little spite or ill-feeling on the part of your contemporary, which it is a pity was not kept under. To be plain, it was a narrow-minded if not a mean act on the part of your contemporary, and this I am certain is the verdict of every one of the four or five hundred persons who were so well pleased with the efforts of Messrs. Buckley and Tubman on Thursday evening last. If the omission was not intentional, let your contemporary explain himself out of the decidedly unenviable position in which he now stands,

Yours, &c.,
JUSTICE.

February 6, 1869.

THE OTTAWA BRIGADE OF GARRISON ARTILLERY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—Could you inform me what has become of our gallant friends, the Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery, whose *social assemblies were so interesting.*

As I am a lady and do not know whom to ask except yourself, I shall feel under a thousand obligations for your kindness to enquire.

Yours truly,
A FRIEND OF THEIRS.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

LOCAL NEWS.

ST. ALBAN SCHOOL HOUSE READINGS.—Readings and recitations will be given this evening by the Reverend T. Bedford Jones, the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Mr. White and Mr. W. Wilson. Music and songs.

MILITARY GUARD.—The military guard which has performed duty at the jail since the return of Whelan in this city, was doubled on Saturday night, and we understand that the present number of men will remain on guard every night.

THE MARKETS.—The general expectation of a good market on Saturday was again disappointed, and a beggarly account of some half dozen small loads of stuff, and a small supply of hay, was about all that was offered. If this state of things is to last much longer we shall be brought to want.

ATTENDANCE AT THE COMMON SCHOOLS.—The average attendance at the public schools for the month of January (last year) was:

Bolton-st. (Primary School)	59
Central School, east	487
Albert-st. School	93
Queen-st. School	68
Victoria Terrace School	95
Duke-st. School	78
Total	880
Total in the month of December, '68	775

POLICE COURT.—Another lull has taken place in the business of the Police Court. Not a drunkard, nor a peace-breaker, was to be found on the streets on Friday, or during the night. There might, however, have been an arrest made during the night, of a person, or persons, who, contrary to the city by-law, in such case made and provided, carted night soil through the streets, and deposited it on the bank of the Rideau river. This, however, was so carefully done to avoid the vigilance of the police, that the latter cannot be blamed for not observing it, and every effort, we understand, was made on Saturday to discover the offender, and bring him to justice.

I.O.G.T.—A social soiree was given on Friday night by the Good Templars of Prince Albert's Temple, No. 38, Aylmer, in aid of the fund for procuring suitable furniture, &c., for the Temple. The attendance was very good. The chair was taken at eight o'clock and shortly afterwards tea and refreshments were served. This part of the programme having been satisfactorily disposed of, the choir executed in a very creditable manner a number of choice temperance glees. Hon. Malcolm Cameron then delivered an eloquent temperance address in advocacy of the principles of the order. This occupied nearly an hour in the delivery, and was greatly applauded. Other speakers were prevented from attending by the bad state of the roads. The meeting, much pleased with the entertainment, broke up before ten o'clock, thus setting a good example to other evening entertainment parties.

ANOTHER USE FOR COAL OIL?—We do not as a general thing like the idea of destroying a man's prospects of making a fortune, but we do not on the other hand like to see people pay too dearly for that which they might get for nothing. What we wish to say is simply this: There are two men in this city who not being able to succeed in any honest vocation in which they may have been engaged, have now like many another worthless fellow before them resolved to turn quack doctors, and this is their capital. A short time ago they heard a story of coal oil being applied to a dog for the cure, or rather for the killing, of fleas, and in a few days all the hair came off, and the dog was left entirely naked. In possession of this information, they cogitated the matter, and became inflated with the brilliant idea of deodourizing, or disguising, the odour of coal oil, putting it up in small bottles, and advertising it as a newly discovered depilatory, warranted to remove human hair from those portions of the human face divine, where hair ought not, or was not required to grow. They hope by extensive advertising soon to make a fortune. Now every man is justly entitled to reap the labour of his brains as well as that of his hands. But all the brain-work these men have expended on this subject is how to gull the public as quack doctors usually do. They did not even enquire if the dog in question had begun to shed his coat from natural causes before coal oil was applied. They have not obtained satisfactory proof, by experiment, that it will act as a depilatory, and yet have begun seriously to make preparations to enter into business. If this paragraph fail to spoil the speculation, other means will be tried.

DEATH OF CAPT. ROWE.

(From the Whitby Chronicle.)

It is with deep and sincere regret we find ourselves called upon this week to chronicle the death of Capt. Rowe, whose demise took place quite suddenly on last Thursday evening, the 28th ult. Up to the moment of his sudden death, it was remarked that for years before Capt. Rowe had not been looking so well. On the day before, he had been up in town in seemingly good health and spirits; and on that very morning he was in the act of dressing himself preparing to go to the Court House, "to see," as he said, "how the County Council were getting along." For a moment he complained of a dizziness in the head, and without a word dropped on his knees and expired almost instantaneously. Capt. Rowe was in his 70th year, and so had almost reached the allotted age of man, of three score-and-ten. He was born near the town of Mountreath, in the Queen's County, Ireland, in October, 1799, and emigrated to this country about the year 1824. His long life, up to a recent period, was full of vicissitudes. We have often heard him relate how, [now more than] nearly forty years ago, and when woods and swamps covered the distance from the Corners to the Bay, he travelled along with his axe upon his shoulder, and by it won his bread. After many "ups and downs" we find the captain sailing a schooner, the *John Welsh*, which he built and part owned, in connection with his brother-in-law, the late Wm. Richardson. Next he built the *Prince of Wales*, and afterwards became a contractor on the Welland Canal, and subsequently a partner with Mr. James Cotton, (the present proprietor of THE OTTAWA TIMES) in the firm of Cotton & Rowe, as contractors. After the building of the (then) new warehouses, at Port Whitby, he became a partner in the firm of James Rowe & Co, as warehousemen and forwarders, and his connection with the firm continued up to the time of his death. For nearly twenty years he had been in municipal life, occupying successively the seats of township and town councillor, reeve, mayor of the town, and warden of the county; filling each and all ably and conscientiously, and with unanimous public satisfaction. In '61 he was put forward as a candidate in opposition to the present Vice-Chancellor Mowat for the representation of South Ontario, and was defeated. His candidature at the time, however, was more in the behests of party than with any hope of success. In all his relations, public and private, Captain Rowe ever deserved the good will of all with whom he came in contact. Like many of his countrymen he was generous and trusting to a fault, and his hand was always ready as his heart was open to aid the deserving and succour the distressed. It was well and truthfully said by the Reeve of Oshawa, in paying a just tribute to the memory of James Rowe, that, he was "a man of honesty of purpose," and that in his death "one of the land-marks was gone." His death leaves a void in this community that will not be easily filled, and his memory a name that will not be soon forgotten. He contributed during his day and his sphere his fair share towards the improvement and progress of (at least this portion of) his adopted country, and filled all the duties of a loyal subject and good citizen. On Saturday last his remains were interred at the burial ground of St. John's Church.

The pall was borne by Mr. Gerrie, the Mayor, and Mr. Brown, Reeve of the town of Whitby, Mr. Dryden and Mr. Willis, Reeve and Deputy Reeve of the township of Whitby, Mr. White, Reeve of Pickering, and ex-Warden of the County, Mr. T. N. Gibbs, M. P., and also ex-Warden of the County, Mr. J. H. Perry, and Mr. Charles Robinson, Reeve of Thorah, ex-Warden Mr. Thwaite, Deputy-Reeve of the town, and Mr. Wright, the present Warden of the County. The funeral *cortege* was accompanied by a large concourse of our townspeople, including the principal men of the town and the neighbourhood, and numbered the Reeve and Deputy-Reeve of Oshawa and most of the County Councillors in the funeral procession. And the remains of Captain Rowe, free from all petty carking cares of this troubled life were laid silently in the tomb, honoured and respected.

ANTIQUE TREASURE-TROVE.

Important Discovery at Hildesheim, Germany.

From the Pall Mall Gazette, January 14.

The more carefully the antique treasure-trove of Hildesheim, of which we gave a general account a short while since, is examined, the more important its discovery appears. Though they are by no means the only remnants of classical table plate in existence, the vessels that have lately come to light surpass all former *trouvailles* of a similar nature in numbers, elegance, and preservation. About sixty apparently selected specimens of "argentum escarium et potorium" of the best time, representing a metal value of between two and three thousand thalers, have within a few hours rewarded the easy labours of half a dozen Prussian archæologists—privates in the army to wit, who were originally intent upon preparing a shooting ground. Southern Russia, and Etruria, and many another ancient "sacred" spot in north and south, have at various times given up similar treasures, but in most cases the better portion of them disappeared before competent eyes had been allowed to examine them; hence their extreme rarity now. That Tacitus's fancy Germans were so utterly indifferent to gold and silver as he would have us suppose, unless he wishes to imply that they were so brutally stupid that they really did not even know the value of precious metals, we do not believe. We know, however, that many barbarians of their ilk, and even of late times, knowingly destroyed, by melting and breaking up, many a gold and silver vessel that fell into their hands; and when, as late as the Seventeenth century, a number of silver articles were discovered in Baden, near Zurich, and were scrupulously divided among the eight "ruling cities," from every one of these towns they speedily disappeared. Perhaps they gained a larger circulation in a different shape. Finds of a similar kind were reported in this century from Berthouville, in Normandy, in the medicinal springs of Vicarello (the whilom Aquæ Apollinares in Etruria,) into which grateful patients threw their fees, in the shape of gold and silver table services. At Pompeii, as late as 1835, fifteen such vessels were discovered, and that was considered one of the largest and luckiest acquisitions ever made.

The most magnificent of all the magnificent works of art—for such they all are—found at Hildesheim, is unquestionably the cup with the Minerva, to which we called special attention in our former brief enumeration. The gilding upon it, covering both her garments and arms, while it leaves the flesh untouched in clear silver hue, is even at this moment, when it has become nearly black, of the most happy artistic effect. Helmet and ægis, shield and olive garland and owl—her divine attributes—are clear enough; but the mysterious implement upon which the right arm of the goddess rests has not been satisfactorily explained yet. A staff, a plough, a war trumpet, the "crozier" of the augur, all have been suggested, but none will do. In the first place, the instrument is neither of these things; in the next, their connection with Minerva is as yet unknown to archæology.

Next in beauty and workmanship, and fraught with no puzzle for investigators, ranks the great crater, chastely encircled by a garland of leaves and tendrills, between which the sweetest little amorettes with children's faces disport themselves hunting crabs and harpooning cuttle-fish. The other goblets, with their inexhaustible display of artistic invention, their masks, their thyrsus-staves, their hermæ, their flowers, and leaves and branches, are each in themselves a masterpiece of its own kind. One of the smaller cups, in high relief, represents the jolliest little Hercules imaginable; he has just caught hold of certain serpents that have come to kill him, and with his chubby little fingers he strangles them forthwith, laughing at the sport. The two others contain raised figures of Cybele and Attis, or, as Professor Wieseler has it, Deus Lunus, on account of a crescent not commonly found with Attis. But on this and other minute antiquarian points Professor Wieseler has promised to speak in this year's "Winckelmann Programme," the appearance of which has probably been delayed for this reason. It has not reached us yet.

But were these cups intended for use? The question has been negatived, and chiefly because their real beauty only comes out when they are seen in a somewhat slanting position. They would thus have been intended to lean against the back of the show table. Perhaps they were, if used at all, only used for the purpose of receiving the water poured over the heads of the guests after dinner. The question as to the former proprietor is not solved, apparently by the inscriptions on the vessels themselves. We may here observe parenthetically that the "piece of parchment" found with them, and which was supposed to contain some sort of explanation, has turned out on careful examination to be without the slightest trace of character, and to be a piece of honest leather, probably a kind of cover, and not even leather prepared for writing purposes, as it might have been by chance. The inscriptions in the cups are those which we mentioned already, and their reading seems pretty certain in some instances. Lucius, Manlius Bocchus is the name clearly to be made out on several pieces, slightly abbreviated though it be. Next is found M. AVR. C., which may indicate (according to Sauppe) M(arcus) Aur(elius) C(otta), though Schone rightly asks why not M(arci) Aur(unculei) C(eleris) as well? Two further abbreviations are MARS and SH; the former, since there is no "Christian" name to it—a thing very unusual in the Augustan period—perhaps a woman's name, say Marsenia, or Marsidia, the latter Sestia Hospita or Servilia Hilara. All these names, however, seem rather to belong to the manufacturers than the owner. The weights are given very accurately, and in such a manner that the "Abargento," or slave who had the charge of the silver, could at once detect the smallest deficiency; all the pieces belonging to one set—cups, goblets, plates, &c.—bearing the same sign, and indicating not only their individual weight, but that also of the whole set.

One of the most difficult questions in the case is, how did these things get into the Galgenberg, near Hildesheim? The guesses made thereanent and the reference brought to bear from the classics, by way of illustration, are already prodigious. One supposition, and a gladly believed one, is that it was part of the spoil after the defeat of Varus by Arminus. Against this, however, it may be urged that such works of art would scarcely have formed the table-service of a Roman general engaged in a savage warfare; that the Cherusci did not inhabit Hildesheim, but the Chauci, who were the allies of the Romans, and assisted them in their fight against their German friends (Tac. Ann. I. 60, II. 17) in 15 or 16 A. D. The pieces might come rather from a temple in Asia Minor or Mesopotamia, where the *Deus Lunus* and the *Dea Syria* were worshipped. The little Hercules possibly indicates Nero, whose cradle was guarded by dragons (Tac. Ann. XI. ii) and perhaps Nero presented this spoil from a temple to a chief of his German legion. On the other hand, it is urged that some of the Cherusci might have lived on the spot, that Varus had been in Syria, &c., &c. It does not seem to have been fully taken into consideration yet that this treasure, though so valuable in our eyes, would have been by no means a great matter among the Romans of the Augustan period, to which it unquestionably belongs. The *argentum viatorium*, or travelling silver service, of an official sent to the provinces, was a thing very well known. A contemporary of Cicero bewails the use of silver kitchen utensils. As a proof of the poverty in which Domitian spent his youth it is alleged that he did not even dine off silver. Aurelianus first removed the prohibition that had been laid before his time on gold dinner services, which had been made a special court privilege, while Marcus Aurelius ordered his own plate, (containing numerous gold, crystal, and murrhynia drinking vessels) to be sold by public auction, to pay for the war against the Marcommani. It was he, also, who again permitted the general use of golden sofa covers. The story of the man, a prætor, who stole a golden cup from Claudius's table, and who was invited the next day, when he found an earthenware cup by the side of his plate, is well known.

All this treasure-trove had evidently been buried in a hurry, on what occasion we leave to conjecture; also, whether Galgenberg (Gibbet Mount) may or may not have been a hallowed spot from olden times. But what we should be glad to hear is that the excavations have not been stopped on account of the unfortunate provincial jealousy already exhibited by the Hanoverians, who hate the notion of having these things taken from them to Berlin, and squabble about this point before they even know whether they will remain there or be sent back to the Hanover museum. Many a remnant still lies to a certainty buried on that spot—*e. g.* the base of the crater, which by its own telling weighed "cum basi," about forty-one pounds, together with several other vessels of which only fragments have as yet been brought to light.

Statement of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Dominion of Canada, for the month ended 31st January, 1869:

		Amount.
Revenue—	Customs	$368,847 61
	Excise	259,760 45
	Post Office	5[illegible]67 69
	Bill Stamps	11,947 92
	Public Works, including Railways	39,593 17
	Miscellaneous	56,046 78
	Total	$ 79[illegible],763 62
Expenditure		$2,016,482 95

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 3rd February, 1869.

BIRTH.

At Victoria Terrace, on the 5th instant, the wife of Thomas D. Tims, Esq., of a daughter.

Auction Sale.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at his sale-rooms, commencing on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9TH, 1869,

A large and valuable stock of BOOTS, &c., consisting of Men's Boots, Congress Gaiters, Winter Boots, Slippers, &c. Ladies' wear in Gaiters of every description, both winter and summer. Misses Boots of every description, Children's Wear, &c.

This will be a rare opportunity to secure boots and shoes, as the stock is large and well assorted, and will be sold

WITHOUT RESERVE.

Terms of Sale—Cash in bankable funds.
Sale to commence each evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

957tf

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND,
[Post Office Block,]

Have just received
ANOTHER LOT OF VALENTINES,
which they offer at Lowest Rates, Wholesale and Retail.

They have just published a
ONE CENT SONG BOOK,
containing "Capt. Jinks," and a number of other popular songs. For sale Wholesale and Retail.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 958d

WANTED.

A first-class SALESMAN for the Dry Goods business.

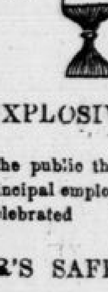
Apply at the TIMES office. 958.3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 5, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 26 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

D. R. LEAVENS,
AGENT FOR THE
NEW METALLIC



"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principal employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated

"MINER'S SAFETY LAMP,"

is strictly adhered to, rendering it safe from

THE POSSIBILITY OF EXPLOSION;

besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor*. If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking: this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal, and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.

Call and see them at the
OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.

☞Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Just Received PRAIRIE HENS.

PARSON'S CELEBRATED
HAMS, BACON,
And CHEESE.

CAMPBELL'S SUPERIOR BACON
And SMOKED TONGUES.

FINNAN HADDIES, PORTLAND BLOATERS, } McEwan's Curing.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 957tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND" BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
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A complete assortment of
PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS
STATIONERY,
AS FOLLOWS:

☞PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, [illegible]ing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

☞FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnaie.

☞MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper [illegible]ers, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weights, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Pen Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodger's), Pencils, Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Pots, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, [illegible] Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

☞ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (Foolscap & Post 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandum Books, Head Paper, Account Paper.

☞WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's, Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

☞POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS.
Of every denomination.

☞STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, [illegible]nard's, Hughes' and other makers.

☞LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers, [illegible]per's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, and colours.

☞BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

☞COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES.

☞PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

☞COTTON TWINE,
And other twines.

☞WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to [illegible] per ream.

☞BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

☞PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

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THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are;

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

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ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
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Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
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N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

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STATIONERY
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21 Rideau-st.

TIGHT BINDING

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 6.

The annual *Conversazione* was held in the University College last night. The building was brilliantly lighted, and closely crammed. Music, models, microscopes, addresses, and experiments, combined to make a most pleasant evening.

The late snow storm still continues to delay the trains which are late to-day.

To-day is the time appointed for drafting jurors for the Quarter Sessions, but a hitch occurred, two magistrates being required by law to be present. The fee heretofore paid them was this time discontinued. The magistrates refuse to attend without it.

The officers of the garrison give another theatrical entertainment on Monday, in aid of the charity connected with the service.

The County Council yesterday voted $1,200 to the County Grammar Schools, and $150 in aid of the Deaf and Dumb Institute.

A pretty warm meeting of the Board of Trade took place yesterday in consequence of the report of the hospital trustees not having been presented, and another party was consequently elected.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 6.

At a meeting of the city council last night a discussion arose on the festivities to the Governor, Ald. Devlin saying that members of the Corporation had been ignored in the reception of His Excellency, and in every arrangement made.

Councillor Stephens remarked that at the citizens' dinner some parties had places set apart for them, and members of the Corporation felt that as representatives of the city they should have a position at that table, but they were allowed to straggle in, and dodge round for seats as best they could. As a matter of respect to the city there ought to have been places provided.

His Worship said he was glad these remarks had been made. At the first meeting at the Mechanics' Hall he could not attend, but he dropped into the *Herald* office, and found that there was parsimony in the arrangement beyond conception. To his disgust the Provincial A.D.C., Col. Duchesnay, and the members of the delegation from the Quebec Legislature, were not invited. Neither was Capt. Turville, the Governor's Secretary. He had a serious talk with Mr. Penny, the Secretary of the Dinner Committee, but made no impression. No one regretted the matter more than he did, and on similar occasions in future he would never act with some of those men again. He was very much pained that Quebec gentlemen had not been invited, and all this had been done simply on the score of economy. After some further conversation, in which the council expressed itself unanimously in the approval of the Mayor's conduct, the matter was dropped. The parsimony of the committee even extended to the press, only one reporter being allowed from each paper. The Toronto *Globe* had two, but the correspondent in Montreal representing the Toronto *Telegraph*, Hamilton *Spectator*, Ottawa Times and *Citizen*, Quebec *Chronicle* and *Mercury*, and St. John and Halifax press, had to buy a ticket. John Young, Cramp and Penny, of the *Herald*, ruled the committee. A public meeting of the citizens is spoken of to denounce their meanness.

About eight o'clock this morning an accident similar to that which befell St. Patrick's Hall, happened to a large stone building owned by Messrs. Crossby, carpet manufacturers, England. The building is four stories high, but fortunately unoccupied. The roof fell from some unaccountable cause, crashing through the four floors into the cellar, leaving only four walls standing. The damage done is very great.

His Excellency Sir John Young took his departure this morning *en route* for Ottawa, accompanied by Lieutenant-Governor Howland and lady, Sir Henry Havelock and lady, Col. McNeil, A.D.C., Mr. Turville, private secretary, Hon. John Rose, A. Campbell, and C. J. Brydges. Shortly before nine o'clock a guard of honour and the band of the 78th Highlanders drew up in front of the St. Lawrence Hall, and a troop of Royal Guides, paraded as an escort. A few minutes afterward His Excellency and suite, accompanied by the Mayor, General Bissett, and a number of officers of the departmental staff, left the hall, and on entering carriages in waiting, were received by a general salute from the Highlanders' band, playing off amidst the cheers of the spectators, the Royal Guides escorting towards the railway depot, where, on arriving and entering the station, a guard of honour of 150 men of the Grand Trunk Railroad volunteer artillery brigade was drawn up to receive His Excellency and suite with a general salute. The fine band of the corps played "God Save the Queen."

The Governor-General, after bidding good-bye to the Mayor and others, entered the state car in waiting, followed by his suite and the parties already mentioned, who will accompany His Excellency to Ottawa. There was a great number of spectators present, and the band played a slow march while the train was waiting at the station. At 9:20 the train moved off. The spectators cheered, the guard saluted, adieus were waved, and the pleasant visit of the Governor-General to Montreal was concluded.

A heavy snow storm commenced shortly after noon to-day, and still continues.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, January 6.—The Government has resolved on the abolition of the university tests.

The full text of the Clarendon-Johnson treaty has been received by mail in the New York papers.

The *Times* of to-day denounces the treaty and says it is incomprehensible and without order, unless there was a secret stipulation somewhere to the contrary. The consideration of the question of the recognition of the Southern States as belligerents was plainly provided for in the treaty. Nothing, indeed, was excluded. The effects of the treaty have grown out of and are owing to the semi-public fashion in which negotiations were conducted. If the United States Senate hesitate to ratify the project, Ireland will not chafe. It is desirable that the whole treaty be revised and recast; as it is now practically every claim may go to the foreign umpire for final decision. If this is a settlement the *Times* asks for a new definition of the word.

LONDON, February 6—Eve.—The Rev. J. Lee Guiness, M.P. for Dublin, has been unseated.

GLASGOW, February 6.—The steamer *Caledonia* has arrived.

SPAIN.

Slavery Prohibited in the Spanish Dominions.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 6.—The *Tribune's* Madrid special says the Provisional Government will present to the Constitutional Cortes the draft of a constitution embracing a clause prohibiting slavery in all Spanish possessions. It will be left to the Cortes to decide as to the method of freeing the slaves.

GREECE.

ATHENS, February 6.—The new ministry is a failure. Bulgoris, the former minister, has been recalled. The King is firm for adherence to the protocol.

SOUTH AMERICA.

A Revolution in Bolivia.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 6.—The *Herald's* letter says that on the 17th December, a serious revolution broke out in the Capital of Bolivia.

MEXICO.

A Revolution in Favour of Santa Anna.

NEWS VIA HAVANA.

HAVANA, February 5.—Advices from Mexico state that Gruroga and other generals have pronounced in favour of Santa Anna, and that the movement is progressing.

CUBA.

The Insurrection.

HAVANA, February 6.—Jose de Armas, the peace commissioner to the insurgents, has returned, having been unsuccessful. Reliable information from Puerto Principe denies the statement that Gen. Arango was assassinated by order of Quesada. In view of their return to arms and of the demands made by the insurgents, it is certain that the war will continue. The fate of the island can only be decided by arms, as the Government cannot grant the demands of the insurrectionists.

ST. DOMINGO.

Salnave Attacks and Destroys the Town of Torbeck.

HAVANA, January 6.—The following important news has been received here from St. Domingo:—Salnave has attacked and destroyed the town of Torbeck. He also bombarded and destroyed Port Salute and bombarded and captured Aquin. The inhabitants of Aux Coyes, and the other towns in that vicinity are panic stricken. All who are able are emigrating to Jamaica.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

United States and North German Immigration Convention.

WASHINGTON, February 6.—The project of a convention between the United States and North German Union, for the better protection of immigrants to the United States, is under consideration.

A College Destroyed by Fire.

MOBILE, ALA., February 5.—Springhill College, six miles from here, was burnt last night. Loss, $100,000.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Imprisonment of an American Consul.

NEW YORK, February 6.—The *World's* Palmira, Cuba, correspondent states that the natives on New Year's Day hauled down and tore in pieces the American flag over the American Consulate. The Consul in self defence had a short time previously killed a native and was acquitted. He has, however, been again arrested and held in a filthy dungeon for a second trial.

The Public Debt.

WASHINGTON, February 6.—The public debt statement up to February 1st shows the total debt less cash in the treasury to be $2,556,205,658.08.

Two Large Picture Frame Factories Destroyed.

NEW YORK, February 6.—Stolamstze's picture frame factory and the New York frame manufactory were burned this morning. Loss $100,000.

The Last Hope Gone of the Missing Passengers of the "Hibernia."

NEW YORK, February 6.—The Bremen bark *America* reached Quarantine this afternoon, when it was ascertained that she had aboard none of the passengers of the unfortunate steamship *Hibernia*. It appears that she fell in, on December 25th, with the British bark *Cuthbert*, water-logged, and took from her her crew, and also that of the wrecked ship *Hibernia*, whom the *Cuthbert* had taken off. The *America* touched at the Azores, January 2nd, and landed the men she had saved. Her arrival crushes the last hope for the safety of the missing boat from the steamship *Hibernia*, which is undoubtedly lost, and with 39 persons missing from the wreck.

No Mails for Europe.

There were no mails for Europe to-day, the *City of Baltimore* which was to have made the trip not having arrived. The steamship *Pennsylvania* was the only European bound steamer.

Schofield to remain in the War Department.

The *Post's* special says Grant has intimated he will retain General Schofield in the War Department.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 6.—American Exchange 49¼.
Gold 135¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 6.—Cotton firmer at 30c. for Middling Uplands.—Flour market less active; receipts 4,390 barrels; sales 4,900 barrels at $5.65 @ 6.20 for superfine State and western; $6.80 @ 7.00 for common to choice extra State; $6.55 @ 7.40 for common to choice extra western; $6.65 @ $8.75 for round hoop Ohio.—Rye flour quiet; sales 1,000 bushels at $6.50 @ 7.30 for grain.—Wheat heavy; sales 22,000 bushels at $1.57 for No. 3 spring in store; $1.65 for No. 1 and 2 in store; $2.15 for white Michigan.—Rye quiet; receipts 23 bushels.—Corn unchanged; receipts 18,397 bushels; sales 26,000 bushels at 83c. @ 90c. for new mixed western; $1.02 for old mixed western delivered.—Barley quiet; sales 3,300 bushels Canada western at 25c.—Oats firmer; receipts 3,000 bushels; sales 29,000 bushels at 76c. for western in store; 77c. @ 77½c. for do. afloat.—Pork is firm and quiet; sales 700 barrels at $30.00 @ 33.12 for new mess; $26.00 for old mess.—Lard heavy; sales 650 tierces at 19½c. @ 20½c. for steam; 20½c. @ 21c. for kettle rendered.

NEW YORK, January 6.—Butter steady at 25 and 35 cents.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 6—p. m.—Consols 93¼ for money, and 93¼ @ 93¼ for account; Bonds 76¼; Stocks quiet; Erie buoyant; Illinois Central 93¼; Great Western 38.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 6—p. m. — Cotton buoyant; Uplands 12¼d., and Orleans at 12¼d. Sales 15,000 bales.—California wheat 11s. 4d.; common rosin 16s. 3d.; flour 26s. @ 26s. 6d.; red wheat 9s. 9d. @ 9s. 10d.

Try Gardiner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.
Ottawa, Janv. 18, 1869. 956tf

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.
W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Ry.

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 48 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
} at greatly reduced prices.
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNEL
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 956d

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the Ready Money principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 firs or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 80
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 21, 0 25, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

STATIONERY, &c.

J. DURIE & SON have received 1 case Segar's Tracing Vellum, best quality.

ALSO,

A Choice Lot of Valentines, (English,) direct from the manufacturers, wholesale and retail.

J. DURIE & SON.

NEW BOOKS.

Greater Britain, by Dilke; Tricotrin, by Ouida; Life of Christopher Columbus, by Arthur Helps; Cassell's Life of Lord Brougham; Chambers's Journal, 1868, (bound); the Book of Chess, by Selkirk; the Child Wife, by Mayne Reid.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 25. 936-3

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.
Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL
TO
NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.	&c.

We have also on han a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT. This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.
881y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

WANTED,
FOR 1ST MAY NEXT,

A COMFORTABLE HOUSE, of 8 or 9 rooms, in a pleasant part of the city, without a basement kitchen. Garden preferred. Address, "HENRY," TIMES Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 3, 1869. 955tf

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
38 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

Including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen &c., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.
Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 956-3m

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700	YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180	" all wool DUTCH do
575	" UNION do
1925	" 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450	" 3 do do
200	" PRINTED DRUGGETS
225	" GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575	" "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750	" do BRUSSELS do
225	" WOOL STAIR do
150	" TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks.

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,
BACON, &c.

G. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington sts.
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

STOVES
OF THE
LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED
PATTERNS,
Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks st., op. Ontario Bank.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The argest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 882y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery,
China, and
Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $3.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCKS and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT
MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.
CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.
CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
The Tea Pot, Ottawa
Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Correct]ed expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
[illegible]—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 58	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	26 00	@	27 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 28
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FALCOMB.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: The Congou Tea you sent me in December last, gives great satisfaction, and is much superior to anything of the kind at that price, which we have been accustomed to get from other houses in your city.

Very truly yours, W. E. JONES.

Richmond *Guardian* Office, Richmond.

WINFIELD.—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.

To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large percentage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENY,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere.

J. H. REID.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality. —Brantford *Courier.*

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly,

P. A. DROLET.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

We advise our grocers, farmers, and others to read carefully the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. In presence of the general dullness of business in these counties, merchants who desire to push their business profitably would do well to give them their orders, as from their direct fresh importations, and small wholesale profits, merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give them a call, as their terms are of the most liberal character.—*True Patriot, Thorold.*

QUEBEC.—The Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the chest of mixed tea at 55 cents I received is excellent in quality, and fully 20 cents cheaper than I have been paying. Your obdt. servant,

THOS. TRUDEL.

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S.
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,..................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.
Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.
Secretary. H. B. REEVE.
Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.
General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.
HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words				$2,525
do	50	do	do	2,895
do	25	do	do	3,964

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866........$551,971 40; December, 1867........$576,135 19; Increase........$24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67 1,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March,'68 1,727,939 55; Increase........ 133,294 59
April, May, June,'67, 1,559,778 79; April, May, June,'68, 1,749,631 52; Increase........ 159,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,041,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600.757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolising the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			Miles.	Canada Money.
From	Toronto	to Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30c
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.			
To New York ... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo ... 30c			
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia ... $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo ... 30c			
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington ... $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ... 30c			
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore ... $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ... 30c			
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago ... $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit ... 60c			
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans ... $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo ... 30c			
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES—
Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES
Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

If an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. 'I have now only a little left.'"

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR CASES of
CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoontul doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st, London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL

BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town: Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 835.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to he comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

L. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
D. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

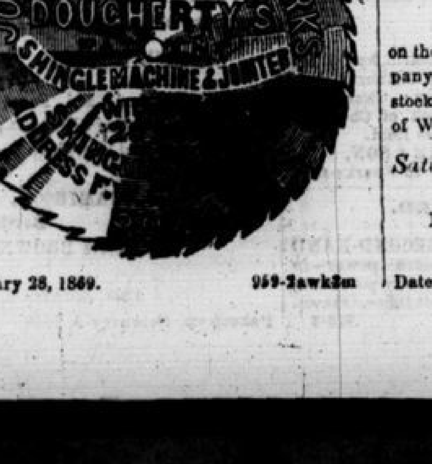
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk3m

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st, corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY ST.

PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable SIR JOHN YOUNG, Baronet, one of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas Her Majesty the Queen, by letter patent, under the great seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster, on the twenty-ninth day of December, in the thirty-second year of Her Majesty's reign, has been graciously pleased to constitute and appoint me to be Her Majesty's Governor-General in and over the Dominion of Canada, for and during Her Majesty's will and pleasure, and Her Majesty did thereby authorize and command me to do and execute all things in due manner that should belong to my said command, and the trust reposed in me according to the several powers and directions granted or appointed me by that Her Majesty's Commission, and of the Act of Parliament passed in the thirtieth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled "The British North America Act, 1867," and the instructions given me with such commission, or by such further instructions as may hereafter be given by Her Majesty under her sign manual and signet, or by Her Majesty's order in Her Privy Council, or through one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State and according to such laws as are now and shall hereafter be in force in the said Dominion; Now KNOW YE, and I have therefore with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, thought fit to issue this Proclamation to make known Her Majesty's said appointment; and I do also hereby, and with the same advice, require and command that all and singular Her Majesty's Officers and Ministers in the said Dominion of Canada, do continue in the execution of their several and respective offices, places and employments, and that all Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom it may concern, do take notice hereof and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at Montreal, this SECOND day of FEBRUARY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and in the thirty-second year of Her Majesty's reign.

JOHN YOUNG.

By Command,
HECTOR L. LANGEVIN,
Secretary of State. 987-3

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at ... 8:00 a.m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p.m, 5:00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at ... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1, 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,
Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for it) nut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930.3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth of January, A. D. 1869.

950b L. GRANT,
JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st. Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL.

Gro[ceries]

DIRECT I[MPORTATIONS]

OPORTO, SP[ANISH]

AND

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY

AND SCOTCH

PICKLES, SAUCES

&c.,

FROM CROSSE [& BLACKWELL]

A FULL assortment BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking &c.

FLAVOURING E[XTRACTS] Genuine.

PRESERVED st[…] to suit the holiday

ALMERIA GRA[PES] PORTUGUESE

50 TINS NEW […] tins.

200 STILTON size, from […] factory.

SHERRY WINE—[…] to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Go[od] $1.50.

ALL KINDS of GE[…] according to age

100 BOXES D[…] boxes at 75

LABRADOR HER[RINGS] barrels and half ba[rrels]

10 CASES SCOT[CH …]

TEAS—Black, Green Good, and selected

SUGARS and SYRU[PS]

COFFEES—Always Try them.

TOBACCOS—The […] make in cut, tin fo[il]

A GENERAL as[sortment] kinds of GROCE[RIES] hand. Wholesale and POSSIBLE PRICES trial of the articles will

For sale at

THOS. [...]

Ottawa, November 27, [...]

JUST RECEIVED

INDIA-WA[REHOUSE]

No. 16, [...]

And for sale cheap, by—

D. T. BRO[WN]

Wholesale

Grocers, Wine and

FRESH OYSTERS,
PRESERVED OYS[TERS]
FRESH HALIBUT
FRESH SALMON
FRESH MACKEREL
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS
LEMON, GINGER, [...]
Banana, Peach, B[...] Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINE[GAR]
FRY'S Chocolate and
MOTT'S Cocoa Past[e]
MORTON'S Bloater
TOMATO and other
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Mea[t]
POTTED Beef and
PRESERVES and J[ellies]
ORANGE Marmalade
MORRISON, TAYL[OR]
Celebrated Sugar C[ured] Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel
PICKLED HERRI[NGS]
In Half Barrels, B[...]
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies,
And a full stock of
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE
BOTT[LED]

The subscriber wo[uld …] Families and others to

FINE BOT[TLED]

Which is in splendid c[ondition]

SCOTCH, IR[ISH]

And other

PORTS, SHERRIES,

To ether with a

FIRST-CLA[SS]

A call [...]

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 18[69]

FOR LIVERPO[OL]

INMAN LINE OF M[AIL STEAMERS]

FROM NEW Y[ORK]

AND ALTER[NATELY]

RATES OF PASSAGE

First Cabin
Liverpool or Queenst[own]
Steerage, P[...]
Liverpool or Queenst[own]

PASSAGE BY THE TU[ESDAY …]

First Cabin
Liverpool or Queens[town]
Halifax
St. John's, N.F., by
Steerage, [...]
Liverpool or Queens[town]
Halifax
St John's, N.F., by
Tickets sold to an[d …]
Continent, at mo[…]
For further inform[ation …]
offices,
or to H[...]

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 969. OTTAWA, TUESDAY. FEBRUARY 9, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand. Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongue,
PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible] solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00
Halifax.......20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......30 00
Halifax.......15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Red, Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK STOVES,
BOX STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES,
DOUBLE STOVES,
HOTEL STOVES,
COAL STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to DR. WOOD, Sparks-st.

953tf

WANTED,

By a gentleman and his wife, board and lodging, in a respectable locality. Address, stating terms, etc., ALPHA, Times Office, Ottawa. 964tf

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

TENDERS OF SILVER

FOR

MY EXPORTATION MOVEMENT

are hereby accepted.

Particulars by circular to be issued

THIS DAY.

W. WEIR

Montreal, February 1, 1869. 962tf

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2.......GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50.......GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4.......OVERCOATS,
$9.......COMPLETE SUITS,
$1.......GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.......DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,

The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA, (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,

President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954td

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*

Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

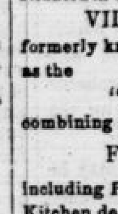
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 1868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the Times Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,

Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*

R. W. STEPHEN,

930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

JOSEPH HALL

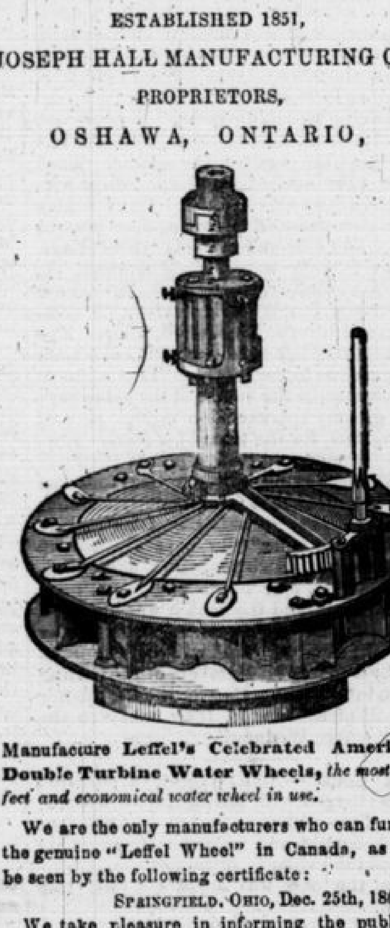
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS,

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,

959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines	7	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplin	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen.......6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for.......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars.......6½d
165 do Good Prints.......4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's.......6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—at a great sacrifice.

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only.......2 6
1,200 White Cotton Shirts, only.......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only.......3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed.......5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting.......3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting.......1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.......

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.......OVERCOATS.
4.00.......heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up.......PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25.......VESTS.
$8.00.......Black Broadcloth.......FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

PORK,

OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 500,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,

Forwarders and Commission Merchants,

Canal Basin

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Black Cloths, Winceys, Beaver Cloths, Cottons, Meltons, Prints, Tweeds, &c., &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors, &c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,

Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,

Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

THE NOVA SCOTIA SETTLEMENT.

Confidential Report by the Hon. Minister of Finance.

6.—FINANCIAL POSITION OF NOVA SCOTIA AS A SEPARATE PROVINCE.

Having adverted to those features in the Union Act apportioning the property and assets which may be supposed to be adverse to Nova Scotia, it is now proper to notice the position she would have occupied alone, and to consider whether there is more drawn from her than the Union has to pay for her; and whether she has been left sufficient local revenues for her provincial wants.

From the statements noted below, it may be assumed as certain:

(*a*) That the debt of Nova Scotia was steadily augmenting.

(*b*) That in each of the three years preceding the Union there was, besides the augmentation of her debt, an increasing deficit between revenue and expenditure.

(*c*) That if there had been no Union, or if Nova Scotia were now to go out of the Union, she must provide for that deficit to the extent of from $300,000 to $400,000 a year at least.

Statement A shews that her debt augmented, and the increased charge for interest, were as follows:

Debt.		Interest.		
1864...$4,846,146	1864	$183,776	1864	$ 68,427
1865... 5,176,185	1865	278,875	1865	53,491
1866... 6,032,016	1866	309,145	1866	176,820
1867... 8,026,117	1867	382,306	1867	332,790
1868... 9,288,121	1868	506,787	1868	359,087

This statement, it is believed, rests on official data, and attention is called to the abstracts referred to in it, by which its accuracy would seem to be satisfactorily proved. It is also to be noted that it rests on the assumption that notwithstanding the annual deficit and the increase in her debt, she could have obtained the new loans she needed at the same rate of interest as before. This she could hardly have done, for I find that on the last operation she attempted in 1865 the financial agents report their inability to effect a sale of Nova Scotia bonds, while after the Union, and charged on the revenues of the Dominion, these same bonds were disposed of at par.

The important questions raised by the provincial treasurer of Nova Scotia as bearing on the position of the Province, had she remained separate, have been stated logically and clearly. He states:

1st. That had Nova Scotia stood alone and adopted the Dominion taxation there would have been a surplus of $223,282.

2nd That had she put 1 per cent on her old tariff, and reduced certain items on her expenditure, which he considers might have been effected, she would have had a surplus of $187,568 applicable to her road and bridge service.

3rd. That by the exercise of further economy she might have left her old scale of taxation in force, and she would have had $67,541 available for roads and bridges.

The data, however, on which his conclusions rest are, it is believed, inaccurate in some of the details, and altogether fallacious in principle. He adopts, as his basis of computation, the revenue and expenditure of the years 1862–3–4–5 and 6. But this essential fallacy underlies his argument, viz: That the expenditure in Nova Scotia had not got to its normal state until after the year at which his comparison stops. The point of expenditure which Nova Scotia had actually reached is susceptible of positive demonstration, and ought not to be dependent on a comparative estimate with former years.

I have caused an analysis of his figures to be made, and even assuming his estimate of revenue to be accurate, which it is believed is in excess of the fact, the result shews:—

1st. That the real expenditure is understated by $596,584.

2nd. That instead of there being a surplus, if the Dominion tariff had been adopted by Nova Scotia alone, of $223,282 there would still have been a deficit of $373,302, which she must have made good in some other way.

7.—EFFECT OF UNION ON FINANCIAL POSITION.

Having thus adverted to the position which it is believed Nova Scotia would have occupied alone, I proceed to consider whether the Dominion has drawn more from, than it has paid on her account.

It appears by statement E that whereas there was received from her in the first year of the Union as ordinary Dominion revenue $1,504,910, there was paid on her account as ordinary Dominion expenditure, $1,173,178, or, including subsidy $1,506,759.

But in this statement no charge is made against Nova Scotia for her proportion of the General Government, which divided according to population would be about $117,043 making an excess of Dominion outlay beyond Dominion receipts of $118,892, or withholding the interest on the excess of debt a net excess of $100,563.

The total receipts in Nova Scotia as well from the taxation of the Dominion as from the sources of revenue reserved for herself were $1,738,733, whereas the total payments made by her, on her own account, were on ordinary services $2,097,821, exclusive of $845,569, which was advanced on public works on her capital account,—shewing a gross excess of payments over receipts of $1,204,657.

It is true that a large amount of this is on capital account, but the strain to provide for it would have been a serious one had she stood alone; for after deducting all that could be chargeable to capital there would have been a deficiency of $359,087 and this notwithstanding that the Dominion tariff was in operation for 7 months of the year. To this sum must be added certain items on account of debt which would increase the ordinary deficit on the year to $390,840. Had Nova Scotia remained under her old tariff, the deficit would have been greater and would have required a further loan over and above what she might have contracted for her new works exceeding 34 per cent on the custom duties of the year.

8.—LOCAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURE UNDER UNION.

Next as to the question of local revenue and expenditure—

The great items of local expenditure in Nova Scotia are for education and road service, and diminution of these as they affect every locality and individual, is calculated to create a dissatisfaction which the large outlay, now provided for by the Dominion on heavy works in particular localities does not counterbalance.

It will be seen that the average expenditure for the 3½ years ending June 1867, on local services, has been $766,569, while the average income from the sources reserved to Nova Scotia to meet those services is but $161,331, which added to the gross subsidy would be $494,912, leaving a deficit of $271,657 to be supplied by direct taxation.

In the year ending June 1868, the local revenue, (including the subsidy without deduction for excess of debt) was $567,405, while her total expenditure was $924,643, or, excluding a payment in reduction of debt $868,293, thus shewing a deficit on ordinary account of $300,898; or including this payment, $357,238.

For the calendar year ending December 1869, the estimate as furnished by the Local Government and including arrears, is, revenue $456,000, expenditure $663,960, shewing an estimated deficiency of $207,960. In this estimate the only items which would appear to be capable of any important reductions are—for education $165,000, roads and bridges $240,000, and local works $50,000.

I have no accurate means of estimating whether the cost of civil government, &c., in Nova Scotia, be reasonable, but judging from the estimates in the other Provinces it may not be considered as excessive. Thus in New Brunswick the estimate per head is 28¼ cents, in Quebec 37½ cents, and in Ontario 17½ cents, while in Nova Scotia it is 26½ cents.

The large additional burdens which, no doubt, Nova Scotia must have imposed on her people had the Union not taken place, are now supposed by them to be due to the Union, and the political discontent is aggravated because, simultaneously with these new burdens, there is a diminution in the class of local expenditure, which previous to the Union was borne by the public exchequer in Nova Scotia, but which is provided for by local taxation in Ontario and Quebec, and which if incurred by Nova Scotia, must be met in the same way. The only alternative open to her in the future would seem to be either, *first* wholly to dispense with or greatly reduce these services, or *secondly*, to meet them as is done in Canada by direct taxation.

In order to compare the extent to which public grants for local purposes are supplemented by Municipal taxation in the several Provinces, I caused a table to be prepared, distinguishing as far as possible, the various services which are sustained by this united contribution. This statement must, however, be regarded only as an approximate one, since it is based not on actual results, but on the estimated expenditure of the several Provinces, and the statistics shewing the municipal taxation are besides incomplete in some of these Provinces. It serves, nevertheless, to shew that the local contribution by Nova Scotia for education does not contrast unfavourably with that of other Provinces.

The municipal or local supplement to the parliamentary grants for education would appear to be as follows in the several Provinces, per head of the population:—Ontario $1.13, Quebec $0.77¾, New Brunswick $0.41, Nova Scotia $0.70, or if the estimates furnished on behalf of Nova Scotia for 1867 be correct $1.07.

In respect of public works, however, a comparative immunity from local taxation would appear to be enjoyed by Nova Scotia, the same table shewing that Ontario contributes for that service by local taxation $2.17, Quebec $0.74½, New Brunswick $0.44, and Nova Scotia but $0.02 per head of the population.

It is unfortunate that the necessity for the introduction of a new system as regards their public works in Nova Scotia, should be contemporaneous with confederation.

9.—CONCLUSION.

From the statements thus adverted to it would seem to follow:

1st. That the principle on which the debts were arranged by the Union Act operates with some unfairness to Nova Scotia.

2nd. That in the division of the property, local assets and revenues, or because the assets possessed by her were not of a character to be available, Nova Scotia is less favourably situated than the other Provinces in respect of local revenues.

3rd. That the increase of customs presses more directly on Nova Scotia than the other Provinces, but this apparent increase and the consequent pressure, it is believed, will be mitigated every year, as goods which she formerly imported from abroad, and which were chargeable with duty, are produced in other portions of the Dominion, and will now be available to her for consumption free of duty.

4th. That she must have raised about $40,000 annually by way of additional taxation if she were out of the Union.

5th. That the amount raised by the Dominion from revenue, from customs and otherwise, is about adequate, if the results of last year continue in future the same, to meet all the current expenditure the Dominion is called on to make on her account, but less by $100,563 if Nova Scotia is to be charged a *per capita* contribution to the cost of the civil Government and legislation of the Dominion.

6th. That the local sources of revenue at present possessed by Nova Scotia are inadequate to carry on the services devolving on the Province.

It would be beyond my province to make any suggestion to your Lordship upon the state of facts which I find in my humble judgment to exist, and which I have endeavoured to state succinctly and accurately as it is in my power to do.

I have the honour to remain
Your Lordship's most obedient servant,
JOHN ROSE.

His Excellency
Viscount Monck,
The Governor General, &c., &c., &c.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

Save Your Doctor's Bills.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

Interesting to Volunteers.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

Try Gardiner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 967-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Cheapest and Best Dry Goods—Thos. & W. Hunton.
Chancery Sale of Real Estate—A. N. Buell.
St. Andrew's Society—J. P. Robertson.
Waverly House, Halifax, N.S.—John Romans.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

There was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon, at which it is understood the application of Whelan's counsel for a further respite was under consideration.

It is probable that the decision of His Excellency the Governor-General on the matter will be given to-day; but in the meantime, those who talk about the "cruelty" of not giving Whelan due notice of his fate, should remember that when in the month of December last he was respited to the 11th of February, it was then distinctly and publicly stated that the time had been thus extended to give ample opportunity for the Courts to hear arguments and give judgment accordingly. It must be admitted that the time thus conceded was more than sufficient for the purpose, and, therefore, no further notice is needed from the Executive, unless the judgment of the Court is to be further stayed.

We merely mention this fact to show that the Government has not been remiss in its action on this grave matter. The application of the prisoner's counsel came at a time when His Excellency, who alone is charged with the Queen's prerogative in such matters, had no time to consider it, and it has now, we believe, been submitted at the earliest opportunity; but the prisoner, and his friends, should have understood that when the last reprieve was granted for so long a period, and for the special object of allowing ample time for the decision of the Courts, any further action of the Governor-General in Council would very likely be regulated by such decision. Under these circumstances, it may surely be understood that the prisoner has nothing to expect from the Government, unless, indeed, there may have been some considerations submitted, of which the public are quite ignorant.

To-morrow we may be able to announce the decision on Mr. Cameron's application; but as we said several days ago, we know of no good reason why it should be granted.

Yesterday was the last day for receiving tenders for the construction of the four sections of the Intercolonial Railway, some time ago advertised. We understand that over three hundred tenders have been received by the Commissioners.

It will, no doubt, take some time to study the respective merits of so many different offers; and, therefore, the expectants must, if possible, "preserve their souls in patience." It is clear, however, that with so many tenders submitted there must be a very great many tenderers disappointed. We hope the unsuccessful competitors may keep up their courage, in the hope that they will have better luck when the next "batch" of sections is put up for competition.

A despatch from Washington to the New York *Herald* says:

"Mr. H. B. Wilson, who took a prominent part in discussing the reciprocity question prior to the Elgin treaty, is preparing a statement to lay before Congress suggesting important features not embraced in any of the bills now under consideration. Mr. Wilson thinks that no measure should be entertained which does not include the manufactures of the respective countries as well as the raw products, which the Canadians seek to make the basis of reciprocal legislation. Senator Ramsey's Bill embraces the general principles of such a measure, but fixes the duty to be paid on either side at a uniform rate of five per cent. Mr. Wilson proposes to make this rate ten per cent, as a necessary revenue impost in both countries, and also to make important changes respecting the transport of goods and merchandize through the respective countries. It is understood that the committee of ways and means will shortly report a resolution for the adoption of the House, requesting the Secretary of State to investigate the whole subject of our reciprocal relations with the British Provinces, and report his views thereon to Congress."

We do not think that Canada would entertain for a moment any proposition for the imposition of differential duties against British and in favour of American manufactures. Nor do we believe that the British Government would be so blind to its own interests as to tolerate it, even were Canadians mean enough to assent to the proposal. When the necessities of Canada permit of a revenue impost of only ten per cent on the manufactures of every other country it will be time enough to admit those of the United States at the same rate; but until then we fear that Mr. H. B. Wilson's exertions in the cause of reciprocity will be thrown away. Discriminating tariffs giving preferences to one country over another are only to be countenanced under exceptional circumstances, such as do not exist between the manufacturers of Canada and those of the United States to the prejudice of the manufacturers of Great Britain or the continent of Europe. Canada has acquired some knowledge of late in the art of standing alone, commercially, and her experience, however anxious she may be to return to a mutual exchange of raw products with her near neighbours, for their mutual benefit, has not been such as to inspire her with any anxious desire to hinge her future commercial legislation and customs revenue on a compact with the Washington Cabinet, which would operate injuriously on her trade with Britain.

Mr. Alfred Perry, of Montreal, has transmitted to the Mayor of this city a proposal for the supply of water works, which is not by any means deficient in efficiency; but which we think it quite probable may be found unacceptable, because of the cost.

Our own impression is that a plan may be adopted—the Ogdensburg plan, for instance—which would cost the city a great deal less, and amply supply all its wants for many years to come. However, we are desirous that the fullest information should be laid before the ratepayers, in order that they may be able to form an intelligent opinion as to what is their duty in the premises, and, therefore, we publish Mr. Perry's proposition *in extenso*, in order that its merits may be canvassed, and that those who will ultimately have to bear the burthen of the cost of the water works, may be prepared to judge how far his scheme can be adapted to the requirements of the city.

It will be noticed that in addition to an ample supply of water Mr. Perry's scheme embraces a complete "Fire Department" for the city. If all this could be paid for it would certainly be very desirable. But if it is true that by another system fire engines could be altogether dispensed with, and yet as efficient and a more prompt fire service secured, it would be obviously to the interest of the citizens to adopt the more economical and presumably equally efficient system. Here is Mr. Perry's proposal, which deserves, at the least, attentive consideration:

Proposed Water Works and Fire Department for the City of Ottawa.

I propose to place a pair of pumps at Pooley's bridge, to be worked by a turbine wheel, similar in every respect to those now in use at Montreal water works, capable of forcing equal to 5,000,000 (five millions) gallons of water per 24 hours, also building for same similar to plan. The main pipe to be 18 inches in diameter, ¾ in. thick, leading from the pumps to the entrance of Sussex-st.

A water tower, similar to plan, to be erected, 160 feet in height, on high ground—if possible somewhere in close proximity to the western entrance to the Parliament grounds. Said tower to be at basement of tank, one hundred feet from the ground, to have a stand pipe 100 feet, connected at the top of same with an iron tank of ¾ in. iron, made circular, and containing about 6,000 gallons of water. From this tank a flow pipe 6 inches diameter will lead to the workshop (this ultimately to be used for propelling machinery.)

A central fire station, office for water works, a fire telegraph, and workshop, (all as per plans,) to be constructed.

Water distributing pipes to be laid through the following streets, viz.:—

Wellington,	King,	St. Patrick,
Sparks,	Clarence,	Bolton,
Sussex,	Murray,	Cathcart,
Rideau,	St. Andrew,	Daly,

and 3,000 feet 4 in. for cross streets, with 50 hydrants similar in all respects to the best now in use in Montreal.

One steam fire engine capable of forcing water through 1,000 feet of leading hose from any hydrant, with a force equal to that of the water works, or 2,000 feet, at 25 per cent less, and discharging 350 to 400 gallons per minute.

4,000 feet of leading hose with 40 pairs of couplings. Two hose carts to carry 300 feet hose each. Four horses valued at least at $200 each.

Fire telegraph leading to wheel-house and throughout the whole city, with 40 automatic signal boxes, to be more complete and serviceable than those now in use in Montreal. To have two main signal bells. The apparatus to strike on a bell in the stand tower, and also, if possible, on the bell in the Roman Catholic Cathedral, a signal bell to be also at water works wheel-house, and at any other fire station.

The fire department to consist of one chief, one engineer (in charge of steam fire engine), four first-class men (mechanics), and two drivers with three horses,—all at the central station.

At No. 2 station, one first-class man, one driver with a horse.

FIRE TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Two telegraph operators and an apprentice. The operators to attend to the keeping of the books at water works office.

For hook and ladder service some six men would do, who might be volunteers. Under the proposed system their services would be seldom required. The whole to be equal to what the city of Montreal possesses, both as regards the water and fire departments; in fact, the water supply will be for 20 years in excess of the demand, as the pumps will furnish ample supply for 100,000.

I may be told to reduce this and estimate for the present demands of the city, but this would not do, as, in that event, the pumps and main would not be equal to the duty of furnishing sufficient supply of water in the event of an extraordinary demand for a fire. Under the proposed plan water would on the average be playing on a fire in 3 minutes at the rate of 1,500 gallons per minute, if required, but getting down on it in so short a time 500 gallons per minute, if properly managed, would be ample. It is not intended to use any metal pipes less than 4 inches in diameter.

In Montreal, under this system, first-class risks are now down to 5s. per cent., in Ottawa the lowest rate is 10s. Risks in Ottawa charged 22s. 6d. are only 12s. 6d. in Montreal, whilst wooden properties hardly insurable at 50s. are in Montreal 20s. By carrying out this plan, insurance companies will seek business in Ottawa, instead of declining it as now, property will be valuable as furnishing ample security for investments, and business generally will be carried on without fear of loss by fire and consequent ruin to the owners.

ANNUAL EXPENSES.

Supt. of Water Works, salary	$1,200
Engineer at Wheel House	800
Asst. do. do. do.	500
Chief Engineer, Fire Department	1,000
Five first-class men (Firemen, Mechanics) $400 each	2,000
Three Drivers, do. do. $300 each	900
Telegraph Operator and Bookkeeper at Water works	1,000
One Assistant Telegraph Operator and Bookkeeper at Waterworks	600
One Apprentice	200
Five Horses (expenses of keeping, $200 each)	1,000
Sundries for do.	1,000
Interest on $300,000 at 7 per cent. per annum	21,000
Total	$31,200

ALFRED PERRY,
Inspector Royal Insurance Company, Montreal.

The above memoranda are made for fire purposes; for consumption of inhabitants it will furnish 3 times more than the demand. The estimates based on the above do not include small pipe from main to building.

The Montreal *Gazette* of yesterday says:

"We learn from a private letter of Sir George E. Cartier, written to a friend in this city, that he cannot leave England before Wednesday next, the 10th instant."

We copy from the St. John, N. B., *Journal* an article on steam fire engines, the perusal of which ought to be profitable to the citizens of Ottawa at the present time.

Among the arrivals yesterday were Messrs. McFarlane and Cimon, M. P.'s, and Marcus Smith, Esq., C. E.

PER CAPUT vs. PER CAPITA.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Dear Sir,—I am indebted to you for calling my attention to the legal use of the phrase *per capita*. When the law, however, says *per capita* it means *per capita*, *i. e.* "according to the number of heads." Thus the law says that under certain circumstances the property of a person deceased shall be divided *per capita*, which means that it shall be divided equally among his representatives, according to the number of heads. This is very different from the American use of the expression, which makes it equivalent to *per caput* or per head. Allow me an illustration. The Confederation Act says that "an annual grant in aid of each Province "shall be made, equal to eighty cents per head "of the population." Now our American friends for whom the English language is not fine enough would say *per capita*, where our Act says per head. "Eighty cents per capita of the population," however, according to the English legal use of the phrase, would mean a bulk sum of 80 cents divided equally among the population of each Province—an allowance which, you will agree with me, might fairly be called homœopathic: if it did not do them any good, it would at least do them no harm.

You state that the use of "per capita" in the sense of "per head" is co-extensive with the English language. That assertion you must allow me to question. I have never yet seen it so used in any English newspaper, and I feel persuaded that no paper of high standing in England, like the *Times*, *Pall Mall Gazette* or *Saturday Review*, would so use it. What the *Telegraph* might do I would not venture to say.

I would just say, in conclusion, that when I first sent you a few words in a half-laughing way on this (rather small) subject, I had no notion of setting up for anything so grave as a "censor." The word seems to me a shade too strong for the occasion.

Yours very truly,
H. S., Jr.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869.

[We have only to ask our correspondent the difference between "equally among his representatives," and "so much *per head* among "his representatives." Is there not also a difference between "dividing" a bulk sum *per head*, and *giving* a certain sum *per head*? "Harry" has refined his logic a little too much. What we said was strictly and literally true: that *per capita* was a "law phrase," signifying "by the head." Why say "per head" instead of "by the head?" Surely Harry Starchus, jr., does not pretend to say that "per head" is English?—Ed.]

LOCAL NEWS.

Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society.—A meeting of the Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society will be held this (Tuesday) evening at half past seven o'clock, in the committee room, Centre Town.

Cheap Boots and Shoes at Auction.—Mr. Amos Rowe, auctioneer, will continue his great sale of boots and shoes by auction, this evening at seven o'clock. The sale being peremptory, a good many bargains may be secured. It appears the sale is hurried, and there will be but little time to dwell on the lots.

Soiree this Evening.—A soiree will be held this evening in the Methodist Episcopal Church, at the Chaudiere. Several eloquent speakers are expected to deliver addresses. We understand that the ladies of the church have made ample preparations in the way of refreshments, &c., and there is every reason to expect a good time.

The Two Deserters.—We are informed that the authorities here will make no efforts to procure the extradition of the two soldiers who obtained a horse and cutter by means of a forged note, purporting to have been written by one of the officers of the Rifle Brigade. They were worthless fellows in the army, and their absence is by no means to be regretted.

The Contractors.—We have at present in our city most of the principal contractors of the Dominion. Their business here is well known to be to tender for the Intercolonial Railroad; they are for the most part a jolly set of gentlemen. Probably their prospects of success produce the happy state of mind in which they appear to be. It is really to be hoped that they are able to endure disappointment, for disappointed many of them must be. Out of over three hundred applicants only four can be successful. The remainder may be sure of our condolence.

Fisticuffs.—Two gentlemen who had an altercation on Saturday night in the presence of ladies, and who in consequence were unable to bring the affair to a satisfactory issue, met last evening in a lonely spot on York-st., not as it would appear by appointment, but by chance. Whilst one of them was in the act of taking off his rather tightly fitting overcoat, his arms not being entirely out of the sleeves, his antagonist, who appears to have been the original offender, seized the moment when even an attitude of defence was impossible, and knocked his rival down. This done, he raised the cry "Police! police!" and ran as fast as he could towards King-st., the other after him with one arm in his coat sleeve. Whether the combat was renewed, and the dishonour wiped out, we cannot tell.

That Indian Again.—The Indian who was acquitted at the late Aylmer assizes on a charge of horse stealing, and who subsequently received lenient treatment at the hands of our police magistrate, when brought before him for stealing goods from Ald. Featherston's store, was found yesterday on the street in a drunken condition, and taken to the station. He gave the police a great deal of trouble, and on his arrival at the station made a dead set at one of the policemen, making savage resistance when about to be put into the cell. After he was locked up he became furious, and swore he could kick through the door, and did his best to that end, but his feet becoming sore, and his strength exhausted with the attempts he made, he lay down and slept. Since he last came out of jail, he has been lying about the city committing petty depredations, and behaving in such a way as to terrify several peaceable people with whom he has come in contact, and if allowed to be at large, may do serious mischief. He will be up at the Police Court this morning.

Curling Match.—So attractive seems to be the amusement of curling to its lovers, that all sorts of expedients are continually resorted to for the purpose of making up a match. At one time we see one section of the city challenging another section. Then one street is arrayed against another street for the purpose of having a friendly game. Next we see the dwarf curlers, that is, those under six feet in stature, pitted against the giants. Then old men play against youthful curlers who are on the sunny side of fifty. On Saturday last a match came off between four players over forty, and four under thirty years of age. Those over forty were: W. Hutchison, T. Gallagher, T. McKay, H. Inglis, Skip. Those under thirty were: W. M. Hutchison, T. Russell, G. Hutchison, J. W. Russell, Skip. The rink was in very fair condition, and each team was sanguine as to the result. This state of mind, however, in the course of the game gave place to gloomy apprehension on the part of the youngsters, for the team of maturer muscle at one time scored twelve points ahead of them. Remembering, however, what they had read in old Seneca that "It is equally virtuous to make the best of a bad fortune and to manage a good one," the boys plucked up courage, resolved to do their best, and did it. At the end of a four hours' game each team scored 28 points, and the match was declared a tie. The over forty men 13 ends; under thirty men 14 ends. What will be the next excuse for a match? Members of the curling club, who intend competing for the President's medal, will please send in their names to the Secretary before Wednesday.

Police Court.—John Wright, a coloured man, was charged with selling liquor without license. Two witnesses stated on oath that they had bought and paid for liquor at his house, but the evidence seeming to want confirmation, the case was adjourned till this morning.

Isidore Michaud, a boy of about fifteen years of age, was charged with stealing a gold watch and chain of the value of $72, the property of Edward Proulx, blacksmith.

Edward Proulx sworn—He lived at the Chaudiere flats, the prisoner was in his employ for about ten days, ending last Sunday. He left his gold watch and chain hanging to the bed-post in his room, and forgot it when he went to church on Sunday morning. Witness said that the prisoner asked to be out for an hour or two on Saturday night, and did not come back till Sunday morning after nine o'clock. In going to his room, he would pass by that of witness, but could not see the watch without going in. Prisoner slept with one of the other boys. When he came home on Sunday morning, witness told him he should not want him any more. He had not seen his watch since.

Baptiste Pauquette was sworn and said, I work for Mr. Proulx and slept with prisoner a few nights. I have had some conversation with the prisoner about the watch, and he said he had it and sold it to one Henry Sickmow for sixpence; he said he had got threepence and was to get three pence more. I do not know Henry Sickmow, but Johnny Clappi said he knew him.

To Mr. Mosgrove—Before I had the conversation with the prisoner about the watch, he and I and another boy, my nephew, had two or three hookers. Mr. Proulx gave us the liquor, which was about half a bottle full, for the purpose of giving it to the prisoner and then to draw out of him about the watch. We drank it all, but we gave most of it to the prisoner. When it was all gone, we began to talk about the watch. When he told about the watch he was lying down under the influence of the liquor. I never went to Sickmow to enquire if he had the watch.

Detective O'Neill said he had no other witnesses for the prosecution.

The magistrate asked if he had not subpœned Sickmow?

O'Neill said he had seen him and all his family, who were very respectable, and he did not think they knew anything of the matter.

The magistrate said it was necessary in order to clear up the case that he should appear, and the case was adjourned till this morning for that purpose.

OUR STEAM FIRE ENGINES.

If surveying some of the gigantic ruins of former years, by the Euphrates or the Nile, you ask one of the natives who built these, his reply will be the genii. And if you further enquire why the genii do not do like things now, you will probably be told that they have gone from the East to the land of the setting sun where they are now engaged in building bridges, constructing railways and fire ships. How true! Westward the course of wisdom, as well as empire takes its way. The genii, the masons, the carpenters, the smiths, the founders, the machinists—have all gone with their geometry, and algebra, and chemistry and astronomy to the West—where they are to be found doing works which may eclipse the wonders of the former age. They are in England where they have for some time made their headquarters sending over a good many of their most skilled members to our Continent, where we have already, built by their hands, wondrous cities, bored tunnels, made net works of iron bands, and set the iron horse snorting along them, strong to haul his thousand tons though fed on the coarse provender of wood and water. They are in France, too, whence they sent a few surplus engineers to unite the waters of the Mediterranean with those of the Arabian Gulf, thereby shortening the road to India which English engineers and English gold have also covered with a network of great iron roads. These genii are a wonderful people. Of all their works we fix on the steam engine as perhaps the most powerful though not the most wonderful. It is the great heart which sends forth strength to the ship and the mill. What are those paddles, what those spindles if the great heart should grow cold? It is the medium of power. It is the distillery of force. In it is the spirit that propels, the strength which grasps. It is the great stomach, where is elaborated the energy of the mill. It has fine digestive powers, living on fire and breathing forth smoke. It is gentle as a lamb, easy of guidance, yet mild as the whirlwind.

These thoughts occurred to us the other day while looking in on the Steam Fire Engine "Extinguisher." This engine is apparently a combined work of the Cyclops and the Fairies, to which has been given the strength of the adamant and the delicacy of a time-keeper. It shines like the kitchen of a good cook, awaiting a visit from her aristocratic mistress. Its brass is the brightest, its iron the glossiest, its guages and cocks the most delicate; while its great trunk is coiled on its reel ready for adaptation. It is sleeping now, but let that gong send forth its alarm note and the horses, ready harnessed, are attached, and the ready fuel is lit, and away through the streets the thunderer rolls, devouring his coal, that he may be strong to fight with the city's great enemy, the fire! It is just ten minutes since the gong sounded, and now the great monster begins to whirl his arms about and throw up the great stream which is destined to put down those aspiring flames, but not perhaps till they have left the home of comfort a blackened mass.

This is not our only powerful delicate monster that by eating fire kills the great devourer of cities. There are two others that, if need be, will aid in extinguishing these furies. It would be a big blaze these three might not quench. Yet, we need not boast. Portland was almost wholly burnt up; for the drought and the winds said to the fire, "Come, now, and let us see what we three can do." That time the elements were too much for the steam dragons.

But let us look a little into the interior economy of these steam monsters. We shall leave the "Extinguisher" to its sleep, and the horses in the rear to their meditations and ascend to the next story. In the large front room some 35 feet square are some beds, tables and chairs. This is where the three men, who live here night and day, save when at a fire, sometimes sleep. In the rear of this room is a large chamber where on shelves stands the great magnetic battery which rings the alarm bells through the city. It is like other telegraphic batteries. Some sixty half gallon cups with copper at the bottom, sulphuric acid above that, and a plate of zinc in suspension—all connected by wire—with wires, yclept "the clothes line," sound the alarm which make all the boys consult their cards that they may see the blaze and the fire monster subduing it. Near, too, is the gong, the sound of which would soon rouse up the horses and men from their dreams. After all these men live a dull life; yet it might be otherwise. Why should this "large upper room" be unfurnished, or next to it? Why should there be no library, no newspapers? Time hangs heavily here as in a gaol. We can imagine that a week without a fire or an alarm must be almost unendurable. After the engine is polished up, what can a man do but stretch himself and yawn? It is worth while to reflect whether the city should not have some care for the happiness and improvement of its servants. It has been thought of late days that employers owe other duties to their servants than the payment of wages. About Lowell, and also in Leeds and Manchester, there are to be found masters who actually perform such duties. We have got Utopia localized in several places, but no man need come to seek it in St. John, whose educational buildings and institutions, on the whole, and with some noble exceptions, are far behind the public requirements, and where one of the principal libraries was recently sold by auction.

Yet the engine-room is just now tastefully decorated with spruce. Beauty comes in even here at Christmas, and lingers for a time. We find a want of ventilation, however. The defect may generate disorders of the body and even of the mind. Pure air is necessary to good morals and good health. The city fathers should expend some of their superabundant wisdom here. If they fear to do so, we would advise all aspirants for civic honours to have sanitary measures ready to aid their canvass or inaugurate their advent to office. A few pounds expended in making sanitary improvements in our different engine houses would add much to the comfort and happiness of brave and deserving men who know little of the luxuries of soft couches of social enjoyments—who are constantly on the alert awaiting the dread sound of the gong which summons them to save the funds of the insurance offices and the lives and properties of the citizens.—*Journal, St. John, N.B.*

"Cartoons of Raffaelle."

Seven chromolithographs in *fac simile* of the celebrated "Cartoons of Raffaelle" are now on exhibition and for sale at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st.

The "Cartoons of Raffaelle" it has been truly said "are England's chief treasures of art." For centuries they have been the admiration of all who appreciate the true and the beautiful in art. Critics of every nation have lauded this rare collection of paintings as being not only matchless specimens of the genius of the greatest master in ancient or modern times; but, also, as powerful incentives to virtue and religion. Their history extends far into the past. Raffaelle produced this series in 1513 and 1514, from which tapestries were wrought to decorate the interior of the Sistine Chapel. They were afterwards purchased by Charles I., acting under the advice of Rubens. They have frequently been engraved, but no copies at all comparable with the great originals have ever been given to the public, till a most accomplished engraver, the late Thomas Hollowell, under the immediate patronage of George III., undertook the task, and about forty-five years after the work was accomplished, and the *seven engravings* were produced. The engraved plates were destroyed, according to contract, so that it is very rarely that a set of these cartoons are offered for sale. No copies, except those issued by the present publishers, are *fac similes* in colour of the original "Cartoons of Raffaelle." 959a

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

BOSSY'S PETITION FOR HER LIFE.

To Thos. Harshaw, Esq., J.P., near Orangeville, O.

Kind master, yet a little spare
Your humble friend, tho' pasture's bare,
Though turnips scarce and hay is dear,
And icy winter's hand is near.
At your straw stack, I will not fast,
But sheltered from the northern blast,
Your stables' beds I'll count a feast,
And water's near for every beast.
If till next year my life be lent,
A handsome calf I may present,
Perhaps a noble ox to clear
Your land from logs and stumps each year;
Or else a heifer that may make
Rich butter, the first prize to take;
At least, of milk, a large increase,
And lots of wholesome new milk cheese.
When summer comes with pastures fair,
And sweet wild flowers scent the air,
No clover field I will profane,
Nor fences break to steal the grain;
But I will range the wild woods through,
And gather food, in plenty, too.
Your children then the bush may roam,
And joy to bring poor Bossy home;
See, Victor comes his cow to see,
And little Albert shouts with glee,
Or call "Co Bossy" from your door,
I'll answer with a friendly roar.
At eve to come I will not fail,
And give my tribute to your pail.
I will not kick in angry mood,
But gently stand and chew my cud;
Yes, gently stand and always try,
To swift the snowy stream supply.
If my poor life were taken now,
And you had lost your Bossy Cow,
My carcase might some dollars gain,
If I were numbered with the slain;
But quickly spent would soon be done,
And Bossy's life for ever gone;
Not e'en a calf of kindly breed,
Like her, around your door to feed.
In hopes this may successful prove,
And your kind heart with pity move,
I will your presence leave, and now,
I sign myself your Bossy Cow,

AUGUSTA.

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S VISIT TO MONKLANDS.

Yesterday morning His Excellency Sir John Young visited the educational establishment for young ladies, conducted by the Sisters of the Congregation, and formerly the residence of Lord Elgin. The morning was somewhat stormy, but thanks to covered sleighs, His Excellency and party reached Monklands very comfortably about noon. His Excellency was accompanied by His Worship the Mayor, the Hon. J. Rose, Hon. Mr. Campbell, Hon. J. Young, Col. McNeil, A.D.C., Col. Duchesnay, P. A. D. C., and Mr. Turville, secretary.

The Governor General on his arrival, was received by Messrs. Leblanc, Pomminville, Beaudry, and others. The party were immediately conducted to the large hall, by the Lady Superioress, Sister Nativity. Here they were received by the young ladies standing, while a piece of music was performed by Mesdames Tremblay, Leprohon, Pouliot, and Vernon on the harp, Miss Chapais on the organ, and Miss Doyle at the piano. At the head of the room chairs were provided for the distinguished visitors. Among those present were Victor Hudon, Dr. Trudelle, Messrs. F. P. Pomminville, Louis Betournay, Chas. A. LeBlanc, Louis Beaudry, J. C. Baker, A. M. DeLisle, Mrs. and Miss DeLisle, Mesdames Young, Pomminville, Moat, LeBlanc, Betournay, Miss Symes and Miss Des Rivieres.

Miss DOYLE now advanced and delivered in clear and distinct tones the following address to His Excellency in English:

Your Excellency,—Ere your arrival in our western clime, fame had made you known to us, even on this our mountain solitude, and anxiously did we anticipate the advent of the illustrious representative of Her Most Gracious Majesty, he who has done so much not only at home, but in distant lands, for the honour and glory of the Empire, whose sun does never set. Warm and sincere was the welcome which greeted Your Excellency in this noble city of Mount Royal, yet no less warm, no less sincere, is that which we proffer you, while we hasten to inscribe with pride your name among those of the illustrious visitors who have honoured with their presence this villa, once the residence of the Governor of Canada. Eloquence has done its best to felicitate Your Excellency on your arrival in this city, and every feeling of loyalty, devotedness and regard finds a faithful echo in our young hearts.

Fain would we strew the way with flowers, as when your noble predecessor and his gracious lady came in the lovely summer time to crown our efforts at the termination of the scholastic year, but though stern winter has blighted the fair scenes, we can proffer Your Excellency flowers which shall never fade, fervent wishes for your happiness—a future no less brilliant than the past. May your name, Excellency, be enshrined in Canadian hearts, associated with all that is most prosperous, great and glorious in the history of this new nation over whose destiny you come to preside.

Miss LEBLANC and Miss NEWCOMBE then advanced towards His Excellency, when the former delivered a short extempore address in French, felicitating His Excellency on his arrival amongst them, and referring to Lady Young in flattering terms.

Miss NEWCOMBE now advanced towards Sir John Young, and presented him with a bouquet of flowers for Lady Young.

HIS EXCELLENCY then made the following reply:

Mesdames and Mesdemoiselles,—I thank you very cordially for the words of welcome that you have addressed to me by the mouth of that charming young lady, and also for the magnificent bouquet that you have presented me with.

I am happy to have had the opportunity, as representing Her Majesty, of visiting this institution for the education of youth, this sweet and pleasant retreat consecrated to study and direction, and the practice of those amiable and solid qualities which constitute the angelic domestic woman. Here, ladies, you may learn to imitate in a more modest sphere the domestic virtues of our gracious Sovereign on the throne, so beautifully an example to the Christian world. I will keep in agreeable remembrance the moments I have enjoyed amongst you. I thank you for the good wishes you have expressed for the happiness of Lady Young, and I will not forget to communicate them to her in remitting to her your handsome bouquet. I do not know how to find a more gracious or more accurate interpretation of your sentiments than that conveyed by the beautiful flowers which compose it.

JOHN YOUNG.

The ceremony, though brief, was a very pretty one. The national anthem now sounded from harp and organ as His Excellency and suite passed down the broad avenue, lined by the bright young faces, which it is needless to say were not the least attractive of the scene.

The Governor-General and guests were now conducted to the drawing-room, where wine and cake were provided.

The Superior then conducted the Governor-General and visitors through the dormitories, fairy regions of neatness and order, the beds being arranged end to end down two long well ventilated corridors. The visit having come to a conclusion, His Excellency and suite left in their sleighs.

In point of situation, salubrity and picturesque scenery, this institution seems unrivalled; the grounds are extensive, and comprise a delightful grove and lovely little lake. The house for the pupils, being the former residence of Lord Elgin, is large and commodious, and is fitted up in a style of comfort, and in some degree of elegance, not surpassed by any educational establishment of the kind.

One of the best features in the educational course is that in addition to all the branches of a liberal education, the advanced young ladies are instructed in that most neglected of female accomplishments, the culinary art.—*Montreal Telegraph.*

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

RENDEZVOUS OF FREEBOOTERS DISCOVERED.

Attempt made to Arrest Them—Detectives Ordered off—Fire Arms Levelled at Them—The Gang Escape.

[From the Toronto Leader.]

The police of this city have been for some time actively engaged in trying to ferret out the whereabouts of a gang of petty robbers or freebooters that have been operating for some time with impunity in this city and neighbourhood; and fortunately made the discovery on Thursday that the gang in which they were in search of had their rendezvous at an old house on the eastern end of the island, known as Ward's house. It was therefore determined to make an attempt to arrest the parties, and for this purpose detective Sheehan, McKendry and another policeman were detailed for the duty. The officers started off on their mission between four and five o'clock, never thinking that they would meet with any difficulty in taking the occupants of the shanty into custody, but they soon found out that they had not calculated aright. The detectives proceeded on the ice in the direction of the shanty, little or no preparation having been made for attacking a fortification held by a gang of desperadoes. Upon nearing the shanty the detectives were not a little astonished to observe three men appear in front, and levelling guns at them, threatened to shoot in case they dared to advance. The detectives, however, being somewhat used to menacing conduct on the part of thieves, paid little heed to this exhibition of a murderous intent, and were about to charge valiantly upon the enemy, when four other rascals appeared at the door and dared the detectives to advance upon them. The detectives were naturally doubly surprised by this time, and remembering the motto of the Iron Duke, "that a good retreat was always preferable to a bad fight," suddenly halted and surveying the position of the enemy with much anxiety, and not a little forebodings of being sent to premature graves, they deemed it prudent to await reinforcements. During the parley that occurred the detectives had an opportunity of observing among the freebooters a young man named Smith, a former resident of the penitentiary for a term of three years, and another man named McCurrie was among the number, who was well known to the detectives as an old offender.

The detectives, after having held a council of war, sent back one of their number to the city for reinforcements. Some fifteen men were therefore placed under the command of Sergeant Stuart, and this force hastened to the support, and it was supposed to the rescue, of their comrades, whom it was feared might have been attacked and annihilated in the meantime. The freebooters, however, had deemed it prudent to make arrangements to retreat from a position that might soon be made too hot for them, and when the police force arrived at the place the shanty was found deserted, the gang having escaped by means of a boat to the mainland near Ashbridge's Bay. The police found that the occupants of the shanty had a good supply of provisions, consisting of flour, sardines, lobsters, and even delicacies of the season. The booty was secured, the shanty burnt to the ground, and the expedition returned in triumph to the city, in hopes of achieving further glory by falling upon and capturing the enemy during the night. No arrests, however, were made till yesterday morning, when a lad named Mitchell, the youngest of the party, was taken into custody. He gave the police a good deal of information about the gang, and also informed them about recent robberies and burglaries that had taken place. A part of this gang, it is now believed, committed the burglary at Osgoode Hall on Tuesday night—one of them named Murphy having been recently discharged from the building on suspicion that he had committed a number of petty thefts about the hall. He was therefore unable to give any information that was desired in order to assist those who committed the robbery at the hall. It seems that this gang of freebooters range from sixteen to twenty-one years of age, but they are evidently hardened criminals. The police will naturally look forward with some interest to the arrest of these scamps.

Wyoming.—To the Montreal Tea Company; Gentlemen, I have great pleasure in testifying to the satisfaction which my customers have universally expressed as to the quality of the tea which I have sold them. Of course it is my interest, the same as any other merchant, to buy where I can suit myself and customers best, and with this view I have purchased from you, and now testify my entire satisfaction of the tea. I remain, yours truly, Duncan McBride.

Toronto.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the two chests of tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton one chest fine flavoured new season Congou at same price, viz: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c., James Edgar.

Everybody Says So.—That is all who have either used the articles themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

BIRTHS.

At St. Alban's Terrace, Daly-st., on the morning of the 8th instant, Lady Macdonald of a daughter.

In this city, on the 6th instant, the wife of T. P. French, Esq., of Detroit, U. S., of a daughter.

Auction Sale.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at his sale-rooms, commencing on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9th, 1869,

A large and valuable stock of BOOTS, &c., consisting of Men's Boots, Congress Gaiters, Winter Boots, Slippers, &c. Ladies' wear in Gaiters of every description, both winter and summer. Misses Boots of every description, Children's Wear, &c.

This will be a rare opportunity to secure boots and shoes, as the stock is large and well assorted, and will be sold

WITHOUT RESERVE.

Terms of Sale—Cash in bankable funds.
Sale to commence each evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
967tf Auctioneer.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND,
[Post Office Block,]

Have just received

ANOTHER LOT OF VALENTINES,

which they offer at Lowest Rates, Wholesale and Retail.

They have just published a

ONE CENT SONG BOOK,

containing "Capt. Jinks," and a number of other popular songs. For sale Wholesale and Retail.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

The REGULAR QUARTERLY MEETING of this society will be held in Gowan's New Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 11th instant, at 7:30 o'clock.

Members are particularly requested to attend.

☞ Entrance to Hall from Wellington-st.

J. P. ROBERTSON,
Secretary.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 969-2

WAVERLY HOUSE,

Barrington-st., Halifax Nova Scotia, established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969j JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

CHANCERY SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE,
IN THE
VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHILLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, comprising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to

MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK,
Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.
Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire,
Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.
969-1awtd Signed, A. N. BUELL.

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Just Received PRAIRIE HENS.

PARSON'S CELEBRATED
HAMS, BACON,
And CHEESE.

CAMPBELL'S SUPERIOR BACON
And SMOKED TONGUES.

FINNAN HADDIES, } McEwan's Curing.
PORTLAND BLOATERS, }

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 967tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"
BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 958tf

WANTED.

A first-class SALESMAN for the Dry Goods business.

Apply at the TIMES office. 968-3

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 8.

Orders have been received by the Council giving notice of the giving up of the premises rented for the troops on the 1st of May. It is thought the building will be held till the 1st of July. It is probable this caused the rumour referred to on Saturday.

The friends of Queen's College have already subscribed $6,500. A considerable addition is expected.

It having been decided to build the new Post Office on Adelaide-st., facing Toronto-st., the Corporation have agreed to exchange the lot needed to furnish the site for one of the same size on King-st., and $600 bonus.

On Saturday a boy seven years old climbed a fence, and leaped off it, but in so doing the scarf on his neck caught on a nail, leaving him suspended in the air. When found he was dead.

No information has been received by Hon. J. H. Cameron in reference to his request for a reprieve for Whelan.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 8.—The *Standard* to-day predicts that the *Alabama* treaty will be rejected by the United States, and is sure that the next administration will not give such favourable terms for the settlement of the question at issue.

LIVERPOOL, February 7.—The steamer *Nebraska* has arrived.

GLASGOW, February 8.—The steamers *Iowa* and *Arabia*, from New York, arrived yesterday.

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 6.—The early payment of one instalment of the Mexican debt is promised.

The announcement is made on official authority that late advices from Athens give the French Government good reason to hope that the pacific policy of King George will triumph over the excitement of the hour. Great agitation still prevails in Athens.

Queen Isabella has issued another manifesto denouncing the revolution in Spain, and asserting her rights to the throne.

The great powers have granted a delay of eight days for the Greek Government to make its final decision in regard to the proposals of the Paris Conference.

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 6.—The Pope has forbidden the prelates recently elected to take seats in the Cortes.

MADRID, February 7.—The name of Prince Gergenti has been stricken from the rolls of the Spanish army. The Carlists are very active and there are indications that they are labouring to produce an insurrection, which may break out at any moment. It is rumoured that the 11th inst. has been fixed upon by them for open demonstrations against the Provisional Government. It is said that Prince Ferdinand has consented to be a candidate for the throne of Spain.

Orders have been received for the execution of the assassins of the governor of Burgos.

It is generally conceded that Senor Olosceaga will be chosen to preside over the constituent Cortes. Many rumours prevail about the proposed directory. Some assert that the members are to be elected for five years. Many political arrests have lately been made; all the prisoners are charged with being engaged in the Carlist movement.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 8.—The news from Athens is contradicted. The latest despatches mention that Zamis had succeeded in forming a Cabinet, and peace was thereby assured. It is reported that the battle between the Turks and Montinegenies at Nichschitiza is authoritatively denied.

CHINA.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 8.—A despatch from China reports that the ship *Surprise*, from Foo Chow, for New York, went ashore near Hong Kong, and the ship and cargo are badly damaged.

CUBA.

HAVANA, February 6.—The insurgents have burned eighteen large plantations in the eastern department. The cholera has broken out in the insurrectionary districts among citizens and belligerents on both sides. Cespedes, one of the peace commissioners, has sailed for the United States, disgusted with the state of affairs in Cuba. Wealthy Cuban families sympathizing with the revolutionists are emigrating to New York or New Orleans.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The St. Domingo Annexation Movement.

NEW YORK, February 8.—The *Herald's* special says the proposed annexation of St. Domingo, is said in Washington to be a big job, as most of the territory has become the property by grants and purchase of parties in this country.

The Remains of Mrs. Surratt to be Delivered to Her Family.

The *World's* special says the President has issued an order directing that the remains of Mrs. Surratt be delivered to her family.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, February 8.—Steamships *City of Baltimore*, *City of Paris* and *America*, from Europe, have arrived. The former was a week over due.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATHES.

The St. Domingo Annexation Project.

NEW YORK, February 8.—The *Times* special says it is proposed to-night to bring up the St. Domingo annexation project in the House again to-morrow, provided some one favourable to it can get the floor under the call for bills and resolutions. The project has gathered strength during the last week. An official despatch was received here on Friday from Baez, President of the Republic, giving a most positive assurance that the Government and people of St. Domingo will accept annexation with avidity and satisfaction. The statement having being made that the debt of the Republic was six or seven millions of dollars, Mr. J. W. Fabens, confidential agent of the Dominican Government, has addressed a note to the Hon. P. Banks, stating that the entire liabilities of the Republic, including paper currency in circulation, will not exceed $500,000.

WASHINGTON, February 8.—The committee on foreign affairs will not call up the Bill providing for the annexation of the Dominican Republic for several days, believing that the more the subject is discussed through the public press the stronger will the proposition become in Congress, and be favourably received when brought up again.

A Wedding Party Poisoned.

WARSAW, IND., February 8.—Last April John W. Van Natta married Miss Horn, of this place, at Fort Wayne, and at the wedding many of the guests were taken sick, and the sister of the bride died. It has now transpired that Van Natta poisoned the coffee drank, he having so informed a young lady with whom he proposed to elope. He was arrested and committed.

The Brig "Brilliant" Lost in a Storm.

NEW YORK, February 8.—The brig *Brilliant*, from Cape Fear river, with a cargo of rosin and turpentine, was lost in a storm on January 28th. The second mate, Asa Bryant, was drowned; the captain and the rest of the crew were rescued from the wreck by the steamship *Europa*, and brought to this port.

A Fire at Littleton, N. H.

NEW YORK, February 8.—A fire at Littleton, N. H., yesterday destroyed a building occupied by the Lancaster Starch Co., the Richardson Turpentine Factory, and Morse and Co.'s Peg Factory. Loss $24,000.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 8.—American Exchange 48¾. Gold 135¾.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 5.—Cotton easier at 40½c.—Flour dull; receipts 4,900 barrels and 1,300 bags; sales 5,700 barrels at $5.65 @ 6.20 for superfine State and western; $6.80 @ 7.10 for common to choice extra State; $6.65 @ 7.40 for common to choice extra western.—Rye flour quiet at $6.25 @ 7.30.—Wheat more active; receipts 1,200 bushels; sales 28,000 bushels at $1.59 @ 1.61 for No. 2 Spring in store and delivered.—Rye quiet.—Corn dull; receipts 22,000 bushels; sales 34,000 bushels at 87½c. @ 90c. for new mixed western, and 87c. for white western.—Barley quiet.—Oats firmer; receipts 22,000 bushels; sales 21,000 bushels at 76c. for western in store; 78c. for do. afloat.—Pork quiet and steady at $32.25 @ 33.35 for new mess; $32.50 for old do.—Lard firm at 19½c. @ 21c. for steam; 21c. @ 21½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 8—p. m.—Consols 93½; Bonds 76½; Erie 25; Illinois Central 93¾.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 8—p. m. — Cotton buoyant; Uplands 12¼d., and Orleans at 12¼d. Flour 26s.; red wheat 9s. 9d. @ 10s.; white do. 11s.; corn 32s. @ 35s. 6d. for old; 31s. for new; barley 5s.; oats 3s. 6d.; peas 44s.; pork 97s. 6d; lard 78s.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Cattis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

CHANCERY SALE

OF

VALUABLE PROPERTY

In the City of Ottawa.

In pursuance of the Decree on further directions of the Court of Chancery, made in the cause of YIELDING vs. FELLOWES, there will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, with the consent of ROBERT J. TURNER, ESQ., Accountant of the said Court, by MR. HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms on Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of FEBRUARY, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable property in two parcels:

PARCEL 1.—Being a portion of Lot No. 7, on the South Side of Rideau-street, in the City of Ottawa, described as follows: being composed of the South East quarter of the said Lot, having a frontage on St. Paul-street of 33 feet, more or less, and running back towards Rideau-street, and carrying equal breadth a distance of 99 feet, more or less, on which is erected a small log house 1½ stories high, 25 feet in length, and also a frame shed or stable, 30 by 24.

PARCEL 2.—That part of the said Lot No. 7, commencing in the centre of the Eastern side line of the said lot at a distance of 99 feet, more or less, from Rideau-street, aforesaid, and running South Westerly, parallel to Rideau-street, 26 feet 10 inches, then North Westerly, parallel to the Eastern boundary of the said Lot, 49 feet 8 inches, then North Easterly, parallel to Rideau-street, 2 feet 3 inches, to the lot formerly deeded by one WATSON LITTLE to one AGAR YIELDING, by Assignment dated April 10th, 1839, then South Easterly parallel to the Easterly limit of the said lot 24 feet 8 inches, to the South West corner of the said last mentioned lot, thence along the Southerly boundary of said lot in a direction parallel to Rideau-street, 24 feet 7 inches, more or less, to the Eastern boundary of Lot 7, thence Southerly along the said Eastern boundary, 25 feet, more or less, to the place of beginning.

If sufficient be realized by the sale of Parcel No. 1 to meet the exigencies of the case the remaining lot will be withdrawn from sale.

The conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale at the Court of Chancery with the following variations: The purchaser or purchasers will be required to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of the purchase money at the time of sale to the Vendor or his Solicitors, and pay the balance within one month from the day of sale without interest. Upon such payment the purchaser or purchasers will be entitled to a conveyance or conveyances at his or their own expense with a good and valid title to the premises, and to be let into possession.

For further particulars apply to MESSRS. CAMERON, McMICHAEL, FITZGERALD & HOSKIN, MESSRS. BLAKE, KERR & WELLS, and JOHN HOSKIN, Esquire, Solicitors, Toronto, and LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD, Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 14th day of January, 1869.

ROBERT J. TURNER.

CAMERON, McMICHAEL, FITZGERALD & HOSKIN, Vendor's Solicitors. 981-1awtd

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Janv. 18, 1869. 950tf

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Ry.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st*,

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS

STATIONERY,

AS FOLLOWS:

☞ PAPERS—

Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

☞ FANCY—

Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

☞ MISCELLANEOUS—

Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

☞ ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—

Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

☞ WRITING INKS—

Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

☞ POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—

Of every denomination.

☞ STEEL PENS—

Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

☞ LEAD PENCILS—

Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

☞ BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

☞ COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

☞ PAPER BAGS,

Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

☞ COTTON TWINE,

And other twines.

☞ WRAPPING PAPER,

To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

☞ BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

☞ PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

☞ SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

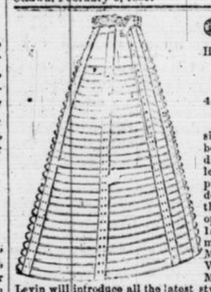
We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

☞ Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.

Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d



CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY, 43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 968d

D. R. LEAVENS, AGENT FOR THE NEW METALLIC

"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principal employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated

"MINER'S SAFETY LAMP,"

is strictly adhered to, rendering it safe from

THE POSSIBILITY OF EXPLOSION;

besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the floor. If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking; this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal, and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.

Call and see them at the

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.

☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound patties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb patties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a patties, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

STATIONERY, &c.

J. DURIE & SON have received 1 case Segar's Tracing Vellum, best quality.

ALSO,

A Choice Lot of Valentines, (English,) direct from the manufacturers, wholesale and retail.

J. DURIE & SON.

NEW BOOKS.

Greater Britain, by Dilke; Tricotrin, by Ouida; Life of Christopher Columbus, by Arthur Helps; Cassella Life of Lord Brougham; Chambers's Journal, 1868, (bound); the Book of Chess, by Selkirk; the Child Wife, by Mayne Reid.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B." Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 958-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 5, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 26 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

☞ Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

☞ In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

☞ The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700	YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180	" all wool DUTCH do
575	" UNION do
1925	" 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450	" 3 do do
200	" PRINTED DRUGGETS
225	" GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575	" "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750	" do BRUSSELS do
225	" WOOL STAIR do
150	" TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.

☞ The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

☞ All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

☞ All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

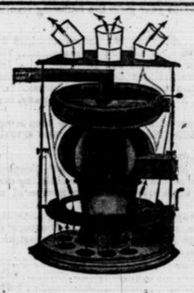
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959f

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS, Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m



STOVES

OF THE

LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED *PATTERNS*,

Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks st., op. Ontario Bank.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The argest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 785y

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery,
China, and
Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

☞ Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

☞ LOW PRICES. ☜

HERROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3¼d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

The Tea Pot, Ottaw

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 9, 1869.

There was yesterday a tolerably fair market, better in fact than was expected for Monday. Generally speaking, however, prices remain as before.

Hay was in considerable quantity, and that, as well as every other marketable commodity, sold easily.

A full market is confidently expected to-day.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 93	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 58	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs.	5 50	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOMB.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

WINFIELD—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.
To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon*.

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake. G. CHENY, Manager, Canadian Express Company.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. RIED.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality.—Brantford *Courier*.

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. DROLET.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

We advise our grocers, farmers, and others to read carefully the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. In presence of the general dullness of business in these counties, merchants who desire to push their business profitably would do well to give them their orders, as from their direct fresh importations, and small wholesale profits, merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give them a call, as their terms are of the most liberal character.—*True Patriot, Thorold.*

QUEBEC.—The Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the chest of mixed tea at 55 cents I received is excellent in quality, and fully 20 cents cheaper than I have been paying. Your obdt. servant, THOS. TRUDEL.

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JESS and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock, ...$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.
Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.
Secretary. H. B. REEVE.
Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.
General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolised nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words			$2,535
do 50	do	do	2,895
do 25	do	do	3,964

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40	December, 1867	$576,135 19	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67	1,594,644 96	Jany., Feb., March,'68	1,727,939 55	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,778 79	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52	Increase	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:—

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	163,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,241,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,800,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolising the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	35
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.			
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 65	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 000tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES
Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES
Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Prices 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK — REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR CASES OF
CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.
Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.
Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*
Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.
J. COPELAND, Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.
The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

L. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

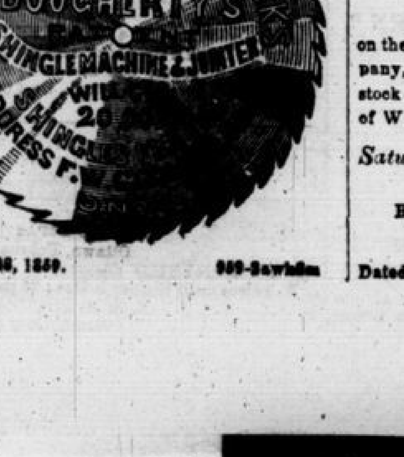
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.



January 28, 1869. 000-2awh6m

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.
W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st, corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.
Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.
THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.
Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)
Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.
SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.
The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.
A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their
Educational Establishment in Ottawa.
Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable SIR JOHN YOUNG, Baronet, one of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas Her Majesty the Queen, by letter patent, under the great seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster, on the twenty-ninth day of December, in the thirty-second year of Her Majesty's reign, has been graciously pleased to constitute and appoint me to be Her Majesty's Governor-General in and over the Dominion of Canada, for and during Her Majesty's will and pleasure, and Her Majesty did thereby authorise and command me to do and execute all things in due manner that should belong to my said command, and the trust reposed in me according to the several powers and directions granted or appointed me by that Her Majesty's Commission, and of the Act of Parliament passed in the thirtieth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled "The British North America Act, 1867," and the instructions given me with such commission, or by such further instructions as may hereafter be given by Her Majesty under her sign manual and signet, or by Her Majesty's order in Her Privy Council, or through one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State and according to such laws as are now and shall hereafter be in force in the said Dominion; Now KNOW YE, and I have therefore with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, thought fit to issue this Proclamation to make known Her Majesty's said appointment; and I do also hereby, and with the same advice, require and command that all and singular Her Majesty's Officers and Ministers in the said Dominion of Canada, do continue in the execution of their several and respective offices, places and employments, and that Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom it may concern, do take notice hereof and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at Montreal, this SECOND day of FEBRUARY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and in the thirty-second year of Her Majesty's reign.

JOHN YOUNG.

By Command,
HECTOR L. LANGEVIN,
Secretary of State. 987-3

OTTAWA
AND
GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

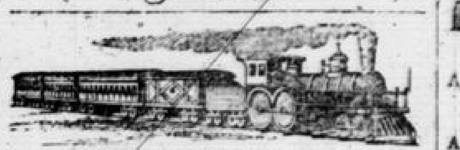
CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 329td

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME
ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH OF NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.
Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at ....8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at .... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

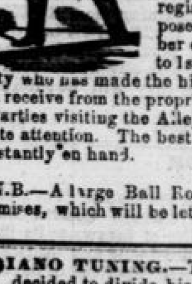
Millinery.

NOTICE.
MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.
N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.
MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE
PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,
Chaudiere and Bull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.
References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his
BOWLING ALLEY.
This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.
B. B. LARIVIERE.
N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT, ... Desbarats's Block
Office of Queen's Printer.
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 10½.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, &c.
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.
J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,
Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.
The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:
METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.
Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)
Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.
N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.
Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.
RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.
Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be had in the Ottawa market.
ALSO,
STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,
By appointment
BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.
Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.
N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.
930.3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.
L. GRANT,
960b JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.
Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 970. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Ressor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues!
PRESERVES and Jelli, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call ... solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 29, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway, New York,

or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,

Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!

But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,

953tf Sparks-st.

WANTED,

By a gentleman and his wife, board and lodging, in a respectable locality. Address, stating terms, etc., ALPHA, TIMES Office, Ottawa. 964tf

---

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

---

TENDERS OF SILVER

FOR

MY EXPORTATION MOVEMENT

are hereby accepted.

Particulars by circular to be issued

THIS DAY.

W. WEIR

Montreal, February 1, 1869. 962tf

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st.,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1841,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ......GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ......GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ......OVERCOATS,
$9 ......COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ......GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ......DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,

The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA, (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,

President.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869. 954td

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made upon all cash purchases of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.

Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

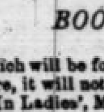
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 917d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Shew Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

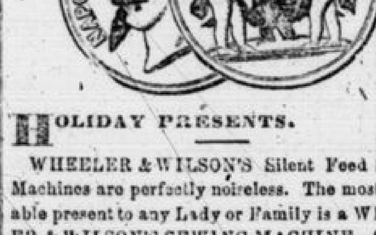
New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,

Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*

R. W. STEPHEN,

930-1wtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

JOSEPH HALL

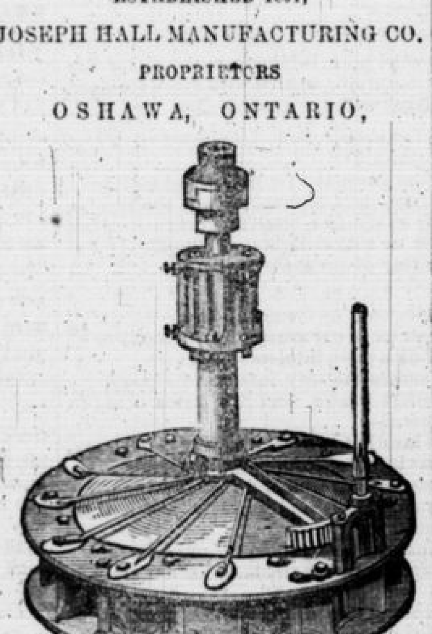
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,

959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplin........	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg.....	9	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors of your choice for........	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only..............	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,....................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars........6¼d
165 do Good Prints ....4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's...............................6¼d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..........	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating..................	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed...........	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed.........	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only.............	2 6	
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......	3 9	
500 Under Shirts, only..............	3 3	
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces	2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting..........................	3 3	worth 5
5 do	2-yards wide, Union Sheeting..........	1	do 3
81 do	Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.		

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50................................OVERCOATS.
4.00..............................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up...............................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25........................VESTS.
$8.00,........Black Broadcloth........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

PORK,

OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,

Forwarders and Commission Merchants,

Canal Basin

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scoten Plaid Smelling Bottles,

Improved Perfumed Distributers,

&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,

Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,

Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

A CLASSIC.

The following prologue was spoken at the opening of a play-house at Sidney, N. S. W., on Jan. 16, 1796, written by George Barrington, the notorious pickpocket, the actors being all convicts. The piece played on the occasion was "The Revenge," the afterpiece "The Hotel."

PROLOGUE.

From distant climes, o'er wide-spread seas we come,
Though not with much eclat or beat of drum,
True patriots all, for be it understood,
We left our country for our country's good;
No private views disgraced our generous zeal,
What urged our travels was our country's weal;
And none will doubt but that our emigration
Has proved most useful to the British nation.

But you inquire, what could our breasts inflame
With this new passion for theatric fame;
What in the practice of our former days
Could shape our talents to exhibit plays?
Your patience, sirs, some observation made,
You'll grant us equal to the scenic trade.

He who to midnight ladders is no stranger,
You'll own will make an admirable Ranger;
To seek Macbeth—we have not far to roam,
And sure in Fitch I shall be quite at home.
Unrivalled there, none will dispute my claim
To high pre-eminence and exalted fame.

As oft on Gadshill we have ta'en our stand,
When 'twas so dark you could not see your hand,
Some true-bred Falstaff we may hope to start;
Who, when well bolstered, well will play his part.
The scene to vary, we shall try in time
To treat you with a little pantomime.

Here light and easy Columbines are found,
And well-tried Harlequins with us abound;
From durance vile our precious selves to keep
We oft had recourse to the flying leap;
To a black face have sometimes ow'd escape,
And Hounslow Heath has proved the worst of crape.

But how, you ask, can we e'er hope to soar
Above these scenes, and rise to tragic lore?
Too oft, alas! we've forced the unwilling tear,
And petrified the heart with real fear.
Macbeth a harvest of applause will reap,
For some of us, I fear, have murdered sleep;
His lady, too, with grace will sleep and talk,
(Our females have been used at night to walk.)

Sometimes, indeed, so various is our art,
An actor may improve and mend his part;
"Give me a horse," bawls Richard, like a drone,
We'll find a man would help himself to one.

Grant us your favor, put us to the test,
To gain your smiles we'll do our very best;
And without dread of future Turnkey Lockets,
Thus, in an honest way, still pick your pockets.

ANECDOTES OF THE PULPIT.

Chalmers, like most great preachers, wrote but few sermons, but preached those over and over again, and never failed in fervour of delivery. "I heard him preach," says Dean Ramsay, "his beautiful sermon on the love of God," in the parish church of Haddington, and on my expressing my pleasure at having been present, he said, "I felt rather uncomfortable, for I saw a gentleman present who must have been hearing it for the fourth time."

The death's head and bloody bones style of eloquence, as it has been irreverently termed, is less frequently heard from the pulpit than it used to be. Preachers generally prefer, now-a-days, the gentle and persuasive to the alarming and threatening mode of sermonizing. Whitfield was a great master of the latter, and no one in modern times could frighten a sinner more effectually with the "terrors of the Lord." He, however, was a lamb in comparison with some of the preaching lions of the Middle Ages.

Wesley's sermons, unlike those of Whitfield's, read well. There is one against the extreme doctrine of election and reprobation which Southey has declared to be one of the "finest examples of impassioned eloquence in the language," and it certainly must be acknowledged by all, whatever be the difference of opinion in regard to its force of argument, to be a brilliant example of powerful rhetoric.

On the death of Princess Charlotte, when a wail of sorrow came from every pulpit in Great Britain, a celebrated divine startled his listeners with the text: "Take this cursed woman and bury her, for she is a King's daughter." This was not designed as an insult; far from it; for the preacher in his sermon took the view that if a character such as Jezebel was, should be buried with pomp simply because of royal birth, how much greater should be the respect shown to the memory of so virtuous a woman as the Princess Charlotte.

To our American divine, Channing, who is appreciated more in Europe even than in this country, we have this tribute from Dean Ramsay: "The style of Channing is carefully elaborated. He indicates the most refined and elegant taste. His sentiments express the purest emotions of Christian love and peace. His estimate of the Divine nature is lofty and emotional." The admiration of Channing as a writer is not confined to England. Count de Remusat, a distinguished French critic, has shown, in his masterly biography, that they are capable, even in France, of rising to the appreciation of the pure morals and refined dialectics of the American preacher.

One of Dr. Hawke's most effective "charity" sermons was preached from the text, "To beg I am ashamed," but a meaning was given to it quite different from the original intention. He turned it effectively to his purpose by the gloss that he was ashamed for his hearers that the neglect of so good a cause as that for which he was pleading rendered it necessary to beg for it.—*Harper's Magazine.*

MUSTAPHA GUNS.

The methods of the celebrated Persian gun manufacturer, Mustapha, are still pursued by his successors. The muskets of that famous armorer are worth at present, it is said, from $400 to $500 apiece, though the modern rifles made on his system, can be bought from $40 to $80, and pistols from $18 to $40. These weapons are generally provided with locks, but sometimes, even at the present day, are fired with a fuse. The infantry of Southern Persia are armed with them. They are chiefly manufactured at Laar. When used they are partly supported by a kind of fork, fastened on the extremity of the barrel. The percussion guns used in Persia are of European manufacture, and the most expensive of them which are bought by the nobility only, come from England. Cheaper ones, for the common people, come from Belgium. The Persians are good shots, but no sports-

men in the English sense. They do not shoot well on the wing."

The superiority of the native guns, which we may call the Mustapha guns, reside of course, wholly in the barrel, since, as we have said, they have not advanced in other respects beyond the flint lock. The process of Mustapha, which was not unlike that employed by English and American armorers in the production of the "stub and twist" barrels, may be described as follows: For the making of a gun, two old horse shoes are taken, together with a small piece of old iron, the whole weighing not quite two pounds. In the heating the small pieces are arranged in such a manner that the horseshoes form the outer rim. When a proper degree of softness has been attained, they are welded on an anvil.

This process is repeated for several times, until the iron obtains a length of two feet and a quarter. When twelve such bars are obtained, they are bound together and then welded; the bar obtained is cut in pieces of such a size that four or six will form the desired weapon. These weapons are then twisted and welded together, the resulting piece is afterwards bent, and again welded to one bar, which finally is turned and bored. If the barrel proves satisfactory, it is polished, so that the various twist marks may appear which are produced by the different qualities of iron. It is afterward coated with a paste of two parts of sublimed sulphur and one part of sea salt, and left for twenty-four hours in a warm room, and being cleansed, is then ready for sale.—*Manufacturer and Builder.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Steady and Industrious Man Wanted.
Waters' Quinine Wine—Jas. Buchanan.
Information Wanted of Archibald Bean.
Scholarship for Sale.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

We understand that George Duggan, Esq., Q. C., ex-Recorder of the city of Toronto, has been appointed Senior County Judge of the county of York.

It is also understood that the Governor in Council have decided against any further interference with the course of the law in the case of the prisoner Whelan. This decision is just precisely what we led our readers to expect several days ago.

The case was up before the Privy Council on Monday, and by them remitted to His Excellency the Governor General, and as no valid ground has appeared for a further respite, it has been wisely decided that the law should be permitted to take its course.

This decision is in strict accordance with the previous action of the Government. When any ground for an appeal lay before our own Courts the time was liberally extended to hear the case out; but after that, and our laws barring any further proceedings, the Executive had no choice but to leave the sentence of the inferior Court, confirmed as it had been both by the Queen's Bench, and the Court of Error and Appeal, to take its due effect. There was no new ground shewn for further interference, and hence the Government refrained from any further action in the premises.

The prisoner Whelan will therefore expiate his crime to-morrow, according to the dread sentence of the Court of Assize. He has enjoyed every license that the law allows; and after all that the ingenuity of most ingenious counsel could plan he is still held to the just, though stern, deliverance of the Court of Assize, which adjudged his life as the penalty for the crime of which he had been found guilty. He will be executed to-morrow morning at the jail of the County of Carleton.

The Hon. Mr. Kenny and Mr. J. O'Connor, M. P., arrived here yesterday.

We have the inexpressible pleasure this morning of being able to relieve a long pressing anxiety which has bowed down the shoulders of the *Globe* correspondent until his "stoop" was a spectacle "for to see!" It is a fact, as we have elsewhere announced, that a Judge has been appointed for the County of York! It has seemed good in the eyes of the Government to appoint the late Recorder of the city of Toronto to this important office; and it now seems good to us to state a few of the reasons which, in all probability, may have governed their action in this particular.

In the first place it should be understood that when the late Judge Harrison received an assistant in the person of Judge Boyd, as Junior, the county of Peel was attached to that of York, and as a consequence the judicial duties were very much greater than they have been since the separation of the counties.

Secondly, the Government, considering the extreme age of the late Judge Harrison, also detached the Division Court business of the city of Toronto from the jurisdiction of the Judge of the county of York, and appointed Mr. Recorder Duggan to perform the duties of Division Court Judge for the city of Toronto.

By these arrangements it may be very well understood (*thirdly*) that the duties of the County Court Judge were very much lightened. He had an assistant; and he had also been relieved of the Division Court business of the city of Toronto.

When the late Judge Harrison died, and when Peel had been separated from York, there was naturally enough ground for believing that Judge Boyd could perform all the duties devolving on him; consequently the Government was in no hurry to make another appointment. As a matter of fact, we have much pleasure in stating that Judge Boyd *did* perform all the duties expected of him to the entire satisfaction of the Bar and the public.

But it became known that important changes were in contemplation by the Local Government regarding the constitution of the Courts. These changes, it was understood, involved among other things an increase of the duties of the County Court Judge, consequent upon the abolition of the office of Recorder. So long as matters remained as they had been before—with the county of Peel cut off, and the Division Court business transacted by the Recorder, it seemed pretty evident that Judge Boyd, whose efficiency in the discharge of his duties had never been questioned, would have been able to discharge all the duties of the office appertaining to the Judge of the county of York. But it was destined that these matters should not so remain.

By the recent action of the Legislature of Ontario, the office of Recorder has been abolished; and as a consequence a considerable amount of additional duty has been imposed upon the County Judge. It therefore became evident that though Judge Boyd, the junior Judge for the county of York, was quite capable of discharging, to the satisfaction of the Bar and the public, the duties that had formerly rested upon him, he could hardly be expected to undertake all the additional duties which the change in the law had imposed.

It therefore became the duty of the Government to make another appointment; and this duty, in the altered circumstances of the case, happily became a pleasure. For Mr. Duggan, who had so long and so worthily filled the office of Recorder, had just lost his office at the very time that the duties of the County Court Judge were increased; there could be no possible reason for continuing him as city of Toronto Division Court Judge, after he had lost the Recordership; and he was far too much Mr. Judge Boyd's senior at the Bar to permit of the idea being entertained of appointing him to the Junior Judgeship. The only course left, therefore, was to appoint Mr. Duggan Judge of the County Court of the county of York, and this appointment, which has just been made, we are sure, will meet with the universal approbation of the people of Ontario.

Mr. Duggan's qualifications for the office will be disputed by no one. His seniority at the Bar precludes his having been brought upon the Bench, under Judge Boyd, himself an excellent and most competent official. The abolition of his office, and the consequent increase of the business of the County Judge, render his appointment exceedingly opportune. And the "sum total" of the whole resolves itself into this: that whereas, under the old regime there were, the County Judge, his junior, the Recorder, and the city of Toronto Division Court Judge—that is, four in all—to pay, there will henceforth be but two. This was a reform worth waiting for. At all events it will be seen that the reasons for delaying the appointment of the Judge of the county of York are susceptible of an explanation, the soundness of which will commend itself to any sensible man in the Province.

The *London Canadian News* of the 21st ult. says: "We understand that the Hudson's Bay Company has sent in its answer to the recent despatch of the Imperial Government, which set forth the terms upon which they (the Government) would be prepared to recommend the Dominion of Canada to take over the Northwest Territories. The reply from the company is not an absolutely positive refusal to accede to the proposed terms for the surrender of their territorial rights, and, therefore, there is a door left open for further negotiations; but we are in a position to state that the Canadian Delegates, to whom of course the contents of the Company's message have been communicated, will not consent to depart from the principles of settlement heretofore laid down."

The *Canadian News* of the 21st ult. says: "The President and Directors of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada have invited Sir George E. Cartier, Bart., (Minister of Militia and Defence), and the Hon. William Macdougall, C.B., (Minister of Public Works), to a banquet, to be given in their honour on Thursday, the 28th of January, at the St. James' Hotel, Piccadilly. It is expected that the Colonial Minister will be present on the interesting occasion."

"*Dreamland; and other Poems*," by Charles Mair, Esq.

When Mr. Mair's volume, "Dreamland and other Poems," first appeared, it met with something more than a mere welcome from the press; and one of the author's energetic admirers even went so far as to assert that a first measure of poetry had at length been given to the Dominion. "Here," cried Deminuendeo, holding up the book, "is the Alpha of our literary hopes! The lark has risen from the fields, the day has dawned, the sun has peered above the hills; and true poetic light, after long waiting and patient hope, floods the happy skies of this Canada of ours. This is 'the real Simon Pure'; let us rejoice!" And he forthwith went into spasms of admiration and delight, rolling about amongst the fair flowers of rhetoric and figures of speech, like a colt in a clover meadow, or a sleek tabby seriously enjoying its first catnip. There had been a silly fiction afloat, a thread-bare idea which had well-nigh become a legend, that Heavysege had written something which good judges and men of brains called poetry; that McLachlin had published certain lyrics, many of them as charming as the daintiest of the lays of the "old land," that certain of Archer's poems were in their way equally good; and that Sangster had at one time been a resident of this country, and it was veritably believed that he, also, had written something that passed with certain foolish people for poetry. All these fictions were pretty well grounded into men's minds, until they were really taken for facts, but the new metropolitan luminary soon set things to rights, and "no man's dog" has yet dared to bark at so solemnly-sportive an authority. This was just the kind of assertion most likely to injure the sale of Mr. Mair's book, and although it could not affect his reputation, it ought to cause him to solicit his good angel to save him from his particular friends.

We will not go so far as to assert that the writer in the *Gazette* took his cue from Mr. Mair's poem, "night and morn;" but in the stanza next the last the Sun,

"Stands above the watery doom,
and views *our songless shores*,"

where neither sea maid, siren nor nymph is to be found, and where

"no fairies shrink
Into their primrose tents of shady gold."

The notices of the work published in this city were extremely glowing, but they were fair and honest, and did not attempt to disparage others at Mr. Mair's expense, or to exchange new lamps for old ones. No one of taste and discrimination can read these poems without admitting that there is sterling poetry in them; that they are of a high order, and but the mere foreshadowings of better things to come. Some portions of his "Dreamland" are exquisite, and strongly remind the reader of Shelley in his happiest moods. The same may be said of the address "to a Morning Cloud," "The Fireflies," the lines on "August," and the ode on the death of Thomas D'Arcy McGee. It must be borne in mind that these poems were all written before the author had reached his twentieth year, and if *they* are so mature, what may we not hope for when his muse shall have been dowried with fuller power and his mind has arrived at maturity? The opening stanzas of "Dreamland" are happily rendered. Take the first three for instance:

"We are not wholly blest who use the earth,
Nor wholly wretched who inherit sleep.
Behold, it is a palace of delight,
Built beyond fear of storms by day or night;
And whoso enters doth his station keep,
Unmindful of the stain upon his birth.

"Sin hath no hold on it; yea, men may take
Their loves into their arms tenaciously;
For sleep is as a chamber high and fair,
Wherein warm love makes light of cold despair;
And wives may deem their faithless lords are nigh,
And maids may kiss false lovers for love's sake.

"Thou canst not fetter it, for it is free;
No tyrant yokes it to the labouring oar.
It is a solemn height, wind-visited,
And touched by sunlight, when the sun is fled—
Where bondsmen lift their aching brows no more,
And men have peace, and slaves have liberty."

The poem has a Keats-like opening, and calls to mind the first line of "Endymion:"

"A thing of beauty is a joy forever."

The remainder of the description of "sleep" is very good. He passes through the "easy entrance," into a domain which is no portion of the weary earth; for space is all about him, and he hears a "wildering speed of undulatory wings;" his "limbs grow lissom," and his soul is "possessed of thousand fantasies;" and

"Beyond me were wide plains of amber light,
And sunless regions stained with solemn gold,
And there the myriad wild fowl soared on high,
Scattered and strewn like dust against the sky.
And in the east a tender shadow rolled,
Forth from the distant anties of the night."

As he is falling from on high, the deceitful earth sinking away into unmeasured depths, until he cannot tell

"For dizziness the darkness from the day,"

he is caught up by the fair hand of a fairy shape, which he thus describes, and with her fades "Away into empyreal regions blest:"

"Lo, she was holy and most strangely fair,
Sleek throated like a dove, and solemn eyed,
Her lips were, as an infant's, small and sweet,
And as an infant's were her naked feet;
And scarf-like flowed and shimmered each side,
Her cloven tresses of untrammeled hair."

Leaving "all the mystery of baleful years," and "all their mortal sleep, and sin, and tears," behind them, they, journeying, in all their

"Strength and everlasting youth,
Arising in clear dawn and light which saves,
We found a realm wherein earth's sorrowings
Were heard no more, where myriad blameless things
Rose from their venal and lethean graves,
And found a resting place, and called it Truth."

"They rose from island and from continent,
Pale-featured spirits in apparel bright;
They rose from ancient rivers and the sea,
In human shapes and garbs of chastity;
They came from sepulchres of death and night,
Faint with despair and long imprisonment.

"And all these shapes found each its own desire,
Whate'er its fate on Earth, whate'er its creed.
The Christian saw at last the Son unsoiled;
The prophet's God upon his creatures smiled;
The Indian found his Manitou indeed,
Lama his life, the Magian his fire.

"For all these souls were innocent below,
And loved God well who loved what He had made;
And loving all things, though they found not truth,
Were yet received of heav'n and got them youth,
And pleasant sleep and shelter in the shade,
And endless mitigation of their woe."

These went whither he could not follow them, because, even under spirit-guidance, he

"Could not tread
Where passion burns not, and where lust is dead."

But love had bent his will to his, and taken full possession of him, and

"With keen desire
I took her eyes' wild light into my soul.
I clasped her spirit-form, and drunk her breath,
And then our lips, more near than life and death,
Clung each to each in silence, and control
Vanished as snow-flakes' vanish in the fire.

"That moment there was darkness, and the lists
Of heav'n gave place unto the gloom of day.
Whereat I woke to deadly fears and pain,
To misery of the thunder and the rain,
And crime, and subterfuge, and fierce affray
Of warring creeds and brawling mammonists."

There is good poetry and freshness in "the Pines," a poem which has been generally admired for its beauty and truthfulness to nature, of which Mr. Mair is a keen and constant observer. "The North Wind's Tale" has a sustained excellence throughout, an ease which many a more experienced muse might envy. It abounds in lines and thoughts, which none but a true poet, conscious of his gift, could fling off with such apparent freedom, or polish off so roundly, when the "sober second thought" is called into aid in the completion of a poem:

"I am the lord of frost and snow,
My home is on the northern deep,
Where lofty berg and sunless floe
Their cold, eternal vigils keep.

"I prowl about the dreary main,
I roam along the sleepless sea;
The burden of my tale is pain,
And sighs, and tears, and agony.

"For I am he who lays full low
The pleasant flow'r in loathsome death;
I churn the rivers while I blow
Great gusts that sweep away men's breath."

Winter comes, when "Earth's pulses beat dull as an old man's blood;" the leaves fall, the mighty forests pant and heave, calling meanwhile "like drunken bacchanals;" the north wind's "fingers touch them and they fall;" the ripples of the streams find an icy rest; the music and the whisperings of the woods grow faint and die; over dreary hills and mountains the snow is sifted, the leaflets are swept away into the vallies, and "the green-armed balsams" are loaded down and robed "in kirtles white;" he lashes and roars about the plains and cities, until "men shrink aghast with sudden dread," parents and youngsters gather round the fire; while without he is hunting with snow and storm for victims on whom to let loose the overflow of his wrath: he harasses great armies with those ever ready, weapons—sleet and snow—until they shrink and cower before him; then arising in his might howls their requiem, and shouts and brawls above them day after day, until Spring unburies them again. In the remaining portion of the poem the north wind relates how years ago a ship set out "from a far city in the West." "Fearing neither tide nor wind," the happy crew rejoiced as "into the dim expanse the vessel flew;" "The earth-world soon was left behind, nothing but sea and sky was seen,"

"Naught but the sky and murmuring sea;
And midnight whispers rose between
Voices and deep-born harmony."

All was hope—no fear, no dread, each sail was swollen,

"And northward like a cloud they fled,
Urged by the wing-stroke of the gale."

Faint harpings passed through the shrouds and faint music was borne thence into the air; jests passed round, and tales of love and bravery were improvised to pass away the time.

But all this while the north wind had tracked the fated ship, "remorseless as the yearning grave," hounding it on

"Till to the desolate ocean's brink
And dreary waste of wave they came,
Where frosty planets rise and sink
In sheeny fields of wandering flame."

Then he scowled upon the sea, "and fetched great clouds to hide the sky;" urging them fiercely

"On to the land of frost and snow,
Where night and moon and eve are one,
The sunrise and the sunset glow."

"The talking billows rose and gave
Strange stories 'twixt the lightning gleams;
And all dark thoughts that murderers have,
Dim visionings and lonely dreams."

The wind increases, the masts bend before the gale, the good ship creaks and groans, "as 'twere a soul in misery;" she has no rest, no peacefulness, as day and night she flies before the gale, "while none yet marked her flight" "onward to the abode of death." Then comes "a horrid and intense cold," the fires are fed more abundantly until the fuel is all spent; the "oil and wine, and grain" give out, nothing is left for fuel or for food, and the torrent of their blood is chilled. The snow lies "in dreary hills" upon the deck, the ice "hangs in sheeny icicles" from rope and mast,

"And sealed with frost as with a seal,
The big blocks stood in icy mails;
The great sheets hung like bars of steel—
So stiff they could not reef the sails.

"At length the ocean ceased to flow—
It froze and bound her; far and near
Great crags of ice and peaks of snow
Lifted their foreheads chill and dreary."

The vessel is drawn fast 'twixt icebergs, and amid "the awful sheen of crashing floes and hummocks vast."

"And round the ship I shrieked and howled;
What mortal crew could brave my glee?
Their souls fled upward as I scowled,
And left the lifeless clay with me."

The closing stanzas, which describe the various attitudes of the dead are a fitting finale to the tale, which has many fine touches of poetry, and here and there rises into the tragic mood:

"The attitude each body had
When life departed, still it kept;
Some clutched the ropes, despairing, mad—
Some knelt in prayer, some crouched and wept.

"One even smiled—a strange, sweet smile,
Tinged with regret and musing thought—
As nothing could his soul dispoil,
Of the deep joy with which 'twas fraught.

"The look-out man upon the mast
Still seemed as he was wont to be,
On watch—but he was frozen fast:
He peered into eternity.

"The Captain sat before his log,
Holding his pen as if to trace
Some words, and at his feet a dog
Lay crouched, and looking in his face.

"And near him his fond sister leant
Her weary head upon her hand;
In her fair, lovely face were blent
Pity and hope and high command.

"And all were dead, and stony cold,
As cold as ever the dead can be;
And the frost of years, and the rime of old
Still clung to their flesh and garmentry.

"For, though all dead, they still are there:
No more by toil and trouble worn;
Silent as shadows free from care,
They wait the dreadful coming morn."

It will be seen by these extracts that the poems in Mr. Mair's very promising volume, breathe the true spirit of poetry. In the "Morning Cloud" he sees, in fancy, rocks, and mountains, palaces and tower, and crowned battlements with standards drooping; he hears the healthy but unseen throng of men and maidens singing by the margin of the lake; voices are calling and shouts are echoing; and far away by brook and spring, and in leafy woods, jocund shepherds welcome in the morn. He hears

"The rolling murmurs deep
Of cascades tumbling o'er the lofty heights,
Where often, often on the starlit nights,
The elves go dancing down each rocky steep,
And never stop until each one alights
On grassy plains low-stretching to the sea.
Their late have come, from islands far away,
The long-lost Argonauts with shouts and glee,
Their moored craft I see within yon bay—
Large galleons scathed by many a whistling breeze,
And barks, and amber-freighted argosies."

The entire poem is interspersed with touches of great beauty, is written with much freedom, and finished with the greatest care.

"O golden shape! Fair, full-blown flow'r of heaven!
Gift of the dawn and far possessing sea!
Thou foster-child of sunshine and the free
Wild air of summer, wherefore art thou given
To mock us with delights which quickly flee
Th' inviting of our souls?"

* * * * * * * * * *

"Our pain hath no dismissal, and our joys
But speed us to our ashes. In life's charm
There lifts a cold, intolerable arm
Which smites the very infant at its plays.
Our comfort wastes, and fair forms come to harm—
Nought lasts but sorrow, all things else decay,
And time is full of losing and forgetting,
Our pleasure is as iron and rusts away,
Our days are grief, and scarcely worth their setting,
Wherein there is repose and slumber deep,
And therefore we are thankful for our sleep."

* * * * * * * * * *

"Th' inscrutable decree which brought us here
Makes myriads wretched and shall keep them so
Till death uplifts the bars for those who wait,
And yearn along the sounding gulphs of fate."

* * * * * * * * * *

"O soul is there no dawn,
No rising of some brighter sun which yields
A welcome recompense for pain? Drift on,
Thou mimic world! Thou art not all alone—
We, too, are drifting to the dim unknown."

The poem on "Winter" is one of the best in the volume. "Summer" is admirably sustained, and has a clearness, and freshness, and a woodland air about it altogether in keeping with the season of which it treats. Of the "Fire-Flies" he says:

"One moment and the thicket is ablaze
With twinkling lamps which swing from bough to bough;
Another, and like sylphids they descend
To cheer the brook-side where the bell-flower's grow.
Near and more near they softly come, until
Their little life is busy at my feet;
They glow around me, and my fancies blend
Capriciously with their delight, and fill
My wakeful bosom with unwonted heat.

* * * * * * * * * *

At length the sky is flecked with dingy streaks,
And morn comes striding o'er the eastern hills,
Muffled in angry trappings which foretell
A coming storm; and now each fire-fly seeks
Its distant home to drink from leafy rills,
And feed on mulse and sweetest hydromel."

The poem on "August," "Maiden of the Sultry Days, and Summer's Latest Born," shows what a keen observer Mr. Mair is of nature, and above all of insect life. This peculiarity is apparent in many of the other poems, "Summer" and the "Wood Notes" especially. Generally speaking these poems have received that careful finish, the absence of which is an unpardonable sin with most writers of poetry of the present day. Mr. Mair does not display any capacity for humour, the sole attempt in that direction being "The little Wren," the poorest poem in the volume, having the same burden as "Mariana" in the "Moated Grange," "I wish that I were dead," with this difference, however, that the spiteful little thing would just as soon have her mate die as herself. There are many lines of rare beauty in "The Beautiful Land by the Sea," but one cannot help thinking while reading it of Edgar A. Poe's "Annabel Lee," of which it sounds like an extended echo; something like the dream put into words, which might haunt a vivid imagination after reading Poe's poem. Mr. Mair's expression, "infant thunder," reminds one of the Indian who informed a missionary that he had climbed a certain mountain where he was sure the thunder lived. On getting to the top, however, he couldn't find the "big thunder," but he saw where the little thunders had knocked the bark off the trees "trying themselves." It is only in his first instalment of poetry where we will find such lines as

"And there are found
Some relics,"

and

"As if to trace
Some words."

In the poem on "Summer," we have "panting rain;" and "iron tears," rolling down Pluto's cheek. In Sonnet I, "I guess 'twas fearful;" bees are described in another sonnet as "fickle creatures, coy and hard to please." Scott having said the same thing of woman in a certain mood. His love has "violet eyes," not by any means so natural a colour for a maiden's eyes as pink is for the eyes of white rabbits and Chinese (white) mice. A number of instances of false accent might be quoted, but these are mere exceptions. The "thunder, lightning, and the rain," play a conspicuous part in these poems—in fact Mr. Mair is particularly fond of thunder. We awake "to misery of the thunder and the rain;" the Pines say, "we fear not the thunder, we fear not the rain;" and the North Wind is made to fling fear and despair, remorse and pain, along the deep in mist, in thunder, and in rain." These, however, are mere specks on the sun, "and we feel confident that when Mr. Mair favours the public with another volume, it will be free from such blemishes as these, and of such a character as to fully realise the warmest anticipations of his friends. Of the poem "In memory of Thomas D'Arcy McGee," little room is left to speak. In it Mr. Mair's reflective and moralising faculties have done their best. The poem is a grand and solemn pean to the memory of the gifted bard and statesman, so suddenly and cruelly cut off in our midst in the very day of his prime and usefulness; and as an elegy will take high rank. The opening stanza is happily chosen:

"Our eyes are full of tears,
Of sounds of grief our ears,
And anger thrills our veins and clenched hands;
And vaguely we await,
As from the lips of fate,
The murmur of the wrath of many lands,
The travel of a fire which brings
The honour of an empire on its wings."

And also the closing stanza, which expresses the hope we all feel at times of that far off which is yet to perfect us (so we hope and dream) in light, and life, and love:

"Yet as blooms melt in fruits,
Or dead flowers live in roots,
So time may bring the fabled after-age
When knowledge shall be found,
Emboldened and unbound,
And heav'n shall grow more kind as men grow sage,
And earth, no longer tempest-tost,
Shall snatch again the grace she once hath lost."

In conclusion, we heartily commend these poems to all lovers of true poetry, and should be pleased to hear that the edition was in a fair way of being exhausted.

THE FINAL ANNOUNCEMENT TO WHELAN.

As soon as Sheriff Powell received the decision of the Privy Council yesterday, he proceeded to the cell of the condemned man, and made known to him that the application of his counsel for a stay of execution could not be granted. The prisoner did not appear to be at all disappointed, for his conduct since his return from Toronto has shown that he did not expect that the last movement of his counsel would interfere with the execution of the dread sentence of the law. Soon after the above announcement was made, the prisoner's wife visited him, and was, as might be expected, very much affected by the meeting. Preparations are being made for the execution, one of which is to cut off four massive bars of a grating leading on to the platform.

The condemned man receives kind treatment from all the officials, and is visited by his spiritual adviser whenever required.

There have been many foolish reports circulated about Whelan, not one in ten of which is true.

He is quite calm, and his general bearing is what might be expected from a man in his unhappy situation.

SMASH UP ON THE GRAND TRUNK.

On Monday evening about 8:30, as freight train No. 10 was proceeding westward, and had just got on the east end of the iron bridge at Shannonville, the flange of one of the wheels broke, and the train being in full motion, ere it could be checked, tore up about 130 feet of the track, and for the same distance the foot path on the north side of the bridge. The last freight car, and the conductor's caboose, which was the rear car on the train, were thrown off near the centre abutment, and pitched clean over on to the ice, a distance of about forty feet. The conductor, D. Hay, and two brakesmen, were in the caboose at the time. One of the men, named Gunn, had his frontal bones smashed, so that the brain protruded, and was otherwise injured. He was alive when taken out of the car, but there was no chance of his recovery. Hay, the conductor, though badly injured, sent a boy back down the track, with a lantern, to warn the express train of the impending danger.

The bridge is a bad wreck, but at daylight a gang of men were placed on, and last night trains were again passing. Hay and the other brakesman, though severely bruised, will recover. From the distance they fell it is a mystery how they escaped instant death. The passengers and baggage of the down express were transhipped in sleighs, which operation caused a delay of about six hours.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shown by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussels, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Save Your Doctor's Bills.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

Interesting to Volunteers.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

THE GREAT WEST.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

Berlin, Friday, February 5, 1869.

I have read somewhere of the criticism of a patient student who had painfully, and from cover to cover, perused the very excellent English dictionary of Dr. Johnson. Being interrogated as to his opinion of the volume he replied that there was certainly a great variety of valuable information contained therein, but that he considered the style rather disconnected. Now, I am greatly afraid that this special correspondence must be held to come within the scope of some such censure. The unities have not been faithfully preserved. That of place, perhaps, for, from Preston to Berlin is but a short Sabbath day's journey; but time has been sadly trifled with, and the penitent writer has no excuse or explanation but *peccavi*. And yet stay! Niagara has been thundering in his ears to the confusion of all meaner sounds. His eyes have been dazzled with the flash of its rapids, and his ears stunned by the diapason of its eternal plunge, since when he has gone to and fro over the peninsula to get rid of it, and finally been compelled to seek rest once more among the Dutchmen, as the sleepiest and least sentimental surroundings among which it is possible to entrench himself.

From Preston to Berlin is a remarkable country, and less American than I have ever traversed on cis-Atlantic soil. It is, in fact, notably "old country"-like, and indeed eminently Irish withal. On either side the road stretch narrow belts of pine and brushwood, such as in Meath or Roscommon give famous cock-shooting, and which break up an undulating landscape that might pleasurably echo to the cry of hound and the twang of horn. But that is alas! but a Dutch paradise with no more picturesque phase of human life abounding than may be suggested by those enormous foot-tracks in the snow, which can be left only by the solid tread of frau or fraulein. I don't wonder that Robinson Crusoe was so terrified when he first struck the trail of Friday. My own heart has quaked within me coming unexpectedly upon the coffin-shaped vestiges of these, the fair daughters of the land. Fortunately they are unaggressive. Walking through the primeval solitude stamped only by their impress, it is as though one had found himself amid the grim haunts of the ghostly pre-Adamite monsters, and there are very few of the bravest of us who could successfully combat an amorous megatherium in petticoats, or even a playful ichthyosaurus with *robe courte* and chignon.

They have the "tallest" names for their villages hereabouts that I have ever as yet encountered: London and Paris we know all about, of course, and Middlesex and the Thames we don't think so much of as once formerly. But, when from Stratford we pass through Shakspeare, and so come on to Hamburg, and thence to Waterloo, geographical identities become painfully bewildering, and Keith on the Use of the Globes is detected as a volume of the rankest imposition. Why can't they call things by sensible titles, such as would convey distinct and appropriate meaning? Who can tell—unless, indeed, Mr. Howland and his advisers, who would seem to have caught the spirit of the population, and, in the atmosphere of a spurious Windsor and a fictitious Heidelberg, have consistently enthroned a sham Excellency to reign over such flaunting etymological follies.

In Hamburg, the other day, I met with a very rare and valuable specimen of a German settler. He was very stout and very heavy, and the largest glass-case I ever saw would have cramped him, while there is no collection in the world with a shelf strong enough to bear his weight. Otherwise I should have liked to have purchased him on scientific speculation, and consigned him to such museum as would bid the highest for so marvellous an addition to its catalogue. He was—hearken to it reverently—*a contented brewer!* He had no complaint whatever against the working of the system under which he mashed. If there was only one such other Canadian alive, what a pair the two would make together. But alas! he is unique, and from Dan to Beersheba is his fellow wanting. With him everything was rose-colour. *He* never was annoyed, nor interfered with, and the inspectors were "Yust so nice men as never was." Perhaps Mr. Brunel knows his name, and perhaps, too, either he, or Mr. Romaine, could satisfactorily unravel the mystery of his stolid satisfaction. Yust so nice men would confer a very great boon upon the curious world, if they would only condescend to such an elucidation.

I mention this worthy Teuton in honourable contrast to the general, and otherwise invariable, run of his fellows. Notably to a gentleman not so many miles away, who in his distilling operations came some months ago to grief stupendous. His vats were of the size prescribed and approved by the inspecting autocrat, but, in the working of one of them, the malt had a perverse tendency to spill itself across the margin. Being illegally desirous of preventing such waste, the proprietor, without even asking permission, rashly and defiantly surrounded the brim with a combing. That this combing might not be suspected of increasing the capacity of the vessel two or three large scuttle holes were carefully pierced in its circumference, rendering it of course impossible to fill the vats above their lower—the original—margin. With such honest precaution the manufacturer doubtless considered himself secure. Misguided man! In the twinkling of an eye, and even as the Assyrian upon the fold, came down in wrath the Inspector. A palpable breach of law had been committed, for the consent of His Magnificence had never been invoked for the improvement. So there was a "man in possession," and there were locked doors, and there was suspended industry, and seized stock, and the revenue lost the duties that should have been paid in the interim, and the trade of the establishment suffered a serious loss, and everything was at a dead-lock and a stand still, until the suggestion came that the goods might be released by purchase from the confiscating authority, and the money was paid, and—*who got it?* Would either Mr. Brunel or Mr. Romaine kindly answer? We pause for a reply.

There was no definite or tangible complaint about the books, but they were seized, and since April last have never been returned. To what library are such volumes consigned, and does the librarian amuse himself on wet Sundays by their perusal? And in what position is that servant of the Department who saw this alteration going on before his eyes—he being the local custodian—and never intimated warning of its heinousness while there was as yet time to save the innovator? Does he get any share of the penalty? I am sure that he deserves it, for it is only by such masterly non-interference as his, that his superiors can hope to make a haul.

Trade is shockingly dull all through the West, and business almost utterly at a stand-still. This is partly owing to the complete absence of snow for many weeks past, whereby traffic has been bereft of the customary winter facilities. We have had, however, a heavy fall within the last three days, and already there are signs of returning animation. I shall be very glad to find an influx of travellers in the hotels, which have been inexpressibly dreary since my advent. They are, too, maddening in this monotony, all of them apparently turned out from the same cast-iron mould. There is the same dreary bar-room, the identical everlasting stove, the same knot of listless loungers all about, and even the same eternally recurring pictures on the walls. I used to entertain a warm feeling of respectful admiration for the late President of the United States. But I protest that if he persists in staring at me in lithography from an irritating walnut-coloured frame, and with lineaments distorted into caricature, the basilisk gaze will, ere long, infect me with some portion of its own attributes, and I shall find myself a hissing copper-head before I leave the district. The President is flanked by the Queen and Prince Albert—the latter wearing the semblance of a jaunty temperance lecturer, while, for contrast, her most gracious Majesty is arrayed in the seductive graces of a Haymarket bar-maid. *Flora Temple* and *Dexter* hang immediately opposite, each of them bent upon trotting furiously into the neighbouring sitting-room, whence I hope earnestly they may vanish through the outer wall to be seen no more of men. And, as if all this combination were not sufficiently irritating, it is further enhanced by the gew-gaw glitter of Mr. Frith's *Derby Day*, a picture giving much the same idea of the Epsom Wednesday's show as does the Rideau of the Horse-shoe fall. The only relief whatever is in the houses of the few German Catholics. There St. Peter, with agonized feelings and a blue petticoat, sinks into a Sepia sea, to the horror of St. Somebody else, who looks out at the catastrophe from the bulwarks of a three-masted ship, the yellow mainsail of which is about half the size of its crew's magenta bed-gown. Everybody else in the calendar performs similarly vivid freaks at the same low rate of ten cents per Saint, until the eye aches under the combined splendour of so many apostolic glories. While, over all, *Mr. Lincoln* beams approval, and *Dexter* and *Flora Temple* are in waiting to tear the martyrs asunder in the amphitheatre. I once believed that the pictures in the House of Commons and Senate galleries were the most hideous ever painted. It gives me therefore much pleasure in assuring you that herein was I mistaken.

NIGHT SOIL.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Dear Sir,—Pardon me for thus trespassing upon you, but really I cannot keep down my ire any longer. If you want to know what vexes and annoys me so much, just take a quiet walk out to the bridge at Sandy Hill, and there see for yourself. It grieves me to have to relate to you that people are so utterly lost to all decency and good breeding as to deposit, or cause to be deposited, on the way-side leading to the bridge, barrels and barrels of night soil. Some of these barrels are so near the centre of the road that one has almost to turn out of his way to get past them. Now the individuals who are guilty of this disgusting act *may* be human beings, and *may* have feelings in common with mankind, but will you vouch for this Mr. Editor? I would not do so. I would not say how far they are removed from the brute creation—would you Mr. Editor? What nasty unclean animals they are to be sure. But then what can the police authorities be about? I always understood that their jurisdiction extends over the whole city, and that one of their special duties is to see that no nuisance is committed within the limits over which they assume to have jurisdiction. Why Mr. Editor, these disgusting sights cannot arrive at their destination without having passed before their very eyes and very noses. Are they idols that we have to say of them "Eyes have they, but they see not, ears have they, but they hear not—*noses have they, but they smell not.*" No! no! Mr. Editor, this cannot be, for I have seen them all, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, they all have eyes and noses and could see and smell too—if they would. I saw them a few days ago walking away from Mr. J. B. Lewis' office, after presenting him with an address, and I could not help thinking then Mr. Editor that they were a noble looking set of fellows! And I cannot help thinking now that out of so many one might guard Sandy Hill from these nuisances. One question more before I conclude, what have the municipal authorities done in relation to the procuring a suitable place in which to deposit this night soil? I heard it was going to be such a profitable thing to the city, that I had great hope my taxes would be reduced in consequence. Brush them up Mr. Editor, brush them up—*i. e.*, brush up the authorities.

Yours very sincerely,
B.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869.

LOCAL NEWS.

Commissioners of Police.—John Bower Lewis, Esq., having ceased to be Recorder of the city of Ottawa, is no longer a Police Commissioner, and his place at the Board is now filled by Judge Armstrong. The Board will in future hold their sittings in the room of the Chief of Police, City Hall, which is being fitted up for that purpose.

The Market.—Fortunately we had yesterday, for the first time lately, a good market. The fact of there being plenty, however, did not affect the prices, for the city being reduced almost to starvation point the buyers were so numerous that the produce was soon bought up at the last prices. Pork, which was scarce, went up, and remained at $10 per 100 lbs.

One of Them Caught.—Last evening about eight o'clock a night soil man, possibly the one of whom the police have been in quest ever since Saturday last, was going up Sandy Hill with a heavy load in a leaky box sleigh, to deposit it in the—to him—most convenient place, when he was met by Mr. Wyatt, who seized him and took him back to the police station. It is to be hoped that he will be taught obedience to the laws.

Police Court.—Isidore Michaud was again brought up on remand charged with stealing a gold watch and chain from Mr. Edward Proulx. Henry Sickmow, to whom the watch was alleged, when the boy was insensible under the influence of liquor, to have been sold for ten cents, was called, but as was previously believed he knew nothing whatever of it, and the prisoner was therefore discharged.

William Morris, the Indian, was brought up on a charge of drunkenness. No other charge being preferred against him, he was committed to jail at hard labour for the space of two weeks.

The adjourned case of John Wright, charged with selling liquor without license, for want of evidence, was again adjourned till this morning.

Readings at St. Albans.—A very fair audience attended the readings on Monday evening. The readers for the occasion were Dr. Jones, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Mr. Whyte, and Mr. Wilson. Mr. Sinclair sang two or three good songs. The evening was very agreeably spent, and the audience testified to a good deal of amusement, and, no doubt, received instruction as well. It seems strange that the other churches do not take hold of the popular reading movement, or some other means of affording intellectual amusement to their people. It would not only be a legitimate source of revenue, but would attract numbers to these week day recreations, who, becoming familiar with the church people in their school-rooms, would be induced to visit the churches on Sundays. Advantage might be taken of these assemblies to elevate the intellectual, moral, and social character of the people by a variety of means, not deemed compatible with the more solemn religious exercises of the Sabbath. Among the multifarious demands of the age that which finds the most universal expression is for information. In Great Britain that demand is supplied with sterling works of popular literature and science, produced in the country, and suited to the character and requirements of the people. Here it is otherwise. Here the popular demand for reading matter is supplied with the flash literature of the States, rendered attractive to the vitiated taste by the most obscene and filthy illustrations, and all calculated to corrupt the morals of our youth. We may be told that these abominations ought to be suppressed by the laws, and so they ought, but they are not. And as they are not, should not ministers of religion have sufficient regard for the public morals to use every effort in their power to educate the people up to a standard from which this sort of literature would be looked down upon with disgust? And what better means could be adopted for the commencement of this work than reading ones a week good selections from the best authors in our language? If something be not soon done to put a stop to the contaminating influences of cheap Yankee literature, we shall see arise out of it institutions such as exist on the other side of the line for drinking and obscene singing and dancing, and many youths who might be saved, if timely efforts were made, may be found assisting at the midnight orgies known to such places, entailing ruin upon themselves and suffering upon another generation. Would it not be wise then to begin betimes to lead the people into better courses? This was the object of the person who introduced penny readings in this city.

Everybody Says So.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

Toronto.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the two chests of tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton one chest fine flavoured new season Congou at same price, viz: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c., James Edgar.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

DIED.

At Barrie, on the 8th inst., Mr. James Cook, late of Petite Nation, Ottawa County, aged [illegible] years.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

WANTED,
A STEADY AND INDUSTRIOUS MAN,
who thoroughly understands the
BOTTLING OF ALE AND WINES.
Apply, by letter, to Box 67, Ottawa P.O.
Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"
THEN USE
WATERS' QUININE WINE,
The finest tonic in the world.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

NOTICE.—Information wanted of ARCHIBALD BEAN, who left some time ago for Lake Huron, by his daughter MARY, who is in Ottawa, and anxious to hear from him. Any information addressed to the Times Office will be thankfully received. 970-1

FOR SALE.
A SCHOLARSHIP
IN
THE OTTAWA BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Apply at once to the Office of this Paper.
Ottawa, February 10, 1869. 970tf

STATIONERY, &c.
J. DURIE & SON have received 1 case Segar's Tracing Vellum, best quality.
ALSO,
A Choice Lot of Valentines, (English,)
direct from the manufacturers, wholesale and retail.
J. DURIE & SON.

NEW BOOKS.
Greater Britain, by Dilke; Tricotrin, by Ouida; Life of Christopher Columbus, by Arthur Helps; Cassell's Life of Lord Brougham; Chambers's Journal, 1868, (bound); the Book of Chess, by Selkirk; the Child Wife, by Mayne Reid.
For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.
Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

The REGULAR QUARTERLY MEETING of this society will be held in Gowan's New Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 11th instant, at 7:30 o'clock.

Members are particularly requested to attend.

☞ Entrance to Hall from Wellington-st.

J. P. ROBERTSON,
Secretary.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 969-2

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 9.

At the City Council last night $400 in aid of the Red-River Relief Fund were received from the Warden of Simcoe.

The Board of the Mechanics' Institute have decided to erect a new hall capable of seating 2,500 persons. The cost of the land and building is estimated at $12,000, the amount to be raised by subscription among the citizens.

A sale of Ordnance Lands took place yesterday. About fifty lots were sold, prices running as high as $8 per foot. The total amount realized was $14,800.

The mortality returns for January show deaths from zymotic diseases to be 9; other causes 59. Against 11 from zymotic; and 63 from other causes in January, 1868.

The officers of the garrison played at the Lyceum last night, and gave general satisfaction to a large audience.

Sergeant-Major Coulter, of the 13th Hussars, a Balaclava hero, died at the Crystal Palace Barracks yesterday, in the 39th year of his age. Only eight Balaclava men now remain in the regiment.

Trains still continue late.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 9.

At a public meeting to-day a committee was appointed to take steps to establish an hospital for sick children. Several thousand dollars have been already promised for that purpose.

Dredging machines are being repaired to be ready for operation as soon as spring opens. The Harbour Commissioners have given a contract for building a new powerful dredging machine.

Very little excitement prevails here respecting the fate of Whelan.

The steamship *Austrian* arrived at Portland this afternoon.

Mr. Pierre Grifford, President of the Montreal Typographical Union, leaves here on Thursday night to attend the festival of the Toronto Typographical Union.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

SOUTHAMPTON, February 9.—The steamship *New York*, from New York, has arrived here.

LONDON, February 9.—Reports of disasters by the recent gales are coming to hand. Two American vessels, the *Pericles* and *Persian*, are among those suffering damage to vessel and cargo. No loss of life is as yet reported.

The Glasgow Chamber of Commerce has presented an address to Hon. R. Johnson, American Minister, urging the practical adoption of principles of free trade in the United States.

SPAIN.

A Party of Carlists Attack a Town and are Defeated.

MADRID, February 8.—Exciting rumours have been circulating in regard to the movements of the Carlists. One of these reports is to the effect that the Carlists had attacked Santoña, in the Province of Santander, but they were repulsed after a sharp fight.

MADRID, February 9.—In reply to further solicitations of his fellow citizens, Partero again declines a seat in the Constituent Cortes to which he was elected. Among the changes contemplated in the administration of the Government is the adoption of the Colonial Ministry as a distinct department.

ITALY.

A Shock of Earthquake at Florence.

FLORENCE, February 8.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here yesterday. No damage was done.

HUNGARY.

The Trial of Prince Karogeorgewich.

PESTH, February 8.—The trial of Prince Alexander Karogeorgewich, for complicity in the assassination of the late Prince of Servia, commenced here yesterday.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 9.—The Sultan has appointed Houssin Pasha to succeed Namik Pasha as Minister of War. Houssin Pasha has occupied a seat in the Cabinet since March 1868 as Minister of Police.

GREECE.

King George Threatens to Resign His Crown.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, February 8.—A despatch from Athens says King George has declared that Greece must either accept the protocol of the Paris Conference, or receive his resignation of the Crown.

ATHENS, February 9.—The members of the new Cabinet now unanimously agree with the King in adhering to the resolution of the Paris Conference.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Negotiations for Peace.

NEWS VIA LISBON.

LISBON, February 8.—Latest news from Paraguay was that the allies had offered a truce to President Lopez, for the purpose of opening negotiations for peace.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 9.—The *World's* Buenos Ayres correspondence, December 27th, says: The last information from the seat of war gave an account of bloody battles, by which Villetta was approached by the allies. It was supposed that an immediate attack would be made on Argostura. A strong seige of batteries are close by. The iron-clads are abreast of it, and sometimes run by. Marshall Caixas is just above it, having crossed above by going round on the Chaco side, and taking Villetta first. He is without shelter, with no hospital, very poor means of retreat, and with a bold exasperated foe before him, and it is said with 10,000 men. General Gellyobstinue is on the other side of Lopez, but they are separated by impassable marshes and lakes, so that the Argentine position of the army is not in a condition to do Lopez much harm.

CUPA.

Defeat of the Insurgents.

HAVANA, February 8.—The *Diario*, in its account of the outbreak at Camorones, states that the first act of the rebels was to destroy a section of the railway. The same paper acknowledges that the situation in this quarter is very grave. The approach of the revolution to the vicinity of Cientuegos, which is the centre of a large planting district, is expected to cause a rise in the sugar market. The rebels recently assembled at Monaguay to the number of 300. They were attacked by the troops and defeated, losing all their arms and ammunition, and eleven prisoners.

The Government is organizing several new battalions of volunteers, a part of them for garrison duty, and part of them for active service in the field. LaCaboues, the strongest fortress at Havana, is now garrisoned by volunteers, instead of regular troops, who have been sent to Cienfugo.

MEXICO.

Loss of Life and Destruction of Property by a Freshet.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 8.—Advices from Mexico state that heavy rains prevailed in the State of Sinaloa. The rivers overflowed and inundated the country, destroying several villages entirely. The loss of life is unknown, but is feared to be very great.

WYOMING.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I have great pleasure in testifying to the satisfaction which my customers have universally expressed as to the quality of the tea which I have sold them. Of course it is my interest, the same as any other merchant, to buy where I can suit myself and customers best, and with this view I have purchased from you, and now testify my entire satisfaction of the tea. I remain, yours truly, DUNCAN MCBAINE.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Reception to Gen. Grant in Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, February 9.—The reception tendered to Gen. Grant last evening by Mr. S. B. Chittenden, in Brooklyn, was attended by over 1,000 of the *elite* of Brooklyn and New York society. Mr. Chittenden had extended his parlours by a temporary covering of the adjoining grounds. The decorations were striking and tasteful.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATHES.

The United States Senate.

NEW YORK, February 9.—The *Times* special says the Senate Foreign Relations Committee have decided to take up the consideration of the protocol to the *Alabama* treaty, and the treaty in reference to foreign citizens, in which England acknowledges its rights of expatriotism, and abandons the theory of perpetual citizenship.

The understanding to-night is that the measures and questions relative to the proposed purchase of St. Thomas shall come up to-morrow at the regular meeting of the committee. In respect to the St. Thomas purchase, there is not much probability that the committee will decide that the U. S. Government is so far committed to the transaction that we are bound according to all moral and international obligations to take the islands off the hands of the Danish King. Notwithstanding the fact that the annexation projects are from time to time introduced in the House, and discussed in committee, there is a very strong feeling in Congress against all schemes of this character, and it is not very probable that we shall have any further accession to our territory for some time to come.

WASHINGTON, February 9.—The Bill reported last Saturday by the Ways and Means Committee does not, as supposed, authorize the change of registered bonds for coupon bonds, though coupons may be turned into registered bonds.

Sailed.

NEW YORK, February 9.—The steamship *Cambria* took out $703,000 in specie to-day.

Died.

NEW YORK, February 9.—James T. Bradey died this morning of apoplexy, aged 54 years. All the courts adjourned in honour of his memory.

The Pacific Mail Company.

NEW YORK, February 9.—It is stated that the Pacific Mail Company have purchased 24,000 shares for retirement along with 36,000 previously owned. This would reduce the capital $5,000,000. It is further reported that the quarterly dividend of 3 per cent. is to be paid hereafter.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 9.—Gold 135¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 9.—Cotton firm; sales at 30¼c. for middling uplands.—Flour more active; receipts 5,134 barrels; sales 9,800 barrels at $5.65 @ 6.30 for Superfine State and Western; $6.75 @ 7.10 for common to Extra State; $6.50 @ 7.40 for common to choice Extra Western; $6.65 @ 8.75 for Round Hoop Ohio.—Rye flour dull; sales 100 barrels at $5.20 @ 7.30.—Wheat quiet; receipts 1,000 bushels; sales at $1.59 @ 1.61 for No. 2 Spring in store and delivered; $1.71 for new in store and delivered.—Rye heavy; sales 3,000 bushels of Western at $1.46.—Corn firmer; receipts 4,000 bushels; sales 36,000 bushels at 89c. @ 90c. for new Mixed; 87c. for white Western.—Barley active and firm; sales 34,000 bushels at $2.13 @ 2.15 for Canada West.—Oats in moderate request; receipts 4,000 bushels; sales 40,000 bushels at 76c. for Western in store; 77½c. for do. afloat.—Pork firmer $33.50 @ 34.00 for new Mess; $32.50 @ 33.00 for old do.—Lard quiet and firm at 19½c. @ 21c. for steam; 21c. @ 21½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 9—p. m.—Consols 93¼ for both; Bonds 76¼; Erie 25; Illinois Central 93¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 9.—Cotton firmer, Uplands 12¼d. @ 12½d.; Orleans 12¼d. @ 12½d. Manchester advices less favourable. Pork flat and nominal. Bacon 58s. Lard 77s. 6d. Breadstuffs quiet. California wheat 11s. 3d.—Corn 33s. for old; 31s. 3d. for new. Tallow 40s. 7d.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY,

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS

STATIONERY,

AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—

Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—

Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indellible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—

Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—

Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—

Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—

Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—

Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—

Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS,

Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE,

And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER,

To suit all purchasers, from 25 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

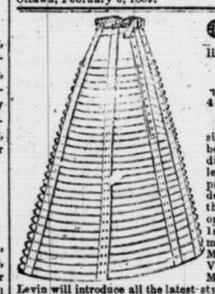
We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.

Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d



CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 968d

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND,

[Post Office Block,]

Have just received

ANOTHER LOT OF VALENTINES,

which they offer at Lowest Rates, Wholesale and Retail.

They have just published a

ONE CENT SONG BOOK,

containing "Capt. Jinks," and a number of other popular songs. For sale Wholesale and Retail.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869.

D. R. LEAVENS,

AGENT FOR THE NEW METALLIC

"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principal employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated

"MINER'S SAFETY LAMP,"

is strictly adhered to, rendering it safe from

THE POSSIBILITY OF EXPLOSION;

besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor*. If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking: this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal, and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.

Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.

Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.

Call and see them at the

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.

Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Ry.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,

E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.

Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MACEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700	YARDS HEMP CARPETS,	
180	" all wool DUTCH	do
575	" UNION	do
1925	" 2 ply, ALL WOOL	do
450	" 3 do	do
200	" PRINTED DRUGGETS	
225	" GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,	
1575	" "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,	
750	" do BRUSSELS	do
225	" WOOL STAIR	do
150	" TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.	

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks.

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MACEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

RESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 8m

STOVES

OF THE

LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED

PATTERNS,

Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery,
China, and
Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods.

Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3¼d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,

The Tea Pot, Ottaw

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

900 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the Ottawa Times.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1869.

Flour—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
[illegible]—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 58	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
Hay—Per ton	18 00	@	20 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

Pelcome.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, Jno. T. Day.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

Winfield.—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, John Heritage.
To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large percentage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. Cheny,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

Montreal Tea Company,
Gentlemen,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, Francis T. Greene, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

Peterborough.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. Ried.

The Montreal Tea Company.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality.—Brantford *Courier.*

Quebec.—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly,
P. A. Drolet.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

We advise our grocers, farmers, and others to read carefully the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. In presence of the general dullness of business in these counties, merchants who desire to push their business profitably would do well to give them their orders, as from their direct fresh importations, and small wholesale profits, merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give them a call, as their terms are of the most liberal character.—*True Patriot, Thorold.*

Quebec.—The Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the chest of mixed tea at 55 cents I received is excellent in quality, and fully 20 cents cheaper than I have been paying. Your obdt. servant,
Thos. Trudel.

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

London.—The Montreal Tea Company, Montreal: Gentlemen, the chests of tea purchased by me at your establishment some two months ago, have given us great satisfaction, both as to flavor and strength, and as to price, it is far under what I have been accustomed to pay for tea by the chest. I can confidently recommend it to my friends. Yours truly,
S. H. Graydon.
Joseph Mooney,
Russell House Block

For Sale or to Let.

Valuable Farms for Sale.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. Sparrow, or to D. O'Connor, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

For Sale.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

Horse Infirmary,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,..........................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President,
HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer,
HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary.
H. B. REEVE

Counsel.
MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent.
MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS

The Dominion Telegraph Company has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at low rates, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolised nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16 65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866........$ 551,971 40; December, 1867..........$576,135 19; Increase..........$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67 1,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March,'68 1,727,939 55; Increase..........133,294 59
April, May, June, '67, 1,559,778 79; April, May, June, '68, 1,749,631 52; Increase..........159,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1852	163,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,800,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolising the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that all who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			Miles.	Canada Money.
From	Toronto to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	50
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example of present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	Actual Cost, Both Tariffs.			
To New York 80c	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 65	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

Note.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 800tf

Medical.

Pain Killer

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

Pain Killer.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and it cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, General Agents

Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the Horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Mortimer's

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

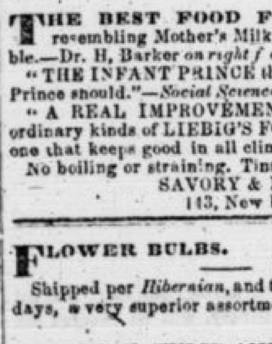
Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



For Cases of

CONSUMPTION

treated with Savory & Moore's

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (Savory & Moore's) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed to work like a charm."—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's label and trade mark.

The Best Food for Infants, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

Flower Bulbs.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL

BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868 87tf

Medical Cards.

Edward C. Malloch, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10.30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

Dr. C. Leggo, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

Dr. Oliver Martin, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

Dr. C. A. Martin, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers. 34utf

Dr. George Hutchison, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Dr. W. J. Henry, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Dr. O. C. Wood, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. Cancers Cured, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

Dr. J. A. Beckett, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

Pickwick House,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

Ottawa House.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests.

Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

Toronto House, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

The "Queen" Restaurant,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

The Metropolitan,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

Dominion House,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. Tackaberry, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 609y

R. Sparks, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. Billings, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
References—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R. R. 740t

S. Christie, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'Connor & Waller, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

Oliver & Annable, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGreevy, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

Plans, Specifications, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

The Montreal

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do. 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, [illegible] Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

Waverly House,
Barrington-st., Halifax Nova Scotia, established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. Ward, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

Macpherson, Kennedy & Christie, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. S. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

Nicholas Sparks, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. Mara, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

Mosgrove & Taillon, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon.

N. Tetreau, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Lapierre & Haycock, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'Connor, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. Haycock, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. Buckley, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

Lees & Gemmill, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

Edward T. Dartnell, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

Piano-Forte Tuition.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

Education—Classical and General.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

St. Alban's School,

Daly st.

PRINCIPAL:
Rev. Bickerton A. Edwards, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

School Fees.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term extra.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

Musical Academy.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

The Sisters

OF THE

Congregation de Notre Dame,

from Montreal,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

January 28, 1869. 959-2awh&m

Ottawa

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th, 1869. 829td

To Farmers & Others.

	A.		
Trade	O.	A.	Mark.
	& Co.		

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

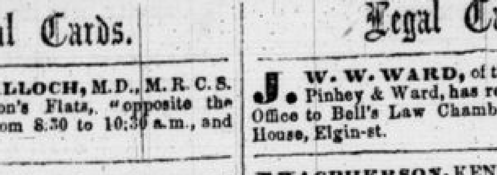
A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.		
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50	
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60	
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80	
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45	
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60	
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80	
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60	
Very Good	0 65 @ 70	
Finest	0 75 @ 80	
GREEN TEA.		
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40	
Fine do	0 55 @ 60	
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60	
Fine do	0 75 @ 85	
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00	
COFFEE.		
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33	
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32	
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29	

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Railroads.



Change of Time

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Ottawa.		Arrive in Prescott.
Express, 8 a. m.		10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.		4.15 p. m.
Leave Prescott.		**Arrive in Ottawa.**
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.		11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.		4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

Brockville & Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10	a m
Night do do do do	8:30	p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00	a m
Trains for Lachine at ....8:00 a m,	9:30	a m
3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.		

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00	a m
Express for Boston at	8:40	a m
Express for New York and Boston at	3:30	p m
via Vermont Central.		
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00	p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00	p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10	p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1 1868.

Canadian Pain Destroyer!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Millinery.

Notice.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

Removal.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

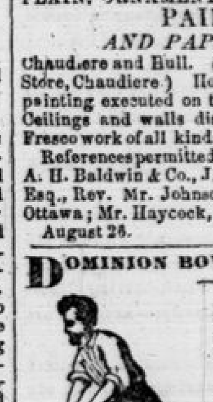
Randall & Montgomery,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE
PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

Dominion Bowling Alley.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his
BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

Piano Tuning.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

Provincial Insurance.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
Agent, ... Desaulnier's Block
Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

Union Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10½.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. Sewill, Liverpool,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867,

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.
For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

S. Rogers,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment Wellington-st.
Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

Hardware!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

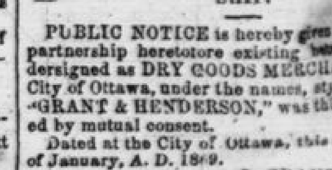
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.



Satchell Bros.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of beef, and sugar-cured Hams and bacon, cured in the English style.
930.3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth of January, A. D. 1869.
L. GRANT,
960b JOHN S. HENDERSON.

Parodee's Epileptic Cure,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. The preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 789y

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Notice.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883y

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, 38, Sparks-street, Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton, Managing Director. Alex. Robertson, Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 971. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 3 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,

PRESERVED OYSTERS do

FRESH HALIBUT do

FRESH SALMON do

FRESH MACKEREL do

FRESH LOBSTERS do

GREEN PEAS do

LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,

FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,

MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,

MORTON'S Bloater Paste,

TOMATO and other Catsups,

ANCHOVY Paste,

STRASBURGH Meats,

POTTED Beef and Tongues,

PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety,

ORANGE Marmalade,

MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,

PICKLED Mackerel,

PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,

DRY Haddock,

FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call duly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......... $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......... $100 00

Halifax.......... 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......... 30 00

Halifax.......... 15 00

St John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway, New York,

or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,

Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,

" " Canadian Favorite,

" " Central Park do

and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,

Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,

Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,

Butts, Screws, Locks,

Bolts, Catches, Latches,

Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,

Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,

Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,

Steel Bits, Bevels,

Levels, Boring Machines,

Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,

Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,

Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,

Paris Green, Brunswick Green,

Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,

Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,

Drop Black, Ivory Black,

Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,

Raw Oil, Turpentine,

Benzole, Coal Oil,

Paint Brushes,

Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!

We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock

We are not retiring from business!

We are not having a clearing sale!

But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA

(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,

$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

TENDERS OF SILVER

FOR

MY EXPORTATION MOVEMENT

are hereby accepted.

Particulars by circular to be issued

THIS DAY.

W. WEIR

Montreal, February 1, 1869 962tf

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st.,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS,

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS.

$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS.

$4 ....OVERCOATS.

$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS.

$1 ....GOOD VESTS.

75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.....UNDERSHIRTS.

75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,

The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,

C. C. Rly.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

Wants.

WANTED,

By a gentleman and his wife, board and lodging, in a respectable locality. Address, stating terms, etc., ALPHA, TIMES Office, Ottawa. 964tf

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 868tf

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.

Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 29 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4297 GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

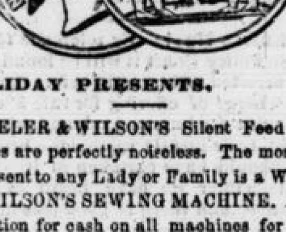
New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,

Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*

R. W. STEPHEN,

930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

JOSEPH HALL

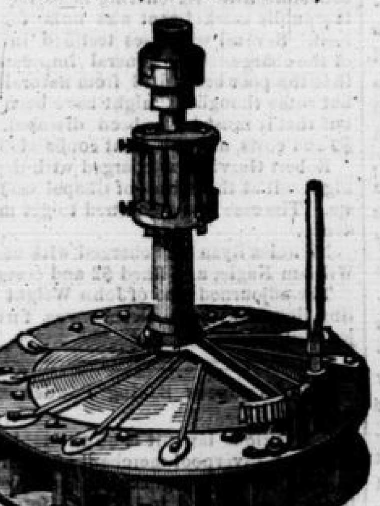
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam-Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Sawrigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Sawrigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,

959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7		1 3
70 do	do Poplin........	7½		1 0
150 do	do Cobourg.....	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for........	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only..............	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,..................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.

83 Shepherd Long Shawls

101 Fancy, all wool Longs

167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

126 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d

160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars.......6½d

165 do Good Prints.......4 d

303 do Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's..........6½d

159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..........	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating..........	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed..........	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed..........	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only..........2 6

1200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9

500 Under Shirts, only..........3 3

300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ....5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting..........3? worth 5

5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting..........1 do 3

81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice..........

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50..........OVERCOATS.

4.00..........heavy OVERCOATS.

90 cts. up..........PANTS.

50 cts. to $1.25..........VESTS.

$8.00,........Black Broadcloth........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,

Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,

Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,

R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,

Walter Shanly, Esq, M P

Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,

Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P

James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,

H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.

Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

75y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

PORK,

OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,

Forwarders and Commission Merchants,

Canal Basin

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,

Improved Perfumed Distributors,

&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,

Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,

Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

MARQUIS LEONEL DE MOUSTIER.

A cable telegram from Paris announces the death in that city, on Friday, of the Marquis de Moustier, late Minister for Foreign Affairs. The deceased statesman was one of the most distinguished public men of France. He belonged to a noble family of Franche-Comte, and was descended from Renaud de Moustier, who accompanied King Philippe Augustus in the third crusade, and lost his life in 1190, at the seige of St. Jean d'Acre. This family has sent many warriors into the field, and in later times has given to France able and distinguished diplomatists. The ancestor of the late Marquis, the Count and afterwards the Marquis Eleonore Francois Elie de Moustier, born on the 15th of March, 1751, and deceased the 18th of January, 1817, was successively attache to the Embassy of the Marquis of Clermont d'Amboise at Lisbon in 1775; then at Naples in 1778; Minister of the King at the Court of the Elector of Treves in 1783; to the United States in 1787, and at Berlin in 1790. Louis XVI. offered him the portfolio of Foreign Affairs, but he preferred to be charged with other public duties at the Embassy at Constantinople. The Revolution condemned him to inactivity, proscription and exile. His son, Clement Edouard, born the 2nd of January, 1779, and deceased the 5th of January, 1830, entered upon public business as Secretary of Legation in Germany, where he continued from 1800 to 1812. He afterwards became Charge d'Affaires at Dresden and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of the Duke of Baden, of the King of Wurtemburg, the King of Hanover, and the Swiss Confederation. Elected Deputy for the Department of Doubs in 1824, he was in the interval charged with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs after the retirement of M. de Chateaubriand. Finally he occupied the post of Ambassador to Spain, whence he was recalled at the time of the complications occasioned by Don Miguel in Portugal.

Marquis Leonel de Moustier, the subject of this sketch, was the eldest son of Clement Edouard, and was born during the early part of the present century. In 1849 he became a member of the Legislative Assembly, and was distinguished for the zeal with which he espoused all measures of order and moderation. After the re-establishment of the empire under Louis Napoleon, he gave an ardent support to the new *regime*, and in 1853 commenced his diplomatic career by being appointed Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of Berlin, which had then no ambassador representing France. The skill and tact with which he conducted to a successful issue the various diplomatic questions which had arisen between his Government and that of Prussia gained him the friendship of the Emperor, although he is said to have been quite unpopular in Berlin, probably on account of the firmness with which he upheld the dignity of the French empire as represented by Napoleon, who was then sneered at as a *parvenu* ruler. In 1859 the Marquis was charged with the delicate duty of re-establishing diplomatic relations with Austria, which had been broken off by the war for Italian unity. This task he performed admirably, and after remaining at Vienna for two years, was, in 1861, appointed to succeed the Marquis de la Valette as head of the French Embassy at Constantinople. While in Turkey the war between Prussia and Austria (1866) took place. M. Drouyn de Lhuys, then Minister for Foreign Affairs, was an advocate of energetic measures with regard to the aggrandizement of Prussia, and favoured pushing them even to war. The Emperor, however, who appears not to have favoured the views of his Minister, requested his resignation, which was tendered, and the deceased was re-called from Constantinople and appointed his successor in September, 1866. In June, 1867, he was elevated to the grade of Grand Cross of the Order of the Legion of Honour. In December last the Marquis de Moustier, with several other ministers, resigned his portfolio, and on the same day that his resignation was accepted Napoleon appointed him a Senator of France. He was succeeded by the Marquis de la Valette, the present Minister for Foreign Affairs. The deceased diplomat was regarded as an able statesman and a warm supporter of the house of Bonaparte. At the time of his death he held no other position than that of Senator, but stood high in the confidence of the Emperor, who loses in him a steadfast and devoted friend.

LIEUT.-COL. MCNEIL, A.D.C.—Lieutenant-Colonel John Carstairs McNeil, Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency Sir John Young, is the eldest son of the late Alexander McNeil, Esq., of Colonsay, in the county of Argyle, Scotland, and nephew of Sir Duncan McNeil, now Lord Colonsay, an eminent lawyer and judge, lately Lord Justice General of Scotland. He was born in March, 1831, and entered the Indian army at an early age. During the Indian mutiny he was employed on the staff of Edward Lugard, and for his gallant and zealous conduct was honourably mentioned in the public despatches. When Lieutenant-General Sir Duncan Cameron was appointed to the New Zealand command, in 1863, during the hostilities with the natives, he appointed Col. McNeil, then in the 107th regiment, his principal aid de-camp. While serving in this capacity he had abundant opportunities for the display of that cool bravery of which he is possessed, the most important affair in which he was engaged entitling him to be decorated with the Victoria Cross. The following General Order from the War Office, dated 6th August, 1864, will convey to our readers an idea of the service entitling him to this much coveted honour:—"The Queen has been graciously pleased to signify her intention to confer the decoration of the Victoria Cross on the undermentioned officer whose claim to the same has been submitted for Her Majesty's approval, for his gallant conduct in New Zealand, as recorded against his name, viz.: Lieut.-Col. John Carstairs McNeil, 107th Regt. for the valour and presence of mind which he displayed in New Zealand on the 30th of March, 1864, which is thus described by Private Vosper of the Colonial Defence Force. Private Vosper states that he was sent on that day with Private Gibson of the same force as an escort to Major (now Lieut. Col.) McNeil, Aide-de-Camp to Lieutenant-General Sir Duncan Cameron, K.C.B. Lieut.-Col. McNeil was proceeding to Te Awamutu on duty at the time. On re-

turning from the place, and about a mile on this side of Ohanpu, this officer having seen a body of the enemy in front sent Private Gibson back to bring up the infantry from Ohanpu, and he and Private Vosper proceeded leisurely to the top of a rise to watch the enemy. Suddenly they were attacked by about fifty natives, who were concealed in the fern close at hand. Their only chance of escape was by riding for their lives, and as they turned to gallop, Private Vosper's horse fell and threw him. The natives thereupon rushed forward to seize him, but Lieut.-Col. McNeil, on perceiving that Private Vosper was not following him, returned, caught his horse, and helped him to mount. The natives were firing sharply at them, and were so near that, according to Private Vosper's statement, it was only by galloping as hard as they could that they escaped. He says that he owes his life entirely to Lieut. McNeil's assistance, for he could not have caught his horse alone, and in a few minutes must have been killed." Shortly after his return from New Zealand, Lieut.-Col. McNeil retired on the temporary half pay of the 48th regiment, and was, in October last, appointed aid-de-camp to Sir John Young. In addition to the Victoria Cross he holds a medal for service in India.

A DEATH-BED CONFESSION.

A singular story is related by the Dundas *News* respecting a death-bed confession said to have been made by a young man, formerly a resident of that town. It will be recollected that, some seven years ago, a clergyman named McLean was found near his own house, in the village of Morriston, Puslinch, in a state bordering on death from an injury received from some party unknown. When found he was unconscious, and never rallied; but died carrying the secret of his murderer to the grave. Much excitement prevailed at the time, but was soon allayed, and the matter was enshrouded in impenetrable mystery until a very recent date. The guilty party (as the sequel shows) shortly after left the scene of his crime and emigrated to the United States, where he led a sort of nomadic life, roaming here and there, endeavouring to blunt his feelings to the weight upon his mind by changing his abode, and finally seeking to drown the evil spectre by draughts in the cup, which not only cheers but inebriates. For a time he worked at his trade (harness maker,) then we find him in a concert saloon singing and playing the banjo; another step brings him as a hanger-on or *habitue* of dance houses and saloons of an unenviable character; then as a teamster for a circus company, seeking in every way to dispel the gloom which continually haunted his racking brain. Eventually he was stricken down by disease and the hand of death laid upon his wretched body. In his last moments he revealed to the priest which attended him that he and he alone was the murderer of the unfortunate Rev. Mr. McLean. It appears that upon the fatal night he had been engaged in a religious discussion with the deceased minister, and as is frequently the case in such controversies, high words engendered ill-feeling, and subsequently blows, which ended in the clergyman being thrown down stairs and receiving such injuries in the fall as to cause his death. This unlooked-for confession was forwarded to parties in Morriston by the kind pastor and thus became public. Out of respect for the family of the young man who was thrown into such a world sorrow by his confession, his name is withheld, but the facts are substantially as stated.

FRIGHTFUL CONDITION OF OHIO—THE EXPERIENCES OF A POOR GIRL.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

Several days ago a girl about fourteen years of age, named Sarah Vansickle, came to Columbus, Ohio, from Groveport, in search of employment. Being unacquainted with city life she was easily deceived, and, soon after her arrival, was engaged by a man who, under pretence of hiring her to wait on his sick wife, took her to a house of ill-fame, but refusing to prostitute herself, she was driven away, and then taken to another house of the same character. The keeper of this house, having a little soul left, tried to persuade her to return to her home. She left this house only to be followed by a party of ruffians, who determined to ruin her. One of them engaged her to work for him, and as soon as they were on the outskirts of the town attempted to outrage her person. Her cries brought assistance, and she was brought to the city. The next day, a man who heard her story, while pretending to be a friend to her, took her into the woods east of the town, and, with the assistance of another scoundrel, again attempted her ruin. Her screams brought a German, who found her bleeding at the nose and mouth. One of the men attempted to gag her, while the other threatened to kill the German, who became frightened, and left to get her assistance; but when he returned the men and girl were gone. The girl afterwards went to the house of Lieutenant Bush, of the police, and stated that she had escaped from the men. She was then, at her own request, sent to the county infirmary; but measures will be taken to have her removed to the Home of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd. This is the most diabolical outrage of the season.

EDUCATION IN LIBERIA.—President Roberts, who has been spending some months in this country, in a recent address, stated that "Liberia was deficient in the means of education. They had some well educated men among them; but there was such a deficiency of capital as to make it impossible for their college and schools to meet all the demands which were made upon them. As the richest chief was he who had the greatest number of wives and slaves, and the natives were utterly barbarous, the Liberians were obliged to take the children which were sent to them and bring them up for nothing, and he was sorry to say that in some cases they had been obliged to refuse applications. The chiefs and head men of the surrounding tribes are now anxious to send their children, that they might grow up under the civilizing influences of the Christian republic. Although these chiefs have nothing to pay, the people of Liberia receive their children, and hundreds of them are constantly residing among their more cultivated brethren. The college, of which Mr. Roberts is now President, had a grand field, but was hampered by poverty. The population of Liberia was stated by President Roberts to be about 600,000, of whom from 15,000 to 18,000 were American negroes."

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Purveyor to His Excellency—Jas. Buchanan.
Agents Wanted—A. T. Ripley.
Private Bills—Alfred Todd.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1869.

☞ For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.

THERE is to-day no political news of general importance. The absorbing topic of the WHELAN execution dwarfs everything else, and we presume that what our readers expect of us to-morrow morning is, that we shall give them a faithful account of the proceedings. This we shall endeavour to do. In the meantime we beg to refer them to other columns for all the information that has yet reached us regarding the case.

PATRICK JAMES WHELAN.

For the last time the name we have placed over these remarks will arrest the attention of the people of Ottawa. To-day Patrick James Whelan will pay the penalty due to the crime of which he has been adjudged guilty. Between the hours of nine o'clock, a.m., and four o'clock, p.m., he will be hanged by the neck until he is dead!

And why shouldn't he? An independent jury of his countrymen have adjudged him guilty of the heinous crime of murder; and the victim who fell by the bullet discharged from Whelan's "six-shooter" was a man who enjoyed to a wonderful degree the warm affection of the people. Why shouldn't Whelan be hanged? There is no reason in the world. A murderer he surely is, convicted by the fairest and most impartial trial. It is true that he has had clever fellows working for his life. The "twa" Camerons, blessed duet, in Canadian criminal jurisprudence, have done their best; and the fledgling Kenneth McKenzie no doubt has contributed his share towards cheating the gallows of its honest due. But despite their efforts the judgment of the Courts was against them, and accordingly the prisoner Whelan will expiate his crime this morning; and in all probability before eleven o'clock to-day.

It is hardly necessary that we should recur to the circumstances of Whelan's trial: His arrest, under circumstances of peculiar suspicion; his preliminary examination; all the revelations which that examination brought out; his subsequent trial and conviction before a jury of his countrymen; the appeals from one court to another, and the final rulings thereof; closing, as we think, very properly, with a confirmation of the judgment of the Court of Assize. What else could possibly be wanted to confirm the justice of the sentence to be fulfilled to-day?

The victim, or hero, as the reader may fancy to call him, is a tailor by trade. He was born near the city of Dublin about the year 1840. After having learned the art and mystery of the tailoring craft, Whelan led a wandering life, travelling to and fro, between the principal towns of England, and finally his spirit of adventure led him to cross the Atlantic. Whelan's first traces on this continent were made in the city of Quebec. In the beginning of 1866 his devotion to the English Crown, and his affection for Her Majesty, to whose portrait he so pathetically and hypocritically appealed in his speech in September last, were made manifest by his joining a volunteer troop of cavalry—under an assumed name. When the Fenian excitement became matter for public notice, it was found that our hero, Sullivan, or Whelan, was a sympathiser therewith, and as a consequence he got into trouble. He was arrested, but for lack of evidence to warrant his detention he was again allowed to go at large; and the next accounts we find of him were at Buffalo, and subsequently at Hamilton, Ontario.

But he figured most conspicuously at Montreal. There he was acknowledged as a warm partisan of Mr. Barny Devlin. In that city he was known as a prominent member of the St. Patrick's Society; and as the evidence of Turner and others testified, a cordial hater of Mr. McGee.

When the late lamented statesman came to Ottawa, it was unfortunate that Whelan should also have transferred his presence here at the same time. To the everlasting disgrace of the St. Patrick's Society of this city, he soon became a prominent member thereof. With a few other characters, perhaps a good deal like himself, he appeared on the 17th of March, 1868, as a marshal in the St. Patrick's Society's annual procession. The non-Catholic portion of the population, and we believe also nine-tenths of the Catholic population of our city, were utterly scandalised by subsequent developments, that such a ruffian had acquired so prominent a position in the organization. It has never since been satisfactorily explained how he came to obtain it; but it is generally supposed that it was through his friends and presumed sympathisers, Mr. P. A. Eagleson, the tailor, and Mr. Michael Starr, the tavern-keeper. Both these gentlemen put in a term "in *quod*" under the dispensing powers of the *Habeas Corpus* Suspension Act; but they were sometime ago set at liberty; and from all we can learn have not been unattentive to the interests of their old friend Whelan.

We need not this morning regale our readers with the proceedings at the Assize Court in Ottawa, in September last. It is enough to say that he was justly convicted, and during his speech to the Judge before the delivery of the judgment, he confessed the justice of the verdict. Nor need we refer particularly to the appeals to the Superior Courts. Judgment, in each case, was given adversely to the prisoner, notwithstanding the best efforts of his counsel, and hence it is to-day—because of the judgment of the Superior Courts—that Whelan will have to pay the extreme penalty of the law.

We have much gratification in stating that the condition of Whelan's mind is reported to be all that his spiritual director could desire. The Rev. Mr. O'Connor has been unremitting in his attentions to the prisoner, as have also been the Sisters of Charity. The Governor of the jail, in obedience to instructions from the Sheriff, has studiously excluded merely curious visitors from disturbing Whelan's privacy; and for this we cannot too highly applaud the Sheriff or the Governor of the jail. Surely it is due to the condemned man that his last moments should be his own; and we have very great pleasure in recording that in this respect his desires have been complied with to the letter His poor wife has, of course, had the privilege of visiting him, but beyond that we are happy to say that all the obtrusive attempts of outside members of the press and others to encroach upon Whelan's privacy have been met with a becoming refusal. This is simply as it should be.

Of outside rumours concerning Whelan there have been not a few afloat. Of these that are true we may note the following:

That on Tuesday evening Messrs. O'Gara and Lees, the Police Magistrate and County Attorney, visited Whelan at his own request, and received a statement from him, voluntarily made, which is now in the hands of the Minister of Justice. It is understood that this statement is designed to clear Doyle and Buckley of the imputation of any guilty knowledge of McGee's murder. But, we may say, at the same time, that those accustomed to the estimating of the value of evidence, under such circumstances, attach exceedingly little importance to it. The only fact placed beyond a doubt by it is that Whelan, from his own confession, was a party to the murder of Thomas D'Arcy McGee, and though his "statement" will not, probably, help the friends for whose benefit it was intended, it will certainly serve to remove any lurking doubts as to Whelan's individual guilt.

Another rumour is, that Whelan was not the actual perpetrator of the deed; that he was merely detailed to watch when McGee would leave the Parliament buildings; that he did so, and at the proper time ran across the Parliament Square, through the vacant house, and gave notice to two other ruffians in waiting, one at the open gate way; another on the vacant lot; and that one of these—not Whelan—fired the shot.

It is further reported that Whelan says the true murderer of McGee will yet be known to the public—"that many people know it "already"—but it is certain from his own admissions that he had a guilty knowledge of the deed, for the expiation of which his execution this morning will not be by any means too high a ransom.

Below we give the reflections of our reporter on a stroll through the jail yesterday afternoon:

As a feverish excitement will everywhere exist in our city relative to everything connected with the bloody tragedy of April last, and the partial expiation of it on the gallows this morning, our reporter yesterday visited the jail, and its surroundings, for the purpose of gathering such facts as might be of interest to our readers. Under the guidance of the Governor of the jail, in company with other gentlemen of the press we wended our way through the massive corridors; the heavy iron doors swung darkly on their hinges, and the stern gratings, through which sunlight enters but *gloomily*, told us we were in the place appointed for those who transgress the majesty of the law, and do violence to their fellow man. It is useless here to describe the intricate windings with their double doors and hinge locks that lead from corridor to passage, and from passage to corridor; or to the winding stairs that lead from floor to floor. It is sufficient for our purpose to say that a novice, even if placed in possession of the governor's keys, would find it a difficult task to make his way out or in without a guide.

Besides the ordinary means adopted for the safe-keeping of prisoners, there have been, since Whelan's return from Toronto, a sergeant's guard, consisting of a sergeant, a corporal, and fifteen men, stationed day and night in the corridor, or hall, usually used as a dining-room for the prisoners; and outside of the jail an officer's guard of thirty men have been placed during the night. Each morning the latter guard is relieved, and return to barracks, but the same number of men are kept under arms during the day, and resume their station outside the jail in the evening.

After the guards the first object of interest was the witness Lacroix, who, it will be remembered, swore positively, at the last Assizes, that he saw Whelan do the dastardly deed that robbed poor McGee of his life. Lacroix was in the kitchen or cooking-room jail, getting an allowance of a dollar per day, we believe, and his wife is also employed in the same department at an allowance of six dollars per week. Lacroix expressed no dissatisfaction at the loss of his liberty, nor indeed much of anything except something to the effect that it was unfortunate.

From this room we ascended a short flight of stairs at the head of which was Whelan's cell. He had been in this cell but a short time, and had been removed to it from a smaller one at his own request, in order to afford more room for the ministration of his spiritual adviser, and the Sisters of Charity, who have latterly been in attendance upon him. Understanding that he desired no other visitors except his wife during his last day upon earth, the door was not opened, and we caught no glimpse of Whelan.

Passing from this door to one immediately adjoining we entered the room where the detectives concealed themselves when they overheard the conversation between Doyle and Whelan, already reported in these columns. One wall of this room separates it from the first of a row of cells, and at one extremity of this wall there is a door that leads to a corridor on which the row of cells open. In the second of these from the door Whelan was confined when the conversation overheard by the detectives took place, and Doyle's cell was three or four cells further on.

Patrick Buckley and Doyle, charged with complicity in Mr. McGee's murder, are now confined in these cells, and at the time of our visit were walking about the corridor. Buckley greeted those who had before known him with a stare half of vacancy and half of recognition, which led some of the visitors to express the opinion that he was insane. In appearance he is not greatly changed, except being somewhat thinner than before his arrest; and pale, except a few rubicund spots which still cling to his nose.

On passing Doyle, as he sat upon a form conversing with one of the foremost of the party, we did not recognise him; but on returning he, addressing us, asked

"Are you not the gentleman who gave information that Mr. McGee was shot, on the night of the murder?"

We answered that on that night, after hearing of the murder in the office of the Russell House, we had entered the dining-room and made the announcement of what we had just heard to the members of Parliament, and others then at the table, upon which all rose and rushed down to the scene of the tragedy.

Doyle then asked if we had not seen him waiting at the table, and on being assured that if we did we did not recollect it, he asked our name, which was given, and was proceeding to state that the announcement in the dining-room was the first he had heard of the murder, etc., when the voice of the Governor warned us that the time was up.

Leaving Doyle and Buckley, we ascended to the part where the execution is to take place. The drop is placed in what appears to be a recess in the north-eastern end of the jail building. The space is about six feet square, and has a stone railing about two and a half feet high on the outer side, and beyond is the high wall surrounding the jail; so that whatever is seen of the doomed man by those outside must be seen above this railing.

The landing at the head of the stairs from which the door opens upon the scaffold, and the whole available space attached, affords insufficient standing room for a dozen persons, and gives the impression that it was designed for private rather than public executions. However, the Sheriff has set apart a portion for a few members of the press, and the others will be obliged to go below within the jail yard, if they make even an attempt at reporting anything that may be said. For this purpose the snow, which was very deep, was being cleared away to make standing room; but even then those who occupy it will not be able to see the head or trunk of the doomed felon until it has fallen below the railing and platform a strangled corpse.

OUR telegrams inform us that the corporation of Montreal has expressed disgust at the recent dinner arrangements there. Universal disapproval is expressed here also. We have heard that none of the Judges were at the dinner; though we see that some subscribed. Surely they would have desired to pay respect to our worthy GOVERNOR-GENERAL, at whose swearing in, in the forenoon, they had assisted so prominently.

LOCAL NEWS.

Y. M. C. A. LECTURE.—We have been requested to state that the lecture to have been delivered this evening under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association is postponed until further notice.

THE SOIREE ON TUESDAY EVENING.—We congratulate our friends of the Chaudiere Methodist Episcopal Church on the success of their Soiree on Tuesday evening. It was an excellent affair, and the ladies engaged in making the preparations, deserve the thanks of all concerned, for the manner in which they executed their self imposed task. The chair was taken by the Rev. Mr. Pickett, the pastor. The speakers were the Rev. Mr. Ebbs, Rev. Mr. Stone, Rev. Mr. Moore and Mr. LeSueur. The choir sang some good music, Miss Young presiding at the organ. The decorations of the basement school-room were very tasteful, and the whole affair passed off in the most agreeable and satisfactory manner.

THIEVES ON THE MARKET.—Several complaints have been made from time to time of parties purchasing articles at the auction stands, and leaving them for a while to seek vehicles to convey them home, have returned to find them taken home by some person who had no right to them. On Tuesday there was an old man who bought a bedstead at auction, and went away to get his sleigh to remove it, found on coming back that it had disappeared, no one could tell whither. He searched and inquired till he was tired, but could hear no tidings of his property. Some regulations will have to be established to prevent such losses. When it is not convenient to remove goods bought at these auctions, it is better only to leave a deposit, and hold the auctioneer responsible.

DISEASED MEAT.—By reference to our report of the Police Court it will be found that a man was arrested and brought before the magistrate on a charge of offering for sale a quantity of beef unfit for human food, and which if eaten might have greatly injured the health of those who should have partaken of it. During the whole winter we have heard of no similar instance, and there is good reason to believe that there has been none. The citizens are in this respect in a great measure at the mercy of the Market Constable, for there are many poor people who might, at a low price, purchase bad meat in ignorance of its quality, and the public have in many instances heretofore been indebted to his vigilance in detecting such rascality, and bringing the offenders to justice; though in few cases have the delinquents been visited with the full penalty which the crime deserves. A hundred dollars or three months' imprisonment should be the lowest penalty in every case where a guilty knowledge of the offender can be proved.

POLICE COURT.—One Lacroix, and another, were brought up on a charge of depositing night soil on the side of the road, near the Rideau Bridge, contrary to law. Edward Wyatt stated that as he was coming in that direction to the city on the previous evening, about eight o'clock, he saw two Frenchmen unloading barrels of night soil from a sleigh, and depositing them on the side of the bridge near the road, where there were at present no less than fifteen or twenty barrels emitting a smell that was highly offensive to all who came near it. Witness made a prisoner of the man who remained, and gave both into custody. The men were fined $5 each and costs.

Samuel Hanah was brought up by market constable Litle for offering meat for sale on the public market that was unfit for human food. Several witnesses testified in support of the charge. The general impression was that the poor beast died from natural causes, but some thought it might have been killed, but that it must have been diseased. Fined $2 and costs, and the meat confiscated.

Robert Garvin was charged with depositing night soil at the corner of Chapel and Parry-sts. The case was adjourned to get more evidence.

Nicholas Ryan was charged with assaulting William Nagle, and fined $2 and costs.

The adjourned case of John Wright for selling liquor without licence was further adjourned.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

—A curious lawsuit is on the tapis in England. A Liverpool merchant suddenly called to New York on urgent business, took a cab to the steamer, and in his haste forgot to pay the driver. On his return, three months afterward, he found the cabman and cab just where he had left them, sheltered by a little wooden shed, and was met by a bill for coach fare for 1,080 hours by day and 1,080 hours by night. The case is still on.

—The eldest son of Mr. W. C. Little, M. P., for South Simcoe, a lad of about fourteen, met with an accident a few weeks ago, which has since resulted in his death. When sliding down the hill near his father's, the small sleigh he was on struck a stump, against which he was also thrown with violence, and sustained an internal injury which proved fatal. The deceased was a fine boy of good promise.

—About ten days ago a most brutal outrage was committed by a man named Grant, on the person of a young woman of very respectable standing, residing about ten miles from Cornwall. The scoundrel fled to the village of Fort Covington, New York. On Monday night last a number of the inhabitants turned out, and forcibly conveyed him to the Canada side of the line, where he was at once arrested, and now lies in Cornwall jail.

—The Canadian Dairyman's Association held its annual meeting at Ingersoll last week. A number of questions interesting to dairymen were discussed, and many suggestions were made of value to those engaged in the business. The following were elected officers of the Association for the ensuing year: President, Mr. C. E. Chadwick; 1st Vice-President, Mr. K. Graham; 2nd Vice-President, Mr. George Hamilton; Secretary and Treasurer, Mr. James Noxon.

—The new and speedier process of hearing election petitions in Great Britain, adopted by the late Parliament, is working very satisfactorily. Sir Henry Stacey, Conservative, has been unseated for Norwich; Mr. Whitworth, Liberal, in Drogheda; Mr. Devereux, Liberal, in Wexford; and Sir A. Guiness, Conservative, in Dublin. A fearful state of things has been revealed against Mr. Onslow, Liberal, at Guilford, who will probably be unseated. At Bewdley a policeman was crushed to death during the investigation into charges against Sir R. Attwood Glass, Conservative. Counter charges were proved against the defeated Liberal candidate.

THE GREAT WEST.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BRANTFORD, Monday, February 8.

Brant is a very remarkable county, and one to which I am particularly attached. The noble Red man is here, *chez lui.* The dusky son of the forest has it all his own way. There is more Indian and less white man than I have ever met with out of South America. The Six Nations live here when they are at home. They are mostly Mohawks. I had thought that Chingagook was the last of this very interesting family, but find that I had been confusing them with Mohicans. There is a great difference. The Mohawk paints one side of his nose yellow and the other blue; the Mohican dyes it green all over. Those whom I saw oftenest are probably Tuscaroras or Chippeways—Onandagas it may be for all I can say. Their noses are red, and they prefer taverns to wigwams. This is thought to be a very gratifying proof of their progress in civilization. It is really impossible to overrate the noble work of our energetic missionaries. It is interesting also to recollect how far this last mentioned satisfactory trait agrees with the characteristics of the great Mohawk tribe, flourishing an hundred years or so ago in London.

The poor Indian has a fine time of it. He lives on a "reserve," has three parsons to take care of his soul, and marries a white woman. He also drinks whiskey as cleverly as any Shiner you may have left in Bytown. By and bye he sends his little half-caste urchins to the boarding school of the New England Company, where they are supported as long as he pleases for nothing, and where the girls are taught all sorts of refinements—Shakspeare, taste, and the musical glasses—and the boys are educated for the church. Or, if he prefers to keep them at home, gentlewomen of the pale-faces come to teach them in the back-woods schools, and, as a matter of fact, some of the cleverest ladies I know are devoting their great talents and wide experience to the benefit of copper-coloured pupils. The Indian *pere* lives upon his farm, which is unembarrassed by mortgage or taxation, and cultivates the kindly fruits of the earth so that in due time he may enjoy them. If his squaw happens to be of the same race, she makes mocassins, or snuff-boxes, or candle-sticks, or anything else into which you can stick beads and quills, and sells them down at Niagara for the delight of simple-minded tourists. The chief—chiefs are in about the same proportion to "warriors" as are corporals to privates in our army—marries the missionary's sister, and his eldest daughter, who can play the fugues of Bach and sing *Ah mon fils!* without faltering, marries the missionary himself. He, poor man, is an enthusiast, and remembers Locksley Hall:

"I will wed some savage woman: she shall rear my dusky race.
Iron-jointed, supple-sinewed—they shall dive, and they shall run,
Catch the wild-goat by the beard, and hurl their lances in the sun,
Whistle back the parrot's call, and leap the rainbow of the brooks—
Not with blinded eyesight pouring over miserable books."

Only to discover by and bye that his amiable progeny are better loafers than athletes, and have no trace of the ideal savage majesty about them, except what has been degraded into personal ugliness of lineament, or stolid insensibility to cold or hunger—with a full cargo of highwines aboard.

There is a law forbidding the sale or gift of any intoxicating liquors to these very rudimentary citizens. It is honourably distinguished among Canadian statutes by being a very excellent law. For this reason it is, of course, persistently ignored. There is not the slightest difficulty in enforcing it, if only somebody will take the trouble. A similar enactment prevails in each of the Australian colonies, and is carried out faithfully. Who is to attend to it here? Would it not be possible for the excise department to spare a few of its supernumerary officials, and just set them to work for the public, and not for themselves? To encourage that department in any reformatory disposition which it may possibly entertain, permit me to relate a little story.

Mr. Romaine, of whom you have heard before, is its hero, but divides the honours with another jolly dog of the profession—a Mr. Davis, who is quite worthy of the companionship: These two are *Arcades Ambo, par nobile fratrum*, or anything else incomprehensible to Inland Revenue understanding, but designating a well-matched pair of——highly virtuous public officers, let us say. Well they, having, as it were, sacked Waterloo, (and the manner of this campaign I only withheld temporarily, assuring Commander-in-Chief Brunel that the gallantry of his general officers will be publicly gazetted at a very early opportunity,) sighed, Alexander-like, for fresh worlds to conquer. In an evil hour, for the town, their eagle gaze descried Berlin. To the brewers there came therefore the usual ultimatum of the service. "Well, what proposition do you make?" Anglice—How much ransom will you offer? Will you do as the vanquished Waterloo men (of whom I again assure the Chief Inspector that he will have the full particulars presently,) and surrender everything you have got to the mercies of us, the Crown—for, I am ashamed to say, that they actually dragged the Queen's otherwise respected name into their dignified proceedings—and lodge to the Cr. of the Receiver-General a sum equal in amount to the total of the inventory? This course, Mr. Seip, you will find far the least inconvenient, and one which will most speedily release you from the trouble into which your inexperience has betrayed you. For, we know quite well that you are innocent of any attempt or desire to defraud the revenue, but, at the same time, being a German who does not understand English, you have failed to keep the very complicated books of account which the law requires exactly as we consider that they should be kept—a difficult matter, we admit, where the Government has not even provided you with the proper forms. Take then the advice of us, your best friends, and give yourself up into our power exactly as we recommend.

Of course this proposition had to be made by interpreter, an Excise man not being expected to know over much of his own language, to say nothing of anybody else's. The interpreter faithfully discharging his embassy, Mr. Seip "concluded" to accept the terms, and came over to John Roat's hotel to do homage. Now John Roat's hotel in Berlin is the best in all that country. There Mr. Seip signed the document of surrender, drawn out by his friend, for the Inspectors had intimated that "it wouldn't look well, you know, for us to do it," consented to deposit the money, and was greeted in consequence with the uproarious hilarity of the Queen's representatives who —to put it mildly—had found lager stronger than they had suspected. Slapped jovially on the back, with maudlin Inland Revenue affection, the deluded Seip was boisterously assured that *he* was a brick, that *he* was all right, that *he* was under the protecting wings of those two fine old cocks Messrs. Davis and Romaine. And so the whiskey-bottle came up from under the table, and a rattling, roaring hour was spent in shoving it round, as is the wont of Her Most Gracious Majesty when she sojourns, by proxy at the very excellent house of her subject John Roat, of Berlin.

Well, how do you suppose it ended? Seip was now, recollect, locked out of his business, and out of his money both. *So he remained indefinitely*, and with no hope of redress, until a powerful representation was brought to bear on his behalf in Ottawa. Then, after about two months' persecution, after his establishment had been about two months closed, after having for about two months been forced to bear the stigma of a swindler and a cheat, after having for about two months been done out of the use of his deposit money, after having for about two months suffered all the loss of profit and custom which his failure to fill his orders could occasion, and after the revenue had, for about two months, been deprived of the steady duty he should be paying—the authorities in your city discovered that he had done no wrong at all, and deserved no punishment whatever. Did they, therefore, compensate him for the wanton injury of their servants? Nothing of the sort. That was the fortune of war. Every brewer, every distiller, every tobacco manufacturer in Canada is subject to such risk, and it is just as well that they should distinctly know it. Gentlemen, you are every one of you at the mercy, first of your book-keepers, and next of the Queen—by her attorneys Romain & Co. A single blot or a single erasure—and you may be as completely ruined as you could deserve for the vilest fraud.

But at least, you will say, the deposit money was refunded. It was—partly. This man, who had done no wrong, and who had suffered this enormous injury at the hands of the Government servants, was charged $60 for the expenses of his seizure, as though it had been conferred upon his solicitation as a paternal boon. The balance he recovered, with permission to go on—at Romaine & Co.'s pleasure.

All which seems to me to denote a "very extraordinary state of society." And all which, too, has taken up so much of my space as to leave me no more for the Brant Indians, of whom I shall have something more to say on the next opportunity. I may also have a line or two to post from Stratford, which Mr. Brunel will be interested in reading. By the way the Townsends, your old favourites of Ottawa, played two nights in Berlin, and, as they used always, played well. You know them too well in your city to make it necessary for me to commend them, and indeed, anybody who ever saw Florence is not likely to forget her. But I don't think you ever heard Mrs. Harry Townsend sing. She is a bride, you know, and has not yet been east. Well, she has a rich soprano voice of much flexibility and compass, and displays an archness and *espieglerie* that is exceedingly attractive. I hope you will have a chance of seeing her pretty face in the capital before long, and am only sorry, for your sake, that the manager has made his headquarters this season in Hamilton.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

Settlement of the Debt Question.

The *Canadian News* of the 21st ult. says:

In anticipation of the special general meeting of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada, called for the 22nd inst., the directors have issued the annexed circular, at the same time intimating that the proposed arrangement therein referred to meets with their approval:—

After a protracted negotiation, the directors of the Great Western Railway of Canada have the satisfaction of informing the shareholders that they have received a communication from the Government stating that definite terms have been arrived at for the settlement of the Provincial advance made to this company in 1853-'55, as well as for the accumulated interest thereon, which has now become a claim of the Dominion of Canada. The arrangement as concluded the Government is willing to submit to the consideration of the Canadian Government. The outline of the settlement is that the Government will receive payment of the principal sum of £573,687 17s. in full by four annual instalments, with interest at 4 per cent. per annum, and in addition thereto the old interest in arrear is to be claimed at the same annual rate as the dividend earned and payable to the shareholders. Thus the Government will be placed, as regards the arrears of interest, on an equal footing with the shareholders, since the company ceased in 1860 to make its half-yearly payments of interest to the Government of 6 per cent. per annum. Payment to be made as follows: £100,000 (which includes the commuted arrears of interest to be paid on Feb. 10, 1869, and the balance of the capital in four equal instalments, which meantime will bear interest from February 1, 1869, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. It is estimated that by this arrangement a saving will be effected in interest on the Government advance already charged against revenue of about £165,000 and moreover, the balance of the loan remaining at 4 per cent. interest, instead of as heretofore at 6 per cent., will afford a further relief for the remainder of the term of about £21,800. This arrangement is not so advantageous as was hoped for, but the basis is of so reasonable a character that the board of directors, under all the circumstances, have no hesitation in recommending it for the adoption of the shareholders. The exact figures have still to be adjusted.

A special meeting of the shareholders was held on the 22nd ult, at the London Tavern, to take into consideration the subject referred to in the director's circular. The chairman (Ald. Dalein) made a long and detailed explanation of the question, and concluded by moving a resolution sanctioning the arrangement. After a short discussion the motion was adopted, and a vote of thanks was then passed to the chairman and directors in acknowledgment of the efforts made by them on behalf of the shareholders.

CURIOUS.—A New York correspondent writes as follows to a Rochester paper:—"On entering a Third Avenue street car, in New York, one morning last winter, at the Sixty-sixth-st. depot, I was pleased to find the floor strewn with rye straw. This car had stood upon the track during the latter part of the night, while the straw was in it. The frost upon the windows gave a perfect photograph of the straw, and every passenger looked with wonder and admiration upon the beautiful frost paintings. A few evenings since, in passing a water trough which stood under an elm, I noticed—the moon being full—that the shadow of the tree was thrown upon the water. The next morning the trough was slightly frozen over, but behold there was a perfect photograph of the drooping branches of the beautiful elm. Can you tell me how this was done? Has the moon gone into the photograph business, and has it been engaged in that business for a long time past?"

AVALANCHE.—An unexpected fall of snow from Cape Diamond cliff, opposite the Mariner's Chapel, took place yesterday afternoon about one o'clock. A number of lads happened, when the occurrence took place, to be engaged in the juvenile practice of sliding, and of course were unexpectedly buried beneath the falling avalanche. A number of the neighbours residing in the vicinity, when the report was circulated, collected together, and after the most strenuous exertions, succeeded in excavating all the unfortunates. One of the lads, named Kelly, son of Mr. Pierce Kelly, was discovered missing, and an active search was immediately instituted, which resulted in his discovery, but quite exhausted from suffocation. Dr. Wherry was early on the spot, who administered the necessary restoratives, which had the effect of reviving the young boy from his stupor. At last accounts he was doing well.—*Quebec Chronicle, Feb. 8.*

A PUZZLED YANKEE.—Jinks tells a good story of a man on a Mississippi steamer who was questioned by a Yankee. The gentleman, to humour the fellow, replied to all the questions straightforwardly, until the inquisitor was fairly puzzled for an interrogatory. At last he inquired: "Look here, Squire, where was you born?" "I was born," said the victim, "in Boston, Tremont-st., No. 44, left hand side, on the 1st day of August, 1820, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon; physician, Dr. Warren; nurse, Sally Benjamin." The Yankee was answered completely, and for a moment he was struck. Soon, however, his face brightened, and he quickly said, "Yeas; waal, I calculate you don't recollect whether it was a frame or a brick house, dew ye?"

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *World* writes on Friday last:—"An official document was transmitted to both Houses to-day from the President, in relation to the encroachments of the agents of the Hudson's Bay Company upon the trade and territory of Alaska. A communication enclosed says the Russians have been aware for many years that the traders of the Hudson's Bay Company have established houses on their territory, but they have failed to report it to the Home Government. The English post at Youcan is large and well built, consisting of the Company's new stores and trading house, all surrounded by a stockade. In reply to a letter from Secretary Schofield, Secretary Seward says the provisions of the treaty between Russia and us, ceding the territory of Alaska, is conclusive against the right of the Hudson's Bay Company to establish or maintain such an establishment at that post, besides the Indian Interior act of 1824 is applicable to our newly acquired territory—the President being authorized to direct the military to remove all intruders and unlicensed traders. In order to carry the act into full execution, Mr. Seward says it appears essential that a district court, with the usual judicial and ministerial officers, be established in Alaska."

—The complete returns of the election in South Lanark give Mr. Code, the Conservative candidate, a majority of 180 over Mr. Doran, the numbers being Code 824; Doran 644. At the close of the first day's polling Code was 409, Doran 348, and Haggart 198. The latter retired, and thus left a fair field between the other two. The polling was not heavy, owing probably to the roads being blocked with snow in many places.—*Spectator.*

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussels, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will CURE coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need ook no further for the required aid.

WYOMING.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I have great pleasure in testifying to the satisfaction which my customers have universally expressed as to the quality of the tea which I have sold them. Of course it is my interest, the same as any other merchant, to buy where I can suit myself and customers best, and with this view I have purchased from you, and now testify my entire satisfaction of the tea. I remain, yours truly, DUNCAN MCBRIDE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature o NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deals every vher 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
H. of Commons.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

WANTED, Agents for every County in Canada, for the manufacture and sale of RIPLEY'S IMPROVED SPINNING WHEEL. A necessary article every farmer requires. Apply to A. T. RIPLEY, Thurso, P. of Q., for circular. 971-1-7-6m

NOTICE.—Information wanted of ARCHIBALD BEAN, who left some time ago for Lake Huron, by his daughter MARY, who is in Ottawa, and anxious to hear from him. Any information addressed to the TIMES Office will be thankfully received. 970-3

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks st.

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"
THEN USE
WATERS' QUININE WINE,
The finest tonic in the world.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington.

Feby. 10, 1869.

WANTED,
A STEADY AND INDUSTRIOUS MAN
who thoroughly understands the
BOTTLING OF ALE AND WINES.
Apply, by letter, to Box 67, Ottawa P.O.
Feby. 10, 1869.

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"
BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting in general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869.

FOR SALE.

A SCHOLARSHIP
IN
THE OTTAWA BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Apply at once to the Office of this Paper.

Ottawa, February 10, 1869.

NEW BOOKS.

Greater Britain, by Dilke; Tricotrin, by Ouida; Life of Christopher Columbus, by Arthur Helps; Cassell's Life of Lord Brougham; Chambers' Journal, 1868, (bound); the Book of Chess; Selkirk; the Child Wife, by Mayne Reid.
For sale by J. DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st.

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 25.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

The REGULAR QUARTERLY MEETING of this society will be held in Gowan's New Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 11th instant, at 7:30 o'clock.

Members are particularly requested to attend.
Entrance to Hall from Wellington-st.
J.P. ROBERTSON,
Secretary.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869.

Latest by Telegraph.

For Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 10.

A meeting of the proprietors of the Northern Railway was held this afternoon. The report presented to the shareholders states that the traffic of 1868 amounted to $550,000, against $561,000, in 1867. The cause assigned for the decline is exhaustion of the supply of square timber. Other items of traffic show an increase. The report was adopted unanimously. Mr. F. Cumberland, Manager of the Northern Railroad, stated that he was determined to erect a new elevator at Toronto, which he estimated would cost $140,000, and at a special meeting of the Board he was authorised to issue bonds to the amount of £50,000, to provide means for its erection. The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the Managing Director.

The *Evening Globe* contains a letter from Rev. Dr. Ryerson, in reply to Principal Cockburn's defence against the charge of having used Ryerson's name unauthorizedly to obtain his situation. The matter seems strictly personal.

The ice men are in despair at gaining a crop off the Bay. They have gone to work on the Don river, which is the receptacle of the refuse of tanneries, coal oil refineries, and cattle pens. This will of course furnish ice of a very unhealthy quality.

Considerable interest is felt here about Whelan's fate, since the receipt of the intelligence of his approaching execution.

A thaw has again set in. Sleighing has nearly all disappeared.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 10.

A despatch from Halifax this afternoon says at the convention held in Hants county yesterday, M. S. Goudage, merchant, Windsor, was unanimously nominated to oppose Mr. Howe. He was the most prominent political and personal friend of Mr. Howe in the county last election. Mr. Howe has not yet visited Hants. There is great excitement in the county.

It is rumoured that Mr. O'Farrell will be arrested.

It is said that preparations are being made here for a grand mock funeral of Whelan on Sunday next.

The number of cases of small-pox are diminishing.

The three architects recently appointed to examine into the cause of the late calamity at the St. Patrick's Hall, are still busily engaged in their investigation, but it is unlikely that any decision will be arrived at for some time to come.

The Presbyterian congregation of the Cote-st. Presbyterian Church are considering the proposition to give a call to the Rev. Mr. Burns, of Chicago.

Labelle, the pilot man on the Grand Trunk, who was arrested last October on suspicion of stealing from the Grand Trunk, has brought a claim for damages for false imprisonment to the amount of $5,000.

QUEBEC.

A Meeting of Irish Citizens Petitioning for a Respite for Whelan.

The Lieut.-Governor Promises to Forward their Petition to the Dominion Government.

QUEBEC, February 9.

A meeting of over five hundred Irish citizens of Quebec, without apparent previous notice, gathered in front of the City Hall at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and appointed a delegation of twelve, including Jno. Hearn, Esq., Member of the Legislative Assembly; Thos. Burns, Wm. Convey and W. McLaughlin, City Councillors; to request the Lieut.-Governor to transmit to the Dominion Government the respectful, but earnest prayer of the meeting that the sentence of death on Whelan should be respited, pending an appeal to England. The deputation waited on His Honour, who at once acceded to their request.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 10.—The Conservatives are making preparations to carry on a vigorous opposition in Parliament. Lord Cairns will replace the Earl of Malmesbury as their leader in the House of Lords.

Mr. Gladstone proposes to abolish the University tests.

QUEENSTOWN, February 10.—The steamship *City of London*, from New York, has arrived.

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 10.—M. Walewski has left Athens on his return to this city. He is bearer of a satisfactory reply from the Greek Government on all the points proposed at the Paris convention. The press of this city deny with much indignation the truth of the assertion made by Bismarck's organ in Berlin, to the effect that they have been bribed by the Prussian Government.

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 10.—Only one of the persons implicated in the assassination of the Governor of Burgos has been sentenced to death, and his case will await the action of the Cortes. The Constituent Cortes will meet to-morrow for organization.

Admiral Topete, Minister of the Marine, has issued general orders for the remodelling of the Spanish navy.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, February 10.—The *Gazette* of this city speaking of the proposed establishment of an American financial agency at London by Secretary McCulloch, at the expiration of his term of office, hails the advent as a guarantee against repudiation, and a promise of development for the commerce of Europe and the United States.

CUBA.

HAVANA, February 8.—The arrests and searches by the police continue. Recruiting for the volunteer service is going on briskly. Two companies of regulars have left Mantanes for Mantagua to suppress disturbances there.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Murder of a U.S. Senator in His Office.

CHICAGO, February 9.—Hon. M. McConnell, State Senator, was murdered in his office in Jacksonville this morning. Marks of five blows, inflicted by a slung shot, were found upon his head. No cause for the murder is assigned.

A New State to be Formed.

The Wisconsin Senate last evening voted to assent to the formation of a new State from Northern Wisconsin and Michigan.

Passage of the Social Equality Bill in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, February 10.—The Social Equality Bill, which decrees that a negro may go anywhere, and enjoy anything that a white man may, if his purse permits, has passed the State Senate.

Petitions for the Release of Spangler and Arnold.

WASHINGTON, February 10.—In the United States Supreme Court yesterday petitions were filed for the release of Spangler and Arnold, now confined at Dry Tortugas. Dr. Mudd's pardon has already been prepared and probably signed.

Arrival.

NEW YORK, February 10.—The steamship *Westphalia*, from Hamburg, has arrived.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The "Alabama" Protocol.

NEW YORK, February 10.—The *World's* special from Washington says that the Committee on Foreign Relations will meet to-day, and at once take up the *Alabama* protocol.

A Lodge Attacked by Indians.

NEW YORK, February 10.—A Helena, Montana despatch says a war party of Borcell Indians attacked several lodges of bloods at Sun River, crossing near Fort Shaw, on the 6th inst. They killed 6, wounded 48, and carried off 25. A detachment of troops from Fort Shaw pursued the attacking party, but did not overtake them.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

TORONTO.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the two chests of tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton one chest fine flavoured new season Congou at same price, viz: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c., JAMES EDGAR.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 10.—Gold 34¼. American exchange 95.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 10.—Cotton quiet and steady at 30½c. @ 30¾c.—Flour unsettled and lower; receipts 4,300 barrels; sales 5,900 barrels at $5.65 @ 6 25 for superfine State and western; $6.70 @ 7.05 for common to choice extra State; $6.46 @ 7[illegible] for common to choice extra western.—Rye [illegible] @ 7.36.—Wheat firm; receipts [illegible] bushels; sales 31,000 bushels [illegible] spring in store; $1.60 @ $1.61 for [illegible] do. in store and delivered.—Rye heavy [illegible] at $1.49 for common.—Corn from 2c. @ 3c. better, with a fair demand; receipts 9,500 bushels; sales 68,000 bushels at 90c. @ 92c. for new mixed western; $1.01 @ 1.03½ for old in store.—Rye quiet; sales 3,000 bushels Canada West at $2 16.—Oats dull and firmer; receipts 6,000 bushels; sales 7,181 bushels at 75½c. @ 76c. for western in store.—Pork lower, $32.50 @ 33 for new mess.—Lard a shade lower at 19½c. @ 21c. for steam; 21c. @ 21½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 10—p. m.—Consols 93½ for both; Bonds 77½; Stocks quiet; Illinois Central 94; Great Western 40½.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 10.—Cotton firm.—Provisions quiet.—Pearl 43s. 6d. @ 44s.

CHANCERY SALE

OF

VALUABLE PROPERTY

In the City of Ottawa.

In pursuance of the Decree on further directions of the Court of Chancery, made in the cause of YIELDING vs. FELLOWES, there will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, with the consent of ROBERT J. TURNER, ESQ., Accountant of the said Court, by MR. HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms on Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of FEBRUARY, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable property in two parcels:

PARCEL 1.—Being a portion of Lot No. 7, on the South Side of Rideau-street, in the City of Ottawa, described as follows: being composed of the South East quarter of the said Lot, having a frontage on St. Paul-street of 33 feet, more or less, and running back towards Rideau-street, and carrying equal breadth a distance of 99 feet, more or less, on which is erected a small log house 1½ stories high, 25 feet in length, and also a frame shed or stable, 30 by 24.

PARCEL 2.—That part of the said Lot No. 7, commencing in the centre of the Eastern side line of the said lot at a distance of 99 feet, more or less, from Rideau-street, aforesaid, and running South Westerly, parallel to Rideau-street, 26 feet 10 inches, then North Westerly, parallel to the Eastern boundary of the said Lot, 49 feet 8 inches, then North Easterly, parallel to Rideau-street, 2 feet 3 inches, to the lot formerly deeded by one WATSON LITTLE to one AGAR YIELDING, by Assignment dated April 10th, 1839, then South Easterly parallel to the Easterly limit of the said lot 24 feet 8 inches, to the South West corner of the said last mentioned lot, thence along the Southerly boundary of said lot in a direction parallel to Rideau-street, 24 feet 7 inches, more or less, to the Eastern boundary of Lot 7, thence Southerly along the said Eastern boundary, 25 feet, more or less to the place of beginning.

If sufficient be realised by the sale of Parcel No. 1 to meet the exigencies of the case the remaining lot will be withdrawn from sale.

The conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale at the Court of Chancery with the following variations: The purchaser or purchasers will be required to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of the purchase money at the time of sale to the Vendor or his Solicitors, and pay the balance within one month from the day of sale without interest. Upon such payment the purchaser or purchasers will be entitled to a conveyance or conveyances at his or their own expense with a good and valid title to the premises, and to be let into possession.

For further particulars apply to MESSRS. CAMERON, McMICHAEL, FITZGERALD & HOSKIN, MESSRS. BLAKE, KERR & WELLS, and JOHN HOSKIN, Esquire, Solicitors, Toronto, and LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD, Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 14th day of January, 1869.

ROBERT J. TURNER,

CAMERON, McMICHAEL, FITZGERALD & HOSKIN, Vendor's Solicitors. 951-1awtd

TENDERS.

TENDERS

will be received by the undersigned, up to

Twelve O'Clock, Noon, on

Wednesday, the 3rd day of March, Next,

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A REGISTRY OFFICE

In the Town of Pembroke.

The building to be completed on or before the first day of November, 1869.

Each tender must be accompanied with the names of two good and sufficient sureties for the due performance of the work.

The undersigned do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or other tender unless otherwise satisfactory.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Andrew Irving, Esq., Registrar, Pembroke.

ARCHIBALD FOSTER, Chairman;

S. G. SYMS,

T. M. CARSWELL,

Building Committee.

Pembroke, January 28, 1869. 963-1-6wd

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No. 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also, the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,

4tf Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY,

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS

STATIONERY,

AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—

Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—

Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—

Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—

Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post 4to*), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—

Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—

Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—

Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—

Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Dixon's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS,

Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE,

And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER,

To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England;
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

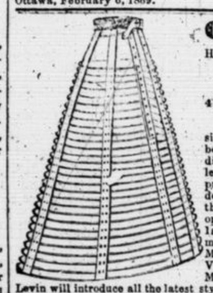
We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.

Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d



CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 968d

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND,

[Post Office Block,]

Have just received

ANOTHER LOT OF VALENTINES,

which they offer at Lowest Rates, Wholesale and Retail.

They have just published a

ONE CENT SONG BOOK,

containing "Capt. Jinks," and a number of other popular songs. For sale Wholesale and Retail.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869.

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery,

China, and

Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards;

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,

General Agent.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,

E. PARENT,

Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

CHANCERY SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE,

IN THE

VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, comprising store, dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to

MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK,
Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.

Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire,
Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.

969-1awtd Signed, A. N. BUELL.

STATIONERY, &c.

J. DURIE & SON have received 1 case Segar's Tracing Vellum, best quality.

ALSO,

A Choice Lot of Valentines, (English,) direct from the manufacturers, wholesale and retail.

J. DURIE & SON.

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MACEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds.*

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do
575 " UNION do
1925 " 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries,

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

STOVES

OF THE

LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED

PATTERNS,

Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

D. R. LEAVENS,

AGENT FOR THE NEW METALLIC

"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principal employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated

"MINER'S SAFETY LAMP,"

is strictly adhered to, rendering it safe from

THE POSSIBILITY OF EXPLOSION;

besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor.* If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking: this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal, and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.

Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.

Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.

Call and see them at the

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.

Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The argest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCKS'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

The Tea Pot, Ottaw

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 11, 1869.

The markets were again very poorly supplied with provisions of all kinds, excepting only Beef, Mutton and Hay. Pork, there was none.

Beef, in moderate quantity, was offering at $6 to $7, and Hay at $19 to $22. Some attributed the poverty of the market to the fact of its being Ash Wednesday, and prophesied a good supply to-day.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 58	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@	18 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	19 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

A SOMNAMBULISTIC WALK ON A RAILROAD.

From the Binghampton Republican.

Last Sabbath evening the people of Cortland village were much excited by the mysterious disappearance of a girl about 13 years of age. Thomas R. Stevenson and family, except Annie, the girl mentioned, attended church in the evening, she staying at home on account of indisposition, and retired before the other members of the family went out. When they returned they went to her apartment; she was not there, but her clothes were left in her bedroom. This circumstance alarmed them, and the neighbours were immediately aroused, and diligent search instituted. Church bells were rung, and messengers sent out, but no trace of the missing girl could be found. The family and neighbours had nearly given up in despair, under the apprehension that she had been stolen from her bed, and met some terrible fate.

But the next morning, when the passenger train arrived from Binghampton, Annie walked out upon the platform, queerly dressed in her mother's clothes. She had arisen in a sound sleep the evening previous, between 8 and 9 o'clock, donned her mother's apparel, and started south on the railroad track. In the morning she was found by a resident of State Bridge, seated on a log by the side of the track, near that place, from which she was taken to the residence of Mr. House, the station agent, who placed her in conductor Vrooman's care, and returned her to her friends. It appears she travelled as far south as Marathon, for a girl answering her description was seen on the track during the night, near that village. From there she retraced her steps to State Bridge, where she returned to consciousness. The whole distance travelled by this frail creature is about eighteen miles. Mr. House's daughter, where she was taken, at State Bridge, was an acquaintance of Miss Stevenson, they having been classmates at school. The girl, it is said, has been noticed on former occasions to act strangely.

WHAT CONSTITUTES A MOB?—In the general orders for the guidance of troops in affording aid to the civil power, we find the following definition of what constitutes a mob:—"The mob is a demon fierce and ungovernable. It will not listen to reason; it will not be influenced by fear, pity, or self-preservation. It has no sense of justice. Its energy is exerted in frenzied fits; its forbearance is apathy or ignorance. It is a grevious error to suppose that this cruel, this worthless hydra has any political feeling. In its triumph it breaks windows, in its anger breaks heads. Gratify it and it creates a disturbance; disappoint it and it grows furious; attempt to appease it, it becomes outrageous. Meet it boldly and it turns away. It is accessable to no feeling but one of personal suffering; it submits to no argument but that of the strong hand. The point of the bayonet convinces; the edge of the sabre speaks keenly; the noise of the musketry is listened to with respect; the roar of artillery is unanswerable. How deep, how grievous, how burthensome, is the responsibility that lies on him who would rouse this fury from its den: It is astonishing, it is too little known, how much individual character is lost in the aggregate character of a multidude: Men may be rational, moderate, peaceful, loyal and sober as individuals; yet heap them by the thousand, and in the very progress of congregation, loyalty, quietness, moderation and reason evaporate, and a multidude of rational beings is an unreasonable intemperate being—a wild, infuriated monster, which may be driven, but not led, except to mischief—which has an appetite for blood and a savage joy in destuction, for the mere gratification of destroying."

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also; Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,

Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S.

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 81ty

WAVERLY HOUSE,

Barrington-st., Halifax Nova Scotia, established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

369y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,......................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary, H. B. REEVE.

Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter of of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, AT LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	1 05	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866......$ 551,971 40	December, 1867......$576,135 19	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67 1,594,644 96	Jany., Feb., March,'68 1,727,939 55	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67, 1,559,178 79	April, May, June, '68, 1,749,031 52	Increase	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1847	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,969 40	1867	7,441,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600.757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

		MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do do	Montreal	333	30¼
Do do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do do	Kingston	160	25
De do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo ....30c; Buffalo to New York {50c} Reduced to Canada Money. {....35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo ....30c; Buffalo to Philadelphia. {75c} Reduced to Canada Money. {....52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ....30c; Buffalo to Washington. {90c} Reduced to Canada Money. {....62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ....30c; Buffalo to Baltimore. {85c} Reduced to Canada Money. {....59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit ....60c; Detroit to Chicago. {75c} Reduced to Canada Money. {....52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 65	From Toronto to Buffalo ....30c; Buffalo to New Orleans. {$2 75c} Reduced to Canada Money. {....$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE, Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Prise, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON.

Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.

78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada. Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness of Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

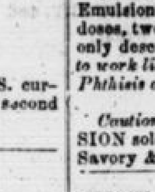
Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR CASES OF

CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st, London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian,* and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL

BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,

Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke and Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,* Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office. REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P, Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE. 506y

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st. 711tf

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.*

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,

Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

JOSEPH MOONEY,

Russell House Block.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st, corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

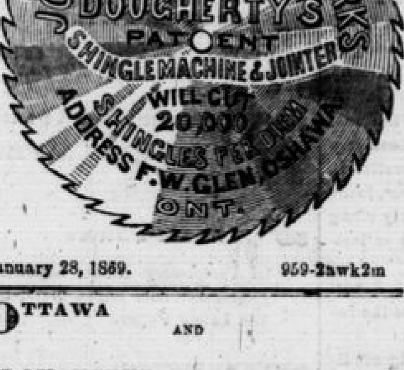
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIORESS, Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts. 868tf



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,

W. H. FALLS, Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

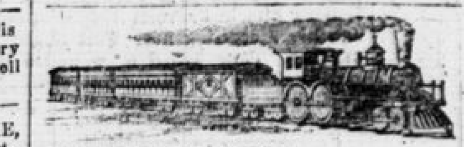
BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10 a m
Night do do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at	8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at via Vermont Central.	3:30 p m
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 1 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gents' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE

PAINTERS,

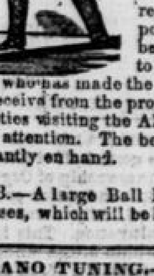
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON

AGENT,...............Dunbar's...

Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October,

No. 10½.

The following Insurance Company has a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John. For the Minister of Finance, JOHN LANGTON.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company, to whom all legal matters will be referred.

B. R. CORWIN.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S NAVY;

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-st. Agent for Ottawa and ... For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.

H. & A. SAUNDERS.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER

AND

UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate...

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under his immediate superintendence, who attends all funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COMMON...

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, and other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut ... nut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over ... years experience in the above branches, ... of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch ... second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for hire. of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End ... Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

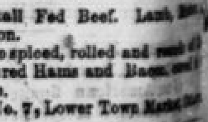
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-building ... Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, ... from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, ... and Montreal Foundries, with drums, ... niture, &c., the cheapest to be had in ...



SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, ... Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and ... and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon ... English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market ...

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS, in the City of Ottawa, under the name, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this ... of January, A. D. 1869.

950b L. GRANT, JOHN S. H...

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the best medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and ... each bottle. Price one dollar. ... J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 3... Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from ... the Township of Caledonia to the navigable ... of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to ... the said Company so much of the road ... between the first and fifth concessions ... required for the manufacture of Peat Fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 33, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES ... Managing Director. ALEX. ... Editor.

VOL...

DIRECT ...

OPORTO, S...

AND ...

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY

AND SCOTCH

PICKLES, SAUCES

&c.,

FROM CROSSE ...

A FULL assortment ... BEST in market

TABLE and Cook... &c.

FLAVOURING ... Genuine.

PRESERVED ... to suit the holid...

ALMERIA GRAPES ... PORTUGUESE

50 TINS NEW ... tins.

200 STILTON ... size, from ... factory.

SHERRY WINE ... to $3.00.

PORT WINE—... $1.50.

ALL KINDS OF ... according to age

100 BOXES ... boxes at ...

LABRADOR HE... barrels and half...

10 CASES SCOTCH

TEAS—Black, Green ... Good, and selected

SUGARS and SY...

COFFEES—Always ... Try them.

TOBACCOS—The ... make in cut, tin ...

A GENERAL assortment ... kinds of GROCERIES ... hand, Wholesale and ... POSSIBLE PRICES ... trial of the articles will ...

For sale at

THOS. ...

Ottawa, November 27, ...

JUST RECEIVED ... AT ...

INDIA W...

No. 16, ...

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BRO...

Wholesale ...

Grocers, Wine and ...

FRESH OYSTERS, PRESERVED OYSTERS, FRESH HALIBUT—, FRESH SALMON, FRESH MACKEREL, FRESH LOBSTERS, GREEN PEAS, LEMON, GINGER, ... Banana, Peach, Bl... Strawberry Syrups. RASPBERRY VINE..., FRY'S Chocolate and ..., MOTT'S Cocoa Paste, MORTON'S Bloater ..., TOMATO and other ..., ANCHOVY Paste, STRASBURGH Meat, POTTED Beef and T..., PRESERVES and Je..., ORANGE Marmalade, MORRISON, TAYL... Celebrated Sugar C... Roll Bacon. PICKLED Salmon, PICKLED Mackerel, PICKLED HERRING In Half Barrels, Ba..., DRY Codfish, DRY Haddock, FINNAN Haddies, &... And a full stock of ... Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE, ... BOTTLE...

The subscriber would ... Families and others to h...

FINE BOT...

Which is in splendid con...

SCOTCH, IRI...

And other ...

PORTS, SHERRIES, ...

To other with a G...

FIRST-CLAS...

A call ... solicit...

Oppo...

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL

INMAN LINE OF MA...

FROM NEW YO...

AND ALTERNA...

RATES OF PASSAGE BY ...

First Cabin, ... Liverpool or Queenstown ... Steerage, Pay... Liverpool or Queenstown

PASSAGE BY THE ... First Cabin, ... Liverpool or Queenstown ... Halifax ... St. John's, N.F., by bra... Steerage, Pay... Liverpool or Queenstown ... Halifax ... John's, N.F., by bra... Tickets sold to and fr... Continent, at moder... For further informat... offices. ... or to HER...

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 972. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues,
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS, In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible]ly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway, New York,

or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,

Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do

and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Red, Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!

But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

TENDERS OF SILVER

FOR

MY EXPORTATION MOVEMENT

are hereby accepted.

Particulars by circular to be issued

THIS DAY.

W. WEIR

Montreal, February 1, 1869 962tf

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS

☞AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ......GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ......GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ......OVERCOATS,
$9 ......COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ......GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ......DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents.	And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,

The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 19, 1868. 886-6m

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

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PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,

C. C. Rly.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

Wants.

WANTED,

By a gentleman and his wife, board and lodging, in a respectable locality. Address, stating terms, etc., ALPHA, TIMES Office, Ottawa. 964tf

---

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 868tf

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made upon all cash purchases of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.

☞Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.☜

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 29 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,

Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*

R. W. STEPHEN,

930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

JOSEPH HALL

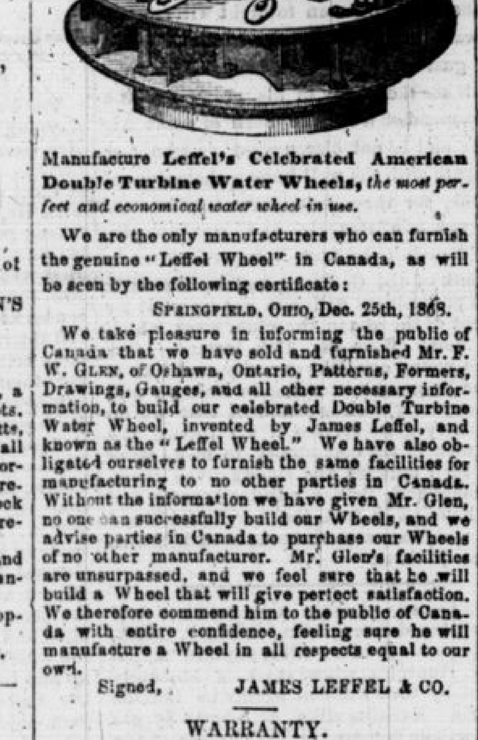
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS.

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture **Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels,** *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

☞We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,

959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces		different qualities Black Silks			
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines	7		1 3
70	do	do Poplin	7½		1 0
150	do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars......6¼ d
165 do Good Prints......4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's......6¼ d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces		Waterproof	3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—at a great sacrifice.

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only......2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only......3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed......5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting......3! worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting......1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice......

☞Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets. A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50......OVERCOATS.
4.00......heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up......PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25......VESTS.
$8.00......Black Broadcloth......FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

75y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

PORK,

OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,

Forwarders and Commission Merchants,

Canal Basin

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Black Cloths, Winceys, Beaver Cloths, Cottons, Meltons, Prints, Tweeds, &c., &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88?y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,

Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,

Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

THE FINANCES OF QUEBEC.

The Quebec *Chronicle* gives a few reasons why the surplus claimed for this Province is greater than the surplus in fact. In the course of an article on the subject it says:—

"The receipts include $600,000 on Dominion account, but this largely exceeds the regular revenue from the Dominion for this period, not to speak of the deduction to be made for our surplus debt. For the total amount which Quebec receives at present from this source, is but $958,000; consequently the revenue of the half year could have been only $479,000, which was swelled by the Crown Lands revenue and other income to a real total of $955,677. The entire expenditure for this period being, admittedly, $611,058, the difference on our credit side is $344,619, which, assuming the charge for our proportion of the surplus debt to reach $115,000 for the above period, would be further reduced to $229,619. There is good reason to doubt whether we shall receive as much revenue from the local sources, in future, as we have obtained during the first eighteen months of the Union. Besides, the treasurer seems to have taken, for the benefit of this half year, receipts which accrued within, and properly belong to the credit of previous periods; while it is just probable that a good deal of money appropriated for particular services during the last half of 1858, which does not appear as having been spent up to the 31st December, must yet be disbursed. Such outlay is authorized, and doubtless inevitable. In this way our apparent surplus may be still further diminished. We do not forget, in this connection, that the Government recently increased the taxes on the lumber trade to a considerable extent, and that the revenue, if it has not already been greatly affected thereby, will be, to no trifling extent, before this day twelve months. We omit here any comment as to the fairness or prudence of this change. The local revenue is almost entirely made up of income under the head territorial, amounting during the six months to $351,233. While there can be no great increase of income expected from our woods and forests, which are rapidly disappearing, there is a tolerably good prospect of a much larger outlay than that of the past eighteen months, for colonization and other purposes. Considering the unfortunate tendency of such a governmental machinery and public service as ours, to increase in cost, and taking full account of our means and prospects, we are forced to the conviction that it would be folly to calculate upon any large surplus in favour of the Province of Quebec. Should it reach an average of $250,000 per annum, we shall be agreeably surprised."

A PROTEST AGAINST "UNCUT COPIES."

There is a vigourous protest in England against the issue of books with uncut leaves. The London *Daily News* sums up the complaints of readers thus:

"Is it not time the paper-knife was condemned as obsolete, or classed among the useless ornamental lumber with which our ladies love to load their drawing-rooms? That this is not possible, for the reason that books and periodicals are still sold uncut, is no slight reproach to the publishing trade, and one which it behooves their customers to bring home. It is the singular conservatism of the members of that trade which makes a paper-knife necessary at all, and we should be glad to know if there be any grounds upon which what seems to be a stupid anchronism can be defended. It is clear that the act of paper cutting can be performed on a large scale at an infinitesimal cost; and that the whole of the uncut books and magazines now issuing from the press are so many encroachments upon the good nature of the public. For no excuse of difficulty or want of knowledge or of means can be advanced. Too many books and magazines are sent into the world ready for the use of any such plea to be received. Still, the example set by *Fraser* has been followed by very few of the periodicals; while bulky volumes come before us every day in the year which require an annoying amount of mechanical drudgery to be spent upon them before they are fit for use.

"There are few things more irritating than to be midway in a book of absorbing interest, to have the time as well as the inclination to go on with it, and to be suddenly pulled up for want of any instrument with which to sever its leaves. Yet this is happening among us every day in the year. Our booksellers should really condescend to spare us this needless and petty worry, and war to the paper-knife should be the constant cry of every buyer of books."

—Another melancholy death from carelessness in the use of morphia, is reported from the village of Cavanville. The Belleville *Chronicle* says that Dr. Rowan being subject to irregular action of the heart, was in the habit of taking this drug to counteract it, and on Monday he died from an overdose, compounded for him and administered by his daughter. The deaths through the use of this dangerous narcotic are becoming more and more frequent, showing that its use is more widespread than the public have any idea of. It is first taken generally in cases of headache or nervousness, to quiet the nervous system, and is continued until familarity leads to carelessness; and an over-dose ends in that "long sleep which knows no wakening." We would warn our readers against the use of morphia, even when prescribed and administered by the hands of the most skilful physician. Its effects are irregular and uncertain and a dose which might at one time be taken with impunity, may in certain cases of physical derangement produce death.

—The snow storm which has raged over the Eastern parts of Canada has been very severe throughout the North-west States of America. At St Paul's fifteen inches of snow fell, at LaCrosse twelve inches, and at Winona eighteen inches.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Application to Parliament.
Double Refined Rock Oil—D. R. Leavens.
Dog Lost.
Bunch of Brass Keys Lost.
Waverley House, Halifax, N.S.—John Romans.
AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.
Sale of Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, &c.—A. Rowe.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

COMMON report has it that the Messrs. WORTHINGTON, of Quebec, are the lowest tenderers for sections numbers one, two and four of the Intercolonial Railway, and that Messrs. ELLIOTT and GRANT, of Brantford, are also lowest for number three. It is stated that these sections have been tendered for at the following rates, viz., $9,485 per mile for section number one, twenty miles, amounting to one hundred and eighty-nine thousand seven hundred dollars. Number two section $14,950 per mile, amounting to $299,000.

Number four section, $11,000 per mile, twenty-seven miles, amounting to two hundred and ninety-seven thousand dollars.

Number three section, twelve thousand dollars per mile, twenty-four miles, amounting to two hundred and eighty-eight thousand dollars.

The total amount of tenders for the whole ninety-one miles is, therefore, one million fifty-three thousand and seven hundred dollars.

At this rate the whole Intercolonial Railway would only cost about five millions of dollars, for construction, to sub grade. The extraordinarily low prices for which the work has been tendered for surprises all experienced railway contractors.

The estimates of the different engineers who have been engaged in locating the aforesaid sections we understand amount to over two millions of dollars. There is such a discrepancy between the calculations of the engineers and the tenders of the contractors that the schedule of prices ought certainly to be reduced, so as to accord with the quantities estimated by the engineers. Otherwise, if the engineers' estimates of quantities are held to be correct, there is a danger that the contractor will have drawn the whole of his contract price before the work is more than half performed.

We shall be exceedingly glad, however, to learn if the work can be performed for the prices named. If the whole of the road can be constructed at similar rates, the country will certainly have the Intercolonial Railway at something less than half the first estimates.

We think, however, and we have arrived at this conclusion from what we know of the business of way building, that no such offers as have just been mentioned can be reasonably entertained by those upon whose shoulders rests the responsibility of letting the contracts for the building of the Intercolonial.

For the first time in the history of the County of Carleton there has been a public xecution within its precincts. The criminal was no common character; neither was his victim. The late THOMAS D'ARCY MCGEE was a man of no common reputation. His memory is one of the few things that the country desires to cherish. He will be remembered, and his name is already entwined in the history of the country, as one of its greatest patriots. The memorable seventh of April, 1868, is a date long to be remembered in the history of Canada. On that fatal morning the flower of our orators was cut down without a moment's warning, and a whole nation was thrown into mourning. Upon that sad event, we need not now enlarge.

The officers of the law went promptly to work to track the murderer, and their success is emphatically epitomised in the event of yesterday. WHELAN was traced out as the probable murderer of THOMAS D'ARCY MCGEE. The pistol was found upon his person; he was seen in the gallery of the House of Commons; recognised as having made threats against MCGEE; noticed in close confabulation with BUCKLEY and other presumed conspirators, and finally supposed to have headed off his victim when the latter left the House of Commons. The passage through the vacant house, to the opposite yard, is an old story. MCGEE came up innocently and unsuspicious of danger. The murderer came behind him from his lair; and placing the pistol so near to his head that its very fire flashed into the open door, he discharged the fatal shot! And yesterday, behold his reward.

The British laws move slowly but rather surely. It was anxiously desired that a Special Commission should have been appointed to dispose of the case; but a Special Commission was refused. However, the case had been put into excellent hands. JAMES O'REILLY, Esq., Q.C., the late Recorder of Kingston, was appointed to work up the affair, and being ably assisted by a most efficient force of detectives, we believe that nothing was left undone that ought to have been done. *Perhaps*—and we think it is quite likely—a few scoundrels were allowed to enjoy their liberty who ought to have been in jail—*perhaps*, and we think it is also quite likely that a few other scoundrels who were put into jail were let out just a little too soon. But in the main, the authorities have done their duty. They tracked the guilty man; they spared neither trouble nor expense to get up the case against him; and whether his confederates may have been one or a dozen, there is surely a reasonable measure of satisfaction in feeling that the majesty of the law has been vindicated—that at least one acknowledged criminal has paid the last penalty which the law demands.

PATRICK JAMES WHELAN acquitted himself in the awful presence of a violent death like a penitent Christian and a courageous man. No one who saw the poor fellow in his last awful moments, but must have been stricken to the very heart by the scene. With the officers of the law, and the priests of his church beside him, neither his voice shook nor his step faltered. His eyes trembled visibly and his lips vibrated in token of the human feelings within him; but otherwise we have to record that WHELAN stepped manfully upon the scaffold; and held his face up and his body erect without a single tremour, under an ordeal that sent a cold shiver through almost every one of the spectators. His mind had evidently been well tutored by his spiritual directors, and we have much pleasure in stating that such was the case. It is a sad thing to see a fellow creature in the full bloom of manhood launched into eternity by a single and most barbarously cruel jerk of a rope! Poor WHELAN! May the Lord have mercy on his soul!

As stated elsewhere, WHELAN had of late been exceedingly attentive to the instructions of his spiritual advisers. He had evidently resolved, according to his lights, to make his execution a source of merit hereafter. In his manner there was nothing but what was deserving of the most unqualified praise. No bravado; no pretension; no swagger; and no cowardice. The man was there. Agitated undoubtedly, but still with all his senses about him. His voice was round, clear, and distinct; his step light and firm; his whole carriage that of one who knew what he was about; while the ashy paleness of the countenance, and the restless movement of the eye, told unmistakably that he felt the awful importance of the solemn occasion. He answered the prayers of the priest with a firm and earnest voice, and exhibited throughout an earnest spirit of devotion.

In the few remarks which WHELAN offered to the crowd, there is nothing left for comment. He certainly felt dreadfully when he came upon the name of "Ireland." But after having heard the opinions of a few representatives of the press, present with ourselves, at the sad scene, we are inclined to doubt that his sudden stoppage was due to the interference of Father O'CONNOR. Our own impression was, and it has since been confirmed by other gentlemen, that WHELAN was too much overcome by his feelings to have uttered another word; and the priest—Father O'CONNOR—in the discharge of his sacred office stepped forward and presented to the condemned man the cross—the emblem—at least to Catholics—of salvation.

The event was sad and solemn. But the outraged laws of our country have been vindicated, without any bloodthirsty hurry for vengeance, a man was found to whose individual agency the guilt of the deed had been unmistakably traced. After tedious court proceedings and numerous quibbles invented by ingenious Counsel, the sentence of the Court below was confirmed. An attempt to stay the hand of justice, through the further exercise of the Executive clemency, was happily frustrated; and at length PATRICK JAMES WHELAN gave up his life in atonement for the brutal and cowardly murder of THOMAS D'ARCY MCGEE.

Thank God! that within the British Dominions justice, though slow, is sure. There are others yet who must answer for the part they took, or are accused of having taken, in the bloody tragedy, and we heartily wish them a true deliverance according to the facts.

WE willingly give place to the following letter from Mr. ALFRED PERRY, of Montreal, on the, what ought to be, all engrossing topic of Water Works. Mr. PERRY's letter should set our business men a thinking, and prepare them for some practical decision to be come to at the meeting to be held on Saturday next.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I have to thank you for publishing in your issue of yesterday the details of my plan for furnishing your city with water and fire departments, and for the editorial notice thereof.

Appreciating the influence of your journal I now ask the privilege of replying to your objection—on the score of expense—to my proposition; and firstly allow me to point out the position of your city at this present moment: no water, excessively high rates of insurance, with the determination on the part of such English and American offices as still remain to further advance those rates; 50 per cent of your property not insured (because of those rates) of which at least 40 per cent may be classed as insurable at any rate of premium.

The losses by fire have been steadily on the increase for the past five years, until they have exceeded for the past year $200,000. No city can prosper or even hold its own under such circumstances, and the question only remains how to obviate these, and the cost to the citizens for so doing. Under my plan I consider that the cost will be less than it now is, as the following figures will show:

1. Your present fire department costs annually,	$10,000
2. The amount paid annually for your very inadequate supply of water, is not less than	20,000
3. And the amount paid annually for insurance	70,000
Total,	$100,000
Under my plan the annual cost of the water and fire departments, including interest on principal, is	$31,200
Amount required to insure properties, say 25 per cent less than at present per annum	52,500
Total,	83,700
Leaving a clear annual gain in my favour of	$16,300

Besides ample protection against fire, and an abundant supply of water for domestic and other purposes.

The losses by fires for the past four years have averaged over $130,000 per annum, of which, insurance companies have suffered about $70,000, leaving an actual loss to the citizens of $60,000; under my plan this would be put an end to, and the total loss reduced to less than $40,000. The effect would not only be to reduce rates of insurance, but the necessity for insuring to so great an extent would be obviated. Where a person formerly insured for $1,000, with the certainty of a total loss in the event of fire, $600 would be ample, with the probability of the loss in the event of a fire amounting to not over $150. I gather these facts from experience.

If these proposed works are carried out, and a tariff of water rates, based upon that now in force in the city of Montreal, applied to Ottawa, the annual revenue therefrom, calculated in proportion to the relative populations of the two cities—would amount to $53,682.62; and insurance companies, instead of withdrawing from your city, as they are now doing, would remain and make money.

With these facts in view I think, sir, that your idea that the cost of the plan is fatal to its success, is not borne out; if, however, your citizens take that view of the case, the loss will be their own, and will not for the future fall on insurance companies.

I remain,
Yours truly,
ALFRED PERRY.

Royal Insurance Office, Montreal, Feb. 10.

WE understand that it has been decided that the body of WHELAN will not be given up to his friends.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

Execution of Whelan.

The Scene Inside and Outside the Jail--The Prisoner's Demeanour Throughout--His Speech, &c., &c.

Yesterday morning opened like many another morning, though for Ottawa and Carleton it was the harbinger of an event new to the history of the county and the city. It was the county's first capital sentence duly executed, and surely this says a great deal for the morality of the county, or the mercy of its juries. Patrick James Whelan is the first victim of the Carleton County gallows; may it rust for long years and its rope rot before they are again brought into requisition! But may the "good men and true" of the county ever be ready, as in September last, to say "guilty" when by the sworn evidence of creditable witnesses the vile crime is brought home to the hands of the guilty.

The snow, the snow, the "beautiful snow," pure and white, fell in soft fleecy flakes, as the crowds of people flocked around the Court House, and by nine o'clock there was a large and sober gathering of people, where they could see, and where they couldn't see, standing quietly under falling snow, and wondering how the prisoner would carry himself. "Will he make a speech?" "Will he confess?" were the questions passed from mouth to mouth; and as the answer was given by the knowing ones that Whelan would say nothing, the gaping by-standers testified their disappointment by a visible elongation of the countenance. "He'll say nothing." "The priest has advised him to be silent"—so they said in the crowd, and yet they waited on, hoping to see him and hoping too to hear him, despite the positive assertions to the contrary.

But we shall leave the outside scene to describe what was transpiring within. It is needless to remark that Carleton County jail offers but slight accommodation for the gathering of a promiscuous crowd. The Sheriff and Governor of the jail had done their best to admit the representatives of the press, and other parties whose official position gave them the privilege, or imposed on them the duty of witnessing the solemn and unwelcome spectacle. By half-past nine o'clock, the door steps of the Governor's residence were besieged with a crowd of pressmen and others who had been fortunate enough to obtain the required "pass" to enable them to gain admission, and for a full half-hour or more they waited patiently, until at length the door was opened, the cards examined and the parties pressed in. Here again came another delay before being admitted up stairs. Meantime the jail officials were actively engaged in the preparations for the solemn tragedy. The Sheriff, with cocked hat and sword, moved about with unwonted seriousness. The Governor directed his turnkeys hither and thither with a solemnity altogether new, and the crowd of news men and others, though occasionally trying to make a pleasant remark, gave unmistakable evidence of consciousness of a very serious business on hand.

At length the heavy door is unlocked with a jerk, and swung back lazily on its hinges. An anxious and unseemly pressure ensues, which Mr. Bailiff, the active Deputy Sheriff, does his best to prevent from degenerating into a scramble. "Passes" are again examined; those privileged to go "above" were passed up, while the more numerous crowd, whose privileges only extended to the jail yard, were sent "below." This operation over very quietly indeed, though a considerable amount of bustle and crowding, the "above" party found their way to the eastern wing facing Stewart-st., where an ominous coil of rope fastened to the banister inside and inserted into the ring overhanging the "drop," was ominously suggestive of the terrible tragedy. At this point the crowd was uncomfortably large, but this was a consequence of the small space open for occupation. The Montreal, the Toronto and the Ottawa press were fully represented, and there were several besides other news men present. Several medical gentlemen and some county officials were also there; but the event was such as we suppose neither the parties present nor the outside public care to know the names.

But the distance of a short stairway down from the "drop" was the door of Whelan's cell. Inside was the prisoner, pale and anxious, but wonderfully calm, considering the doom he was about to meet. With him were his confessor the Rev. Dr. O'Connor, Bishop's Secretary, as also the Rev. M. Tabaret, President of St. Joseph's College, and the Rev. Father Collins, Parish Priest of Upper Town. At the door could be heard the solemn tones of the priest reciting prayers appropriate to the occasion, which Whelan repeated, or responded to with a firm voice. There appeared to be no bravado in his manner, but his voice indicated a state of mind resolutely bent upon meeting his fate with becoming firmness. Certainly he appeared to have fully recognised the awful solemnity of his position. Those restless eyes of his were more restless than ever, the quivering lip had a quicker motion, and the face was more than ordinarily ashy pale. But the carriage of the man was upright, his step firm, and his voice, though earnest and subdued, by no means faltering. For some time the prayers went on, Whelan responding to the voice of the priest.

At length the unwelcome shadow of the executioner flitted across the landing of the stair-way, with black mask and striped night-cap on his head. A few minutes later, the Sheriff tapped at the door of the cell. The door being opened, the hangman passed in with a small coil of light rope in his hand. The "pinioning" was then performed, and it seemed to take dreadfully long time. Before being tied Whelan shook hands with the clergymen, the Sheriff, the Governor and the Warden of the county, expressing himself at the same time in words of forgiveness and friendship to all. The hangman then tied his hands behind his back, putting coil after coil around him, during which Father O'Connor and the prisoner were engaged in earnest prayer.

Then came a flutter among the people around the door on the stairway, and on the landing leading to the drop. The Governor had signalized them to make way for the prisoner. And so with the Sheriff and the priests Whelan walked up with a firm step, his eyes looking forward and upward, and his voice responding in clear and distinct tones to the litany then being recited by the priest.

Having taken his stand on the fatal "drop" Father O'Connor again engaged in prayer with him. The prisoner faced the dense mass of upturned faces and stood with form erect, appearing about as much unmoved as any other man present. After some time spent in prayer, Whelan made the following brief address:

Friends and fellow-countrymen:

I have but a few words to say to you on this melancholy occasion. I humbly ask the forgiveness of all whom I may have injured, and I also forgive all who may have done me wrong. (A pause, and then with great emotion) May God save Ireland, and God save my soul!

At this point Father O'Connor made a gesture, which was understood to convey to the prisoner that he should say no more, and Whelan stopped accordingly. His voice had betrayed the depth of his emotion, and at the mention of "Ireland" he appeared to be extraordinarily excited. We judged it doubtful whether his feelings would have allowed him to continue his remarks, even had he not received a hint to stop them.

Prayer was again resumed; the hangman came up behind Whelan and pulling out the white cap, passed it over his head and face. He then adjusted the rope around his neck, tightening up closely under his left ear. During this process the prisoner did not appear even to wince; he stood firmly upon the drop, and responded audibly to the prayers being recited by the priest. Before the cap was passed over his face, he was offered water, which, however, he declined. The rope being adjusted, and everything in readiness, the "drop" fell, and Whelan swung in the air at seven minutes past eleven, just at the instant that a prayer to his Maker—"have mercy on me!"—was issuing from his lips!

There were a few convulsive struggles of the body, a surging to and fro, a twitching of fingers and contraction of the limbs, and then a wondrous stillness seemed to seize it. Anon another twitch, watched with scientific, if not sympathetic eye, by the few medical men present, and again all was still. A few anxious minutes were spent by those near the body in examining it, except the first writhing struggle just after the drop fell. The body did not manifest any sign of agony; but the medical men noted a sensible respiration, indicated by a slight updrawing of the limbs, seven minutes after the drop fell. So perished Whelan!

During the previous night Whelan had been attended by some of the clergy of his church, and at six o'clock in the morning Mass was said in his cell, and he received the Sacraments.

OUTSIDE THE JAIL.

By about 8 o'clock in the morning a few stragglers made their way up to the jail and took up a position at the East end, outside the wall, where a good view could be got. Here they remained until about half past nine, by which time the numbers had reached about fifteen hundred. The Chief of Police then came up and cleared the space, the crowd moving round to Ottawa-st, Wilbrod-st., and the Square South of the jail, where a side view of the place of execution could be obtained.

The assemblage continued to increase up to half-past ten o'clock, at which hour there were probably not less than four thousand persons assembled, and of that number there were two or three hundred females.

There was no disorder, no improper conduct from first to last.

When the prisoner was brought out there was instant silence in the expectation of hearing a speech, but when he had finished the few words he uttered the opinion seemed to prevail that he had shewn good taste by his omission of the long speech which was understood to have been contemplated by him. And the moment the drop fell there was a short cry among some of the women. And as now the crowd had lost sight of the hanging body they dispersed, so that in fifteen minutes the ground was cleared.

Two companies of the Rifle Brigade were drawn up under arms within the jail yard.

When the fatal bolt was drawn, there was a sort of convulsive movement in the crowd; but no manifestation of feeling other than that of curiosity or pity. Immediately after the body disappeared from public view, being dropped behind the high jail wall, the crowd quietly dispersed.

Under the gallows was a plain deal coffin waiting to receive the body.

In front of the jail there was a hearse in waiting; but we understand the body was not given up at that time. It is understood, however, that it will be given to his friends.

OTTAWA SNOW-SHOE CLUB.

Such of our readers as may happen to pass the central gate of the Parliament Buildings on Friday evening next, about eight o'clock, will find (it may be) a small, but most energetic body of the young (aye, and more than one of the more aged) men of this city, bound on their usual bi-weekly tramp on snow-shoes. The gathering may be a little larger this evening than usual, as it has transpired that the best man to-night will receive his reward in the shape of a trinket, for his watch guard, or if he be a bachelor perhaps we shall see the trophy of his prowess in the field suspended from the neck of some fair damsel; and be not discouraged ye who fear to compete with the well-known champion of the club, for there is a second prize for which you can struggle, and mayhap win.

The race is to be from Notman's corner to the mouth of the Gatineau, and is only, as it were, a preliminary gallop to get up wind for the event of the season, the club races, which are to come off on the 27th instant. Our club is a young one, like our city, and like it we hope to go on increasing in strength and numbers yearly, feeling confident that we do our country good service if we induce the young men of the community to make more use of their muscles and sinews given them, in rational and British out-door sports, and draw them away from the bar and billiard rooms, which are alike ruinous to their health and their pockets.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

LOCAL NEWS

POLICE COURT.—There was but one case for trial at the police court yesterday: that of an old man for drunkenness, and he was left over till this morning.

WAVERLY HOUSE, HALIFAX.—The card of this excellent and well conducted establishment will be found in our advertising columns, and we have no hesitation in recommending it to gentlemen in Ottawa who may have occasion to visit Halifax.

LECTURES.—We are authorized to state that the Ottawa Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum have made arrangements for a short course of five lectures, to be given in Gowan's Hall weekly, commencing next Tuesday evening. The lecturers, with the subjects of the lectures, will be announced to-morrow. Meanwhile we urge our citizens to support the movement.

AUCTION SALE.—The large sale of boots and shoes advertised in our columns is still going on at Mr. Rowe's sale rooms. The stock is large and well assorted and being sold without any reserve. In fact we have been credibly informed that boots were sold last evening for about one-third of the usual prices. This will be an excellent opportunity to secure boots and shoes. The sale is advertised for every evening at 7 o'clock.

A MAGISTRATE KNOCKED DOWN BY A CUTTER.—A gentleman who holds a commission of the peace being on Nicholas-st. yesterday in the forenoon, was knocked down by a cutter, as he was going over the crossing. Fortunately he was not much hurt. Some members of the police force present, believing that the gentleman who was in the cutter was driving too fast, and that the occurrence arose out of carelessness, arrested him, and took him to the station, where he was admitted to bail.

AN ALARMING RUNAWAY.—A serious looking runaway happened yesterday afternoon on Rideau-st. A horse, contrary to all human reason, started off with its sleigh, and ran in and out between all sorts of vehicles on the street, as if recklessly bent on destroying his master's property, and it was really a wonder that he did not succeed in his apparent object. Our reporter did not learn the owner's name, but congratulates him on the fact that when the animal was caught at Howell's corner very little damage was found to have been done.

CURLING.—A curling match came off on Wednesday afternoon between four picked players from Upper and Lower Towns and the Centre Town players.

Upper and Lower Towns.	*Centre Town.*
A. Campbell,	Dr. Wood,
T. McKay,	T. Gallagher,
N. Sparks,	W. Hutchison (skip),
H. Inglis (skip),	G. Hutchison.
U. and L. T. 17 points.	11 ends.
Centre Town 15 "	10 ends.
2	1

TESTIMONIAL TO GEO. E. DESBARATS, ESQ.—At a meeting of the committee called at the residence of Mr. Kimber, on Tuesday, February, 10, 1869—present, R. Kimber, J. M. Currier, C. J. Higgins and R. E. O'Connor, it was moved by R. Kimber, Esq, seconded by C. J. Higgins, Esq., that the engrossed resolutions ornamented by M. Chabert, be adopted as the testimonial to be presented to Geo. E. Desbarats, in accordance with the resolutions passed at the meeting called by the Mayor on the 26th January, 1869, and that Mr. Kimber and Mr. Higgins be requested to procure a suitable ornamental frame as soon as possible.—Carried.

J. M. CURRIER, Chairman.
R. E. O'CONNOR, Secretary.

OTTAWA, February 11, 1869.

A CHILD LOST.—Yesterday afternoon a little French Canadian girl, apparently not more than six or seven years of age, was handed over to one of the city policemen to be taken care of, as he had found her wandering about without being able to find her home, or to tell where she lived. She was taken to the station and properly cared for. Being unable to speak a word of English, it was necessary to wait for one of the French constables to come in, but then she could give no information pointing to her home, nor could she tell the name of her father or mother, or any of the neighbours, nor whether she lived in the city, or in Hull. She knew that her father was called Moise, she had a brother named Moise, and a little boy next door, with whom she played, was named Moise too. It is quite time that some regulations were made by the police authorities to facilitate the recovery of lost children. This could very easily be done. All that is necessary is to make it obligatory on every person who finds a stray child, to hand it over to the first policeman, who should immediately take it to the station, and keep it there till claimed. Then as soon as a child is lost, the friends should go straight to the station, and in case the child has not been found, let a full description of the child's age, name, clothing, and general appearance be given, and taken down in writing by the officer in charge of the station, so that each policeman may know it and search for the lost one on his beat. This is all very simple, and if acted upon, would save much anxiety and suffering on the part of both parents and children. We speak of this more particularly, because within the last few weeks we have known many cases of great suffering on the part of parents on account of missing children, and one in particular where a child was away from home all night, and which had it not been kept from the knowledge of the mother, who was confined to her bed, would, as the father and physician believed, have caused her death. And then we all know of a child of this city having been lost two years, and not yet found. If proper regulations had existed, that child might not have been from home a single night. Let something be done by the authorities, then, for the recovery of lost children, and they will receive the thanks of all fathers and mothers.

MRS. SURRATT.

Re-Burial of the Remains--The Funeral Services--How the Corpse Looked.

From the Washington Chronicle.

The President issued an order on Tuesday morning for the delivery of the remains of Mrs. Surratt to Father Walter, of St. Patrick's Church, of this city, and in the afternoon, at three o'clock, that gentleman, in company with Mr. Towne and Harvey & Marr, undertakers, proceeded to the arsenal, and the remains were at once disinterred. Immediately after the execution, Mrs. Surratt's remains, with those of Paine, Harold, and Atzerdot, executed at the same time, were placed in boxes and interred in graves near the scaffold, her body being at the north end of the row, and the others adjoining her remains in the order named above. In the box with each body there was also placed the name of the party, written on parchment, enclosed in a bottle. The body of Booth was also buried near there; that is, inside the old penitentiary building, near the main door of the warden's residence. The burial of Booth was quietly made in the presence of Secretary Stanton, General Lafayette, C. Baker, and two of his officers, and Colonel Benton, commandant of the Arsenal; and after the grave had been filled and a portion of the bricks relaid over it, the windows of the wareroom were boarded up and the door locked. The body of Wirtz, the Andersonville jailer, was placed in the yard adjoining the body of Atzerodt. For some time the bodies were allowed to remain in this position. A wooden fence was erected around the graves, and a wooden headboard, with the name of the person buried below, placed at each grave. In the fall of 1867, when the demolition of the penitentiary building was determined on, it became necessary to remove the bodies, and they were buried in the warehouse known as No. 1 (the second building below the principal office,) the bodies being placed under the flagging. Mrs. Surratt's was laid next to the north wall of the building, and the others adjoining in the following order: Paine, Harold, Atzerodt, Wirtz and Booth. There the bodies of all have remained until yesterday. The coffin, when lifted, was in tolerable condition, and when opened the remains were found to be in an excellent state of preservation. The face, though black, was yet perfect in features, and the whole body compact and firm. The dress looked well, and the gaiter shoes appeared not to be the least soiled. Upon the day of her execution her daughter, Annie, who visited her, took from her own bonnet a steel arrow and stuck it upon her mother's dress close up to the neck, and which remained where it had been placed by the daughter. The bottle, with the name of Mrs. Surratt written upon a piece of parchment within, was also in the coffin, and without shifting anything the coffin was placed in the undertaker's waggon and driven out Four-and-a-half street to Maryland avenue, along Maryland avenue to the capitol, passing around to the left of the capitol to New Jersey avenue, out New Jersey avenue to H-st., and from thence to Mount Olivet Cemetery. Father Walter, who had preceded the remains, was there in waiting to receive them, and they were taken from the coffin in which they were and transferred into a handsome walnut coffin, and then placed in the vault.

Annie Surratt, her brother Isaac, a lady friend of the family, Father Walter, and Mr. Towne will be present at the funeral. It is intended that the interment shall be conducted with the strictest privacy, and, with the exception of the undertaker and those mentioned, none others will be present.

AN OLD PIONEER GONE.

The Death of Mr. James Webster.

The Guelph *Mercury* has the following obituary notice of the late registrar of the county of Wellington:

"It is our melancholy duty this morning to record the death of James Webster, Esq, Registrar of this county, which took place on Saturday evening about six o'clock. The event was not altogether unexpected, for during the past few weeks he had been getting gradually weaker, and at last his once strong frame succumbed to the power of disease. The first symptoms of his complaint—softening of the brain—appeared so far back as July, 1867. Its progress was slow but sure, and though during the first six months of his illness he was able to attend to business, yet for a year past and more he was almost confined to the house. All that medical skill could devise was of no avail. The disease was too firmly seated to be removed, and at last it claimed the mastery.

"Mr. Webster was so well and widely known, he was so intimately connected with the early history of this country, and as a representative of the people in Parliament and in many other ways, occupied a prominent position, that a recital of a few of the leading events in his life will at the present time be read with interest. He was the second son of James Webster, Esq., of Balruddery, county of Forfar, Scotland, and was born on the 28th of May, 1808, and was consequently at the time of his death in the sixty-first year of his age. In the year 1833—six years after Guelph was founded—he emigrated to Canada, his companion on the voyage being the late Rev. Peter Bell, Mr. Webster's tutor—and who is also well known as the inventor of the reaping machine. Some two years previous to that the late Hon. Adam Ferguson had made a tour through Canada. He returned to this country in 1833 along with Mr. Webster, and the two bought on shares 7,200 acres of land in the township of Nichol, and founded the village of Fergus. Mr. Webster and another gentleman from Scotland (Mr. Buist) took up their residence in the first house ever built in Fergus, and passed the winter of 1833-4 in what was then the solitude of the forest, though Fergus is now a large and thriving village, and the scene of busy industry. Through the efforts mainly of Mr. Webster, settlers began to come in. Mr. A. D. Ferrier, who came to Fergus in 1834, states that in the summer of that year, several houses, including an inn, were put up, a church and school house soon followed, and in the autumn a good many settlers bought lots and planted themselves down in the bush. Mr. Webster took the most lively interest in the progress and prosperity of the infant settlement. The early settlers had many difficulties to encounter and overcome in these years, but they had always a fast and true friend in Mr. Webster, who was ever ready to lend them a helping hand and cheer them on their way. Many of these old settlers, yet alive, will bear his memory in grateful remembrance for the many acts of kindness done to them by him while they were as yet strangers in a strange land, and beginning as it were the world anew.

"As might be expected the subject of our sketch, from his position and influence, took from the first a great interest in all matters of a public character connected with the village which he had done so much to build up, and also with the township of Nichol. In 1835 he was in conjunction with the late Mr. Geo. Wilson and Mr. Gilkinson appointed township commissioners, which office he held for some time. He was appointed commissioner of the Court of Bequests—which united the functions of the present County Court and Division Court—in 1840. When the municipal act came in force he was appointed a District Councillor for the township of Nichol. In 1834, when the second election took place for the then District of Wellington, Mr. Webster opposed Mr. Durand in the Conservative interest, and was declared elected by the small majority of seven. After sitting for three years, the House was dissolved, and Mr. Webster and the late Hon. Mr. Fergusson Blair contested the district. The former was declared elected, but Mr. Blair petitioned against his return, and Mr Webster resigned rather than stand a scrutiny.

"After being in business for a number of years in Fergus, Mr. Webster removed to Guelph, in 1852, where he opened a land agency office, and did a very large business till the crisis of 1867 came, by the effects of which, like many more, he was a heavy sufferer. In 1857 at the general election he contested the North Riding of Wellington in the Conservative interest against the late Mr. Charles Allan. The latter was elected, but was afterwards unseated. Mr. Allan's death occurred in the interval, and at the next election for the Riding Mr. Webster ran again at Mr. James Ross in 1859, but was defeated. This was his last appearance in the political arena. This same year (1859) he was elected Mayor of Guelph, and discharged the duties of the office with credit to himself and profit to the town. In June of the same year he was, on the death of the late Mr. Peterson, appointed Registrar of the county of Wellington, and held the office till his death.

"For many years Mr. Webster took an active interest in the organization and success of the militia and volunteer movements in the district and county. In March, 1839, he received his commission as Major of the old Gore Militia. In April, 1867, he was gazetted Lieut.-Col. of the 6th Waterloo Militia; in June, 1853, he was appointed Lieut.-Col. of the 3rd Wellington (Erin) Militia; and when the volunteer force was organized by Sir Allan McNab in 1856, he was on the 10th of July in that year gazetted Colonel of the Sixth military district, which commission he held till the reorganization of the volunteer force, and the appointment of Brigade-Major. In the performance of the duties pertaining to these offices, he was always prompt and careful, and as an instance of this we may mention that during the excitement attending the *Trent* affair, he took charge of his own and Sir Allan McNab's districts (Sir Allan being in England at the time) and was on constant duty for a month.

"In politics Mr. Webster was a keen and consistent Conservative, but though engaged in many contests we believe he came out of them all without making a single personal enemy. In private life he was a most genial companion, a true and steadfast friend, and had a kindly word for everybody who had any dealings with him. He was held in great respect by all who knew him, and more especially by those who came in contact with him in the early years of the settlement of this country. In losing him we lose one of the most prominent landmarks which divides those years from the present, for to him and his associates we owe much for their untiring efforts and energy in settling and building up one of the most prosperous sections of this country."

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Mages & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leal's, Sparks-st.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Dargan's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

OBITUARY.

James T. Brady.

Mr. James T. Brady, whose fame as a lawyer is known all over the country, and whose forensic powers few have equalled, died at the residence of his friend, Mr. Edward T. Young, No. 14 West Sixteenth-st, Tuesday last, of paralysis, in the fifty-fourth year of his age. He had been complaining for some weeks, but was not confined to his house until last week, and on Sunday the disease increased in violence and continued until his death, which took place about five o'clock Tuesday morning.

Mr. Brady was born at No. 21 Warren-st., in New York, and was educated by his father, Alderman Thomas S. Brady, who was a gentleman of high classical attainments, and the tutor of some of our most distinguished men. Mr. Brady also studied law with his father, and soon after being admitted, in 1835, commenced practice in New York. He soon rose to eminence in his profession, and became engaged in some of the most important suits. The principal of these was the famous Goodyear patent case in which Mr. Brady was associated with Daniel Webster. In that suit, tried at Trenton, Mr. Brady prepared the briefs of Mr. Webster and opened the case. His effort was warmly commended by Mr. Webster, who, in closing the case, remarked that the opening of Mr. Brady had left him comparatively nothing to say. The subject of this sketch was also counsel for contestants in the famous Parish will case. In this as well as in all other cases based upon alleged insanity, Mr. Brady was very successful. He seemed, to thoroughly understand the whole nervous system, and some of the doctrines he advanced were surprising, even to physicians who had made disease their study. He was counsel for Huntington, the forger, and his theory of moral insanity, as advanced on that trial, was subsequently affirmed by the Court of Appeals, although it did not save his client at the time of the trial. Mr. Brady was counsel for John A. Mather, the Canal Commissioner, who was impeached before the State Senate. He won for Governor Price, of New Jersey, one of the heaviest verdicts ever given in a civil case—$300,000. He was counsel for Mr. Gardner in the Gardner and Tyler case, winning it, and eliciting from the court the remark that the case was a disgrace to the administration of justice. The parties were glad to settle with Mr. Gardner and take the case out of court. In this suit he was opposed by Messrs. William M. Evarts and Judge Pierrepont. Mr. Brady was counsel for Devlin in the somewhat celebrated Conover and Devlin case. He was also counsel for the Municipal Police in their suit against the Metropolitan Police. He went before the Court of Appeals with but little preparation and argued against time for two hours in order to procure an adjournment that he might be enabled to devote a night for preparation. The next day he went into court and delivered one of the most masterly arguments on record.

Mr. Brady was Corporation Counsel some twenty years ago, and at one time held the position of District-Attorney, by appointment, for a few months. These were the only public offices he ever filled. While he was District-Attorney he was called upon to prosecute two little boys who had been arrested for taking a boat with which to cross to Jersey and get some apples. They were returning with the boat when they were arrested. After the evidence was in Mr. Brady remarked to the jury that he desired a verdict for acquittal. "The boys did not intend to commit a crime," he remarked, "they only did what boys always will do, and what, perhaps, you and I have done; they only wanted to have a little fun, and should not be punished for it." The boys were acquitted. The last case of importance in which Mr. Brady was engaged was the Cole-Hiscock trial at Albany.

The only surviving brother of the deceased is Judge John R. Brady, of the Court of Common Pleas. Another brother, Thomas A., died at Tampico, during the Mexican war, where he was engaged in the naval service as a lieutenant.—*World.*

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED

☞ ROCK OIL. ☜

Just received at the

OIL DEPOT,
73
SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,
BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.
Chimnies, Wicks, and Lanterns.

D. R. LEAVENS,
OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.

☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.

DOG LOST.

A Prince Charles Cocker Dog, Black, with

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 11.

The whole troops in garrison marched out to-day under Col. Anderson. Their appearance was more than usually brilliant.

The remains of Sergt.-Major Coulter were buried yesterday. Many citizens attended the funeral.

Four services were held in the Holy Trinity Church yesterday, and other Anglican churches.

The great theme in the city to-day is the Whelan execution. All the papers publish extensive telegrams in their evening editions which were eagerly bought up.

Mr. Goudge has been brought out to oppose Hon. Joseph Howe. Goudge is said to be the strongest man that could have been chosen. He has been a life-long supporter of Howe. The *Globe* says the indications favour Howe's defeat. The *Telegraph* says it cannot venture an opinion. Howe left for Hants yesterday. A pamphlet from Howe is expected to-day. It takes a comprehensive view of the situation, whilst vindicating his action.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 11.

The news of Whelan's execution caused a great sensation here, but little sympathy was manifested for him. It is rumoured that there will be a great turn out to his funeral if his body is brought here. The general feeling is one of satisfaction that so great a criminal has at last suffered the death penalty.

Rumours are here in military circles that the 78th Highlanders will occupy Toronto, leaving two companies at Ottawa and one at Prescott. The 60th Rifles will go to Quebec, and the Royal Canadian Rifles to Kingston, detaching a few men to Chambly, Isle aux Noix, and St. John. The 69th regiment will remain at Montreal. The military headquarters will not be removed to Quebec as was contemplated.

Sir H. Havelock has been ordered to return home next month.

The stockholders of the St. Patrick's Hall have agreed to raise $30,000 by means of the issue of preference stock at 7 per cent. The roof will be rebuilt at once.

The house of Buck, Robertson & Co. closed their doors to-day. Liabilites are supposed to be heavy.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 11—Eve.—The House of Lords met to-day, but without business of importance, adjourned until the 15th inst.

LONDON, February 11.—Reverdy Johnson was the guest of the corporation of Glasgow at a dinner yesterday. He made a speech, in the course of which he defended the recently made treaty for the settlement of the *Alabama* claims. He regarded this treaty as the one settling the points at issue and preventing further trouble in future. He quoted from Earl Russell as saying that the escape of the *Alabama* from the British port was due to the insanity of the law officer of the Crown.

QUEENSTOWN, February 11.—The steamer *Kangaroo*, from New York, has arrived.

SPAIN.

The New President of the Cortes—Who will be Ruler of Spain?—The Carlists Reported Active.

MADRID, February 11.—Rivera will be chosen President of the Cortes, which meets to-day. A majority of the members favour Ferdinand, father of the King of Portugal, for the ruler of Spain, if he refuses the Duke of Montpensier will probably be chosen. The Carlists are quite active in the Basque provinces.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, February 11.—Twenty-eight Carlists, who were attempting to cross the frontier yesterday, were arrested by a body of the French corps of observation, and sent to Bayonne.

PORTUGAL.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 11.—A despatch from Lisbon mentions that the project for Union is again renewed.

CUPA.

HAVANA, February 10—Eve.—An attempt was made last evening to fire the powder magazine of Fort Bena. A person divested of clothing and disguised with black paint, climbed an outer wall for the purpose, but was discovered by the sentry, who shot and wounded him. He is made a prisoner.

Havana journals in the Spanish interest are quarrelling among themselves on the question of policy, advocating a widely distinct system and measures. A violent article has appeared in the *Vox de Cuba*, tending to rouse the passions and create a general panic, and bring on excesses. Last evening a meeting of planters was held at the Palace, and a resolution adopted guaranteing a sum amounting to 10 per cent. of their property, for an issue of a loan of $9,000,000 in greenbacks by the Spanish Bank, 5 per cent. of taxes to be devoted annually to the redemption of the same. To-night a meeting of merchants was held at the Palace to raise money for the Government.

Intelligence has been received that a party of insurgents lately took possession of the town of Encrucie Jada at the junction of Sagua La Grande, and Cienfuegos and Villa Clara. Regular troops were immediately despatched from Sagua La Grande by train to attack them. The insurgents have cut the telegraph lines between Sagua La Grande and Villa Clara.

The *Prensa* reports the appearance of a second body of insurgents, numbering 300, in the jurisdiction of Guin and Cera Latas, seven leagues from Sagua. The *Prensa* demands civil justice for the priests arrested and imprisoned on the order of the bishop.

The Revolution Spreading—The Whole Island Ripe for Revolt.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

The *Tribune's* special from Havana says the insurrection is spreading in the western quarter of the Island. The revolutionary manifestations have been brought about by Gen. Quesada. He is at the head of seven regiments, all well armed and equipped; has plenty of money, but is in want of artillery. Outbreaks in the extreme west are momentarily expected, arms having been captured nine leagues from Havana. The island appears to be undermined, and the people are ready for revolt. The Government has only volunteer troops at hand in this department. The Spanish authorities report that four thousand men are on the way to Santiago de Cuba from Spain. The organs of the Government advocate a desperate warfare to extermination, if necessary, and recommend forced loans to defray the expenses.

MEXICO.

The Revolution Begun at Port Sissal.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 11.—By the steamer *San Francisco*, which arrived at this port about midnight from Vera Cruz, we learn that as the captain at Sissal put off to the steamer the bells were ringing violently, and the authorities were impressing every person they could find. It was believed that a pronunciamento had taken place in Merida, and that the troops there were concerned in it. They were Imperial formerly, and are disaffected towards the Juarez Government.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

A Maniac in the White House—She says Her Mission is to Kill Andrew Johnson.

WASHINGTON, February 10.—An insane woman was found in one of the corridors of the White House to-night, with an unloaded old-fashioned double-barrelled pistol. She said she had been sent by God Almighty to kill Andrew Johnson.

Sentence for Murder.

NEW YORK, February 10.—The trial of John Real for the murder of Patrick Smidick, was concluded last night. A verdict of guilty was rendered, and he was sentenced to be hanged on the second of next April.

Death of Henry A. Wise, Jr.

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA, February 11.—Rev. Henry A. Wise, Jr., died yesterday in this city.

The "Alabama" Protocol.

NEW YORK, February 10.—The *World's* special from Washington says that the Committee on Foreign Relations will meet to-day, and at once take up the *Alabama* protocol.

CEREMONY OF KNIGHTING THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The Berlin correspondent of the New York *Herald* writes:—

Yesterday afternoon, (January 20,) at half-past two o'clock, a chapter of the Knights of the Order of the Black Eagle, was held in the Royal Palace to invest his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales with the insignia of the Order. The investiture took place in the Ritter Saal (hall of the Knights,) in the presence of the King, the Royal Princess and the other Knights of the Order, all wearing the robes and attended by the officials, pages and heralds. His Majesty having taken his place upon the throne, Count Stillfried, the chief master of the ceremonies, was commanded to introduce the Prince of Wales. Thereupon, preceded by the heralds and conducted by Count Stillfried, the Crown Prince of Prussia and Prince Adalbert, proceeded to the Brandenburg chamber and there received the Prince of Wales and accompanied him to the steps of the throne.

The two Princes remained as sponsors by the side of the new Knight until the conclusion of the ceremony. The King expressed to the Prince of Wales the pleasure he felt in receiving his Royal Highness into the Order, and more especially on that day, (18th of January,) the anniversary of its foundation.

The Prince then took the customary vow, and was invested with the mantle by his sponsors, after which, again approaching the throne, the Grand Master placed round his neck the knightly chain and bestowed the accolade. As the King of Prussia placed round the neck of the Prince the chain, his Majesty said that he experienced great pleasure in bestowing upon the Prince the same chain which his illustrious father, the Prince Consort, had formerly worn.

After the investiture the King and the Knights of the Order, preceded by the pages, went to the chapter room of the Order.

The Knights and all the Court officials were present at the ceremony, as well as the suites of the respective princes, and a special invitation had also been sent to Lord Loftus, the English Ambassador, who, together with the members of the embassy, attended the investiture.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 11.—American exchange 48.
Gold 35.
Money 7 per cent.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 11.—Cotton quiet and steady at 30½c. @ 30¾c.—Flour unsettled and lower; receipts 2,600 barrels; sales 8,200 barrels at $5.80 @ 6.60 for superfine State and western; $6.80 @ 7.15 for common to choice extra State; $6.85 @ 7.35 for common to choice extra western.—Rye flour quiet at $5.25 @ 7.35.—Wheat active; receipts 262 bushels; sales 62,000 bushels at $1.60 @ 1.65½ for No. 2 spring in store and delivered; $1.61 for do. to arrive next week.—Rye quiet; sales at $1.46.—Corn improved; receipts 16,000 bushels; sales 53,000 bushels at 92c. @ 93c. for new mixed western; $1.01½ @ 1.04 for old western in store.—Barley quiet.—Oats nominal, active and firmer; receipts 16,000 bushels; sales 54,000 bushels at 76c. @ 76½c. for western in store.—Pork heavy at $32.50 @ 33 for new mess; $32 @ 32.25 for old mess.—Lard a shade lower at 19½c. @ 19¾c. for steam; 20½c. @ 21c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 11—p.m.—Consols 93¼ for money and account; Bonds quiet and steady at 77; Stocks quiet; Illinois Central 94; Erie 24¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 11—p. m.—Cotton steady, Uplands 12¼d.; Orleans 12¼d. Sales of red western wheat at 9s. 11d. Provisions quiet. Pearl 43s. 6d. @ 44s.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere 578v

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND, [Post Office Block,]

Have just received ANOTHER LOT OF VALENTINES, which they offer at Lowest Rates, Wholesale and Retail.

They have just published a ONE CENT SONG BOOK, containing "Capt. Jinks," and a number of other popular songs. For sale Wholesale and Retail.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE.

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

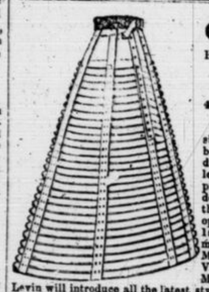
Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours. Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.

Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d



CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 968d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery,
China, and
Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $4.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

CHANCERY SALE OF REAL ESTATE, IN THE VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October, 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, comprising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to

MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK,
Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.

Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire,
Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.

969-1awtd Signed, A. N. BURLL.

STATIONERY, &c.

J. DURIE & SON have received 1 case Segar's Tracing Vellum, best quality.

ALSO,

A Choice Lot of Valentines, (English,) direct from the manufacturers, wholesale and retail.

J. DURIE & SON.

FOR SALE.

A SCHOLARSHIP IN THE OTTAWA BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Apply at once to the Office of this Paper.

Ottawa, February 10, 1869. 970tf

NEW BOOKS.

Greater Britain, by Dilke; Tricotrin, by Ouida; Life of Christopher Columbus, by Arthur Helps; Cassell's Life of Lord Brougham; Chambers's Journal, 1868, (bound); the Book of Chess, by Selkirk; the Child Wife, by Mayne Reid.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B." Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND, AT "THE OTTAWA CITIZEN" *STATIONERY* AND PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st*,

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS *STATIONERY*,

AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vesta, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fastoners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post 4to*), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS, Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE, And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER, To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, INCLUDING Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN" *STATIONERY* AND PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS. AT MACEE & RUSSELL'S, Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700	YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180	" all wool DUTCH do
575	" UNION do
1925	" 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450	" 3 do do
200	" PRINTED DRUGGETS
225	" GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575	" "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750	" do BRUSSELS do
225	" WOOL STAIR do
150	" TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD, AT THE LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,
BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Due Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS, Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO., SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS, *Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.*

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

STOVES OF THE LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED *PATTERNS*, Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION BOTH COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, AT W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The argest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills, H. of Commons.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

HORSE INFIRMARY, AND VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA, Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S (Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS, 3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS, From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS, In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS, In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS, PLAIN AND FANCY, Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS, In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS, CANADIAN & ENGLISH, A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS, BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY, Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES, at reduced prices.

VELVETS, MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS, In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES, Clearing out balance at reduced prices

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROHIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT
MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS, *Received daily, by Express.*

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY, Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
The Tea Pot, Ottaw

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE, GOODERHAM & WORTS' RECTIFIED SPIRITS,

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the Ottawa Times.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 11, 1869.

The markets were again very poorly supplied with provisions of all kinds, excepting only **Beef, Mutton and Hay. Pork,** there was none.

Beef, in moderate quantity, was offering at $6 to $7, and **Hay** at $19 to $22. Some attributed the poverty of the market to the fact of its being Ash Wednesday, and prophesied a good supply to-day.

Flour—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 58 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
[illegible]—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 58	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
Hay—Per ton	19 00	@	22 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

A Fortune on Easy Terms.—The Vienna papers give a curious will left by a rich and eccentric octogenarian named Stanislas Poltzmary, who lately died on his property near Pesth. After bequeathing pensions to all his old servants, and alms to the poor, he sets down an extraordinary clause, instituting as universal legatee M. Francois Lotz, Hungarian by origin, and a notary by occupation, in a little town near Vienna. But the testator annexes one condition: "My property," he wrote, "will belong to M. Lotz when he shall have sung, either at La Scala in Milan or the San Carlo in Naples, the parts of *Otello* in the opera of that name, and that of *Elvino*, in the 'Sonnambula.' I do not dispose of my wealth in this manner for the sake of being thought an original, but having been present four years ago at an evening party in Vienna, I heard this gentleman sing a cavatina from each of those operas with a beautiful tenor voice. Therefore I believe him likely to become an excellent artist. In any case if the public hisses him he can console himself easily with three millions of florins (£300,000), which I leave him." M. Lotz has been in Naples for a month, preparing to carry out the wishes of the testator. He is not forty, has a well-tuned voice, and works night and day to learn as quickly as possible the two parts with their pronunciation and singing.

—Sun-baths cost nothing and are the most refreshing, life-giving baths that one can take whether sick or well. Every housekeeper knows the necessity of giving her woolens the benefit of the sun, from time to time, and especially after a long rainy season, or a long absence of the sun. Many will think of the injury their clothes are liable to from dampness, who will never reflect that an occasional exposure of their own bodies to the sun-light is equally necessary to their own health. The sun-baths cost nothing, and that is a misfortune, for people are still deluded with the idea that those things only can be good and useful which cost money. Let it not be forgotten that three of God's most beneficent gifts to man—three things the most necessary to good health—sunlight, fresh air and water, are free to all; you can have them in abundance without money and without price if you will. If you would enjoy good health, then see to it that you are supplied with pure air to breathe all the time; that you bathe for an hour or so in the sun-light; and that you quench your thirst with no other fluid than water.—*Journal of Health.*

—No posthumous novel by Eugene Sue has been discovered. Several little sketches, written when the afterwards famous novelist was nineteen years of age, were found, and an unscrupulous publisher tried to force a sale by giving them an importance which their merits did not deserve.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Montreal, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a catty sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

WANTED, Agents for every County in Canada, for the manufacture and sale of RIPLEY'S IMPROVED SPINNING WHEEL. A necessary article every farmer requires. Apply to A. T. RIPLEY, Thurso, P. of Q., for circular. 971-1-7-6m

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,........................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President,
HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer,
HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary.
H. B. REEVE.

Counsel.
MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent.
MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words				$2,525
do	50	do	do	2,895
do	25	do	do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40;	December, 1867	$576,135 19;	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,594,644 96;	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55;	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,778 79;	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52;	Increase	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,241,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the grounds.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			Miles.	Canada Money.
From	Toronto	to Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30½
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	Actual Cost, Both Tariffs.			
To New York ..... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

Note.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860t

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

Pain Killer.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.

78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

DAVIDSON & DANIEL, General Agents

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

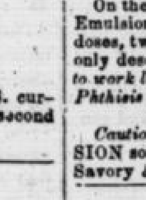
Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR CASES OF

CONSUMPTION

treated with Savory & Moore's

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (Savory & Moore's) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. Cancers Cured, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m33y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
Barrington-st., Halifax Nova Scotia, established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
960y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.
Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.
Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*
Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.
J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.
The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
References.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

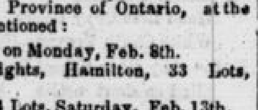
R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf



ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 923-2td

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmell.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

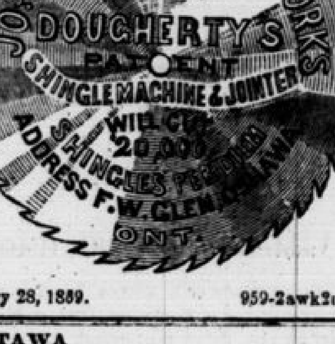
PIANO-FORTE TUITION.
W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st, corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.
Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.
THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.
Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application, 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
Daly-st.
PRINCIPAL:
Rev. Bickerton A. Edwards, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)
Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.
School Fees.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $3 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term extra.
The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.
A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS
OF THE
Congregation de Notre Dame,
FROM MONTREAL,
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their
Educational Establishment in Ottawa.
Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA
AND
GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that
THE DIRECTORS
Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
have this day made a further
CALL OF TEN PER CENT.
on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on
Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.
By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

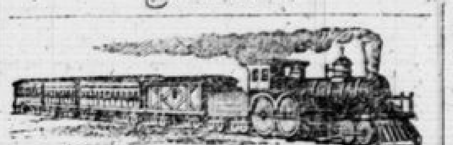
A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.			
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45	@	50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55	@	60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75	@	80
Sound Oolong	0 40	@	45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55	@	60
Very Fine, do do	0 75	@	80
Japan Good	0 50	@	60
Very Good	0 65	@	70
Finest	0 75	@	80
GREEN TEA.			
Twankay, Common	0 35	@	40
Fine do	0 55	@	60
Young Hyson	0 50	@	60
Fine do	0 75	@	85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00	@	00
COFFEE.			
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33		
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32		
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29		

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Ottawa.	Arrive in Prescott.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m	4.15 p. m.
Leave Prescott.	**Arrive in Ottawa.**
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg. Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:00 a m
Night do do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at	8:00 a m, 9:30 a m
3:00 p m; 5:00 p m.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond, and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at	3:30 p m
via Vermont Central.	
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

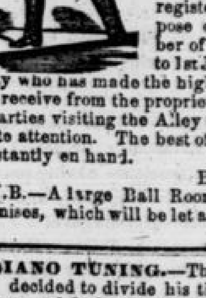
N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE
PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,
Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.
References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his
BOWLING ALLEY.
This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.
E. B. LARIVIERE.
N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
Agent, ... Desbarats's Block
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U/S. Gold Bonds.
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

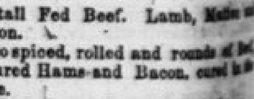
WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
We hereby appoint
Mr. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,
Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.
UNDERTAKING.
The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:
METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.
Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)
Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.
N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.
Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.
RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment Wellington-st.
Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE
Nails, Rope, Chains,
and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be had in the Ottawa market.
ALSO,
STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.



SATCHELL BROS.,
By appointment
BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.
Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.
N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.
930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.
L. GRANT,
960b JOHN S. HENDERSON.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. The preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.
Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.
944tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton, Managing Director. Alex. Robertson, Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 973. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Agencies.

CIAL INSURANCE.
COLM CAMERON,
..... DESBARATS'S BUILDING
ffice of Queen's Printer,
anadian Institution—perfect security
d immediate payment of claims.
. S. 1868. 918tf

UTUAL
NSURANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
g Insurance Company has received
nsact the business of Life Insurance
UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
. &c. of $81—$50,000.
IN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
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$70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, for the
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matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
ember 7, 1868. 891tf

ATCHES.
LL, LIVERPOOL,
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HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
of the Great International Exhibition, London, 1862, and of the Paris Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
APPOINTMENT
Mr. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
these celebrated Timekeepers.
L. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
e Agents in the Dominion for
e Watches.
ay 29. 749y

ERS,
MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
DERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
D WELLINGTON-STREET,
al assortment of Cabinet and Upholstery goods can be obtained at moderate prices.
NDERTAKING.
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BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.
ering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or d Coffins, may rely on getting a good o stained Butternut sold for Wal.
rons of keeping their deceased relatives days, or even a week, can do so st possible inconvenience by applying s, who has had over 20 years' ex- above branches, and feels confident faction.
ndertaking Branch will be found in Ottawa.
gons always ready for the country.
S—At the West End Establishment, umber 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.
ARE!
AT
AAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
GHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
HEAVY HARDWARE,
AILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
assortment of House-furnishing at the lowest cash prices to be found market.
ALSO,
atterns and sizes, for coal and wood oot, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton Foundries, with drums, pipes, &c. cheapest to be had in town.

L BROS.,
By appointment
TO HIS EXCELLENCY MR JOHN YOUNG.
Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and
piced, rolled and rounds of Beef, d Hams and Bacon, cured in the
Y, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

TION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
OTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership existing between the un- RY GOODS MERCHANTS at the ENDERSON," was this day dissolved.
Ottawa, this twentieth day D. 1869.
L. GRANT.
JOHN S. HENDERSON.

E'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
f and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus ral Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation the recipe of a celebrated French the very great success which has in every case, and where the high- ll was of no avail, has induced the ve it every possible publicity. The subscriber's name and address on Price one dollar. Sold Proprietor, Chemist, 326, Notre Dame-street, da Water, equal to anything in 37½ cents per bottle. 765

EO. MAYES,
PLATE PRINTER,
Street, Centre Town,
Sparks & Queen Streets.
xchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Printed on the shortest notice.

n will be made at the next Session ra of Ontario for an act to incorporate EDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, with powers to al of Railway from some point in y of Caledonia to the navigable waters e South Nation Rivers, and to the nicipality of Caledonia to grant money so much of the road allowances, s and fifth concessions as may be manufacture of Peat fuel. 806f

is printed and published by W. TIMS PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ENT, at the Office, 33, Sparks-st, Town, Ottawa. JAMES COWAN Director ALEX. ROBERTSON

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.
A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!
Half, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated
HOT AIR FURNACES.
☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,
AT THE
SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $3.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found
The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.
Also, a general assortment of
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butt, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.
Together with
PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Senna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Red, Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 498y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,
SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!
We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in
CENTRAL CANADA,
at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated
"MORNING LIGHT,"
AND
ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,
House Furnishing Goods.
Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe ons, at the same time, and oblige
H. MEADOWS & CO.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES
are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.
Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.
Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 Kingst., West Toronto.
G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON
Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of
PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,
In their new Show Room, comprising
PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers,*
WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,
ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.
Now is the time for intending purchasers.
☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜
Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.
New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.
J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Wants.

WANTED,
By a gentleman and his wife, board and lodging, in a respectable locality. Address, stating terms, etc., ALPHA, TIMES Office, Ottawa. 964tf

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day,
GRANT & HENDERSON,
No. 20, Rideau-st,
Are offering an extensive Stock of
DRESS GOODS,
WINCEYS,
SHAWLS and
BLANKETS
☞ AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES ☜
N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.
LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.
INSPECTION INVITED.
No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.
O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,
Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Wineeys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION.
☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.
$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00
TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2	GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50	GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4	OVERCOATS,
$9	COMPLETE SUITS,
$1	GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

Groceries.

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.
In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.
TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:
1st. Bread of Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:
Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.
Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.
The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

CONCENTRATED LYE.
CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE
Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.
Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.
W R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.
Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 974-2m

ROOMS TO LET.
MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 868tf

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!
A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!
Boots and Shoes Below Par!!
AT THE RED BOOT,
All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at
ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!
and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for
SPRING GOODS,
an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of
TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!
The stock includes a splendid lot of
CLOTHS & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,
for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.
☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜
W. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S
CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,
No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
AT THE OLD
CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.
The whole of
THE BANKRUPT STOCK,
comprising the latest styles and best qualities of
LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Moccasins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Moccasins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.
The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.
Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.
A. J. STEPHENS & CO.
Ottawa, Oct. 29 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.
I have now received my fall and winter stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.
In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.
Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.
A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.
4297 GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.
Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,
$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DISMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines	7		1 3
70 do	do Poplin	7½		1 0
150 do	do Coburg	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	88"k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths, Orientat Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.
1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, 6d each.
SHAWLS.
35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.
COTTONS.

126 pieces	Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for	6 d		
160 do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars	6½d		
165 do	Good Prints	4 d		
303 do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's	6½d		
159 do	French Calicos, in choice patterns	8 d		

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	6 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	3 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	6 0

Also, a splendid lot o
BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,
Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
at correspondingly low prices.
85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,
Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*
1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.
SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000	Flannel Shirts, only	2 6	
200	White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9	
500	Under Shirts, only	3 3	
300	Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces	2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting	3	worth 5
5 do	2-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1	do 3
81 do	Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice		

☞ Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Cloths, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.
☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜
Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.
1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.
$3.50 ..... OVERCOATS.
4.00 ..... heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up ..... PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25 ..... VESTS.
$8.00 ..... Black Broadcloth ..... FALL SUITS.
A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.
H. HICK & CO.
☞ Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,
HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,
OTTAWA.
The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:
From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.
Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.
The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.
They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.
From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.
The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.
The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.
He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.
He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.
Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.
All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.
REFERENCES.
His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.
A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.
The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:
FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.
ALSO ON HAND,
2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.
Wholesale and Commission Agents.
Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.
☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜
WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,
KEARNS & RYAN.
KEARNS & RYAN.
THE ABOVE FIRM
having bought out the
BANKRUPT STOCK
AND
LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY
MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,
AT A
LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,
are now prepared, and will sell from this date
THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,
DIVIDED
BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,
AT AN
IMMENSE REDUCTION
FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,
THE SALE TO CONTINUE
UNTIL THE
WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.
GREAT BARGAINS
may be expected.
KEARNS & RYAN.
Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL
TO
NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.
T. RAJOTTE
having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on han a large assortment of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.
THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.
☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.
881y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,
Offer great inducements to purchasers.
IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,
They have made a great reduction in price.
IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,
They have resolved to clean out the whole of these o· is at cost price.
IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,
and all other Cotton Goods,
They have splendid value.
IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,
Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.
REMEMBER THE PLACE,
14 Rideau st.,
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scoten Pipid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.
A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

FOR SALE.
That Splendid
STONE BUILDING,
situated in the very centre of the
VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,
formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the
"ONTARIO HOUSE,"
combining all the advantages of a
FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,
including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.
Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.
J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.
Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 956-3m

STRUGGLE IN A CHIMNEY.

A Fearful Position.

A man will go blind, and mad, too, from fear; I have seen it happen, and if you don't mind listening. I will tell you the story. I was apprenticed to a builder when I left school, and soon got to like the trade very much, especially when the work was perilous, and gave me a chance to outdo the other lads in daring. "Spider" was my nickname in those days, given partly on account of my long legs, for I had outgrown my proportions, and partly because they said I could crawl along a roof like my namesake. When I was about three-and-twenty, I was working with the famous Mr. ——, and went down to Swansea, with his picked hands, to carry out a contract he had taken in that town. While there, I fell in love with the prettiest girl I had seen in Wales, and that is saying a good deal. For a time I fancied she liked me, and that I was getting on very well with my love-making, but I soon found my mistake, for an old lover of hers joined our men, and Mary gave me the cold shoulder directly. You may believe this sweetheart of hers (who was called Ben Lloyd) and I was not the best of friends in the world; but I am not the sort of fellow to harbour malice, and when the biddings to the wedding went round, and I knew that my chance was gone, I made the best of it; I kept my sore heart to myself, and determined to beat down jealousy by being chums with Ben.

I went to the wedding, and there were not many days when I did not steal half an hour to sit by his fireside, which was as bright and cosy and home-like as you would wish to see—Mary being the soul of order and industry. It is not, perhaps, the usual way of driving out envy, to go and look at the happiness another man has done you out of, but then you know the proverb says, "What is one man's meat is another man's poison," and so it was I got to look upon Mary as a sort of sister, and Ben had no cause for jealousy, although there were plenty of evil tongues ready to put him up to it.

The contract was nearly up when a lightning conductor upon one of the highest chimneys, over at Llanelly sprang, and the owner of the works offered our master the job.

"It's just the sort of thing for you, Harry," said Mr. ——, when he told us of it.

I touched my cap and accepted it off hand, and then Ben stepped up and said he'd volunteer to be the second man, two being required.

"All right," said the master, "you are the steadiest-headed fellows I have. The price is a good one, and every penny of it shall be divided between you. We'll not fix a day for the work, but take the first calm morning and get it done quietly."

So it was that, some four or five mornings after, we found ourselves at Llanelly, and all ready for the start. The kite by which the line attached to the block was to be sent over the chimney was flown, and did its work well; the rope which was to haul up the cradle was ready, and stepping in, Ben and I began the ascent.

There had been very few people about when we entered the yard, but as we got higher I saw that the news had spread, and that the streets were filling with sight-seers.

"There's plenty of star gazers, Ben," I said, waving my cap to them. "I dare say they'd like to see us come down with a run."

"Cannot you keep quiet?" answered Ben, in a strange tone; and turning to look, I saw that he was deadly pale, and sat in the bottom of the cradle huddled up together, with his eyes fast shut.

"You're not frightened, old chap?" I asked.

"What's that to you?"

"Oh, nothing; only we are getting up pretty quickly, and you'd have a better head for work if you would get gradually used to the height."

He said nothing, and never moved. Then, looking up, I saw we were close to the top—a few yards more and we would be there; yet those who were turning the windlass were winding with unabated speed. A sudden chill ran through my blood, and set my flesh creeping. They had miscalculated the distance, and with the force they were winding at the rope it must inevitably break when the cradle came in contact with the block. There was no time to attempt a signal, only an instant to point out the danger to Ben, and then to get hold of the rope, and, by going hand over hand, reach the coping before the cradle came up. This was done almost quicker than I can tell, Ben following.

The cradle came on; then, as I anticipated, the rope gave a shrill, singing sound, like a rifle-ball passing through the air, and snapped. Down went the cradle, and there we were left, nearly 300 feet in the air, with nothing to rest upon but a coping, barely 18 inches wide.

Ben shrieked out that he was a dead man, and cried:

"Tell me where I can kneel, Harry, show me where I can pray to Almighty God, for I cannot die this way!"

"Hush, lad," I said, "don't lose heart. God can hear you just as well sitting as kneeling, and if you try to get up, you'll tumble, to a moral certainty. Think of Mary, man, and keep up."

But he only shook and swayed more and more, groaning and crying out that he was lost; and I could see that, if he did not mind, he would overbalance.

"Get hold of the rod," I said, thinking that, even sprung as it was, the touch of it would give him courage.

"Where is it, boy?" he said hoarsely. And then, looking into his face, which was turned to me, I saw that his eyes were drawn together, squinting and blood-shot, and knew that the fright had driven him blind. So, pushing myself to him, I placed my arm around his waist, and worked round to the rod, which I put in his hand; and then I looked below to see whether they were trying to help us, but there was no sign. The yard was full of people, all running hither and thither, and, as I afterwards knew, all in the greatest consternation—the cradle having fallen on one of the overseers of the works, killing him on the spot, and so occupying the attention of those near that we were for the time forgotten. I was straining my eyes, in the hope of seeing some effort made to help us, when I was startled by a horrible yell, and brought to a sense of a new danger; for, looking round, I saw Ben champing with his teeth and foaming at the mouth, and gesticulating in an unearthly way. Fear had not only blinded him, but crazed his brain.

Scarcely had I time to comprehend this, when he began edging his way towards me; and every hair on my head seemed to stand on end as I moved away, and scarcely daring to breathe, lest he should hear me, for see me he could not—that was my only consolation. Once, twice, thrice, he followed me round the mouth of that horrible chimney; then, no doubt thinking I had fallen over, he gave up the search, and began trying to get on his feet. What could I now do to save his life? To touch him was certain death for myself, as well as for him, for he would inevitably seize me, and we should go over together. To let him stand up was to witness his equally certain destruction.

I thought of poor Mary, and I remembered that if he died she might get to care for me. The devil put that thought in my mind, I suppose; but, thank God, there was a stronger than Satan near, and, at the risk of my life, I roared out, "Sit still, or you will fall, Ben Lloyd!"

He crouched down, and held on with clenched teeth, shivering and shaking. In after days, he told me that he thought that it was my spirit, sent to warn and save him.

"Sit still," I repeated, from time to time, watching, with aching eye and brain, for some sign of aid. Each minute seemed to be an hour. My lips grew dry, my tongue literally clove to my mouth, and the perspiration running down blinded me. At last—at last—hope came. The crowd began to gather in the yard, people were running in from distant lanes, and a sea of faces were turned upward; then some one who had got a speaking trumpet shouted, "Keep heart, boys; we'll save you!" a few minutes more and the kite began to rise; higher and higher it comes, on and on. How I watched the white-winged messenger, comparing it in my heart to an angel; and surely, as an angel was permitted to come to us poor sinners, hanging on the verge of eternity. Up it came, nearer and nearer, guided by the skilful flyer. The slack rope crossed the chimney, and we were saved.

I could not shout hurrah, even if I had dared; but in every beat of my heart was a thanksgiving to the God I had never truly known till that hour, and whose merciful Providence I can never doubt again.

The block was fixed, the cradle came up again, and Ben, obeying my order, got in. I followed; but no sooner did I touch him than he began to get out. I got hold of him, and, taking it in his head that I was attempting to throw him over, he struggled and fought like the madman he was, grappling, tearing with his teeth, shouting, shrieking, and praying all the way down, while the cradle strained and cracked, swinging to and fro like the pendulum of a clock. As we came near the ground, I could hear the roar of voices, and an occasional cheer, then suddenly all was silent, for they had heard Ben's cries, and when the cradle touched the ground scarcely a man dared look in. The first who did saw a horrible sight, for, exhausted by the struggle and excitement, so soon as the cradle stopped I had fainted, and Ben, feeling my hands relax, had fastened his teeth into my neck!

No wonder the men fell back with blanched faces—they saw that Ben was crazed; but they thought he had killed me, for, as they said, he was actually worrying me like a dog.

At last the master got to us and pulled Ben off me. I soon came round, but it was a long time before he got well, poor fellow; and when he did come out of the asylum he was never fit for his old trade again, so he and Mary went out to Australia, and the last I heard of them was that Ben had got a couple of thousand sheep and was doing well.

I gave up the trade, too, soon after, finding that I got queer in the head when I tried to face height. So, you see, that morning's work changed two men's lives.

SIR ROBERT HODGSON.

From the Charlottetown Patriot.

By a despatch from the Colonial Office, we learn that Her Majesty has been pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon the Hon. Robert Hodgson, Administrator of the Government. This mark of Royal favour is well deserved, and we are sure all classes in this community will appreciate the graceful compliment thus paid to an Islander, whose long-tried fidelity in the public service, combined with all the graces which adorn the character of the Christian gentleman, commands universal confidence and respect. Twenty-three years Attorney-General of the Island, ele

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Seasoned Hardwood Lumber for Sale—Walton Smith.
Lecture—Ottawa Mechanics' Institute.
Notice—Alex. Fraser.
A Smart Boy Wanted at the Red Boot.
Auction Sale of Property—H. McLean.
Complimentary Dinner—St. George's Society.
Sealskin Muff Lost.
House to Let—Mr. Charles Huband.
The Whelan Execution—Jones & Holland.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

This morning we surrender a large portion of our space to matters connected with the Intercolonial Railway contracts. The public will no doubt scan these documents with interest.

Yesterday evening a special train left at half-past six o'clock, taking out the Hon. Messrs. Chandler and Blanchard; and Messrs. Walsh and Brydges, Railway Commissioners, together with Messrs. A. L. Light, M. Smith, and a number of Railway Contractors.

We understand that the Great Western Railway Company yesterday paid into the Receiver-General's office the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, as a first instalment under the new arrangement for the settlement of the Company's debt to the Government.

We understand that the tender of Messrs. H. H. Horsey & Co., of this city, has been approved by the Railway Commissioners for section number one of the Intercolonial Railway. The Messrs. Worthington's tenders for two and four have also been approved, as we stated yesterday, and that of Messrs. Grant & Elliott for number three.

We understand that information has been received from Sir George E. Cartier, concerning the progress made in the negociations for the transfer of the Hudson's Bay Territory to Canada. The Company have made important modifications in their original offer, and there is now every prospect that Parliament will be invited, next Session, to ratify the transfer of the Northwest to Canada.

It is also understood that a bill for the admission of Newfoundland into the Confederation is now before the Legislature of that Colony, with every prospect of its being carried.

An extraordinary statement appeared in the *Globe* of the 11th inst., indicating that James Goodwin, Esq., of this city, had gone to see Whelan along with Michael Starrs; that he had received a letter from Mrs. McGee, offering free forgiveness to Whelan, and that he had made the contents of this letter known to the prisoner.

We are authorised to say that the statement is utterly false. No such letter was ever received from Mrs. McGee; Mr. Goodwin did not pretend to anybody that such letter had been received; nor did he go to see Whelan in company with Michael Starrs. We make this statement in justice both to Mrs. McGee and Mr. Goodwin, both of whom will naturally enough suffer no little annoyance at such an unwarranted use of their names.

The circumstance referred to gave rise to an incident at the Russell House yesterday, which was the occasion of no little excitement among the "sports." We believe it embraced a brief exchange of verbal compliments, followed by a sudden, and perhaps unexpected movement of the "flexors and extensors," leading to the prostration of one body on the floor! It is also reported that Mr. O'Gara has been respectfully invited to take the matter under consideration on Monday morning; and to say whether, according to the circumstances, such prostration of the body aforesaid, was, or was not, an assault and ill-treatment of one of Her Majesty's leige subjects—the correspondent of the *Globe* to wit. It is only justice to add that the statement was made through the *Globe*, as we verily believe, without the slightest intention to do wrong to any party. And we venture to hint that, according to our view, it will be rather out of place to take the affair to the Police Court.

CHANCERY SPRING SITTINGS, 1869.

The Hon. Vice-Chancellor Spragge.

Toronto	Tuesday	March	16
Goderich	Thursday	April	8
Stratford	Monday	April	12
Sarnia	Friday	April	16
Sandwich	Tuesday	April	20
Chatham	Friday	April	23
London	Friday	May	7
Woodstock	Thursday	May	13
Simcoe	Tuesday	May	18

The Hon. The Chancellor.

Guelph	Tuesday	April	6
Brantford	Tuesday	April	13
St. Catharines	Friday	April	16
Hamilton	Tuesday	April	20
Whitby	Tuesday	April	27
Barrie	Tuesday	May	4
Owen Sound	Tuesday	May	18
Cobourg	Wednesday	May	26

The Hon. Vice-Chancellor Mowat.

Ottawa	Tuesday	April	27
Cornwall	Friday	April	30
Brockville	Friday	May	7
Kingston	Tuesday	May	18
Belleville	Friday	May	21
Peterboro'	Friday	May	28
Lindsay	Monday	May	31

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

Save Your Doctor's Bills.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

UNEQUAL COMPETITION.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—As the very low rates accepted by the Commissioners for the building of the Intercolonial Railway is now engaging attention, particularly that of disappointed contractors, I would suggest the following as a probable solution of the mystery:

Take section number four for example: For that section my tender of $17,034 per mile was based on a width of formation level on all excavations of 36 feet. Had I instead taken 22 feet width of sub grade as the basis for my calculations, it would make a difference in the earthwork alone, returning the same prices per unit of measure, of $108,374, or $4,034 per mile; thereby reducing my tender from $17,034 per mile to $13,000, by a change in the single item of excavation. When this item makes such a change on my quantities, which have been considered low, it would make from $5,000 to $6,000 per mile on the tenders of others, whose quantities were largely in excess of mine. Hence had I adopted the lesser width my chances of success would have been considerably enhanced, and so with others.

Now suppose that the Messrs. Worthington's prices, either from a desire of being *low*, and thereby securing the contracts—*trusting the future to Providence*—or from a belief, however founded, that 22 feet was ample width at sub grade, were thus founded, we can easily account for the lowness of their tender; and the danger of giving them the work, if it is intended that the greater width shall prevail, without at least a full and complete analysis of the whole *data* on which their tenders are based.

Yours, &c., &c.,
ONE OF THE DISAPPOINTED.
Ottawa, February 12th, 1869.

A DENIAL.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—I beg of you to contradict the ridiculous and untruthful statement which appeared in the *Globe* of yesterday, in which my name and that of Mrs. McGee are unwarrantably introduced.

It is quite untrue that I received any such letter from Mrs. McGee, as therein stated, and utterly false that I visited the prisoner in the company of Michael Starrs.

Yours truly,
JAMES GOODWIN.
Ottawa, February 12, 1869.

PERSONAL.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—An article appears in the *Globe* of yesterday from an Ottawa correspondent, that Mr. James Goodwin was in company with Michael Starrs, to convey a letter from Mrs. McGee to the prisoner Whelan, to say that she forgave him. I beg to state, sir, for the information of the editor of the *Globe* that I was in company with the Sheriff and Michael Starrs, and that Mr. Goodwin was not there at all.

Yours truly,
JOHN HENEY,
Alderman for By Ward.
Ottawa, February 12th, 1869.

LOCAL NEWS.

Police Court.—There was a clean docket at the Police Court yesterday, as there was on the previous day. The vagrant who might have been tried was allowed to go.

"The Times."—Messrs. Jones and Holland request us to state that they have on hand a few copies of The Times of the 11th inst., with our special supplement, containing a full account of the execution of Whelan.

Garrison Artillery Parade.—The Brigade of Garrison Artillery will parade next Tuesday evening at half-past seven at the drill shed. Captains commanding batteries will see that their men are warned and furnished with great coats, &c., previous to the evening's parade.

The Montreal Police.—The water police who have been on duty here for a week or so, and who were to have left yesterday are ordered to remain, but for how long, is not known, as the order is indefinite. There are several reasons for their remaining just now. There is reason to hope that their labours here may lead to developments of some importance.

The Lost Child.—The little girl who was taken to the Police Station on Thursday has been claimed and recovered by her friends. It appears that she belongs to Hull. She left her home on the same day, and went down to the river, probably to play on the ice. She had neither hat nor cloak on, and in this condition wandered nearly half way across. She had probably turned round several times, become bewildered, and forgotten which way she had come. She then sat down where, had she not been discovered she would probably have died before morning. A man crossing the river with a sleigh saw her, and as she could not tell where she lived, and leaving her there to freeze being out of the question, he brought her to the city, and handed her to a gentleman who, fortunately, understood what ought to be done in such cases, and committed her to the care of the first policeman he met. Fortunately the little brother and two other boys, sent in search of the truant, were seen by the gentleman who had given her in charge, searching for her, and they were directed to the Police Station, where she had been warmed and fed, and left with them for home.

Ottawa Snowshoe Club.—Notwithstanding the mildness and consequent damp of the roads on Friday evening, the race to the Gatineau Point came off as advertised, and with the following result: M. Kavanagh, jr., 1st in 22 minutes; W. B. Carleton, 2nd in 30 minutes. On arriving at the Point the club proceeded to "Hagan's," where a nice little supper awaited the warm and panting snowshoers, both winners and loosers. After partaking of the good things prepared, Dr. Chesley, the vice-President, on behalf of the club presented M. Kavanagh with the first prize, a handsome locket, and Mr. Carleton with the second, a pair of sleeve buttons. The third, in consequence of the difficulty in deciding who really was last, was not presented. We may, however, state that it was a most artistically got up medal of the metal known in common parlance as leather. One notable fact was that those who were not first in the race were certainly not last in the supper line, but we will not individualize.

Final Disposal of Whelan's Body.—We are authorised to state that the body of Whelan has been buried, by official direction, within the precincts of the jail. Mrs. Whelan received permission to see the body on Thursday evening, and at about nine o'clock visited the jail for that purpose, accompanied by Mrs. Starr, Mrs. Hilliard and Miss Goode. They brought some suitable grave-clothes, in which they dressed the corpse for burial, and after performing this task some prayers were said, and Mrs. Whelan, with her friends, left. Subsequently, the body, as above stated, was buried by the officers on whom the task devolved. Mrs. Whelan had been informed that the Government had decided not to give the body up, and that it would be buried under the direction of the Sheriff, though it was not stated where it would be placed. This decision is looked upon generally as likely to save further excitement. Had the body been carried to Montreal, bloodshed might have been the result, but as matters stand, the difficulty has been settled. The Executive have law upon which their refusal is based, and the novelty of the case here has received due attention. Whelan's corpse is buried, and all excitement is therefore suppressed until revived by future revelations. A confession is in existence; of that there can be no doubt, but of course the confession is of a two-fold nature. The priest is held to secrecy, but the official confession now in good hands may change public opinion ere long. Whelan, let it be denied if some feel inclined to do so, confessed his crime, and some, still at large, will yet expiate the crime of which Whelan has been convicted, and for which he has suffered the extreme penalty of the law. Time will tell.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

COPY OF REPORT OF THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS TO THE PRIVY COUNCIL.

Intercolonial Railway Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, February 11, 1869.

The Commissioners for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway have now to report to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council in regard to the tenders which they have received for the four sections of the Intercolonial Railway which have been advertised.

The Commissioners advertised on the 18th December, 1868, that they would be prepared to receive tenders for four sections of the railway on the 8th February, 1869.

Plans and profiles, as prepared by the Chief Engineer, were exhibited at Ottawa, St. John, Halifax, Dalhousie and Riviere du Loup, and printed copies of the general specifications and terms of contract, as settled by the Commissioners, were given to all parties applying for them.

Tenders were received up to 4 o'clock, p.m., on Monday, the 8th February, 1869.

The Commissioners proceeded at a quarter past 4 o'clock, on the 8th inst, to open the tenders: each tender as it was opened being consecutively numbered, and the initials of each Commissioner being also annexed to each tender.

Seven tenders were rejected as being informal, for reasons which are written on each tender, and a list of which is appended hereto.

Two hundred and forty-seven tenders were received, as per list, which is entered in full upon the minute book of the Commissioners. The Commissioners then proceeded on the 9th February, 1869, to classify the tenders for each section, and list is appended hereto.

Six tenders were received on the morning of the 9th February, but being behind time, were not opened or considered.

The Commissioners then discussed the merits of the different tenders for each section, and determined, after full deliberation, to recommend the acceptance of such tenders as were the lowest in each case, provided they were satisfied, as required by Clause 16 of the Intercolonial Railway Act 31 Vic., Chap. 13, that the parties were "possessed of sufficient skill, experience, and resources to carry on the work."

The Commissioners are of opinion that any other course would render the system of public tenders useless, and in future prevent that proper competition which is calculated to get large public works constructed at the smallest possible cost.

SECTION NO. 1.

The lowest tender for Section No. 1 is that of Messrs. H. H. Horsey & Co., of Ottawa, being for the sum of $175,000, or at the rate of $8,750 per mile.

The Commissioners are of opinion that these parties are possessed of the necessary "skill, experience, and resources," and, therefore, recommend that their tender for Section No. 1 be accepted.

SECTION NO. 2.

The lowest tender for Section No. 2 is that of Mr. George Nielson, of Belleville, it being for the sum of $255,600, or at the rate of $12,780 per mile.

The Commissioners had decided to recommend the acceptance of Mr. Nielson's tender, being satisfied as to his ability to carry on the work, but they received from him on 10th inst., the following letter:

Ottawa, February 10, 1869.

The Intercolonial Railway Commissioners:

Gentlemen,—From the hurried manner in which we had to make out our tender, we find that so serious a mistake was made in collecting the figures of detail for section No. 2, as to be under the necessity of withdrawing our tender for that section.

You will therefore be kind enough to return our tender for section No. 2, and much oblige,

Yours respectfully,
(Signed,) GEO. NIELSON & CO.

The Commissioners did not feel justified in attempting by legal proceedings to compel Mr. Nielson, to sign a contract on the terms of his tender, and were therefore compelled, in pursuance of the rule they had decided upon, to consider the next lowest tender, which is that of Messrs. George and James Worthington, of South Quebec, being for the sum of $299,000, or at the rate of $14,950 per mile.

The Commissioners being satisfied with the skill, experience and resources of Messrs. Worthington, recommend that their tender for section No. 2 be accepted.

SECTION NO 3.

The lowest tender for section No. 3 is that of Messrs. John Elliott, R. Grant, and C. Whitehead, of Brantford, for the sum of 288,000 dollars, being at the rate of 12,000 dollars per mile.

The Commissioners being satisfied as to the skill, experience, and resources of Messrs. Elliott, Grant and Whitehead, recommend that their tender for section No. 3 be accepted.

SECTION NO. 4.

The lowest tender for section No. 4 is that of Messrs. George and James Worthington, of South Quebec, it being for the sum of 297,000 dollars, or at the rate of 11,000 dollars per mile.

The Commissioners being satisfied as to the skill, experience and resources of Messrs. Worthington, recommend that their tender for section No. 4 be accepted.

(Signed),
A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
W. F. COFFIN,
Commissioners.

RECORD OF TENDERS FOR THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

SECTION NO. 1.

1. Peltier Ounphe, St. Epiphane, $280,000, 14,000 per mile.
4. Cimon Cleophe, Quebec, $260,000, 13,000 per mile.
5. Macdonald A. F., Cornwall, $242,000, 12,100 per mile.
8. Ryan & Cuvillier & Co., Montreal, $304,000, 15,200 per mile.
13. Jones, Cooke & Co., Brockville, $248,000, 12,400 per mile.
16. Lemon Henry, Brantford, $460,000, 23,000 per mile.
19. Johnstone H. J., St. Andrews, $468,340, 23,417 per mile.
27. Brown A. S., Belleville, $350,000, 17,500 per mile.
31. Stacey John, Brockville, $370,000, 18,500 per mile.
35. Friel H. J., Daly C., Ottawa, $700,000, 35,000 per mile.
36. Elliott Andrew, Cameron M., Ottawa, $239,488, 11,974.45 per mile.
42. Cameron John A., Summerstown, $259,000, 12,950 per mile.
44. Guest William, St. Mary's, $320,000, 16,000 per mile.
46. Guest T. B, St. Mary's, $380,000, 19,000 per mile.
51. Reekie R. J. & Hudon, Montreal, $220,000, 11,000 per mile.
52. Hamel Jos., Macdonald D., Montreal, $216,000, 10,800 per mile.
54. Worthington G. & J., South Quebec, $189,700, 9,485 per mile.
58. Peton N. & Dussault E. jr., South Quebec, $291,914, 14,595.10 per mile.
60. Leveque George, River Ouelle, $300,000, 15,000 per mile.
62. Elliott J., Grant R., Whitehead C., Brantford, $199,995, 9,995 per mile.
66. Fahey, Thomas & Co., Quebec, $265,000, 13,250 per mile.
73. Hamel A. & C., Quebec, $318,000, 15,900 per mile.
77. McGreevy R.H. & Co., Ottawa, $337,800, 16,890 per mile.
79. Vosburgh J. S., Lennoxville, $238,500, 11,925 per mile.
81. McGovern Terrence, Waterville, $244,000, 12,200.
87. Hatch J., Truro, $375,000, 18,750 per mile.
89. Lazier S. S., Belleville, $370,000, 18,500 per mile.
93. Swheiger A. W. & Randall Geo., Berlin, $530,000, 26,600 per mile.
95. Trepannier Auguste, Levis, $300,000, 15,000 per mile.
97. Charland Gilliame, St. Valier, $395,000, 19,750 per mile.
98. Peters Simon, Quebec, $384,344.04, 19,217.20 per mile.
100. Mathieu & Julyan, Quebec, $340,000, 17,000 per mile.
103. Ware, Hamel & Sewell, Quebec, $355,400, 17,770 per mile.
105. Kerr Walter, Kemptville, $323,240, 16,162 per mile.
118. Dumontier, P. F., Quebec, $350,000, 17,500 per mile.
121. Pampolon & Co, Levis, $400,000, 20,000 per mile.
122. Jobin, Jacques & Co., Levis, $425,443, 21,272 per mile.
124. Jackson J. & G., Simcoe, $400,000, 20,000 per mile.
126. Stuckland & Sutton, Toronto, $275,800, 13,790 per mile.
127. Angus George & Co., Paris, $254,000, 12,700 per mile.
129. Nielson George & Co, Belleville, $248,000, 12,450 per mile.
133. Kingsford Wm., Quebec, $276,000, 13,800 per mile.
135. Rosa Joseph, Ottawa, $399,000, 19,950 per mile.
137. Brooks A., Brockville, $273,545, 13,677.25 per mile.
145. McHerman M., Williamstown, $268,000, 13,490 per mile.
146. Payette & Wright, Montreal, $222,703, 11,135.15 per mile.
149. Laberge & Cushing, Montreal, $640,000, 32,000 per mile.
150. Ellis Wm. & Co, Prescott, $280,000, 14,000 per mile.
154. McBean Alex., Sidney, C.B., $230,000, 11,500 per mile.
155. Brophy P. G. & Co., Ottawa, $226,400, 12,320 per mile.
160. Elliott & Lawrent, Galt, $300,000, 15,000 per mile.
161. Hope Isaac & Co., Kingston, $264,400, 13 220 per mile.
165. Goodwin James, Ottawa, $256,400, 12,820 per mile.
170. Macdonell & Macdonald, Hamilton, $313,800, 15,690 per mile.
179. Cooke & Dickson, Brockville, $240,000, 12,000 per mile.
181. Robertson & Worthington, Toronto, $270,725, 13,537 per mile.
186. Ginty John & Co., Toronto, $230,000, 11,500 per mile.
189. Manning Alex. & Co, Toronto, $245,000, 12,250 per mile.
196. Ferguson John & Co., Toronto, $210,000, 10,500 per mile.
197. McDonald W. E. & Co., Glencoe, $220,000, 11,000 per mile.
202. Haycock Elward, Ottawa, $193,050, 9,652 per mile.
206. Yates H., Brantford, $326,500, 16,325 per mile.
210. Campbell W. D, Quebec, $319,760, 15,988 per mile.
212. Noble & McIntosh, Toronto, $305,733, 14,558.75 per mile.
216. Horsey H. H. & Co., Ottawa, $175,000, 8,750 per mile.
220. Wardrope & Ross, Brockville, $299,334, 14,960 per mile.
221. McLaughlin Buck & Tuck, St. John, $236,173, 11,809 per mile.
227. Jobson R., Ottawa, $222,243, 11,112 per mile. (This tender not complete. Will not undertake to furnish for total tender.) (See letter.)
234. Beaubien & O'Hanly, Ottawa, $229,480, 11,474 per mile.
239. Tache J. C, Ottawa, $319,900, 15,995 per mile.
241. Dumble Thos., Jr., Cobourg, $280,000, 14,000 per mile.
243. Bulmer David & Laurent, Montreal, $553,200, 27,660 per mile.
(In all seventy-two tenders.)

SECTION NO. 2.

2. Peltier Ounphe, St. Epiphane, $420,000, 21,000 per mile.
3. Cimon Cleophe, Quebec, $440,000, 22,000 per mile.
6. Macdonald A. F., Cornwall, $400,000, 20,000 per mile.
9. Ryan Cuvillier & Co., Montreal, $670,000, 33,500 per mile.
14. Jones Cook, & Co., Brockville, $572,000, 28,600 per mile.
15. Lemon Henry, Brantford, $600,000, 30,000 per mile.
20. Johnston H. J., St. Andrew's, $616,900, 30,845 per mile.
24. McGuire Thomas, St. Johns. (Gives only a schedule of prices—no lump sum or rate per mile.)
26. Leather W. B, New Glasgow. (Is for section No. 3.)
28. Brown A. S., Belleville, $475,000, 23,750 per mile.
32. Stacy John, Brockville, $500,000, 25,000 per mile.
37. Elliott & Cameron, Ottawa, $410,940.16, 20,547.01 per mile.
40. Cameron John A., Summerstown, $390,140, 19,507 per mile.
45. Guest William, St. Mary's, $340,000, 17,000 per mile.
47. Guest T. B., do., $420,000, 21,000 per mile.
50. Reekie & Hudon, Montreal, $480,000, 24,000 per mile.
53. Hamel & Macdonald, do., $486,000, 24,300 per mile.
55. Worthington G. & J., South Quebec, $299,000, 14,950 per mile.
59. Peton & Dussault, do., $464,280, 23,214 per mile.
61. Leveque George, River Ouelle, $490,000, 24,500 per mile.
63. Elliott, Grant & Whitehead, Brantford, $560,000, 18,000 per mile.
67. Fahey Thomas & Co., Quebec, $410,000, 20,500 per mile.
72. Hamel A. & Co., do., $470,000, 23,500 per mile.
76. McGreevy R. H. & Co., Ottawa, $515,000, 25,750 per mile.
78. Vosburgh J. S. & Co., Lennoxville, $528,400, 26,420 per mile.
80. McGovern Terrence, Waterville, $500,000, 25,000 per mile.
88. Hatch J., Quebec, $540,000, 27,000 per mile.
92. Schweiger & Randall, Berlin, $820,000, 41,000 per mile.
95. Trepannier Auguste, Levis, $400,000, 20,000 per mile.
96. Charland Wm., St. Valier, $590,000, 29,500 per mile.
99. Peters Simon, Quebec, $612,099.13, 30,604.95 per mile.
101. Mathieu & Julyan, Quebec, $520,000, 26,000 per mile.
102. Marquu & Mathieu, Quebec, $506,000, 23,500 per mile.
106. Kerr Walter, Kemptville, $533,002, 26,650 per mile.
113. Demers E. jr., Levis, $624,918, 31,245 per mile.
117. Berlinquet & Huot, Quebec, $410,226, 20,511.30 per mile.
119. Thompson F. X., Levis, $600,000, 30,000 per mile.
120. Pampelon & Co., Levis, $525,000, 26,250 per mile.
123. Jobin, Jacques & Co., Levis, $550,000, 27,500 per mile.
128. Stuckland & Sutton, Toronto, $478,000, 23,900 per mile.
130. Nielson George, Belleville, $255,600, 12,780 per mile. (Query? Is this $555,600 or 255,600.)
134. Kingsford Wm., Quebec, $585,000, 29,250 per mile.
136. Rosa Joseph, Ottawa, $511,000, 25,500 per mile.
138. Brooks A., Brockville, $550,000, 27,500 per mile.
144. McHerman M., Williamstown, $495,000, 24,750 per mile.
147. Payette & Wright, Montreal, $324,651, 16,232.55 per mile.
148. Laberge & Cushing, Montreal, $620,000, 31,000 per mile.
151. Ellis Wm. & Co., Prescott, $440,000, 22,000 per mile.
156. Brophy P. G. & Co., Ottawa, $354,000, 17,700 per mile.
159. Elliott & Laurent, Galt, $500,000, 25,000 per mile.
162. Hope Isaac & Co., Kingston, $366,300, 18,315 per mile.
166. Goodwin James, Ottawa, $376,300, 18,815 per mile.
171. Macdonnell & Macdonald, Hamilton, $565,000, 28,250 per mile.
176. Abbott H. & C., Brockville, $650,000, 32,500 per mile.
178. Cook & Dickson, Brockville, $560,000, 28,000 per mile.
182. Robertson & Worthington, Toronto, $504.750, $25,238 per mile.
187. Ginty John & Co., Toronto, $420,000, 21,000 per mile.
190. Manning Alex. & Co., Toronto, $440,000, 22,000 per mile.
195. Ferguson John & Co, Toronto, $405,000, 20,200 per mile.
198. McDonald W. E. & Co., Glencoe, $396,000, 19,800 per mile.
203. Haycock Edward, Ottawa, $338,000, 16,900 per mile.
207. Yates H., Brantford, $498,400, 24,920 per mile.
211. Campbell W. D., Quebec, $620,400, 31,020 per mile.
213. Noble & McIntosh, Toronto, $438,493, 21,924.65 per mile.
219. Wardrope & Ross, Brockville, $649,600, 32,480 per mile.
222. McLaughlin, Buck & Tuck, St. John, $539,947, 26,997 per mile.
229. Jobson R., Ottawa, $437,771, 21,888 per mile. (This tender not complete.) Will not undertake to tender for total tender.) (*See letter.*)
233. Beaubien & O'Hanly, Ottawa, $405,540.45, 20,277.03 per mile.
240. Dumble Thos. jr., Cobourg, $450,000, 22,500 per mile.
242. Cloutier Louis, Levis, $500,000, 25,000 per mile.
244. Bulmer, David & Laurent, Montreal, $921,000, 46,050 per mile.
(In all 71 tenders.)

SECTION NO. 3.

7. Macdonald A. F., Cornwall, $504,000, 21,000 per mile.
10. Ryan, Cuvillier & Co., Montreal, $620,120, 25,400 per mile.
12. Jones, Cooke & Co., Brockville, $408,000, 17,000 per mile.
17. Lemon Henry, Brantford, $780,000, 32,500 per mile.
21. Johnston H. J, St. Andrews, $792,000, 33,000 per mile.
23. Steeves & Steeves, Salisbury, $354,000, 14,750 per mile.
26. Leather W. B., New Glasgow, $396,000, 16,500 per mile.
29. Brown A. S., Belleville, $400,000, 16,666 per mile.
33. Stacy John, Brockville, $444,000, 18,500 per mile.
38. Elliott & Cameron, Ottawa, $30,660.93 16,256.76 per mile.
41. Cameron John A., Summerstown, $418,200, 17,425 per mile.
48. Guest T. B., St. Mary's, $540,000, 20,000 per mile.
56. Worthington G. & J., South Quebec, $312,000, 13,000 per mile.
64. Elliott, Grant & Whitehead, Brantford, $288,000, 12,000 per mile.
68. Fahey, Thomas & Co., Quebec, $619,200, 25,800 per mile.
71. Hamel A. & Co., Quebec, $633,600, 26,400 per mile.
75. McGreevy R. H. & Co., Ottawa, $760,000, 21,666 per mile.
84. Masters A. W., St. John, $537,600, 22,420 per mile.
85. Walford, Henry & Co., Dalhousie, $339,600, 14,150 per mile.
91. Schweiger & Randall, Berlin, $936,000, 39,000 per mile.
107. Kerr Walter, Kemptville, $661,060, 27,544 per mile.
111. Macdonald Peter, Pugwash, $576,000, 24,000 per mile.
112. Macdonald Malcolm, Pugwash, 552,000, 23,000 per mile.
125. Jackson J. & G., Simcoe, $552,000, 23,000 per mile.
131. Nielson, George & Co., Belleville, $358,074, 13,272 per mile. (Mr. Nielson writes that he meant $458,274.)
140. Brooks A., Brockville, $540,000, 22,500 per mile.
141. Burpe E. R., St. John, $550,000, 22,916.66 per mile.
152. Ellis Wm. & Co., Prescott, $450,000, 18,800 per mile.
153. Bell Andrew, Almonte, $419,544, 17,481 per mile.
157. Brophy P. G. & Co., Ottawa, $339,120, 14,130 per mile.
163. Hope Isaac & Co., Kingston, $367,440, 15,310 per mile.
167. Goodwin James, Ottawa, 354,960 dollars, 14,790 per mile.
172. Macdonell & Macdonald, Hamilton, 542,000 dollars, 22,600 per mile.
175. Abbott H. & C., Brockville, 480,000 dollars, 20,000 per mile.
180. Cooke & Dickson, Brockville, 420,000 dollars, 17,500 per mile.
183. Robertson & Worthington, Toronto, 517,741 dollars, 21,573 per mile.
185. Ginty John & Co., Toronto, 360,000 dollars, 15,000 per mile.
191. Manning Alex. & Co., Toronto, 383,000 dollars, 15,958.33 per mile.
193. Ferguson John & Co., Toronto, 384,000 dollars, 16,000 per mile.
199. Macdonald W. J. & Co., Glencoe, 367,533 dollars, 15,313 87 per mile.
204. Haycock Edward, Ottawa, 392,491 dollars, 16,353 per mile.
208. Yates H., Brantford, 538,540 dollars, 22,435 per mile.
214. Noble & McIntosh, Toronto, 423,812 dollars, 17,658.83 per mile.
218. James G. Ross Wardrope, Brockville, 605,566 dollars, 25,230 per mile.
223. McLaughlan, Buck & Tuck, St. John, 479,392 dollars, 19,975 per mile.
226. Ross & Mackenzie, St. John, 600,000 dollars, 25,000 per mile.
228. Jobson R. Ottawa, 331,261 dollars, 13,802 per mile. (This tender not complete. Will not undertake to finish for total tenders. *See letter*).
232. Beaubien & O'Hanly, Ottawa, 391,360 dollars, 16,307.50 per mile.
236. Jell, Tuck & Co., Delaware, 364,800, dollars, 15,200 per mile.
237. Jones E. A., Londonderry, N. S., 702,960 dollars, 29,290 per mile.
245. Bulmer, David & Laurent, Montreal (In all fifty tenders.)

697,000, dollars, 29,041.67 per mile.

SECTION NO. 4.

11. Jones, Cooke & Co., Brockville, $486,000, 18,000 per mile.
18. Lemon Henry, Brantford, $729,000, 27,000 per mile.
22. Johnston H. J., St. Andrew's, $734,945, 27,220.18 per mile.
25. Sumner & Somers, Macon, $479,928, 17,775 per mile.
30. Brown A. S., Belleville, $500,000, 18,574 per mile.
34. Stacy John, Brockville, $459,000, 17,000 per mile.
39. Elliott & Cameron, Ottawa, $465,742.70 17,249.10 per mile.
43. Cameron John A., Summerstown, $451,540, 16,723 per mile.
49. Guest T. B., St. Mary's, $480,000, 20,000 per mile.
57. Worthington G. & J., South Quebec, $297,000, 11,000 per mile.
65. Elliott, Grant & Whitehead, Brantford, $324,000, 12,000 per mile.
69. Fahey, Thomas & Co., Quebec, $525,600, 21,900 per mile.
70. Hamel A. & Co., Quebec, $607,032, 23,100 per mile.
74. McGreevy R. H. & Co., Ottawa, $682,917, 25,293 per mile.
82. Lawson & Stewart, Truro, $796,500, 29,500 per mile.
83. Macdonald M., Pugwash, $671,787, 24,881 per mile.
86. Fraser Thos. A., Pugwash, $712,800, 26,400.
90. Schweiger & Randall, Berlin, $918,000, 34,000 per mile
94. Macdonald James & Co., Bridgeville, $429,360, 15,900 per mile.
104. Peters Henry, Halifax, $657,585.24, 24,355 per mile.
108. Kerr Walter, Kemptville, $445,773, 16,510 per mile.
109. Masters A. W., St. John, $615,600, 22,800 per mile.
110. Macdonald Peter, Pugwash, $594,000, 22,000 per mile.
114. Beatty, Davis & Co., Halifax, $461,700, 17,100 per mile.
115. Beatty J. H. & Co., Halifax, $513,000, 19,000 per mile.
116. Blanchard, Beatty & Co., Halifax, $483,300, 17,900 per mile.
132. Neilson George & Co., Belleville, $341,916, 14,209 per mile.
139. Brooks A, Brockville, $621,000, 23,000 per mile.
142. Burpe E. R., St. John, $610,000, 22,600 per mile.
143. Burpe E. R, St. John, $631,800, 23,400 per mile. (Binds himself to complete work before 1st November, 1870.)
158. Brophy P. J., Ottawa, $416,070, 15,410 per mile.
164. Pope Isaac & Co., Kingston, $430,650, 15,950 per mile.
168. Goodwin James, Ottawa, $445,230, 16,490 per mile.
169. Brookfield John, Halifax, $489,125, 18,200 per mile.
173. Macdonell & Macdonald, Hamilton, $594,000, 22,000 per mile.
174. Macdonald & Purcell, Cornwall, $580,500, 21,500 per mile.
177. Cooke & Dickson, Brockville, $513,000, 19,000 per mile.
184. Robertson & Worthington, Toronto, $499,902, 18,515 per mile.
188. Ginty John & Co., Toronto, $413,100, 15,300 per mile.
192. Manning A. & Co., Toronto, $396,900, 14,700 per mile.
194. Ferguson John & Co., Toronto, $463,000, 17,148.14 per mile.
200. Macdonald W. E. & Co., Glencoe, $453,600, 16,800 per mile.
201. Haycock Edward, Ottawa, $341,116, 12,633 per mile.
205. McBean A. & Co., Sidney, C. B., $451,840, 16,734 per mile.
209. Yates H., Brantford, $549,990, 20,370 per mile.
215. Noble & McIntosh, Toronto, $383,196, 14,192.44 per mile.
217. Wardrope & Ross, Brockville, $594,000, 22,000 per mile.
224. McLaughlin, Buck & Tuck, St. John, $503,456, 18,646 per mile.
225. Ross & Mackenzie, St. John, $634,500, 23,500 per mile.
230. Jobson R., Ottawa, $457,724, 16,952 per mile. (This tender not complete. Will not undertake to finish for total tender. *See letter.*)
231. Beaubien & O'Hanly, Ottawa, $459,942, 17,034.89 per mile.
235. Jell & Tuck, Delaware, $405,000, 15,000 per mile.
238. Jones E. A., Londonderry, N.S., $599,346, 22,198 per mile.
246. Fraser Donald, Pictou, $489,654, 18,135 per mile.
247. Fraser James H., New Glasgow, $370,575, 13,725 per mile.
(In all fifty-five tenders.)

Copy of a Report of a Committee of the Honourable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council on the 12th February, 1869.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Acting Minister of Public Works, and for the reasons given in the report of the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners, the committee advise that the following tenders for the construction of sections of that railway Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively, be accepted, and that contracts in conformity therewith be given accordingly, that is to say:

Section No. 1 to Messrs. H. H. Horsey & Co., of Ottawa, for the sum of 175,000 dollars, being at the rate of 8,750 dollars per mile.

Section No. 2 to Messrs. George & James Worthington, of South Quebec, for the sum of 299,000 dollars, being at the rate of 14,950 dollars per mile.

Section No. 3 to Messrs. John Elliott, Robt. Grant and Chas. Whitehead, of Brantford, for the sum of 288,000 dollars, being at the rate of 12,000 dollars per mile.

Section No. 4 to Messrs. George & James Worthington, of South Quebec, for the sum of 297,000 dollars, being at the rate of 11,000 dollars per mile.

Certified,
(Signed,) WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

BIRTH.

On the 12th inst., the wife of James Arthur Stewart, Esq., of a daughter.

DIED.

In Bridge-st., Chaudiere, on Friday morning, Cecil Loveday, son of Joseph and Sarah Loveday, aged 2 months.

Funeral at 3 p.m., this day, (Saturday.)

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND, [Post Office Block,]
Have for sale
"THE TIMES" OF THE 11TH,
With a Special Supplement, containing full particulars of the execution of Whelan.
Also, faithful photographic LIKENESSES of WHELAN, 10 cents each.
VALENTINES, VALENTINES, VALENTINES.
Ottawa, February 13, 1869.

Auction Sale.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
has received instructions from ROBERT BELL, Esq., to offer for sale

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
on the premises,
On Friday, the 12th day of March next,
at 12 o'clock, noon,

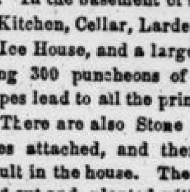
that very valuable property in Block D, LeBreton's Flats, on which he resides, consisting of four lots in one block, viz.:

Lots Nos. 7 and 9, on Lloyd-st, and 6 and 8, on Bridge-st., containing nearly an acre of land. On Lot No. 7 there is a first-class STONE HOUSE, containing 4 rooms, a large Hall, Bath Room and Water Closet on the first flat, and 5 rooms, a Hall and Water Closet on the second flat, all finished, painted and papered in the best and most modern style, and in the rear of the house there is a large stone addition, containing a GRANARY and STORE ROOMS. In the basement of the house there are a large Kitchen, Cellar, Larder, Washroom, Pantry and Ice House, and a large Cistern capable of containing 300 puncheons of water, from which water pipes lead to all the principal rooms in the house. There are also Stone Stables, Sheds and Outhouses attached, and there is a magnificent Safe Vault in the house. The Grounds are tastefully laid out and planted with the best of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, and the whole premises thoroughly drained. The property altogether is one of the most complete, thoroughly built, finished and appointed in the city, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

The property can be viewed at any seasonable hour, and an examination of it is respectfully solicited by intending purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 973td



NOTICE.

The Officers of the St. George's Society intend giving a COMPLIMENTARY SUPPER to their late Secretary, MR. THOMAS PAINTER, previous to his leaving the city, at Salmon's Hotel, on WEDNESDAY, 24th inst. Members wishing to be present can obtain tickets on application to the Secretary, MR. W. MILLS, up to Saturday, 19th inst.

Tickets, including Wine, $1.50 each.
Supper on table at 7:30 p.m., precisely.

J. SWEETLAND,
President.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1869. 973-1

OTTAWA MECHANICS' INSTITUTE AND ATHENÆUM.

Course of Lectures, 1869.—Gowan's Hall.

Tuesday, Feby. 16—Col. the Hon. J. H. GREY, "A Soldier's Life, twelve years ago, or the Relief of Cawnpore."
Tuesday, Feby. 23—JOHN LANGTON, M. A.
Tuesday, March 2—Rev. H. J. McLARDY, "Science, Ancient and Modern."
Tuesday, March 9—E. A. MEREDITH, L.L.D., "Talfourd's Tragedy Ion."
Tuesday, March 16—Rev. Mr. POLLARD.

Lectures to begin at 8 p.m. Admission, 10 cts. Family tickets for the course to admit three $1: to be had of J. G. Whyte, Rideau-st.; J. Hope & Co., Sparks-st.; and Messrs. Dalglish & Russell, Wellington-st.

W. WHYTE, President. G. KENNEDY, Secretary.
Ottawa, Feby. 13, 1869. 973-3

NOTICE.—The limited liability partnership heretofore existing between WALTON SMITH, Esq., of Onslow, P.Q., and the undersigned, under the name, style and firm of FRASER & SMITH, virtually ceased to exist on the Fourth day of September last, since which date neither partner has had authority to use the name of the firm to any document whatever.

Dated at Westmeath, Ontario, this 10th day of February, 1869.
973-3 ALEX. FRASER.

WANTED.

A smart BOY, who can be well recommended.
Apply, personally,
973-1 AT THE RED BOOT.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the CANADA GAZETTE, AND FOR PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY, may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED
☞ ROCK OIL. ☜
Just received at the
OIL DEPOT,
73
SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,
BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.
Chimnies, Wicks, and Lanterns.

D. R. LEAVENS.
OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.
☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waves over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of
Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

☞ Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d

CITY
HOOP SKIRT
FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.
Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 968d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery, China, and Glassware,
We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards;

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

☞ Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

DOG LOST.

A Prince Charles Cocker Dog, Black, with Brown Paws and Muzzle, which answers to the name of "Charlie," was lost last Monday night. He had on a Leather Collar, bound with Brass, when he disappeared. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the dog to the Grand Trunk Agency Office, Russell House Block. Any person found harbouring the same after this notice will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972a

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,

Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.
TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES. Genuine.
PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, suited to suit the holiday season.
ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.
50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. tins.
200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lb. size, from Reesor Brothers' factory.
SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine, to $3.00.
PORT WINE—Good Table Wine, $4.50.
ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS, according to age and quality.
100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS, boxes at 75 cts. each.
LABRADOR HERRINGS, barrels and half barrels.
10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.
TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.
COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best brands. Try them.
TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.
A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868.

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants.

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins.
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues,
PRESERVES and Jelli, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces.
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.
To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call duly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store.
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown....... $100
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown....... $35

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown....... $80
Halifax....... $20
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer....... $45
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown....... $30
Halifax....... $15
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer....... $20

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa.

TO LET, ON O'CONNOR-ST., a six-roomed House. Possession immediately. Apply to Mr. CHARLES HUBAND, or to Mr. JONES, the present tenant.
Ottawa, February 13. 973-3

LOST, on Metcalfe-st., about 12 noon, on FRIDAY, the 12th inst., a dark SEALSKIN MUFF. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at H. McLean's Auction Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 12.

Work on the new elevator for the Northern Railroad has been commenced. Its storage capacity is to be 275,000 bushels; four elevating legs, capable of handling 24,000 bushels per hour; eight cars to be unloaded and four vessels loaded simultaneously.

About 11 o'clock to-day a man jumped into the Bay, but was pulled out. In his pocket was found an envelope on which was written: "Three times I have been hunted." The fear of being hunted seems to have arisen from a diseased brain, induced by drink.

The Canada Landed Credit Co. held their annual meeting yesterday. A dividend of 3½ per cent. was declared for the half year.

Eight plans for the new Methodist Church on McGill Square were received last night.

As the train was leaving for Hamilton a man was found under one of the tracks under the cars. On being removed he said he had promised the police magistrate to leave the city on the conditions of being discharged, and not having any money to do so, he intended to depart in the above manner. He would surely have been killed before the train could have proceeded far.

The Toronto Typographical Union hold their annual ball to-night.

SECOND DESPATCH.

Hon. Joseph Howe's Address to the Electors of Hants.

TORONTO, February 12.

Hon. Mr. Howe's address, published yesterday, says he had always three objects in view:

1st. Defeat of the delegates who had framed the British America Act.

2nd. To endeavour to get the Act repealed.

3rd. Should we fail in our effort to repeal the Act that we should endeavour to modify and improve it. I faithfully strove for the first two, as long as there was ground for any hope. I then adopted the third, which I believe has been attained. After observing that he might have taken office with a seat in the Senate, he winds up as follows: On a calm review of all circumstances, I believe that you will ratify, by your suffrage, my conduct and policy. I cannot condescend to defend myself from the mean charges and insinuations with which those who have been for more than a year fattening on the public, and have already defiled the press. But I shall be prepared to meet any of those persons before the electors of Hants to defend my own conduct, and perhaps to do what I have not hitherto done, make some inquiries into the correctness of their own. Apart altogether from the mere personal question, you have got now to decide whether Nova Scotia shall raise £40,000 a year by direct taxation, or whether by this negotiation, ratified by the Canadian Parliament, our roads and bridges and other public services shall be amply provided for without any such necessity. You have also to decide whether there shall be a just and fair administration of affairs by your own representative, who has seen some service, and gathered some experience, or whether Nova Scotia is to have no influence in conducting the government of the Dominion, to the authority of which by law her people are bound to submit. I hope to get into the county soon, and will then be prepared to answer any question you may ask, or to give any further information which this paper does not supply.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 12.

The city nomination took place to-day, and Mr. Workman was re-elected Mayor by acclamation. All the councillors were elected by acclamation with the exception of two wards.

At a meeting of the Church of England Executive Committee of this diocese, held yesterday, a resolution was unanimously adopted expressing satisfaction at the result of Dr. Balch's efforts, and thanking him for his efforts to increase the mission funds.

Some of Whelan's friends at Quebec, entertained hopes to the last that he would be respited. Even as late as Wednesday evening last they held a meeting to devise means to secure a repreive, but to their disgust news came that he had confessed his complicity in the murder.

Lieut.-Col. Bissett will retire in a few days from the command of the 69th regiment on full pay, on account of his advanced years. He will be succeeded by Major Bagot.

The Inman steamship *Etna* arrived at Halifax at two o'clock, p. m., to-day.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Banquet to the Ministry—Speeches by Gladstone and Bright.

LONDON, February 11.—A banquet was given to the Ministry last evening at Fishmongers' Hall. Mr. Gladstone made a speech. He reviewed the progress already made in carrying into effect the resolves for the disestablishment of the Irish Church, and declared his intention of proceeding speedily and prudently, encouraged by constitutional knowledge, by the character of the Queen, who associates herself with the interests and affections of the people, by the character and ability of his colleagues, by the favourable judgment of the country, and by the justice of the cause.

Mr. Bright also addressed the company. He condemned the profuse expenditures of past years, and urged the necessity on the part of the House of Commons of being more positive and decided on the question of economy.

LONDON, February 12.—At a banquet given to the Ministry at Fishmongers' Hall last evening, Mr. Gladstone remarked that the last House had been condemned by the Government of the day; that government had been brought to the bar of public opinion on a distinct issue and policy of the people, and was now most clearly defined.

DUBLIN, February 12.—The mayor of Dublin will take advantage of the first public levee to present Queen Victoria with a monster petition for an amnesty for the Fenian prisoners. It has been extensively signed by the corporate authorities of the cities and towns throughout Ireland.

SPAIN.

More Troops for Cuba.

MADRID, February 11.—Two thousand troops are to sail immediately for Cuba.

MADRID, February 12.—The Constituent Cortes formally opened its sessions in this city with great ceremony. The city was profusely decorated in honour of the event. Crowds of people were in the streets, flags were flying, and the day was regarded as a holiday. The President of the Ministry, Marshal Serrano, delivered a congratulatory address to the Assembly of Deputies.

Marshal Serrano said that the nations of Europe in attaining a higher degree of civilization threw off the traditional bonds which fettered the public mind. Spain delayed for a long time, but following the example of her neighbours she now calls on her representatives to construct a new edifice. The revolution has achieved a bloodless victory. The strength of the nation has not been impaired, but the extravagance of former administrations has disorganized and embarrassed its finances. The Government relies upon the Cortes to remedy this by economy, reforms, and changes in the administration, by wise legislation in regard to the public debt, and the payment of the interest thereon, and by economising the expenses of the army and navy. The fundamental principles of radical liberalism which had been adopted in relation to the religious press and the education by the Provisional Government must now be consolidated by the action of the deputies. Our revolution here is not responsible for the rising in Cuba; that is due to the errors of past Governments. He expressed a hope that the insurrection there would be speedily extinguished, and tranquility, based on reform, would be durable. He predicted slavery would be abolished without precipitation and without compromising the prosperity of the articles. In conclusion he congratulated the country on the good relations with foreign nations, and said that they were now more intimate than ever before.

GREECE.

The Chambers to meet in a few Days.

ATHENS, February 11.—The Chambers have been convoked by the new Ministry, and will meet within a few days.

PERSIA.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 12.—Advices received to-day state that the Persian army, with Schah at its head, has gone to Bagdad. In the meantime the Turkish troops are pushing forward to the Persian frontier.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Navigation of the St. Lawrence by Americans.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—The Committee of Ways and Means has agreed to report to the House a resolution proposing a conference with the British North American Provinces, as to the navigation of the St. Lawrence, and as to commercial intercourse, reserving all final action for Congress.

The Postal Telegraph System.

NEW YORK, February 12.—The *Times'* special says the Senate Committee of post office and post roads at its meeting this morning considered the subject of the postal telegraph system, and agreed on some of the important features of Mr. Hubbard's bill. It is very probable that the committee will recommend the adoption of some plan which will transfer the telegraph business to the post office department. There does not appear to be a very strong inclination in the committee to recommend an appropriation for the purchase of lines now in existence.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Reciprocity Treaty.

NEW YORK, February 12.—The *Tribune's* special says the subject of making a new reciprocity treaty with Canada, was under consideration by the Committee on Ways and Means. The sub-committee to whom was referred the subject, reported favourably on it. The committee, however, thought best, to report a resolution merely expressing their approval till the opening of navigation, and authorizing the President to take such steps in negotiating a treaty as will open the free navigation of the St. Lawrence and commercial relations between our government and Canada, and a proper protection to the fisheries. The resolutions will be reported to the House by General Scheneck, with the view of securing its passage at the present session, so that the work may be commenced at an early day. It is understood that the Canadian authorities are very anxious that some kind of reciprocity treaty should be made that will be beneficial to both governments.

The *Alabama* claims treaty protocol, which relates to the rights of naturalized citizens, and the treaty in regard to the boundiary of the San Juan mine, are under consideration in the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs. Strong objections were made against almost the entire committee, and there appears to be little chance of its being ratified. It may be amended so as to meet the views of the committee, but these amendments it is probable will not be satisfactory to the English government. The committee afterwards took up the protocol, and after a short discussion authorized the chairman to report it to the Senate for ratification.

The Murder of Gen. McConnell.

CHICAGO, February 12.—The coroner's inquest in the case of General McConnell, found that he was murdered by Wm. A. Robinson, who is now in custody. Robinson owed the General 4000 dollars. The chain of evidence against him is complete. He was seen enticing the General to his house on the morning of the murder.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can also be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 12.—American exchange 48.

Gold 135¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 12.—Cotton quiet and steady at 30c. @ 30¼c.—Flour less active and scarcely as firm; receipts 4,100 barrels; sales 7,800 barrels at $5.80 @ 6.40 for superfine State and western; $6.75 @ 7.15 for common to choice extra State; $6.50 @ 7.45 for common to choice extra western.—Rye flour quiet at $5.25 @ 7.35.—Wheat active; receipts 3,000 bushels; sales 15,000 bushels at $1.61½ @ 1.62 for No. 2 spring in store and delivered.—Rye quiet.—Corn less active and drooping; receipts 9,800 bushels; sales 41,000 bushels at 92c. @ 94c. for new mixed western; $1.04 @ 1.05 for old western in store.—Barley quiet.—Oats firmer; receipts 4,000 bushels; sales 18,000 bushels at 76½c. for western in store; 78c. for do. afloat.—Pork dull and heavy at $32 @ 33 for new mess; $32 for old mess.—Lard heavy and lower at 19½c. @ 19¾c. for steam; 20c. @ 20½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 12—p.m.—Consols 92¾ for money; 93 for account; Bonds 77¼; Stocks easier; Illinois Central 94; Erie 25; Atlantic and Great Western 68¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 12.—Cotton quiet; Uplands 12¼d. @ 12¾d.; Orleans 12¼d. @ 12¾d.; Corn 33s. 6d. for old; 31s. 3d. for new; Oats 3s. 5d.; Pease 43s. @ 43s. 6d.; Petroleum quiet and steady; Yarns and fabrics heavy at Manchester.

100,000 FEET OF SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER

For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of *OAK, MAPLE, ELM, BIRCH & ASH, PLANK & SCANTLING,* of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.

Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.

WALTON SMITH.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869. 973tf

FOR SALE.

A SCHOLARSHIP IN THE OTTAWA BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Apply at once to the Office of this Paper.

Ottawa, February 10, 1869. 976tf

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by D. W. COWARD & CO., Commission Merchants,

912 3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Auction Sale.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at his Sale-rooms, commencing on

TUESDAY, 9TH FEBRUARY, 1869,

a large and valuable stock of BOOTS, &c., &c., consisting of Men's Boots, Congress Gaiters, Winter Boots, Slippers, &c.; Ladies' wear in Gaiters of every description, both winter and summer; Misses' Boots, of every description; Children's Wear, &c. This will be a rare opportunity to secure Boots and Shoes, as the stock is large and well assorted, and will be sold without reserve.

Terms of Sale—Cash in Bankable Funds.

Sale to commence each evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972tf

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"

THEN USE WATERS' QUININE WINE,

The finest tonic in the world.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND" BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

NEW BOOKS.

Greater Britain, by Dilke; Tricotrin, by Ouida; Life of Christopher Columbus, by Arthur Helps; Cassell's Life of Lord Brougham; Chambers's Journal, 1868, (bound); the Book of Chess, by Selkirk; the Child Wife, by Mayne Reid.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st.

NOTICE.—Information wanted of ARCHIBALD BEAN, who left some time ago for Lake Huron, by his daughter MARY, who is in Ottawa, and anxious to hear from him. Any information addressed to the TIMES Office will be thankfully received. 976-3

STATIONERY, &c.

J. DURIE & SON have received 1 case Segar's Tracing Vellum, best quality.

ALSO,

A Choice Lot of Valentines, (English,) direct from the manufacturers, wholesale and retail.

J. DURIE & SON.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND, AT "THE OTTAWA CITIZEN" *STATIONERY,* AND PRINTING HOUSE, 21 *Rideau-st.*,

A complete assortment of PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS *STATIONERY,* AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS, Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE, And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER, To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are;

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN" *STATIONERY* AND PRINTING HOUSE, 21 *Rideau-st.*

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS. AT MACEE & RUSSELL'S, Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds.*

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do
575 " UNION do
1925 " 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD, AT THE LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,
BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO., Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS, Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO., SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS, *Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.*

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

STOVES OF THE LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED *PATTERNS,* Still selling below cost at ESMONDE BROS., 43 Sparks st., op. Ontario Bank.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION BOTH COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, AT W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 882y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD, Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills, H. of Commons.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

HORSE INFIRMARY, AND VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT YORK-STREET, OTTAWA, Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S (Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO. ARE CLEARING OUT the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCKS'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS, 3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS, From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES in the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS, In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS, In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS, PLAIN AND FANCY, Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS, In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS, CANADIAN & ENGLISH, A unusually low price.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS, BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY, Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES, at reduced prices.

VELVETS, MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS, In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES, Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED, Wholesale and Retail.

10 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT
MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS, *Received daily, by Express.*

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY, Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868. The Tea Pot, Ottawa

ON SALE, GOODERHAM & WORTS' RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926 3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 58	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

AFFAIRS IN HAVANA.

There is certainly a reign of terror in Havana. Only the other day we received accounts of an outbreak at the Villanueva theatre, which resulted in the killing and wounding of its attendants. The day succeeding that affair, an outbreak of Cubans was reported in the poor quarter known as Jesus-Maria; Arms had been discovered in a house, and the man who resisted their seizure had been bayoneted and shot. In the course of the day and night, five or six people were said to have been killed, among them some volunteers. On the succeeding night, a massacre, said to have been not less destructive than the one at the Villanueva theatre, broke out about the Louvre saloon, across from the Tacon theatre, and on that part of the Prado where lately stood the statue of Isabel. There are three stories as to its origin—first, that a shot was fired in one of the saloons adjoining the theatre; second, that a pistol went off by chance in the billiard and gambling saloon of the Louvre; third, that a shot was fired from the housetop on some passing volunteers. Immediately after the shot the volunteers rallied in crowds, and poured a volley into the saloon of the Louvre. The bugle was sounded between the discharges, and the firing at times was full and regular. When the volunteers entered the saloon, they laid violent hands upon every one within their reach, and forced them to cry, "Viva Espana," or gave them the bayonet. A brother of the British Consul was being roughly handled when an acquaintance among the volunteers saved him. They passed upstairs, searched the house, and even entered the room of a woman confined. Mr. Korner, an American photographer, was killed in a passing carriage by a shot from the sidewalk. British and German citizens were killed, wounded or jeopardized. A cordon of volunteers was stretched around the neighbourhood, and the sidewalk was dangerous to civilians.

—Colonel the Hon. F. Thesiger, late Adjutant-General to the Abyssinian Expedition, has left England to assume his duties.

—The British volunteer force now numbers close upon 250,000 men. Of volunteer militia men, armed pensioners, etc., near upon 400,000 effective men could be at once mustered for the defence of the United Kingdom without counting regulars.

—The fatal accuracy which improvements in the breech-loading rifles are giving to the fire of troops of the line, has led to the introduction into European armeis systems of spade-drill, for the purpose of teaching soldiers to throw up temporary defences with the greatest possible rapidity.

—We have recently seen an account of experimental entrenching, at Shoeburyness, after a plan practised at the French camp of Chalons. A parapet three feet high was thrown up in front, and on each flank of the gun, the ditch in front being on the outside of the work and in flank on the inside. The labour occupied about an hour, and the result was less than that obtained by the English fashion of entrenching the gun in a pit or parapet of the same height. In the English way the work was done in half an hour.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souno Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock, ... $500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary. H. B. REEVE.

Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1868 ...$ 551,971 40;	December, 1867 ...$576,135 19;	Increase ...$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67 1,594,644 96;	Jany., Feb., March,'68 1,727,939 55;	Increase ... 133,294 59
April, May, June,'67, 1,559,778 79;	April, May, June,'68, 1,749,631 52;	Increase ... 189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,241,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolising the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.			
To New York ... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo ... 30c; Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia ... $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo ... 30c; Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington ... $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ... 30c; Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore ... $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ... 30c; Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago ... $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit ... 60c; Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans ... $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo ... 30c; Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, and BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

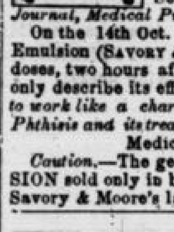
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR CASES OF CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w180y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836 3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.
Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.
Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*
Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.
J. COPELAND, Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.
The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

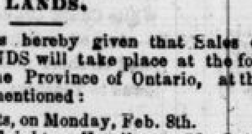
R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf



ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-3td

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf.

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERSTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS OF THE CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:30 a m
Night do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7.00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at, via Vermont Central.	3:30 p m
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 1, 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

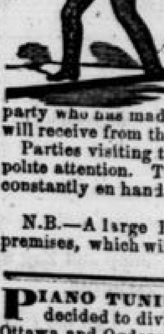
MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

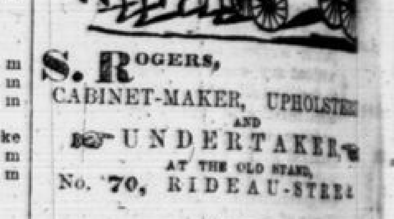
PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON
Agent, ... Dessaint's
Office of Queen's Printer.
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of losses.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October
No. 10½.
The following Insurance Company has obtained a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John.
For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds.
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S NAVY;
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris,
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-st.,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.



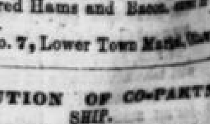
S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET,
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET
Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:
METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG,
Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for walnut.)
Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years experience in the above branches, and is confident of giving satisfaction.
N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.
Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.
RESIDENCE—At the West End Residence, Wellington-st.
Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN.
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be had in the Ottawa market.
ALSO,
STOVES, all patterns and sizes, from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.



SATCHELL BROS.,
By appointment
BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY JOHN YOUNG.
Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.
N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and ... and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon ... English style.
930.3m No. 7, Lower Town Market.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS in the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twelfth day of January, A. D. 1869.
L. GRANT,
960b JOHN S. HENDERSON.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. The prescription is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the best medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 346, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES C..., Managing Director. ALEX. ..., Editor

VOL. ...

Boots &...

IMPORTANT NO...
A Heavy Downfall in...
Boots a...
AT THE
All the large stock of ... off at
ENORMOUS
and to ensure an exte... make room for
SPRING
an additional discount ... CASH PURCHASES of
TEN CENTS OFF
The stock includes a ...
CLOTH & FELT
for Ladies', Gent's, Mi... most everything else ... derstanding.
Call early and be... nity will not last long."
Ottawa, January 27, 1...

ANGUS & HUCK...
CLEARI...
BOOTS, SHOES
No. 15, ...

ANGUS & HUCK... entire stock of BOO... &c., at a tremendous sac...

GO TO ANGUS & ... Sale, and get a p... BOOTS, and a pair of ...

YOU can get a pa... OVERSHOES for ... HUCKELL'S Clearing ...

WOMEN'S RU... MEN'S, 65 cents...

GO EARLY and s...

NOW is the time ... SHOES, as they a... ANGUS & HUCKELL'...

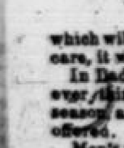
NO one need be with... sold so cheap at... Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving ... during the Clear... HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS red... FELT GOODS a... without reserve.

GO and see for yo...

GENUINE CLE...
BOOTS A...
CROSBY STAND...
The...
THE BAN...
comprising the latest ...
LADIES', GENT'S, ...
DRESS & ...
suitable for FALL & ... arge stock of Men's ... Moose Mocassins, Bu... Beef Mocassins, Felt ... of which will be sold ... mer prices. Lumber... quested to bear in mi... of handmade boots to ... said reduction in pric...
The public genera... examine the stock an... not fail to give satisf...
Remember the plac... posite O'Meara's, No...
Ottawa, Oct. 20 ...



CHEA...
BOOT...
I have now recei... of
BOOTS
which will be found ... care, it will not fail ...
In Ladies', Misses... everything that can... season and at much ... offered.
Men's ware in Cal... Strong Working B... Boy's and Youth's ...
A large supply ... hand made, the mo... best workmen. Ord...
429y

BOARD AND... Rooms, with ... tained on Maria-st. ... Ottawa, January ...

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 974. OTTAWA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding*.

☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

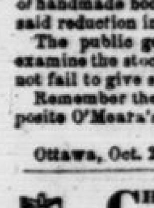
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4297 GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces		different qualities Black Silks........			
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines.....	7		1 3
70	do	do Poplin........	7½		1 0
150	do	do Cobourg.....	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
38	do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for........	3		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only..............	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres

Liyini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths

Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins

Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,......................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.

83 Shepherd Long Shawls

101 Fancy, all wool Longs

167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1½ yards wide, for......6 d

160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars..........6½d

165 do Good Prints......................................4 d

303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's..6½d

159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces		Waterproof............	3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating................	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed.........	2 6	do	5 0
160	do	Canadian Tweed.........	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only..............2 6

200 White Cotton Shirts, only..........3 9

500 Under Shirts, only....................3 3

300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed......................................5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2½-yards wide Linen Sheeting..............................3 worth 5

5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting..............................1 do 3

81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

☞ Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50...OVERCOATS.

4.00.....................................heavy OVERCOATS.

90 cts. up...PANTS.

50 cts. to $1.25...................................VESTS.

$8.00...........Black Broadcloth.........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞ Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos. From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent. The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

75-y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

PORK,

OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 800,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these [illegible] e is at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL [illegible],

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scoten Plaid Smelling Bottles,

Improved Perfumed Distributors,

&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues,
PRESERVES and Jellies, in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible] solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown...................$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown...................35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown...................$160 00

Halifax..20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.........45.00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown...................30 00

Halifax..15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.........20 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED

☞ ROCK OIL, ☜

Just received at the

OIL DEPOT,

73

SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,

BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.

Chimnies, Wicks, and Lanterns.

D. R. LEAVENS,

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.

☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.

CITY

HOOP SKIRT

FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 958d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery, China, and Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards:

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

☞ Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated *Lye* into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated *Lye*, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

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PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 972-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 868tf

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LOST, on Metcalfe-st., about 12 noon, on FRIDAY, the 12th inst., a dark SEALSKIN MUFF. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at H. McLean's Auction Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 973tf

THE BUNCH OF HEATHER BELLS.

As on thy stem a thousand bells,
In fragrant beauty hing,
So, round my old-time withered heart
Sweet recollections cling.
Thy bells to me have tuneful tongues,
That ring auld Scotia's praise,
And hallow'd thochts come rushing back,
To scenes o' bygane days.

Ere thorns o' care grew in my heart,
I lay ower mossy dykes,
Whaur heather lintles sing their sangs
And bumbees build their byes.
I've wandered ower the weary waste,
And seen it wrapt in snaw,
Heard lammies bleat on purple moors
Where scented breezes blaw.

O, bonnie bunch o' blooming bells,
My heart wi' rapture thrills,
While thus I hail thee as a friend,
Fresh frae my native hills.
Thou'rt red and strong wi' moorland health,
And when compared wi' thee,
The painted flowers of tropic lands
Are sickly things to me.

O, joyous days of golden youth,
What transports sweet are mine,
When mem'ry thro' the mists o' years
Glints back on auld lang syne.
O, for ane blink o' Scotia's glens,
Her mountains wild and bare;
Bound by the ties time canna break,
My heart still lingers there.

THE PASSION FOR GETTING ON.

Spectator.

It is convenient to get money, and pleasant to get power, and useful to get prestige among men; but as to making social advance an object, an Asiatic who worked for such an end would think his life thrown away. Why should he get on? Society cannot improve, he is where he is by the Almighty's will, and is honourable, and has rights, and why on earth should he try and upset the divine ordinances? Even in Europe we may doubt if out of a small cosmopolitan circle there is much notion of getting on. To be happy as he is, that after all is the Italian's ideal; to be happy and ideal the German's; to be happy and slightly distinguished the Frenchman's, Irishman's, and, we think, though with less confidence, the Spaniard's. It is the Englishman alone, and his descendant, the American, who makes of "getting on" a passion; and the Englishman of to-day. He hadn't it up to the time of the Georges. Till then the constitution of society as a regiment, in which each man had his place, his rights, his duties, and his chances, had not thoroughly died away, and even up to a later period there was something like content in the land. A century before the Revolution continuance was considered not only a pleasant thing, but a right thing—was, in fact, the most prominent social idea embodied in the new teaching of the church, teaching so out of accord with modern feeling as to excite, especially in the catechism, almost a resentment. If a man could continue as he was, living easily, he was very happy, and respected himself, and was, to a singular degree, free from envy and those minor cares which make up so much of modern life. He thought that pushing showed a want, not of energy and self-assertion, as we all now at heart think, but of decent self-respect, just as the genuine aristocrat thinks now about himself, as well as about those who are treading on his heels. He is, and what more does he want? He would like more, very possibly—as the Hindoo likes cash, or the Mussulman official employment, or the Chinaman a victory at the examinations, where he dies sometimes in the strife,—but he does not make of "getting on" his motor, his test of being in favour with the Supreme. Indeed we may go on a step farther, and question whether this passion, so new and so overpowering, is universal among the Anglo-Saxon race. They are all liable to it, and all inclined to it, but we question with some diffidence whether it quite reaches an enormous section of English-speaking men, the American freeholders, whether they as yet really want with any passionate thirst to get on, whether, on the whole, they are not rather anxious to defend the position they have than to seek one absolute view, whether the longing for a higher one fairly dominates their brains. We do not speak positively, for we have not lived among them, but as far as yet informed, we doubt if they can be counted, even in the Eastern States, among the victims of this crave.

Is it conceivable—is it heresy, but the thought will out—that a passion so powerful, yet so limited in area and in time, a passion so localized, as it were, like the passion of some races for freedom, of some cities for beauty, and of some nations for prestige, should ever entirely die out? Feelings quite as strong, and at least as noble, have died. The localized patriotism of the Jew, for example, which was more than a passion, which had the force of an instinct, of, so to speak, a lust, which ruled and formed the man, died in one generation, and for seventeen hundred years the race has not displayed even a tendency towards Palestine, has not even kept up its memory as Irishmen in exile keep up that of their melancholy green isle. The stern patriotism of the Roman, the willingness to die anyhow, anywhere, so that Rome might tramp on to the mastery of the world—a dominant impulse which lasted for centuries—died away, leaving only a belief that an impulse so strong must have been some divine consciousness of right,—a thought the Papacy has never lost. Ideal churchmanship, as a dominant thought, is likewise dead—so completely dead that it is to many minds incredible, and to all faintly ridiculous; and we are not quite sure that the tendency which we name asceticism, the sovereign desire to "get on" in the divine road by the mortification of the flesh, has not followed it, though its dirge has, perhaps, been sung before it has been decently laid out. Why, then, should a modern, a local, and, on the whole, a discredited passion live, as we all in one way or other assume it will do for ever?

We do not think it will, and for this reason. The origin or cause of the passion appears to us, who are more than sufficiently aware of its outward ignobleness, less ignoble than it has become the fashion to assume. There exists, as we would suggest, among English-speaking men, whether it spring from their race, or from the circumstances of their strangely special history as the one people at once insular and imperial, or from the hearty adoption of a unique creed, a deeply Hebraized Christianity, or from the curious training as a people who passed through feudalism without ever heartily adopting its theory, and, therefore, felt no bitterness of hate towards it, a singular form of the passion for equality. They feel that passion in all its strength, as witness their laws; but with the special limitation that the equality they desire must be equality on a high level, a level of very lofty civilization. A deep consciousness of individual right is in them co-existent with a deep consciousness that they are somewhat barbaric, unpolished, unrefined; that above them is a society somewhat superior to them, and they must reach that before they will completely respect themselves, and so rest content, and smile placidly when invited to "get on."

SECRET ASSASSINATIONS.

The Mysterious Air-Gun—The Silent Bullet—Are the Secret Assassins Thieves or Maniacs?

From the New York Sun.

Over a year ago, at one o'clock in the morning, a Brooklyn police officer was carelessly sauntering down his usual beat, when he observed a man partly hidden behind a tree on the opposite side of the street. The officer stopped and carefully observed the man's movements. In a few moments a man was observed coming up the sidewalk opposite. The man behind the tree stepped from his place of concealment, and walked down the street to meet the stranger, the police officer still closely watching him. When the suspicious person was within twenty feet of the stranger, and near a gas light burning brightly beneath the trees, the stranger slapped his forehead with his right hand and fell to the pavement—a dead man. His murderer began to rifle his pockets. The officer hastened at once to the spot, but the assassin saw him and fled

The officer pursued him. The chase was hot. Around corners, across half-paved streets, through slums and alleys, over high board fences and beneath flickering gas lights, the murderer fled, but a keen-eyed hunter was on his track. He was captured. On his line of flight an air-gun of peculiar construction was found. It had done its work silently and effectually. It was of simple mechanism, and could hardly be considered a marvel of mechanical skill.

The assassin turned out to be one Skidmore, a discharged policeman. In his house evidence was found which proved that he had been engaged for several years in nefarious schemes of burglary and murder. Brooklyn was thrown into a state of nervous excitement. Every undiscovered murder was thrown on the shoulders of Skidmore. He was even accused of being responsible for the mysterious "East River mystery," where a man's head, pierced with two bullets, and wrapped in a piece of oiled silk, was found floating in a Brooklyn dock, the thighs and legs similarly wrapped, being afterwards picked up near Gowanus.

On his arrest, Skidmore became as silent as a jungled tiger. Crowds of citizens swarmed to look at him, and loud whispers of lynch law floated about his ears. He kept up a bold front, but occasionally a twinge was visible on his countenance as he listened to the positive evidence before the Coroner. The crowd surged around him, and gazed at him as at one of the trapped anthropophagi. The air-gun was regarded with the greatest curiosity, and those inspecting it handled it with circumspection, fearful that a silent bullet was only awaiting a signal to add another to its roll of victims.

The Coroner's jury found Skidmore guilty of the murder, and the grand jury brought in a true bill of indictment against him.

Back to his cell went the murderer, with scarcely a ray of hope in his heart. The popular excitement did not abate. His speedy trial was demanded. His lawyers could not obtain a postponement. The trial came on; the evidence was overwhelming; the people thronged the court room. Skidmore's defiant front failed him at last, and at length he cut his throat in his cell and escaped the gibbet.

We do not know what became of the air-gun, but we do know that for weeks afterward many of the citizens of Brooklyn dared not go from their houses at night for fear of a silent straggling bullet.

Again we have accounts of shooting with the air gun—this time in New York. A week or two ago we had to announce the serious injury by a pistol shot of a young man walking at midday on the corner of Broadway and Canal-st. The cause was a mystery which was never explained. On Tuesday afternoon in two diverse localities, there occurred circumstances, fortunately less injurious in their effect, but hardly less mysterious in their nature, which seem to point with equal assurance to the diabolical agent, an air-gun. Two bullets in quick succession crashed through the windows of a grocery at the intersection of the Bowery and Bond-st. With as little warning a pistol ball entered through the plate-glass doorway of 310 Broadway, with dangerous force. A young man employed in Chittenden's dry goods store, was walking down Broadway, Wednesday afternoon, and felt something hit his arm. On arrival at the store he ascertained that he had been shot through the arm by a bullet, which had lodged and remained in his side. Where the bullet came from, who fired it, or for what—all these points remain a secret. On Monday an air gun bullet was fired through a pawnbroker's window in Centre-st. On the same evening one of these silent messengers of death came through a window in the *Sun's* editorial rooms, and one evening last week two bullet holes were found in the panes in Mr. Thomas Hitchcock's residence, at 8 East Twenty-ninth-st.

—It will be remembered that a young man from Australia claimed to be the "lost heir" to the Tichborne baronetcy, and was actually received by the Dowager Lady Tichborne as her veritable son. Hosts of aristocratic friends also recognized him; whilst the representatives of an infant claimant of the title and estates repudiated the pretensions of the Australian gentleman. It now turns out that the mother and all who sided with her in this question of identity were deceived. The man who had been figuring as "Sir Roger" has disappeared from England, owing, it is said, to a confederate in the plot having turned traitor; and a prosecution for conspiracy is to be raised against him should he ever return, which is not considered probable.

HEMLOCK BARK EXTRACT.

Mr. Maynard's Patented Process for the Manufacture of it.

The patentee claims for this process the advantages of cheapness in manufacture and quality of material far superior to any now produced by any other method.

1st. The bark being crushed, and not ground, there exists no necessity for storing and drying.

2nd. The apotheme or extractive being separated from the fibre by mechanical disintegration and chemical affinities, instead of elimination by means of steamed decoction, the process is considerably cheapened, and expedited, and an improved product is the result, because the tannin has not been decomposed by superheated baths.

3rd. The process of evaporation is entirely novel, and far superior to the old methods of evaporating in vacuo, a superior article being produced at less than half the expenses incurred by the method heretofore in use.

4th. As the extractive is obtained at low temperature, the gummy nitrogenous and inflammable matter is retained in the debris instead of eliminated in the extract, thus making a highly combustible material for burning purposes.

5th. By a chemical process this extract is preserved from fermentation, and consequently cannot be exposed to those serious deteriorations of quality produced by fermentation, which is so complained of by European tanners, as belonging to the extract now forwarded from America.

6th. The presence of extreme heat having the property of decomposing tannic acid, this process secures a larger proportion of it than the others by reason of thorough disintegration of the fibre and the lesser amount of heat required to produce this extract.

Cost of factory, including machinery and steam engine, from $12,000 to $14,000; for working capital say $6,000. Number of men required to produce 30 barrels per diem of 24 hours, 12; 1½ cords of bark for one barrel, which will fetch £20 to £24 per ton in the English market, and $20 per barrel in the Boston and New York markets.

HUMAN ACHIEVEMENTS.—A paragraph is going the rounds of the newspapers describing what are called "remarkable works of human labour." Among these are the walls of Nineveh; Babylon, with its immense bulwarks and brazen gates; the largest of the pyramids; Thebes; Athens; the temple of Diana; the temple of Delphos, etc. These works of human labour are remarkable only for being ancient. In modern times they are far surpassed by works of human labour, because human ingenuity forms a part of it. Thus the largest pyramid, covering eleven acres, and rising five hundred feet, employed three hundred thousand men for twenty years to build it. It is calculated that this was equivalent to raising thirteen millions of cubic feet of earth one foot. Yet in building the railroad between Birmingham and London, a distance of one hundred and twenty miles, which is famous for its deep cuttings and its long tunnels, twenty thousand men in five years raised the equivalent of twenty-five thousand million feet one foot. The Pacific railroad, the Mount Cenis tunnel, the Hoosac tunnel, the projected tunnel under Detroit river, surpass or vie with the wonders of ancient architecture and construction. But the same disposition to exaggerate the greatness of the past as developed in individual man increases the supposed importance and magnitude of men and their productions.

TRAGIC DEATH OF A BRIDEGROOM AS THE CEREMONY IS PERFORMED.—The Illinois *Citizen* of the 29th has the particulars of a tragic affair which occurred near Cornersville, in Giles county: A young man wooed and won the hand of a young lady whose brother was violently opposed to the match, and swore they never should marry. The heroic, though perhaps misguided young lady, yielding to the persuasive arguments of love, consented to an elopement. Accordingly, they clandestinely repaired to a neighbouring house to consummate their ardent desire. But the resolute and desperate brother was upon their track, and just as the happy couple were on the floor, about to be made one, a ball from his pistol penetrated a vital part of the bridegroom's body, and he fell into the arms of the devoted girl, who, true to him in death, assisted by friends, conveyed him to the bed, where, at her request, the ceremony was finished, she exclaiming that she "had rather mourn a dead husband than a dead lover." In a few moments the newly-made husband expired. The destroyer of his sister's happiness has not been heard of since he fired the fatal shot.

CURIOUS BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.—The absurd and ridiculous custom, so prevalent in the United States, of suing for damages in cases of breach of promise of marriage, is well illustrated in a law suit now pending in a New Jersey Court. A fine widow over forty seeks to compel an old man over eighty to fulfil the promise which she claims he made to marry her. The evidence makes it pretty certain that if he ever made such a promise, he was inveigled into it, and did not know what he was doing; but it is more probable that he never made it at all. The usual claim of blighted affection, &c., made in such cases, becomes absurd in this, when the age of the parties is considered, and it takes a still stronger shape when it is remembered that the old man is enormously rich. The thing is positively disgusting, and the woman ought to be prosecuted for an attempt to obtain money under false pretences.

—The English Chancellor of the Exchequer will propose in the coming session of Parliament, to remove the duty on tea. The move would be a very popular one. It is thought the removal will greatly increase the cotton trade in China.

—The latest strike in New York is among the plasterers, who claim a dollar an hour, and that eight hours should be a day's work. This is rather heavy; $48 a week would be a fine thing for a plasterer.

—Edwin Booth's new theatre at New York is pronounced to be the stateliest, handsomest and best appointed structure of its class on the continent. It opened on Wednesday last, the 3rd, to a house full of celebrities, who, amongst them, had paid a premium on the ordinary price of seats, of $10,000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Public Meeting—H. J. Friel.
Tenders Wanted—Robert Walker.
Teacher Wanted—George Craig.
Temperance Meeting.
Ottawa Snow Shoe Club—John Walsh.
Auction Sale of Pianos—J. Bermingham.
Farm for Sale—J. Bermingham.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.

We understand the Railway Commissioners have it in contemplation shortly to advertise three other sections of the road for contract. The plans, specifications, &c., will be ready on and after the fifth day of March, and the tenders will be receivable up to the evening of the twenty-ninth. The following are the new sections to be offered:—

Section No. 5, in the Province of Quebec, extending from forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, at the end of contract No. 2, to the sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about twenty-six miles.

Section No. 6, in the Province of New Brunswick, extending from the easterly end of contract No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the west side of the Main Post Road near the 48th mile post, easterly from Jacquet River, about twenty-one miles.

Section No. 7, in the Province of Nova Scotia, extending from the southerly end of contract No. 4, near River Philip, to station fifty at Folly Lake, about twenty-four miles.

On Saturday morning we laid before our readers the report of the Railway Commissioners on the tenders for the four sections of the road already let; the full list of the tenders, and the minute of the Committee of the Privy Council sanctioning the recommendations of the Commissioners.

These documents were, no doubt, perused with very great interest by the public. What becomes now of all the stories circulated by the pretended knowing ones, about "rings" and coteries? What about the supposed political influence that was to have decided the whole affair? Where the favouritism of the Commissioners, or of the Government? The answer to these queries—and there is but one answer to them all—ought to furnish food for reflection to many a newspaper scribe, and not a few political gossips. How do they like the arrangements that have been so far carried out?

The Commissioners, being satisfied with the character of the parties tendering, and having every reason to believe in their ability to carry out the work, did not hesitate to recommend the adoption of the lowest tenders. In this surely there was no favouritism; no appearance of political intrigue; evidently no other intention than to serve the public interest by securing the construction of the road at the lowest cost, consistent with a reasonable guarantee for the due performance of the work tendered for. That the Commissioners decided wisely in coming to the conclusion that the parties whose tenders were the lowest, were competent to undertake the work, no one who knows them will pretend to deny; hence their course has been such as not only to show the utter injustice of all the censures that have been heaped upon them in advance, but to give the public a practical demonstration of their determination to fulfil the important trust with which they are charged, honestly and with a single regard to the public interest. Some of our contemporaries made light of what they were pleased to term the "half denial" of the Ottawa Times, that either the Montreal (so called) ring, or any other "ring," had secured any special preference, either by collusion with members of the Government, or with the Commissioners. We hope these scribes will now have the candour to say that they were mistaken, and give both the Commissioners and the Government credit for their conduct in the premises.

There is a general feeling of surprise at the lowness of the tenders. Unsuccessful competitors, some of whose offers were double or treble the amount for which the sections have been awarded, will naturally enough represent that the work has been taken at a price which will not pay. Undoubtedly the accepted tenders were considerably below the Engineer's estimates. But then it should be remembered that the gentlemen who put in these tenders are all men of long experience and great practical knowledge. They may be supposed to know even better than an Engineer, whether the state of the labour market offers them peculiar facilities for getting work done at a rate which a few years ago would have been acknowledged as ruinous. We think it is at all events the duty of the public to give these gentlemen credit for understanding their own business; and while, no doubt, the Commissioners will take reasonable security for the due performance of the work, the country can afford to felicitate itself on the prospect of obtaining a cheap railway.

We do not give the slightest importance to the rumours which have been circulated to the effect that the contracts will not be signed at the prices named. The parties who sent them in, are likely to have considered well what they were doing, and could not have had any other object in tendering than to obtain the work. Is it likely, therefore, that they would decline to accept what they had put themselves to so much trouble to obtain? We scarcely think it necessary to caution the public against these rumours. Whether the work has been taken at too low a rate, is a matter upon which it is not now necessary to pass an opinion. It is enough to know that in accepting the lowest tenders, the Commissioners satisfied themselves that the parties who made them were possessed of the necessary "skill, experience and resources" to undertake the work.

The Montreal Telegraph Company have opened an office at Hull for the accommodation of the residents of that village. Offices have also been opened at Uxbridge and Manchester, in the Province of Ontario, and at South Hinchimbrooke, Quebec. Tariff from Ottawa to these places will be 25 cents.

We copy from the Montreal *Gazette* of Friday the address of the Hon. Joseph Howe to the electors of Hants. The document is one of considerable interest at the present time. It will be seen that Mr. Howe not only puts his own case in a very clear and forcible light; but also promises his opponents "a bit of his mind" touching their own career, should they have the temerity to meet him before "the men of Hants." The following is Mr. Howe's address:

Halifax, February 11.—The following address to the electors of Hants county, from the Hon. Mr. Howe, appears in the *Daily Reporter and Times*:

To the Electors of the County of Hants.

Men of Hants,—In the speeches addressed to you previous to the general election, I almost invariably defined three lines of action: 1st, to defeat the delegates who had framed the British America Act; 2nd, to endeavour to get that Act repealed; and 3rd, should we fail in the effort to repeal the Act, that we should endeavour to modify and improve it.

To accomplish the first I strained every nerve. Besides my labours in Hants, of which you were witnesses, I vanquished Archibald in Colchester, fought Tupper all around Cumberland; and in Queen's and Digby, by timely negotiations endeavoured to establish the discipline which ensured success.

Other gentlemen, who now profess to speak for the whole country, stayed at home, and did nothing outside their own counties to secure the victory, the fruits of which they have ever since enjoyed. You will remember that in 1867 I had laboured in conjunction with Messrs. Annand and McDonald, for many months in England, to prevent the passage of the Act. In 1868, as member of another delegation, I laboured with equal zeal and energy to repeal it. On both occasions every faculty of my mind was strained to its utmost tension to accomplish objects so deeply interesting to our people, and to restore to our country the constitution which, associated with patriotic men in the early portion of my public life, I had laboured to build up. Others might desire to defend or to restore what they believed to be valuable. I toiled with the zeal of an artist, passionately bent on guarding or recovering the work he had designed, with the parental feelings of a father struggling for the life of his own child.

Both these missions failed. That they did, is not surprising, when the odds against us are calculated and taken into account, and when I returned from England in July last, it was with the full conviction that further appeals would be hopeless, and a settled determination never to go on any errand again unless a union of the Maritime Provinces, afterwards reported impracticable, could be arranged. My own observations and experience were confirmed by the opinion frankly expressed by your tried friend and advocate, John Bright. From the day that I returned home I never concealed my convictions from anybody, and never changed my opinion. Others encouraged the belief that a change of the government in England would give us Repeal, and for six months the people of Nova Scotia have been deluded with hopes as baseless as a vision of the night. I would not lend myself to this deception, and became involved in a controversy with those who wished to conceal the truth. The minutes of the Council and resolutions were framed and sent to England, and another delegation was promised. Threats of violence were held out, never intended to be realized, and a conflict was provoked with the Lieutenant Governor, ending in apologies and humiliations not pleasant to contemplate; with these movements I had nothing to do. In the despatch which the Duke of Buckingham addressed to Lord Monck in June last, while distinctly refusing to repeal the act of union, he threw upon the Canadian Ministers the obligations to inquire into the working of that Act, with a view to such modifications and changes as would make it more acceptable to the people of Nova Scotia.

On leaving England I had but slender hopes that they would make any serious attempt to discharge themselves of the obligation in good faith; but when some of those ministers came down here in August, and solemnly pledged themselves before a committee of the convention to make the attempt, I claimed for them a fair hearing and due consideration of any proposition they might make.

In taking this line I acted in the spirit of my third proposition, that if we failed to accomplish the repeal of the Act, we should endeavour to modify and improve it. The negotiations, thus opened with the consent of that committee, were followed up by a letter addressed to me, by Sir John A. Macdonald, on the 6th of October. That letter demanded from me the most grave consideration. Had I refused to receive or to reply to it, I should have assumed a responsibility of which by no after act of my life could I have discharged myself in the face of this country. Her Majesty's Government would have been informed that Nova Scotia refused negotiation, a very large amount of money now happily within our reach would have been lost; and when the Local Legislature met, they would have no alternative but to raise that money by direct taxation, or to let the roads and bridges go down. I would not assume that responsibility, and if I had, I should have been held to a sharp account by the electors of Hants, to whom I had promised at twenty public meetings to modify and amend the Act if it could not be repealed. I therefore replied to Sir John A. Macdonald's letter, and the correspondence only closed on the 26th of January last. All through the autumn this correspondence was denounced by certain parties as treasonable and dangerous.

I append it to this letter that you may read it and judge for yourselves. Those who denounced it have wasted six months of life and have got nothing to show but an infinite amount of boasting; and the two despatches by which they have been rebuked by both the great parties in England, and in one of which they have been sternly told by a cabinet with John Bright in it, just what I have been telling them for half a year, that any further appeal to England would be utterly useless and vain. I should be wanting in common justice if I did not acknowledge the infinite obligations which the country and myself are under to Mr. McLelan, for the share he was kind enough to take in this negotiation.

The results are now before you. In addition to the $60,000 added to the Quebec scheme by the labours of the delegates sent to England in 1866, we have now obtained for ten years a sum amounting in round numbers to one hundred and sixty thousand dollars ($160,000) per annum, making, since I put my hand to this work, two hundred and twenty thousand dollars ($220,000) or fifty-five thousand pounds a year received for Nova Scotia.

Before the ten years expire, should it appear that from any cause, injustice is being done in money matters, the Canadians have now shown that they can be relied upon to reconsider the whole case and to do substantial justice.

You will perceive by the correspondence, that in August last the Premier offered me a seat in the Cabinet; that offer was renewed and pressed upon me in October. But I felt that it would be time enough to think of honours and emoluments for myself when I had tested the sincerity of his professions to do justice to my country, within the scope and boundary of his acknowledged powers of action. He did do justice. All that Mr. McLelan and I could fairly ask on the basis we had laid down of perfect justice to the other Provinces, after an exhaustive sifting of the whole subject was yielded, and then Sir John A. Macdonald, with some show of reason, pressed me again to take office. He said, we have now done justice so far as we could in monetary matters, and are prepared to deal fairly with Nova Scotia in all other branches of the public service as rapidly as we get the power; but I want your advice and assistance, in order that this may be effectually done, and what is more, I want a guarantee to give Parliament, that when they have voted this money the arrangement will not be repudiated by Nova Scotia. I felt the fairness of this argument. Our American trade was of deep importance to our people; should I hesitate to aid the Government in its recovery? The Intercolonial Railway is to be constructed. Nova Scotians who might tender should be protected. In all departments there was influence and patronage to be exercised and dispensed, and was I not bound to see that Nova Scotia was fairly treated? While much influenced by these considerations, I knew that a good many persons still clung to the belief that Gladstone's Government would repeal the Act, and my determination was to return home, consult my friends, and wait till the Local Government got their answer. Unexpectedly, but very opportunely, the despatch came while I was at Ottawa. I print it with this letter. It is short and decisive, and gives the answer to all the nonsense written in the autumn. I could no longer hesitate. The plain path of duty lay before me. All rational Repealers had professed that the battle was to last only till the answer came from Mr. Gladstone's Cabinet. The answer was here. The battle was over. Had I come home, I must have come back to Ottawa, to be sworn in and then returned to Nova Scotia, to run my election. The Governor-General was to leave on Monday, and on Saturday afternoon, I was sworn in as President of the Privy Council, to avoid a double journey to and fro of sixteen hundred miles. This office, men of Hants, though the technical formalities make it mine, is in your gift; and if of value to me, I must receive it at your hands. I could have accepted it with a seat in the Senate, and enjoyed it without your sanction, but you trusted me and I am not afraid to trust you. On a calm review of all the circumstances I believe that you will ratify, by your suffrages, my conduct and policy. I cannot condescend to defend myself from the mean charges and insinuations with which those who have been for more than a year fattening on the public treasure, have already defiled the press; but I shall be prepared to meet any of those persons before the electors of Hants, to defend my own conduct, and perhaps to do what I have not hitherto done, make some inquiry into the correctness of their own. Apart altogether from the mere personal question, you have now to decide whether Nova Scotia shall raise forty thousand pounds a year by direct taxation, or whether by this negotiation, ratified by the Canadian Parliament, our roads and bridges, and other public services, shall be amply provided for without any such necessity. You have also to decide whether there shall be a just and fair administration of public affairs, by your own representative who has seen some service and gathered experience, or whether Nova Scotia is to have no influence in conducting the Government of the Dominion, to the authority of which by law her people are bound to submit.

I hope to get into the county soon, and I will then be prepared to answer any questions you may ask, or to give any further information that this paper does not supply. In the meantime, believe me,

Yours truly,
JOSEPH HOWE.

The following memorandum has been submitted to us for publication. It treats upon a matter of great importance to the localities immediately affected, and we give it insertion, in the hope that the arguments it contains may be duly appreciated in the proper quarter:

Why is export duty upon round timber in its present shape objectionable as a tax?

1st. Because it taxes an article of produce of a very poor quality, which has to compete in a foreign market with a native production much superior in quality, and protected in addition by an impost duty of twenty per cent.

2nd. That the duty, if at all defensible, is too high and not uniform in its operation, levying as it does a tax of one dollar per thousand feet, board measure, upon round pine timber, classed by the Act as "logs," and two dollars per m. feet on round oak logs, and one dollar per cord upon what are termed, "bolts" of oak, swamp elm, and bass wood, while the valuable timber is exempt, namely, masts and square timber of pine or oak.

3rd. That it affects in its operation chiefly the counties of Norfolk and Elgin, of the Province of Ontario, and operates almost exclusively against the ports of Rowan and Burwell, in these counties, where more than three-fourths of the duty has been collected.

4th. That if continued the duty will force those persons engaged in the timber trade to close their business as soon as possible, and remove to a foreign country, as owing to the poor quality of the timber remaining it cannot sustain the duty. For proof of which, it may be stated that the duties collected at the port of Rowan upon export for the three months ending 31st December, 1867, was $3,282.39, while for the corresponding three months of 1868 the tax produced was only $684.00.

5th. That the duty will fail to encourage the sawing of lumber as might probably have been anticipated, for the reason that the timber in the districts referred to is so very coarse in quality, that it cannot compete successfully with sound pine from Michigan, from the greatly superior quality of the latter, besides it is a well-known fact, and should be noticed, that nearly all the mills in Norfolk and Elgin counties closed operations years ago, when the pine was much superior to that now remaining, and while the Reciprocity Treaty existed, when lumber was not subject to duty in any shape.

6th. That it will ruinously affect the owners of land in those counties, as the duty is equal to a stumpage of thirty per cent ad valorem, which creates a tax of from $10 to $15 per acre upon the lands affected by it.

7th. That it will seriously affect the interests of all classes in the counties referred to, as the decrease in the circulation of money this present season will not be less than $150,000.

8th. That settlers will be obliged to burn in the process of clearing large quantities of timber that would otherwise provide remunerative employment for an immense number of teams and men, and besides leave a small profit to the owners of the soil.

9th. That thousands of acres of land will be abandoned in the counties under the operation of the duty, as a large quantity of the lands have been purchased upon credit, and the cost of clearing the description of land referred to, is much greater than that of birch and maple lands, and the great inducements hitherto in clearing such land was the finding a market for the labour employed in the operation of cleaning.

10th. That persons holding leases of lands from the crown, and one firm in the county of Norfolk, working under a timber license, will be placed in a very unfair position, and must lose heavily if the tax be continued.

11th. That if the object in the imposition of the duty is to protect our saw mill owners, and even if it could be proved that it would be effectual for that purpose; the object will be defeated, as from all appearance the next Congress of the United States will relieve the round timber from the duty, and increase that upon sawn lumber and square timber.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869.

THE PROTEST OF THE RITUALISTS.

The following protest has been signed by a large number of High Church clergymen:

"In the name of God. Amen. Whereas in the case of Martin *vs.* Mackonochie, a judgment has been given by Her Majesty the Queen by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, in which certain principles are laid down and acted upon, which, if accepted and generally applied, would seriously damage the Church of England in the estimation of the faithful both at home and abroad;

"And whereas the said principles, in their nature, tend to disassociate the present church as by law established from the Free-Reformation church, and by consequence from the primitive church.

"And whereas, moreover, the said principles, if strictly applied, are such as to render the due administration of the Holy Sacraments and the celebration of Divine service impracticable if not impossible.

"And whereas, furthermore, without any fresh legislation, the said judgment thus tends to curtail the reasonable liberties and lawful rights of churchmen of one school of thought in a manner and to an extent unprecedented, while it lays upon another school a burden of observances which neither they nor their fathers were able to bear:

"Now we, the undersigned beneficed clerks, having in mind the provision of Magna Charta that the church should be free, and our own declaration at the time of our officiation, to minister the doctrine, and sacrament, and discipline of Christ, as the Lord hath commanded, and as this church and realm hath received the same, do hereby solemnly protest against the principles of the said judgment being taken to be the true principles of the Church of England, and against their being imposed by penalties and punishment upon the clergy of the said church for their acceptance."

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

LOCAL NEWS.

City Council.—The City Council will meet this evening for the despatch of business.

Military Funeral.—Private Hawkins, of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade, was buried with military honours. He was in the Crimean war and won several medals.

St. Alban School House Readings.—Readings this evening by Mr. Wicksteed, Mr. Grant Powell, Mr. R. Sinclair, and Mr. Fennings Taylor. Music and songs.

Farm for Sale.—We call attention to the advertisement in another column, announcing the sale by auction, on Tuesday the 16th inst., by Mr. Bermingham, auctioneer, of the east half of lot No. 1, fifth range of Huntley.

Garrison Artillery Parade.—The Brigade of Garrison Artillery will parade next Thursday evening at half-past seven at the drill shed. Captains commanding batteries will see that their men are warned and furnished with great coats, &c., previous to the evening's parade.

Still Cheap Boots and Shoes at Auction.—Mr. Rowe will open another lot of cases, containing gentlemen's Napoleon and other boots, a variety of men's gaiters, and a very large lot of ladies' and children's wear, besides an assortment of rubber goods. The sale will begin at the usual hour.

Nothing Stirring.—On Saturday the city was quiet and dull, there was nothing stirring, and no local news worth recording to be gleaned. Some of the policemen were apprehensive of being discharged, because there was nothing for them to do. Runaways were so scarce and so trifling, that they were not worthy of notice. If people got drunk, they would not come out of doors, and there was no prospect of a breach of the peace, or even of language calculated to lead to it.

Pianos at Auction.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be found that Mr. Bermingham has received a consignment of new octave pianos of the first tone and brilliancy, which he will sell by auction at his auction mart, on Thursday next, at 2 o'clock, p. m. Mr. Bermingham assures the public that these instruments will give satisfaction to the most critical judges. He also offers advantages to those who may have second-hand instruments and desire to get new ones, and promises to give full value for them. This therefore will be a good opportunity for those who may desire to procure a good investment, whether for cash or in exchange for old ones.

Police Court on Saturday.—Patrick Brown was drunk and disorderly on the public streets. The prisoner is an old man and known to the police; when arrested on Friday night he was making night hideous with his yells, disturbing the whole neighbourhood. He was fined $2 and costs, and in default was sent for two weeks to jail at hard labour.

Six cabmen were brought up charged with standing for hire on a place otherwise than the regular cab stand. The Police Magistrate said as some change was about to be made in the by-law respecting the cab drivers, he would not then entertain the charge, but he would warn them as to their conduct; as the licenses would be granted by the Police Commission, none would receive them whose characters were not good. The case was dismissed.

The Philharmonic.—As the time draws near for the first philharmonic concert the members should all endeavour to be at the practice this evening. If they do not attend they can scarcely expect that measure of success which a proper execution of the music selected is so well calculated to secure. We are aware that a number of the members are interested in the St. Alban's readings which are held on the same evenings, and frequently attend them. It is a great misfortune that both should be held at the same time, and many persons have expressed deep regret that some arrangement has not been made between the parties to have the musical practice and the readings on separate evenings. Surely such an arrangement might easily be effected. Why should not each appoint a committee this evening, to confer with each other, with a view to settling the difficulty, and promoting the interests of both?

The Markets.—Day after day the public are hoping for and expecting good markets, and in more than nine cases out of ten their hopes and expectations are disappointed. Certainly of late, we have not averaged more than one fair market in a week. We ask in vain for reasons, some will have it that the roads in the back country are still blocked up with snow, whilst others argue that it is not the roads so much as a scarcity. Whatever is the cause we are suffering from it, and shall have to look around us for other sources of supply. With pork at ten dollars per hundred, and very scarce at that, and with a scarcity of butter at twenty-five to thirty cents a pound, and with a scarcity of several other articles at correspondingly high prices, it would pay farmers from a greater distance than is travelled by those who frequent our markets, to bring in their commodities, if they have any to bring, and they will act wisely in coming while there is sufficient snow on the roads to make their way easy, and if they wait much longer dealers will have to import from other sections.

Mechanics' Institute Lectures.—After much uneasiness and many doubts as to the recovery of the Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum from a state bordering on dissolution, it might be highly gratifying to all who understand the great work of which such institutions are capable, to see our own Institute put forth signs of renewed vitality, especially at a time when its case appeared so hopeless. It is very late in the season to begin a course of lectures, but then "better late than never," and we rejoice to have it in our power to announce that the first of a series of lectures will be given under its auspices to-morrow evening. And we congratulate the managers on their good taste, and their success, in securing the services of the Hon. Col. Grey to deliver the first lecture. There is no man in our midst who has a more extensive knowledge of the working of such institutions, or a more correct appreciation of their usefulness in promoting the interests of our advanced civilization. That gentleman has for years been actively engaged in building up to its present grand proportions the Mechanics' Institute of St. John, N. B., and evinces a deep interest in the growth of ours. If a few active and capable men like him would go earnestly to work, they might, with the elements for success in such a work now in this city, build up an institution which in time might not fear comparison with any city of the same number of inhabitants in this Dominion. The subject which Col. Grey has chosen for his lecture—"A soldier's life twelve years ago, or the relief of Cawnpore"—is one with which he is perfectly familiar, and on which, we are informed, he has lectured before with great success. The committee have put the price of admission very low, so that on that score the public can have no excuse. See advertisement.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

Everybody Says So.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

A RELIGIOUS TOPSY.

A Girl Possessed of the Devil.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

At the St. Elizabeth Hospital, on Eleventh-st., in this city, there is confined a girl about twelve years of age, who is very singularly affected. For nearly a month now she has been apparently possessed of the devil. She is a resident of Cincinnati, and after suffering for three weeks at home requested to be brought to the above hospital, probably thinking that the demon of his Satanic Majesty did not extend south of the Ohio river. When placed in a carriage for removal, everything went smoothly enough until the horses reached the suspension bridge, where they halted, and for a considerable length of time steadily refused to go any further. Finally they allowed themselves to be led across the bridge, and having reached this side they manifested no contrariness until they arrived in front of the gate of the hospital, when it was found to be utterly impossible to get them to enter the yad. The girl had to be lifted out of the carriage by main force and carried into the hospital. It was proposed to take her into the chapel to see if prayers and the sanctuary would have any influence over the evil spirit, but on reaching the door her body became rigid as a statue, and the combined strength of several men was not sufficient to force her in, although she professed perfect willingness, and seemed distressed at her inability to comply with their wishes.

Father Rofter, the priest in charge, then suggested that she be taken into the sacristy or vestry-room, and after considerable effort they succeeded in getting her in there and from there into the chapel, where, after some of the spirits had been exercised, she seemed somewhat to recover some of her self-possession. But she appeared still to retain an aversion to holy things, being unable to recite her prayers. When asked to pronounce the name of Christ she was unable to articulate, and when she attempted to write it the pencil dropped from her hand, and her arm became perfectly motionless, but she wrote and pronounced without difficulty the word "devil." When the Sisters offered her "holy water" she became violently agitated, and almost went into convulsions, while a glass of plain water was accepted by her and drank freely. Upon one occasion Sister Amelia, the Mother Superior of the institution, went into the girl's room, wearing a piece of the "true cross," when the girl was thrown violently across the room by some invisible force, and went into convulsions, and remained so until the holy relic was taken from the room, when her agitation ceased immediately. The girl has a very amiable disposition, and her strange affliction seems to trouble her in mind as much as in body. She declares that she is controlled by some mysterious but irresistible power that is always forcing her to do evil. We understand that under the kind attention of the Sisters she is improving, and bids fair soon to recover her wonted self-possession, though she still requires the closest attention and cannot see company. Truly, the age of miracles is not yet passed.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

Interesting to Volunteers.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578v

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Wants.

WANTED.

A Female Teacher for the Junior Department of the Arnprior Common School, holding a second-class certificate. Applications will be received up to the 18th day of FEBY., 1869.

JAS. G. CRANSTON, M.D., Chairman.
GEO. CRAIG, Secretary.
974-3

WANTED,

By a gentleman and his wife, board and lodging, in a respectable locality. Address, stating terms, etc., ALPHA, Times Office, Ottawa. 964tf

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND, [Post Office Block,]

Have for sale

"THE TIMES" OF THE 11th,

With a Special Supplement, containing full particulars of the execution of Whelan.

Also, faithful photographic LIKENESSES of WHELAN, 10 cents each.

VALENTINES, VALENTINES, VALENTINES.

Ottawa, February 13, 1869.

Meetings.

REQUISITION.

TO

H. J. Friel, Esq., Mayor of Ottawa.

The undersigned hereby request you will call a Public Meeting, at an early day, to consider the erection of

WATER WORKS,

and to offer suggestions to the Corporation in relation thereto, on behalf of the citizens, as may be deemed advisable.

N Sparks	Allan Gilmour
J M Currier, M P	J Skead
A Workman	E Martineau
I Traversy	P A Egleson, Senr
Thos Ross	Jas Cotton
Joseph Aumond	Grant Powell
D W Coward	Thos Hunton
E Parent	O'Meara & Co
Garland, Mutchmor & Co	H V Noel
Geo M Rose	Chas Aumond
H O Burritt	P O'Meara
H F Bronson	Robert Skead
D M Grant	James Thompson
T D Harington	F X Pellant
John Langford	George Kennedy
R E Kimber	A Todd
W M Massey	J J Radford
F Braun	R S M Bouchette
W Young	W W Brown
G W Wicksteed	J W Brunell
W F Whitcher	R E O'Connor
Jas Esmonde	Bate & Co
J R Audy	C E Brush
M Kavanagh	A Begg
J W Peachy	David Millar
O C Wood	William Frazer
J Brown	A Brown
X Groulx	Joseph Germain
	E McGillvray

Ottawa, January 25th, 1869.

REPLY.

In compliance with the above requisition I hereby call a Public Meeting for the purpose therein stated, to be held in the City Hall, on THURSDAY, the 18th day of FEBRUARY, instant, at the hour of three o'clock, p.m.

H. J. FRIEL, Mayor.
February 4th, 1869. 974td

OTTAWA

SNOW SHOE CLUB.

Every member of the club is requested to attend the Special Meeting this evening (MONDAY, 15th inst.,) at HAGAN'S, Gatineau Village, to conclude arrangements for the first Annual Races. The club will leave Notman's Corner for the above village at ten minutes past eight, sharp.

By order,
JOHN WALSH, Secy.
974-1

A TEMPERANCE MEETING, in connection with Convention, will take place in Bank-st. Church, Rev. Mr. MOORE'S, on the evening of TUESDAY, 16th inst, to which the public are invited. The speakers expected are W. S. Williams, Esq., P.G.W.C.T., E.W. Murray, Esq., S.T. Hammond, Esq., Rev. J. C. Ash and Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B. Hon. M. Cameron will take the chair at half-past 7 o'clock. Collection at the close in aid of the lecture fund.

Ottawa, Feb. 15. 974-2

Auction Sale.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

GREAT

UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE

OF

PIANOS,

BY J. BERMINGHAM,

At his Auction Mart, 72 Sussex-street,

ON

THURSDAY, 18th INSTANT,

At TWO o'clock, P. M.

The subscriber is favoured with instructions from one of the best Piano Factories on the continent, to sell UNRESERVEDLY on the day above named a number of beautifully finished seven octave PIANOS of the first tone and brilliancy. The public and intending purchasers are respectfully invited to visit the Auction Mart, and inspect the instruments, which will bear examination, and give satisfaction to the most critical judges.

Parties having second-hand Pianos to dispose of, and wishing to purchase a new instrument, can now do so to the best advantage, as full value will be allowed for Pianos taken in exchange.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, February 15, 1869. 974td

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer, House and Land Agent,

Has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION on

TUESDAY, 16th FEBRUARY, INST.,

At TWELVE o'clock, noon,

At his Auction Mart, 72 Sussex st.,

the following lot of land, viz.:

The East half of Lot 1, Fifth Range of Huntley, County of Carleton, Richmond Road. This lot is an unimproved one, with a quantity of good timber, and a swamp of over 20 acres of splendid cedar and black ash, being the best timber for building and fencing purposes.

The Canada Central Railway, now building, will run within two miles of the above lot. Being well situated, and having many advantages, it will prove a good investment.

Terms and conditions of sale made known when the sale is opened.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, February 15, 1869. 974.2

Amusements.

OTTAWA MECHANICS' INSTITUTE AND ATHENÆUM.

Course of Lectures, 1869.—Gowan's Hall.

Tuesday, Feby. 16—Col. the Hon. J. H. GREY, "A Soldier's Life, twelve years ago, or the Relief of Cawnpore."
Tuesday, Feby. 23—JOHN LANGTON, M. A.
Tuesday, March 2—Rev. H. J. McLARDY, "Science, Ancient and Modern."
Tuesday, March 9—E. A. MEREDITH, L.L.D., "Talfourd's Tragedy Ion."
Tuesday, March 16—Rev. Mr. POLLARD.

Lectures to begin at 8 p.m. Admission, 10 cts. Family tickets for the course to admit three $1; to be had of J. G. Whyte, Rideau-st.; J. Hope & Co., Sparks-st.; and Messrs. Dalglish & Russell, Wellington-st.

W. WHYTE, President.
G. KENNEDY, Secretary.
Ottawa, Feby. 13, 1869. 973.3

NOTICE.—Tenders will be received by the Trustees of School Section No. 7. Township of Fitzroy, until the 24th day of FEBRUARY, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, for the Carpenter work and Plastering of School House in said section.

Specification to be seen at Robert Walker's.
Dated 6th February, 1869.

ROBERT WALKER,
SAMUEL STEVENSON,
JOHN BAIRD,
Trustees.
974-1-S.2

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of
Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"

THEN USE

WATERS' QUININE WINE,

The finest tonic in the world.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Agent for Ottawa.
January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

DOG LOST.

A Prince Charles Cocker Dog, Black, with Brown Paws and Muzzle, which answers to the name of "Charlie," was lost last Monday night. He had on a Leather Collar, bound with Brass, when he disappeared. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the dog to the Grand Trunk Agency Office, Russell House Block. Any person found harbouring the same after this notice will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972a

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 488y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!

But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

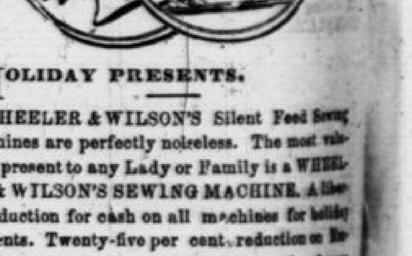
ORIENTAL COAL STOVE,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent. reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 16 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers,*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL.

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's.

NEW BOOKS.

Greater Britain, by Dilke; Tricotrin, by Ouida; Life of Christopher Columbus, by Arthur Helps; Cassell's Life of Lord Brougham; Chambers's Journal, 1868, (bound); the Book of Clans, by Selkirk; the Child Wife, by Mayne Reid.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st.

STATIONERY, &c.

J. DURIE & SON have received 1 case Segar's Tracing Vellum, best quality.

ALSO,

A Choice Lot of Valentines, (English,) direct from the manufacturers, wholesale and retail.

J. DURIE & SON.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 13.

The Hanlan's campaign opens to-day at Windsor. Annand, Jones, and other repealers, are speaking. Intense interest is felt all over Nova Scotia. Both parties are sanguine.

The Wardens of York, Ontario, and Victoria, have appointed Henry Bretheour, Deputy Reeve for Brock, a trustee on behalf of the Municipality of the Nipissing Railroad, as provided by the Act.

A married woman, incited by a domestic quarrel last night, tried to commit suicide by swallowing poison. She was only saved by her husband knocking the vial out of her hand.

Last night an inhabitant of Stanly-st. gave a girl a locket to look at, which she refused to return when asked for. Thereupon he pulled out a knife and attempted to rip open her stomach, but fortunately succeeded in only slipping her dress. He was tried at the Police Court to-day and committed.

From the meteorological summary for January, it appears notwithstanding the great warmth, five cases are recorded of higher mean temperature than the same month last year. The mean temperature for the month has been 27.7.

The Grand Trunk train, due at midnight, did not arrive until six o'clock this morning.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 13.

It is rumoured that extensive preparations are being made here for a mock funeral of Whelan to-morrow. Upwards of 3,000 green badges have been ordered.

Mr. Pelletier, Opposition candidate, was elected over Mr. Routhier, by 44 majority at Kamouraska, for the Commons.

Mr. Roy, Conservative, has been elected for the Local Legislature.

The Montreal Building Association are making efforts to increase their stock to $150,000.

The Grand Trunk snowshoe races came off at Point St. Charles to-day. There were a large number of spectators.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Loss of the Bark "Neptune"—An M. P.'s Opinion of the "Alabama" Treaty.

LIVERPOOL, February 13.—The bark *Neptune*, which sailed from New York, December 21st, for Liverpool, is reported to have been abandoned off Scilly.

A meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of Liverpool was held to-day to hear an address from Mr. Graves, Conservative member of Parliament from this city. Mr. Graves expressed the belief that the treaty negotiations with the American Minister for the settlement of the *Alabama* claims, was sure to be ratified by the United States Senate. He said the American claims were made with a dignity, and maintained with a forbearance that was fully appreciated by England. She had in consequence met the advances of the United States more than half way, and receded from the principle which had been regarded as fundamental to the British Constitution. The result of such conduct, said Mr. Graves, forbids that party politics shall in any degree interfere with the honourable arrangements that have been made between the two countries.

LONDON, February 13.—There are over 100,000 signatures to the Fenian amnesty petition.

QUEENSTOWN, February 13.—The royal mail steamship *Australasian*, from New York, has arrived.

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 13.—A despatch from Nice mentions the death in that city of Fuad Pasha, the Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the representative of that government in the Conference recently in session here.

SPAIN.

Opening of the Cortes.

MADRID, February 12.—At the opening of the Cortes the Marquis of Santa Cruz presided, and a salute of twenty-one guns was fired. During Marshal Serrano's speech there were *vivas* for the Provisional Government, for Gen. Prim, for a Republic, and for a Monarchy. The confusion was great, but was finally quieted by Serrano's crying *viva* for the sovereignty of the Cortes. A grand review of the troops was held subsequently, and the members of the Cortes attended a *Te Deum* in the Basilica of Our Lady of Atocha.

MADRID, February 13.—The proposition for a directory has been abandoned, and a regency and council suggested.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA NEW-YORK.

NEW YORK, February 13.—The *Herald's* Rio Janeiro correspondence, of December 29, says Admiral Davis with his fleet, and Messrs. Blair and Masterton, had arrived at Buenos Ayres. He expresses himself satisfied with the explanations made by Lopez and Belures, that Washburn, Blair, and Masterton were all engaged in a conspiracy to overthrow the Paraguayan Government. The remnant of Lopez's army was still at Augustura, Loque being at present his seat of government. Minister McMahon was with him. Caxias' army was very much in need of re-organization after the fight at Velletta; and it was rumoured that Porto Allegre had been requested to assume chief command of the army.

At a fire in Rio Janeiro the Custom House and $50,000 worth of property were destroyed.

The steamer *Henry Chauncey* has arrived from Aspinwall. She brings Panama dates to the 5th inst., California passengers, and $247,356 in treasure. The American Consul has found it necessary to protest against the collection of the commercial tax. Caleb Cushing is a passenger on the *Chauncey*. He brings with him a treaty for the Isthmus canals, having been entirely successful in his mission to Bagota.

CUBA.

HAVANA, February 11.—Thos. Ferry, the wealthiest merchant on the island, was arrested, but subsequently released. It is reported that he has offered to Capt.-Gen. Dulce his entire possessions to aid the Government in suppressing the revolution. Prominent Cubans continue emigrating from the island in large numbers. A portion of the insurgents in the district of Cienfugos are marching towards Hawaii Grandee, in Colon district. The mixed commission appointed by the planters and merchants to raise funds for the Government, have resolved to recommend the following plan: The Spanish banks to furnish a loan of $8,000,000 to the Treasury, the Government to provide for the payment thereof by imposing special taxes as follows: 50 cents on each box of sugar exported; $1 on each load of unmanufactured tobacco; and 50 cents on every 1,000 cigars; 5 per cent. additional on all import duties now paid; 25 per cent. additional on taxes now paid by merchants and manufacturers.

HAVANA, February 13.—Gen. Dulce has withdrawn his amnesty proclamation, as it was not accepted. The liberty of the press is also suspended. All violations are to be tried by court martial.

FLORIDA.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 13.—The *Herald's* Jacksonville special says for some time past a number of Cuban gentlemen have been in this city, under suspicious circumstances. On the 7th inst they chartered the steamer *Henry Burden*, giving out that she was bound for Nassau, and about the same time a steamer arrived from Charleston laden with coal, and hauled alongside the *Henry Burden*. The work of emptying coal into the latter vessel was immediately commenced, and continued all night, after which she went to sea, having cleared for Nassau. It is pretty well known the *Burden* has a quantity of guns and munitions of war on board, and that large sums of money have been offered for volunteers to ship on board of her. There is no doubt that the vessel is bound for Cuba to enlist in the service of the Cubans.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The "Alabama" Protocol before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

NEW YORK, February 13.—The *Times'* special says the protocol to the *Alabama* treaty has been partially considered in the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, but no action has been taken. The statement in any newspaper that the committee have unanimously agreed to report the protocol for ratification by the Senate is totally untrue. There is not the slightest chance that the present basis of the settlement of the *Alabama* claims will be agreed to by the committee.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

The Certificate of Election Presented to Gen. Grant and Speaker Colfax—Their Reply.

WASHINGTON, February 13.—The committee appointed to notify Gen. Grant of his election to the Presidency performed that duty this morning. Senator Morton delivered an address.

Gen. Grant on receiving from Senator Morton the certificate of his election said substantially that on accepting the office of President of the United States he was determined to carry out faithfully the obligations of that office, and referred particularly to the necessities for an honest and faithful execution of the revenue laws. He would call around him men who would in earnest carry out those principles of economy, retrenchment and honesty which were desired by the people of the country. Should the officers of the different branches of the Government service not satisfy him in the discharge of their official duties he would not hesitate a moment about removing them, and would do so just as quickly with his own appointments as with those of his predecessor. Gen. Grant stated that he had not announced his Cabinet up to the time of the official declaration of the result of the election, but had intended at that period to make known the names of those whom he would invite to become members. In the interval, however, he had concluded not to make known the names of the gentlemen whose services he would be glad to have in this respect, not even to the gentlemen themselves, until he sent them into the Senate for confirmation. The reason for this determination was because of the fact that should he do so a pressure would immediately commence from various parties to endeavour to induce him to change his determination, not so much probably from the fact that the opposition would be made from personal motives, but on account of the interest which gentlemen may have for their own friends. For these and other reasons he had concluded to make no public announcement of his Cabinet until the time mentioned. General Grant spoke without any reserve, and with the greatest frankness and courtesy.

Afterwards Senator Pruyne of the committee addressed the General very briefly, to the effect that while the party with which he was identified differed politically from the President elect he desired to assure him that his administration, in carrying out the principles which he had mentioned, would have their hearty support and co-operation.

The committee then waited on Speaker Colfax, who in response said: Gentlemen—Please convey to the two Houses of Congress my acceptance of the office to which I have been elected by the people of the United States, and assure them that I shall endeavour to prove worthy of this mark of confidence by fidelity to the principles and duty with which I have been intrusted.

Important Evidence in Relation to the Assassination of President Lincoln.

NEW YORK, February 13.—The *Commercial's* Washington special says the Congressional Committee has obtained some important evidence in relation to the assassination of President Lincoln. A servant of the Russian Minister in July, 1862, has testified, during the examination of H. W. Corcoran's claim by the Senate committee, that at a dinner party given at the Russian legation, Senator Bayard said he would give ten thousand dollars to anyone who would assassinate Lincoln and Corcoran, and added that he would give ten times that sum. The committee summoned old man Dohner, who was then butler to the Russian Minister, to corroborate the testimony of the witness, but Dohner has thus far refused to testify, claiming diplomatic privileges on the ground that he was then employed at the foreign legation. He has been excused until Wednesday next, when he will have to testify or be brought before the Senate for contempt.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 13.—American exchange 48.
Gold 135¼.
Money at 6 @ 7 per cent.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 13.—Cotton quiet at 29½c. for middling uplands.—Flour is moderate; receipts 4,068 barrels; sales 100 barrels at $5.80 @ 6.40 for superfine State and western; $6.75 @ 7.15 for common to choice extra State; $6.55 @ 7.45 for common to choice extra western.—Rye flour quiet; sales 100 barrels at $5.20 @ 5.75.—Wheat dull and drooping; receipts none; sales 25,000 bushels at $1.61½ @ 1.62 for No. 2 spring in store and delivered.—Rye quiet; receipts none.—Corn less active and drooping; receipts 16,262 bushels; sales 28,000 bushels at 91c. @ 93c. for new mixed western; $1.04 @ 1.06 for old western in store; 94c. for western yellow.—Barley dull; receipts 2,800 bushels; sales 18,000 at 76c. for western in store, and 77½c. for do. afloat.—Pork firmer at $32.25 @ 32.50 for new mess; $32 for old mess.—Lard heavy and lower at 18½c. @ 20c. for steam; 20c. @ 20½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 13.—Consols at 93 for money; 93½ for account; Bonds quiet and steady at 77½; Stocks steady; Illinois Central 95; Erie 25; Atlantic and Great Western 38.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 13.—Cotton heavy; sales 7,000 bales Uplands at 12½d. @ 12¾d.; Orleans 12½d. @ 12¾d.; Breadstuffs quiet; Common Rosin 6d.; Refined Petroleum 1s. 11½d.

100,000 FEET OF SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER

For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of
OAK,
MAPLE,
ELM,
BIRCH & ASH,
PLANK & SCANTLING,
of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.

Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.

WALTON SMITH.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869. 973tf

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)
LACKAWANNA (Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

TO LET, ON O'CONNOR-ST., a nine-roomed House. Possession immediately. Apply to Mr. CHARLES HUBAND, or to Mr. JONES, the present tenant.

Ottawa, February 13. 973-3

Auction Sale.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS,

&c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at his Sale-rooms, commencing on

TUESDAY, 9TH FEBRUARY, 1869,

a large and valuable stock of BOOTS, &c., &c., consisting of Men's Boots, Congress Gaiters, Winter Boots, Slippers, &c.; Ladies' wear in Gaiters of every description, both winter and summer; Misses' Boots, of every description; Children's Wear, &c. This will be a rare opportunity to secure Boots and Shoes, as the stock is large and well assorted, and will be sold with out reserve.

Terms of Sale—Cash in Bankable Funds.

Sale to commence each evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972tf

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF VERY

DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

has received instructions from ROBERT BELL, Esq., to offer for sale

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

on the premises,

On Friday, the 12th day of March next,

at 12 o'clock, noon,

that very valuable property in Block D, LeBreton's Flats, on which he resides, consisting of four lots in one block, viz.:

Lots Nos. 7 and 9, on Lloyd-st, and 6 and 8, on Bridge-st., containing nearly an acre of land. On Lot No. 7 there is a first-class STONE HOUSE, containing 4 rooms, a large Hall, Bath Room and Water Closet on the first flat, and 5 rooms, a Hall and Water Closet on the second flat, all finished, painted and papered in the best and most modern style, and in the rear of the house there is a large stone addition, containing a GRANARY and STORE ROOMS. In the basement of the house there are a large Kitchen, Cellar, Larder, Washroom, Pantry and Ice House, and a large Cistern capable of containing 300 puncheons of water, from which water pipes lead to all the principal rooms in the house. There are also Stone Stables, Sheds and Outhouses attached, and there is a magnificent Safe Vault in the house. The Grounds are tastefully laid out and planted with the best of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, and the whole premises thoroughly drained. The property altogether is one of the most complete, thoroughly built, finished and appointed in the city, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

The property can be viewed at any reasonable hour, and an examination of it is respectfully solicited by intending purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 973d

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

NOTICE.—The limited liability partnership heretofore existing between WALTON SMITH, Esq., of Onslow, P.Q., and the undersigned, under the name, style and firm of FRASER & SMITH, virtually ceased to exist on the Fourth day of September last, since which date neither partner has had authority to use the name of the firm to any document whatever.

Dated at Westmeath, Ontario, this 10th day of February, 1869.

973-3 ALEX. FRASER.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY,

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS

STATIONERY,

AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—
Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard'd, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE,
And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:
FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

☞ Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

☞ In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds.*

☞ The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do
575 " UNION do
1925 " 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS.

☞ All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

☞ The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

☞ All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,
BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

STOVES OF THE
LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED
PATTERNS,
Still selling below cost at
ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The argest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 882y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
H. of Commons.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

☞ LOW PRICES, ☜

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,
3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,
From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS
In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES
In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,
In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,
In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,
PLAIN AND FANCY,
Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,
CANADIAN & ENGLISH,
A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,
BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,
Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,
at reduced prices.

VELVETS,
MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,
In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,
Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,
Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT
MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.
CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.
CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
The Tea Pot, Ottawa

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1869.

The cry still is no market. The few loads on Saturday cannot be looked upon as constituting a market. The only article which could pretend to be even moderately represented was hay; that remained at its old price. Oats was next, of which there was an approach to a fair supply, everything else was so scarce as to deserve no notice.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	60 0	@	0 64
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	19 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

A NEW CIGAR LIGHT.—The other day, in a private company, a medical gentleman amused his friends by lighting candles with his breath as fast as they could put them out. A cigar, which was very nearly out, being presented to him, he breathed upon it; and it flared up into a flame. He subsequently let out his secret, which was simply this, that a short time before he had been inhaling oxygen gas. We know from Dr. Demarquay's learned experiments, that this substance may be absorbed in considerable quantities by the respiratory organs; and when this has been done, one continues to inhale the gas, though in an impure state for some time after. Now, if there remains the slightest point of ignition on the wick of a candle, after it has been blown out, that is quite sufficient to make it light up again if it comes in contact with oxygen.

—George Dowey, the murderer of Goodhue, in a quarrel caused by jealousy, in Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, was tried and convicted on the 24th ult. When the Judge was pronouncing sentence, many in the court were affected to tears. Just at the moment the Judge was about to pronounce sentence, the prisoner held up his locked hands and appealed for as long a time as possible for execution. The sentence of the court was that he be taken to Pownal Square, on the 31st of March next, and there be hanged by the neck until dead, between the hours of six o'clock in the morning and six in the evening. By a singular coincidence his execution will take place within sight of the spot where the murder was committed.

—The Philadelphia *Proof-Sheet* for January shows that there are now published in the United States 5,244 journals, of which 542 are daily, 4,425 weekly, and 277 monthly. New York publishes the largest number, viz., 675; and Arizona the smallest number, viz., 2. Pennsylvania stands next to New York, and prints 495 papers. Illonios has 415: Ohio, 377; Indiana, 269; Missouri, 240; Iowa, 228, and Massachusetts only 219. In the whole of Great Britain only 89 daily newspapers are published, of which 22 are printed in London; while in this State there are 77 daily papers, and in Pennsylvania 49.

—An unfortunate omission delayed the completion of a funeral at the village of Penyease, near Ruabon, tue other day. It was dusk when the procession reached the ground, and after the service had been read in the chapel, it was discovered that the burial certificate had not been procured! The coffin had to lie uninterred until morning.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need ook no further for the required aid.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 25c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do. 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do. do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattle sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock, ...$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President,
HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer,
HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary.
H. B. REEVE.

Counsel.
MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent.
MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid a the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fail through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolised nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise. Based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40;	December, 1867	$576,135 19;	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,594,644 96;	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55;	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,589,178 79;	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52;	Increase	159,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	163,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.			
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 65	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Prize, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

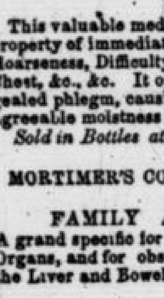
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR CASES of CONSUMPTION treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right f ods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st, London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10.30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 77utf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Survey of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

R. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec; Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st, corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA
AND
GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE	O.	A.	A. & Co.	MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

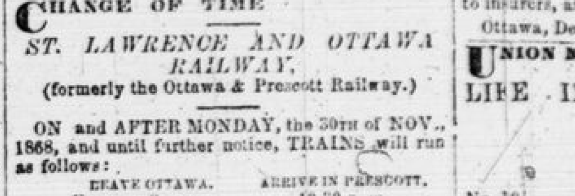
A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:20 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10 a m
Night do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at	8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.	
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7.00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at	3:30 p m
via Vermont Central.	
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

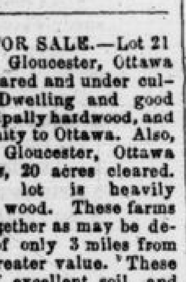
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ...DESBARATS' BLOCK,

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada;

No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, &c.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, &c., or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE.—At the West End Establishment Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAACS, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be had in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930.3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twenty of January, A. D. 1869.

J. GRANT,
930b JOHN S. HENDERSON.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL.

Dry

KEARNS & RY

KEARNS

THE AB

having bought out the

BANKRU

LEASE OF PREM

MESSRS. GRANT

LOW COMPOSITIO

are now prepared, and

THE WHOLE OF T

BETWEEN THE

IMMENSE REDU

FROM OR

THE SALE T

WHOLESTOCK

GREAT B

may be expected.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869

REMOVAL.

NO. 34, SP

T. RA

having removed to ... takes pleasure in announ... mers and the public gen... large and well ... STAPLE AND FA...

Flannels, Winceys, Cottons, Prints, &c.

We have also on han READY-MADE which, being manufactur... can recommend, and sell ... this city.

THE TAILORING

This department is under a well-known first-class ... orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the ... store lately occupied by ... door to Magee & Russell's

Previous to

CUNNINGHAM & ...

No. 14, R...

Offer great inducem...

IN DRESS GOODS.

They have made a gre...

IN FANCY WO... CLOUDS, &c.

They have resolved to cl...

IN PRINTS, GREY ... TONS,

and all ...

They have s...

IN CANADIAN CL...

Their prices ...

REMEMBER TH...

GUNNING...

Ottawa, January 27, 18...

HOLIDAY PRES...

THE "MEDIC...

28 Sparks...

Toilet Boxes in variety, ...

Rimmel's New Per...

Cambridge ...

Oxford ...

Silver Top Smelling Bott...

Scotch Plaid Smell...

Improved P...

A complete stock just re... Patent Medicines.

Genuine Drugs an... Druggists' Sun... W. M... Family ...

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE B...

situated in the very cent... VILLAGE OF ... formerly known as the ... as the "ONTARIO ... combining all the advan... FIRST-CLASS ... including Planked Yar... Kitchen do., Driving Sh...

Terms easy and liber... of the undersigned.

J. JAM...

Messrs ...

JNO. M...

Pakenham, February ...

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 975. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Black Cloths, Winceys, Beaver Cloths, Cottons, Meltons, Prints, Tweeds, &c., &c.

We have also on han a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clear out the whole of these at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.,

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
BAY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible]dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown....... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00
Halifax....... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer....... 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown....... 30 00
Halifax....... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer....... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE *OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,* SPARKS-STREET, Where all orders for the CANADA GAZETTE, AND FOR PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY, may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 951tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED

ROCK OIL.

Just received at the

OIL DEPOT.

73

SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,

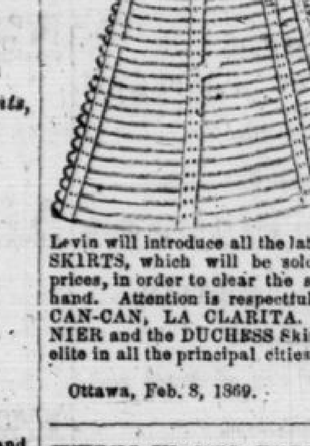
BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.

Chimneys, Wicks, and Lanterns.

D. R. LEAVENS,

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.

☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.



CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY, 43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA FANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. D. MILLAR. 968d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery, China, and Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

☞ Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W R. WORSLEY,
S.-C. C. Rly.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 972-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 868tf

LOST, on Metcalfe-st., about 12 noon, on FRIDAY, the 12th inst., a dark SEALSKIN MUFF. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at H. McLean's Auction Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 973tf

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
[illegible] Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK STOVES,
BOX STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES,
DOUBLE STOVES,
HOTEL STOVES,
COAL STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

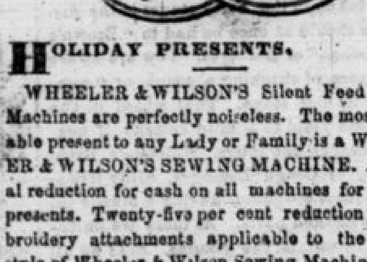
H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES OF THE LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED *PATTERNS,*

Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN;
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,

Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS.... $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

☞ Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.

Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 956d

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"

THEN USE

WATERS' QUININE WINE,

The finest tonic in the world.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

TO LET, ON O'CONNOR-ST., a nine-roomed House. Possession immediately.

Apply to Mr. CHARLES HUBAND, or to Mr. JONES, the present tenant.

Ottawa, February 13. 973-3

BRAIN AND MUSCLE.

The Food for Each.

Dr. Albert Bellows's book, "How to be Sick," has some good suggestions about food. We quote a portion of what he says in regard to

BRAIN WORKERS.

It has been proved by analysis that the more active the brain, the more phosphorus is used up and thrown off by the system, clergymen using up more on Sundays, and lawyers on court days, than at any other times, and yet our professional men have lived as other men live—eating what has come before them without considering whether the elements they take are adapted to develope stupidity or mental vigour; eating, perchance, such stupifying articles as ham or fat pork, and white bread and butter, while making or preaching a sermon, and such phosphatic food as trout and other fish, with unbolted bread, vegetables and fruit, when idle or rusticating. But a little observation would show a vast difference in the quality of sermons, whether made or preached, on the carbonaceous or phosphatic diet; and the estimate of the old divine, "if the number of tons of beans and pork preached to every Sunday, while the owners were asleep, might be offset by an estimate of the number of congregations, not only in New England, but in Old England, and all the rest of the fat and starch-eating world, who are put asleep by sermons made from stupifying principles extracted from fat pork, fat beef, and superfine flour."

The nitrates and phosphates of all meats and vegetables are partly soluble and partly insoluble; and, therefore, in soaking in cold water, all lose much that is important, especially to the thinking man. In cold water, albumen is dissolved or lost, but in hot water the albumen is coagulated, and mostly retained; but in hot water as well as cold, the soluble phosphates are lost. Neither fish, nor meats, nor vegetables should, therefore, ever be pickled in brine, nor should they be boiled, unless in a little water, as in the admirable arrangement of Zimmerman or Durklee, where all the soluble materials, as well as all the flavour, are retained in the water that is necessary to keep up the steam, and being used as gravy or soup, all the elements are saved, as nature intended.

In roasting, or boiling, or, indeed, in any manner of cooking, care must be taken not to burn up or otherwise destroy or lose any of the juices of either vegetables or animal food; especially is this important for thinking men, and for those whose digestion is full—the power of the stomach, as well as the power of the brain, being dependent on soluble phosphorous. And especially is the power of the stomach dependent on the flavour of the food. Let any one try the experiment of cooking meats, fish, potatoes, carrots, turnips, or any other food—animal or vegetable—in a steamer in which the flavour and all the steam are distilled back and saved, and compare the taste of these with that of the same food cooked so that all of these elements are lost, and he will be astonished at the difference in flavour, digestibility, and mental and physical energy imparted by it.

MUSCLE WORKERS.

From the chapter on "Food for Labouring Men," we make some valuable selections also. The kinds of food most wanted, because eaten when not wanted by the system, are the most expensive. The article most used, when not wanted, is superfine flour, out of which has been bolted a large portion of its nitrates and phosphates. This being used with butter and sugar, furnishes very little but heating material. The next article on which most money is expended and wasted, because most used with other articles containing enough of carbonaceous elements, is butter, which contains not a particle of strength or life-giving material, and therefore useless, except with food deficient in carbon. And another article most extensively used, and for the same reason wasted, is sugar, which, though useful with too acid fruits, and as a part of a meal in which is too large a proportion of nitrogenous food, is worse than useless in confectionery, cakes, &c., especially if eaten between meals, and when food is not wanted, as it not only adds to the superfluous heat, but causes fermentation in the stomach and bowels, and causes, or tends to cause, flatulence, colic, dyspepsia, and the thousand and one troubles of the digestive organs, which we were apt to impute to green vegetables and fruit, when the fact is, these extra carbonaceous substances, in their passage out of the system, embarrass the digestion of natural food, and cause it to give us these troubles; and this is proved by the fact that those who avoid these expensive and useless articles may eat as much as they choose of green vegetables and fruits, and they give them no flatulence, produce no irritation.

Our Puritan forefathers, who lived on beans, pears, unbolted grains, and the meats, vegetables, and fruits as they came from their fields and gardens, cooked in the simplest manner, best calculated to develope their natural flavour, and prepare them for digestion, were not troubled with flatulence, colic, or indigestion. And our foremothers were not the pale-faced, flabby-muscled, toothless, chloretic, consumptive, and sentimental race, as their degenerate daughters of the present generation. Even our farmers and their wives and daughters have become terribly degenerated. Instead of the robust and healthy men, and the full-chested, healthy, rosy-cheeked, beautiful women of former generations, we see a people almost as feeble and sickly as the city people. And the reason is apparent. The outer crust of the wheat, and the buttermilk, which contains the nitrogen, phosphorous, and iron, on which strength and energy, mental and physical, and beauty of complexion depend, is given to the cattle and the pigs, while they take themselves, instead, the butter, fine flour and sugar, which contain only the heating and disease-producing carbonates.

The robust Irishmen and Scotchmen, also, who come here with strong, energetic muscles, and sound teeth, from their oatmeal, wheat and barley cakes, with their potatoes, buttermilk and cheese, soon fall into our starch and grease-eating habits, and become, or at least, their children become, as pale, puny, and toothless as pure-blooded Yankees.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

THE MASSACRE IN HAVANA.

A correspondent of the Albany *Argus*, writing from Havana, gives the following interesting narrative of what he saw during the recent massacre in that city:

"These are sad times in Havana and Cuba. Every man's hand is against his neighbour, and murder runs wild riot. There was no serious outbreak until Friday night, January 22d. On that evening, at the Theatre Villaneuva, devoted to operatic, dramatic and equestrian performances, they played a political piece—in favour of the Cubans or insurrectionists. The Cubans shouted, stamped, threw bouquets and even their hats on the stage. This did not please the Spaniards, who raised the cry of "Vive la Hispania," but it was drowned in the Cubans "Vive la Capitis." Shots were fired promiscuously, the innocent suffering more than the guilty, and the scene was one of the wildest confusion. At this stage the volunteers arrived—all Spaniards, (recently enlisted) who hate the Cubans to the death; the melee became a massacre. One beautiful Cuban girl tore down the Spanish colours, but a bayonet thrust choked the "Vive la Capitis" in its utterance; she fell dead, pierced through the throat; how many lives were lost will never be known, the Government having a way of suppressing all reports, but undoubtedly there were many. I concluded, about the first of the trouble, not being a belligerent, I had better retire, so I sought the safety of my hotel. The night was a turbulent one throughout the city. Saturday was more quiet, but every one looked excited, convincing me that their dissensions were only slumbering, to break out again with greater violence. One Cuban, during the day, commanded, with a revolver, one of the citizen soldiers to shout "Vive la Capite," a comrade Spaniard from behind ran him through with his bayonet. The procession of soldiers, bearing the body, passed our hotel—it was a sad sight. The *Moro Castle*, sailing Saturday, was boarded previous to its departure, by Spanish officials, to ascertain whether all the passengers were provided with passports. Captain Adams pointed to a Swedish captain as one, stating at the same time that having been wrecked, and also a captain, that he did not require a passport, and that he should protest against his being taken from the vessel; but the officials took the man, nevertheless, and the *Moro Castle* steamed out of the harbour, without giving the customary salute to the Spanish flag, and with lowered colours. This is called a direct insult to the Spanish Government.

Sunday night capped the climax. The Louvre is a restaurant next door to our hotel, where the wealthy of all classes, Cubans and Spaniards, meet to partake of coffee, ices and cooling drinks; it is also more resorted to by foreigners than any other place in the city. Being near the hotel, I have been there with friends every night during my stay in that city.

About nine o'clock a pistol shot was fired (it is said, I heard no report,) from the second story of the Louvre, used as a billiard room, on a large squad of volunteers passing. The volunteers, mad, green and unused to arms, immediately commenced a promiscuous firing on the people eating ices and drinking coffee in the saloon below, and a terrible slaughter ensued. I was about entering the Louvre when the firing commenced, but rushed back to the hotel and managed to get in before the doors were closed and barricaded. A lot of us went to the house top, where, behind the parapets, we could overlook the whole scene. While looking at the fight, a volunteer pointed his gun at us, crying out in Spanish, "Who are you?" You may well believe we shouted, "Vive la Hispania," and jumped out of danger. About three hundred shots were fired in fifteen minutes; the shooting was all done by the Spanish volunteers, and was downright murder of innocent people, the people in the Louvre being wholly unarmed. Soon, over the roof of the Louvre, came a number of Cubans, and jumped down on the hotel roof, and fifty or more stayed at the hotel all night, fearing to go home. I did not get thoroughly frightened until the Cubans came into the hotel, then I immediately imagined they were pursued by the volunteers, and if so, our lives were valueless, as they shot any one who did not wear their uniform.

I went to my room, got my revolver, and prepared for the worst. Fortunately for us they did not pursue. Presently, it being more quiet, we ventured down stairs and took a cautious look out of doors. The first thing that met our eyes was a fine-looking young man, stretched dead before the dining room window, shot through the heart, lying like a dead dog in the mire of the street.

The night continued an exciting one. The fine house of a wealthy Cuban, Don Domingo Aldama, on the Calle de Tacon, fronting on the Campo Marto, was sacked by the excited volunteers, and many rare and beautiful works of art were destroyed. The building cost $600,000, and its contents were very valuable. An American citizen, a photographer, was commanded to shout "Vive la Hispania;" he shouted "Vive l'America," and was shot dead. His name was Connors.

Shots were heard all through the night, reminding one of the night before the Fourth of July, when the boys keep every one awake.

The next morning, nought remained to tell the tale, save pools of blood here and there, while over the battered Louvre the Spanish flag was flying.

The atmosphere is getting decidedly too hot here in Havana, and during my sight-seeing some of the sights have not been of the pleasantest form imaginable. I shall take the first steamer to Mexico. But as that will not be for a week or ten days, you may, if the undersigned does not stop a bullet, expect further news.

H. C. L.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

NEW SYSTEMS OF HARBOUR DEFENCE—A FLOATING FORT.

The attention of military and naval engineers has recently been called to an invention that rivals the Moncrieff carriage as a defensive machine, and as a simple and elegant embodiment of correct mechanical ideas. We refer to the floating fort of Capt. James T. Ryan. The effectiveness of modern war machinery had come to be a mere question of money. If a nation had got millions enough to line its shores with masonry and cover its waters with iron clads, it could be protected. The inventions we have mentioned, however, are remarkable, from the fact that instead of merely piling in money, they take advantage of certain natural materials and forces to save money. Instead of thickening the walls of a fort to protect his gun, Capt. Moncrieff lets his gun drop into a hole in the ground, where it is safer than it would be within a casemate, and then he lifts it out by the stored-up force of the recoil, a force that would otherwise be wasted. Instead of widening and deepening foundations for forts—a work that when done in marshy ground may be best explained as digging a deep pit and filling it with gold—Capt. Ryan takes advantage of the practically infinite buoyancy of water as a foundation for his fort. He sinks a great tank, like an inverted gas holder, into the ground, wherever a fort is wanted, on a mud bank or on a bluff, partially fills it with water, and then sets a monitor turret afloat in it. The weight of the fort—its diameter and thickness—is only a question of depth of tank, so that this system of construction is unlimited in capacity. Nor is mere flotation the chief advantage of the water foundation. Water is also frictionless; and instead of inflexible rails, with perfectly level surfaces, and tons of steel rollers truly turned, and costly mechanism and mighty enginery to sustain and revolve the enormous weight of a fort, a simple film of water between the turret and the tank yields to all irregularities of motion and surface, and affords the most frictionless medium known in the arts.

The fort proposed by Capt. Ryan is some sixty feet in diameter and forty feet deep; it is placed in a tank some thirty feet deep, and four feet larger in diameter than the turret, leaving a water space of two feet all round and beneath the turret. The upper part of the turret—some ten feet—projects out of the tank; is made eighteen inches thick, of solid iron, and is pierced for eight fifteen-inch guns. The roof is flat, and shell-proof.

The lower part of the turret is amply large for stores, ammunition and quarters. Access from without, or from magazines or other forts, if required, may be had by means of underground tunnels and two water-tight shafts running up in the centre of the turret, the one shaft within the other, leaving a water-space between, just as the turret is within the tank. A fort of this kind would weigh some 2,000 tons, and could easily be revolved by hand, or rapidly by steam power. The turret is kept central in the tank by rollers at the sides.

A modification of this invention—a portable port for harbours—seems equally important, and consists of a floating timber platform, iron-plated, and say 150 feet square, with a well in the middle for a turret. The timber shield is a substitute for the tank, before mentioned, except that it has no bottom under the turret. The turret and the shield float independently. The shield prevents the turret from being rammed, or nearly approached, and protects the lower, unarmoured part. With half a dozen such turrets anchored across the Narrows, and mounting six or eight 20-inch guns apiece, it is difficult to see how any hostile fleet could pass.

This invention, in its various applications, and with the engineering modifications which experts will suggest, should seem to be the most simple and cheap, as well as effective, means of harbour defence yet devised, and, together with the present forts and monitors, and with lines of Moncrieff gun-pits, it would seem to reverse the late decisions of naval warfare, and to place defence, instead of attack, again in the ascendant.—*N. Y. Times.*

A WICKED FRAUD—HOW MARK TWAIN WAS SOLD IN NEWARK.

The Newark *Press* contains the following exposition of what Mark Twain terms "a wicked fraud," perpetrated on him during his recent lecturing visit to that city:

It is seldom pleasant to tell on one's self, but sometimes it is a sort of relief to a man to make a sad confession. I wish to unburden my mind now, and yet I almost believe that I am moved to do it more because I long to bring censure upon another man than because I desire to pour balm upon my wounded heart. (I don't know what balm is, but I believe it is the correct expression to use in this connection—never having seen any balm.) You may remember that I lectured in Newark lately, for the young gentlemen of the Clayonian Society. I did, at any rate. During the afternoon of that day I was talking with one of the young gentlemen just referred to, and he said he had an uncle who, from some cause or other, seemed to have grown permanently bereft of all emotion, and with tears in his eyes this young man said:

"Oh, if I could only see him laugh once more! Oh, if I could only see him weep!"

I was touched. I could never withstand distress. I said:

"Bring him to my lecture. I'll start him for you."

"Oh, if you could but do it! If you could but do it, all our family would bless you for evermore—for he is very dear to us. Oh, my benefactor, can you make him laugh? Can you bring soothing tears to those parched orbs?"

I was profoundly moved. I said:

"My son, bring the old party around, I have got some jokes in that lecture that will make him laugh if there is any laugh in him—and if they miss fire I have got some others that'll make him cry or kill him, one or the other.

Then the young man blessed me, and wept on my neck, and blew his nose on my coat tail, and went after his uncle. He placed him in full view, in the second row of benches that night, and I began on him. I tried him with mild jokes; then with severe ones; I dosed him with bad jokes, and riddled him with good ones; I warmed to my work, and assaulted him

on the right and left, in front and behind; I fumed and sweated, and charged and routed till I was hoarse and sick, and frantic and furious—but I never moved him once—I never started a smile or a tear! Never a ghost of a smile, and never a suspicion of moisture! I was astounded. I closed the lecture at last with a despairing shriek—with one wild burst of humour, and hurled a joke of supernatural atrocity full at him. It never pleased him! Then I sat down bewildered and exhausted.

The President of the society came up and bathed my head in cold water and said:

"What made you carry on so towards the last?"

I said:—"I was trying to make that confounded old fool laugh, in the second row."

And he said:—"Well, you were wasting your time—because he is deaf and dumb, and as blind as a badger."

Now, was that any way for that old man's nephew to impose on a stranger and an orphan like me? I simply ask you as a man and a brother, if that was any way for him to do?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Books—J. Durie & Son.
House, with Garden, to Let—A. P. Patrick.
Snow Shoe Club—John Walsh.
American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets and Interesting Reading Matter see Fourth Page.

There was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon, at which the following Ministers were present: Sir John A. Macdonald, Hon. Messrs. Rose, Langevin, Tilley, Campbell, Kenny and Mitchell.

It is understood that the Hon. Mr. Langevin intends to leave to-day for Quebec.

We clip the following capital hit at the pious Montreal *Witness* from the editorial correspondence of the Belleville *Intelligencer* dated "Ottawa, February 11, 1869," one of the *Intelligencer's* staff having been here on the day of the execution:

"By the way, there was considerable rivalry exhibited by the reporters to-day, and the most frantic efforts were made to see who would get the wires first. The reporter for the Montreal *Witness*, I understand, was the most successful, he having had a sleigh ready outside the jail, and just as soon as the drop fell he had scampered away, Bull-run style, and got to the telegraph office about fifty feet ahead of his competitors. The result will be, I presume, that the *Witness* will have sold one or two thousand extras before any other Montreal journal; and as a fitting *finale* some two or three days afterwards, the editor will pitch into his brother journalists for catering to the vitiated tastes of their readers, by furnishing long and sensational accounts of public executions, and other equally horrid affairs."

As to the fact on which these just reflections are based, we cannot of course undertake to speak, but we quite agree with the *Intelligencer* that the *Witness* would be quite ready to profit by any bit of sensational gossip agoing. In its own way it has seldom been much behind those of its contemporaries who are occasionally reprimanded through its columns; and never more severely than when by their own good fortune, or greater enterprize, they happen to get ahead of it.

But the newspapers enjoy no monopoly in the application of the fact that there is a keen appetite abroad for what is fitly enough termed the "sensational." The old lady who applied to the doctor because "she could not enjoy her murders," may have been an exaggerated type of those who scan the newspapers mainly for the excitement of reading "horrible" incidents; but if others do not consult their physicians for a like disease it may be because their appetite in this particular does not fail them.

Nor does this appetite look to the press alone for food. For, in the very number of the *Intelligencer* from which we have made the foregoing extract we read the following:

"Temperance Lecture.—A lecture by Mr. McNabb, Police Magistrate of Toronto, was delivered in Ontario Hall, Friday evening, Dr. Oronhyatekha in the chair. The lecturer entertained his audience for upwards of an hour, in detailing the horrors of drunkenness, from cases which had come under his own observation as Police Magistrate of Toronto. He also gave the temperance people advice as to the enforcing of the law, and the necessity of pledging candidates at elections. The lecture was interspersed with a number of humourous jokes, and was well received."

Now, we do not doubt but that the "horrors" of the Toronto Police Court might well occupy an hour in detailing. But if these horrors—albeit confined to the single item of "drunkenness," are fit food for the intellectual entertainment of an audience in a lecture hall; may not the "horrors" of some other vice—even were it murder—be selected for the "entertainment" of other portions of the community for whose appetite those of drunkenness do not offer so keen an attraction!

Again we are told that the lecture was "interspersed with a number of humourous "jokes, and was very well received." Here we have a grave dispenser of justice dealing in "horrors," interspersed with "jokes," for an hour. Is this really calculated to improve the morals of the community? How would the palsied wretch, on the verge of an early grave from the effects of drunkenness, be assisted in the forming of a good resolution to amend his life, by the jolly laughter which, no doubt, greeted the lecturer's "humourous jokes?" Even the newspapers are not quite so profane in their treatment of the many "horrors" born of drunkenness and other vices, which they make known to their readers. However graphic or pathetic they may endeavour to make the accounts of these "horrors," they do not usually intersperse them with "humourous jokes."

In saying this much, we merely wish to point out that if the press is guilty of pandering to a vitiated taste, it is certainly not alone in the crime. If the Montreal *Witness* has been caught by the *Intelligencer* in the vice of which it is not slow to accuse its *confreres* of the press, it may plead the excuse of the "sensationals" too much indulged in on the platform; and indulged in, too, by those who are the loudest mouthed in denouncing the venality of the press. If the poet spoke truly when he said,

> "Vice is a monster of such frightful mien,
> As to be hated needs but to be seen;
> But, seen too oft, familiar with its face,
> We first endure, then pity, then embrace,"

then surely the Police Magistrate of Toronto might have dispensed with the garnishing of "humourous jokes" for such a long and dismal meal of "horrors" as the mysteries of the Toronto Police Court would so readily yield to the manipulations of so skilful an adept.

We direct the attention of the County Council of Carleton to the facts stated in the following memorandum, concerning the claim of the St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum to a share in the Council's bounty. The public seldom find fault with these charitable gifts from municipal bodies, when made in moderation, and with fair regard to the claims of all the institutions assisted. It cannot be said certainly that the County Council of Carleton has been too liberal in this respect heretofore, and we therefore respectfully invite the attention of the Warden and members to the following statement, in the hope that a fair consideration of the facts therein mentioned will induce them to grant the small allowance sought for on behalf of this excellent and useful institution:

"During last fall, in the month of November, the Corporation of the county of Carleton allowed a subsidy of 100 dollars to the Protestant Home and 50 dollars to the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum. This was undoubtedly a step in the right direction. But as in charity matters there cannot be two weights and measures, the good Sisters of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum applied for a similar grant of 50 dollars in favour of their institution, in the course of January last, but unfortunately their petition was not listened to. The Corporation pretended that the grant to St. Patrick's covered also St. Joseph's Asylum, thinking it was but one and the same institution. But this was a grave mistake. These institutions are quite different—although aiming at the same end—one is situated in Church-st., the other in Sussex-st. One is *apparently* devoted to the Irish orphans, the other (St. Joseph's) receives indiscriminately subjects from every creed and every nationality. Why then establish such a wide difference between those institutions? It is true that *apparently* St. Joseph's Asylum is devoted to orphans of French race, but charity knows of no race or of no creed. It is of every country, and cosmopolitan in the true sense of the word. Then supposing grants should have been made to the Protestant Home and St. Patrick's Asylum on the ground of nationality, the council must not forget that within its limits there are at least 10,000 French Canadians. Decidedly they have been hasty in their judgment, because they ignored the simple facts above stated. Now let them understand that in Sussex-st. exists a magnificent building, three stories high, built at the sole expense of the founders, the Sisters of Charity; that this asylum is opened to orphans of all creeds and races; that it contains about 90 children, cleanly kept, fed and clothed out of the very limited means of their benefactors; that the necessaries of life have attained, this winter particularly, such a high price as to render it next to impossible to attend to all the wants of those poor orphans."

Ottawa, February 15, 1869.

BUST OF SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD, K. C. B.

Yesterday Mr. Samuel Gardner, of Simcoe, county of Norfolk, completed a cast for a bust of the Premier of the Dominion. The design of procuring this bust first originated among Sir John's admirers in "glorious old Norfolk," but since that time others all over the country have entered into the spirit, and it is now the intention, we believe, to place the bust, when completed, either in Osgoode Hall, or in the Parliamentary Library, by the side of that of Sir E. P. Tache. From an examination of the work, so far as it has gone, we are sure the bust will give pleasure to the gallant Knight's friends. The artist, Mr. Gardner, besides giving a true representation of the massive head of the statesman, has caught the expression of the mobile features to a charm, and no one who has ever seen them can for a moment be mistaken as to the representation. Mr. Gardner had already established his reputation as an artist and sculptor, by a bust of Sir John Beverly Robinson, Bart., late Chief-Justice, and this last work from his chisel will add to it. We believe he will yet take a high place among the men of genius in his profession.

CITY COUNCIL.

The City Council met in the City Hall last evening, when there were present His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Rochester, Cunningham, Pratt, Bate, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Mosgrove, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

A number of petitions were presented and referred to the several committees to which they belong.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of P. A. Egleson and others, praying for permission to construct a bridge accross the Rideau, at the foot of Ottawa or Patrick-st.—Referred to the Board of Works.

A petition was presented from the Sisters of Charity praying for a grant in aid of their hospital. The petition set forth that a very large number of destitute patients were received into and treated in the hospital free of expense.

His Worship spoke in favour of aid being granted to both the hospitals, as both received large numbers of patients from the poorer classes of the community, and both were exceedingly useful institutions.

Alderman Goulden proposed that 100 dollars be granted, and after some discussion the petition was referred to the Committee on Finance.

The tenders for leasing the tolls of the two markets for the year were opened and read as follows:—A. A. Grant, 4,650 dollars, D. McLaughlin and D. McMaster, sureties.

E. Holland, 4,920 dollars, sureties not named but said to be sufficient.

T. Coffey, 5,065 dollars; James Kilby and R. Lee sureties.

P. O'Meara, 4,500 dollars; R. H. McGreevy and David Moore sureties.

J. Pennock, 4,626 dollars; T. Hunton and P. Pennock sureties.

P. McKenna, 4,057 dollars; R. Ritchie and M. McKenna sureties.

The tender of E. Holland was ruled out, as the sureties were not named.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the tender of T. Coffey as the highest, be received.

Ald. Martineau wished to observe that as Mr. O'Meara had become lessee of the market by the death of the original lessee for whom he was surety, and as he had been a loser by it he thought the council in view of this fact should receive Mr. O'Meara's tender, and he made a motion to this effect.

Some discussion ensued, and finally a motion in favour of accepting Mr. Coffey's tender was put and carried.

The Mayor presented the Engineer's annual report of expenditure and improvements of the past year.

Some discussion took place as to the propriety of printing the report in a form to be available for the public.

His Worship stated that the minutes had for sometime past been printed in pamphlet form for general distribution, but very few people asked for them, though they were always to be found in the clerk's office. Several speakers observed that the public could at present know nothing of the council's doings except what appeared in the public papers.

Ald. Mosgrove was in favour of going back to the old system of publishing the official minutes in one of the public journals.

A by-law was introduced for the appointment of a Registrar in each ward in the city, of births, deaths, and marriages.

This appointment being rendered incumbent on the Council by a recent Act of the Ontario Legislature, the by-law was passed, and the following persons appointed:

By Ward, Horace Lapierre; Victoria Ward, David Scott; Ottawa Ward, R. O'Reilly; St. George's Ward, W. Schofield.

His Worship informed the Council that he had received a requisition for a public meeting of the citizens, in order to take into consideration the question of water works for our city. He had, therefore, called a meeting for Thursday, the 18th instant.

Some other unimportant business was done, and the Council then adjourned.

LOCAL NEWS.

Acknowledgment.—The managers of the St. Andrew's society have much pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of 100 lbs. of flour as a donation, from Mrs. Proderick, in aid of the charitable funds of the society.

Police Court.—The adjourned case of John Wright, charged with selling liquor without license, was again called up. Several witnesses were examined, but the Police Magistrate not considering the evidence conclusive against the defendant dismissed the case. The license inspector was understood to intimate his intention to proceed against one of the witnesses for the defence for perjury.

The case of S. J. Hubertus *vs.* James Goodwin for assault was called, and adjourned till this morning.

Another case of assault was adjourned to Thursday.

St. Andrew's Society.—The quarterly meeting of the St. Andrew's Benevolent Society of this city was held at Gowan's Hall on Thursday evening last, James Fraser, Esq., President, in the chair. From the report of the Managing Committee, we learn that a large number of destitute families were relieved since the annual meeting in November. By the Treasurer's report we find the society in the possession of a surplus revenue of $750 30. The society, through the exertions of R. W. Scott, Esq., M.P.P., has been incorporated; and a resolution was adopted ordering the printing of 300 copies of the Act of Incorporation, Constitution, and By-laws, for distribution among the members. A resolution was also passed, ordering $600 to be placed to the credit of the society in the Quebec Savings Bank. The society appears to be in a very prosperous condition, which speaks well for the officers and Committee of Management, who have entrusted to their guidance this excellent benevolent institution.

Address and Presentation.—Yesterday a very pleasing incident took place in the George-st. barracks, on the occasion of private James Johnston, bandsman, leaving the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade. Mr. Johnston entered the regiment when a boy of 14 years of age, and has served his Queen and country faithfully ten years. He bought his discharge, and leaves his old comrades in arms, without a stain on his character, but with honours for his excellent conduct and service. He played the first cornet in the band, and was such an adept on the instrument, as to have but few equals in its use. His place in the P.C.O. Band will not be easily filled, and Mr. Millar, no doubt, regrets losing one of his own best pupils. He was endeared to all his comrades, and besides to many others who had the pleasure of his acquaintance, and who enjoyed his many social, amiable, and christian qualities. The members of the band were greatly at a loss how to mark the occasion of his departure from amongst them, but at last came to the conclusion to present him with a short address, coupled with a beautiful writing desk and large morocco bound album, as a testimonial of their esteem and respect for him while a member of the band. Mr. Johnston, who was entirely taken by surprise, thanked them sincerely for their token of esteem expressed in the address, as well as for the direct manifestation of that esteem in the handsome testimonial just presented; he was glad to part with them under such pleasing circumstances, he bade them all farewell and hoped he might never forget the kindness experienced at their hands.

Pity the Sorrows of that Poor Old Horse.—On Sunday afternoon, about 3 o'clock, the citizens of the lower end of Church-st. were thrown into a state of unusual excitement by the appearance in their midst of a *posse* of the city law preservers who heroically faced the wild whirlings of the raging snow storm with ominous countenances, boding ill to some lawbreaker or desecrater of the Sabbath. Suspense was soon at an end, for they suddenly came to a halt before the door of one of our respectable citizens, where lay all that was mortal of poor "Robin," who had there stretched himself for a snooze at midnight previous, apparently without much concern as to his blanket. The "Sergeant of the Guard," in *his* peculiar but polished style, requested Robin to be "up and ganging," but all present came to the conclusion that "Robin" must be a foreigner, and totally unconscious of his transgressing any regulation, either of law or etiquette, for he paid not the least attention to the *polite* request of Sergeant B. Matters, however, were brought to a crisis by the "beaks" seizing him by the ears and shoulders, and at the words "all together," partly hoisted him on to his fore legs, at which time, with a quiet look of disdain he surveyed his disturbers, and would not move an inch. But the guardians of the peace were inexorable, and procured a fence-rail which was at once placed in position under his shoulders, as they were determined to ride him on a rail for his obstinacy. They accordingly placed him on a level with themselves, and thus began their march. To describe the line they traced would be impossible suffice to say it was not like Sherman's march to the sea, but rather that described by a rabid animal when under the influence of hydrophobia, the balance, the while, being retained by a fast grip on his nether appendage, which once served as a tail, but which would now look more in place as a sign where hay was retailed by the bundle. "Robin" at this time came to the conclusion that *go* he must, and acted on his conviction by showing that he was able to walk "on his own hook." He had not proceeded far, however, when he again showed a disposition to lay on the sidewalk, but was frustrated in this by a flank movement, executed in approved style by an unfledged follower of "pot-sticks," who passed close to his side, but who in his hurry to get the lead slipped and fell in a snow bank. "Robin," seeing his advantage, at once took up position, and brought his rear guards to bear on the enemy, for such he proved to be. What *might* have occurred, we cannot conjecture, but the policeman was suddenly reinforced by a Sergeant, and two to one proved too much for poor Bob, who, seeing that he was unable to cope with a "star and baton," took his departure amid the laughter of the crowd who had congregated to see "what was up." He appeared to be taking his course for that elysium of horseflesh, the classic banks of the Rideau, where probably he supposed he might end his days in peace. *So mote it be.*

The Snow Storm.—Seldom even in this region has there been more snow on the ground than at present. So far as human reason could judge there was enough snow for all purposes of travel, and for all other purposes for which, so far as we know, snow is available, on Sunday morning last, and yet we were to have more—a great deal more. The morning opened quite hazy, and it required little meteorological skill to foretell that a fall of some kind was about to set in. The cold became intense, the wind rose and lifted the snow from the drifts, whirling about and blowing unpleasantly in the faces of people going to and returning from church, and all who had the wind in their backs were constrained to run as fast as possible to get to their destinations from the foul weather. Ladies were obliged to hold their skirts as nearly in their proper places as the circumstances would permit, whilst with the other holding "cloud" or muff the eyes were shielded from the blinding snow, for even where the wind was in the rear, the snow was in front, and all around, producing a sensation of smothering. Strong and sturdy boys and men, though less incommoded by their clothing, found as much as they could do to get along, and servant girls, accustomed to labour, looked as if they were sorry they had dared to brave the terrors of such a day. There was little talking on the streets, for the wind and snow rendered speech too difficult a thing to be lightly attempted, and many a "good morning," or "disagreeable weather," or other salutation, was passed unheeded, or in silence. But if the morning was bad the afternoon was worse—much worse. The cold had increased, and the snow—the cutting, blinding snow—fell with a kind of savage determination to lacerate every unprotected face. This was the time for children to go to school, and a larger number than were expected went, but it was a cruel thing to send them. Some went a short distance, and returned crying. Others proceeded beyond half way, and went the other half only because they would have further to go for shelter if they turned round to go home, than if they continued their way to school. One poor girl was heard to declare that her ears were falling off, and fearing disfigurement for life, even more than present pain, stopped to enquire if, in the event of their coming off, they could ever be put on again. It was certainly no day for children to be out in; and indeed many grown up persons considered the weather sufficiently severe to keep them from church all day, and to render null and void any promise they might have made to meet a friend. At night few were on the streets; and the forbidding aspect of the elements still continued. The few who ventured out found the labour of walking very difficult, and in some of the back streets several persons, from not being able to distinguish the track of the sidewalks, stepped off, and became temporarily buried in the snow. Yesterday morning the storm still continued, and the snow was so deep that it was with the greatest difficulty that tall men could drag through it, and short ones, though it was by no means warm weather, found it a sudarific task, and this continued to be the case even after tracks had been made. Several attempts, more or less serious, were made at snowing through the day. On the railroad travel seemed impracticable. The morning train could not proceed from this city, and the mail was taken back. Had there been no mail yesterday, none could have complained, but to the surprise of every one the train carrying it arrived only about two hours behind time. The storm prevented anything like a market, and so far as we know there was not a country waggon in town yesterday. With this superabundance of "the pure, white, virgin snow" on our hands the question is, What shall we do with it? If the gutters and drains are not soon opened the first real thaw will nearly drown us. This is a question for the Board of Works.

GOVERNMENT HOUSES.

Comparative cost of the Toronto Buildings.

The Picton *Times* has been enquiring into the cost of the new Government House at Toronto, and comparing it with the cost of others that have been provided heretofore. We quote from its article:

"We will begin with Spencer Wood, situated on the north bank of the St. Lawrence, two miles beyond Lewis Gate, Quebec; purchased by Government in 1851, of H. Atkinson, Esq., for 40,000 dollars. Improvements commenced in 1851 and finished in 1856, at a total cost of $142,657.70. On the night of the 28th February, 1860, the State portion of Spencer Wood was destroyed by fire, and rebuilt in 1862 and 1863 at a cost of $28,015.71. Total cost of Spencer Wood, $210,683.41. It is a two story brick building, 185 x 50 feet, with a wing 56 x 33, and shingled roof—the out buildings need not be described.

"Cataraqui, Quebec, leased of Henry Burstall, Esq., after Spencer Wood was burned, at an annual rental of $1,600, with an agreement that the property should be sold by auction when no longer required. If it did not sell for $20,000 the Government should make up the balance. Improvements were made by Government, at a cost of $8,781 67. On the 2nd February, 1863, when Spencer Wood was again rebuilt, the property was sold by auction and brought $12,100—the Government paying the balance of $7,900. Cataraqui then cost the country in three years:—rent $4,800; repairs, $8,781.67; smart money at sale $7,900; total 23, 591 dollars, 67 cents.

"Monklands, Montreal, leased in 1844, for ten years, at 1,800 dollars per annum. A new wing and buildings were constructed at a cost of $41, 643.28. When the seat of government was removed to Toronto, in 1849, the lease was sold by public auction for 500 dollars a year—leaving the Government to pay a balance of $1,300, per annum, until the expiration of the lease in 1854. We have then:—five years rent, at 1,800 dollars, 9,000 dollars; expended, 41,643 dollars, 28 cents; five years' unexpired lease, at 1,300 dollars, 6,500 dollars; total, $5,143.28. This large sum for ten years only!

"Rideau Hall, Ottawa, leased on the 2nd August, 1865, for a term of twelve years, from the heirs of Hon. Thomas McKay, at a yearly rental of $4,000, with the right of purchasing the property within three years, at $70,000. The house was built 25 years ago, of stone—and measures 73 feet in length, and 47 in breadth. It has been enlarged, and now presents a front of 210 feet, two stories in height. The total cost of additions and improvements, up to 1st July, 1867, was $80,819.66; and it is not yet completed. A ball-room is to be added, and improvements on the grounds to a very large extent are determined on. Let us now see what we have: three years' rent, at $4,000, $12,000; purchase money; $70,000; improvements up to 1st July, 1867, $80,819.66; total $162,819 66.

"We omit the Government House at Kingston, the old Government House, Montreal, and the old Chateau, St. Louis, Quebec. As this article is quite long enough, we pass on at once to the—

"Government House, Toronto, which was originally a wooden rough-cast building, 104 x 76 built in 1828, with two wings built in 1849 and 1850, at a cost of $66,252.40. It was occupied by the Government from 1855 to 1858, when it was still further improved, but we are not able to ascertain the cost. In 1862 the property was handed over to the barrack master, to be occupied by the military authorities, and was destroyed by fire on the 10th January of that year.

"The Government House occupies the site of the old one, and is about the same size. It is two stories high with an attic, built of brick, and in a very plain style. The grant last year for its erection was $50,000, and it will exceed this by $5,000, or $55,000 in all; an additional sum of $45,000 was granted to furnish it and construct outbuildings—(the stables and outbuildings having been built 30 years ago, frame, rough-cast, and having been occupied by the troops, are almost a ruin)—to lay out and improve the grounds, which comprise over six acres.

"It will thus be seen that the Legislature of Ontario, representing half the population of the Dominion, and five-ninths of the wealth, is providing a residence for the Governor which has no parallel among vice-regal residences on the continent, in point of cheapness; in fact, cheaper than the residence commenced by Upper Canada 30 years ago."

THE MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

From the Kingston Whig, February 15.

We have authority to state that the following movements of troops will take place during the ensuing spring and summer, having been already promulgated in general orders:—

TO ENGLAND—

The 13th Hussars, Headquarters & D. E. F. & G. Batteries, 4th Brigade, R. A.
Headquarters, 1st Brigade, R. A., (Nova Scotia.)
1st Batt., 16th Regt., (Halifax)
1st " 22nd "
30th Regt.
4th Batt, 60th Rifles.
1st Batt., Rifle Brigade.

Three Batteries of the 3rd Brigade, Royal Artillery, from Quebec and Ontario to Halifax.

No. 4 Battery, 1st Brigade, R. A., from Halifax to Jamaica.

No. 5 Battery, 1st Brigade, R. A., from Halifax to Barbadoes.

No. 6 Battery, 1st Brigade, from Halifax to Bermuda, the three last named batteries, to relieve other batteries ordered to England.

The 29th Regiment, from Toronto to Nova Scotia; the 53rd, from Quebec, do.

The 69th Regiment, from Montreal to Quebec.

Headquarters and five companies of the 78th Highlanders from Montreal to Ottawa, and five companies to Toronto.

It is also contemplated to reduce the strength of the R. C. Rifle Regiment from 14 to 10 companies, orders having been received to carry the reduction into effect. The headquarters will remain in Kingston.

—The Richelieu Navigation Company have declared a dividend of 10 per cent.

HOW IT FEELS TO BE HANGED.

(From the Louisville Democrat)

We are told that hanging, if successful—that is, if it breaks a person's neck—is the most sudden death he can die. It ruptures the spine in the immediate neighbourhood of the *medulla oblongata*, and thus breaks up communication of the nerve force, or vital power, to the organs that carry on the human machinery. If the man's neck is not broken, the first action of the cord is to close the trachea, or wind pipe, and thus stop the supply of air. It also compresses the large veins in the neck which return blood to the heart—the jugulars—but does not entirely compress the large arteries that carry the blood to the brain, for these lie deeper. The immediate physiological effect is a congestion of the brain—a congestion not dissimilar in its commencement from the congestion of drunkenness, which is generally regarded as agreeable, and the consequence of this congestion—a consequence that perhaps follows in three minutes after the pressure of the cord is felt—is the total abolition of conscious sensation. The man may struggle and writhe in a way terrible to see, but these struggles are like those of convulsions generally—painful only to the beholder. Therefore, if a man is hanged successfully, he feels only the one sickening sensation of the plunge before he gets to the end of the rope; three seconds of horror. If he is hanged successfully, by strangulation, he feels the same three seconds, and, in addition, between the pressure of the cord and deep congestion of the brain, three minutes of swimming, drowsy, uncertain uneasiness—at the worst, three minutes and three seconds; and this is all the misery we give to murderers. Compare with this the pain that man suffers before he dies from an ordinary illness—the drawnout wretchedness of his three weeks of fever, the days of agony with rheumatism, and the bentforward, restless nights before this rheumatism finally brings his damaged heart to a standstill, the months of slow death entailed by a cancerous stomach; in fine, compare the history of any disease with the short shrift of hanging, and then reflect that our humanity now obliterates the murderer's three minutes and three seconds by the use of chloroform. Really it is a fine age, and if a man is tired of this world, and wants to get out of it on easy terms, the thing for him to do is to cut his neighbour's throat and be hanged under chloroform.

PROFITABLE BANKING.

At the last half-yearly meeting of the London and Westminster Bank, the report of the directors showed that upon a capital of £1,000,000 stg., there had been a profit of £135,586. A dividend at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum was declared, and by way of further dividend out of the profits a bonus of 10 per cent., making with the dividend and bonus of the previous half year, a total dividend of 25 per cent. on the year's business. Last year was not a very favourable one in London, and even these large profits fell short of the net earnings of the bank three or four years ago, when 40 per cent. was divided among the fortunate shareholders. The annual meeting of the National Discount Company was held the same day, when a dividend of 15 per cent. was declared.

The Leeds Gang Fugitives.—The Peterboro *Review* says: "Constable Arnot is on the look-out for two men charged with murder, named Chapman and Chase. He received a message from Napanee on Wednesday, notifying him as to their appearance, &c., and that they were somewhere between the latter town and Port Hope. No arrest has yet been made."

$1,000 Reward.—Mr. W. A. Stephens, the Mayor of Owen Sound, has issued a proclamation stating that on the 25th January last, some person unknown did send to John Harrison, of that town, a letter threatening to kill and murder him, and that the Corporation will pay a reward of $1,000 to any person or persons, not being the actual offender, who shall lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction within ten months of the perpetrator of the above offence.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Losenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Losenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deals every where. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Losenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Losenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

POSTPONEMENT.

The meeting for completing arrangements for the SNOW SHOE RACES of the Ottawa Club is POSTPONED until WEDNESDAY EVENING. The start will be from Notman's Corner at ten minutes past eight sharp. A full attendance is particularly requested

JOHN WALSH,
Secy.

975td

BOOKS, BOOKS.—J. DURIE & SON have received Essays on English Writers, by the author of the Gentle Life; The Words of Wellington, (Bayard Series); Rasselas Prince of Abyssinia, by Samuel Johnson, [new edition, Bayard series; Whittaker's Almanac, 1869; the Statesman's Year Book, 1869; Molesworth's Engineer's Pocket Companion.
Latest English editions of Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography.
Isaac Pitman's Phonographic Teacher.
Isaac Pitman's Reader.
The Best Books published on Phonography.
Chambers's Encyclopedia, 10 vols., ½ calf.
Chambers's Papers for the People, 6 vols.
Chambers's Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols.
Chambers's Journal, 1868, bound.
For sale by J. DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st.

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

GREAT UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE OF PIANOS,

BY J. BERMINGHAM,

At his Auction Mart, 72 Sussex-street,

ON

THURSDAY, 18TH INSTANT,

At TWO o'clock, P. M.

The subscriber is favoured with instructions from one of the best Piano Factories on the continent, to sell UNRESERVEDLY on the day above named a number of beautifully finished seven octave PIANOS of the first tone and brilliancy. The public and intending purchasers are respectfully invited to visit the Auction Mart, and inspect the instruments, which will bear examination, and give satisfaction to the most critical judges.

Parties having second-hand Pianos to dispose of, and wishing to purchase a new instrument, can now do so to the best advantage, as full value will be allowed for Pianos taken in exchange.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 15, 1869. 974td

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer, House and Land Agent,

Has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION on

TUESDAY, 16TH FEBRUARY, INST.,

At TWELVE o'clock, noon,

At his Auction Mart, 72 Sussex-st.,

the following lot of land, viz.:

The East half of Lot 1, Fifth Range of Huntley, County of Carleton, Richmond Road. This lot is an unimproved one, with a quantity of good timber, and a swamp of over 20 acres of splendid cedar and black ash, being the best timber for building and fencing purposes.

The Canada Central Railway, now building, will run within two miles of the above lot. Being well situated, and having many advantages, it will prove a good investment.

Terms and conditions of sale made known when the sale is opened.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 15, 1869. 974.2

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at his Sale-rooms, commencing on

TUESDAY, 9TH FEBRUARY, 1869,

a large and valuable stock of BOOTS, &c., &c., consisting of Men's Boots, Congress Gaiters, Winter Boots, Slippers, &c.; Ladies' wear in Gaiters of every description, both winter and summer; Misses' Boots, of every description; Children's Wear, &c. This will be a rare opportunity to secure Boots and Shoes, as the stock is large and well assorted, and will be sold with out reserve.

Terms of Sale—Cash in Bankable Funds.
Sale to commence each evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972tf

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

has received instructions from ROBERT BELL, Esq., to offer for sale

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

on the premises,

On Friday, the 12th day of March next,

at 12 o'clock, noon,

that very valuable property in Block D, LeBreton's Flats, on which he resides, consisting of four lots in one block, viz.:

Lots Nos. 7 and 9, on Lloyd-st, and 6 and 8, on Bridge-st., containing nearly an acre of land. On Lot No. 7 there is a first-class STONE HOUSE, containing 4 rooms, a large Hall, Bath Room and Water Closet on the first flat, and 5 rooms, a Hall and Water Closet on the second flat, all finished, painted and papered in the best and most modern style, and in the rear of the house there is a large stone addition, containing a GRANARY and STORE ROOMS. In the basement of the house there are a large Kitchen, Cellar, Larder, Washroom, Pantry and Ice House, and a large Cistern capable of containing 300 puncheons of water, from which water pipes lead to all the principal rooms in the house. There are also Stone Stables, Sheds and Outhouses attached, and there is a magnificent Safe Vault in the house. The Grounds are tastefully laid out and planted with the best of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, and the whole premises thoroughly drained. The property altogether is one of the most complete, thoroughly built, finished and appointed in the city, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

The property can be viewed at any seasonable hour, and an examination of it is respectfully solicited by intending purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 973td

Amusements.

OTTAWA MECHANICS' INSTITUTE AND ATHENÆUM.

Course of Lectures, 1869.—Gowan's Hall.

Tuesday, Feby. 16—Col. the Hon. J. H. GREY, "A Soldier's Life, twelve years ago, or the Relief of Cawnpore."
Tuesday, Feby. 23—JOHN LANGTON, M. A.
Tuesday, March 2—Rev. H. J. McLARDY, "Science, Ancient and Modern."
Tuesday, March 9—E. A. MEREDITH, L.L.D., "Talfourd's Tragedy Ion."
Tuesday, March 16—Rev. Mr. POLLARD.

Lectures to begin at 8 p.m. Admission, 10 cts. Family tickets for the course to admit three $1: to be had of J. G. Whyte, Rideau-st.; J. Hope & Co., Sparks-st.; and Messrs. Dalglish & Russell, Wellington-st.

W. WHYTE, President. G. KENNEDY, Secretary.
Ottawa, Feby. 13, 1869. 973-3

HOUSE, WITH GARDEN,

TO LET, FROM 1st MAY.

The present Residence of DOCTOR WILSON, Sen., Stewart-st. Rent, £55.

Apply to
ALLAN POYNTZ PATRICK,
975-4 Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's Office.

Customs Department,
Ottawa, February 12, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 26 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made upon all cash purchases of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding*.

Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S CLEARING SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS. 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

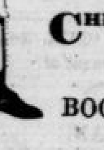
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4297 GEORGE MURPHY

NOTICE.—The limited liability partnership heretofore existing between WALTON SMITH, Esq., of Onslow, P.Q., and the undersigned, under the name, style and firm of FRASER & SMITH, virtually ceased to exist on the Fourth day of September last, since which date neither partner has had authority to use the name of the firm to any document whatever.

Dated at Westmeath, Ontario, this 10th day of February, 1869.

973-3 ALEX. FRASER.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTEAU, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks				
80 do	Single width plain Wincey		5	worth	
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey		7½	"	
62 do	Double width plain Wincey		7½	"	
80 do	Double Delaines		7		
70 do	do Poplin		7½		
150 do	do Cobourg		7½	"	
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods		9	"	
33 do	Empress Reps	1	6	"	
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1	6	"	
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2			
200 do	Black Empress Rep only		10	"	

Also, a splendid assortment of Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars
165 do Good Prints
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	
35 do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	
100 do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	

Also, a splendid lot of

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per doz.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only 2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only 3 9
500 Under Shirts, only 3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed 5 0 worth

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.
500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting 3 worth
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting 1 do
81 Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50 OVERCOATS.
4.00 heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25 VESTS.
$8.00 Black Broadcloth FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART, AND COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

House, Land and General Agency,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

Inglis' New Buildings, Sussex-st.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos. From their long experience in Germany, Paris and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent. The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND, [Post Office Block,]

Have for sale

"THE TIMES" OF THE 11TH, With a Special Supplement, containing full particulars of the execution of Whelan.

Also, faithful photographic LIKENESSES of WHELAN, 10 cents each.

VALENTINES, VALENTINES, VALENTINES.

Ottawa, February 13, 1869.

Latest by [Telegraph]

Via Montr[eal] ...

TORO[NTO]

Special to THE TIMES.

The narrow gauge ... unexpected difficulties ... Several municipalities ... laws granting the bonu[s] ... hoping the line will b[e] ... contributions, and dem[and] ... the route and other ma[tters] ...

One of the band of th[e] ... before the police court ...

The Queen's College ... canvassing outside o[f] ... subscribed 1,218 dollar[s] ... lars; with an expected ... ars.

On Saturday afterno[on] ... and waggon were goi[ng] ... bridges Bay with a man ... the ice broke, precipita[ting] ... water. Some men cut ... their relief, and rescued ...

Rain, sleet and snow ... most continuously s... The Grand Trunk Rail[way] ... on Sunday, arrived at e... a dilapidated state.

A meeting in Winds[or] ... Saturday, was largely a[ttended] ... read a letter, hitherto u[n] ... had received at London ... Halifax, intimating th... failure in the mission of ... and could, according to ... friends, retire finally fro[m] ... accept any official posit[ion] ... be of service to his count[ry] ... the letter of Mr. Stairs, ... repealer and annexationi[st] ... ling effect. Mr. Goudge ... Messrs. Jones and Ann[and] ... Mr. Howe replied. The ... are thought equal, but ... success is entertained, it ... by him. The absence ... severely felt.

MONTR[EAL]

Special to THE TIMES.

The train that left T... evening did not reach he[re] ... having been delayed by th[e] ... ran off the track a few m... and by the snow drifts at ...

The following is the dis[tribution] ... in the Dominion, in acc[ordance] ... authority: The 78th High[landers] ... the 68th Regiment to St. J... Regiment to Quebec; the ... at Toronto and Quebec, g... 29th and 53rd Regiment ... Quebec, go to Halifax; ... Regiments, now in Hali[fax] ... the 13th Hussars go to ... Batteries of Artillery, no... Bermuda; the Grey Bat[teries] ... and two Batteries now ... Halifax.

The new engine and ... works commenced work ... success.

All the trains have b[een] ... heavy snow storm. The ... started, but after going t... and wait for the snow plo[ugh] ...

CABLE [NEWS]

GREAT BR[ITAIN]

Southampton, February ... *Deutchland* has arrived f[rom] ... Havre.

Glasgow, February 15 ... *Britannia* and *Manhattan*, fr[om] ... arrived.

Queenstown, February ... *Palmyra*, from New York, ...

London, February 15.—... mation of the surrender ... thorities of the insurgent ... received.

FRANC[E]

Paris, February 14.—Th[e] ... Rents 70f. 55c.

SPAIN

Meeting of the Cortes ... President—Arrest[s] ...

Madrid, February 14.—... Cortes organized yesterday ... President. The Provision[al] ... tinues its efforts to baffle ... reactionists. Many arrest[s] ... of members of the Carlist ... and a number of Carlists ... while crossing the frontie[r] ... the alleged object of incit[ing] ...

Madrid, February 15.—... continue to be made in t[he] ... ferent parts of the countr[y] ... regular service, and large ... teers, daily offer their serv[ices] ... ment for the suppression ...

TURKEY AND ...

Constantinople, Februa[ry] ... has appointed Mehmeder ... Visir and Minister of F... shid Pacha, Minister o[f] ... Pacha, Governor of Bagd[ad] ... Governor and Commande[r] ...

Athens, February 15.—... have issued instructions ... naval officers, counterma[nding] ... ders for warlike prepar[ations] ...

CHINA AND ...

NEWS VIA L...

London, February 1... from China report that a ... at Swatow between the ... and the crew of the Brit[ish] ... *hopper*. The fight was c... The sailors fought des... overwhelmed by the nati[ves] ... constantly increasing cr... to retire to their ship wit[h] ... ber wounded. Many of ... killed and wounded in th[e] ...

News has been receiv[ed] ... Shanghae, that the Mika[do] ... Ministers of the Foreign ... with great ceremony, and ... desire to maintain peacef[ul] ...

SOUTH AM[ERICA]

NEWS VIA WA...

Revolutions and V...

Late advices from Per[u] ... publics of the Pacific coas[t] ... mediation of the United ... with Spain, and a congress ... from belligerents is expect[ed] ... ington during the spring. ...

Lima (Peru) advices sta[te] ... is raging fearfully in the ... southern districts.

Chili news is dated Janu[ary] ... had passed the river Mal... and were attacking the n... villages in their way. ...

Bolivia had been complet[ely] ... revolution had broken out ... of Ecuador and Espinosa ... been overthrown without ... Moreno, an ex-Presiden[t] ... Executive chair.

By way of St. Thomas ... learn that the revolution ... made much headway.

NEWS VIA L...

London, February 15.—... vices from Rio Janeiro f... vious reports of the evac[uation] ... and of the flight of Presi[dent] ... forest.

CUBA

NEWS VIA NE...

New York, February 1... lish a number of cyph[er] ... recently passed between ... sundi and Gen. Mena, co... Principe, showing that ... was not under much ap... fillibusterers expeditions ... officially informed that ... ernment was all right wi...

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 15.

The narrow gauge railway is meeting unexpected difficulties with the councils. Several municipalities refuse signing the by-laws granting the bonus, the popular vote hoping the line will be built without their contributions, and demanding securities as to the route and other matters.

One of the band of the island robbers was before the police court to-day, and remanded.

The Queen's College deputation have been canvassing outside of the city. Scarboro subscribed 1,218 dollars; Vaughan 650 dollars; with an expected increase of 1,000 dollars.

On Saturday afternoon a team of horses and waggon were going across the Ashbridges Bay with a man and two boys, when the ice broke, precipitating all into 10 feet of water. Some men cutting ice hastened to their relief, and rescued all.

Rain, sleet and snow has been falling almost continuously since Saturday night. The Grand Trunk Railway train due at noon on Sunday, arrived at eight this morning in a dilapidated state.

A meeting in Windsor, Nova Scotia, on Saturday, was largely attended. Mr. Howe read a letter, hitherto unpublished, which he had received at London, from Mr. Stairs, of Halifax, intimating that the case was a failure in the mission of which he was head, and could, according to the opinion of his friends, retire finally from the struggle, and accept any official position in which he could be of service to his country. The reading of the letter of Mr. Stairs, who is a prominent repealer and annexationist, produced a startling effect. Mr. Goudge followed Mr. Howe, Messrs. Jones and Annand next, and then Mr. Howe replied. The chances at present are thought equal, but no doubt of Howe's success is entertained, if the Unionists stand by him. The absence of Dr. Tupper is severely felt.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 15.

The train that left Toronto on Saturday evening did not reach here till 9:30 last night; having been delayed by the freight train, which ran off the track a few miles below Kingston, and by the snow drifts at Vaudreuil.

The following is the disposition of the troops in the Dominion, in accordance with official authority: The 78th Highlanders to Toronto; the 68th Regiment to St. John, N.B.; the 69th Regiment to Quebec; the Rifle Brigade, now at Toronto and Quebec, goes to England; the 29th and 53rd Regiments, at Toronto and Quebec, go to Halifax; the 16th and 30th Regiments, now in Halifax, go to England; the 13th Hussars go to England; the three Batteries of Artillery, now in Halifax, go to Bermuda; the Grey Battery, from Montreal, and two Batteries now at Quebec, go to Halifax.

The new engine and pumps at the water works commenced working yesterday with success.

All the trains have been delayed by the heavy snow storm. The train for the West started, but after going two miles had to turn and wait for the snow plough to pass.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

SOUTHAMPTON, February 14.—The steamship *Deutschland* has arrived from New York for Havre.

GLASGOW, February 15.—The steamships *Britannia* and *Manhattan*, from New York, have arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, February 15.—The steamship *Palmyra*, from New York, has arrived.

LONDON, February 15.—The official information of the surrender to the Turkish authorities of the insurgent chiefs of Crete is received.

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 14.—The bourse is strong. Rents 70f. 55c.

SPAIN.

Meeting of the Cortes—Rivero Elected President—Arrests of Carlists.

MADRID, February 14.—The Constituent Cortes organized yesterday by electing Rivero President. The Provisional Government continues its efforts to baffle the schemes of the reactionists. Many arrests have been made of members of the Carlist party in this city, and a number of Carlists have been arrested while crossing the frontier from France, with the alleged object of inciting insurrection.

MADRID, February 15.—Arrests of Carlists continue to be made in this city, and in different parts of the country. Regiments of the regular service, and large numbers of volunteers, daily offer their services to the Government for the suppression of the revolt in Cuba.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 15.—The Sultan has appointed Mehmademinale Pacha, Grand Vizier and Minister of Foreign Affairs; Rashid Pacha, Minister of Interior; Medhal Pacha, Governor of Bagdad; and Omar Pacha, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Candia.

ATHENS, February 15.—The new ministry have issued instructions to the military and naval officers, countermanding the recent orders for warlike preparations.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 15.—Late despatches from China report that a collision took place at Swaton between the Chinese inhabitants and the crew of the British gunboat *Grasshopper*. The fight was obstinate and bloody. The sailors fought desperately, but were overwhelmed by the natives, whose numbers constantly increasing compelled the sailors to retire to their ship with 11 of their number wounded. Many of the Chinamen were killed and wounded in the affray.

News has been received from Japan, via Shanghae, that the Mikado had received the Ministers of the Foreign Powers at Yeddo with great ceremony, and showed an earnest des ire to maintain peaceful relations.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA WASHINGTON.

Revolutions and Yellow Fever.

Late advices from Peru show that the republics of the Pacific coast have accepted the mediation of the United States in their war with Spain, and a congress of plenipotentiaries from belligerents is expected to meet in Washington during the spring.

Lima (Peru) advices state that yellow fever is raging fearfully in the seaport towns in the southern districts.

Chili news is dated January 17th. The savages had passed the river Malleco in large bands, and were attacking the numerous defenceless villages in their way. The revolution in Bolivia had been completely suppressed. A revolution had broken out at Quito, the capital of Ecuador and Espinosa. The President had been overthrown without bloodshed. Garcia Moreno, an ex-President, has secured the Executive chair.

By way of St. Thomas on the 30th ult., we learn that the revolution in Venezuela has not made much headway.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 15.—Later detailed advices from Rio Janeiro fully confirm the previous reports of the evacuation of Asuncion, and of the flight of President Lopez into the forest.

CUBA.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 15.—The *Herald* publishes a number of cypher telegrams which recently passed between Capt.-General Lersundi and Gen. Mena, commanding at Puerto Principe, showing that the Captain-General was not under much apprehensions from the filibusterers expeditions in this city, as he was officially informed that the United States Government was all right with Spain.

MEXICO.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

The *Herald's* Mexico city correspondence says measures are being taken to introduce steam navigation on the lakes around the city. A steamer is already afloat, and a dredging machine has been in operation for some time. Great fears were entertained among the commercial community that the Government would be compelled to resort to forced loans, and of three million dollars in specie just about to leave the country. It was believed that one-half of it was being exported to avoid that contingency. Gen. Quiraga and other generals have pronounced in favour of Gen Santa Anna, and at last accounts the movement was progressing.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

A Fight between the Bulls and Bears of the New York Gold Room.

NEW YORK, February 14.—The *Times'* editorial says the bulls and bears of the gold room are having a fiercer fight than at any time since 1866. There is a known short interest of forty millions, and it is surmised the aggregate must be close to double that amount, while free mention is made in the gold room of four brokers who are daily buyers of twelve millions of gold. A powerful clique on the other hand has been buying heavily, and it is nip and tuck between bulls and bears just at present, and which ever goes under will be pretty badly submerged.

Failure of a Cleveland Firm—They are Arrested.

CLEVELAND, February 14.—Messrs. Cottrell & Dickey, an elevator firm of this city, failed yesterday. Their liabilities reach 200,000 dollars, assets amount to 50,000 dollars. It is said they were arrested last night.

Earthquake in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 14.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here at 4:30 a m., to-day. The shock was also felt with considerable force at San Jose, on February 10th. The guage, located at Fort Point, indicated earthquake disturbances at some point at present unknown.

Destructive Fire at Norwich, Conn.

NORWICH, CONN., February 14.—Apollo Hall and two adjoining buildings were burned last night, with most of their contents. Loss 200,000 dollars.

Mail Bag Robberies—A Long Chase.

ST. LOUIS, February 14.—Mail bags have been missed between here and Cairo for more than a year past, and detectives have been working up the case for some time. It was finally ascertained that the robberies were committed at Oden, the connecting point of the Ohio and Mississippi and Illinois central road. On Friday night officers were there, and while the mail was being transferred from one train to another, three men appeared and undertook to carry off some boxes. The officers sprang upon them, but two of the robbers made their escape, and the third one was shot twice before he could be secured.

Burning of a Mississippi Steamboat—Dreadful Loss of Life.

NEW ORLEANS, February 14.—Further particulars regarding the burning of the steamboat *Millie Stephens* in the Mississippi river show that most of the passengers lost were women and children. The number of lost was stated at 63, and this is not contradicted by later telegrams. The fire originated in some hay which was being transported for the Government.

President Johnson Arbitrator between Great Britain and Portugal.

WASHINGTON, February 14.—The President has accepted the office of arbitrator upon the boundary question which has arisen between Great Britain and Portugal on the coast of Africa.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Railroad Accident.

CHICAGO, February 15.—Joel Burch, road master, and several others, were seriously injured on Saturday evening by a collision on the North Westerna Bilroad.

Cigar Factory Burned.

NEWARK, N.J., February 15.—Belton & Co.'s cigar factory at Bloomfold was burned on Saturday. Loss $50,000, insured for $29,000.

Terrific Snow Storm.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 15.—The snow storm in Sierra, Nevada Mountains, was one of the most terrific known, and has detained the Central Railroad.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, February 15.—The steamships *Etna* and *Bremen*, from Europe, have arrived.

—We regret to hear that the illness of the Revd. Andrew Wilson, pastor of the Brock-st. Presbyterian Church, has reduced him to a low state.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leal's, Sparks-st.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 15.—American exchange 97.
Gold 135¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 15.—Cotton 29¼c.—Flour dull and declining; receipts 4,600 barrels; sales 5,800 barrels at $5.80 @ 6.40 for Superfine State and western; $6.75 @ 7.15 for common to choice extra State; $6.55 @ 7.45 for common to choice extra Western.—Rye flour quiet at $5.27 @ 7.35.—Wheat dull; receipts 50,000 bushels; sales 16,000 bushels at $2.12½ for white Michigan.—Rye quiet.—Corn dull; receipts 26,000 bushels; sales 27,000 bushels at 91c. @ 92c. for new mixed western; $1.04 @ 1.05 for old western in store; 94c. for western yellow.—Barley dull.—Oats lower; receipts 26,000 bushels; sales 38,000 bushels at 75c. for western in store; 77c. for do. afloat.—Pork quiet and steady at $32.27 @ 32.50 for new mess; $31.75 @ 32.00 for old do.—Lard dull at 18½c. @ 19½c. for steam; 20c. @ 20½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 15.—Consols at 93 for money; 93¼ for account; Bonds quiet and steady at 78¾; Stocks steady; Illinois Central 96¼; Erie 25¼; Atlantic and Great Western 38.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 15.—Cotton flat; Uplands on spot 12¼d. @ 12½d.; afloat at 12½d; Orleans 12¾d. @ 13d.; flour 26s.; red wheat 9s. 10d.; white wheat 11s. @ 11s. @ 11s. 3d.; corn 38s. for old; 31s. for new; barley 57s.; oats 3s. 5d.; peas 43s. @ 43s. 6d.; pork 97s.; lard 77s.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Meetings.

REQUISITION.

TO

H. J. FRIEL, ESQ., MAYOR OF OTTAWA

The undersigned hereby request you will call a Public Meeting, at an early day, to consider the erection of

WATER WORKS,

and to offer suggestions to the Corporation in relation thereto, on behalf of the citizens, as may be deemed advisable.

N Sparks	Allan Gilmour
J M Currier, M P	J Skead
A Workman	E Martineau
I Traverey	P A Egleson, Senr
Thos Ross	Jas Cotton
Joseph Aumond	Grant Powell
D W Coward	Thos Hunton
E Parent	O'Mear & Co
Garland, Mutchmor & Co	H V Noel
Geo M Rose	Chas Aumond
H O Burritt	P O'Meara
H F Bronson	Robert Skead
D M Grant	James Thompson
T D Harington	F X Pellant
John Langford	George Kennedy
R E Kimber	A Todd
W M Massey	J J Radford
F Braun	R S M Bouchette
W Young	W W Brown
G W Wicksteed	J W Brunell
W F Whitcher	R E O'Connor
Jas Esmonde	Bate & Co
J R Audy	C E Brush
M Kavanagh	A Begg
J W Peachy	David Millar
O C Wood	William Frazer
J Brown	A Brown
X Groulx	Joseph Germain

E McGillivray.

Ottawa, January 25th, 1869.

REPLY.

In compliance with the above requisition I hereby call a Public Meeting for the purpose therein stated, to be held in the City Hall, on THURSDAY, the 18th day of FEBRUARY, instant, at the hour of three o'clock, p.m.

H. J. FRIEL,
Mayor.

February 4th, 1869. 971d

A TEMPERANCE MEETING, in connection with Convention, will take place in Bank-st. Church, Rev. Mr. MOORE'S, on the evening of TUESDAY, 16th inst, to which the public are invited. The speakers expected are W. S. Williams, Esq., P.G.W.C.T.; R.W. Murray, Esq., S.T. Hammond, Esq., Rev. J. C. Ash and Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B. Hon. M. Cameron will take the chair at half-past 7 o'clock. Collection at the close in aid of the lecture fund.

Ottawa, Feb. 15. 974-2

DOG LOST.

A Prince Charles Cocker Dog, Black, with Brown Paws and Muzzle, which answers to the name of "Charlie," was lost last Monday night. He had on a Leather Collar, bound with Brass, when he disappeared. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the dog to the Grand Trunk Agency Office, Russell House Block. Any person found harbouring the same after this notice will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972a

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 917d

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY,
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*,
A complete assortment of
PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS
STATIONERY,
AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—
Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE,
And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,
Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds.*

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700	YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180	" all wool DUTCH do
575	" UNION do
1925	" 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450	" 3 do do
200	" PRINTED DRUGGETS
225	" GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575	" "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750	" do BRUSSELS do
225	" WOOL STAIR do
150	" TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's
HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON
Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of
PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,
In their new Show Room, comprising
PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*
WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,
ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.
Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.
New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Wants.

WANTED.
A Female Teacher for the Junior Department of the Arnprior Common School, holding a second-class certificate. Applications will be received up to the 18th day of FEBY., 1869.

JAS. G. CRANSTON, M.D.,
Chairman.
GEO. CRAIG,
974-3 Secretary.

100,000 FEET OF
SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER
For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of
OAK,
MAPLE,
ELM,
BIRCH & ASH,
PLANK & SCANTLING,
of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.
Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.

WALTON SMITH.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869. 973tf

COAL! COAL!
NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES.

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,
3¾d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,
From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS
In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES
In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,
In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,
In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,
PLAIN AND FANCY,
Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,
CANADIAN & ENGLISH,
A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,
BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,
Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,
at reduced prices.

VELVETS,
MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,
In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,
Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,
HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood.
GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.
CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.
CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.
The Tea Pot, Ottawa
Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,
GOODERHAM & WORTS'
RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 16, 1869.

There was good and sufficient cause for there being no market yesterday. The snow storm—the greatest of the season—rendered the roads perfectly impassable, and travelling of all kinds was almost entirely suspended.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50 @ 6 75
No. 1	5 25 @ 5 50
No. 2	none.
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25 @ 3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½ @ 2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00 @ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00 @ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85 @ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90 @ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00 @ 4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25 @ 1 30
Spring "	1 20 @ 1 25
—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85 @ 0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90 @ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	60 0 @ 0 64
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80 @ 0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00 @ 28 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00 @ 18 00
Prime	none.
Pork (fresh)	9 00 @ 10 00
Hams	0 15 @ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00 @ 7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5½ @ 0 6
Geese—Each	0 50 @ 0 60
Ducks	0 50 @ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00 @ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50 @ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25 @ 0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22 @ 0 24
No. 2	0 00 @ 0 00
Eggs	0 22 @ 0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00 @ 4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38 @ 0 40
HAY—Per ton	19 00 @ 22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25 @ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00 @ 0 00
Tamarac	2 00 @ 0 00
Soft Wood	2 00 @ 0 00

RED RIVER.

From the Nor'-Wester, January 22.

Again has Her Majesty's peace been outraged in our midst by a brutal massacre. A couple of Otter-tail Chippewas from the interior of Minnesota, arrived here a few days since with their furs and after disposing of them, they went up to White Horse plains, some twenty miles from here, and murdered and scalped three Sioux women and two children, who were encamped in that neighbourhood. Then they came down, and after exhibiting the bloody trophies of their cowardice were allowed to take their leave without let or hindrance. This is the second occurrence of the kind which has taken place in our midst within the last three years.

Such proceedings may be all very well according to the ethics of savage warfare, but when the good sense and feeling of a christian community are thus daringly outraged, and that too, in their very midst, what are we to think of those who permit such things to be? We have no sympathy for the Sioux, and would gladly see them expelled from amongst us; but, at the same time we have no sympathy for cold blooded murder. Any notorious villain, although under sentence of death for murder, in case his keepers or any others should undertake to anticipate the just action of the law, by killing him in his prison, would be amply avenged in his turn by his murderer's apprehension, trial and execution; and so it is with the Sioux encamped among us.

They are no doubt villains deserving of death in many cases, still any one killing them without an extreme provocation is guilty of murder. But what can our authorities do? Nothing! They dare do nothing in such cases. They have no power to try a murderer, and they know it. They possess but the shadow of power and tantalize this people by exhibiting a mere phantom to their gaze.

We hear that a Roman Catholic clergyman just in from his mission beyond Fort Alexander, reports his operation for the good of the Indians in that neighbourhood to be much impeded in consequence of the baneful effect of liquor, furnished by the Honourable(?) Hudson's Bay Company!! We would call the attention of our English and Canadian subscribers and exchanges to the fact that, notwithstanding their protestations to the contrary, the company are constantly furnishing the Indians with liquor, and that too, without the excuse of being obliged to do so on account of the opposition. We can prove it.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,........................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary. H. B. REEVE.

Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolised nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 98	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866........$ 551,971 40; December, 1867........$576,135 19; Increase........$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67 1,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March,'68 1,727,939 55; Increase........ 133,294 59
April, May, June, '67, 1,559,778 79; April, May, June, '68, 1,749,631 52; Increase........ 189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			Miles.	Canada Money.
From Toronto to		Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	Actual Cost, Both Tariffs.
To New York........80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo........30c; Buffalo to New York, 50c; Reduced to Canada Money........35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia........$1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo........30c; Buffalo to Philadelphia, 75c; Reduced to Canada Money........52c—$0 82
To Washington........$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo........30c; Buffalo to Washington, 90c; Reduced to Canada Money........62c—$0 92
To Baltimore........$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo........30c; Buffalo to Baltimore, 85c; Reduced to Canada Money........59c—$0 89
To Chicago........$1 35	From Toronto to Detroit........60c; Detroit to Chicago, 75c; Reduced to Canada Money........52c—$1 12
To New Orleans........$3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo........30c; Buffalo to New Orleans, $2 75c; Reduced to Canada Money........$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Prize, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON.
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

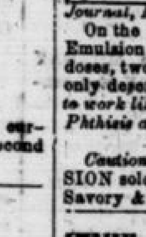
Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR CASES of
CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm*."—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st, London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.
Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.
Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac*.
Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests.
Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.
J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office; North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
H. of Commons.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st, corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.
Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

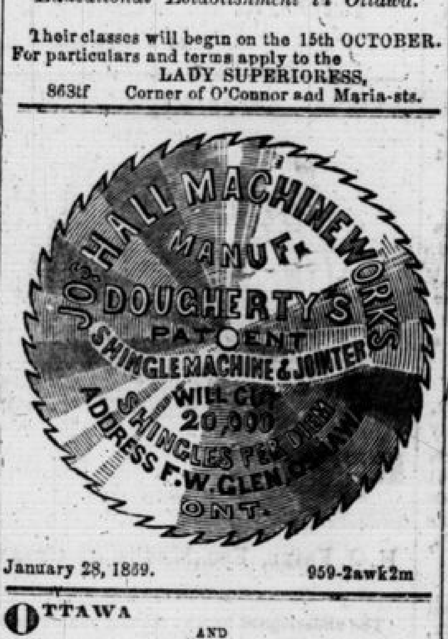
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA
AND
GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that
THE DIRECTORS
Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
have this day made a further
CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at........8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at........ 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at........ 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 1868.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY.

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE
PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Bull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT,................DESBARATS' BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 26.

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET,
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for that.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.
Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE:
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,
By appointment
BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.
930.3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT,
960b JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. None genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 185y

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 976. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON.

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 3 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 36, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins.
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR.
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa.
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste.
MORTON'S Bloater Paste.
TOMATO and other Catsups.
ANCHOVY Paste.
STRASBURGH Meats.
POTTED Beef and Tongues.
PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety.
ORANGE Marmalade.
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon.
PICKLED Mackerel.
PICKLED HERRINGS, In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces.
DRY Codfish.
DRY Haddock.
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

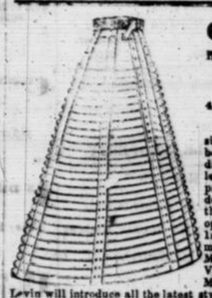
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To gether with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER TO HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $140 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
John's, N.F., by branch steamer 20 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's office,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
or to
INERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,
may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!
DOUBLE REFINED
ROCK OIL,
Just received at the
OIL DEPOT,
72
SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,
BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.
Chimnies, Wicks, and Lanterns.
D. R. LEAVENS,
OIL DEPOT, 72 SUSSEX-ST.
Sign Red Oil Barrel.



CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st.
The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.
D. MILLAR.
Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 955d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?
If there are any such let them make immediate application to
THE VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex-st.,
Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.
For Crockery, China, and Glassware,
We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $4.50 upwards.
Wood and Willow Ware.
A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods
Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

CONCENTRATED LYE.
CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE
Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.
Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.
V. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Ry.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Convent at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, a parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.
Ottawa, Janv. 18, 1869. 950tf

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Dated Ottawa, Feby. 4th, 1869. 971-2m

ROOMS TO LET.
MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 868tf

LOST, on Metcalfe-st., about 12 noon, on FRIDAY, the 12th inst., a dark SEALSKIN MUFF. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at H. McLean's Auction Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 973f

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.
A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!
Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated
HOT AIR FURNACES.
Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,
AT THE
SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found
The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.
Also, a general assortment of
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.
Together with
PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,
SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!
We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in
CENTRAL CANADA,
at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated
"MORNING LIGHT,"
AND
ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,
House Furnishing Goods.
Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige
H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES
OF THE
LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED
PATTERNS,
Still selling below cost at
ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks st., op. Ontario Bank.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES
are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.
Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.
Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.
G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.
A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)
Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 815y

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.
O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,
Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION.
A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.
$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00, $3.00
TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.
$2 ..... GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ..... GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ..... OVERCOATS,
$9 ..... COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ..... GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ..... UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ..... DRAWERS
A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE
to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the
GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG
waives over the far-famed
SILVER BOOT,
and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for
CHEAP GOODS.
We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell
GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,
for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.
The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.
Our stock is new, and composed of
Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.
We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.
Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.
Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.
JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 5, 1869. 966d

Groceries.

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.
In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.
TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:
1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:
Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.
Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.
The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10. 1868. 886-6m

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.
"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"
THEN USE
WATERS' QUININE WINE,
The finest tonic in the world.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"
BAKING POWDER.
The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.
January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!
Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

TO LET, ON O'CONNOR-ST., a nine-roomed House. Possession immediately.
Apply to Mr. CHARLES HUBAND, or to Mr. JONES, the present tenant.
Ottawa, February 12. 972-3

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!
A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!
Boots and Shoes Below Par!!
AT THE RED BOOT,
All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at
ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!
and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for
SPRING GOODS,
an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of
TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!
The stock includes a splendid lot of
CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,
for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.
Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.
W. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S
CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,
No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
AT THE OLD
CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.
The whole of
THE BANKRUPT STOCK,
comprising the latest styles and best qualities of
LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.
The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.
Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.
A. J. STEPHENS & CO.
Ottawa, Oct. 26 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.
I have now received my fall and winter stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.
In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.
Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.
A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.
439y GEORGE MURPHY

THE OCEAN RACES.

Sailing of the "Russia" and the "City of Paris"—The "Pereire" Disaster—Who Stands Behind with the Betting Books?

It has been broadly hinted—indeed, openly alleged—that the *Pereire*, on her recent disastrous voyage from Brest, was sailing under a heavy wager, and that, therefore, when a heavy gale struck her, instead of slowing her engines, she kept on at her highest speed, and plunged through the mountainous seas that she might otherwise have ridden like a swan. As our readers already know, she was disabled on her sixth day out, six persons were killed by the tremendous seas which swept her decks, and she was compelled to turn back to Brest for repairs. Nobody in connection with this event has yet been arrested for homicide.

Yesterday, at noon, two palatial steamships sailed from this port on another ocean race. Since the race between the *Cuba*, of the Cunard line, and the Inman steamship *City of Paris*, several months ago, in which the Inman steamship first reached Queenstown, the pride of the tars of the Cunard line has been deeply wounded. A card appeared on that occasion, over the signature of Mr. Cunard, denying that such a match had been made. That was all very well for Mr. Cunard's knowledge of the race; but no card ever appeared from the commander of either vessel. The probabilities are that the owners of both vessels were kept in the dark, and that there was simply an understanding between both captains, who sailed from New York harbour within the same hour. The Cunard men have never accepted the result of the race as a fair test of the speed of vessels on both lines, as it is asserted that while the *Cuba* was the slowest mail vessel on the one line, the *City of Paris* was the fastest on the other. Accordingly, when the *City of Paris* arrived at this port on Monday afternoon last, another match was made between her commander, Capt. Kennedy, and Capt. Cook, the commander of the *Russia*, both vessels to start from this port yesterday.

This race will be one of the most exciting that has ever been contested by steamships, as not only the prestige of the Cunard line is involved, but the postal grant by the British Government for carrying the English mails to this country now possessed by the Cunard line, and for which the Inman company are contending in London, may be transferred from the Cunard line if the *Russia* should be beaten. There was heavy betting on the result as the *Russia* left left her dock yesterday morning. It is not necessary that the agents should be informed of this match, or that any formalities should be observed. In fact a prohibition issued to either of the commanders could not affect the result, as each vessel is bound to make a speedy passage, and those who know Capt. Kennedy, the commander of the Inman line, say that his rival, Captain Cook, will have a hot time of it. The object of these men in trying to keep the racing arrangement secret is obvious, as passengers would be loth to trust themselves in vessels on such an expedition. At all events, this race will most probably decide the merits of the respective lines as far as speed is concerned.—*N. Y. Sun.*

CELESTIAL OBSERVATIONS.

The Discovery of New Worlds.

The Chicago correspondent of the New York *Sun* writes in a recent letter:—

"The University of Chicago possesses one of the largest telescopes in the world—perhaps the largest. The university itself, which was built and endowed by the Baptist denomination, is an honour not only to that respectable body of christians, but to America; and when the north wing is completed—which, if fortuna smile, will be during the summer of this year—it will be one of the most beautiful college structures in the United States.

"The destined work of this wonderful telescope is to make—in connection with the nine chief observatories of Europe and America—an entirely new catalogue of 250,000 stars, determining the right ascension and declination of each particular star; so that by observing its position, astronomers may, in far off ages, be able to pronounce authoritatively upon its motion, and to declare in what direction it has proceeded through the illimitable voids.

"At this moment it is slowly and silently performing its sublime work, and furnishing those far off astronomers the data upon which to base their calculations respecting that mighty problem, the direct motion of the sun through space. When this is solved, data will also be abundant for locating the position of the great central sun, around which millions upon millions of other suns, popularly denominated stars, do in all probability revolve. The great work being divided among the ten principal observatories of the world, will make the share of its falling to the Chicago observatory 25,000 stars—upon each of which the most careful observations will be made and recorded. It will require about ten years to accomplish this stupendous work, and when it is done we may expect some important astronomical discovering.

"This meridian circle, however, is not the only thing which the enterprise of these brave and scholarly Baptists has given to Chicago. They have had constructed an enormous refractor, which has no equal on this continent, and perhaps not in Europe—for the order was to produce the best that skill could make, and money purchase. And thus, night after night, in the long watches, and in the great silences of the immensities, where the universe broods over its yet unformed and shapeless worlds, this wonderful instrument, as if with the instincts of creative power, silently gathers in those mysterious nebulæ, that look in heaven like the luminous foam of a boundless sea. Already more than a hundred stars have been discovered by it whose light has never before descended upon mortal eyes. A hundred new worlds!—and all this bother, over our old hulk of a planet, which, in comparison with some of them, is but as a point in the infinite.

"The university has of late raised one hundred and fifty thousand more dollars, and the Hon. W. B. Ogden has just contributed to this amount the additional sum of fifty thousand, which will place the college on a still firmer basis."

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

DR. LIVINGSTONE.

We notice the following in a communication addressed to the London *Times* by Mr. Horace Walker:—"In letters received, bearing date November 26th from Zanzibar, I am informed that no intelligence whatever has come to hand for a long time respecting Dr. Livingstone. The latest news from our traveller reported him in Cazembe's country a year ago. Letters written previously to the despatch which announced this are missing. By your kindly inserting this a good deal of misapprehension as to the Doctor's movements will be done away with. I quote Dr. Kirk's words: "There is no knowing where he is." With these remarks I wish to couple the belief I hold, that there is no actual need for much anxiety on his account. Those who know Livingstone will feel the least alarm. They will remember his indomitable perseverance, they will recollect that in all probability he has now in his hands the solution of the grandest geographical problems, and they will feel thankful that the last positive information reported him sound and well, and within the reach of fresh stores, medicines, &c. *Au reste*, Africa is a large place. Dr. Kirk informs me that Moosa (who so cleverly murdered Dr. Livingstone in our imagination) has been handed over to him at Zanzibar from Johanna. Finding that he had already passed eight months in heavy irons, the authorities very humanely considered this time sufficient for the reflective powers of the mischievous scamp to consider the merits of truth and falsehood; so Dr. Kirk has set him free."

MISCELLANEOUS.

—An Australian horse recently ran ten miles in 23 minutes and 35 seconds. This is said to be the fastest time on record for that distance.

—The British turret armour-plated ship *Monarch*, is, by the direction of the Admiralty, to be fitted up with apparatus for lighting every part of the vessel with gas.

—Some burglars in Wisconsin recently used $30 worth of greenbacks to light the gas to enable them to break into a safe. When they had opened it they found a quarter dollar.

—A coloured boy has been appointed as one of the pages in the New York Legislature; and a facetious editor remarks that this is not the first dark page in the history of that body.

DR. MCGILL'S CONSTITUENTS.—The Whitby *Gazette* says: "A meeting of Reformers to have explanations from Dr. McGill, M.P.P., in reference to his course in parliament, is to be held at the town hall, Brooklin, on Saturday, 27th instant."

—Five years ago an iron ornament was placed around the top of the Treasury Department at Washington, and after being laughed at by all men of taste, has been replaced by a suitable ornament in stone. Total cost to tax-payers, about $50,000.

—Lord Arthur Pelham Clinton, who will be remembered as paying a visit to his brother in this country some years since, has become a bankrupt, with liabilities between £40,000 and £50,000. Lord Albert Clinton has also become a bankrupt. Lord Arthur was formerly in the navy.

—A Maryland paper says the fruit-growers in some parts of that State are greatly alarmed lest the fruit crop this year should prove a total failure. The long-continued mild temperature has had the effect of placing the trees in such condition that the first cold will exert a very disastrous influence.

—An electrical phenomenon occurred during the thunder storm on Wednesday night last at Tynsborough, Mass. At about two o'clock a current of electricity passed over a large cross-cut saw and a bar of iron lying in juxtaposition, and they were so thoroughly fused by the heat that they could not be separated by hand.

—Within a territory embraced in a circuit of fifty miles of Keokuk, Iowa, there are 3,000 acres planted in grapes, nearly all for winemaking purposes. One man in Keokuk has planted seventy-five acres, and is prepared to plant twenty-five more in the spring, all for wine-making. Some vine growers are making $10,000 per year.

—A locomotive on a new model has been built at Paterson, New Jersey, for the New York and New Haven Railroad. It is a "double-ender," having a cow-catcher at each end, and being designed to run equally well in either direction. The water is in a tank over the boiler, and the coal is carried in a supply box in the rear of the furnace.

—Business men in Poland are in great trouble. Hitherto they have been allowed to employ the new style calendar in all their private transactions, but after Jan. 1 (old style), or Jan. 13 (new style), the old style, which is law in Russia, has become obligatory in Poland also. The change cannot fail to give rise to an immense deal of confusion, and some litigation, involving no little injustice.

—Four steam-canoes, constructed at La Seyne, near Toulon, for the mail service on the canal of Suez, have been tried, accepted, and embarked on board the packet *Telemaque* for conveyance to Alexandria. They are built of mahogany, and furnished with awnings for the protection of passengers; two of them belong to M. de Lesseps's company and two to the Viceroy of Egypt.

—The medicos of the Province of Quebec are indignant because the Government won't give them more than $2 for witness fees, and vow they won't swear scientifically at that tariff. The judges declare that in such a case they will prescribe a committal for contempt of court. There is no good reason why they should be paid four times as much as other people for their evidence.

—In Tiffin, Ohio, a few days since a man visited an unoccupied mill and entered an old boiler that had been taken out for repairs. While pegging away at its sides with hammer and chisel to obtain specimens of lime scales, it rolled and fell on its end, closing the entrance and imprisoning the specimen seeker. In this unexpected dungeon he remained for six hours, until his cries attracted the attention of some passers by.

—A Napoleon (Ohio) paper says that the wolves are quite numerous in the woods thereabout. Week before last a hunter shot and wounded a large buck, but the wolves "cut in" ahead of him, ran the buck down, and had it devoured before the hunter came up. The next day the wolves chased a wounded fawn, and were about to make a meal of it when a shot from the pursuer's rifle dispersed them.

—The Medico-Chirurgical Academy at St. Petersburg conferred, at its annual conference a week or two ago, the degree of M. D. upon Mdme. Kaschewarow, the first female candidate for this honour who had presented herself before them. When her name was mentioned by the dean it was received with an immense storm of applause, which lasted for several minutes. The ceremony of investing her with the insignia of her dignity being over, her fellow-students and new colleagues lifted her upon a chair and carried her with triumphant shouts through the hall.

—The London *Star* says: At the last meeting of the Medway guardians a petition, signed by about forty inmates of the workhouse, was read, asking to be sent to Canada, the petitioners stating that they saw no means of improving their condition in this country. It was stated in the course of conversation, that the guardians had, at different times, sent away from this country, upwards of 350 paupers, and that if some of the present inmates were not soon sent out of the house, a new wing would be wanted. The subject was eventually referred to committee.

—The Grand Jury of New York made a presentment the other day in reference to the carrying of loaded pistols,—setting forth that the law is so interpreted as to tolerate their being carried, and asking the State Legislature to so amend the law as to make the carrying of a concealed loaded pistol a penal offence. Considering the number of people that are annually murdered in the United States, owing to this barbarous custom, it is to be hoped that legislatures will pass such ordinances as will put an effectual stop to a practice that has been condemned by every other civilized nation upon earth. That a country which professes to have done away with all relics of the feudal age, and to be more advanced in civilization than any European nation, should indirectly sanction its citizens avenging themselves by killing their enemy in the heat of anger, is an anomaly peculiar to the western continent, and one of the greatest stains on the American Republic.

THE PRESTIGE OF BLOOD.—A correspondent of the New York *Times*, writing from the capital of South Carolina, says:—"White blood is so highly prized by the legislators of to-day that I have yet to see the first black negro woman receive any civilities from them. Although several of the law-makers themselves are pure black—as Whipper, Elliott, and Wright, (all northern) yet they all seem to prize this caste of blood so highly that their wives and sweethearts are invariably of a lighter shade; that is, unless they leave their better halves always in the obscurity of home, while they sport gayer and fairer beauties on the pavement and public halls. This pride of bood is visible in every possible way. The mulatto no more considers the negro his equal (except for voting purposes) than the white man does. Of course there is more social intermingling, because the mulatto comes of the black race; but whenever they acquire a separate residence the mixed race always look askance upon the 'black nigger.' While the entire coloured race—or, all the coloured races vote together, they do not intermarry, except when a pure negro acquires property and position, and then he can marry the brightest 'yaller gal' in the country. In this way there is a perpetual ferment of a social kind going on, and the trouble is endless. This was just so, though in a less degree and to a less extent, during slavery."

—The miraculous escape of Mr. Hardy, pump-maker, of Woodstock, from death, in a well, on Wednesday last, referred to in a recent telegram, is more minutely described by the Woodstock *Times*, whose reporter reached the ground when nothing was to be seen but the well filled, as it were, with a heap of stones and clay. There was, seemingly, no hope for the unfortunate man. At once men set to work and formed a stage; apparatus was procured, and the work of clearing the well proceeded with vigour. After about fifteen hours patient labour, under the most distressing feeling, Hardy was drawn from what was feared would be his living tomb. He was not severely hurt, but, from the pressure and fright, partially insensible. Through all those weary hours of agony to him, and suspense to his liberators—the lamentations, prayers and injunctions of the unhappy man, were borne to the surface through the pump. It was a terrible night to all concerned, but with the first dawn of day, the people who had worked so heroically, had the satisfaction to find their labours successful. When reached, Hardy was found with his arms grasping the pump, with his feet twined round it below. A large stone rested on his head, and near his feet, which touched the ground, were other stones that had evidently fallen before the arch had formed that saved the poor man from instant death. It is gratifying to know that the recovery of Hardy is beyond a peradventure. Hardy has a wife and family, whose situation during those hours of suspense cannot be imagined. The conduct of the parties engaged in the extraction is above all praise. One man, Keene, engaged at the work of excavating, was struck by a falling stone, but not severely. So providential a deliverance is rarely recorded.

EXPENSES OF A CIRCUS.—The expenses of a travelling circus, as given in a report of Adam Forepaugh's menagerie and circus, for its last season, are interesting. The exhibition opened the campaign near Philadelphia, on the 1st day of April, and closed the season at Cornersville, Ind., on the 24th day of October, making 177 "show days" in all. Only one day was missed on account of a severe storm. During this period the caravan travelled 2,936 miles. Making the average number of miles travelled per day, if we deduct the days during which the show remained quiet—when stopping two or more days in one place—18 miles per day. The general current expenses for the whole time, not including salaries,

were as follows: Aggregate cost of show lots, $2,424.90; of license, $4,986.09; hotel bills, 90 people, 207 days, $22,418.70; stabling and feeding stock, $27,022.80; newspapers, $3,829.29; bulletin boards, walls, &c., $3,858.60; distribution of bills in country, $3,086.04; beef for animals 150 lbs. per day, $3,910.93. Total amount, $70,567.45. To this is to be added the salaries of 60 people, which cannot, we think, be less than $250 or $300 per day, the cost of show-bills, printing, and transportation, the wear and tear of stock, properties, harness, waggons, cages, chariots, and paraphernalia, with the thousand items of expense incidental to the business, besides shoeing and repairs, tolls and ferryage, and the constant depreciation of property. The entire aggregate expenses are about $800 per day. The receipts of the season were $194,700—an excess of $53,100 over the expenditures. From these "profits" must be deducted the cost of wintering the animals.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auction Sale of Furniture—H. McLean.
Auction Sale of Property— Do.
New Publications—Jones & Holland.
Lecture—Y. M. C. Association.
Upper Ottawa Steamboat Company—R. W. Cruice.
Intercolonial Railway—A. Walsh.
Notice—W. F. Powell.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets and Interesting Reading Matter see Fourth Page.

THERE was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon, at which business of departmental routine was transacted.

THE announcement recently made concerning the negociations for the transfer of the Hudson's Bay Territory was, we have reason to understand, calculated to give a somewhat too hopeful aspect to the present state of the question. The negociations between the Colonial Office and the Hudson's Bay Company are still going on, but the result is as yet uncertain.

AS THE citizens are invited to meet to-morrow and consult upon the propriety of establishing a system of water works, it may not be amiss to remind them of the serious consequences to which their decision may lead.

Should they through apathy, misconception, or stubborn wrong-headedness permit the decision to go forth that they will not authorise the construction of these works, the property owners, merchants, and householders would at once feel the effect, thereof, either in the withdrawal of the insurance companies, or in a considerable advance of rates. The latter would undoubtedly be the smaller calamity of the two, yet either would lead to this other consequence, the depreciation of property and increase in the cost of merchandise. Property would decrease in value because of the greater insecurity from fire, or of the higher rate of insurance; and the same condition of things would raise the price of merchandise, because the dealer, to be successful, must indemnify himself for his expenses out of the profits on his goods. Besides these calamities which directly affect the pocket, the city would, undoubtedly, suffer in its reputation abroad, and become less attractive to strangers.

On the other hand, should it be decided that the construction of water works will be proceeded with without delay, the insurance companies would certainly continue their business, and in all probability refrain from increasing their rates, while the city would gain abroad a character for enterprise befitting its position.

Of the great advantages to be derived from the water works, when completed, we have said so much on former occasions, that we need scarcely again refer to them. The health and comfort of the citizens would be greatly promoted; property would be rendered comparatively secure from destruction by fire, the rates of insurance would be reduced, and the city would be made altogether more attractive as a place to live in, while the cost of the maintenance and interest of construction would be saved three times over, by the advantages and positive money savings which the works would effect.

But it is necessary that every ratepayer who has the welfare of the city at heart should take the trouble to attend the meeting and give his personal influence to promote its welfare. There are many good meaning people who shrink from every project involving immediate expense, no matter how great the ultimate benefits they would guarantee. There are others who having got into a jog-trot kind of life, take all things easy, and to whom nothing is so pleasant as to leave things to-day as they were yesterday. And others again, it may be, who mistakenly suppose that water works would conflict with their own personal interests, either in the increase of taxation, or in interfering with some of their present sources of income. It is not at all remarkable that Ottawa should have its share of these classes as they are to be found in almost every community. All that we can hope for—and we do so for their own good, as well as that of others—is that they may be left in the minority on this as on every other rational project of progress and improvement. And we are satisfied that this may be done if all those who are really and earnestly in favour of water works would but take an active part in assisting the movement for their construction.

We say nothing now of rival schemes, or rival modes of construction. Let these be discussed at the meeting, if thought desirable, but the main question to be first determined is, whether or not Ottawa is prepared to undertake the construction of water works? and that question we hope will be settled to-morrow, in accordance with the intelligence and enterprise of the city.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from the county of Huron, Ontario, says: "The snow is entirely gone, and the weather as balmy and delightful as in the month of April."

MR. SANDFORD FLEMING, Chief Engineer Intercolonial Railway, left town yesterday afternoon.

THE St. John *Morning News*, in discussing Mr. Howe's accession to the Cabinet, thinks it will appear strange to some people that the Toronto *Globe* should throw the weight of its influence against Mr. Howe's efforts to reconcile Nova Scotia to the Union, and proceeds to account for the fact after the following fashion:

"The Toronto *Globe* laboured earnestly to bring about the Union. The Toronto *Globe* thinks the Union an excellent thing for Ontario, and desires to see the Union prosperous and perpetuated. But the Toronto *Globe* wants to see George Brown master of the situation. It wants to see Sir John's Government smashed and Sir George Brown's erected amid the ruins thereof. It is not pleased if Sir John's Government takes a wrong step. It is still more displeased apparently when Sir John's cabinet takes a right and wise one. There is only one thing that Sir John can do to command the hearty approval of the *Globe*—and that is to yield up the reins to George Brown.

"The *Globe* is extremely opposed to any policy calculated to strengthen Sir John's hands. The policy may be good for the Dominion, but is bad for the prospects of Brown, McKenzie, Blake and Co. Therefore the policy must be objurgated. It may be a very fine thing to remove discontent from Nova Scotia; but it is intolerable to the *Globe* that Sir John's administration should have the credit of contributing to the removal. It may be a beautiful thing for Mr. Howe to ask for justice in behalf of Nova Scotia; but it becomes a very ugly business, in the judgment of the *Globe*, when Mr. Howe consents to receive that justice from the hands of Sir John. Mr. Howe had great political experience, and great political ability. It would be a splendid thing were Mr. Howe the colleague of Mr. Brown in an out and out Clear Grit cabinet. But it is a thing accursed for Mr. Howe to join hands with Sir John; and the *Globe* curses Mr. Howe accordingly. Happily the *Globe* is not quite as powerful as it is pretentious; and the curse causeless does not go for much among gods or men. The voice of the *Globe* sounds like the voice of destiny itself in the reverential ears of the bushwhackers of Clear Grit counties in Ontario—its echoes fall faintly upon the souls of 'the men that live by the sea.'"

We have only to add to this that the "bushwhackers" of Ontario are not half so much *Globe*-ridden as the *News* imagines. There can be little doubt, however, that the Ontario Opposition hoped to profit, at some future day, by the Nova Scotia discontent, and there can be as little doubt that Mr. Howe's course has destroyed their anticipations. From these considerations the *Globe's* objections to Mr. Howe's acceptance of office may be easily accounted for. Throughout Ontario this matter is pretty well understood. The chief organ of the Opposition was never tired of declaring that it was the "reckless "policy" of the Dominion Government which had added strength to the repeal movement in Nova Scotia. And now when the policy upon which this same Government has agreed is one that is evidently destined to break the backbone of the agitation the same organ is more than ever dissatisfied. This circumstance, if well worked up, would furnish another "story with a moral." Won't the *Globe* try its hand at it?

MR. JOHN O'FARRELL, of Quebec, writes to the *Chronicle* to say that as soon as possible he will look after all those journals which have "dared to asperse his character," in connection with the reports circulated concerning the WHELAN case. If he can succeed in determining the precise value of a "special "telegram" he will have done good service.

"GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK" for March; Messrs. Jones & Holland, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

The March number of Godey's Lady's Book contains the fashion plates for March, besides some elegant patterns for embroidery. The frontispiece is a beautiful steel engraving "On the tip-toe of expectation." This number also contains the usual amount of entertaining literary matter.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEADQUARTERS, OTTAWA, February 12, 1869.

RESERVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Regimental Division of Carleton.

To be Lieut. Colonel:
Collar M. Church, Esq., M. D.
To be Majors:
Lieut. John Dobson, from late 5th Non-Service Battalion. Lieut. Hiram Sykes, from late 3rd Non-Service Battalion.

Regimental Division of Prescott.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel:
Lieut.-Colonel Neil Stewart, from late 1st Non-Service Battalion, Prescott.
To be Majors:
Major Thomas Higginson, from late 1st Non-Service Battalion, Prescott.
Major John W. Marston, from late 2nd Non-Service Battalion, Prescott.

Regimental Division of Russell.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel:
Lieut.-Colonel Martin Casselman, from late 2nd Non-Service Battalion, Russell.
To be Majors:
Captain William Wilson, from late 1st Non-Service Battalion, Russell.
Major Henry Hanna, from late 3rd Non-Service Battalion, Russell.

Regimental Division of the North Riding of Simcoe.

THE DALSTON DRILL ASSOCIATION.

A drill association is hereby authorized at Dalston, in the regimental division of the North Riding of Simcoe, under the superintendence of Charles Johnston, Esq., M.S., to be composed of the teacher and the pupils of the Dalston Common School, and to be styled "The Dalston Drill Association."

By command of His Excellency the Governor-General.
WALKER POWELL, Lt.-Col.,
D.A.G. Militia,
Canada.

WORTH REMEMBERING FOR FUTURE USE.

"Do you intend to strike a man when he is down?"

"No, but get up, you blackguard, and I'll give it to you."

"Thank you, I am very comfortable here, and would rather not get up."

The above conversation may be apocryphal, but it is said about town to have taken place on a recent occasion at the Russell House. As it contains a decidedly good idea, we give the public the benefit of it.

—We have been shown a document signed by the Mayors in office of the cities of the United States and Canada, certifying to the superior excellence of Dr. Ayer's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, and to the value of all his remedies as articles of great public utility. Such evidence from such high sources bears us out triumphantly in the position we have long maintained with regard to Dr. Ayer's preparations, or more particularly our advertisements of them. No publishers need be more opposed than we are to the promulgation of quackery in any shape, but we knew when we began, that his remedies were above any suspicion of deception—that they were about the best it is possible to produce for the cure of disease, and that they have the confidence of all communities where they are known. Not alone because the Mayors of the whole country believe them useful to their people, but because we know from experience that they are so to ours, do we believe we are rendering a substantial service to our readers in making their virtues known to them.—*Courier, Princeton, Ky.* 976-1-8-1

LECTURE UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE AND ATHENÆUM.

The first lecture of the course lately determined on to be delivered under the auspices of the Ottawa Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum was delivered last night by the Hon. Col. Grey before an audience of the highest respectability and intelligence. The subject chosen by the lecturer was "A soldier's life twelve years ago, or the relief of Cawnpore."

The Colonel commenced by a pleasing and graphic description of the every day life of the soldier in the time of peace, and having finished his military picture, sounded the "route," and transported him with the audience to India, at a time when, so far as the authorities and the British army was concerned, it was imagined that peace and security reigned. But the lecturer showed by argument and instance that deep laid mines existed, and that a fearful substratum of rebellion underlay the whole country. He gave many valuable statistics as to the formation of the army of India, of the Sepoys and the various castes by which they were characterised. How they had arisen from five hundred in the time of Lord Clyde to be a great army. The mutiny was described as originating in the introduction of the Enfield Rifle with its cartridge. The natives who regarded the eating of kine or hog's flesh (or grease) as an abomination forbidden by their religion being commanded to bite off the end of the cartridge greased with the fat of the interdicted animals he regarded as the true cause of the disaffection which culminated in the slaughter of many of the bravest and fairest of England's sons and daughters. In allusion to the organization of the Sepoys the lecturer observed that the Duke of Wellington was always opposed to union of the different castes and religions. And Sir Charles Napier so well understood the matter that he declared that the Europeans were sitting on a mine, and the authorities in India generally were not without some knowledge and a sense of danger. Still among the army there seemed to prevail a sense of security, and this was admirably pourtrayed in a beautiful little family picture sketched with a master's hand. This was a small hunting party proceeding on a visit for an evening's amusement and enjoyment on a fine June afternoon, without a thought of danger. An elderly gentleman was described, with his son, a dashing young officer of one of the native regiments, and his daughter, a beautiful young lady just budding into womanhood, and through whose golden hair the beams of the setting sun streaming seemed tinged with a softer hue. The party were on horseback, and with their servants holding their hounds in leash, were surrounded with trees of rare foliage and fruits of all kinds in the greatest profusion, as if nature were mocking man with her bounty. Birds of gorgeous plumage were there; and on the Ganges close at hand floated and glided vessels of strange and quaint shapes, and all was serenity and peace. This hunting party comprised Gen. Wheeler, his son and daughter. And how should they in such a scene as this dream of danger? Who could tell that before the suns of July should have ripened the harvests such a tragedy as the world never saw would be enacted, and that they would be its unhappy victims? The lecturer then related how trouble came; how danger menaced the Europeans; how Gen. Wheeler telegraphed for aid, and how Nanah Sahib, the bloodthirsty and treacherous monster, came with supposed aid, and how he eventually avowed his hatred and treachery; how day after day he drew his army closer and closer around the devoted place. The massacre and the well known well of Cawnpore, all were described with thrilling minuteness, and with an eloquence of declamation we have seldom heard surpassed. Havelock's march to the relief was a masterly effort, and when the gallant men of the 78th and 64th Regiments under him were shewn bodily as it were to the audience, making the discovery of the horrid and unheard of atrocities that had been committed on their countrywomen, when they collected the hair that had been severed from the heads of the ladies and dividing it among them, each dipping the hairs into the blood, which was ankle deep, and on their knees swearing that for each hair they held, a rebel should die, the scene became affecting in the highest degree. The lecturer said:

The vengeance of those incensed men, the conquerors of that dreadful day was terrible. The Sepoys were blown from the guns. The sword of the avenger slept not, on the march to Lucknow, on the storming of the Alumbagh, on the relief of the Residency. "Remember the women and children of Cawnpore," aroused a spirit in the men, no earthly power could quell. Who will ask for mercy? Who for pardon crave? Let history close her bloodiest page. Let us rather turn to that enlightened policy, which since the suppression of the mutiny, has characterised the administration of Lord Canning, and is obliterating the past horrors of India in the brighter prospect of her future. The Queen of England now reigns over 200 millions of British subjects in the East. British civilization and British enterprise are unfolding the rich resources of that country, from the Himalayas to Cape Comerin, from Bombay to Calcutta, from Madras to Bombay, from east to west, from north to south, the ring of the workman's hammer is heard, as he lays the great railways which traverse its rich and fertile plains. A sense of justice, a sense of security pervades the land, Paynim and Hindoo, Brahmin and Mussulmen, men of all creeds and every faith, feel that the law is superior to them all, and will protect them all. And slowly, but surely, above that Paynim's prayer, above the Muezzin's call, is heard the Christian's supplication, that the truth of the Redeemer's faith may be shed over that misguided land. And that the idolatry, and superstition, and ignorance, which led to the frightful disasters I have narrated may be swept away forever—and so it will be. But the Queen of England reigns over a more glorious Empire in the west, where four millions of British subjects—having but one creed—animated but by one feeling of loyalty and attachment to the Parent State, and enjoying the advantages of the best institutions, and the broadest freedom in the world, have in their own hands the moulding of a destiny, a career of prosperity and greatness, which has hitherto not been offered to any people on the earth. The Great Architect of the Universe has raised for you in British North America a noble land. Its beetling cliffs roll back the surges of the Atlantic on the one side. Its sloping plains bathe their golden sands in the calm waters of the Pacific on the other. Rivers of mighty volume, plains of fabulous fertility, forests of interminable extent are yours. The riches of the sea and land are at your command. Let not a narrow policy—a spirit of isolation—shut you out from the advantages of this strong position. Let not the lessons of history be ignored, and the stupendous fact that the United States have within the life of man risen from disjointed Provinces, and by means of union taken place amid the foremost nations of the earth be forgotten. The advancement of our country must depend upon all. We may not individually realize the fruits of our labours. One by one we pass away, and other workmen take our places, but still the glorious vision of our country's progress rises brighter and more beautiful day by day. And the day has now dawned upon us, no longer members of the scattered sections of a wide domain, but members of a great and glorious land that takes its place amid the nations of the earth—the home of the happy and the free.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE "SUPERNATURAL."—It will be seen that the Rev. Mr. May's lecture—of which a friend, in the absence of our reporter, furnished us an admirable *prevision*, last week—is to take place to-morrow evening.

THE MARKETS.—As nobody expected a market yesterday, nobody was disappointed. When our reporter visited the market place he saw a one horse load of hay, and a two horse load of meat; and it is doubtful if there will be much more to-day.

THE INDIA WAREHOUSE.—On Thursday morning next, the Centre Town branch of this well established family grocery, will be opened. The stock is all new, purchased for cash, and will be sold at low rates. This will be a great convenience to the customers of D. T. Browne & Co., as those living west of the Sappers' Bridge can obtain their groceries nearer home. Messrs. D. T. Browne & Co. have proved themselves an enterprising firm, and we hope they will have no reason to regret the opening of their branch establishment on Sparks-st.

THE SNOW-SHOE RACES.—We understand the Parliament Square has been secured for the races of the Ottawa Snow-shoe Club. On Monday evening the club had one of the largest musters of the season, and enjoyed a most invigorating tramp to Gatineau village, and at a meeting held at Hagan's hotel, with the President in the chair, a committee was appointed to arrange the programme of races, for submission to the final business meeting, to be held this evening. The start for the place of meeting will be from Notman's corner, at ten minutes past eight, sharp. Every member is requested to be present, as important business will be transacted. The club is daily increasing in strength, and there is now very little doubt it will take its place among the permanent local institutions of Ottawa.

COUNTY COUNCIL.—At the last regular session of the Council of the county of Carleton, it was found necessary to adjourn before the business before them was quite finished, and they accordingly adjourned to the 16th of February (yesterday). It was not, however, believed that they could reach town, in consequence of the roads being blocked up with snow. At two o'clock, the hour for meeting, there were present Messrs. Blackburn, Cowan, Cummings, Kidd, Tremblay, and McCaffrey. As four more, however, were wanted to make a quorum, no business could be transacted. It was expected that most, or all, of the members, would arrive last night, and business be entered upon at ten o'clock this morning. If this shall turn out to be the case, their constituents may well congratulate themselves on having a set of men who cannot easily be deterred from attending to their public duties, for it is many years since the roads were in a condition so nearly impassable as they now are, and several of the members will have been the first to break through the untrodden snow drifts for many a weary mile, in order to discharge their duties to their constituents.

POLICE COURT.—Jeremiah Dorgan who has been a source of great trouble to the police for some time past, was sent to jail for three weeks for vagrancy.

John Charles, drunk and disorderly on the public streets, was fined $2 and $1 costs.

The adjourned case of Hubertus *vs.* Goodwin for assault was called up.

Mr. Goodwin made a statement to the effect that he had seen an article in the Toronto *Globe* newspaper, in which it was alleged that he had visited the jail in company with Michael Starrs, and had an interview with Whelan in his cell on Sunday week, with a letter from Mrs. McGee. This he said was perfectly untrue; he had never taken any such letter, nor had he ever received such a letter. He never went to the jail with Michael Starrs and he did not go into Whelan's cell. The defendant then went on to speak disparagingly of Mr. Hubertus, and said he was universally hated. That he had heard of him with his ear to the key hole of Government office door, and looking over the fanlight of a gentleman's bed-room door while he was in. He admitted that he had knocked the man down, and His Worship of course would fine him for it, but he hoped that the fine would be proportionate to the offence, and not what His Worship would have a right to impose if he had knocked down a decent man. In a case like this, where a man's character was maligned, what could he do. It was no use arguing with such a man; you could get no satisfaction from him, and he did not see what else he could do than to do as he had done.

Mr. Hubertus made a statement of the case, and said he was sorry to appear at that court, for he never had any bad feeling against Mr. Goodwin, and had not even now. He appeared there only in the interests of morality. He, himself, occupied a very difficult position, and he knew that he had great power. Sometimes it might happen that in furnishing intelligence for the public he might unintentionally hurt the feelings of some persons, but if he ever did so, he was quite ready to set the matter right, and if any felt aggrieved redress was to be had in the law courts. He was going into a lengthened statement of the whole case, and proposed to call witnesses, when the Magistrate said he did not see what necessity there was for such a course, as Mr. Goodwin had admitted the assault. Mr. Hubertus wished to shew that it was an aggravated assault, and called Mr. P. J. Buckley, who was present and witnessed it.

Mr. Buckley, being sworn, said he was present with Mr. Goodwin and other gentlemen, and before Mr. Hubertus came into the house Mr. Goodwin was greatly excited on the article in the *Globe* being pointed out to him, and when Hubertus entered defendant went up to him. Some words were exchanged between them, and he saw Goodwin strike one blow under the ear of Hubertus, when the latter fell on his back, and held up his leg to defend himself. There might have been more than one blow struck, but he did not see it, it was done so quickly.

Mr. Hubertus then requested to be sworn, and on oath made a statement as to the information he had received, and the nature of the assault. Speaking of the latter he said he was going up to Mr. Goodwin to speak to him about it, but he had not time before Mr. Goodwin came along to him and charged him with writing the article, and after some improper language struck him twice and the second blow knocked him down. He proposed then to call Mr. Armstrong to prove that Mr. Goodwin visited the jail.

This witness said that on the Sunday in question between one and two o'clock in the afternoon, Mr. Goodwin came to the jail and saw Whelan in the corridor, but not with Starrs, nor did he go into the prisoner's cell. Witness was about ten feet from them while they were speaking, and he did not overhear what they said. He had never been in the habit of listening to conversations between the prisoner and those who came to see him.

The magistrate said he would fine the defendant $10 and costs.

[In a few hours afterwards the amount of the fine was made up by a penny subscription—REPORTER.]

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

GREAT WESTERN OF CANADA AND SIR GEORGE E. CARTIER.

[From the Railway News.]

On Thursday evening, the 28th inst., the directors and shareholders of the Great Western of Canada entertained as their guest at St. James's Hall, the Hon. Sir George E. Cartier, C.B., and the Hon. Wm. Macdougall, C.B., members of the Canadian Government. Mr. Ald. Dakin presided, and was supported by the Minister for the Colonies, Earl Granville, Lord Bury, the Right Hon. Wm. Monsell, M.P., &c.

The chairman, in complimentary terms, proposed the health of Sir George E. Cartier, and, in doing so, referred to the fact that it was an ancestor of that gallant officer—a man of energy and enterprise—who in the 16th century first took possession of Canada in the name of the King of France. The same qualities distinguished his descendant, and, as an instance of the energy with which their gallant guest was endowed, he might mention that he, acting on the principle *cedunt arma togæ*, had some years since devoted himself to the improvement of the law in Canada, and in doing so had, as a true patriot and as an energetic statesman, rendered great service to his country. Law reform, however, was not the only matter in which he interested himself. On the contrary, he sought out whatever might redound to the honour and to the greatness of Canada, to the happiness and prosperity of the Canadians, and thus it was that he had been led to bestow particular attention upon the growth of railway enterprise in the colony. A few years since (in 1853) there were only twelve miles of railway open in Canada; there were now 3,000. It might be, perhaps, that those lines had not proved as profitable to those who invested their money in them as was the general wish of the proprietors of the Canadian lines, still there could not be any question of the fact that they had proved highly advantageous alike to the political and to the material interests of Canada itself. As representing the Great Western of Canada, he proposed to them as a toast "The Continual Prosperity of Canada," coupled with the health of Sir George E. Cartier. (Cheers.)

Sir George Cartier, in returning thanks for the toast, which was fully pledged, said it was a great pleasure to him to be able to assure the distinguished company which he saw gathered around him of the unwavering loyalty which animated the Canadian people, who had not any wish whatever that their country should be absorbed in the neighbouring republic. Far from it; their desire was to remain under the old monarchical flag of Great Britain. They had not any craving for that which some people called political independence, as they seemed to think that if they wished to enjoy it in reality it was vastly better for them to remain in intimate connection with the mother country, the extent of whose power and prestige shed a glory upon all who were connected with her. The Canadians wished to be a power on the American Continent, and to extend their influence from the Atlantic on the east to the Pacific on the west, and they were convinced that they could realise those expectations under the benign influence and with the support of Great Britain. He would, therefore, caution those who had heard him not to attach any weight to the views propounded by Mr. Goldwin Smith and those other gentlemen who constituted the anti-colonial party.

Earl Granville, in returning thanks for the toast of "The Colonies," said the British Government, it mattered not which party was in office, desired to secure as much information as possible upon all questions relating to the colonies. He, as Colonial Minister, attached especial importance to all such information, and that he might acquire it, had commenced attending a course of ascetic lectures—(laughter)—for he had dined every day in the week with persons connected with one colony or another, and the instruction he had received from them could not but be highly useful to him. He had very recently read Lord Durham's report on the state of Canada during his viceroyalty, in which his lordship spoke of the French Canadians as brooding in sullen silence over their wrongs; but the bright and joyous countenance of their gallant guest implied that a singular change had taken place since then. Lord Durham, in his report, also spoke of the irrepressible hatred between the two nations, of the discontent which existed between them, and of the tendency on the part of all the English in the colony to separate from the mother country; but all they had that night heard was evidence that no such feeling had now an abiding place in the hearts of the colonists. Indeed, they had in their legislation upon education and upon ecclesiastical arrangements set an example which the mother country might follow with advantage. The railways established in Canada, encouraged as they were by the Canadian Government, had rendered very great service in opening up the resources of the country, and now that all the British-American colonies were united into one confederation, Canada would become one of the great nations of the world, and he most sincerely congratulated Sir G. E. Cartier on the brilliant future of his country.

Lord Bury said when he first visited Canada, the Canadian railway system was limited to a line of twelve miles—the Granville line, called after the illustrious statesman who was at the head of the Colonial Office. There were now 3,000 miles of railway open there, the chief of which was the Grand Trunk of Canada; and when proposing "Prosperity to the Railway Interest of Canada," he would associate with the toast the name of its excellent president, Sir E. Watkin.

Sir E. Watkin, in reply, said he had, at the direct solicitation of the late Duke of Newcastle, taken charge of the destinies of the Grand Trunk line at a critical period of its career, and since then it had had to struggle (it had done so with success) against many adverse influences—against the influence of a civil war, and against the evils which follow in its train. It had, however, at the time of the *Trent* embroglio, proved of the utmost importance to the Imperial Government, such were the facilities which it afforded for the transport of troops to the frontier, and to the massing of them there; and he should ever look back with pleasure to his connection with it, as it had given him the opportunity of rendering some little service to the Government, of contributing to the Confederation of the Colonies, and of becoming acquainted with such great and eminent Canadians as Sir G. E. Cartier.

Mr. Monsell, M.P., proposed the health of the chairman, which was duly honoured.

THROUGH WITHOUT BREAKING BULK.

The Cornwall *Freeholder* says:—

"A new device for through-freighting is now being put into operation on the Grand Trunk Railway. Last Tuesday morning a train of twelve cars went laden with merchandize for Chicago, St. Louis, and other points in the West. These cars run through from Boston to their destination, be it St. Paul or Salt Lake City, adapting themselves to the different guages on the route. The wheels are made to shift on the axle, to which they are perfectly fitted by means of the lathe. When fixed to any required guage, the wheels are retained in their places by keys, which are easily withdrawn when it is necessary to change guage. The contrivance is a very simple, ingenious, and apparently effective one. The right of the invention is patented, and held, we believe, by Mr. Yates of Brantford, and is worth a very large sum of money. The change of guage is easily effected by withdrawing the keys and running the cars on a siding or track inclining from broad to narrow, or *vice versa*. If this plan succeed, and its success can hardly be doubted, it will entirely supersede the very expensive device of a third rail. A large number of the class of cars in question are now being constructed, and doubtless we shall soon see daily trains running to and from the seaboard and the Mississippi, and ere long to the Pacific coast, without breaking bulk. The already very thorough through freight traffic of the Grand Trunk must be incalculably increased by the success of the change-guage cars, and the ability to make successful competition with other routes relatively enhanced. A principle applicable to the running gear of freight cars can also, no doubt, be applied to that of passenger coaches. We may reasonably expect very shortly to see the Pullman Palace, and other cars, passing our doors from the Atlantic and St. Lawrence ports to the extreme western points of travel. Should the success we anticipate from the change-guage plan be realized, a traffic already respectable will tax, if it do not exceed, the greatest capacity of a single line of rails, and gladden the hearts, we trust, of now despondent proprietors."

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY RINGS.

From the Leader.

A few months since an effort was made to excite the public mind over an alleged existence of powerful "rings" which, by the corrupt connivance of the Government, were to take the building of the whole Intercolonial Railway into their own hands. There was to be a grand swindle. There were Moreland and Watson, and Galt, and a number of others named and unnamed—horrible fellows, whose influence with the Government was to be used in cheating poorer and less influential, but more honest, contractors and the entire public.

Well, we have at last come to the *denouement*; and what is it? That the contracts for the four sections advertised have been awarded to the lowest tenders, men, we do not doubt, quite capable of fulfilling their contracts, but entirely devoid of political influence. An Ottawa firm, of whom we never heard before, gets the contract for the first section; Messrs. George and James Worthington, Ontario men, temporarily residing at Quebec, get two sections; and Messrs. Grant & Elliott, the firm which has built the new Government House in Toronto, the fourth. In every case success has attended a low tender. Low tender, did we say? So low, indeed, that if the contractors make their salt they will be far more fortunate than most experienced contractors fancy. The prices at which the four sections have been let are ridiculously low. We only hope the contracts will be carried out well and in good faith. In that case the Government will have a good augury that the road will be constructed at a much lower price than has been thought possible.

And this is the result of the column upon column of rubbish which speculative geniuses of the fault-finding kind, and those whose very nature it is to distort everything, have written time and again. It is just such a result as was to have been expected, despite the incessant growling which was kept up. The Commissioners are experienced men. They went about their work in a business-like way. They found that the men who put in the lowest tenders were competent to do their work professionally and financially. They recommended the tenders of these men to the Government, and at once the Government accepted them. This is the whole story briefly told. A very simple story it is. Do we give the Government any particular credit that it should be so? Not at all. Men are usually moved by motives. The Government could have been actuated by no other motive than that of letting the contracts at the lowest possible prices. Were they ever so much disposed to be corrupt—and Government corruption is infinitely more a matter of newspaper talk than of fact—they are strong enough in the House to make the honest course the better and the wiser course. The whole talk about "rings" and corruption and all the rest of it has been as idle as the gabble of a toothless hag. The Government all along meant to do what was right, and we only hope that the contractors may not find, when it is too late, that they have miscalculated the work they have to do.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

STATEMENT of the Provincial notes in circulation Wednesday, the 3rd day of February, 1869, and of the Specie held against them at Montreal, Toronto and Halifax, according to the Returns of the Commissioners under the Provincial Note Act:

Provincial Notes in circulation—		
Payable at Montreal	$2,874,013 00	
Payable at Toronto* (a)	714,997 00	
Payable at Halifax†	318,000 00	
		$3,907,010 00
Specie held—		
At Montreal	$450,000 00	
At Toronto	450,000 00	
At Halifax	63,600 00	
		$963,600 00
Debentures held by the Receiver General under the Provincial Note Act		$3,000,000 00

* Including $189,000 00 marked St. John.

(a) The Toronto statement is made up from other returns than those of the Commissioners, which have not reached this department.

† The Nova Scotia dollar not being equal in value to that of the other Provinces, the notes issued at Halifax are worth their face value in Nova Scotia only. They are stamped 'Payable at Halifax,' and are numbered in black ink. None but $5 notes are yet in circulation.

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

Audit Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869.

STATEMENT of the Post Office Savings Bank Account, for the month of January, 1869, published in accordance with the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 10, Sec. 72:

In hands of the Rec.-Gen. as per last statement, Dec. 31		$522,874.87
Amount received from depositors during January	$35,506.00	
Interest allowed on closed accounts	97 91	
		85,603.91
Withdrawal cheques paid during January	27,310.40	58,293.51
In hands of Rec.-General, January 31		$581,168.38
Bearing interest at 4 p. c.	$330,850 60	
" " 5 "	245,400 00	
Bearing no interest, being the amount in the hands of the Receiver General, to meet outstanding cheques	4,917 78	
		$581,168.38

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

Audit Office, Ottawa, Feb. 11, 1869.

BIRTH.

At New Edinburgh, on the 16th instant, Mrs. Thomas W. Currier, of a son.

MARRIED.

At Toronto, on Monday, 8th instant, by Rev. Dr. Sanson, Capt. H. P. Gowan, of the *Patriot*, to Charlotte, relict of the late John Carakeek, Esq.

DIED.

On the 3rd January, at Ashton House, Epsom, Caroline, relict of Major General Francis Ringler Thomson, R. E., and sister of Mr. Sheriff Powell, of this city.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND,
[Post Office Block,]
Have just received
Bow Bells, London Society,
Good Words for the Young,
Chambers's Journal, &c.
Godey for March, Demorest for March, Budget of Fashion, Harper's Bazar, Chimney Corner, Boston Pilot, Sporting Times, Ledger, &c., &c.
"Captain Jinks" Song Book, 1 cent each.
Ottawa, February 17, 1869.

BOOKS, BOOKS.—J. DURIE & SON have received Essays on English Writers, by the author of the Gentle Life; The Words of Wellington, (Bayard Series); Rasselas Prince of Abyssinia, by Samuel Johnson, [new edition, Bayard Series; Whittaker's Almanac, 1869; the Statesman's Year Book, 1869; Molesworth's Engineer's Pocket Companion.
Latest English editions of Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography.
Isaac Pitman's Phonographic Teacher.
Isaac Pitman's Reader.
The Best Books published on Phonography.
Chambers's Encyclopedia, 10 vols., ½ calf.
Chambers's Papers for the People, 6 vols.
Chambers's Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols.
Chambers's Journal, 1868, bound.
For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit.

Public notice is hereby given, that the Courts of OYER and TERMINER and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the THIRTEENTH day of APRIL, A.D. 1869, at the hour of ten of the clock, a. m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff.
BY JAS. BAILIFF,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
February 17th, A.D. 1869. 8td

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

GREAT UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE OF PIANOS,

BY J. BERMINGHAM,

At his Auction Mart, 72 Sussex-street,

ON THURSDAY, 18TH INSTANT,

At TWO o'clock, P. M.

The subscriber is favoured with instructions from one of the best Piano Factories on the continent, to sell UNRESERVEDLY on the day above named a number of beautifully finished seven octave PIANOS of the first tone and brilliancy. The public and intending purchasers are respectfully invited to visit the Auction Mart, and inspect the instruments, which will bear examination, and give satisfaction to the most critical judges.

Parties having second-hand Pianos to dispose of, and wishing to purchase a new instrument, can now do so to the best advantage, as full value will be allowed for Pianos taken in exchange.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 15, 1869. 974td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at his Sale-rooms, commencing on

TUESDAY, 9TH FEBRUARY, 1869,

a large and valuable stock of BOOTS, &c., &c., consisting of Men's Boots, Congress Gaiters, Winter Boots, Slippers, &c.; Ladies' wear in Gaiters of every description, both winter and summer; Misses' Boots, of every description; Children's Wear, &c. This will be a rare opportunity to secure Boots and Shoes, as the stock is large and well assorted, and will be sold without reserve.

Terms of Sale—Cash in Bankable Funds.
Sale to commence each evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972tf

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from MISS MARY HANLIN to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION her entire fit-out of BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE, at her house, in Mr. Aumend's Block, on the South side of Daly-st., consisting in part of

PARLOUR FURNITURE, viz.:—Sofa, Chairs, Carpet, Window Curtains and Cornices, Centre Table, Whatnot, Pictures, &c.

DINING ROOM—Black Walnut Extension Table, made by Jacques & Hayes, Sideboard, Chairs, Carpet, Table Cutlery, Crockery, Glass and China Ware of the very best description.

BED ROOMS—Bedsteads, Mattresses of all kinds, Blankets, Quilts, Sheets, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Carpets, Washstands, Bureaus, Looking-glasses, Baths, sets of Chamberware, &c., &c.

Cooking, Hall and Parlour Stoves and Stove-pipes, Hall Oil Cloth, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

The whole of the Furniture is in first-rate condition, and is such as may be found in a first-class boarding-house.

Sale to commence on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of MARCH next, at ONE o'clock, p m.

Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 976td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

has been commissioned by Mr. Thomas Mathews to sell

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

on the premises, on

Thursday, the 4th day of March, Next,

At 12 o'clock, noon,

That very valuable property known as the

REVERE HOUSE,

Consisting of three lots in one block, viz.: Part of Lots 1 and A on the south side of Rideau-st., and part of 1 and A on the north side of Besserer-st. The house is 106 x 40 feet, and four stories high, roofed with tin, and contains 4 large parlours, a first-class dining-room, sitting-room, bar-room, 2 kitchens, and 50 large, airy bed-rooms, and has a cellar under it the whole size of the house; with Sheds, Wood-house, Coach-house, a brick stable 66 x 30 feet, with accommodations for 40 horses attached.

The property, together, is one of the best in the city for a first-class hotel. A bargain may be expected.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

For further particulars apply to the owner,
Mr. THOMAS MATTHEWS,
At Matthews' Hotel, York-st.,
Or to the Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 976td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

has received instructions from ROBERT BELL, Esq., to offer for sale

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

on the premises,

On Friday, the 12th day of March next,

at 12 o'clock, noon,

that very valuable property in Block D, LeBreton's Flats, on which he resides, consisting of four lots in one block, viz.:

Lots Nos. 7 and 9, on Lloyd-st, and 6 and 8, on Bridge-st., containing nearly an acre of land. On Lot No. 7 there is a first-class STONE HOUSE, containing 4 rooms, a large Hall, Bath Room and Water Closet on the first flat, and 5 rooms, a Hall and Water Closet on the second flat, all finished, painted and papered in the best and most modern style, and in the rear of the house there is a large stone addition, containing a GRANARY and STORE ROOMS. In the basement of the house there are a large Kitchen, Cellar, Larder, Washroom, Pantry and Ice House, and a large Cistern capable of containing 300 puncheons of water, from which water pipes lead to all the principal rooms in the house. There are also Stone Stables, Sheds and Outhouses attached, and there is a magnificent Safe Vault in the house. The Grounds are tastefully laid out and planted with the best of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, and the whole premises thoroughly drained. The property altogether is one of the most complete, thoroughly built, finished and appointed in the city, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

The property can be viewed at any seasonable hour, and an examination of it is respectfully solicited by intending purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 973td

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL TO NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Winceys, Cottons, Prints, &c., Black Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Meltons, Tweeds, &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau-st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

OTTAWA YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

COURSE OF LECTURES.

The next Lecture will be delivered by the Rev. JOHN MAY, M. A., of March, on THURSDAY evening, 18th instant, in the Chapel of Ease, Sussex-st., commencing at EIGHT o'clock.

SUBJECT—"*The Supernatural.*"

Admission 10 cents.

Ottawa, February 17. 976-3

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 16.

The elections for the new Board of Agriculture resulted in only two members of the old Board being returned.

Valentine's Day is played out in this city. Only 1,000 to 1,200 were posted yesterday, 700 of which were unpaid.

The *Globe's* correspondent continues to write about the jail, giving very bad accounts of its condition.

The pigeon shooting match between Ward and Warren for $1,000 resulted in a tie. They have arranged another match for $5,000 to come off on the 19th proximo.

The weather is more mild to-day. The ice has almost disappeared from the Bay, there being only a narrow strip from the west end to the shore.

No mails from the East to-day.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

OPENING OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

The Queen's Speech.

LONDON, February 16.—The formal opening of Parliament, which was postponed last year in consequence of the resignation of D'Israeli's Ministry, took place this evening. The members of the House of Commons were summoned to attend at the bar of the Chamber of Peers to hear the royal speech. The Queen was not present, but Her Majesty's speech was read to the assembled House by the Lord Chancellor. The speech is in substance as follows: The Queen assures the Lords and Commons that the relations of Great Britain with all the foreign powers are at present on an excellent footing. The hostilities which threatens to break out in the East have been prevented by the Conference of the great powers at Paris. The hope is expressed that the negotiations with the United States will place on a firm and durable basis the friendship which should ever exist between England and America. The disturbances in the colony of New Zealand are to be regretted, but the Queen says that prudence and management on the part of the Government will prevent the occurrence of these unhappy events. The estimates will be laid before the House of Commons by Her Majesty's Ministers, and framed on a basis of economy coupled with efficiency in the administration of the service. The continued suppression of the operation of the writ of *Habeas Corpus* in Ireland is regarded as unnecessary. Ecclesiastical arrangements for Ireland are to be considered by Parliament. The legislation for their final adjustment will make large demands upon the wisdom of both Houses on this subject. The Queen concludes as follows: I am persuaded that careful regard will be had to the interests involved, and to the welfare of religion, and that through the application of principles of equal justice the questions before them will secure the undivided feeling of the people of Ireland on the side of loyalty and law, efface the memory of past contentions, and cherish the sympathy of an affectionate people.

The ship *Tavistock*, from Charleston, for this port, was abandoned at sea. Her crew were saved and landed at Deal.

LONDONDERRY, February 16.—The steamer *Nestorian*, from Portland, has arrived.

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 16.—Mr. Walmeskly has reached this city on his return from Athens, with the reply of the Greek Government to the resolution of the Conference of Paris. The Conference will meet again to receive the response of Greece.

SPAIN.

Ferdinand Accepts the Candidature for the Throne.

MADRID, February 15.—Senor Olosaga has resigned his appointment as ambassador to France, and also his seat in the constituent Cortes. Ex-King Ferdinand, of the reigning family of Portugal, has accepted the candidature for the throne of Spain.

MADRID, February 16.—Popular demonstrations have again been made in this city in favor of freedom of religious worship, and also for the abolition of capital punishment. The people gathered in the streets of Valladatia yesterday, and protested against military conscription.

CADIZ, February 16.—Active preparations are going on for the immediate embarkation of 6,000 more troops for Cuba. Don Escalante will go out with the reinforcements, with instructions from the Provisional Government.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, February 16.—Complete diplomatic relations between Italy and the Republic of Mexico will soon be restored.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 16.—Accounts of the state of affairs in Paraguay have been received from both sides, and are as usual contradictory. The Brazillians claim that the war is ended, that their forces now permanently occupy Asuncion, and that the inhabitants, who, on their approach, by order of Lopez, fled to the interior, are returning to their homes. It is positively asserted that President Lopez has abandoned the country, and gone to Bolivia. On the other hand accounts from Paraguayan sources represent that the army of Lopez after the battles at Velletta and Augostura rallied in comparative good order, and is still capable of making a formidable resistance. The Paraguayans base their hopes of preserving their independence and retrieving their losses on the violent dissention which they say has broken out among the generals of the allied troops.

CUBA.

Trinidad in a State of Siege—The Revolutionists Beaten in a Battle.

HAVANA, February 15.—The city of Trinidad, in the Central Department, has been declared in a state of siege. An engagement has taken place at Manzangua between the troops and revolutionists. Official accounts claim a victory for the Government.

HAVANA, February 16.—The Government authorities refuse to recognize the United States consul, except as a commercial agent. The naturalized Americans are being imprisoned without having charges preferred against them, or without chances of trial. The American consul will be compelled to leave unless he is supported by the Government. The Government is placing restrictions in the way of Americans who wish to leave the island.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Fenian Meeting in New York.

NEW YORK, February 15.—An immense mass meeting of citizens in favour of the freedom of Ireland, and liberty of American citizens held prisoners by England, took place this evening at Cooper Institute. Mayor Hall presided and made an eloquent speech, denouncing the disregard of the rights of American citizens shown by Great Britain, and claiming that to exhibit any further apathy on the subject would be disgraceful to the United States as a nation. Resolutions offering the rights of foreign-born citizens to protection of the American flag were adopted unanimously.

Booth's Body to be Given Up.

WASHINGTON, February 15.—The *Evening Star* says applications having been made for the body of Booth, it is likely that it will be delivered up shortly.

The United States to Construct a Canal Across the Isthmus of Darien.

The treaty made by Gen. Cushing with the Government of Colombia concedes to the United States the exclusive right to construct an inter-oceanic canal across the Isthmus of Darien, at any point which may be selected by the United States.

Booth's Remains Given Up.

BALTIMORE, February 16.—The remains of the assassin Booth were brought to this city last night.

Arrived.

NEW YORK, February 16.—The steamship *United Kingdom*, from Glasgow, arrived to-day.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Lynch Law in Mobile—Two Men Hung.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., February 16.—Two men, named Charles Bigford and James Quick, charged with murder, were taken from the jail at Hillsboro, Jefferson County, Mo., at two o'clock yesterday morning, by a large crowd of men, and hung.

The "Alabama" Claims Treaty.

WASHINGTON, February 16.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations had a long discussion on the *Alabama* claims treaty at their session this morning. The result showed that the committee hold substantially a view which is understood to have been expressed by General Grant, namely, that the treaty contains no satisfaction for the great wrong done us by England, and is entirely inadequate. Although no action was not taken the debate in committee showed that not a single member was in favour of the ratification of the treaty.

Severe Sleet Storm at Augusta.

AUGUSTA, February 16.—The most severe sleet storm occurred last night that has visited this vicinity for years. Hundreds of trees are completely raised, and roads are almost impassable.

Destructive Fire.

PLATTSBURGH, N. Y., February 16.—A fire broke out this morning in Bailey's block, consuming two stores occupied by P. S. Monach, clothier, and R. S. Bailey, grocer. Mr. Monach lost his stock, estimated at about $25,000. The balance of the block is badly damaged by smoke and water.

The Hon. John S. Macdonald, Hon. P. M. Vankoughnet, V. C., &c., at Washington.

WASHINGTON, February 16.—The Hon. John Sandfield Macdonald, Premier of the Province of Ontario; Hon. Phillip M. Vankoughnet, Vice-Chancellor of Ontario; and Mr. McPherson, of Toronto, are here, and occupied seats this evening in the diplomatic galleries of both Houses of Congress.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can alone be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 16.—American exchange 46.
Gold 135.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 16.—Cotton 29¼c.—Flour dull and declining; receipts 4,000 barrels; sales 6,400 barrels at $5.80 @ 6.40 for Superfine State and western; $6.75 @ 7.15 for common to choice extra State; $6.55 @ 7.45 for common to choice extra Western.—Rye flour quiet at $5.26 @ 7.36.—Wheat heavy, and 1c. lower; receipts 12,000 bushels; sales 26,000 bushels at $1.59 @ 1.61½ for No. 2 Spring in store and delivered; $1.70 for No. 1 delivered; $1.85 for winter red State.—Rye quiet; sales of small lots of western at $1.45.—Corn dull and drooping; receipts 16,000 bushels; sales 38,000 bushels at 90c. @ 92½c. for new mixed western.—Barley quiet; sales 50,000 bushels Canada West on private terms.—Oats quiet; receipts 1,500 bushels; sales 27,000 bushels at 75c. for western in store; 77c. for do. afloat.—Pork quiet and firmer at $32.50 @ 32.75 for new mess; $22 @ 22.25 for old do.—Lard firm at 18½c. @ 20c. for steam; 20c. @ 20½c. for kettle rendered.

UPPER OTTAWA

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

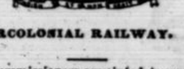
NOTICE.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING OF THE *SHAREHOLDERS* FOR ELECTION OF DIRECTORS AND Transaction of General Business, will be held at the office of R. W. CRUICE, SPARKS-STREET, in this city, on *Wednesday, 3rd day of March next,* at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

By order,

R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feby. 17, 1869. 976d



INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are now prepared to receive TENDERS for THREE FURTHER SECTIONS of the line.

Section No 5 will be in the Province of Quebec and will extend from Forty miles East of Riviere du Loup, at the end of Contract No. 2, to the Sixty-sixth Mile Post, near Rimouski, a distance of about Twenty-six miles.

Section No. 6 will be in the Province of New Brunswick and will extend from the Easterly end of Contract No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the Main Post Road near the 48th Mile Post, Easterly from Jacquet River, about Twenty-one miles.

Section No. 7 will be in the Province of Nova Scotia and will extend from the Southerly end of Contract No. 4, near River Phillip, to Station Fifty at Folly Lake, about Twenty-four miles.

Plans and profiles with specifications and terms of contract will be exhibited at the office of the Board of Works, Toronto, and at the offices of the Commissioners at Ottawa, Rimouski, Dalhousie, St. John, and Halifax, on and after the FIFTH day of MARCH, 1869, and SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tender," will be received at their office in Ottawa up to SEVEN o'clock, p.m., on the TWENTY-NINTH day of MARCH, 1869.

Intercolonial Railway Office,
Ottawa, 11th February, 1869.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
W. F. COFFIN,
Commissioners.

976a-8d

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tested this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It s used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, and BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR ASTHMA, and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief,

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS AT THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

POSTPONEMENT.

The meeting for completing arrangements for the SNOW SHOE RACES of the Ottawa Club is POSTPONED until WEDNESDAY EVENING. The start will be from Notman's Corner at ten minutes past eight sharp. A full attendance is particularly requested.

JOHN WALSH,
Secy.

976d

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
DO. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY,

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS

STATIONERY,

AS FOLLOWS:

☞ PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

☞ FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indellible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

☞ MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

☞ ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Mètallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

☞ WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

☞ POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—
Of every denomination.

☞ STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

☞ LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

☞ BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

☞ COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

☞ PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

☞ COTTON TWINE,
And other twines.

☞ WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

☞ BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

☞ PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

☞ SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are;

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

☞ Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

☞ In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds.*

☞ The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do
575 " UNION do
1925 " 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.

☞ All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

☞ The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks.

☞ All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

☞ LOW PRICES, ☜

HORROCKS and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3¾d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

FRENCH MERINOES

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co;

The Tea Pot, Ottawa

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 1lb.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1869.

On visiting the market yesterday morning we saw a single horse load of hay, and a double team load of meat. The cause of this is obviously the great snow storm which has made the roads impassable.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	60 0	@	0 64
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@	18 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	19 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

WELCOME.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant. JNO. T. DAY.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

WINFIELD—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE. To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwell Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake. G. CHENY, Manager, Canadian Express Company.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,

GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. REID.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality.—Brantford *Courier.*

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. DROLET.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 5oc, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fin Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS, Elgin-st. (*Opposite the Russell House*,) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers*,

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Meetings.

REQUISITION.

TO

H. J. FRIEL, ESQ., MAYOR OF OTTAWA

The undersigned hereby request you will call a Public Meeting, at an early day, to consider the erection of

WATER WORKS,

and to offer suggestions to the Corporation in relation thereto, on behalf of the citizens, as may be deemed advisable.

N Sparks	Allan Gilmour
J M Currier, M P	J Skead
A Workman	E Martineau
I Traversy	P A Egleson, Snr
Thos Ross	Jas Cotton
Joseph Aumond	Grant Powell
D W Coward	Thos Hunton
E Parent	O'Meara & Co
Garland, Mutchmor & Co	H V Noel
Geo M Rose	Chas Aumond
H O Burritt	P O'Meara
H F Bronson	Robert Skead
D M Grant	James Thompson
T D Harington	F X Pellant
John Langford	George Kennedy
R E Kimber	A Todd
W M Massey	J J Radford
F Braun	R S M Bouchette
W Young	W W Brown
G W Wicksteed	J W Brunell
W F Whitcher	R E O'Connor
Jas Esmonde	Bate & Co
J R Audy	C E Brush
M Kavanagh	A Begg
J W Peachy	David Millar
O C Wood	William Fraser
J Brown	A Brown
X Groulx	Joseph Germain
	E McGillivray.

Ottawa, January 25th, 1869.

REPLY.

In compliance with the above requisition I hereby call a Public Meeting for the purpose therein stated, to be held in the City Hall, on THURSDAY, the 18th day of FEBRUARY, instant, at the hour of three o'clock, p.m.

H. J. FRIEL,
Mayor.

February 4th, 1869. 974td

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE, WITH GARDEN,

TO LET, FROM 1ST MAY.

The present Residence of DOCTOR WILSON, Sen., Stewart-st. Rent, £55.

Apply to

ALLAN POYNTZ PATRICK,
975-4 Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's Office.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION!

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The argest collection in t Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 587y

JOSEPH HALL

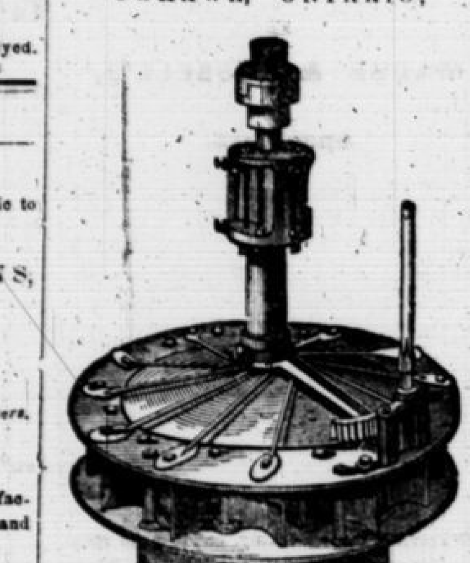
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

CHANCERY SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE,

IN THE

VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, comprising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to

MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK,
Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.
Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire,
Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.

989-1awtd Signed, A. N. BUELL.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Malden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL

BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

DOG LOST.

A Prince Charles Cocker Dog, Black, with Brown Paws and Muzzle, which answers to the name of "Charlie," was lost last Monday night. He had on a Leather Collar, bound with Brass, when he disappeared. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the dog to the Grand Trunk Agency Office, Russell House Block. Any person found harbouring the same after this notice will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972a

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts, where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DISMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks				
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0	8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1	0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1	0
80 do	Double Delaines	7		1	3
70 do	do Poplin	7½		1	0
150 do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1	3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1	6
33 do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3	0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3	0
75 do	FancyColors—your choice for	2			
200 do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2	0

Also, a splendid assortment of Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen ...6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

126 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for	6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars	6½d
165 do Good Prints	4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's	6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns	8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only	3 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9
500 Under Shirts, only	3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2½-yards wide Linen Sheeting	3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.	

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50	OVERCOATS.
4.00	heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up	PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25	VESTS.
$8.00, Black Broadcloth	FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
73y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

PORK,

OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

Wants.

WANTED.

A Female Teacher for the Junior Department of the Arnprior Common School, holding a second-class certificate. Applications will be received up to the 18th day of FEBY., 1869.

JAS. G. CRANSTON, M.D.,
Chairman.
GEO. CRAIG,
974-3 Secretary.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 833.3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10.30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to he comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA

(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,

$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912 3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,

E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-3td

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
H. of Commons.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the Times Office. Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq, M. D., M. P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st, corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

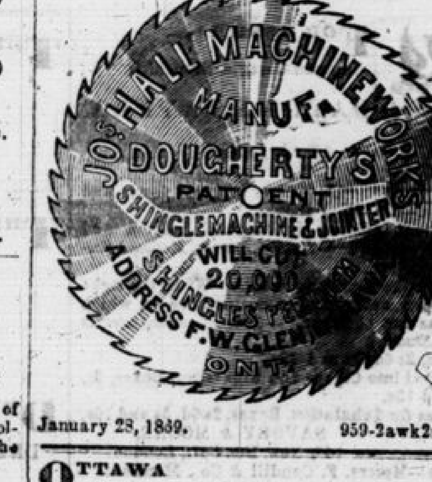
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,

W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

100,000 FEET OF

SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER

For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of

OAK,

MAPLE,

ELM,

BIRCH & ASH,

PLANK & SCANTLING,

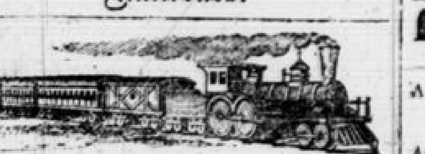
of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.

Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.

WALTON SMITH.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869. 973tf

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:30 a m
Night do do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7.00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at via Vermont Central.	3:30 p m
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 1, 1868.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,

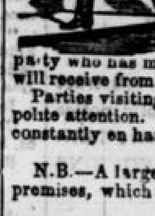
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON.

AGENT, DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918f

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10¼.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 89tf

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY;

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930 3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT,
970b JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 78y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

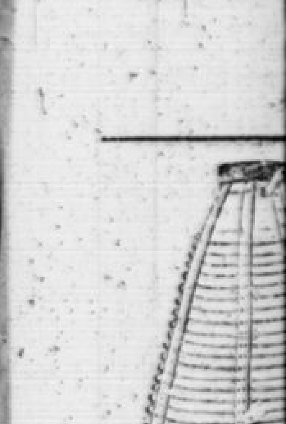
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.



The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 967. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

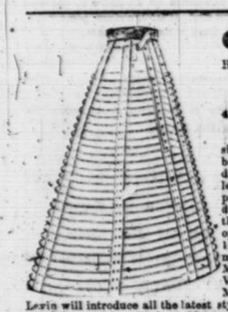
NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,
may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy endered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED
ROCK OIL,
Just received at the
OIL DEPOT,
72
SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,
BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.
Chimnies,
Wicks, and Lanterns.
D. R. LEAVENS,
OIL DEPOT, 72 SUSSEX-ST.
Sign Red Oil Barrel.



CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st
The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.
D. MILLAR.
Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 958d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?
If there are any such let them make immediate application to
THE VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex-st.,
Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.
For Crockery, China, and Glassware,
We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards:
Wood and Willow Ware.
A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods
Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

CONCENTRATED LYE.
CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE
Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.
Dated this fourth day of August, 1868.
W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Ry.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.
Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 972-2m

ROOMS TO LET.
MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 868tf

LOST, on Metcalfe-st., about 12 noon, on FRIDAY, the 12th inst., a dark SEALSKIN MUFF. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at H. McLean's Auction Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 972tf

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.
A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!
Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated
HOT AIR FURNACES.
Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,
AT THE
SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $3.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found
The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.
Also, a general assortment of
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.
Together with
PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Senna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,
SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!
We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in
CENTRAL CANADA,
at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated
"MORNING LIGHT,"
AND
ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,
House Furnishing Goods.
Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige
H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES
OF THE
LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED
PATTERNS,
Still selling below cost at
ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES
are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.
Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.
Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.
G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.
A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)
Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.
O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,
Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION.
A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.
$1.25 BLANKETS.... $6.00. $3.00
TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.
$2 .....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 .....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 .....OVERCOATS,
$9 .....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 .....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .....UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .....DRAWERS
A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE
to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the
GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG
waves over the far-famed
SILVER BOOT,
and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for
CHEAP GOODS.
We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell
GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,
for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.
The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.
Our stock is new, and composed of
Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.
We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.
Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.
Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.
JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d

Groceries.

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.
In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.00.
TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:
1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Roll's made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:
Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.
Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.
The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.
"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"
THEN USE
WATERS' QUININE WINE,
The finest tonic in the world.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"
BAKING POWDER.
The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.
January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!
Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

TO LET, ON O'CONNOR-ST., a nine-roomed House. Possession immediately.
Apply to Mr. CHARLES HUBAND, or to Mr. JONES, the present tenant.
Ottawa, February 13. 972-3

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!
A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!
Boots and Shoes Below Par!!
AT THE RED BOOT,
All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at
ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!
and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for
SPRING GOODS,
an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of
TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!
The stock includes a splendid lot of
CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,
for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.
Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.
W. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S
CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,
No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

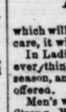
NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
AT THE OLD
CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.
The whole of
THE BANKRUPT STOCK,
comprising the latest styles and best qualities of
LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Moccassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Moccassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.
The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.
Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.
A. J. STEPHENS & CO.
Ottawa, Oct. 29 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.
I have now received my fall and winter stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.
In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.
Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.
A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.
4297 GEORGE MURPHY

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,
KEARNS & RYAN,
KEARNS & RYAN.
THE ABOVE FIRM
having bought out the
BANKRUPT STOCK
AND
LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY
MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,
AT A
LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,
are now prepared, and will sell from this date
THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,
DIVIDED
BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,
AT AN
IMMENSE REDUCTION
FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,
THE SALE TO CONTINUE
UNTIL THE
WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT
GREAT BARGAINS
may be expected.
KEARNS & RYAN.
Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL
TO
NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.
T. RAJOTTE
having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on han a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.
THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.
Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.
883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,
Offer great inducements to purchasers.
IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,
They have made a great reduction in price.
IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,
They have resolved to clean out the whole of these lines at cost price.
IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,
and all other Cotton Goods,
They have splendid value.
IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,
Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.
REMEMBER THE PLACE,
14 Rideau st.,
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.
A. O. A. & Co. TRADE MARK.
Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Pound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0-18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

GENERAL GRANT'S SPEECH.

From the New York World, February 15th.

One great advantage of a President-elect's saying but little is that the little he does say is sure to be scanned with eager, curious attention. To meet the public inquisitiveness respecting General Grant, we reproduce what is telegraphed from Washington as a word-for-word report of his speech in reply to the committee that delivered to him his certificate of election:

"I can promise the committee that it will be my endeavour to call around me as assistants such men as I think will carry out the principles which you have said the country desires to see successful—economy, retrenchment, faithful collection of the revenue, and payment of the public debt. If I should fail in first choice I shall not at any time hesitate to make a second, or even a third trial, with the concurrence of the Senate, who have the confirming power, and should just as soon remove one of my own appointees as the appointee of my predecessor. It would make no difference.

"There is one matter that I might properly speak of here, and that is the selection of a Cabinet. I have always felt that it would be rather indelicate to announce or even consult with the gentlemen whom I thought of inviting to positions in my Cabinet before the official declaration of the result of the election was made, although I presumed that there was no doubt about what the declaration would be. But after consideration I have come to the conclusion that there is not a man in the country who could be invited to a place in the Cabinet without friends of some other gentleman making an effort to secure the position; not that there would be any objection to the party named, but that there would be others whom they had set their hearts upon having in the place. I can tell that from the great number of requests that have come to me in writing and otherwise, for this particular person or that one, from different sets and delegations. If announced in advance efforts would be made to change my determination and therefore I have come to the conclusion not to announce who I am going to invite to seats in the Cabinet until I send their names to the Senate for confirmation. If I say anything to them about it, it will certainly not be more than two or three days previous to sending in their names. I think it well to make a public declaration of this to the committee, so that my intentions may be known."

This certainly is no great display of intellect; but candour constrains us to say that it is no ordinary exhibition of *character*. The man who thus quietly holds curious politicians at bay, and acts steadily upon his own unassisted judgment evinces a resolute self-reliance which is one of the most respectable qualities that can be possessed by a man clothed with great public responsibilities. His judgments may, in some cases, be mistaken, but they will at least be his own. Artful and interested men are not likely to gain an undue ascendancy over him and sway his public measures. As Burke long ago said, a responsible public functionary ought to be a pillar of state, not a vane on the top of the edifice to point out which way the wind blows. General Grant's resolute character will save him from a great deal of importunity and annoyance, and perhaps from some opposition. Some moralist has remarked that it is wonderful how space clears around a man when it comes to be seen that he possesses a very decided will. If, as is so often said, money is power, if knowledge is power, it is more emphatically true that *character is power;* and whatever may be the wisdom or unwisdom of General Grant's administration, it seems tolerably certain that he will impress his own mark upon it. His methods may not be the best methods, but they are pretty likely to be *his* methods.

It deserves to be remarked that he says no word, and gives no hint, that he cares anything for the distinctive principles of the Republican party. He ignores its peculiar dogmas entirely. He says he will bend his efforts to secure "economy, "retrenchment, faithful collection of the "revenue and payment of the public "debt." The spread-eagleism of equal rights, the current glorification of the negro race, the justice and necessity of universal suffrage, are topics which he passes over in silent contempt. How different an address would Mr. Sumner or Mr. Wade have made in the same circumstances! Mr. Pruyn was doubtless too sanguine and complaisant, or at least a little too premature, in promising General Grant the support of the Democratic party, when he has not yet delivered his inaugural address, nor shown his hand in his appointments; but he was certainly correct in assuming that Democrats will find nothing to object to, and much to approve, in the tone, temper and topics of this speech. If General Grant should as carefully weed Republican fanaticism out of his administration as he has out of his speech, Democratic opposition would have less ground to stand upon.

SCOTCHMEN AT HOME.

Some credit is due to Scotchmen in that the Archbishop of Canterbury having now, for some weeks, been raised to his high place, they have not pressed upon our notice the fact that he is a Scotchman. Whenever a Scot attains to a great position in England, we generally are made to know unmistakably that he is a Scotchman, and sometimes even it is suggested that his success is due to the fact of his nationality. That the Primate is a Scotchman has come to be talked and written about in connection with a curious ancient prophecy. In an epilogue delivered at the Globe Theatre, in 1601, by Richard Burbage, there occurred the following sentences:—

A Scot our King? The limping state
That day must need a crutch.
What next? In time a Scot will prate
As Primate of our church.

When such shall be, why then you'll see
That day it will be found
The Saxon down through London town
Shall burrow under ground.

Has it not come true? Dr. Tait is Archbishop of Canterbury, and we travel about London underground.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

A NEW LEASE OF LIFE.

The New York *Commercial Advertiser* thus speaks:—

"The prophecies of the impending ruin and downfall of the British empire are not likely to be fulfilled—in the present generation at least. All the indications point to a healthy and continued prosperity. There are none of the signs of decrepitude that have always heralded the fall of extinct nationalities. There may be enervating wealth, great corruption, heart-sickening poverty and destitution, and an increasing criminal list. But these are only drawbacks confined to certain classes, and do not appear to afford evidence of general and widespread decay. On the contrary, there is probably no country in the world where order is more strictly enforced. These qualities lie at the very foundation of national life, and so long as they exist no nation can be utterly ruined.

"So far is England from being on the brink of ruin—as we are sometimes told—the probabilities are strongly in favour of the assumption that she is now entering upon a new lease of power and prosperity. The success of the Gladstone ministry at the recent elections indicates a healthy vitality that is full of promise for the future. The full significance of the defeat of toryism is not yet quite apparent, but it indicates a shaking off the dead past, and a determination on the part of the English people to get rid of all the obstacles that stand in the way of national progress.

"Mr. Gladstone's cabinet is the latest and best development of English thought and feeling. It is a pledge—a self-assertion—against the existence of any institution or system that cannot make good its title to live by a practical demonstration of its benefits.

"The Irish State Church is to be put off because it has survived its usefulness as a political agency, and henceforth it must rely upon its internal religious principles for existence. To-morrow, the English State Church will be put through the same ordeal. It is only a question of time. In the meanwhile, we have the important news by cable that religious tests are to be abolished in the universities. Those only can appreciate this change who know the influence of the universities in shaping the current of English thought and government for the last dozen generations. It is a genuine emancipation of thought and intellect, that cannot fail to give a new impulse to scholarship and human knowledge.

"The proposed abolition of the law, or rather custom, of primogeniture, is also a step in the right direction. This will strike at the root of the hereditary system in England, and will do much to secure the possession of the land to those who cultivate it.

"The new cabinet really seems to be in earnest in its efforts to carry out the reform policy that secured its triumph at the polls. There is to be a thorough retrenchment of expenses, and there is great tribulation among the Barnacle tribe. Even a Royal Duke has been ordered to retrench army expenses.

"Mr. Bright, with more force than reverence, once called the English State Church, the army and the navy, the perennial sources of 'out-door relief for the aristocracy.' It will not be his fault if he does not strike away all these sources of official plunder. If any one gets a living from these sources henceforth it will be for solid services actually performed."

SOMETHING OF THE HISTORY OF A DUBUQUE DOG THAT HAS SAVED THE LIVES OF FOUR HUMAN BEINGS.

From the Dubuque (Iowa) Times.

George Ade is the owner of a large white, black-spotted dog—spotted *a la* coach dog—weighing somewhere in the neighbourhood of a big Newfoundland or St. Bernard. He is about twelve years old, and answers to the cognomen of Carlo. Carlo has performed deeds of heroism that even you, dear reader, might be proud of. Who would not deem it an honourable distinction to have it said of him that he had saved four human lives? Carlo has done this, and more, to make him worth honourable mention. Do you recollect, about three years ago, the papers itemized a dog that rescued a small boy from the horns of an infuriated cow, on Bluff-st., and carried him to a place of safety? The dog was Carlo.

Nearly two years ago, Mr. Ade had a spirited colt in his stable, and by accident, one day, the stable-door was left open. A little son of his, scarce two years of age, seeing the door ajar, crept into the stable, and had scarcely entered, before the colt had him under his feet pawing him. Carlo, hearing the child's cries, rushed into the stable, caught and dragged the boy into the stable-yard for safety, while the mother, attracted by the alarm, met him. Carlo, by this act, came near falling into disgrace, for the mother's first thoughts were that he was eating up the child, and met him with reproof accordingly.

During the spring freshet of '66, two little girls got into a skiff on the bank of lake Peosta, and somehow, in their play, fell overboard. Carlo was nigh at hand. Seeing their predicament, he rushed into the flood, first rescued one, and then the other, and thus cut short a mournful tragedy.

Another instance of Carlo's sagacity and we are done.

It was in the spring of '64, on a dark, rainy Saturday night, when the flood gates of the heavens seemed to have been torn away, and the entire world was deluged with water, that Mr. Ade, in a one-horse waggon, was driving slowly to his home down the Couler bottom. Carlo was wading in the water a little ahead of the horse. Just as they neared the point where the Couler stream crosses the avenue, Carlo caught the horse by the fore fetlock and attempted to stop him. Apprehending something must be wrong, Mr. Ade stopped the horse, got out and started forward to make a reconnoissance. As he stepped past the horse, Carlo caught the skirt of his coat, and tried to prevent his proceeding. He made the dog let go his hold, and in a moment afterwards discerned the whole trouble. Three or four yards in front of him was the stream, roaring and pouring in a wild frenzy of plenty. In the dark, nothing but the actual touch could have told that it was bank-full, and that the bridge that crossed it was swept away. It was this that Carlo discovered with his keener vision, and it was from, perhaps, a fatal plunge he was bound to save his master.

Having said our say of Carlo, do you wonder that the Marshals give him the freedom of the city in the dog days, exempt him from the muzzle, and forbid his being shot or destroyed?

SUSPENSION BRIDGES.

The Two Longest Spans in the World at Niagara and Cincinnati.

The Niagara Suspension Bridge, which was opened to the public on January 1, is reported to have the longest single span in the world. The width of the chasm, from cliff to cliff, over the Niagara river, is 1,190 feet. The span between centres of towers is 1,268 feet. The length of the suspended portion of the roadway is 1,240 feet. The height of the centre of the roadway, above the water, varies at 85 feet high water to 91 or 92 at low water. The height of the water is much affected by the direction and force of the wind. The floor is suspended from two cables, formed of twisted wire ropes, seven to each cable, laid one in the centre and the others around it. The cables are seven inches in diameter, contain nine hundred and thirty-one wires in each cable, and weigh sixty-three pounds per lineal foot. The cables are anchored in solid limestone rock on the Canadian side, and in solid masonry on the New York side.

The suspension bridge over the Ohio river, between Cincinnati and Covington, Ky., is 1,619 feet long between the abutments, but is composed of three spans, one in the centre 1 057 feet, between granite towers built at low water mark on the Ohio and Kentucky shores respectively, and a side span on each side of 281 feet between the tower and the abutment. The elevation of the floor above low water mark is 91 feet at the tower and 104 feet at the centre of the bridge. The total length of the bridge, including the approaches, is 2,252 feet. The bridge floor is suspended from two cables. Each cable is composed of 5,180 single wires No. 9 gauge, and forms a cylinder twelve and one-third inches in diameter. Eighteen feet of this wire weigh one pound, and sixty wires have an aggregate metal section of one square inch. The wires composing the cable are laid parallel to each other, and are divided into seven strands of 740 wires each, one strand occupying the centre of the cable and being surrounded by the other six. The cables are wrapped from end to end with No. 10 wire, and altogether weigh 1,050,183 pounds.

The two bridges above mentioned are suspended on the American system of two cables only, assisted by stays. The French system consists in hanging the floor from a number of small cables, a method which, it is asserted, is defective. Thus the Wheeling bridge, which was blown down on May 17, 1854, was constructed on the French plan. This bridge, forming a span of 1,010 feet from the centre of the towers, with a floor 960 feet long, and 24 feet wide, was supported by twelve cables, six on each side, with an aggregate number of wires of 6,600, of No. 10 guage. The floor was torn by the gale into three sections, and all the cables but two broke loose, one after another, from their anchorage.

The spans of the suspension bridges given above far exceed those of similar structures in the world, the longest span in Europe being that at Freiburg, over the Valley of the Sarine, in Switzerland, which measures 870 feet.

OMAR PACHA.

A Defence of the Much-Abused General.

Colonel Burr Porter, formerly an officer of Massachusetts volunteers, commanding at one time the Fortieth Regiment of Infantry, and afterwards the Third Regiment of Cavalry, has sent the following communication to the New York *Evening Post*, in answer to certain charges against Omar Pacha, on whose staff Col. Porter served during the Crimean war:—

In a speech recently delivered in Congress, the greatest of Ottoman Generals, Omar Pacha, is called the Turkish Haynau, and barbarities that shock human nature are attributed to him. Allow one who served on his staff during nearly the whole of the Crimean war to testify in his defence.

Omar Pacha began life as an Austrian officer of engineers. He early, however, entered the Turkish service, and soon took high grade on account of his skill in the construction of field works. The high estimation in which he was held by the Turkish military authorities was abundantly justified by the manner in which the forts of his construction, defended by him, resisted the assaults of the Russians at Kabfat, Silistria and Eupatoria. At the close of the Crimean war he was made a Knight Commander of the Bath, by Queen Victoria—an honour rarely accorded to foreigners—and when the Crimean war closed, there was not a stain upon his character.

When on his staff I remember several instances when he sacrificed temporary military success to the sentiment of humanity—and particularly in two instances—by leaving in inactivity the half barbarous but very effective Arab regiments of cavalry that had come as volunteers from Arabia and Central Asia to the support of the Sultan. I have had many conversations with English and French officers who had relations with Omar Pacha, and their uniform testimony was, that he was a kind, courteous and humane gentleman. He treated me and all Americans who came near him with marked kindness, and often expressed great admiration for American institutions.

That such a man should be foully abused in the American Congress, and what is worse, upon hearsay, seems to us (to draw it mildly) a breach of parliamentary decorum.

—Few persons have any correct idea of the amount of writing the majority of newspaper people do in their time. The biographers of such men as Sir Walter Scott, G.P. R. James, and Brougham, dwell with wonder on the vast amount of writing they did, and enter into calculations to show how hard they worked. No doubt these men *did* work hard; the volumes they have left behind are proof of this; yet the labour of their pens was light compared with the work of any regular newspaper writer of the present day. It is safe to say that such a man writes, each day, an amount equal to four

pages of an ordinary novel. Allowing that he writes three hundred days in the year, we have, as the result of his work, 1,200 pages, or six hundred volumes of 200 pages each—being one volume every two months. Supposing he should continue at this rate for twenty years, the result would be 120 volumes—an amount of writing which even the voluminous Scott did not equal. Our estimate is rather below the average than above. Some newspaper writers almost double the above figures, and accomplish, during their life-time, an amount of brain work so vast that few people can form any just conception of it. With these facts before you, you cannot say that editors are idlers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Provincial Insurance Company—George E. Desbarats.

Lady's Gold Watch Lost.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and Interesting Reading Matter see Fourth Page.*

The Hon. Mr. Langevin left yesterday by the one o'clock train for Quebec.

We are happy to learn that the address in reply to the Lieut.-Governor's Speech, affirming, among other matters, the desirability of Union with Canada, has been adopted in the Newfoundland Legislature by a vote of twenty to eight.

This is an exceedingly gratifying result, and in perfect accordance with what we had led our readers to expect as a consequence of the change in the public sentiment of Newfoundland concerning the subject of Confederation.

It is probable, therefore, that no time will be lost in opening negociations between the Newfoundland and Canadian Governments, for the purpose of arranging the terms and conditions on which Newfoundland will enter into the Union.

We again call the attention of the ratepayers of the city to the water works meeting to be held this afternoon at three o'clock in the City Hall. There ought to be a full attendance, as the subject is one of the utmost importance to the future well being of the city. The habit, which too much prevails amongst us, of "minding one's own business," to the exclusion of all concern for questions of great public interest, is a pernicious one. Every ratepayer in the city will be more or less affected by the decision which may be arrived at to-day, and, therefore, we hope the usual apathy will be shaken off. Let those who have a stake in the prosperity of the city attend the meeting; listen patiently to what has to be said, and then give an intelligent vote upon the resolutions according to the best of their judgment. If this course be followed we have every confidence that there will be an overwhelming majority in favour of taking steps for the construction of water works, and—as cleanliness is next to godliness—"Ottawa *shall* revive!"

The question of employment for women, or as they are vulgarly called with affected delicacy—"females"—has been the theme of much earnest discussion. But the women themselves have courageously (we had almost said manfully) lent their energies to the solution of the problem by engaging in one after another of the lighter crafts and employments which maudlin sentimentality had exclusively appropriated to the rougher sex. The following extract from the New York *World* shows that a systematic effort is now being made to train women to the telegraphic business. Female (there the word is used legitimately) telegraph operators are by no means a novelty in the United States; but it is a new thing to find a telegraphic academy opened for their special training, under the patronage of such a powerful company as the Western Union.

From the remarks of the *World* we infer that this powerful company has virtually promised to change the sex of its whole staff; for if the school of telegraphing flourishes, it is clear that the unfortunate "males" will in time be weeded from its employment. And here comes the question—How about keeping the secrets of the business? That the enormous bump of curiosity, popularly supposed to occupy a place on the cranium of every member of the fair sex, would be gratified in the telegraph business, better, perhaps, than in any other, we readily admit; but can the ladies keep a secret? There is the question, and the Union Telegraph Company may find rival lines trading on the fears of the public as to the answer which such question should receive.

Another feature in this threatened "revolution" is that all the newspaper reporters, "own" and "special" correspondents, to say nothing of the large army of "casuals," who like camp-followers hang upon the outskirts of the press gang, will make love to the charming operators for the purpose of obtaining "the first use of the wires," or slyly discovering what that other "fellow" of the Berrytown *Bugle* may have sent to his paper! And in return for these favours the "correspondents" will have to pledge the abandonment of their state of single blessedness, and the Union Telegraph Company will find its "hands" being carried off just about as fast as the "School of Telegraphing" can turn them out. This is a feature of the case that does not appear to have occurred to the *World*, and having stated it, we copy what the *World* has said, heartily endorsing its sentiments:

"The School of Telegraphing which was opened at the Cooper Institute yesterday is a practical and promising move in the interest of women and girls who want to earn a reputable living. This school has been started somewhat under the auspices of the Western Union Telegraph Company, which agrees to furnish "situations" to the competent future graduates. We believe the company already employs several female operators in New York and in its offices elsewhere, and that the sensitive feminine senses of touch and of hearing are found to be peculiarly adapted to the telegraphic process. Here, then, is another vocation in which women may fairly and successfully rival the male generation who have hitherto monopolized it. As compositors, they may never attain to the first rank which the superior endurance of men enables them to hold; but it would be neither surprising nor unfortunate if women should conquer for themselves a monopoly of the kinds of lighter toil for which they are as well fitted as men are, leaving the latter to apply their intellectual and bodily energies to uses worthier of their manhood. When that conquest is effected, the flaccid being known as the "counter-jumper" will have become obsolete by transmutation into brawn, and even the barber's blade will be resigned to gentler fingers by hands divinely fashioned for the plough-handle and the rake."

We extract the following from a letter written by Mr. Charles Mair, paymaster on the Red River and Thunder Bay road, now under construction by the Government. The letter appeared in the *Globe* of the 16th inst., and contained much interesting matter concerning the Red River country, but we have only space to copy that part relating to the mode of distribution of the relief fund, and the extent of the destitution prevailing. Much has been done lately that we have not heard of in Canada towards furnishing additional funds; but we trust the Ontario Government will satisfy itself that the vote of the recent Session towards that object is all needed, and that the sum will be forthcoming before it is too late. As the Legislature of Quebec is now in Session we respectfully submit that a liberal grant from the exchequer of that Province towards the same end would be not at all unbecoming. In fact we cannot doubt but that such an item, and of a liberal figure, will appear in Mr. Treasurer Dunkin's estimates.

Mr. Mair says:

"The system of relief, operative here at present, is perhaps as good a one as could have been devised under the circumstances. It consists of a mixed Executive Committee which sits at Fort Garry, with Governor McTavish, a man of keen perception and accurate judgment, as chairman, and of various sub-committees whose duty it is to distribute the relief received from the central committee to the destitute in each parish. The reports of these sub-committees have lately been sent in, and exhibit a total of some two thousand four hundred and fifty persons, tabulated under the class A and B—the former representing those in absolute want, the latter those who, whilst not in absolute want, are still dependant upon the committee for relief. The parish return, Roman Catholic and Protestant, respectively, are as follows:

PROTESTANT.

St. James's	5 Families,	Class A
St. Peter's	52 "	" A
St. Clement's	21 "	" A
St. Andrew's	66 "	" A
St. Andrew's	13 "	" B
St. Paul's	17 "	" A
St. Paul's	1 "	" B
St. John's	9 "	" A
St. John's	1 "	" B
Heddingly	12 "	" A
Heddingly	1 "	" B
St. Anne's	6 "	" A
St. Anne's	3 "	" B
St. Mary's	21 "	" A
St. Mary's	7 "	" B
St. Margaret's	8 "	" A
St. Margaret's	3 "	" B

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

St. Paul en Baye	36 Families,	Class A
"	1 "	" B
St. Francis Xavier	57 "	" A
St. Charles	24 "	" A
St. Anne's	1 "	" A
"	2 "	" B
St. Boniface	43 "	" A
"	1 "	" B
St. Vidal	15 "	" A
"	4 "	" B
St. Norbert	64 "	" A
"	8 "	" B
Ste. Agathe	10 "	" A
Lac Manitobah	17 "	" A
Wind River	12 "	" A

"The above statement does not include the Pembina people or the Plain hunters, but it is doubtless tolerably correct, as regards the settlement.

"The Roman Catholic destitute are said rather to preponderate, and the reader will notice that out of some 500 families only 45 have any means of subsistence of their own, and this in a very insufficient degree. The reader must, moreover, avoid assuming the above number to be a fixed one. It is in reality a constantly increasing quantity, and before spring probably 3,000 persons will require relief. Of course, in the presence of such a mass of destitution the wealthier classes in the Settlement are powerless. There are educated, kind-hearted people here as elsewhere, and beyond doubt much is privately expended by these in the relief of suffering. But if their charity were extended to its utmost limit, it would still be meagre and inadequate to the wants of a fraction of the poor. The necessities of the starving people here must be supplied *from without*; and, as the object of all intelligent relief is to place the recipients of it in such a position as that they shall be beyond the need of it in the future, they must not only be supplied with food for present use, but with an ample quantity of grain for planting in the spring. As yet, the people have borne with their misfortunes bravely. Their necessities have driven them to no excesses, and all are as quiet and orderly as if plenty were in their midst, instead of famine. Whether this law-abiding spirit will continue remains to be seen. Hunger is a terrible prompter, and it is difficult to forecast the future apathy or violence of any people when driven to extremity for lack of food. No time should be lost in Canada, at all events, in drumming up subscriptions and in forwarding supplies to the Government agent at St. Paul. Not only charity but public policy demands that Canada should take the lead in this matter. Her future prosperity is bound up with this great country, and, in the extension of her interests westward, the sturdy race which now clings to the banks of the Red River and Assiniboine must for many years to come be an important element for good or evil."

Montreal has had another tumbling in of a roof. Yesterday morning the roof of the drill shed in that city yielded to the pressure of the snow. We fear that architects and builders are getting too economical in their calculations. Better have a little strength to spare than not enough to stand an unusual strain.

We beg to direct attention to the card of Mr. Desbarats, elsewhere published, acknowledging the receipt of the large sum of $13,000 from the Provincial Insurance Company. This was Mr. D.'s largest risk in any one company, and has been the first paid. This speaks volumes for the "Provincial."

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Wednesday, February 17, 1869.

A quorum of the council of the Corporation of the county of Carleton met at the Court House of the city of Ottawa, at 10 o'clock, on Wednesday, 17th February, 1869.

Present—Messrs. Hinton, Cowan, Tremblay, Blackburn, Fraser, Lyon, Kidd, Cummings, Dawson, McCaffery.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that as the warden is not present Mr. Hinton take the chair, so that the business may be proceeded with.—Carried.

Mr. Hinton then took the chair.

Mr. Tremblay presented a petition from the Grey Nuns, praying for a grant to aid their General Hospital.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Fraser, that the petition of the Grey Nuns in connection with the General Hospital, be received, and that the same be laid over until to-morrow for consideration, along with the grant to the Protestant Hospital of the county of Carleton.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that the warden be authorized to have the stone steps leading to the Court House covered with wood, as the same are dangerous on account of ice collecting on the said steps.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that this council do now adjourn till ten o'clock p. m. to-morrow.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

—The Hamilton *Spectator* says: "Major Middleton, of the 29th Regiment, and well known in this city, we are pleased to learn, takes the place of Sir Henry Havelock, who has been recalled."

DOG-RAIL.

(Our devil, who is of a moralising turn of mind, got up the following. He has been placed under treatment.)

Come ye who do admire the truth,
And you who love a laugh,
Learn how severe a thing it is
To *lie* by telegraph.

For who would make the lightning lie
Flashed o'er its wiry course,
Should feel, even if the wires do not,
The teachings of re-Morse.

'Tis bad enough to *lie* in wait
At window and at door,—
But he who *lies all-ways* should be
Made *lie upon the floor*.

The paradox that he who *lies*,
As an example, stands,
Was fairly shown when H—'s craft
Was struck on Goodwin's (h)ands.

When vessels strike on Goodwin Sands
Soon life and hope have fled,
But "Canis Major's" *bark* still floats
Tho' smashed its figure head.

THE SCHOOL INSPECTORSHIP OF TORBOLTON.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—I have just read in your issue of the 5th ult. a letter from the Rev. Mr. May, L. S. for the townships of March and Torbolton, reflecting on the Reeve of the latter municipality for exercising his undoubted right of nominating, as Superintendent for Torbolton, the Rev. Mr. Currie.

It was certainly a daring exercise of arbitrary power in Mr. Smith to oust from that office "An Irishman, a Tory, and horror of horrors," a minister of the Church of England and appoint a Methodist minister!!! I was not aware that Mr. May had either a prescriptive right to, or a life interest in, that office. It was my opinion that any member of the County Council had an undoubted right to propose for that office any properly qualified person he thought fit, especially if complaints had been made to him that the one in office had discharged in a slovenly or careless manner his duties as Superintendent. But the rev. gentleman, with his superior light, thinks differently it seems, and hence his ire at the Reeve's presumption. The phrase, thrust out of office, by the way, is a misnomer. Had another been appointed in the middle of his term, he might be said to have been thrust out of office—not otherwise. I would not have noticed either Mr. May or his letter, had he not thought fit, in his wisdom, to step out of his way to condole with another "light of the church," who has also been excluded from office, viz., the Rev. Mr. Emery, of Fitzroy. Now as I nominated Mr. Currie for that municipality I am in the same, or even a worse, predicament than Mr. Smith, as Mr. E. has been ousted, without cause or reason assigned, and his deprivation of office is therefore, more arbitrary on the part of the County Council than that of Mr. May himself.

Now, I beg to inform the rev. gentleman, that I reside in Fitzroy, which neither he nor Mr. Emery does, (the latter is not even a resident of the county,) and I am well acquainted with the complaints made against, and the feelings of the general public, regarding him; and I can assure Mr. May that there is no act of mine since I was a member of the County Council, which has given greater general satisfaction than the single one of appointing another as Superintendent of Fitzroy. I know that there is a small clique in Fitzroy, who feel very wroth with me for my conduct, but I don't value their ill will an iota. They may denounce me as a Radical, aye as a Fenian if they like, it is a matter to me of supreme indifference, as I am neither an English, Scotch, or Irishman, but an independent Canadian, and I, and the party with whom I act, are determined to discharge fearlessly and honestly the duties of our office, let who will malign or misrepresent us.

I am, sir,
Your obdt. servt.,
CHAS. MOHR.

LOCAL NEWS.

Police Court.—We are pleased to record the fact that there was no business at the police court yesterday.

Fire Inquest.—During the winter no less than four attempts have been made to set fire to the premises in McGreevy's block, on Daly-st., Mr. Drinkwater being lessee, and which is occupied by Miss Mary Hanlin, as a boarding house. The fourth attempt having taken place but a day or two ago, by putting a shovel of hot embers in a closet, the neighbours demanded an investigation by the authorities. Last night accordingly Dr. Van-Cortlandt, coroner, summoned a jury to meet at the City Hall for the purpose of complying with the request of the requisitionists. After the jury had been sworn in, an adjournment took place to the Albion Hotel, at 9 o'clock this morning, to which place and time the investigation will be proceeded with.

Auction Sale of Pianos To-day.—We beg to direct the attention of our readers to the advertisement in another column, announcing an auction sale of pianos at Mr. Bermingham's auction rooms, 72 Sussex-st. The present is an opportunity but very rarely met with. As an article of household furniture a piano is but seldom found in any but the houses of the wealthier classes, though no doubt were a piano to be had at anything like a reasonable figure, many whose means, at the present prices, forbid the luxury, would gladly avail themselves of the pleasure to be derived from a full fine-toned instrument. The sale to-day is said to be an unreserved one, and some of the pianos may be sold at prices far below the usual retail rates. The sale takes place at 2 p. m.

Presentation.—Last night the members of Doric Lodge, No. 58, G. R. C., presented Bro. Thomas Painter with a large and handsomely bound Bible, as a token of their respect and esteem for him, on the eve of his departure from the city. Inside the cover was the following inscription:

"Presented to Wor. Bro. Thomas Painter, "by Doric Lodge, No. 58, G. R. C., as a mark "of esteem and appreciation of his Masonic "character.

"A. L., 1869.

"Jno. Sweetland, W. M.
"D. P. Williams, Secretary."

During his residence in the city Mr. Painter has made many friends by his uniform uprightness and integrity of character, and he carries with him the best wishes, for his future welfare and happiness, of a large circle of friends.

The Weather.—Snow still continued to fall during great part of yesterday, and all night. If this state of things continue a day or two longer reaching the city from any considerable distance in the country will be impossible. We saw two gentlemen from Metcalfe last night whose journey of twenty miles, with good horses, occupied about twelve hours. Several persons gave up the journey as a hopeless task. On some of the roads men were seen digging their horses and sleighs out of the snow. Some had got off the roads into fields, having passed over buried fences without knowing it. A clergyman was known to have got lost with his horse and cutter, but fortunately saw a house in the distance, and leaving his rig in the snow made off to it on foot, floundering through the snow as best he might, and the inmates assisted in digging out his horse and vehicle. Twenty stories of this nature reached us in the course of last night, and we fear yet to hear of some persons perishing in the snow. Mr. Morgan reached town last night late, after travelling all day to get from Metcalfe.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

WHAT CAN THIS COUNTRY OFFER TO THE IMMIGRANTS OF 1869.

From the Nor'-Wester, January 22.

When men hear that the inhabitants of a country, which produces, under even ordinary circumstances, forty bushels of wheat to the acre, are in the midst of a scarcity, which borders on famine, they naturally argue, that, underlying this assumption of rich productiveness, there are drawbacks, which from carelessness or design, have been withheld, "Why is it? may be very properly asked, that, when a man gives to the ground one bushel, and receives back twenty, there are not large reserves of grain? How is it in a country with no market, that grain does not accumulate? Why, the mere instinct of self-preservation, does not induce the farmers to lay up for a rainy day?" These are questions which may, and doubtless do, occur to every Canadian who is solicited for aid to our relief fund, and they doubtless have a double weight with those who turn their eyes westward for prairie homes. Unpleasant as the answer to these quotations may be to many of our people holding farms here, yet, in fairness to the Canadian people, in justice even to ourselves, we must endeavour to explain this apparent anomaly, and show that this vast country of lawn and meadows, of forest and plain, is the complement of the advantages enjoyed by the people of Canada, as it is physically, the keystone of the Dominion arch to the Pacific.

The kernel of the difficulty lies in the fact that on the best farming lands, we have not got a farming community. There are of course to this general fact many exceptions, and in all such exceptional cases, there is even in this time of scarcity, a comparative plenty; but unfortunately the large bulk of our population are not farmers. Hitherto immense herds of buffalo in our vicinity, the abundance of fish, fowl, and rabbits in our midst have caused men, whose fathers hunted, fished and trapped for a subsistence, to follow in their footsteps, and what was at one time simply the sport of their youth, have become the vocations of their manhood.

This class, a very large one, although holding some of the finest lands in the settlement, make no other use of them than the cultivation of a small potato patch, and possibly a few bushels of wheat sowed besides.

Years ago, when the want of market was a fact, and not as it is at present, a fable, this answered well enough. The lords and sovereigns of the soil, did not require the soil tilled so much as they wanted the musk-rat hunted. Every attempt at raising domestic cattle made this people less dependent of the flesh of the buffalo, and if the buffalo were not hunted, where were the robes to come from, that got the gold, that filled the pockets, that swelled the wealth of owners of this rotten fabric that Prince Rupert built.

Any attempt to make farmers out of this material will fail, because men do not easily quit the grooves in which their existence has been running, and this time of scarcity clearly shows that the buffalo driven westward by the encroachment of settlement, by the intrusion of U. S. military posts, will stay there, and that this people, this large proportion of our present population, will have to leave this settlement and follow them.

We may take it then for granted that a large number of such, having no seed to put in the ground, having killed their working cattle for food, and retaining yet only their buffalo running horses, will sell their places for what they can, and move westward. "What is one man's meat, is another man's poison," and the truth of this old saying will be exemplified here this year. Never was there a time when this country presented so many inducements to the immigrants. Let immigrants come in early enough in the spring and bring good sound Canadian seed grain with them, and we can safely promise them the purchase of lots with houses, stables, land broken and fenced, for a merely nominal price, and we can as safely assure a ready cash market for all the grain they can raise and at least double the ordinary prices in Western Ontario. And we can promise too, what we look upon as a greater boon still, whether the negociations fail in England or not, that another year will not see us under the hated rule of the Honourable H. B. Co.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

—M. Gachard died lately in France, worth a million of francs, which this exemplar of youth had acquired by advertising extensively and selling largely a fishbait, which had this peculiarity, that it would bait no fish.

—There is no Bourbon left on a throne. The Count of Chambord is an exile in Austria; the Duke of Orleans, ditto in London; Queen Isabella, ditto in France; the claimant of the Spanish succession and the title of Charles Sixth, ditto in Austria; Francis II., late King of Naples, ditto in Rome.

—Rev. Henry A. Wise, jr., whose death has been announced, was rector of an Episcopal church in Philadelphia before the war. He was the last surviving son of the old Governor, his brother, Jennings Wise, editor of the Richmond *Enquirer*, having been killed at the battle of Roanoke Island.

—The Sackville *Borderer* says: Time will soon decide one thing. If Hants re-elects Mr. Howe, it will be tolerably evident that the Repealers no longer represent a majority of the people, and on their own principles they must bow to the decision. If he fail in his election, it will be just as clear that this latest move on the political chess-board, whatever else it may have accomplished, has not brought the people of Nova Scotia into that peaceful and contented frame of mind which all desire for them.

—The Halifax *Express* says: We learn from a gentleman who returned to this city from the westward, a few days ago, that the people throughout the country are heartily sick and tired of the Repeal cry. In Yarmouth you scarcely even hear the word "repeal" mentioned. Railway extension and cotton factories are the order of the day. To the eastward we find the same. The people of Antigonish and Guysborough are also seeking railway extension; and in due course of time, the Government at Ottawa will pay every attention to any reasonable request that is made.

—In view of the claims now being pressed by the United States against Great Britain, it is worth while to notice that at this moment the Spanish Minister at Washington is, for the third or fourth time, demanding from the United States Government the payment of certain claims known as the "Florida claims." These claims are for damage inflicted upon Spanish subjects before the cession of Florida to the United States; the justice of them has never been denied, their payment was authorized by act of Congress, the necessary money was appropriated and is still lying in the Treasury subject to the order of the President. But the payment has been staved off for upwards of forty years on one pretext or another.

—A person named Stuart, living in the township of Dysart, has been gulling some English people who were willing to emigrate, by representing that he had a co-operative farm and agricultural college in operation, affording good advantages to new-comers, in obtaining a knowledge of the country. We learn that this "college" in question is little else than a log house of a small size, and that the co-operative farm comprises a clearing of not much more than five acres. Several persons have been induced to come out by representations made by Stuart; by means of printed circulars, and by a relative in England. A member of the township council of Dysart, Mr. A. McDonald, has written to the President of the Clerkenwell Emigration Society, explaining how matters stand, and effectually exploding the co-operative sham.

—The latest swindle inaugurated in the city of New York by the Fenians is what is called the "Irish Naval Expeditionary Corps." A pirate ship is announced as being about to set sail for the purpose of "rescuing Ireland and her people from the grasp of British tyranny!" Other vessels are, it is said, to follow. The coasts of British America, Australia, and the British West India Islands are to be the scenes of these piratical exploits. It is wonderful that unscrupulous adventurers, who are only intent on plundering the ignorant and confident, should meet with so much, and such long continued success in New York. There is at the present moment in that city, besides the "Expeditionary Corps" above mentioned, a Cuban "army of liberation," and the Cretan "army of relief," which last, according to latest accounts given by New York papers, musters one general, one commissary, one sutler, and one orderly. It is possible that the projectors of the "Expeditionary Corps may betray a few more men to a disgraceful death; but beyond doing this, and putting money into their own pockets, nothing will be accomplished.

MAIL DATES TO JANUARY 29.

By the arrival of the steamship *China* at New York, Thursday, February 11th, we have European mail dates to January 29th.

January 28.—An inquiry was held at the Folly House tavern, Cubitt town, Isle of Dogs, by Mr. Humphreys, respecting the death from alleged starvation of Catherine Spence, aged 34 years, and her male child, who expired on Thursday week. Upon the jury going to view the bodies of the deceased, they found them lying upon the floor in a top back room, which was miserably furnished. The bed upon which the deceased woman and child had died was composed of rags, and there were no bed-clothes upon it. A small box placed upon a broken chair, had served as a table. Upon it lay a tract entitled, "The Goodness of God." The only article of food in the room was a piece of salt, of which the deceased woman had eaten part before she died. The whole place presented a wretched appearance. The house, which was No. 1 Steward's terrace, Cubitt town, was a six-roomed one. In every room a distinct family lived. Two families lived in the two kitchens. All the people in the house were in receipt of parish relief, and they were all connected with the iron shipbuilding works, and they had lost their all shortly after the works were closed during the commercial crisis of 1866.

The Aldwarke Main Colliery, belonging to Messrs. Waring, Shaw & Co., and situated at Rawmarsh, about two miles from Rotherham, was on the 28th the scene of a fearful boiler explosion, which, though not of a fatal character, was attended with disastrous consequences. The drawing apparatus at the pit mouth was of a somewhat extensive nature, and was worked by a powerful engine, which was fed with steam by three large boilers, thirty-six by four and a half feet, lying parallel to each other alongside the engine-house. Early in the morning 282 out of the 350 miners employed at the colliery were lowered into the mine as usual, and all went on well until a few minutes before twelve o'clock, when the boiler nearest the engine-house burst with a fearful report, which was heard several miles away. In a moment the engine-house became a mass of ruins, and the gearing at the pit-mouth was blown away, bricks and timber flying about in all directions. At the time of the explosion there were nearly 30 men employed in various capacities at the pit-mouth, but, strange to say, none of them were killed, though several were injured. There were, however, one or two marvellous escapes.

January 29.—An alarming collision took place on the Metropolitan Railway, London. The train from Hammersmith to the city had passed Baker-st station, and had arrived at Portland road. The line not being clear to Gower-st. caused a delay. Another train from Brompton immediately followed on to the up-station to Portland road, but had not passed the distance signal when it was compelled to stop, the line not having been signalled cleared. From some unexplained cause train from St. John's wood came in and ran into the train stopped at the danger signal, in the tunnel beyond the junction. The consternation of the passengers thus finding their train run into may be more readily imagined than described. Their shrieks were terrific. The guard's van, which was struck by the engine, was broken, and the passengers in the carriages were much shaken, many of them also receiving severe bruises and cuts, especially about the head and face; some also suffered severely in the legs. Several of the sufferers were taken to the Middlesex and University Hospitals.

At the examination into the charges preferred against Overend, Gurney & Co., (limited) the following letter was read:

"Confidential.

"Lombard-st., July 5, 1865.

"Dear Sir: We have already communicated to you, in confidence, that we estimate the gross earnings of our business to have averaged about £227,000 per annum. This is after deducting interest on capital and all expenses except income tax, but without deduction for bad debts, or for loss of interest, accruing from our having recently held several lock-up investments which have produced no return. We now beg to state that during the first six years of the above term the actual divisions of profit among the partners in our firm, after paying interest on capital and writing off all ascertained losses, averaged £185,388 per annum. During the four succeeding years we made no divisions of profits, having reserved the entire earnings of the business during those years against losses which ensued from various transactions by way of investment, loan, or discount, which were entirely extraneous to the legitimate concern of our business, but upon which we unadvisedly entered. These transactions were connected with various advances made to companies and firms engaged in the shipping, shipbuilding, and timber trades. They also comprised loans made to railway contractors, as well as advances to a late West Indian firm, against bills drawn in connection with their colonial estates. Excluding for the present calculation the losses sustained from exceptional transactions of this character, and from business apart from the legitimate discount business of our firm, we consider that our losses during the above four years, upon bills discounted in the regular course of our legitimate business, has been as under, namely, from failures in 1861, £15,660; ditto in 1862, £9,198; ditto in 1863, £3,687; ditto in 1864, £102,583. You will observe that this gives an average loss on the four years, calculated as above, of £32,532 per annum, but that the average includes one year (1864) of very unusual pressure; and we desire to add that the two principal items of the amount quoted above for that year were of a peculiar character—one arising from the discount account for a house in which the most active partner was a relative of some members of our firm—the other arising from the default of a late firm of brokers, who misappropriated goods which they had hypothecated against their acceptances which we held. The amount of loss arising from these two accounts forms £47,000, out of the total of £102,583, which arose from the failures of 1864. We are, dear sir, yours faithfully,

OVEREND, GURNEY & CO.

THE PRESS IN SPAIN.

The Madrid correspondent of the London *Times* writes: "There are sixty political journals in Madrid, and their number is almost daily increasing. The *Correspondencia* alone prints 50,000 copies, of which barely 1,000 are sent out of Madrid. The *Imparcial* has made a formidable start after the September movements, and bids fair to come up to a level with the old popular favourite. Allowing only 1,000 for the average circulation of all their cotemporaries, I do not think there would be any exaggeration in saying that at least 150,000 printed sheets are daily sold and consumed in the Spanish capital. Observe that Madrid papers are, as a general rule, of little use beyond the walls of Madrid, for in Spain, as in Italy, there is a flourishing provincial press, and local interests are in the eyes of Catalonians, Andalusians, Valencians, Galicians, &c., of far greater importance than general Spanish affairs.

"Let us suppose, however, that one-third of the Madrid papers leave the place; there always remain 100,000 to be accounted for. The population of Madrid does not exceed 300,000, and Spanish statistics give us the proportion of 1 in 17 as that of the persons in the whole kingdom who can read. Admitting a somewhat higher degree of cultivation for the capital, and supposing that the illiterate here are not more than 10 to 1, we have only 30,000 people—men, women and children—able to read in Madrid, and each of these must have three and a third newspapers as his own share of the food for the mind supplied by the daily metropolitan press.

"The general price of a newspaper in Madrid can be reckoned at two *cuartos*, a little less than a half-penny; but subscription for a month entitles a man to have his journal at his door at the rate of a *pecela*, or ten-pence a month. Notwithstanding the extreme moderation of these terms, the chief editor of the *Correspondencia*, Senor Santa Anna, with that ingenuousness which is so charming in Spain, informed his readers the other day that by his industry as a 'periodist' he had realized a competent fortune for himself, and even handsomely provided for his children."

Save Your Doctor's Bills.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

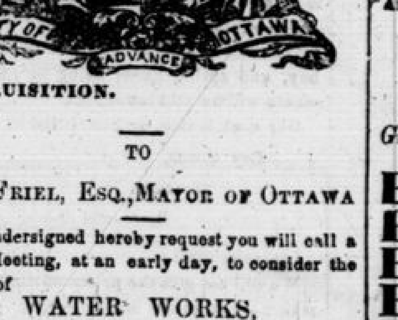
☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 5??y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Meetings.



Requisition.

TO

H. J. Friel, Esq., Mayor of Ottawa

The undersigned hereby request you will call a Public Meeting, at an early day, to consider the erection of

WATER WORKS,

and to offer suggestions to the Corporation in relation thereto, on behalf of the citizens, as may be deemed advisable.

N Sparks	Allan Gilmour
J M Currier, M P	J Skead
A Workman	E Martineau
I Traversy	P A Egleson, Senr
Thos Ross	Jas Cotton
Joseph Aumond	Grant Powell
D W Coward	Thos Hunton
E Parent	O'Meara & Co
Garland, Mutchmor & Co	H V Noel
Geo M Rose	Chas Aumond
H O Burritt	P O'Meara
H F Bronson	Robert Skead
D M Grant	James Thompson
T D Harington	F X Pellant
John Langford	George Kennedy
R E Kimber	A Todd
W M Massey	J J Radford
F Braun	R S M Bouchette
W Young	W W Brown
G W Wicksteed	J W Brunell
W F Whitcher	R E O'Connor
Jas Esmonde	Bate & Co
J R Audy	C E Brush
M Kavanagh	A Begg
J W Peachy	David Millar
O C Wood	William Fraser
J Brown	A Brown
X Groulx	Joseph Germain
	B McGillivray

Ottawa, January 25th, 1869.

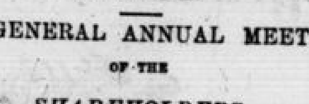
REPLY.

In compliance with the above requisition I hereby call a Public Meeting for the purpose therein stated, to be held in the City Hall, on THURSDAY, the 18th day of FEBRUARY, instant, at the hour of three o'clock, p.m.

H. J. FRIEL,
Mayor.

February 4th, 1869. 974td

UPPER OTTAWA



STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING OF THE *SHAREHOLDERS* FOR ELECTION OF DIRECTORS AND Transaction of General Business, will be held at the office of

R. W. CRUICE, SPARKS-STREET,

in this city, on

Wednesday, 3rd day of March next,

at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

By order,
R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feby. 17, 1869. 976td

Ottawa, February 16, 1869.

Hon. Malcolm Cameron,
Agent
Provincial Insurance Co.,
Ottawa.

Dear Sir,—

I have to thank the Manager and Directors of the Provincial Insurance Company, for the straightforward, satisfactory and prompt settlement of my claim for loss by the fire of the 20th January. This is the first of my claims for Insurance that has been paid, though the heaviest, being $13,000.

Yours truly,
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

977-3

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible] solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00
Halifax.......20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......30 00
Halifax.......15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

LOST.

Between Daly and Sparks-sts., a LADY'S GOLD WATCH, with a small black chain. Whoever may find it, and return it to the office of the Times newspaper, will be liberally rewarded.

Ottawa, February 17. 977tf

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

GREAT UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE OF PIANOS,

BY J. BERMINGHAM,

At his Auction Mart, 72 Sussex-street,

ON

THURSDAY, 18th INSTANT,

At TWO o'clock, P. M.

The subscriber is favoured with instructions from one of the best Piano Factories on the continent, to sell UNRESERVEDLY on the day above named a number of beautifully finished seven octave PIANOS of the first tone and brilliancy. The public and intending purchasers are respectfully invited to visit the Auction Mart, and inspect the instruments, which will bear examination, and give satisfaction to the most critical judges.

Parties having second-hand Pianos to dispose of, and wishing to purchase a new instrument, can now do so to the best advantage, as full value will be allowed for Pianos taken in exchange.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 15, 1869. 976d

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS,

&c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at his Sale-rooms, commencing on

TUESDAY, 9th FEBRUARY, 1869,

a large and valuable stock of BOOTS, &c., &c., consisting of Men's Boots, Congress Gaiters, Winter Boots, Slippers, &c.; Ladies' wear for summer; Misses' Boots, of every description, Gaiters of every description, both winter and Children's Wear, &c. This will be a rare opportunity to secure Boots and Shoes, as the stock is large and well assorted, and will be sold without reserve.

Terms of Sale—Cash in Bankable Funds.

Sale to commence each evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972d

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from MISS MARY HANLIN to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION her entire fit-out of BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE, at her house, in E. Aumond's Block, on the South side of Daly-st., consisting in part of

PARLOUR FURNITURE, viz.:—Sofa, Chairs, Carpet, Window Curtains and Cornices, Centre Table, Whatnot, Pictures, &c.

DINING ROOM—Black Walnut Extension Table, made by Jacques & Hayes, Sideboard, Chairs, Carpet, Table Cutlery, Crockery, Glass and China Ware of the very best description.

BED ROOMS—Bedsteads, Mattresses of all kinds, Blankets, Quilts, Sheets, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Carpets, Washstands, Bureaus, Looking-glasses, Baths, sets of Chamberware, &c., &c.

Cooking, Hall and Parlour Stoves and Stove-pipes, Hall Oil Cloth, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

The whole of the Furniture is in first-rate condition, and is such as may be found in a first-class boarding-house.

Sale to commence on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of MARCH next, at ONE o'clock, p. m.

Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 978td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

has been commissioned by Mr. Thomas Matthews to sell

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

on the premises, on

Thursday, the 4th day of March, Next,

At 12 o'clock, noon,

That very valuable property known as the

REVERE HOUSE,

Consisting of three lots in one block, viz.: Part of Lots 1 and A on the south side of Rideau-st., and part of 1 and A on the north side of Besserer-st. The house is 106 x 40 feet, and four stories high, roofed with tin, and contains 4 large parlours, a first-class dining-room, sitting-room, bar-room, kitchens, and 50 large, airy bed-rooms, and has a cellar under it the whole size of the house; with Sheds, Wood-house, Coach-house, a brick stable 66 x 30 feet, with accommodations for 40 horses attached.

The property, together, is one of the best in the city for a first-class hotel. A bargain may be expected.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

For further particulars apply to the owner,

Mr. THOMAS MATTHEWS,
At Matthews' Hotel, York-st.,
Or to the Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 976td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF VERY

DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY

HECTOR McLEAN,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

has received instructions from ROBERT BELL, Esq., to offer for sale

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

on the premises,

On Friday, the 12th day of March next,

at 12 o'clock, noon,

that very valuable property in Block D, LeBreton's Flats, on which he resides, consisting of four lots in one block, viz.:

Lots Nos. 7 and 9, on Lloyd-st., and 8 and 3, on Bridge-st., containing nearly an acre of land. On Lot No. 7 there is a first-class STONE HOUSE containing 4 rooms, a large Hall, Bath Room and Water Closet on the first flat, and 5 rooms, a Hall and Water Closet on the second flat, all finished, painted and papered in the best and most modern style, and in the rear of the house there is a large stone addition, containing a GRANARY and STORE ROOMS. In the basement of the house there are a large Kitchen, Cellar, Larder, Washroom, Pantry and Ice House, and a large Cistern capable of containing 300 puncheons of water, from which water pipes lead to all the principal rooms in the house. There are also Stone Stables, Sheds and Outhouses attached, and there is a magnificent Safe Vault in the house. The Grounds are tastefully laid out and planted with the best of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, and the whole premises thoroughly drained. The property altogether is one of the most complete, thoroughly built, finished and appointed in the city, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

The property can be viewed at any seasonable hour, and an examination of it is respectfully solicited by intending purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 973td

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 17.

Alterations are being made at the post office in order to supply the demand for more room. Still all that is being done with only tide over the difficulty for a few months.

Last night Mr. F. Smith's family heard a noise of an infant crying. On going to the door they found a girl about three months old, well dressed, and an additional supply of clothing beside it, laid on the step. The infant was sent to the Police Station, where it was refused. It was taken back to Mr. Smith's.

The Horticultural Society held their anual meeting last night. The report was favourable, showing a balance of $352.

Hon. Mr. Wood, Treasurer of Ontario, is to be entertained at a public dinner in Brantford on the 25th instant.

The *Telegraph* comes out against the removal of the troops, saying we could better afford to pay half the expense, than let them go.

Saturday's mails from the East have not yet arrived, but are expected to-night.

The second election meeting in Hants will be held on Monday. There seems to be a strong feeling against Howe. Both parties are confident of success. The *Colonist*, *Reporter*, and *Express* support Howe, but the *Unionist* of Monday says the appointment insults the Unionist party, and that Howe has no claim to its support in Hants.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 17.

The snow is deeper here by eight inches than it has been for the last twenty years.

Several buildings in the city have been reported as dangerous, owing to the want of strength in the roofs, and the inhabitants thereof are warned.

The country roads are all blocked up with snow.

Saturday's train from Quebec has not yet arrived.

PORTLAND.

Arrival of the Ss. "North American."

Special to THE TIMES.

PORTLAND, February 17.—The steamship *North American* arrived at 6:45 this morning.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 17.—The address in reply to the Queen's Speech was agreed to unanimously in both Houses of Parliament.

In the House of Commons last evening Mr. D'Israeli expressed his sorrow that the ratification convention with the United States was not announced. He hoped, however, for a speedy completion of the treaty.

Mr. Gladstone was sure that the negotiations would end in the same spirit in which they commenced. The final issue would doubtless be satisfactory to both countries.

The 1st of March has been named for the opening of the debate on the question of the disestablishment of the Irish Church.

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 17.—In addition to the large detachment of reinforcements about to sail from Cadiz for Cuba the government will send out, as soon as the necessary transportation is ready, another expedition, which will number at least 6,000 men.

MADRID, February 17.—Considerable excitement was created yesterday by an unsuccessful effort to assassinate Gen. Prim. Three arrests were made of persons believed to be implicated in the affair.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, February 17.—The reports that the ex-King Ferdinand of Portugal has consented to be a candidate for the Spanish throne are premature. The majority of the members of the constituent Cortes, now in session at Madrid, are opposed to the Duke of Montpensier, and there is little prospect of his success.

Popular Demonstrations at Malaga.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 17.—The popular demonstrations noticed in the Madrid despatch last night were in Malaga, not Madrid.

CUBA.

Defeat of the Government Troops.

HAVANA, February 16.—The rebel force in the districts of Villa Clara and Cienfuegos numbers over five thousand. They have destroyed the railway and telegraph lines. Great confusion prevails at Trinidad. Railway and telegraphic communications with that city are cut off. Great numbers of young men are leaving the cities and joining the rebellion. An engagement took place at San Cristoval in which the government troops were defeated.

HAVANA, February 17.—General Dulce continues active measures for the suppression of the insurrection. Permission to carry arms has been revoked, and all arms have been ordered to be delivered to the government within four days.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 17.—The *Herald's* Havana special says the Banco has subscribed $45,000 to aid in sustaining the volunteers. The general stampede of the Cubans continues. Gold is 8 per cent. premium. Citizens are called upon to raise twenty-five million dollars for the Government. Advices from Santiago to the 5th state that the rains suspend operations, and are unfavourable to the health of the troops.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Booth's Remains to be Interred in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, February 17.—The remains of the assassin Booth will be interred to-day in presence of his mother and two brothers.

Congressional.

NEW YORK, February 17.—The *Times'* special says the question of repeal of the tenure-of-office act occupies a large share of the attention of Senators, and there are many conflicting opinions on the subject.

The *Alabama* treaty was considered this morning in the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, but no definite conclusion was reached.

A pamphlet of about 70 pages, containing several documents bearing in one way or another on the question has been distributed among Senators as a confidential communication. The whole subject will come up again for consideration in the committee on Tuesday next.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

New York Legislature.

ALBANY, N. Y., February 17.—In the State Senate Mr. Broomer introduced the following resolution, which went to the table under the rule: Whereas the Government of Great Britain has on several occasions degraded and outraged the rights of American citizens by casting them into prison, on the pretense of suspected sympathy with the Irish people; and did previously during the civil war openly manifest its hostilities to the cause of union and the prosperity of the Republican institution; and now asks the ratification of a treaty, relieving it from the responsibility of its actions, be it therefore resolved that our Senators in Congress be respectfully requested to refuse to ratify any treaty with the Government of Great Britain, and to reject all overtures looking towards a treaty in which the rights and privileges of American citizens, both native and adopted, are not clearly defined and protected.

The President's Amnesty Proclamation Unauthorized.

WASHINGTON, February 17.—The Judiciary Committee of the Senate have reported that the President's Christmas amnesty proclamation was unauthorized by either the Constitution or laws.

The Hudson River Nearly Clear of Ice.

GARRISON, N. Y., February 17.—Eight miles of ice have broken away on the Hudson river since Saturday, and the river is now open as far north as New Hamburgh, with every prospect of being open to Poughkeepsie this week.

A CHILD SOMNAMBULIST—SINGULAR DISCOVERY OF STOLEN PROPERTY.

From the Milwaukee Wisconsin, Feb. 3.

Deputy-Sheriff Peterson, of New Stockholm, Iowa, was in the city yesterday in search of a young man named Casper Schmidt, who was wanted out in his section on suspicion of having committed a robbery there some three months ago. The robbery and the attendant circumstances are of a peculiar nature, and as we have them from Sheriff Peterson are as follows:

Some three months ago a farmer named Knuteson, living a few miles from New Stockholm, went away from his house, leaving at home a daughter about thirteen years of age, and the only occupant of the house. Upon the return of Knuteson, he found the little girl lying on the bed in a half insensible state. From marks about the girl's neck it appeared that she had been severely choked and sadly frightened. As soon as she had in a degree recovered, she told her father that shortly after he had left the house a man came in, went to the bureau, in a drawer of which was a pocket-book containing two $100 and one $50 Government bonds and papers of value, and took the book with its contents. Upon securing these the man had grasped the girl by the throat and made her swear by all the solemn oaths he could think of not to tell her father or anybody else who he was, or give a hint which might lead to his detection. Aside from the bonds, the book contained papers that were of importance to the farmer, and the loss of which he severely felt. The girl acknowledged that she knew the man well, but she could not tell who he was, as she had promised not to. She seemed to feel the greatest regret at the sorrow of her father over the loss of papers so valuable to him; but despite all this, she could not be induced to give the name of the thief. Whenever urged to do so, with tears she said she could not—she had given her promise and she would not break it.

The grief of the girl at the sorrow of the father, and the excitement through which she passed, were the means of throwing her into a severe fever, and for many days she was quite out of her head. In her delirium she talked quite incessantly of the robbery, but the only word she uttered that in any way gave a clue to the robber was an occasional appeal to "Casper" to spare her and she would not tell. As Casper Schmidt was a young man who formerly worked for her father on the farm, and was well known by the girl, suspicion turned towards him, and as he had been tracked from New Stockholm to this city, the officer came here in search of him. As it was shown that Casper had remained in Milwaukee but a few days and left, the search was ineffectual.

When the child had nearly recovered from her illness, and was able to walk about a little, its mother, who slept with it, awoke just at daylight one morning to find the bed empty. Calling, and receiving no answer, she arose and hastened out of the house. In the light snow that had fallen, he saw tracks of the child's feet leading to the barn, and followed them. Entering the barn the father saw a sight which paralyzed him. A single timber, stretching from a scaffolding to a small platform high up, and on this timber the girl was slowly working her way along. The position was a dangerous one, and the father was aware that few persons, even with steady nerves, would care to take it, as a misstep would cause a fall of at least twenty feet. The father not daring to speak, and fairly holding his breath from fear, watched the girl as she made her way across the timber, and breathed easier when he saw her at length reach the platform and secure a firm foothold. Then she reached among some old boxes, and drew out the lost pocket-book. As she did so she uttered a cry of joy, and immediately after a cry of affright. The farmer did not stop, but reached the platform by a ladder, and when there found the girl holding the lost pocket-book in her hand and trembling with fear. The girl was in her night clothes, and was soon taken from her position and into the house and to bed. She could give no account of how she reached the platform, only that she had been thinking very hard of her father's loss, and had dreamed one night that the thief had gone to the barn, and up to the scaffolding and across the timber, and had hidden the stolen article among the old boxes. She had dreamed, too, of following him and recovering it, and it was understood that she had made the perilous trip in her sleep.

The pocket-book was found to contain all the papers lost, excepting the bonds, and the finding was to those about another evidence of the guilt of the young man Casper, he having frequently walked across the timber, preferring the dangerous route to the more easy one of ascending the ladder, when he had business among the old boxes.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leel's, Sparks-st.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 17.—American exchange 95.
Gold 135¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 17.—Cotton less firm, at 29½c. @ 29¾c.—Flour dull; receipts 4,000 barrels; sales 4,900 barrels at $5.80 @ 6.40 for Superfine State and western; $6.70 @ 7.10 for common to choice extra State; $6.50 @ 7.35 for common to choice extra Western.—Rye flour quiet at $5.25 @ 7.35.—Wheat dull and drooping; receipts 14,000 bushels; sales 30,000 bushels at $1.60 @ 1.61 for No. 2 Spring in store and delivered; $1.67 @ 1.70 for No. 1 delivered; $1.85 for winter red State.—Rye quiet; sales of small lots of southern at $1.40; western at $1.45.—Corn heavy; receipts 16,000 bushels; sales 38,000 bushels at 90c. @ 92½c. for new mixed western.—Barley dull.—Oats firmer; sales 26,000 bushels at 75c. @ 75½c. for western in store; 77c. for do. afloat.—Pork quiet and firmer at $32.00 @ 32.75 for new mess; $32 @ 32.25 for old do.—Lard quiet at 18½c. @ 20c. for steam; 20c. @ 20½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 17.—Consols at 94 for money; 93¾ for account; Bonds quiet at 78¾; Illinois Central 96¾; Erie 24¾; Atlantic and Great Western 37.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 17.—Cotton dull; Uplands 12d.; Orleans 12¼d. Breadstuffs dull. Flour 25s. Red wheat 9s. 8d. @ 9s. 9d; white wheat 11s. Corn—33s. for old; 31s. for new. Barley 5s. Oats 3s. 5d. Peas 43s. @ 43s. 6d. Pork 87s. Lard 77s.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND, [Post Office Block,]

Have just received
Bow Bells, London Society,
Good Words for the Young,
Chambers's Journal, &c.

Godey for March, Demorest for March, Budget of Fashion, Harper's Bazar, Chimney Corner, Boston Pilot, Sporting Times, Ledger, &c., &c.

"Captain Jinks" Song Book, 1 cent each.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869.

BOOKS, BOOKS.—J. DURIE & SON have received Essays on English Writers, by the author of the Gentle Life; The Words of Wellington, (Bayard Series); Kasselas Prince of Abyssinia, by Samuel Johnson, [new edition, Bayard Series; Whittaker's Almanac, 1869; the Statesman's Year Book, 1869; Molesworth's Engineer's Pocket Companion.

Latest English editions of Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography,
Isaac Pitman's Phonographic Teacher.
Isaac Pitman's Reader.
The Best Books published on Phonography.
Chambers's Encyclopedia, 10 vols., $ calf.
Chambers's Papers for the People, 6 vols.
Chambers's Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols.
Chambers's Journal, 1868, bound.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

RESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY,
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*,

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS
STATIONERY,
AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post 4to*), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—
Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE,
And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorised by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,
Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do
575 " UNION do
1925 " 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON DAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCKS'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,
3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,
From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS
In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES
In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,
In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,
In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,
PLAIN AND FANCY,
Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,
CANADIAN & ENGLISH,
A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,
BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,
Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,
at reduced prices.

VELVETS,
MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,
In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,
Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,
Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.;
The Tea Pot, Ottawa

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,
GOODERHAM & WORTS'
RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Medical.

PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES
Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker-Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES
Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Asher S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR ASTHMA,
and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA,
Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

OTTAWA YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

COURSE OF LECTURES.

The next Lecture will be delivered by the Rev. JOHN MAY, M. A., of March, on THURSDAY evening, 18th instant, in the Chapel of Ease, Sussex-st., commencing at EIGHT o'clock.

SUBJECT—"*The Supernatural.*"

Admission 10 cents.

Ottawa, February 17. 976-2

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1869.

Little was expected on the market yesterday, because it was known that many of the roads at a distance had not been broken. Considering this the produce brought in was more than could be reasonably expected. We see no reason, however, to alter our quotations.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
GRAIN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	60 0	@	0 64
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoe	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	19 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOME.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

WINFIELD—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.

To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake. G. CHENEY, Manager, Canadian Express Company.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. REID.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality.—Brantford *Courier.*

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. DROLET.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Some Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fin Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa, JOSEPH MOONEY, Russell House Block.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS, AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL.

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON, Sign of the Golden Lyre, No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's 944tf

Tenders.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are now prepared to receive TENDERS for THREE FURTHER SECTIONS of the line.

Section No 5 will be in the Province of Quebec and will extend from Forty miles East of Riviere du Loup, at the end of Contract No. 2, to the Sixty-sixth Mile Post, near Rimouski, a distance of about Twenty-six miles.

Section No. 6 will be in the Province of New Brunswick and will extend from the Easterly end of Contract No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the Main Post Road near the 48th Mile Post, Easterly from Jacquet River, about Twenty-one miles.

Section No. 7 will be in the Province of Nova Scotia and will extend from the Southerly end of Contract No. 4, near River Phillip, to Station Fifty at Folly Lake, about Twenty-four miles.

Plans and profiles with specifications and terms of contract will be exhibited at the office of the Board of Works, Toronto, and at the offices of the Commissioners at Ottawa, Rimouski, Dalhousie, St. John, and Halifax, on and after the FIFTH day of MARCH, 1869, and SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tender," will be received at their office in Ottawa up to SEVEN o'clock, p.m., on the TWENTY-NINTH day of MARCH, 1869.

Intercolonial Railway Office, Ottawa, 11th February, 1869.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
W. F. COFFIN,
Commissioners.

976a-8d

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE, WITH GARDEN,

TO LET, FROM 1st MAY.

The present Residence of DOCTOR WILSON, Sen., Stewart-st. Rent, £55.

Apply to ALLAN POYNTZ PATRICK, Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's Office. 975-4

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON, Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT, Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery. Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 969y

JOSEPH HALL

MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,

Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer, Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President, OSHAWA, ONT. 959-2aw4m

CHANCERY SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE,

IN THE

VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October, 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, comprising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to

MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK, Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.
Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.

969-1awtd Signed, A. N. BUELL.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL

BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

DOG LOST.

A Prince Charles Cocker Dog, Black, with Brown Paws and Muzzle, which answers to the name of "Charlie," was lost last Monday night. He had on a Leather Collar, bound with Brass, when he disappeared. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the dog to the Grand Trunk Agency Office, Russell House Block. Any person found harbouring the same after this notice will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972a

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks				
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines	7		1 3
70 do	do Poplin	7½		1 0
150 do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, 3d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

126 pieces	Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for	6 d
160 do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars	6½d
165 do	Good Prints	4 d
303 do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's	6½d
159 do	French Calicos, in choice patterns	8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000	Flannel Shirts, only	2 6
200	White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9
500	Under Shirts, only	3 3
300	Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces	2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting	3	worth 5
5 do	2-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1	do 3
81 do	Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice		

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50	OVERCOATS.
4.00	heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up	PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25	VESTS.
$8.00 Black Broadcloth	FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,* House, Land and General Agent. 75 y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

PORK,

OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO., Forwarders and Commission Merchants, Canal Basin

Wants.

WANTED.

A Female Teacher for the Junior Department of the Arnprior Common School, holding a second-class certificate. Applications will be received up to the 18th day of FEBY., 1869.

JAS. G. CRANSTON, M.D., Chairman.
GEO. CRAIG, Secretary.

974-

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 833-3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,* Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c. (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.

508y

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA

(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,

$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO., Commission Merchants, Office—17 Sparks-st.

912-3m

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,

E. PARENT, Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Ordnance Lands Agent.

Department of Secretary of State, Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD, Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills, H. of Commons.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office. Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq., M. D., M.P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

REV. BICKERSTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $4 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

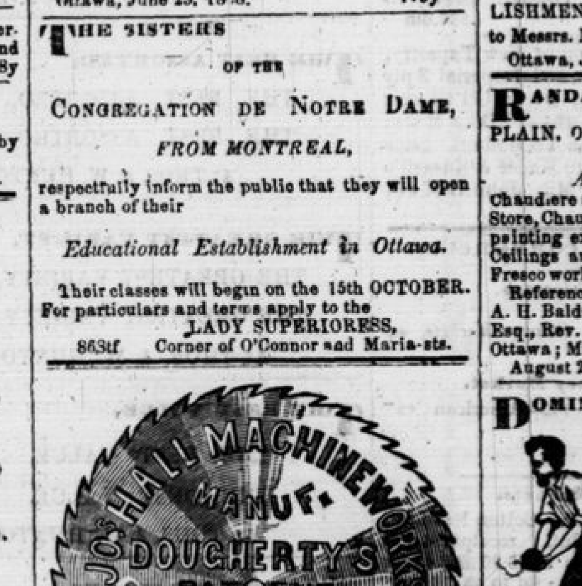
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIORESS, Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

863tf



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order, W. H. FALLS, Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

100,000 FEET OF

SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER

For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of

OAK,

MAPLE,

ELM,

BIRCH & ASH,

PLANK & SCANTLING,

of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.

Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.

WALTON SMITH.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869. 978d

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains will run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10 a m
Night do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7.00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at via Vermont Central.	3:30 p m
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 1 1868.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY.

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,

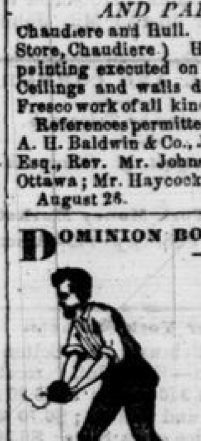
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, Desbarat's Block

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has obtained a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John N.B.

For the Minister of Finance, JOHN LANGTON.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds.

The Hon. Col. John H Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY'S QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET,

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for W.) nut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN.

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

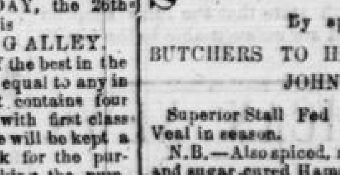
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be had in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood, from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.



SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS in the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT.
JOHN S. HENDERSON.

930b

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

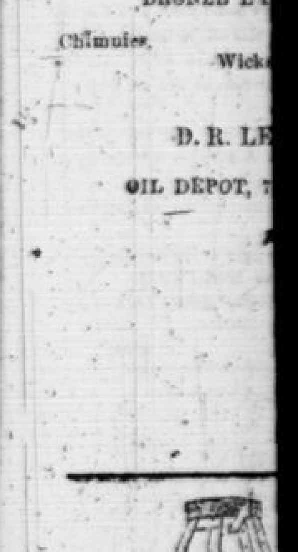
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 32, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.



VOL. I

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs OPENED OVER A. McCOR SPARKS-

Where all orders for the CANADA

PRINTING, BINDING may be sent, and will be as usual, arrangements h vent any interruption to t

Mr. Desbarats feels gr endered him on all side patrons and friends in h

GEO

Ottawa, January 21, 186

OIL! OIL! OIL

DOUBLE

ROCK

Just received at the

OIL

SUSSEX-

CHANDELIERS

BRONZE LA

Chimnies,

Wick

D. R. LE

OIL DEPOT,

Levin will introduce all SKIRTS, which will be prices, in order to clear hand. Attention is resp CAN-CAN, LA CLARE NIER and the DUCHES elite in all the principal

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869.

WHO WANTS HOUSE FURNIS

If there are any such application to

THE

Where there is to be fo House. A good assort hand Cooking and Do every description, and ful Couches.

For Crockery,

We cannot be beat west Tea Sets from $2.50 up

Wood and Willow Wa

A general assortment

Furniture, Crock Rented as usual at reas

CONCENTRATED

CAUTION TO

The remarkable succe introduction of the cele into Canadian market, b cited the cupidity of a (which has already bee other people's brains) called Saponifier. To av chasers should be carefu Concentrated Lye, which is Druggists and Grocers in

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that th of Reference of the C Company, from the City with the Line of the Bro way Company, have bee the Department of Publ such parts of the Map or ence, as relate to the Cou deposited in the office of the County of Carleton, as relate to the County posited in the office of the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day

LOST, on the evening Concert at Aylmer, Ottawa, one parcel cont DRESS and BLACK L found the parcel will vent in Aylmer, or in t the Grey Nuns, where warded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 18

NOTICE is hereby be made at the ne Parliament for Acts to ION LIFE INSURAN SOCIATION, and the RINE INSURANCE C

Dated Ottawa, Feby.

ROOMS TO LET

MRS. SMITH, Corn can rent TWO FUR SITTING ROOM.

LOST, on Metcal FRIDAY, the 12 MUFF. The finder w it at H. McLean's Au

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 18

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 968: OTTAWA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy endered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and frjends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED

ROCK OIL,

Just received at the

OIL DEPOT,

72

SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,

BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.

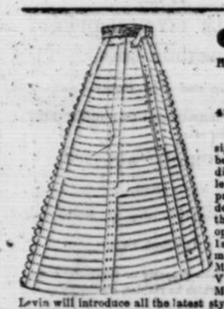
Chimulee,

Wicks, and Lanterns.

D. R. LEAVENS,

OIL DEPOT, 72 SUSSEX-ST.

Sign Red Oil Barrel.



CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 963d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery,

China, and Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $3.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,

General Agent.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,

C. C. Ry.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 973-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 868tf

LOST, on Metcalfe-st., about 12 noon, on FRIDAY, the 12th inst., a dark SEALSKIN MUFF. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at H. McLean's Auction Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 972tf

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE,

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $3.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do

and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, oil patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

TUOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

F. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES

OF THE

LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED

PATTERNS,

Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,

43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button-Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*

R. W. STEPHEN,

985-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA

Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ..... GREY ETOFFE PANTS,

$4.50 ..... GOOD PEA JACKETS,

$4 ..... OVERCOATS,

$9 ..... COMPLETE SUITS,

$1 ..... GOOD VESTS,

75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ..... UNDERSHIRTS,

75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ..... DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.

Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 956d

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents.	And 6 Packets for $1.75.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,

The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"

THEN USE

WATERS' QUININE WINE,

The finest tonic in the world.

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

TO LET, ON O'CONNOR-ST., a nine-roomed House. Possession immediately.

Apply to Mr. CHARLES HUBAND, or to Mr. JONES, the present tenant.

Ottawa, February 13. 973-3

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*

Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents, and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4797 GEORGE MURPHY

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on han a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clear out the whole of these *is* at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. & Co. A. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. G. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
ound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. G. AUDY & CO.,

Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

THE RENOS.

Their Life of Crime the Result of their Mother's Teaching—Graphic Description of the Family.

The cause of the late violent acts of the "Regulators" or "Vigilants" of Indiana will never be fully understood without more or less of the history of the Reno family being made public. There were five boys in the family—John, Frank, Simeon, Clinton and William—and one daughter, Laura. The parents have lived here for years, and were among the old settlers of the county. The father, Wilkinson Reno, or Wilk., as he is familiarly called, is a farmer, and years ago was considered one of the foremost men in the county, owning a large and valuable bottom farm (interval) with a fine stock, and a large and promising family growing around him. His future seemed as fair as any one. The mother was of Swiss extraction, and was considered one of the most intelligent and capable women in the county. A few years ago, Mr. and Mrs. Reno parted, and the wife soon after procured a divorce. Wilk soon sold his farm and purchased another between Seymour and Rockford, and about a mile from the former. The mother moved to Seymour, and the children were some of the time with one parent and some of the time with the other. It is, and has been currently reported in this vicinity that Mrs. Reno encouraged the boys to steal from the father, and divided with them the proceeds of the robberies. They stole from the old gentleman money, horses, and other stock at every opportunity. From the separation and divorce of the parents the family began to go down. The associations of the boys at Rockford were of the most vicious class, for at that time it was a flourishing village, furnishing supplies to an extensive region of agricultural country and containing some of the most experienced and boldest thieves in the West. The Reno boys under their influence, soon became expert professors in the art they had adopted as a profession. At first their efforts were confined to stealing the stock of the farmers and running it out of the State. Then when their courage increased and their skill became known they took another degree and entered country stores in the vicinity and robbed the safes of the country merchants. They engaged extensively too with the Rockford gang in robbing freight cars on the Jefferson and Indianapolis railroad. Freight trains connecting with through routes East pass through here during the night. It was customary for some of the gang to force the lock of the cars as they stopped here, enter, and as the train approached Rockford throw out packages of every description. These would be picked up by other members of the gang in waiting and sold. Two years ago, after a working up of the case by detectives, a number of parties were arrested and bound over to the Circuit Court, but by one legal shift after another the cases have been continued until the main witnesses are dead or have left the country. Frank and John Reno were at the head of the profession in the West, and have long been regarded as the most expert safe breakers between the Alleghanies and the Mississippi. Their speciality has been robbing bank and county safes, with an occasional strike at the express train. Frank Reno and Anderson two years ago, made an extended raid through Iowa, rifling safe after safe. Pinkerton, the Chicago detective, finally got upon their track and lodged them safely in jail, as he supposed, to await their trial; but the intentions of Pinkerton were not agreeable to the rogues, and they broke jail, walking by night in the dead of winter, and scantily clothed, to Chicago, whence they made their way to Canada. From Canada they sailed into the States in search of "pastures new."

Frank, a few years ago, married a sickly girl of this county, purchased some city lots and houses, and a fine farm to which he moved and proposed to settle down, and lead a respectable life; but either his old associations were too strong, or the pressure of the organization of which he was a member was too great, and he once more went back to his old courses, and ended his career by the robbery of the Adams Express, at Mansfield, and his hanging at New Albany. John Reno is a bold desperate fellow, according to report. Eighteen months, or more ago, he made a little trip to Missouri to rob the safe of Davis county, the job having been put up for him by one of his old Rockford cronies, who had moved out there. He was successful in cracking the safe and made his escape home; but by some means he was found out, a requisition was procured, and upon his trial was sentenced to twenty-five years in the penitentiary. He is now serving out his time. Simeon and William were younger members of the family, the latter having barely attained his majority when he met his fate at New Albany. John has been once severely treated by some lynchers in Illinois for horse stealing. They hung him, but let him down before life was extinct. No secret was ever made here of the mode of life of the Reno boys; every one knew they were burglars and robbers; but they were open-handed and generous gentlemen, and of course had numerous friends. Their operations were carried on away from this vicinity, with the exception of the express robberies, and no one was inclined to molest them until the last express robbery; and the numerous thefts and burglaries of their pupils and imitators, together with the immunity they seemed to enjoy from legal punishment, compelled the people to rid the country of the root and branches of the evil. Clinton is the only son now left. He is cultivating a farm in this vicinity, is married, and hitherto has borne a good reputation as a man and a citizen. Laura, the daughter, lives here with her brother. She is good looking, and is said to be an accomplished young lady. The father, Wilk. Reno, still lives on his farm, an old, grey headed man, broken down by his misfortunes. The mother died last summer. The Cemetery of Seymour contains the graves of eight men who lost their lives at the hands of the Vigilants. It is to be hoped they will cease their work now, and that the terrible cause which compelled the people to take the law into their own hands no longer exists.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

EARLY RISING.

The Change in Modern Habits.

The London *Daily News* says:

"When the men of the present generation were boys few duties were more solemnly impressed upon them than that of early rising. Sleep was an undignified necessity, a humiliating trespass of the animal nature upon valuable time, to be submitted to only just as far as necessity imposed it. 'Six hours for a man'—so ran the legend—'seven for a woman, eight for a child, and nine for a fool.' Swift declared that he never knew any man arrive at greatness who was not an early riser. Frederick the Great got up every morning at four o'clock, and so we believe did John Wesley, who, by the way, made early rising a religion, and preached against lying in bed as a sin. Peter the Great always rose before daylight, and Dr. Doddridge claimed to have added ten years to his life by cutting off two hours of morning sleep every day for forty years. As to our ancestors in the heroic times, they would be ashamed indeed even of the early risers among their degenerate children. Bluff Harry and his wives and courtiers had their breakfast at the unearthly hour of seven, and had got their dinner well over before noon. Good Queen Bess, and the scholars and wits, and great generals and statesmen who surrounded her, dined between eleven and twelve, and took their supper between five and six in the afternoon. Early to bed and early to rise had made England what she is, and would make all who adopted the principle first and foremost among their fellows.

"It is doubtless a token of the sad degeneracy of our times that we have almost ceased to practice and follow these maxims and examples, and confine ourselves to impressing them on our children. In slumberous country towns, or quiet country houses, people go to bed early and get up early, and they are wise; but in the large towns late hours are universally the fashion. Early rising may be preached, but it is not practised. Here and there a recluse who ignores society goes to bed at ten and gets up at five, and a few people may always be met who try to sit up late, as society does, and to get up early, as the maxims teach, but as a rule early rising is out of fashion among the middle classes as well as among the upper class. The fact is, that as life becomes more concentrated and its pursuits more eager, short sleep and early rising become impossible. We take more sleep than our ancestors did, and we take more because we want more. Six hours' sleep may do very well for a ploughman or a bricklayer, or any man who has no other exhaustion than that produced by manual labour, and the sooner he takes it after his labour is over the better. But for a man whose labour is mental, the stress of whose work lies on his brain and nervous system, and who is tired in the evening with a day of mental application, neither early to bed nor early to rise is wholesome. Muscular exhaustion can sleep; nervous exhaustion cannot sleep. The tired gardener goes indoors at sundown, and feels sleepy at once, and the sooner he goes to bed the sweeter his sleep will be; the tired lawyer or politician, or literary or professional man, goes into his drawing-room worn, but excited with his intellectual labour, and to go straight to bed would be to toss uneasily, and lose his night's rest entirely. He needs letting down to the level of repose. The longer the interval between the active use of his brain and his retirement to bed the better his chance of sleep and recruitment. To him an hour after midnight is probably as good as two hours before it; and even then his sleep will not so completely and quickly restore him as it will his neighbour, who is only physically tired. He must, therefore, not only go to bed later, but he longer. His best sleep is probably in the early morning hours, when all the nervous excitement has passed away, and he is in absolute rest. Drag him out of bed early, in obedience to some ancient maxim, and he will be jaded, ineffectual all day long; let him lie in obedience to the demands of his system and the necessities of his work, and he will get up refreshed. An hour saved in the morning may thus be saved at the expense of the whole day; an hour apparently wasted may purchase a whole day's effectual energy. In short, as a modern man in modern society, modern manners suit him best, and he adopts them whatever the maxims say.

"There is, therefore, a good deal to be said in favour of the late habits of modern life. It was all very well for Englishmen to go to bed early and get up early in the times of Tudors, Plantagenets, and Stuarts. Their lights were bad, and it was expensive work to make a room light enough to be pleasant. They did not turn night into day as we do; but it was probably because they did not know how to do it as we know. Gas is responsible for a good deal of our love of long evening hours. A London house, at this time of the year, is never so bright as it is after dark. When the blinds are down and the shutters are closed, and the snug curtains are drawn, and the room is flooded with brilliant gaslight, and the bright fire is stirred up in the grate, nobody regrets the sickly daylight which all day long has been feebly struggling through the fog and smoke. Why should a man wish to shorten the brightest hours of the twenty-four for the sake of an extra hour or two of foggy, ineffectual morning? It is not mere retaliation on our ancestors, it is simply the adaptation of their maxims to our modern needs, to say that for many of us waking one hour after ten at night is worth two hours before nine in the morning. We live doubly at that social evening time, and to waste such hours in sleep when there is a spare hour in the morning, which may just as well be spent in bed, is an unwise substitution of old maxims for new experience. No doubt the old maxims were wise, and would still be wise, if our conditions were those of our great grandfathers. But while the maxims stand, the times have changed, and we have changed with them. We must have society, and we can only have it at night; we must take ample rest, and we can only take it in the morning. The stress of life with us is on the brain and nerves, and they can only bear the pressure by being allowed to sleep their sleep out. For a man whose work is intellectual to have his sleep violently cut short every morning would be half equivalent to suicide. True, wisdom teaches us to adapt ourselves to our circumstances. Nature does not change, and what was good for our fathers is doubtless good for us, provided the conditions are the same. But, when this is not the case, we must not allow their example to become a tyranny. Modern habits are not more really indulgent than the habits of earlier times, and they best suit modern needs."

THE ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

Improvement in Iron Making.

Van Nostrand's Engineering Magazine, which is published in Pittsburg, Pa., contains the following interesting article:—

"The recent remarkable invention of Mr. Ellershausen, which is now regularly in use in Pittsburg, and is being rapidly introduced all over the country, has greatly advanced the solution of this important problem. So many new steel and iron processes are brought to notice every day, that the unprofessional reader cannot keep track of their names and aims. The value of this process may be inferred from the fact that a no less respectable Board of Trustees than Messrs. Asam L. Hewitt, E. B. Ward, James Harrison, Jr., and several Pittsburg iron masters, are now granting licenses under the Ellershausen patent.

"The process consists in the conversion of crude cast iron, as it runs from the smelting furnace, into wrought iron ore. It is carried out at the works of Messrs. Shonberger, at Pittsburg, in the following manner:—On the casting floor of the smelting furnace a cast iron turn table, about eighteen feet in diameter, is revolved on rollers by a small steam engine. Upon the outside edge of the table stand a row of cast iron partitions, forming boxes, say twenty inches wide and ten inches high, open at the top. Just above the circle of the boxes stands a stationary wide-mouthed spout, terminating the tap hole of the furnace. When the furnace is tapped, the liquid iron runs down this spout and falls out of it in a thin stream into boxes as they slowly revolve under it, depositing in each a film of iron, say one-eighth of an inch thick. But, before the fall of melted iron reaches the boxes, it is intercepted, or rather crossed, at right angles, by a thin fall of pulverized iron ore, which also runs out of a wide spout from a reservoir above. These two streams or falls are of about equal volume, say one-quarter of an inch deep and twenty inches wide. A workman, with a bar in the tap hole, regulates the stream of iron, and the iron spout from which the liquid metal falls into the boxes is removable; other spouts, previously coated with loam and dried, being attached to a common revolving frame, so as to be ready for use when the loam covering of the first becomes cracked or removed.

"The thin layers of iron and ore soon chill and solidify, so that by taking away the outer partition of the boxes (which form the rim of the turn table), they may be removed in cakes of the size of the boxes, and weighing about two hundred pounds each. Four of these cakes or blooms are put into a reverbatory puddling or heating furnace, and raised to a bright yellow heat. They will not melt at this heat, but become softened, so as to be easily broken up with a bar. The four blooms are formed in the furnace, by the 'rabble' of the workman, as in ordinary puddling operations, into eight balls. The balls are brought out, one after another, squeezed in the ordinary 'squeezers' to expel the cinder and superfluous ore, and then rolled into wrought iron bars, which are now ready for market, or for further reduction into smaller finished forms.

"The chemistry of the operation is as follows: The crude cast iron contains say five per cent. of carbon and two per cent. of silicon, and more or less sulphur, phosphorous, and other impurities. In the Bessemer process, the oxygen of the air, blown into the liquid iron, combines with this carbon and these other impurities, and not only removes them, but leaves the pure iron in a liquid state, from which it can be cast into homogeneous masses of any size. In the puddling process, the oxygen of the air and of the ore, or other 'fettling,' put into the furnace with the iron, combines with, and eliminates the impurities, which are afterwards squeezed out of the pasty mass by the squeezers and rolls. This process is long and comparatively expensive, because the mixture of oxygen or oxygen-bearing substances is not made intimate with the iron, except by long stirring, which is not only skilful, but exhausting work.

"In the Ellershausen process, the oxygen of the ore or oxide of iron (magnetic oxide is preferred) combines with the carbon and impurities, eliminating them as in the puddling process, and the iron of the ore increases the product. The chemical combination of the ore and the liquid crude iron appears to take place partly at the time of their contact when falling and lying upon the turn-table, and partly where the re-heating occurs in the furnace. It seems impossible that a reaction, which is so violent in the Bessemer process, should take place so quickly and quietly in the new process; but the fact that the cakes of iron and ore do not melt by subsequent heating, as cast iron would, proves that its nature is changed by the first contact of the ore. The removal of sulphur and of phosphorous also seems more thorough than in the other processes. Analysis at different stages of the operation will throw more light on this question.

"The remarkable feature of the Ellershausen process is that absolutely no skill is required to carry it out. The proportion of ore mixed is intended to be about 30 per cent.; but if too much is added, it is readily squeezed with the slag, and seems to do no harm. The subsequent heating occupies about half an hour. "Puddle bar," the product obtained from the first rolling of the product of the puddling furnace, is never marketable or finished iron. It is usually very ragged and unsound, and requires subsequent piling, re-heating and re-rolling, to expel the impurities and to give it soundness and solidity. The new process appears to produce merchantable iron at the first rolling, and, at Pittsburg, from a very inferior pig-iron, made of one-half sulphurous Canada ores, and one quarter Lake Superior and one-quarter Iron Mountain ores.

"The thoroughness and rapidity of the purification by this process evidently depend on the intimacy of iron and ore. This intimate mixture is also the essence

of the Bessemer process. In fact, to Mr. Bessemer's original apprehension of this idea of intimate mechanical mixture, the greatest modern improvements in the iron manufacture are due.

"The Ellershausen process is said to decrease the cost of wrought iron from ten to twenty or thirty dollars per ton, according to the materials used and the form of product required. That it is a success is amply proved by regular working at Pittsburg, and many experiments elsewhere, and if anything like economy can be realized, its value to the public will be only exceeded by that of the Bessemer process. The latter process, however, produces steel, which is absolutely homogeneous and of regulated hardness, according to the wear and service required, and hence indispensable for rails, tires, and various machinery purposes. Any iron product that is not cast from a liquid state, is subject to all the structural defects of ordinary wrought iron."

STRAIN THE BUTTERMILK.—A correspondent of the Germantown Telegraph says:—Place a common wire sieve over a pail, draw or turn the buttermilk into it, gently stirring the bottom with a spoon; what is saved in the sieve can be put into a jar, and when a quantity accumulates it can be stewed out by placing it in an iron kettle and simmering slowly until the oil or butter rises to the top and the sediment sinks to the bottom. It makes good shortening for pie crust, and where there is a large dairy it makes excellent cream biscuit.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

Three Furnished Rooms Wanted.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and Interesting Reading Matter see Fourth Page.*

WE are happy to learn from private advices of a thoroughly reliable character that the Hon. Mr. Howe is meeting with great success, there being not the slightest doubt of his triumphant election.

THE address in reply to the LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR's speech fared better in the Legislative Council of Newfoundland, than in the Assembly, for the former adopted it unanimously. Thus with one House wholly in its favour, and the other nearly three to one in the same direction, we may confidently assert that the principle of Union has a large hold on the people of Newfoundland.

It is expected that in all probability the Legislature of Newfoundland will adjourn during next month, perhaps early enough to permit of a Government deputation proceeding to Ottawa to arrange the terms on which Newfoundland will be admitted into the Union.

In such case these terms would be embodied in a Bill and submitted to the Canadian Parliament. On the passage of the Act here, a dissolution would probably follow in Newfoundland, and a session of the new Legislature be called during the summer, to which an Act embodying like terms will be submitted. If adopted by the Newfoundland Legislature, then the terms and conditions thus mutually agreed upon would be submitted to the Imperial Government, and all that would be thereafter required to make Newfoundland "one of us," according to the provisions of the British North America Act, would be the QUEEN's Order in Council to that effect.

We have every confidence that all this will be accomplished within the year, perhaps before the autumn.

So may union progress until it embraces every foot of British territory on this continent between the Atlantic and the Pacific.

THE opposition of the Halifax *Unionist* to the appointment of the Hon. Mr. Howe to a seat in the Cabinet seems to be receiving far more consideration than it deserves. The *Unionist* doubtless had its day of influence, but that day is past. We cannot name a section of the Union party for whom it is authorised to speak. The *Reporter*, the *Colonist* and the *Express*, all of them influential papers, have each their recognised positions as the exponents of easily defined sections of the Union party. The three journals named have given proof of their vitality and growing influence, one of them by a change from tri-weekly to daily and tri-weekly, and the other two by the enlargement and mechanical improvement of their papers; while editorially they all compare favourably with the press of any other portion of the Dominion. These papers counsel the Union party to support Mr. Howe and remain steadfast to the Government, and the influence of their advocacy of this course will, as we have said, be felt in distinct and easily definable sections of the party. They are, in fact, the "Union press" of Halifax.

But the *Unionist* has given no signs of improving life of late. It is apparently rather on the "down grade," verging towards decrepitude. It certainly has not the appearance of great influence about it, and we have been assured that it is equally destitute of the reality. Nevertheless there may be some discontented Unionists, for there are men in all parties so constituted as to be able to see only mere party advantage in politics, and these may think that the Repealers should have been treated with contempt; that the faithful minority should have ruled Nova Scotia, and that the repeal movement should have been allowed to die of exhaustion without any attempt to induce its supporters to abandon it.

But when we find the three Union papers named heartily endorsing the conciliatory policy of the Government, and calling on their friends to aid Mr. Howe, we can, perhaps, understand that the *Unionist*, edged out, as it has been, by its more influential rivals, would take upon itself to speak for the discontented few who may be found in the party willing to share its narrow and illiberal views. It cannot, however, affect the result of the election in Hants by its opposition to Mr. Howe; nor should its utterances be regarded as those of a paper carrying any political influence in the Province. The little notoriety it has gained by taking a stand in opposition to those in whose wake it has humbly followed heretofore is about the only practical result of its present move, and that notoriety will probably be forgotten in a week.

WE cannot say that the meeting yesterday afternoon to consider the subject of supplying the city with water works was a complete success. It is true there were a great many people in attendance; true that a resolution was adopted affirming the necessity of water works; true also that there was a clear and undoubted majority of the property owners and heavy ratepayers earnestly in favour of taking immediate action. The drawbacks consisted in this, that the City Hall was entirely too small to contain the people who attended the meeting, and that the adjournment to the open air, with such a keen wind blowing, and the snow far away up above knee deep, was not exactly such a proceeding as every one who came there could endure to the end. Hence it was that many went off, who would gladly have remained to record their votes in favour of water works; hence it was that the meeting lost the character of a calm, deliberative body, and degenerated into a somewhat noisy and roisterous assemblage, such as all promiscuous public gatherings usually are. Much might have been said in favour of water works that was not said. However, the necessity of having them was affirmed, and the city corporation was requested to invest a thousand dollars in premiums for the best means of supplying the city's wants.

This decision, acquiesced in unanimously, or nearly so, shows that vast progress has been made in the cause, and we believe that under the circumstances the resolution, moved by P. A. EGLESON, Senr., Esq., seconded by LYMAN PERKINS, Esq., and adopted by the meeting, is all that is necessary, provided the corporation loses no time in taking action in consonance therewith.

We were edified by the number of water puncheons displayed on the carters' trucks drawn up in the crowd. There was a select party there, who evidently had their instructions to hoot and yell when "water works" were mentioned. Had the speakers departed from the received system of Saxon phraseology, and instead of naming "water works," argued the necessity of applying the principles of hydraulics to meet the requirements of the city, we verily believe there would not have been a word of opposition from the crowd. At least the fact was patent that every one was heard until he mentioned "water works," and then from the select few came the bawling shout "no water!" We suggest therefore that on any future discussion on this important matter before a public meeting there be no more mention of "water works." The language is sufficiently copious to express the idea in many different forms of words, and any form of expression, we are sure, would have passed unchallenged yesterday afternoon, save that one.

The result, we take it, is that Ottawa will have water works, if only the business is set about in the right way. Let the behests of the public meeting be complied with, and a premium, or premiums, offered; let the corporation discharge its responsibilities to the city, by availing itself of every other means in its power to gather correct information upon the subject; and let the by-law be submitted to the vote of the ratepayers qualified to pronounce thereon, and the decision will undoubtedly be that the city must be supplied with water.

This question has now assumed a magnitude of importance of which perhaps many people are not fully aware. The commercial *status* of the Ottawa business community is very largely involved in it. The future range in the value of property will rise, or fall, according as it may happen to be decided; and it may be that Ottawa's pretensions to the continued possession of all her well-earned honours in the past may be injuriously affected by an adverse decision. It seems hardly possible to obtain a full discussion of the question on its merits before a public meeting; but the corporation, as the guardian of the city's interests, has its duty to perform in the matter, and should not shrink from facing it because a few persons, some of whom were perhaps not ratepayers at all, chose to shout at a given signal "no water!" It may perhaps require a little extra stiffening of the back-bone of the corporation to get the matter through successfully, but it must be done; and although the meeting yesterday was not entirely satisfactory, it was sufficiently so to prove that the ratepayers understand this, and are fully prepared for it.

THE *Globe* is becoming ashamed of the apathy of the Toronto people in the matter of aiding the Red River settlers. Hamilton, London, and Ottawa did their parts, not only generously, but with exceeding promptitude. Toronto halted, hesitated, set to work languidly, appointed committees that didn't do their duty, and finally wound up with doing—nobody knows what. In this state of affairs the *Globe* turns appealingly to Hamilton to take charge of the Toronto contributions. It says:

"Mr. James Turner, of Hamilton, has been especially active in this work of benevolence, and any money sent to him will be forwarded without delay, and its receipt promptly acknowledged through the newspapers. We cannot say that Toronto has at all done its duty in this matter. Somehow or other the thing has been bungled. It was never entered upon with any spirit, even by those who could not for shame's sake altogether shirk it; and when, after delays, the Mayor appointed certain parties to canvass the different wards, we believe in some cases the thing was never done, and in others with a languid perfunctoriness which absolutely courted failure, while to this day the citizens have no information how much was actually raised. The collectors' books were never audited. Let not that be an excuse, however, for holding back now. A very large number, here and elsewhere, are never backward in their liberality when a genuine case is brought before them, and they may rest assured that the cry from Red River is at once genuine and urgent. Let them send on their contributions to Mr. Turner at once, and our columns will speedily tell them if what they send reaches its destination."

The failure of Toronto to do its duty in this matter is, no doubt, the result of mismanagement, rather than of want of liberality among its citizens. But they are not yet too late. Will they move energetically now?

T. HUDSON, Esq., M. P. for South Bruce, arrived in town yesterday, and is stopping at the Russell House.

☞ Victor Hugo is to start a paper to be called *The Exile's Journal*.

☞ Two thousand pounds sterling have been collected for the sufferers by the wreck of the *Hibernia*.

☞ A pedant remarked to a farmer, "I cannot bear a fool." "Your mother could," was the sharp retort.

☞ Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

THE NEW BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

THE following is a list of the new Board of Agriculture. It will be seen that only two of the old members have been re-elected—Messrs. EVERET and CHRISTIE. It would have been a great misfortune had the latter been left out, as he will be valuable in furnishing explanations of many curious transactions about which the public anxiously desire a little more light:

Division No. 1 George McDonnell, Cornwall.
" " 2 Hon. J. Skead, Ottawa.
" " 3 Andrew Wilson, Maitland.
" " 4 Edwin Mallory, Napanee.
" " 5 John Walton, Peterboro'.
" " 6 George Graham, Brampton.
" " 7 James Cowan, Waterloo.
" " 8 J. C. Rykert, M. P. P., St. Catharines.
" " 9 Hon. David Christie, Paris.
" " 10 Robert Gibbons, Goderich.
" " 11 Lionel E. Shipley, Falkirk.
" " 12 Stephen White, Charing Cross, Kent.

WATER WORKS.

PUBLIC MEETING TO CONSIDER THE QUESTION.

Yesterday at a few minutes after 3 o'clock the Mayor took the chair, and in doing so said as the question was an important one he did not think it desirable to hurry the proceedings, as it was barely past the time stated in the notice.

On motion, Mr. Coward was appointed secretary.

Among those present were Messrs. P.A.Egleson, Bate, W. Young, Mosgrove, E. McGillivray, T. Keefer, Perkins, Clemow, M. Cameron, Heney, Pratt, Goulden, Blaiklell, Cruice, Charles Wright, Robert Lees, Audy, R. H. McGreevy, VanCortlandt, Goodwin, Sweetland, Todd, Noel, Worthington, Slater, McLean, Frank Dougall, Rochester, O'Gara, Hon. James Skead, Sheriff Powell, Bangs, Langford, &c., &c.

The hall, which had been only partially filled at the time of the Mayor taking the chair, in a few minutes became densely crowded.

In rising to explain the object of the meeting, the Mayor said the occasion was one of importance, and the value of the expression given would be in proportion to the fairness with which the proceedings were conducted. He felt that it was possible that the hall would be too much crowded, and it might be necessary to adjourn to the open air.

Here arose cries of "outside," "outside," from those who could not get in, and "inside," "inside," from those who were already in. The clamour became so great that an adjournment outside became necessary.

From the platform in front of the City Hall the further proceedings took place.

The Mayor, again reiterating the importance of the business before the meeting, proceeded to say that it was not necessary to urge upon the meeting the necessity for water works. About that fact there could be very little room for doubt. The plan to be adopted and the means to carry it out were really the subjects for consideration. The enquiries made have so far resulted in three or four plans: 1st. The ordinary works with reservoir at a probable cost of from $400,000 to $500,000; 2nd. The ordinary works, such as those of Montreal, with water tower, upon the plan suggested by Mr. Alfred Perry, at a cost of $300,000; 3rd. Steam power with water tower at a cost of $300,000; 4th. The Holly patent without water tower or reservoir, at a cost of from $200,000 to $250,000. The supply is proposed to be taken from the Chaudiere, above city drainage. The motive power is to be had at Pooley's Bridge, to the extent of one thousand horse power, with a fall of about twenty-four feet—the conduit through the ravine of Queen-st. The facilities are pronounced by competent judges to be almost unrivalled in any city in the Dominion. The first duty of all concerned will be to enquire carefully into all these plans, and under reliable scientific advice adopt that which is cheapest and best. The financial view must also be carefully enquired into. It may be thus stated:

Debentures for construction, say...	$300,000
Annual interest on same at 7 per cent	
$21,000; sinking fund to redeem same in 25 years at 2 per cent, $6,000	$ 27,000
Insurance premiums paid in this city	$ 70,000
If water works in this city were in operation this amount would be reduced by say 33⅓ per cent, on an average, say per annum, $23,333; there are 58 water carriers licensed in the city, suppose each earns $1 per day, it would show that those who are supplied by them, exclusive of those who draw their own water, pay 58 times $312—equal to $18,094. The cost of the Fire Brigade to the city would be less to the city than at present $5,000	$ 46,427
Shewing that in these three items a saving would be effected of	$19,427.
Probable revenue from water works	$30,000.

In order that the municipal law should be understood the speaker quoted the Municipal Act, and also the amendments made by the Legislature of Ontario in 1867; and proceeded to say that it would be seen that the law provides for every protection to the ratepayers that can be desired. The Mayor concluded by saying that he had placed the meeting in possession of all the information in his power, and he left them to deal with the matter as they saw fit, and he anxiously desired that a step forward would be taken to-day in this important matter.

Mr. P. A. Egleson then came forward to offer a resolution, but was met with cries of "no water," "no water," from a small crowd below, which had evidently collected for the purpose. Not that even this portion of the crowd was disorderly, for with the single exception that they continued to express their abhorrence of water in tones loud enough to interrupt the speakers for some time, there was no attempt at, nor apparent desire for, other disturbance, and when the speakers avoided any direct mention of "water works," they were perfectly quiet and listened attentively.

Mr. Turgeon, a decided opponent of water works, delighted this portion of the audience for more than an hour.

Alderman Rochester followed, telling some home truths as to the value water works would be, even to those who opposed them, and was listened to attentively, except when alluding directly to the subject before the meeting.

Hon. James Skead then addressed the meeting, taking the ground that property was the basis upon which all public improvements in the city must be founded, and showing that this was no exception. He explained that the resolution offered by Mr. Egleson proposed to give $1,000 for the best plan that could be got, and when that was in their hands, he thought commissioners, whose appointment would have to be ratified by the people, should be selected to carry out the work, if practicable; and that water should be supplied at cost price, instead of giving large dividends to companies. He concluded by asking the Mayor to put the resolution.

His Worship then offered the following resolution:

Moved by P. A. Egleson, Sen., Esq., seconded by Lyman Perkins, Esq., that this meeting, while affirming the necessity and desirability of encouraging the construction of water works in this city, provided that object can be obtained at a reasonable cost; nevertheless deem it inexpedient to decide upon a mode to be adopted to secure that end, until the opinions of practical and experienced engineers are obtained, to determine the entire subject in all its various phases and bearings. And in order to obtain that necessary and desirable information, they would suggest that a premium of one thousand dollars be offered by the Mayor and Corporation for the best report upon the subject, with all the details required to enable the citizens to express an opinion thereon.

The motion having been put was carried unanimously, not a single hand being held up against it when opposition was called for.

Ald. Rochester then moved a vote of thanks to the Mayor for his able and impartial conduct in the chair, which was tendered unanimously.

Three cheers having been given for the Queen, the meeting adjourned.

FIRE INQUEST.

Yesterday morning the court of enquiry was opened by Dr. VanCortlandt, at the Albion Hotel, shortly after nine o'clock, for the purpose of arriving at the facts as to the recent attempts made to set fire to the premises in Aumond's block, Daly-st, occupied by Miss Mary Hanlin as a boarding-house.

The following are the names of the jurors: Samuel Howell, foreman; J. R. Audy, Major Thos. Ross, Thos. Patterson, W. Whitcher, P. Burns, Robt. Barclay, W. C. McGuire, Chas. Mohr, Wm. D. Aumond, John Webster, J. B. Hinchy, and R. H. Graham.

After the names had been called the jury proceeded to view the premises. There they found that fire had been ignited in four different places. The first three might have been the result of accident, and appear to have caused no suspicion at the time, but when connected with the fourth, all offer grounds for suspecting sinister designs on the part of some one. The fourth attempt was made on Saturday, and clearly shows the work of an incendiary. In a closet in a room on the first floor two boards had been taken up, and live coals thrust in between the floor and ceiling, burning the lath and exposed wood to the depth of an inch in some places. Before being discovered the smoke from the smouldering fire had filled the house, and in a few minutes longer the building must have been in flames. Among the *debris* found between the floor and ceiling by the Coroner's jury were ashes, charcoal of hard wood, a half sheet of the Quebec *Morning Chronicle* of the 8th instant, the paper having evidently been saturated in coal oil, and the remains of two or three half burnt matches.

The Coroner demanded to see the mistress of the house, but was informed that she had gone out for a short time.

An inventory was taken of the value of the furniture in the house, in the course of which the kitchen was visited, where were a couple of blooming "helps," and there were one or two reluctant jurymen who were with difficulty persuaded to leave the cozy quarters below stairs, and accompany the coroner back to the jury-room at the Albion! This little difficulty (for which the "helps" were of course as blameless as they were for their good looks) having been surmounted, the jury returned to their rooms, and the proceedings were continued by calling the first witness.

Chas. Drinkwater, sworn, said that about the end of October, or the 1st of November last, on returning from hunting, he was told that there had been a fire. He afterwards saw the signs of a fire which had been in a bedroom, and a chair and the bedclothes had been partially burned. Witness resided in the house. Could not say positively whether any one was in the habit of reading in bed in that room, but thought not. Bore no relation to the landlady, but leased the house under a verbal arrangement with Mary Hanlin. Had no interest in the furniture of the house apart from his personal traps. Last winter he had been living with Miss Hanlin, and with five others had agreed to give her twenty-five dollars per month if she would take another house, she being dissatisfied with the one she was then in. A house being about to be vacated by Mr. Whitcher, he had asked her to see the proprietor, Mr. Aumond, and endeavour to secure it. She said she had seen Mr. Aumond who had said that his neighbours objected to having a boarding house near them. Finally witness had told Mr. Aumond that there were seven bachelors going into it, and, therefore, the house was taken in witnesses's name, the rent being paid to him by Miss Hanlin, and by him handed over to Aumond. She had paid the rent from first of May to end of last month, but she now refused to account for the rent up to May next. The house, he believed, was insured in Mary Hanlin's name. Did not own the furniture, except some articles of silver plate. Had no insurance on it. Had no knowledge of the origin of the fire in October, nor of that on Christmas Eve. The last fire occurred in a closet in a bedroom on the first floor, last Saturday. This was the fourth. Had first examined the closet on his return about two hours after the fire. The first fire occurred in Mr. Killaly's room, at night; the second was in a chimney, and the third on a landing of the top flat close by a stove. The furniture owned by the boarders was worth about twice as much as that of the landlady's in witnesses's opinion. Thought no other of the boarders had any insurance. Was present at the fire on Christmas Eve.

Examined by the County Attorney. The names of the gentlemen boarding in the house besides himself, were W. G. Thomas, Robt. Killaly, Anthony Atchison, Andrew Green, O. Newcombe and Edmund Clark. The fire on Christmas Eve was in the partition between Mr. Atchison's and Mr. Killaly's rooms. Witness discovered the fire, which was burning in the part of the lath and plaster partition which ran up the flue; the fire was adjoining the chimney. Did not know that the chimney was on fire inside. There was no fire place in either of the rooms. The fire appeared to have taken from above, but extended from the floor to the ceiling. Saw none of the other fires. The one described was seen by several others besides himself alarmed them; and Colonel Wily, who lived next door, at the time, had concluded that the fire was caused by the chimney, there being a scantling which adjoined it charred from top to bottom. The side nearest the chimney he believed was most burned. The chimney was of brick built in the wall, between the premises in question and the residence of Colonel Wily; no part of the wood of the partition was exposed to the stove pipe.

Examined by Mr. Ross, (on behalf of Miss Hanlin) after the fire the partition was repaired and mortar was put against the chimney where studding had been before. The landlord was called in, and witness examined the chimney, and noticed several cracks and apparently holes in the mortar between the bricks, and taking a pliable stick proved them, but could penetrate only about an inch. Thought the fire had been smouldering some time. No rent was due now. Miss Hanlin told witness that she wished him to take the house off her hands, or they would have it burned about their ears. She said she would not provide for the rent, as witness had broken his part of the agreement. Was one of the three who signed the request for an investigation. Felt bound to call for an enquiry. [A juror said he and others who lived in the neighbourhood were very glad that the steps had been taken]. This was taken before witness had the conversation with Miss Hanlin.

A motion was then made that the court adjourn, and it adjourned accordingly until seven o'clock p.m.

Evening Session.

Thomas Wily examined—I knew the house occupied by Mary Hanlin. Was called in to see a fire on Christmas Eve between twelve and one in the morning. Mr. Drinkwater came in, and told me he thought his house was on fire. I went in immediately. On the third floor found a room filled with smoke. The room was occupied by Mr. Killaly. On looking down by the chimney the smoke was pouring out through the plaster. I called for an axe and a bucket of water. Cut a hole in the partition and I threw in the water. I then cut the plaster away up to the ceiling, and found the place on fire between the partition. After I got the fire under I found one of the studs quite up against the chimney charred. The side next the chimney was that burnt. The chimney was quite hot, so that I could not bear my hand on it. The partition had not been broken, or cut through. My opinion was that the fire was owing to the faulty construction of the chimney. After I got the fire under Mr. Stockdale came in.

To the foreman—I am aware that there has been a fire there since, and two before. I was not called in to the two previous to the one I saw, and know of them only by report.

Andrew Green sworn—I knew the house in question, and have been living there since the 15th of last July. I was present at a fire in the house between the 7th and 15th of November last. It was in a room on the third flat, occupied by Mr. Killaly. I found the rooms down stairs smell of smoke. I spoke to Mr. Thomas, saying there was a fire in the house. He accompanied me up stairs. Killaly's door was closed, but not locked. On opening it the smoke was so dense that I could see nothing. I saw no fire. I called to the servants for water, and Mr. Thomas called for a wet sheet. After getting it, I succeeded in putting out the fire which was on the bed; the bed clothes were burning. I discovered a lamp on a dressing table, it was turned down, so as to give a dim light. The rocking chair between it and the bed had some clothes on it on fire. Could form no opinion how the fire originated. It did not take from the lamp; Mr. Killaly was out at a party, and did not come in till after. The second fire in the house that I was present at was the one of last Saturday. I came home about four o'clock in the afternoon. I found smoke in the dining-room, when I said to the servants that the house must be on fire. They laughed, and said they saw smoke coming out of a small hole in the kitchen, but that it was stopped, and I went up to my room, followed by Lizzie, one of the servants, and found my room and Mr. Clark's full of smoke. I said I would wait in the house till I knew where the fire was. I afterwards saw fire coming out of a crack by the side of the partition. I went then to a dressing table where I kept the key of the closet, I opened the door and commenced to take out my clothes. I poured water out of the jug down by the side of the chimney, and heard it hiss. I saw no fire in the room, but found it full of smoke and very hot. I asked Lizzie to me get something to pull up the floor, and pulled off the skirting at the side of the chimney without any trouble. I knelt down and discovered that one of the floor boards had been taken up before and had been put down again. When I got on my knees I saw some ashes on one of the undisturbed boards. There was no fire where the ashes were. Then I saw burnt paper between the chimney and the first joist, and also between the first and second joists. There was fire in both places, but most in the part farther from the chimney. The fire was inside the closet. The closet is about five feet by three. The paper between the chimney and the first joist had been singed, and there was fire where the paper was. There was also a strong smell of coal oil. Mary Hanlin came in and stooped down, and said the chimney was very hot, after which she remained silent for five minutes. I asked her what the paper was doing there. She made no answer, but said "paper," and put it into the water can. One of the boards raised was splinted on the top, and I asked her if they had been taken up at the previous fire, and she said no. My clothes and trunks were in the closet. There was room for the trunks and clothes. I smelled coal oil two days before, and told Mr. Newcomb. The closet being dark, I should not notice the removal of the boards. I observed ashes and cinders under the boards produced. [The coroner observed they were evidently of hard wood]. The closet was locked up from Saturday till Monday, and the key was in my possession, or that of my room mate, Mr. Newcomb. Mr. Langrell examined the place on Sunday afternoon, I remained in the place till the fire was extingdished. At night Mary staid in the room some time. I said I suspected the house had been set on fire. My reasons were the presence of coal oil and the embers. The embers were taken out of the place by detective O'Neill on Monday night. The key was in my possession before O'Neill took the embers out. Mr. Newcomb and I kept it, sometimes one and sometimes the other. I know of no other key. Mary Haplin knew we sometimes kept the key.

I suspected Mary from her hiding the paper so quickly. Mr. W. A. Ross, objected to this evidence. I heard some conversation today, between Mary and the servants as to what they should say when they came to be examined, and told them what they should say about the coal oil.

To a Juror—Lizzie is a servant of the house.

The last fire was on the second floor below where the first fire was, and it was against the same chimney as the first fire of which Col. Wily spoke. We never kept coal oil in the closet. Mr. Ross asked permission to put some questions to witness, but was refused on the ground that there was no one on trial.

Robt. Killaly sworn—Knew the house on Daly-st., kept by Mary Hanlin. Had known it for ten months. Knew of four fires having occurred in the house during that time. Did not see the actual burning of any of them. Believed there was one about the end of November. It occurred in his room. Had left the house at about 9 o'clock. Left the lamp turned down in the middle of a chest of drawers. The rocking chair was between the chest of drawers and bed. His coat and vest was on it. When he returned the bed was so burned that he could not sleep in it. There were matches in the left pocket of the coat, and had not been burned. Did not know whether there were matches in other pockets or not. Thought there was a light coat belonging to Mr. Atchison consumed. Witness corroborated the preceding evidence regarding the last fire. Had no suspicions regarding the last fire until Newcomb had said it was no accident at all, it had been set on fire. After the bed, &c., were burned, believed Mr. O'Connor, insurance agent, paid Miss Hanlin their value.

R. E. O'Connor sworn—He was Insurance Agent for the Queen Insurance Company. Mary Panlin had $800 on furniture, but the policy was cancelled on Sunday on account of the fire on Saturday last. Had examined the evidences of the fire in the closet in Mr. Green's room. Had paid insurance to Miss Hanlin, amounting to $22, on some things, bedding, &c., burned in Mr. Killaly's room some months ago. Had no inventory of the furniture insured for $800. It was simply for household furniture. Had no other insurance on anything in the house except that belonging to Mary Hanlin.

Octavius Newcomb sworn—Know the house on Daly-st., kept by Mary Hanlin. Had lived there some seven months. Remembered the last two fires. On Saturday at half-past four found that a fire had occurred in his room. Described the appearances the same as the other witnesses. Five or ten minutes after witness had seen the fire, Miss Hanlin came into the room with her hat and cloak on, as if she had been out. Knew that Miss Hanlin had before opened the drawer where the key of the closet was kept. Had never had a dispute with her. Two days before the fire had smelt coal oil in the room, and remarked the fact. Saw and remarked Miss Hanlin take a piece of newspaper from the closet, and quietly put it in the pail of water, after which she went out and returned with matches in her hand, and striking them held them for witness and others to examine the place. Warned her of dropping them in it as they burnt out. Had seen burnt matches there before.

Elizabeth Jane Bailey sworn—I have lived at the house in question five or six weeks. I know nothing of the fire; but saw some smoke coming out of a hole of the kitchen. Mr. Green called my attention to the fire in the closet, and putting his hand in his right hand vest pocket took out a key and opened the closet door. The boards of the closet were not nailed down, they looked so; I never tried them. Mr. Green took up the boards and looked, but could see nothing but smoke. When Mary came, she said the wall was hot, but there was no danger. There was paper which he took out, and said he supposed it was put there when the house was built, to stop a hole. The cook was the first to discover the fire in the kitchen. In two minutes after Mr. Green gave the alarm of fire. Mary Hanlin remarked to me the previous day that the room was very hot and desired me to open the windows. Mr. Green went out at a little after eight o'clock, a. m., and did not return again till after four o'clock, p. m. Had trimmed the lamps down stairs, but filled the smoking room lamp on Saturday. It should last till Monday. I found no stains of coal oil on the boards in the closet. On Monday the lamp was empty, and the wick too short to burn. I told Miss Hanlin this morning that I should be timid in giving evidence, and she said I had nothing to fear, and I must adhere strictly to the truth. I told Mr. O'Neill on Monday night that there had been a smell of tar or pitch in Mr. Green's room.

Mary Hanlin sworn—I know nothing of the fire of Saturday last than what I saw after I came in from being out about twenty minutes. Mr. Green said "there is another fire Mary," I then ran up stairs, but it had been put out. She corroborated the testimony as to former fires. On Saturday afternoon last between four and half-past four, I left with a note for Mr. Atchison, and was out twenty or twenty-five minutes, and in that time the fire had occurred and was extinguished. We both remarked that the chimney was hot, but Mr. Green said there was no danger. I saw where the fire was near the chimney, but not in another place. Saw no ashes nor cinders, and do not believe there was any there. The door of the closet was usually unlocked. The first fire—in Mr. Killaly's room—was discovered by Mr. Green. Saw no coal oil on the boards till yesterday morning. When I was shewn where the fire was, I lighted a match to look down into the hole where the fire was, but I did not throw it into the hole. I told some of the boarders on the occasion of the last that if another happened I would break up the house. The furniture in the house belonged to me, and was insured for $800. Mr. O'Connor called last Sunday and cancelled it. Part of my insurance would expire on the 2nd of March and the other in June.

VERDICT.

That four several fires have occurred at the premises in question, during the space of four consecutive months; that the first and second of such fires may have happened through accident or negligence, on the part of the inmates, and in either case shows a most reprehensible want of care; that the third fire was caused by a defective chimney; that the fourth, or last fire, which took place on Saturday last, the thirteenth instant, was evidently caused by malicious design on the part of some person or persons to the jurors unknown.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

February 18, 1869.

In pursuance to adjournment the council met at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Present—The Warden and Messrs. Blackburn, Cowan, Hinton, Caldwell, Kidd, Green, McCaffery, Tremblay, Lyon, Smith, and Fraser.

The minutes of yesterday were read.

The Warden read communications from Messrs. Lyon and Remon, concerning the bridge over the west channel, or branch of the River Rideau, at New Edinburgh.

A communication from M. K. Dickinson, Esq., and an estimate from the commissioners appointed to expend the grant of $200 already given by this council, with a petition from James Stewart, and others, praying that the council levy a special rate in Osgoode and Gloucester to open the road leading from the Rideau river to Prescott road.

A petition from Francis Clemow on behalf of the Gas Company of this city, praying for payment for the lamps erected about the jail, &c.

A communication from Dr. Dorion explaining the petition of the Grey Nuns, read yesterday.

A communication from John Stevenson, soliciting subscriptions to the "Ottawa Directory," about to be issued.

A communication from Lees & Gemmill, concerning the claim of William Smith, ex-Treasurer of Gloucester.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the Warden of this Corporation is hereby authorized to sign a subscription list for the repairing of the bridge connecting Green Island with the city of Ottawa, for $50, and the treasurer of this Corporation is authorized to pay the same on certificate of R. Surtees, Esq., that the bridge has been repaired.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the sum of $50 be granted by this council, to be applied towards repairs of the bridge connecting Green Island with the city of Ottawa, and that a like sum be apportioned to each of the other municipalities within this county, for the improvement of the roads and bridges therein, in consideration of the said grant of $50 to the municipality of New Edinburgh for the said bridge.

Moved in amendment to the amendment by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Lyon, that as portions of the highway leading from Ottawa to the Governor's residence in the county of Carleton is at present unfit and unsafe for Her Majesty's subjects and others to travel on; be it, therefore, resolved, that fifty dollars be granted by this council to repair said highway.

The amendment to the amendment was then put, and lost on the following division, Mr. Cowan calling for the yeas and nays:

YEAS—Messrs. Cummings, Smith, Lyon, Tremblay, Blackburn—5.

NAYS—Cowan, Caldwell, Hinton, Kidd, Green, McCaffery, Fraser—7.

The amendment was then put and carried on the following division, Mr. Tremblay calling for the yeas and nays:

YEAS—Cowan, Caldwell, Hinton, Kidd, Green, McCaffery, Fraser, Blackburn—8.

NAYS—Cummings, Smith, Tremblay—3.

The original motion was then put and lost.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Caldwell, that the petition of M. K. Dickinson and others be referred to a committee of the whole, to sit at 2 o'clock, today. Mr. Hinton in the chair.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Caldwell, that the letter of Messrs. Lees and Gemmill, together with the claims of William Smith, Esq., be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Kidd, that by-law No.— of this corporation, relating to the payment of grand and petit jurors, attending either at the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and general jail delivery, or at the Quarter Sessions, be repealed; and that a by-law be now introduced for increasing the payment of said jurors to the sum of one dollar per day for each and every day's attendance at the said courts, together with ten cents per mile for every mile necessarily travelled from place of residence to the Court House.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Kidd, that the Council do now adjourn till two o'clock, p.m.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

Afternoon Session.

The council met in committee of the whole, when M. K. Dickinson, Esq., and his counsel Robert Lyon, Esq., were heard at the bar of the council on the subject of Mr. Dickinson's communication; and the petition of James Stewart and others praying for the opening up of a road from the Rideau river to Prescott road.

The committee was still sitting when our reporter left.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE MARKET.—There was no market again yesterday, and it is quite doubtful if matters will be much mended for some time to come. At present nothing but the most urgent necessity could tempt anyone to venture with a loaded sleigh to any considerable distance from home. And such being the case, we need not lay our account with overstocked markets at present.

POLICE COURT.—Isidore Basilne, for assaulting Duncan McDonald, was fined $1 and costs.

Duncan McDonald was charged with biting the finger of Maxime Brisbane. Case dismissed.

Pierre Ayotte was fined $2 and costs for driving through the Gloucester toll-gate without paying the legal toll.

A man was brought up charged with stealing a keg of butter from Mrs. Baine, but there being no evidence the case was dismissed.

THE SNOW IN THE CITY.—Through our principal streets the snow is at present above the window sills of the first floor, and in some places the tree-boxes cannot be seen. In many parts of the city storekeepers and others have shown commendable activity in removing it from the sidewalks in front of their premises, and where this has been done high snow banks have been left facing the buildings, which give the streets the appearance of having been purposely built several feet above the sidewalks. What the condition of the streets will be when the first real thaw comes may be imagined. Yesterday the weather was fine, rather cold in the morning, but no snow during the day.

THE SNOW'S DOINGS.—It is all very well to speak of "the pure, white, virgin snow," as if it were a very pure and innocent thing that never did any harm to anyone beyond cooling people a little. We heard a very different character of the snow last night—a character, in fact, that was by no means creditable to it, or to any living person. A young lady and gentleman had sometime since named a day to come all the way from Metcalfe to the great Capital of this great Dominion for the purpose of becoming one flesh, and to have one name in common. That happy, happy day was Tuesday or Wednesday. Everything was arranged, and "mine host" of the Albion was to prepare the wedding dinner, and to have the bridal chamber all right for their reception; and until that dreadful snow storm of Sunday and Monday last all went, in the imagination of the thrice happy twain, sweetly as marriage bells. With what feelings of disappointment then must they have contemplated the gradual building up of that icy barrier of your boasted purity to separate them from happiness for the space of twenty-four, or it may have been forty-eight, mortal hours! Yesterday morning, however, with a firm resolve to conquer the difficulty, or perish in the attempt, the wedding party, consisting of eight persons, including *the two now one*, left Metcalfe with flying colours—orange blossoms, and what not, for a journey, almost superhuman, through the snow. Notwithstanding their ardour, however, the way was very tedious. They had to be *dug out*—how terrible!—several times. Another team had to be hitched to the bridal sleigh, or cutter, and after a wearisome journey they succeeded in reaching the Albion last evening, and in a short time the lady's name was changed for another. And—it was understood that they would take breakfast there this morning.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 17th instant, by the Rev. E. B. Harper, M. A., Wesleyan minister, Mr. William Woodburn, to Alice, youngest daughter of Mr. James Allen, merchant, all of New Edinburgh.

DIED.

In this city, on Thursday evening, the 18th inst., Eliza Cordelia, widow of the late J. J. Hackett, Esq., aged 48 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of Mr. Thorburn, Daly-st., on Saturday, the 20th instant, at 11 o'clock, a.m. Friends are respectfully requested to attend.

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALY, C

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 18.

The Queen's Own Rifles paraded last night. The movements were, for the first time, on Lord Elcho's system of non-pivot drill, which is thought to be suitable for volunteers. The change is very popular amongst the men.

The documents connected with the late Recorder's Court were handed over to the Clerk of the Peace to day, so that the formal decease of the court is accomplished.

Designs for the new music hall have been submitted to practical builders for consideration. Canvassers are to be at once sent out to raise $12,000 by subscription.

The *Globe* asserts that the telegram from Montreal, stating that Mr. Swinyard is about to resign his place on the Great Western, is entirely without foundation.

The Whitchurch Township Council have agreed to submit a by-law, granting a bonus to the Nipissing Railroad, to the ratepayers. A committee appointed by the corporation of Lindsay to consider the expediency of a branch line to that place have reported favourably. The directors of the Nipissing line are about to submit proposals for such a line.

The news from Nova Scotia is more favourable. Hon. Mr. Howe's meeting at Hants Port on Tuesday was altogether in his favour. There is a rumour of a third candidate, J. W. King, who opposed Howe in 1867, but is not credited.

Frank Killam, the Repeal candidate for Yarmouth, is expected to meet with success.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 18.

No mails from the West to-day. The trains are all blocked up by the snow storm, which has raged since morning. The snow is so deep that it is difficult to pass through the streets of Montreal.

The Montreal Mining Company are offering a part or the whole of their property for sale.

Flour very dull and lower at $4.70 @ $4.85 for ordinary to choice superfine.

Sugar has advanced rapidly during the week, and is now held very firmly at $10.25 @ $10.50 per 100 lbs. for raw. Speculators are buying in this market for New York.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 18.—The bullion in the vault in the Bank of England has increased £62,000 pounds sterling since last Tuesday.

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 18.—M. Forcade, Minister of the Interior, has announced his intention to repress all abuses of rights to assemble in public meetings.

PARIS, February 18.—The conference of the great powers met to-day, to receive the communication from Athens, of which M. A. Walewsky, was bearer. The reply of the Greek government to the propositions of the conference was satisfactory, and a resolution was adopted that Greece having yielded to the great powers, and reserve to themselves the right to protect their lives and property, and the interest of the Christian inhabitants of Turkey, the representatives of the powers finally gave their signatures to the protocol, and the conference dissolved.

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 18.—The Cortes have requested Prime Minister Serrano to re-arrange the Cabinet. All the present members are likely to continue in office.

Lopez de Ayala, Minister of the Colonies, has issued an important decree to take in all the colonial possessions of Spain. It establishes a uniform system of legal jurisdiction, abolishes ecclesiastical courts, and makes various modifications in the financial administration of the colonies.

HOLLAND.

AMSTERDAM, February 18.—The bark *Royal Arch*, from Philadelphia for this port, has stranded near Vulzen, a portion of her cargo having been saved.

CUBA.

Reinforcements from Spain—The Passengers of a British Schooner Condemned to Death—An American Commodore Joins the Insurgents—The Insurrection spreading to the other Spanish Islands.

HAVANA, February 17.—Several transports arrived to-day with reinforcements of regular troops from Spain. The number of arrests for political causes are daily increasing. Several officials have been thrown into prison on suspicion of revolutionary proclivities. Engagements between the troops and the rebels are reported to have taken place near Trinidad, Cienfuegos, and Espirito Santo. The *Diario* states that the insurgents near Sagua la Grande are completely surrounded by Government troops, and will be compelled to surrender.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 18.—The *Herald's* Havana special says a rising, led by Col. Inclan, a Mexican, is reported at Colon, and there is said to be an organization of 2,000 men in the Cusco mountains, waiting for the signal to move. More Mexican leaders are said to be there and elsewhere. The passengers by the British schooner *Galvanic*, recently captured in the old Bahama channel, have been tried in the Maritime Courts and sentenced to death. Gen. Dulce refuses to recognize the jurisdiction of the court, and will probably send the prisoners as convicts to Spain. The British consul has notified his Government, and hopes to obtain the release of the captain and crew.

Advices from Trinidad state that the American consul there has resigned and joined the insurgents. The insurgents hold Las Tunis, and have many Spanish prisoners as hostages for the time after the amnesty proclamation expires. An American from San Antonio reports 300 insurgents had scared the inhabitants from the sugar plantations in that vicinity, and work has ceased. American engineers engaged in taking off the sugar crop in the Vicelta Abajo district and elsewhere, fearing imprisonment, are daily coming into Havana. The cable which was lost when the first attempt was made to lay the wire between this place and Florida, was recovered on Tuesday, and works admirably.

Intelligence from Santiago de Cuba to the 10th, report on the 9th there were five deaths from cholera, and the disease was increasing.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, February 18.—In the Senate the Committee of Foreign Relations this morning agreed to recommend to the favourable action of that body the naturalized treaty made with England; also, the treaty leaving to the Government of Switzerland the arbitrament of the San Juan Island dispute between the United States and Great Britain. The committee came to an unanimous conclusion to recommend to the Senate the rejection of the *Alabama* claims treaty with England. An effort will be made to-morrow to go into executive session to consider these reports of the committee.

Death of a Distinguished Temperance Advocate.

ELMIRA, February 18.—Benjamin Joy, the able and distinguished temperance advocate, died suddenly at his residence in Pennyann this morning.

Cuban Refugees at Key West.

NEW YORK, February 18.—Key West is overrun with Cuban refugees. One hundred and thirty-seven arrived there yesterday. The yacht *Henrietta* is at Key West.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shown by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 18.—Gold 134¼. Further litigation between the Express, and active opposition immense.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 18.—Cotton dull and heavy at 20c.—Flour dull; receipts 3,500 barrels; sales 5,700 barrels at $5.80 @ 6.40 for superfine State and western; $6.60 @ 7.05 for common to choice state; $6.45 @ 7.45 for common to choice extra western.—Rye flour quiet at $5.25 @ 7.20.—Wheat dull and drooping; receipts 70,000 bushels; sales 24,000 bushels at $1.56 @ 1.60 for No. 2 spring; $2.12 @ 2.16 for white Michigan; $1.85 for winter red State.—Rye quiet; sales small lots at $1.40 for southern; $1.45 for western.—Corn heavy; receipts 20,000 bushels; sales 39,000 bushels at 39c. @ 40½c. for new mixed western.—Barley dull.—Oats firmer; receipts 14,000 bushels; sales 27,000 bushels at 74c. @ 74½c. for western in store.—Pork heavy at $32.87 @ 33.00 for new mess; $21.00 @ 22.25 for old mess.—Lard steady at 18¾c. for steam; 20c. @ 20½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 18—p. m.—Consols 93; Bonds 78½; Illinois Central 96½; Erie 24¼; Atlantic & Great Western 38.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 18—p. m.—Cotton flat; Uplands 11¼d. @ 12d. Flour 25s. @ 25s. 6d. Red Wheat 9s. 9d. @ 9s. 10d. White Wheat 11s. Corn 32s. @ 32s. 6d.; old 31s. New Barley 5s. Oats 3s. 5d. Peas 43s. Pork 97s. Lard 77s.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need ook no further for the required aid.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can also be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 278y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND, [Post Office Block,]

Have just received
Bow Bells, London Society,
Good Words for the Young,
Chambers's Journal, &c.
Godey for March, Demorest for March, Budget of Fashion, Harper's Bazar, Chimney Corner, Boston Pilot, Sporting Times, Ledger, &c., &c.
"Captain Jinks" Song Book, 1 cent each.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869.

BOOKS, BOOKS.—J. DURIE & SON have received Essays on English Writers, by the author of the Gentle Life; The Words of Wellington, (Bayard Series); Rassela's Prince of Abyssinia, by Samuel Johnson, [new edition, Bayard Series; Whittaker's Almanac, 1869; the Statesman's Year Book, 1869; Molesworth's Engineer's Pocket Companion.

Latest English editions of Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography.
Isaac Pitman's Phonographic Teacher.
Isaac Pitman's Reader.
The Best Books published on Phonography.
Chambers's Encyclopædia, 10 vols., 1 calf.
Chambers's Papers for the People, 4 vols.
Chambers's Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols.
Chambers's Journal, 1868, bound.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
38 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASKEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned:

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY,
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*,

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY, & MISCELLANEOUS
STATIONERY,
AS FOLLOWS:

☞ PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

☞ FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

☞ MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

☞ ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post*, 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

☞ WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

☞ POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—
Of every denomination.

☞ STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

☞ LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

☞ BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

☞ COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

☞ PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

☞ COTTON TWINE,
And other twines.

☞ WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

☞ BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

☞ PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

☞ SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.
AT
MACEE & RUSSELL'S,
Sparks-st.

☞ Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

☞ In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

☞ The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do
575 " UNION do
1925 " 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.

☞ All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

☞ The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

☞ All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

☞ LOW PRICES, ☜

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3¾d to 7¾d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

in the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

The Tea Pot, Ottaw

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN
AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES
&c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jelli a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call earnestly solicited.

D. WEELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

LOST.

Between Daly and Sparks-sts., a LADY'S GOLD WATCH, with a small black chain. Whoever may find it, and return it to the office of the TIMES newspaper, will be liberally rewarded.

Ottawa, February 17. 977tf

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the Ottawa Times.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1869.

Flour—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	60 0	@	0 64
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
Hay—Per ton	19 00	@	22 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0.00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

Felcomb.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, Jno. T. Day.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

Winfield—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, John Heritage.
To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. Cheny,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

Montreal Tea Company,
Gentlemen,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, Francis T. Greene, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

Peterborough.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. Reid.

The Montreal Tea Company.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality. —Brantford *Courier.*

Quebec—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. Droley.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

Quebec.—The Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the chest of mixed tea at 55 cents I received is excellent in quality, and fully 20 cents cheaper than I have been paying. Your obdt. servant, Thos. Trudel.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly; so that each party get their own Teas. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Montreal, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY.
Russell House Block.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS, Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers,*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Tenders.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are now prepared to receive TENDERS for THREE FURTHER SECTIONS of the line.

Section No. 5 will be in the Province of Quebec and will extend from Forty miles East of Riviere du Loup, at the end of Contract No. 2, to the Sixty-sixth Mile Post, near Rimouski, a distance of about Twenty-six miles.

Section No. 6 will be in the Province of New Brunswick and will extend from the Easterly end of Contract No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the Main Post Road near the 48th Mile Post, Easterly from Jacquet River, about Twenty-one miles.

Section No. 7 will be in the Province of Nova Scotia and will extend from the Southerly end of Contract No. 4, near River Phillip, to Station Fifty at Folly Lake, about Twenty-four miles.

Plans and profiles with specifications and terms of contract will be exhibited at the office of the Board of Works, Toronto, and at the offices of the Commissioners at Ottawa, Rimouski, Dalhousie, St. John, and Halifax, on and after the FIFTH day of MARCH, 1869, and SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tender," will be received at their office in Ottawa up to SEVEN o'clock, p.m., on the TWENTY-NINTH day of MARCH, 1869.

Intercolonial Railway Office,
Ottawa, 11th February, 1869.

A. WALSH,
Ed. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
W. F. COFFIN,
976a-8d Commissioners.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE, WITH GARDEN, TO LET, FROM 1st MAY.

The present Residence of DOCTOR WILSON, Sen., Stewart-st. Rent, £55.

Apply to ALLAN POYNTZ PATRICK,
975-4 Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's Office

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 965-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION!

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To Tourists.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery.
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 383y

JOSEPH HALL

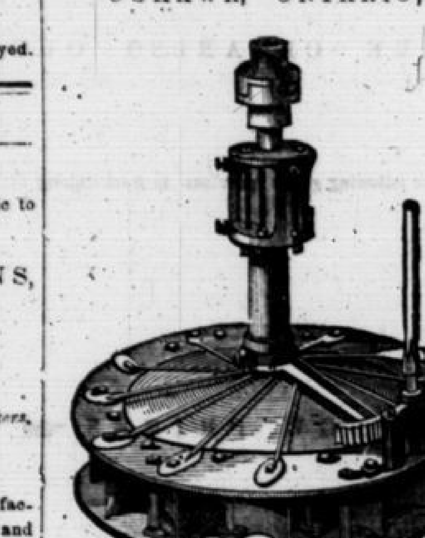
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

Springfield, Ohio, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. Glen, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Sawrigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Sawrigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

CHANCERY SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE,

IN THE

VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October, 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, comprising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to
MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK,
Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.
Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire,
Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.
989-1awtd Signed, A. N. BUELL.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL

BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

DOG LOST.

A Prince Charles Cocker Dog, Black, with Brown Paws and Muzzle, which answers to the name of "Charlie," was lost last Monday night. He had on a Leather Collar, bound with Brass, when he disappeared. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the dog to the Grand Trunk Agency Office, Russell House Block. Any person found harbouring the same after this notice will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972a

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau, and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s.	d.		s.	d.
100 pieces		different qualities Black Silks					
80	do	Single width plain Wincey		5	worth	0	8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey		7½	"	1	0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey		7½	"	1	0
80	do	Double Delaines		7		1	3
70	do	do Poplin		7½		1	0
150	do	do Cobourg		7½	"	1	3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods		9	"	1	6
33	do	Empress Reps	1	6	"	3	0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1	6	"	3	0
75	do	FancyColors—your choice for		2			
200	do	Black Empress Rep only		10	"	2	0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

126 pieces		Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for	6 d
160	do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars	6½d
165	do	Good Prints	4 d
303	do	Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's	6½d
159	do	French Calicos, in choice patterns	8 d

CLOTHS.

			s.	d.		s.	d.
20 pieces		Waterproof	3	9			
80	do	Double Width Overcoating	2	9	worth	7	6
35	do	Scotch Tweed	2	6	do	5	0
100	do	Canadian Tweed	1	3	do	2	6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2	9	do	3	6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only 2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only 3 9
500 Under Shirts, only 3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed 5 0 worth 8 9
Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.
500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting 1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50 OVERCOATS.
4.00 heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25 VESTS.
$8.00 Black Broadcloth FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

House, Land and General Agency,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

Inglis' New Buildings, Sussex-st.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 Cords of Good Firewood,

and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

Wm. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

Wants.

WANTED.

A Female Teacher for the Junior Department of the Arnprior Common School, holding a second-class certificate. Applications will be received up to the 18th day of FEBY., 1869.

JAS. G. CRANSTON, M.D.,
Chairman.
GEO. CRAIG,
974- Secretary.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 834.3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. [illegible]WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. Cancers Cured, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to be comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*
292tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
References.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 923-2td

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
H. of Commons.
Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the Times Office.
Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. do

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq, M. D., M.P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st, corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

Rev. Bickerton A. Edwards, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

School Fees.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term extra.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
.863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

100,000 FEET OF

SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER

For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of

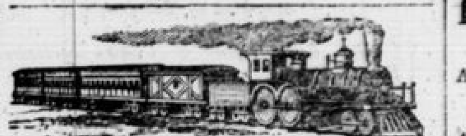
OAK,
MAPLE,
ELM,
BIRCH & ASH,
PLANK & SCANTLING,

of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.

Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.

WALTON SMITH.
Ottawa, February 5, 1869. 973tf

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a.m.	10.30 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p.m.	4.15 p.m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a.m.	11.00 a.m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p.m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10	a m
Night do do do do do	8:30	p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00	a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.		

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7.00	a m
Express for Boston at	8:40	a m
Express for New York and Boston at	3:30	p m
via Vermont Central.		
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00	p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00	p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10	p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1, 1868.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE

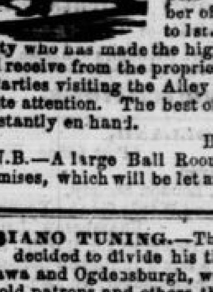
PAINTERS,

AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

Agent, Desbarat's Block

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF MAINE.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

—The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 5-20's.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867,

WE HEREBY APPOINT

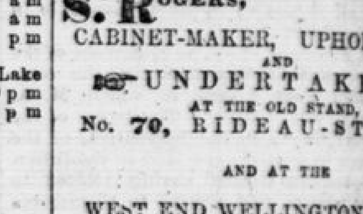
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET.

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 22 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

Nails, Rope, Chains,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT.
980b JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton Managing Director Alex. Robertson Editor

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 979. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated
HOT AIR FURNACES.
☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

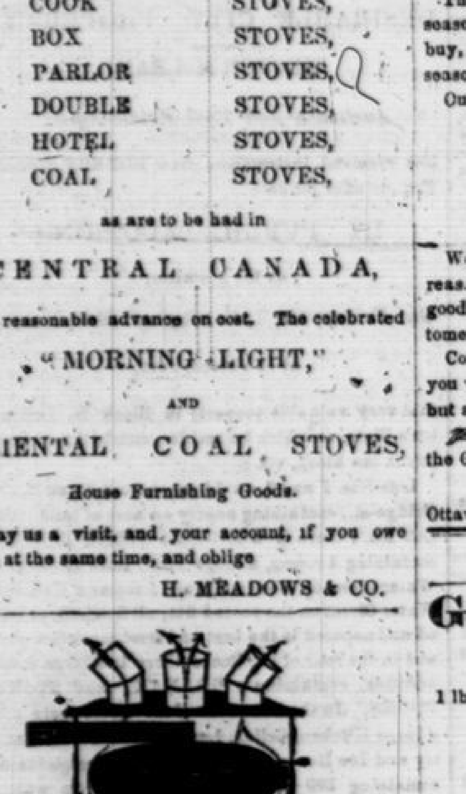
SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,
AT THE
SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found
The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.
Also, a general assortment of
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.
Together with
PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,
SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK STOVES,
BOX STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES,
DOUBLE STOVES,
HOTEL STOVES,
COAL STOVES,

as are to be had in
CENTRAL CANADA,
at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated
"MORNING LIGHT,"
AND
ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,
House Furnishing Goods.
Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige
H. MEADOWS & CO.



STOVES
OF THE
LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED *PATTERNS,*
Still selling below cost at
ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks st., op. Ontario Bank.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES
are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.
Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.
Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.
G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.
A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)
Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.
O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION.
☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS.... $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE
to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the
GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG
waives over the far-famed
SILVER BOOT,
and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for
CHEAP GOODS.
We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell
GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,
for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.
The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.
Our stock is new, and composed of
Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.
We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.
Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.
☞ Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.
JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d

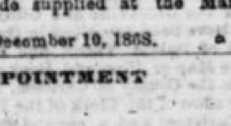
Groceries.

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.
In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:
Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.
Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.
The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

BY APPOINTMENT



PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"
THEN USE
WATERS' QUININE WINE,
The finest tonic in the world.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"
BAKING POWDER.
The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.
January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!
Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

TO LET, ON O'CONNOR-ST., a nine-roomed House. Possession immediately. Apply to Mr. CHARLES HUBAND, or to Mr. JONES, the present tenant.
Ottawa, February 12. 973-3

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!
A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!
Boots and Shoes Below Par!!
AT THE RED BOOT,
All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at
ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!
and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for
SPRING GOODS,
an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of
TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!
The stock includes a splendid lot of
CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,
for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*
☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜
W. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S
CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,
No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
AT THE OLD
CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.
The whole of
THE BANKRUPT STOCK,
comprising the latest styles and best qualities of
LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.
The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.
Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.
A. J. STEPHENS & CO.
Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.
I have now received my fall and winter stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.
In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.
Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair, Boy's and Youth's equally low.
A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.
4297 GEORGE MURPHY

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,
KEARNS & RYAN,
KEARNS & RYAN.
THE ABOVE FIRM
having bought out the
BANKRUPT STOCK
AND
LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY
MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,
AT A
LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,
are now prepared, and will sell from this date
THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,
DIVIDED
BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,
AT AN
IMMENSE REDUCTION
FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,
THE SALE TO CONTINUE
UNTIL THE
WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT
GREAT BARGAINS
may be expected.
KEARNS & RYAN.
Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL TO
NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.
T. RAJOTTE
having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
consisting of
Flannels, Winceys, Cottons, Prints, &c., Black Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Meltons, Tweeds, &c.
We have also on hand a large assortment of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.
THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.
☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.
883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,
Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,
They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,
They have resolved to clean out the whole of these is at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,
and all other Cotton Goods,
They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,
Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,
14 Rideau st.,
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.
TRADE O. A. & Co. MARK.
Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

☞ Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Medical.

PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALY, CURES
Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES
Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tested this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

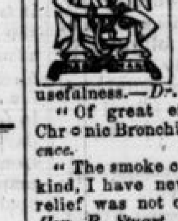
Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:
"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."
☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.
NONE OTHER GENUINE.
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.
This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.
Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.
MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.
Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.
MORTIMER'S
Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR ASTHMA,
and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA,
Affords Immediate Relief.
"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*
"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*
"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*
In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.
Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.
A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

AN INTERESTING "LIVE CARGO."

The following graphic sketch is from the editorial correspondence of the Belleville *Intelligencer*:

MONTREAL, FEB. 15, 1869.

The afternoon train of Friday, from Ottawa, took a large number of passengers. Amongst them were contractors from Ontario, from Quebec, from New Brunswick and from Nova Scotia, who had volunteered to sacrifice themselves for their bleeding country, but some of whom, from the prices they asked, would have made the country bleed pretty freely if their tenders had been accepted. There were editors and reporters who had gone to witness the last scene in the McGee tragedy, and there were friends and sympathizers of Whelan, who did not attempt to conceal their sorrow at his death. It was a mixed assemblage, such as is seldom seen on a railway train, and amongst them were some original characters and odd geniuses which one does not meet with every day. There was the "gentleman" contractor, who had made his "pile," long years ago, got up in faultless style, black coat, black vest, black pants, black beaver and boots to correspond. His right hand rested on a gold-headed cane, while his left was patronizingly laid on the shoulder of a "companion in arms," with whom he was earnestly discussing the result of the recent tenders. He had made a bid for the Intercolonial, but it was evident from the figures opposite his name he did not intend to lose any portion of what he had already made. His companion was altogether of a different type. Burly and rough, but possessing a frank open countenance, combined with considerable natural sharpness and shrewdness, ordinarily dressed, but wearing withal a solid appearance, a man with little "eddication," as he expressed it, who said: "Though he did'nt profess to make purty pictures like the larned ones, he could draw straight lines, and measure solids and handle a pick axe and shovel with the best of them." And clapping his hands on his pockets, "had made enough to keep his head above water as long as he lived." He had commenced with a wheelbarrow, but not content with being a "hewer of wood and drawer of water" all his days, took a sub-contract, succeeded, took a contract on his own hook, succeeded again, and, according to his own account, has had some of the largest and most profitable contracts in the Provinces. He took the matter very philosophically, contending that the successful contractors would be glad to get rid of their job before they had built half-a-dozen miles, and promised himself a good many fat slices of the Intercolonial before the road was finished. There was the quiet, timid man who had made his first big venture and lost, and the woe-begone lugubrious countenance he put on showed how much he had taken it to heart. There was the man who wanted to be a person of great importance, but had'nt brains enough. He has sufficient gold to cover his fingers and his shirt bosom and his vest, and make a big fob for his chain and dress his figure in the most fashionable style, but had not the manners of a gentleman, and swaggered too much to be considered a disciple of beau-Brummel. He had a mixed idea that a contractor was a big man, and as his wealth failed to give him the social status desired, he thought he would become a railway contractor, which was a sure stepping stone to power and position. There was the rollicking, roystering, sea-faring man, who was ready to stake his "bottom dollar" on any speculation, and it was fortunate for his top dollar as well as his bottom dollar that he was amongst the unsuccessful bidders. And there was the self-consequential man, who knew a "thing or two" more than anybody else; he had made careful calculations, and was ready to stake his reputation that the work could not be done for a cent less than his estimate. Other characters were there, possessing remarkable distinctive points, and affording excellent material for the student of human nature. They were a solid, substantial fine looking class of men, and withal as jolly a crew as you would find in a thousand gatherings like that.

Then there were the reporters and editors, some of them comparing notes and talking about the recent execution. One had been to a Fenian rendezvous the evening previous, and had received valuable information, which was held exclusively for the paper he represented; another had come into possession of exciting rumours which he knew were well founded; another from what he had heard, confidently anticipated the Fenians would attempt to rescue the body of Whelan that night, and have a grand funeral at Montreal the next day—another had been made a confidant of by men in high position, who had entrusted to him valuable secrets which would be divulged in due time. Others on the alert for items, found ample material in a new invention for clearing snow and ice off the railway track which was attached to the rear of the train, and which worked admirably.

DEATH OF A CANADIAN IN INDIA.—We notice the death at Mean Beer, India, on the 6th of December last, of Dr. George McIver Campbell, assistant surgeon of the 85th regiment, eldest son of the Very Rev. Principal Campbell, of Aberdeen. Deceased, who was 26 years of age, was an officer of great promise. He was a native of Canada, born in Kingston while his father was professor in Queen's College, and he was a nephew of Dr. Campbell, of Toronto.—*Kingston Whig.*

—A man named John Smith, of Cincinnati, is reported to have made a curious discovery in the fattening of hogs. It seems that a man upset his kerosene lantern into his meal bin, and he noticed afterwards that his hogs eat the damaged fodder with avidity. This gave him an idea, and, by experiment, he found that five weeks' feeding with the kerosene mixture made one of his hogs so fat that he could scarcely stand. The animal was then fried into lard with the following result: When cool, the lard did not congeal, but the addition of a certain amount of potash resolved the contents of the kettle into three distinct substances, the first a light, transparent oil, better than kerosene or sperm oil; the second a jelly-like substance, which turned to soap, and last a small residum of insoluble muscle.

THE DEATH OF THE PRINCE ROYAL OF BELGIUM.

The Belgian papers contain fresh details, which are not without interest, on the death of the young prince. The child expired in the cabinet for so many years occupied by his grandfather. On the morning of the 22nd he was better. However, at nine he became weak, and at twelve fainted in the presence of the King, Queen, Empress Charlotte, and his favourite tutor, M. Donny. He recovered but once, when he recognized his parents and his uncle, the Count of Flanders. At five o'clock his mind wandered, and talked about horses and playthings for sick children, and money to be given to the poor. At midnight the Count of Flanders left the room, and an effort was made to remove the King and Queen. Forty minutes later there was a slight movement of the counterpane; the little sufferer's chest heaved a deep sigh—all was over. Leopold said, a few hours later—"I will not permit a show to be made of the death of my child." No official demonstration was enjoined, yet the whole country at once displayed the most profound grief for the loss it had sustained, and the deep sympathy felt for the affliction of its beloved royal family. The appearance of the prince after death was that of a child asleep. His head rested on two pillows, his eyes scarcely closed, and his countenance bearing the impress of premature intelligence. The Queen, on first seeing him after death, was startled by this extraordinary expression, and for an instant believed it a miracle. She kissed his forehead, and laid on it a coronal of camelias and white violets. The Queen, the King and the Archbishop of Mecklin, laid the beloved remains in a coffin. The morning of the burial was bitterly cold. The King and his brother followed the coffin bareheaded. At every third or fourth step the King appeared unable to go on. The crowd was dense. Sobs were heard on every side, and tears streamed from every eye. The Mass of the Fetis, sung by children, appears to have been executed with marvelous precision, and to have been most affecting. As soon as the coffin was laid next to that of Queen Louise, and on the right of Leopold I., the King alone entered the vault, and laid on each corner a coronal of white camelias, white lilacs, white violets and lilies of the valley, these four coronals having been severally woven by the Queen, the Countess of Flanders, and two young princesses, sisters of the dead Prince Royal. The ceremony yesterday at the venerable cathedral church of St. Gudule is described as having been most impressive. A gigantic dais was erected behind the high altar; from the Royal crown long veils of black crape starred with silver fell to the ground. The black draperies which concealed the walls of the edifice were supported by escutcheons, on which were emblazoned the arms of Brussels, and of the nine provinces. The high altar blazed with the light of myriads of tapers. All the columns and arches in the nave were covered with black cloth, the marble statues alone relieving the gloom. The catafalque is described as magnificent. It was of immense height, covered with ivory white cashmere, deeply fringed with gold. A wreath of camelias and white violets lay at its base. Mass for the dead was chaunted by the orchestra of the Conservatory. A salute from the town batteries was heard during the service.

A STARTLING MURDER.

The citizens of Illinois have been greatly aroused over the brutal murder of the Hon. Murray McConnell, in his private office at Jacksonville, on the 9th inst. The murder was committed in the very heart of the village, about 8 o'clock in the morning. The skull was broken in five distinct places with some heavy implement. At the time of the murder Mr. McConnell was in his office adjacent to his residence, and a member of the household was in company with him not 20 minutes before he was found dead. At the time of the murderous assault upon him Mr. McConnell appeared to have been making calculations upon interest tables in front of him, running up a column of figures with a pencil, which was jammed into the page and broken off at the apparent moment when he was struck, possibly by some person who was talking on a business matter with him. For a day there was no clue whatever to the murderer, but now a man named William A. Robinson has been arrested on suspicion. It is alleged that he was seen to go into the house within five minutes of the time the crime must have been committed, by two persons—one the milkman, who identifies him, and by another person. The book of interest tables was opened to the page of the denomination of a note he owed Mr. McConnell. The pencil mark was at the point on the column of figures corresponding with the note. A scrap of paper, with figures made by Mr. McConnell, corresponding to calculations with that interest column and that note, was found on his table. The person arrested has lived in Jacksonville several years, engaged as a clerk in a business house, and lately doing a grocery trade on his own account, and has borne a good character. Mr. McConnell was engaged in a suit to recover some property in Chicago, valued at about $4,000,000, and his testimony was vital in the case. There is a wide-spread impression that his taking off had something to do with that suit. He was a native of Orange county, New York, and at the time of his death was nearly 72 years old. He located in Jacksonville as long ago as 1820, and had been a man of prominence in the affairs of the State. He was one of the internal improvement commissioners in the system of internal improvements inaugurated in 1837. He was in the State Legislature as early as 1838, and has served several terms in that capacity—having been a Senator in the last General Assembly. He was the fifth Auditor of the Treasury under Presidents Pierce and Buchanan; and has held several other public positions. He was a man of large wealth, and leaves an estate valued at over $500,000. He leaves two sons, Edward and George, both of whom reside in Jacksonville, and two daughters, one the widow of Senator McDougall, in whose name he had brought his Chicago suits, who reside at the East. Mrs. McConnell survives. This murder, in the daring boldness of its perpetration, rivals the celebrated Rogers murder in New York, while the high social position of the victim naturally calls increased attention to all the circumstances attending it.

MISCELLANEOUS.

—A suit has been brought by the heirs of General Martin against the city of Lyons, to recover a sum of money left by that deceased officer for the liberation each year of prisoners for debt. In consequence of the abolition of that penalty the claimants demand the return of the capital and interest, which, together, are of considerable amount.

—The King of Prussia has just made his *debut* as a journalist, by publishing in a small print, much read in the army, an article entitled "In January, 1865," vaunting the new organization of the military service of the country, and criticizing the conduct of the deputies, whose objections, had they been listened to, would not have permitted Prussia to inscribe Sadowa in her military annals.

—A paragraph lately went the round of the papers, the imputations contained in which, say the friends of the claimant to the Tichborne baronetcy, are incorrect in every particular. It is now said that the gentleman whose claim will shortly be investigated by a court of law, has gone abroad, on the advice of his counsel, solely for the purpose of collecting additional evidence in support of his case.

—The Court of Prussia cannot go into mourning for the Prince Royal of Belgium, as a rule exists that such a measure cannot be taken at Berlin, not only for a foreign prince, but even for a member of the reigning family, if the deceased was not twelve years old. King William, on first hearing of the young duke's death, wished to show that mark of respect, but was obliged to give way to the established etiquette.

—A singular coincidence of events has recently occurred at Ely, where a Mr. Thomas Ellis, finding his last hour was approaching, sent a message to that effect to his friend, Mr. John Kester, who was also in declining health, and the reply was "Tell my old friend I shall not be long after him." Within one hour both were dead. They were born on the same day and hour, and died on the same day and hour, aged seventy-five.

—The treasury minute recently issued on the subject of the insolvency of government clerks and other officials has already been acted upon at Chatham dockyard, an order having been received from the Admiralty for the suspension of one of the established clerks employed in the storekeeper's department at this establishment who has just become bankrupt. This step is understood to be preliminary to the discharge of the clerk.

—Wire-working constitutes an important branch of Birmingham industry, and it is steadily increasing. In the manufacture of bird cages alone 1,000 find employment in Birmingham. The production of wire springs for mattrasses absorbs annually 1,000 tons of raw material, and the wire made for tying down the corks of soda-water bottles weighs 500 tons per annum, and the length would probably exceed 10,000 miles.

—The Admiralty continues to carry out a policy of retrenchment. Some important reductions are to be made at Portsmouth, the effect of which must be to save several thousands a year. In addition to the alterations already made at Chatham, it is now stated that the office of second assistant master shipwright, who has hitherto enjoyed a salary of £400 a year, with an official residence, is to be abolished. The number of "foremen" at this dockyard is to be reduced to four.

—Intelligence from the western coast of New Zealand is more disheartening than ever, an unsuccessful attack having been made upon the Okutaku pah, followed by the abandonment of the post, and subsequently of Patea. Wanganui is now the headquarters, and this place is also threatened. An agent of the New Zealand Government is now in Melbourne for the purpose of obtaining recruits for the colonial forces at the seat of war, and his mission will probably be successful.

—The *Independance Belge,* after giving an account of the Prince Royal's death, says: "During the last three days the Queen never quitted the bedside of her son, nor even changed her clothes. When the final act was over, and there was no further room to doubt the terrible reality, the King threw himself into an arm chair and gave vent to the most heartrending grief. The medical attendants gathered round him and insisted on his majesty being immediately helped to bed.

—A job printer to a little town among the forests of Maine advertises as follows: "My new and highly polished Excelsior press has printed in the last three months hand bills of all colours sufficient, if pasted together, to form a paper ribbon seven inches wide, and of a length to encircle the whole globe. The whole amount of paper used on various presses, in my office, since it was started, would be sufficient to completely cover the earth in an envelope of papier mache three eighths of an inch in thickness. My Excelsior press will run off more bills in five minutes than any other four presses in this State will in an hour. There are but two presses of this kind in the world—one is in my office and the other is stowed away in my cellar. The inventor is dead, so that no new ones can be built."

—The death, by paralysis, on the 8th inst. of Mr. Alexander Anderson, commonly styled "The Laird," at the village of Huntingdon, Eastern Townships, is chronicled in last Friday's *Gleaner.* Mr. Anderson was a native of Scotland, having been born in Strathdon, Aberdeenshire, on the 29th of January, 1805. After spending his early days on the paternal farm, he sailed for Canada in 1833; and bought first a lot in Elgin, which he soon left for another farm on the Godmanchester side of Trout River. His land he converted into one of the best farms on Trout River. Two years after his arrival in Canada, he married a daughter of the late James Tully, of Elgin; and in 1847, by the death of his uncle, he fell heir to the estate of Canda Craig in Aberdeenshire. He sailed for home, but, after entering upon the succession, he returned to Canada, he considering that it presented a better field for his family than Scotland. He was elected to the village council; in 1858 was chosen Mayor, and in 1862 was elected Warden, an honour he held until 1864. In the Agricultural society,

also, he took a prominent part, having successively filled the offices of Vice-President and President. His last gift was a donation of $100 towards enabling the society to import a horse to replace those that were burned. In 1866, he deemed it advisable, seeing that he did not intend to return to Scotland, to sell his estate. The entail was consequently broken; and in 1867 Canda Craig, which had been in the possession of his family for generations, was sold for £30,000 stg. At the same time he bought the Poulin property at Valleyfield; and, in conjunction with Mr. Wattie, erected a large woollen mill at that place. In many respects, Mr. Anderson was a true type of a class now almost unknown, we presume, even in the old country—we mean the Scotch Laird of the old school. Hearty in his likes and dislikes, plain-spoken, simple in his tastes, social and unaffected in his intercourse with all, and unbounded in his hospitality, he never failed to excite friendly feeling in whatever company he might be. His appearance, too, we might also remark—his rotund form and good natured countenance—did not detract, but heightened the impression. No tale of distress was ever made to him in vain; and no one, we think, ever knew how much he really gave away in charity. In generosity he has not left his equal behind.

Admission of Jews to Degrees in England.—The council of the senate of Cambridge University have made the following important report to the senate:—Numa Edward Hartog, scholar of Trinity College, whose name appears on the list of persons approved for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, has recently informed the Vice-Chancellor that, having been brought up in the Jewish faith, he entertains a conscientious objection to being admitted to the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the usual form. Mr. Hartog has further stated that he is desirous of becoming a candidate for the Smith's prizes, in order to which he must previously have been admitted to the degree of bachelor designate of arts. The forms of admission having been sanctioned by the senate June 3, 1858, Mr. Hartog cannot, at present, be admitted in any other form. The council of the senate, having regard to section 45 of the 19 and 20 Vic., c. 88, recommend that the Vice-Chancellor be authorized to admit Mr. Hartog to the degree of bachelor designate of arts in the following form:—"Auctoritate mihi commissa admitto te ad titulum baccalaurei in artibus designati." The Vice-Chancellor has given notice that there will be a special congregation on Friday next, when a grace will be offered to authorize Mr. Hartog's admission as above recommended.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordnance Lands Sale—E. Parent.
St. Patrick's Literary Association—J. Kelly.
People's Telegraph Company—S. B. Foote.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets and Interesting Reading Matter see Fourth Page.

We understand that there is a project on foot by the property owners in the neighbourhood, to bring the water from the bay above the Chaudiere dam, through the gully, over which passes Pooley's bridge; and that the city corporation have made application to the Government for four lots in its possession at the west end of the bridge for water works purposes. We also learn that the property owners mentioned have petitioned the Privy Council for the privilege of deepening the channel of the gully leading from the bay, their object being twofold, viz.: the creation of additional water privileges for manufacturing purposes; and secondly, the furnishing of the city with an adequate supply of water at or near Pooley's bridge, thence to be distributed throughout the city by any system of water works that may be hereafter adopted.

It has not yet been determined, we believe, whether or not the Government will grant these four lots to the corporation, nor have the petitioners for the privilege of making an outlet from the bay as yet received an answer. The matter therefore stands, both as respects the supply of water for the city, and as respects the increase of water privileges for manufacturers, for future determination, and it may not be out of place to consider what are the advantages or otherwise likely to accrue from the Government's making the double concession asked of it.

In the first place, with respect to the four lots owned, but at present unused, by the Government, there can be no reasonable ground for refusing to concede them to the corporation for the service of any water works system that may be adopted. Indeed, we think the Government might very properly do a good deal more towards the construction of water works for this city than make a present of four not very valuable lots to the corporation; seeing that a good supply of water in the city would be of very material benefit to the Government as well as the citizens, and there cannot be any good reason why the former should not undertake some part of the burthen. Unless, therefore, these lots are to be reserved for some other purpose of more general importance, we shall take it for granted that they will be conceded so soon as the Government is satisfied that a proper system of water works is to be introduced.

The proposition of the property owners along the gully between Pooley's bridge and the Bay in the river above the Chaudiere dam is of a two-fold character—industrial and sanitary. In its industrial aspect it concerns primarily only the projectors; in the other respect it concerns the whole city, for if by these gentlemen obtaining the desired permission from the Government, an aqueduct is constructed at private cost to a point so convenient as Pooley's bridge, it is very certain that favourable terms can be made for the supply of the city with water; that in fact the original cost of the water works would be immensely reduced.

Now, regarding the industrial aspect of the question, we may presume first that the additional water power to be created would be a source of profit to the projectors. If not, the whole enterprise would be a failure, and therefore, we take it for granted that as intelligent business men they have fully satisfied themselves on this point. In the second place this new water power, to be a profit to its owners, must certainly be used, and herein we have a guarantee for a large increase to the productive industry of the city; we have the assurance of additional manufacturing establishments, involving the labour of many hands—in fact a large and substantial increase to the population and material wealth of the city.

Now we have to consider what these gentlemen have asked permission of the Government to do. Why, simply to utilise a portion of the waste water which now daily overflows the Chaudiere dam. To withdraw that water at the bay above the dam, where it is pure, free from slabs, saw-dust, and mill rubbish, and free from the filthier refuse of the city; to bring it down partly in a natural channel, partly in an artificial one, so as to give them "head enough" to multiply the industries of the Chaudiere; and, if so, it can be arranged to give that water to the city at a point whence, according to all that we at present know upon the subject, it could be the most easily distributed—at a point, in fact, where, if the corporation does not get the water, the chances are ten to one it will have to *bring it* before distributing it throughout the city.

We cannot see, therefore, but that the Government would be doing a signal public service by conceding this privilege, even if only for the stimulus it would give to the industry of the city; and if along with this can be combined a large economising in the original cost of water works, the reasons for the Government making the concession will, we think, be still more urgent, if not altogether irresistible.

It may, perhaps, be feared that such a concession would interfere with the Chaudiere mill privileges during low water; or, worse still, that it would fail to supply the city at the time of its greatest need. There is, however, no such danger. The dam built last season has completely changed the relation of the mills to the Ottawa river. Before it was built they did suffer when the river was low, for the reason that they could not draw their supply from the main channel. But since the dam has been constructed which gives the millers the control of the main channel, they are obviously independent of low water. At all seasons of the year there is an immense body of water flowing in the main channel of the Ottawa, and this water is now, by the building of the dam, brought for the first time into use when required. The proper "head" can thus always be maintained at the dam for supplying the outlet from the bay, so that the city could never be without its full quantity of water. But though there is no possible danger, either of injury to the millers, or short supply to the city, there would be an obvious advantage in opening this new channel, because it would furnish an additional outlet to prevent flooding during the spring freshets, or any sudden rise in the river, and thus remove the only cause of apprehension which the construction of the dam created. There was a well-grounded apprehension that the dam might be the cause of additional overflowing, and the Government did not permit its construction until guaranteed against action for damages by the owners of contiguous property; let the outlet through the gully from the bay above the dam be deepened and utilised as we have just suggested, and the chances of overflowing would be greatly decreased, if not entirely removed.

We were very much astonished to see in the *Globe* of the 18th inst. the Times singled out for censure *in re* the Goodwin-Hubertus case. Of all the papers in the country, save the *Globe* itself, the Times has been the only one to speak in terms of common respect of the *Globe's* Ottawa correspondent. When contradicting his utterly false statement concerning Mr. Goodwin we took the trouble to state that we had very good reason for believing that it was not made with any improper or malicious intention; an explanation which we doubt if there is another journalist in the country, no matter what his politics (save the *Globe* man himself) would have cared to make on behalf of the party concerned. Faithful to the instincts which inspire its correspondent, the editor of the *Globe*, speaking of the "Ottawa Ministerial journals" says "they "delight to describe him as listening at the "keyholes of Ministerial bureaux." Now we emphatically deny ever having made any such charge against the *Globe's* correspondent in our columns; though we are bound to confess we have read it time and again in the pages of many respectable contemporaries *not* published at Ottawa. We have also heard that he has become so used to kicking that he goes about padded, and doesn't care for it. All this may be true, or it may not. It may be true that Mr. Hubertus "peeks" over fanlights and puts his ear to keyholes; but until the *Globe* brought these questions up, we had always regarded them as private matters with which, in the columns of the Times, we had no particular business to interfere, and, therefore, we studiously refrained from any other than strictly legitimate references on strictly public grounds, even to one who is set down by nearly all our *confreres* as the "Paul "Pry" of the profession, to whom its ordinary courtesies ought not to be extended.

The *Globe* says that because its correspondent "exposes many errors of the Gov- "ernment," and "beats the Ottawa minis- "terial journals in obtaining news," they have made him a special object of attack. Well! It is but a few days since an important matter, filling some two columns, appeared simultaneously in the Ottawa Times and the Toronto *Telegraph*; yet some days later the *Globe* was satisfied to copy the matter from our columns. Evidently there must have been somebody round who could beat even the *Globe* correspondent.

The *Globe* regrets "to see it sta- "ted in the Times, in a tone of "triumph, that the fine was paid by a "penny subscription." How in the world did the *Globe* man discover the "tone "of triumph?" The naked fact was simply stated in a brief note appended to the police report of the case, without a single word of comment, either of "triumph" or lamentation. The fact is we have been very little concerned about the whole affair; it is true that a wit or two, having far less of serious work to engage their attention than we, have indulged in a little pleasantry over the matter, and we have given the public the benefit of their efforts, because we know that laughter is a wholesome exercise. But beyond this we have been "vastly unconcerned." Should we, in the future, speak of the *Globe's* Ottawa correspondent in the language in customary use among our *confreres* when on the same theme the correspondent may acknowledge his obligation for our change of style to the *Globe's* unwarranted censure of the Times, for doing what we have never yet done, but what evidently the *Globe* editor either thought we had, or *should have* done.

The *Globe's* impertinences about Ottawa rowdyism are simply beneath contempt. It is a good joke, however, to have it threaten that the seat of Government *may* be taken away from Ottawa, because its correspondent got *floored* in the Russell House! But, let not the reader laugh too much at this, for it is just about as cogent as many other of the reasons that have been given to prove that Ottawa ought not to continue to be the seat of Government. It was a bad hint for the *Globe* to have given, however, for if there are any enemies to Ottawa in our midst, they may be tempted to follow Mr. Goodwin's "system of treatment," if only for the sake of enlisting the *Globe's* advocacy of a change of capital!

"Chink," the Ottawa correspondent of the Montreal *Gazette*, in his last letter thus sketches some of the business of the coming Session:

"People are beginning to ask when Parliament will meet, and the knowing ones at the street corner give it as their opinion that the event will take place on or about the 1st April. Do you take? Perhaps, however, you are a staid, respectable old gentleman, having no relish for a joke, and like Sir Robert Bramble with the pills, you 'never take.' But it would be a huge joke if the proclamation were issued calling Parliament together for the despatch of business on All Fools' Day! But let us not trifle with grave subjects. The question whether the Session will be a long or short one, will be decided, as a matter of course, by the amount of business. Not having the *entree* to any of the Ministerial *bureaus*, it would be idle to guess at the Cabinet bill of fare. Doubtless it will be sufficiently appetising to suit the luxurious palate of both Senate and Commons. From what Sir John Macdonald said in his speech the other evening, we may infer that Newfoundland will be served up in a hot state for union. Then there is the recent agreement with Nova Scotia which must be ratified by Parliament; and it is exceedingly probable that the measures providing for the uniformity of our criminal law, and for regulating the issuing of patents of invention, both of which were dropped last session for want of time for their proper consideration, will again be introduced; the law of bankruptcy ought also to claim attention; and a little bird whispers in mine ear that we may expect a measure for the establishment of a Court of Appeal in civil and criminal cases for the Dominion, and perhaps a Circuit Court, with original jurisdiction like the Supreme Circuit Court of the United States, for the trial of Dominion causes or cases not falling within the jurisdiction of one particular Province. These are all measures of importance, the last especially so, which ought to engage the serious attention of our Legislature; and in connection with them, I would mention another subject which merits equal consideration and attention, and which, I hope, will soon be taken up by the Minister of Justice. I allude to the appointment of a commission for rendering uniform the civil law in the three Provinces of Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, which are now entirely different from each other in practice and proceedings. I hope Sir John Macdonald will not allow any considerable time to elapse without moving in this matter, the consummation of which would place him on a still higher pedestal as a Canadian law reformer. We all must regret that the negotiations in London, so far, do not promise to result successfully for the acquisition of the Northwest by the Dominion at the early day we had hoped for. At present our Parliament can do nothing in this matter; but the day is not far distant when the territory will be ours, and when we shall see it erected into a new Province under what have not inaptly been called our national enemies, the maple leaf and beaver! * * *

Speaking of the retrenchment "mania" in the departments "Chink" says:—

"I observe that the Quebec Government and Legislature, wisely following in the wake of Mr. Sandfield Macdonald, have "inaugurated" a policy of retrenchment and economy in the administration of the public service—and are shouting with great glee over the happy result. Our local friends, however, must not be too exuberant—they have not been alone in putting the lessons of domestic economy to a practical use—as the Dominion authorities have also been very busy with the pruning knife, lopping off and gathering in. I must confess I am not one of those who believe that the highest attribute of statesmanship lies in knowing how many beans make five, or rather how to measure ink by the pint and count foolscap by the folio; but I nevertheless think that the country will recognise in this crusade against extravagance on the part of Ministers, if it be done within proper limits, an honest endeavour to keep down departmental expenditure. I am glad to know that with this spirit of retrenchment pervading them, Ministers have set themselves steadily down to work. The busy hum of preparation for the coming session is heard on all sides. No one can possibly accuse the members of the Cabinet with earning their bread in idleness. I dare say there is no harder worked man in the Dominion than the Finance Minister; he is a perfect locomotive at hard work. At his office early and late frequently until long past midnight, Mr. Rose actually revels in manual and mental labour. Then there is Mr. Tilley, than whom a more earnest, painstaking and devoted man in the performance of his official duties there is not to be found in the Queen's service, and considering that for some months past he has had the administration of so important a department as the Public Works on his shoulders, in addition to his own, and is equal to it all, *is* something; and I might say the same of Mr. Campbell, the Postmaster-General, and of Mr. Langevin, the Secretary of State, who, by the way, has lately had the cares of three departments to overcome. So of the Prime Minister, who has the entire machinery of Government to keep in working order, attend to the duties of his own department, which for the past twelve months you will admit have been considerable, and, in addition, keep an eye on the Local Governments. And all this wear and tear of mind and body for $5,000 per annum! Verily, who would be a Cabinet Minister?"

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMMISSION.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald* writes on Monday: "The British and American joint commission on Hudson Bay and Puget Sound claims will meet here the latter part of this week. A number of important matters will be brought before it for settlement, which have only been waiting for the return of Mr. Cushing from his mission to South America. The members of the commission and counsel, Mr. A. S. Johnson, of New York, on the part of the United States; Mr. John Rose, of Ottawa, Ontario, Canada, on the part of Great Britain; Mr. R. B. Curtis, of Massachusetts, umpire; Mr. C. Dewey Day, of Montreal, Canada, counsel for Great Britain, are expected to arrive here in a day or two. Caleb Cushing is counsel to the commission for the Government. The arguments of counsel in the pending cases have been filed in writing, but Mr. Cushing having requested to be heard orally is the occasion of the approaching session of the commission."

—The Hamilton *Spectator* says: "Public dinners to Parliamentary representatives have become numerous this winter. Mr. Walsh was honoured by his constituents a short time since; Messrs. Lawson and McCall had a public dinner given to them in South Norfolk last week; Hon. E. B. Wood, Provincial Treasurer, is to be similarly complimented at Brantford next week; and last, though not least, Mr. B. Chamberlin, the member for Missisquoi, Province of Quebec, is to have a dinner at Dunham shortly. Such a compliment could not be paid to one better deserving of it. Perhaps there may be some significance in the fact that no opponent of the Government, either in the General or Local Legislatures, has been the recipient of a public dinner this winter."

THE MONTREAL ROAD—A GRIEVANCE.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Dear Sir,—I must congratulate you on the peculiar faculty you possess of establishing the rights and redressing the wrongs of the community at large. Knowing your ability to do so, I have a grievance to submit of so grave an importance that I am sure you will use your best endeavours to have it remedied. The principal approach to the city of Ottawa, as you are aware, is the road known as the Montreal and Ottawa Macadamized Road. The practice with all, or nearly all, the other macadamized roads in the country at large, is to collect only one half the amount of toll in winter that they do in summer. The reason for so doing is, I presume, that the road is not so much "used up" in winter as in summer—the vehicles in winter not coming in immediate contact with the metal as in summer. This is very reasonable and just. The first grievance then is that the Montreal and Ottawa Macadamized Road Company collect full toll in winter, which is for the reason above shown grossly unjust.

But this is not all: nearly every Macadamized Road Company in the country make it a rule positive, when necessary, to remove the superfluous snow after a heavy storm. This is done for the convenience of the public, who use their roads, and for which the public are truly thankful. Not so, Mr. Editor, is the practice with the road in question. Every particle of snow that has fallen since the beginning of winter still remains on the road just where it fell. True our storms have been unusually heavy this winter, but then greater is the necessity for removing the immense quantities of snow. Indeed for the last ten or twelve days consecutively, and at several other times during this winter, the road in question has been all but impassable. And yet for this luxury the public are compelled to pay full toll. Now does this not savour of injustice and extortion on the part of the road company in question? I ask the directors of this road to think over the matter seriously, and consider whether they are doing justice to the public. One reason assigned, I believe, for not ploughing the road in question is that people cannot turn out when passing each other. Well, this can be very easily remedied by ploughing the road wide enough to admit of two vehicles passing each other with convenience. Now one more observation before I close. If the directors of this road would only consider the matter, they would easily find that for their own good it would be far better to have the snow removed, inasmuch as after a heavy storm—and I have always noticed this—it is sometimes a whole week before the usual traffic is resumed, thus lessening the collections very materially, indeed to a much greater degree than would pay for the ploughing. Don't you think that such neglect on the part of the directors of this road is actionable?

Yours truly,
OBSERVER.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Friday, February 19, 1869.

Pursuant to adjournment the council met at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Present—The Warden and Messrs. Caldwell, Hinton, Cowan, Cummings, Dawson, Kidd, Smith, Lyon, Blackburn, Green, McCaffrey, Mohr, Fraser and Tremblay.

The minutes of yesterday's meeting were read.

Two tenders were submitted by the chairman of the printing committee.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the tenders for printing the minutes of this council for 1869, be opened and read.—Carried.

The tenders were then opened and read, viz.: Those of Messrs. Bell and Woodburn; and James Cotton & Co., of The Times.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Greene, that the tender of Bell and Woodburn for printing minutes, say $50 for January and February, and $25 for each other session, be accepted, and the clerk notify them of the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, that the advertising of this council be given to the Ottawa Times, at rates offered—say discount of 33⅓ per cent. from usual rates; and that the Sheriff and County Attorney be requested to confine their advertising to that paper; also, that the Warden see that said advertising be made with a view to economy.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that a by-law to increase the payment of grand and petit jurors to one dollar per day, and ten cents per mile travel, be now introduced, and read a first, second, third time, and passed, any rule to the contrary notwithstanding.—Carried.

The clerk submitted the report of the auditors on the treasurer's accounts for the year 1868, together with a balance sheet.

Moved by Mr. Dawson, seconded by Mr. Kidd, that the report of the auditors just read, with balance sheet, be received and adopted.—Carried.

The clerk submitted several accounts.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. McCaffery, that the several accounts rendered be read to this council.—Carried.

The Warden then read two petitions, one from the master in chancery, requesting the council to supply his office with firewood; the other from Wm. McEwen, turnkey, praying for an increase of salary.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Caldwell, that the petition of Wm. McEwen be referred to the Jail Committee; also, that the petition of John Wilson, Esq, be referred to the same committee.—Carried.

The Warden then submitted the award agreed upon by the arbitrators appointed to settle the amount of compensation to be paid by the city of Ottawa to the county for the use of the jail and court house, and care and maintenance of prisoners, &c., together with the Government arbitrator's account.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Fraser, that this council do adjourn until two o'clock p.m.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

Afternoon Session.

The council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock p.m.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that motion No. 12 of this session of council be seconded, and that the following be passed instead thereof: That fifty dollars be granted to aid the village of New Edinburgh to repair the bridge between Green Island and the city of Ottawa, suspending all rules to the contrary.

Carried on the following division, Mr. Cowan calling for the yeas and nays:

Yeas—Cummings, Tremblay, Greene, Fraser, Smith, Blackburn, Lyon, and Dawson—8.

Nays—Hinton, Cowan, Caldwell, McCaffrey, and Kidd.—5.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the Sheriff of the county, the Warden, and the Treasurer, and Messrs. Greene and Smith, and the mover, be appointed a committee to wait on the Minister of Justice, in reference to the extraordinary expense incurred in connection with the jail for the past nine months.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that the following be and are hereby appointed trustees for the Metcalfe and Richmond Grammar Schools, viz.: Rev. Messrs. White and Pattyson for Metcalfe; and Scott and Hinton for Richmond.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the account of H. D. Smith, M. P. P., for services rendered as Government arbitrator lately had between the corporations of the city of Ottawa and the county of Carleton, read this morning, be referred to the Finance Committee, to report next session.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Lyon, that the motion of last January session, amending the report of the committee on education, be rescinded in as far as it affects the grant to the Deaf and Dumb Institute on behalf of the boy Cumming, and that that part of the report of the committee be adopted.

Lost on division.

Mr. Hinton called for the yeas and nays.

Yeas—Messrs. Lyon and Smith.

Nays—Messrs. Hinton, Cowan, Caldwell, Cummings, Tremblay, Greene, Fraser, McCaffrey, Kidd and Dawson.—10.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the report of the Committee of the Whole, held yesterday, be now read.—Carried.

The chairman then read the report.

Moved by Mr. Greene, seconded by Mr. McCaffrey, that the report of the Committee of the Whole be received and adopted.—Carried.

The clerk submitted several accounts.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that the several accounts just read be referred to the Finance and Gaol Committees, as they respectively belong.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Greene, that the account of the Gas Company, presented to this council last session, be paid by the Warden's order on the Treasurer.—Carried on the following division:

Yeas—Hinton, Cowan, Caldwell, Cummings, Greene, Fraser, Smith, McCaffrey and Dawson—9.

Nays—Tremblay, Blackburn, Lyon, Mohr and Kidd—5.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the communication of Edward McGillivray in connection with a certain patent deed said to have been left in the Registry office of this county, be placed on file.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that the Reeves of Gloucester and Nepean be and are hereby empowered to engage two men to act as county constables when required, in order to prevent disturbances and nuisances within the limits of this county.—Lost.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that this council do now adjourn until seven o'clock p.m.—Carried.

The council accordingly adjourned.

LOCAL NEWS.

Police Court.—No case; not a drunkard, or disorderly character of any kind; not even a vagrant shewed his face at the court yesterday. What an Elysium this city would be for Mr. McNabb!

The Wrong Name.—A party fined for drunkenness, and whose case was reported on Tuesday last, gave his name as "John Charles." The real owner of that name is indignant at the fraud, but, as the offender may have resolved on mending his manners, we shall not expose him on this occasion. Let him look out hereafter.

A Stray Horse.—A rather respectable looking horse came from the direction of Rideau-st. last night about nine o'clock, and proceeded across the Sappers' Bridge at a leisurely pace to Sparks-st. From the fact of his being in harness, and the lines trailing behind in the snow, he was probably a runaway. No one seemed to take much interest in him, and he trotted off quietly as if he knew his way home, and was going thither.

St. Patrick's Hall.—The readings at the St. Patrick's Hall, Thursday night, as usual were largely attended, and the entertainment was most interesting throughout. Readings were given by Mr. P. J. Buckley, Mr. Tubman and Mr. Waller, and E. A. Meredith, Esq. Mrs. P. E. Ryan, Miss Bermingham, Miss Guerin and Miss Barrett, favoured the audience with some choice songs, and Mr. Shaw and Mr. Gallagher, sang some pretty airs also; Master Mahon executed a piano solo. Mr. P. J. Buckley was called upon by the audience, and responded by singing the "Fair Imogene," which brought down the house. The entertainment as a whole was very successful.

A Social Party.—There was a very pleasant social party who sat down to a nice little supper last night at the Albion hotel. The party was an agreeable reunion of a number of the members of the County Council now in town, and about an equal number of citizens. Several characteristic speeches were made of a friendly and social nature. Sentiments and songs were interspersed *ad libitum*, and pleasant aside conversation on a variety of topics kept the party engaged till a reasonably late hour, and the party broke up with expressions of pleasure from both the yeomanry of Carleton and the citizens of Ottawa, at having thus become acquainted with each other.

Arrested as a Vagrant.—Last night a poor old man, whose hairs had been bleached by the suns and snows of seventy winters, was arrested as a vagrant, and taken to the station. We did not learn his name, but are informed that he had performed his full share of the world's toil, but having become old and infirm, and, moreover, having lost the sight of one of his eyes, and the remaining one being of very little service, he has been reduced to beggary, and has been in the habit of soliciting alms on the streets. Many years ago, it is said, he was known all the country round for his skill in making harrows. Perhaps he was improvident: he may have been, for it is said that he still is, given to drink, but, as the poor old fellow says, is that any reason for his being left to starve? Should he steal he would go to jail, but he is sent to jail for begging, not as a felon it is true, but, what is very humiliating, as a vagrant. Shall we ever have a "Social Science League" in Canada to consider amongst many other important subjects, what ought to be done with such cases? We have very many flourishing societies of far less importance than such an association would be. Who will be the first to set it on foot.

Philharmonic Society.—We are requested to announce that the first concert of the society will take place on Thursday the 4th of March, of which due notice, with a full programme, will appear some time next week in our columns. Among the selections to be performed are, from the Oratorio of the Creation, the magnificent chorus the "Heavens are Failing," preceded by the beautiful solo "Comfort ye my people," and the air succeeding, which we doubt not will be given in very effective style by Mr. Robert Stephenson. The other sacred choruses will be two from Handel's Oratorio of the Messiah; "And the glory of the Lord shall be revealed," and "the Hallalujah chorus"—likewise the Gloria in Excelsis by Mozart's twelfth Mass. In the second part, as we are informed, will be sung the fine chorus "Hail beautiful Venice," from Lucretia Borgia, and two very effective choruses from the Moses in Egypt. Interspersed among the choruses will be given, as we understand, solos, duets, and quartettes, of a class of music consistent with the noble compositions alluded to. In the principal choruses and the solo preceding the first chorus in the Messiah, an orchestra from the splendid band of the Rifle Brigade will assist. It is doubtless already generally known that the Philharmonic Society have enjoyed the advantage of the services, as conductors, of Messrs. Gustave Smith and F. Fripp, long and favourably known as the principal organists in Ottawa. We are informed that after Monday next tickets for the concert may be had from the various members of the committee of management, and at Orme's music store, Sparks-st.

—The London correspondent of the New York *Times* thus limns the chief witness Edwards, in the case of Overend, Gurney & Co.:

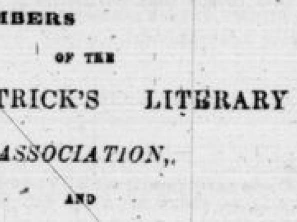
"He holds a public office of the highest trust, that of Public Assignee in the Court of Bankruptcy. In this capacity he has a salary of $20,000 a year, receiving the proceeds of the estates of bankrupts and distributing them among their creditors. From his financial position and knowledge, he was engaged by the house of Overend & Gurney, to give them advice in regard to loans, &c., at a salary of $25,000 a year. He found time also to become a director in companies and to give his valuable assistance to persons to whom Overend & Gurney made heavy and disastrous loans, and from them he received some $15,000 a year more, with occasional presents, such as a yacht, or some trifling token of esteem. He knew the secrets of great companies and business houses, and made his knowledge profitable. Overend & Gurney were in his power, so that he could, as one of the firm says, have made them put up their shutters twenty-four hours before they sold their bankruptcy for several millions. When, at the close of the first year of Mr. Edwards' valuable advice, or more valuable silence, Edmund Gurney handed him his salary—£5,000—he received it "with thanks," and expressed the hope that his connection with so respectable a house might not be considered as ended. "Friend Edwards," said Mr. Gurney, with all the softness and some of the slyness supposed to come of Quaker breeding, "Friend Edwards, I don't see how we can do without thee." Here is a man receiving an income of $50,000 or $60,000 a year, chiefly for bad advice, or for holding his tongue, who appears by his own reluctant testimony, and by his reticences and forgetfulness, more than by his admissions, to have been taking bribes on all sides and betraying all; trusted by Government, borrowers and lenders, companies and clients, paid by all to protect one against the other; levying black-mail all round. If the Gurneys are sent to penal servitude, from which Mr. Roussell, late M. P., has just been released on ticket-of-leave, on account of continued and hopeless illness, what ought to be done with this financier of the period, Mr. Edwards?"

—A correspondent of the London *Star* thus writes of the progress of the Suez Canal. Of the ultimate success of that great measure there can now be scarcely a doubt, and we cannot see why England should at all be anything but pleased at the prospect. She ought, surely, to be as able as others to turn it to her own special advantage: "I left Alexandria on New Year's Day and went to Port Said, a most interesting place, as the Mediterranean port of the Suez Canal. I was towed four miles up the canal, and saw the enormous dredging machines at work, which cast the sand and mud right on to the banks without the necessity of barges. Now, in comparing the accounts I have received from various sources, I can give you some reliable information about this truly gigantic undertaking. There are about twenty million cubic metres of earth and sand remaining to excavate, and the calculation is that, in order to open the canal at the stipulated time, the 1st October, over two million metres must be dug out a mouth. If the contractors carry out their engagement in the specified time, they are to receive a bonus of £120,000. In the contrary case they will be fined £20,000 for every month's delay. Now the last month they fell short of the work to be accomplished, excavating only 1,850,000 cubic metres; and the common opinion is that the canal will not be open for large steamers till the 1st of January, 1870. Twenty-six feet of depth are required, and one hundred yards of width. Port Said rings to the hum of beaten iron, engines and machines of all kinds being either constructed or repaired. The town is built on an artificial site formed of sand, the sea lying in front, and a shallow lake all round. The French have taken care to secure broad streets, and have relegated the Arab quarter [illegible] some two hundred yards from the rest of the town. The only tolerably good houses are in a line fronting the sea beach, and consist of public offices and consular residences. For facility of locomotion, pathways of coal-ashes are laid down in the principal streets, which give a firmer footing than the sand. Not a vestige of vegetation exists for miles around, all the surrounding country being under salt water, and the town being supplied with drinking water by means of three pipes which conduct it from the new fresh-water canal, fifty miles off, which again conducts it from the Nile. Next month a great inland depression through which the canal passes is to be filled with sea water, an operation which, it is calculated, will take eight months to accomplish. So much for the canal which the French, probably with reason, anticipate will revolutionize the Indian trade."

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Save Your Doctor's Bills.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.



THE MEMBERS OF THE ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY *ASSOCIATION*, AND IRISHMEN GENERALLY, OF THIS CITY, are requested to attend a meeting IN THE ST. PATRICK'S HALL, ON *Tuesday Evening Next, at half-past Seven o'clock,* regarding the celebration of their national anniversary.

JOHN KELLY, Secy.
Ottawa, Feby. 20, 1869. 979-3

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

Public notice is hereby given, that on TUESDAY, the 16th day of MARCH next, at noon, at Gowan's Hall, Sparks-street, will be sold, or let on lease, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, to the highest bidder, the following Lots and Pieces of Land, in Ottawa, and the Township of Nepean:

To Let or Lease, for a term of twenty-one years, Four Wharf Lots on the north east side of the Rideau Canal to the south of Sappers' Bridge, Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12.

To be sold, the following sub-Lots lying east of the Rideau Canal, in Lot F, Concession D, Nepean: Nos. 2, 17, 18, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31 and broken sub-Lots 32 and 33.

On the north of the Rideau Canal, being part of Lot K, Concession C, Nepean, sub-Lots 34, 35, 36, and of Lot K, Concession B, sub-Lots 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, Gore of Gloucester, Hogsback, front of Lot 21, sub-Lots 69, 70, 71.

Also in the City of Ottawa, on the south side of Maria-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57; and on the north side of Gloucester-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, and on the south side of Gloucester-street, pieces of land, numbered 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56 and 57, and letter A.

Terms of sale—Ten per cent. cash, and the balance in nine equal annual instalments, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. on unpaid amounts.

Plans to be seen at the Ordnance Lands Office, of this Department. Further conditions at time of sale.

By order.
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 18th, 1869. 979-3awtd

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 972-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 868tf

LOST, on Metcalfe-st., about 12 noon, on FRIDAY, the 12th inst., a dark SEALSKIN MUFF. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at H. McLean's Auction Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 973tf

WANTED TO RENT, furnished, in a respectable locality, TWO or THREE ROOMS with kitchen, or use of kitchen. Address, X Times office. 979-3

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE *OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,* SPARKS-STREET, Where all orders for the CANADA GAZETTE, AND FOR PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY, may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy endered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED ROCK OIL, Just received at the OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS, BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c. Chimnies, Wicks, and Lanterns.

D. R. LEAVENS,
OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.
Sign Red Oil Barrel.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY, 43 Sparks-st

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.
Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 968d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to THE VARIETY HALL, 34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery, China, and Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods. Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.
W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.
Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

CAPITAL - - - - $100,000.

Incorporated under Act 22 Vic., Capt. LXVII.

Tenders will be received until FIRST MARCH, 1869, for the construction of the first section of the Company's line, being from Ottawa to Montreal.

The Tenders to name a rate per mile for the erection of 32 Poles to the mile, with two wires.

The Directors reserve the right to supply the Wire, and do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

Any further information can be obtained from the undersigned

DIRECTORS:
S. B. FOOTE, Chairman.
A. JOSEPH, Treasurer.
D. C. THOMSON.
February 19, 1869. 979-6

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from MISS MARY HANLIN to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION her entire fit-out of BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE, at her house, in Mr. Aumond's Block, on the South side of Daly-st., consisting in part of

PARLOUR FURNITURE, viz.:—Sofa, Chairs, Carpet, Window Curtains and Cornices, Centre Table, Whatnot, Pictures, &c.

DINING ROOM—Black Walnut Extension Table, made by Jacques & Hayes, Sideboard, Chairs, Carpet, Table Cutlery, Crockery, Glass and China Ware of the very best description.

BED ROOMS—Bedsteads, Mattresses of all kinds, Blankets, Quilts, Sheets, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Carpets, Washstands, Bureaus, Looking-glasses, Baths, sets of Chamberware, &c., &c.

Cooking, Hall and Parlour Stoves and Stove-pipes, Hall Oil Cloth, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

The whole of the Furniture is in first-rate condition, and is such as may be found in a first-class boarding-house.

Sale to commence on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of MARCH next, at ONE o'clock, p.m.

Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 976td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN, *Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,* has been commissioned by Mr. Thomas Mathews to sell, BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, on Thursday, the 4th day of March, Next, At 12 o'clock, noon, That very valuable property known as the REVERE HOUSE,

Consisting of three lots in one block, viz.: Part of Lots 1 and A on the south side of Rideau-st., and part of 1 and A on the north side of Besserer-st. The house is 106 x 40 feet, and four stories high, roofed with tin, and contains 4 large parlours, a first-class dining-room, sitting-room, bar-room, 2 kitchens, and 50 large, airy bed-rooms, and has a cellar under it the whole size of the house; with Sheds, Wood-house, Coach-house, a brick stable 66 x 30 feet, with accommodations for 40 horses attached.

The property, together, is one of the best in the city for a first-class hotel. A bargain may be expected.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

For further particulars apply to the owner, Mr. THOMAS MATTHEWS, At Matthews' Hotel, York-st., Or to the Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 976td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY

HECTOR McLEAN, *Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,* has received instructions from ROBERT BELL, Esq., to offer for sale BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, *On Friday, the 12th day of March next,* at 12 o'clock, noon,

that very valuable property in Block D, LeBreton's Flats, on which he resides, consisting of four lots in one block, viz.:

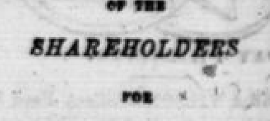
Lots Nos. 7 and 9, on Lloyd-st, and 6 and 8, on Bridge-st., containing nearly an acre of land. On Lot No. 7 there is a first-class STONE HOUSE, containing 4 rooms, a large Hall, Bath Room and Water Closet on the first flat, and 5 rooms, a Hall and Water Closet on the second flat, all finished, painted and papered in the best and most modern style, and in the rear of the house there is a large stone addition, containing a GRANARY and STORE ROOMS. In the basement of the house there are a large Kitchen, Cellar, Larder, Washroom, Pantry and Ice House, and a large Cistern capable of containing 300 puncheons of water, from which water pipes lead to all the principal rooms in the house. There are also Stone Stables, Sheds and Outhouses attached, and there is a magnificent Safe Vault in the house. The Grounds are tastefully laid out and planted with the best of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, and the whole premises thoroughly drained. The property altogether is one of the most complete, thoroughly built, finished and appointed in the city, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

The property can be viewed at any seasonable hour, and an examination of it is respectfully solicited by intending purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 972td

UPPER OTTAWA



STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING OF THE *SHAREHOLDERS* FOR ELECTION OF DIRECTORS AND Transaction of General Business, will be held at the office of R. W. CRUICE, SPARKS-STREET, in this city, on *Wednesday, 3rd day of March next,* at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

By order,
R. W. CRUICE, Secretary.
Ottawa, Feby. 17, 1869. 976td

Ottawa, February 16, 1869.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,
Agent Provincial Insurance Co., Ottawa.

Dear Sir,—

I have to thank the Manager and Directors of the Provincial Insurance Company, for the straightforward, satisfactory and prompt settlement of my claim for loss by the fire of the 29th January. This is the first of my claims for Insurance that has been paid, though the heaviest, being $13,000.

Yours truly,
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
977-3

Latest by
Via Montr
TORO
Special to THE TIMES.
Mr. Haliburton, of N night on "Men of the in history." The lectu that northern countrie decisive marks in his cluded that the Domi country had a brillian was also supported in r The lecture was a succ
Dr. Brennan lectur wrongs of Ireland."
The late pigeon sho sulted in a tie was fin was fired off at five bir victorious, killing fou
A woman named A cut her throat this mo ed. A neighbour inte save her. A slight wo
From a statement ju Chamberlain it appear last year in grants to and aid to the poor, $13
The great quantity o still late; that due at 11 o'clock.
MONT
Special to THE TIMES.
Jas. McVey, the D from the United Sta McDonald, back to I Recorder Sexton for b ing at the door of a morning.
It costs the corpora remove the accumu streets.
Mr. Bellingham is s cessor to Hon. Mr. Du
During the tempora on a tour to Chicago, Mr. Christian will ac of Montreal.
C. J. Brydges, Esq prizes to the children School, at Point St. C
The report concerni Bank of Montreal in turns out to be untru speculated, or advan being obliged to keep in New York, the could not let it be id incurred a business produce house.
Counterfeit tens o Bank, altered from here. The counterfeit
Flour has again fall tremely dull at $4 6 and $4.70 to 4.75 for
Mr. Weir to-day ex coin.
QUE
Quebec
Special to THE TIMES
Hon. Mr. Cauchon day, from the citizens the abolition of the
Mr. Roy, the new m took his seat to-day.
CABLE
GREAT
Queenstown, Febru *City of Paris* arrived *Russia* at 6:30 o'clock left New York toge *Pennsylvania* arrived
London, February important.
The London *Time Alabama* treaty says basis of arbitration w the rejection of the c States. This point s view in the event of tiations. England n from America. The have done our best verge of national hu tlement of the questi now wait for the pro ministration under G mitted that the clai friendly arbitration.
FR
Paris, February 1 bank of France has i week 1,800,000 franc
C
Havana, Februa troops are expected The Spanish party a the rebellion will be ties are filling the p ties, while the emigr island is increasing.
NEWS VI
New York, Febru vana special says Ca sued a decree closing no custom houses.
Intelligence from 13th reports that burned by the insur increasing. Twent been reported. Man tal suffering from it.
Advices from Sa was arriving rapidly three clearances fo quence of the insur will be reduced to It is not considered be any tobacco ship part of the island.
New York, Feb Washington special man in Cuba, who the rebellion and its ly, sent informatio that the insurrecti especially in the Eas vices from Nuevita this certain. The p government under t Gen. Quesoda, Cesp War. It proposes tical rights for all frage. The wealt emancipated their s armed. No terms now be listened to. be accepted, and th will seek for prot States, and eventu of the American U cupies one-half of daily. The Havan visional governmen and promise to rai An agent will soo asking for belliger
BRITIS
NEWS VIA
British Columbia
San Francisco, F Columbia Legisla Confederation.
AMERIC
YESTERDAY
Reduction of t
Washington, F present indicatio amount of receipt venue and misce monthly statemen reduction of the p
THIS MORN
Costello an
Washington, F British Minister, Secretary Seward by the British G from further cust

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 19.

Mr. Haliburton, of Nova Scotia, lectured last night on "Men of the North, and their place in history." The lecturer set himself to prove that northern countries and races had made decisive marks in history. He thence concluded that the Dominion being a northern country had a brilliant future. The theory was also supported in reference to its resources. The lecture was a success.

Dr. Brennan lectures to-night on "The wrongs of Ireland."

The late pigeon shooting match which resulted in a tie was finished to-day. The tie was fired off at five birds each. Warren was victorious, killing four against two by Ward.

A woman named Armstrong attempted to cut her throat this morning, whilst intoxicated. A neighbour interfered just in time to save her. A slight wound was made.

From a statement just prepared by the city Chamberlain it appears that the city expended last year in grants to charitable institutions, and aid to the poor, $15,000.

The great quantity of snow renders the trains still late; that due at 1 a.m. did not arrive till 11 o'clock.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 19.

Jas. McVey, the Deputy Sheriff who came from the United States to take the forger, McDonald, back to Hartford, was fined $2 by Recorder Sexton for being drunk and knocking at the door of a house of ill-fame this morning.

It costs the corporation $3,000 per week to remove the accumulated snow from the streets.

Mr. Bellingham is spoken of as a likely successor to Hon. Mr. Dunkin.

During the temporary absence of Mr. Angus on a tour to Chicago, and thence to England, Mr. Christian will act as cashier of the Bank of Montreal.

C. J. Brydges, Esq., last evening presented prizes to the children of St. Stephens' Sunday School, at Point St. Charles.

The report concerning the heavy loss by the Bank of Montreal in speculating in Erie stock turns out to be untrue. The bank never either speculated, or advanced, upon stocks, but being obliged to keep a considerable amount in New York, the nature of its business could not let it be idle, and unfortunately it incurred a business loss of $100,000 with a produce house.

Counterfeit tens on the Royal Canadian Bank, altered from ones, are in circulation here. The counterfeit is well executed.

Flour has again fallen. The market is extremely dull at $4.60 to 4.65 for ordinary, and $4.70 to 4.75 for choice supers.

Mr. Weir to-day exported $50,000 of silver coin.

QUEBEC.

Quebec Legislature.

Special to THE TIMES.

QUEBEC, February 19.

Hon. Mr. Cauchon presented a petition to-day, from the citizens of Quebec, praying for the abolition of the city corporation.

Mr. Roy, the new member for Kamouraska, took his seat to-day.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

QUEENSTOWN, February 19.—The steamship *City of Paris* arrived here at 5 o'clock, and the *Russia* at 6:30 o'clock, this morning. They left New York together on the 13th. The *Pennsylvania* arrived yesterday.

LONDON, February 19.—Political news unimportant.

The London *Times* in an article on the *Alabama* treaty says the want of a definite basis of arbitration will reconcile England to the rejection of the convention by the United States. This point should be kept clearly in view in the event of offers for further negotiations. England now awaits the proposals from America. The *Times* continues: We have done our best; we have gone to the verge of national humiliation to secure a settlement of the question at issue, and we shall now wait for the proposals from the new administration under General Grant. It is admitted that the claims are a fair subject for friendly arbitration.

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 19.—The bullion in the bank of France has increased during the past week 1,800,000 francs.

CUBA.

HAVANA, February 18.—Two thousand troops are expected to-morrow from Spain. The Spanish party appear to be confident that the rebellion will be put down. The authorities are filling the prisons with suspected parties, while the emigration of Cubans from the island is increasing.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 19.—The *Herald's* Havana special says Capt.-General Dulce has issued a decree closing all ports where there are no custom houses.

Intelligence from Santiago de Cuba to the 13th reports that more estates have been burned by the insurgents. The cholera was increasing. Twenty more deaths from it had been reported. Many troops were in hospital suffering from it.

Advices from San Antonio say that sugar was arriving rapidly. On the 13th there were three clearances for New York. In consequence of the insurrection, however, the crop will be reduced to about 20,000 hogsheads. It is not considered probable that there will be any tobacco shipped this season from this part of the island.

NEW YORK, February 19.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says an American gentleman in Cuba, who is in a position to know the rebellion and its prospects quite thoroughly, sent information to Washington stating that the insurrection gains ground rapidly, especially in the Eastern Department. All advices from Nuevitas and other points make this certain. The patriots have a provisional government under the supreme command of Gen. Quesada, Cespedes being Secretary of War. It proposes emancipation, equal political rights for all colours, and qualified suffrage. The wealthier patriots have all emancipated their slaves, many of whom are armed. No terms from the Spaniards will now be listened to. Independence only will be accepted, and that established, the Cubans will seek for protection from the United States, and eventually seek to become a part of the American Union. The revolution occupies one-half of the island, and increases daily. The Havana Junta have sent the provisional government large drafts on New York, and promise to raise immediately $1,000,000. An agent will soon be sent to Washington asking for belligerent rights.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NEWS VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

British Columbia Decided Against Confederation.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 19.—The British Columbia Legislature has decided against Confederation.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Reduction of the United States Debt.

WASHINGTON, February 19.—According to present indications, even with an average amount of receipts from customs, internal revenue and miscellaneous sources, the next monthly statement will show a considerable reduction of the public debt.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Costello and Warren Released.

WASHINGTON, February 19.—Mr. Thornton, British Minister, this afternoon informed Secretary Seward that orders have been given by the British Government for the release from further custody of Costello and Warren.

The "Alabama" Claims Treaty.

The *Tribune's* special says Senator Sumner, in opposing the *Alabama* claims treaty, declared that by its ratification our Government would surrender every important principle laid down as a basis for the settlement of the question. Senators Morton, Paterson, Cameron, Festenand and Harlan sustained this view, and the committee were unanimous in rejecting the treaty.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 19.—Gold 133¾.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 18.—Cotton dull and heavy; sales to-day at 18½c. for middling Uplands.—Flour dull; receipts 5,523 barrels; sales 4,700 barrels at $5.60 @ 6.35 for superfine State and western; $6.55 @ 7.00 for common to choice extra State; $6.40 @ 7.20 for common to choice extra western; $6.70 @ 8.25 for round hoop Ohio.—Rye flour quiet at $5.25 @ 7.20.—Wheat dull; sales 22,000 bushels at $1.57 @ 1.57½ for No. 2 spring afloat; $1.12½ for white Michigan.—Rye quiet.—Corn dull; receipts 82,000 bushels at 88c. @ 90c. for mixed western; 92c. @ 93c. for western yellow; 93½c. for white southern.—Barley dull.—Oats quiet; receipts 8,200 bushels; sales 17,000 bushels at 84½c. @ 74½c. for western in store; 78c. for western afloat.—Pork heavy at $32.37 @ 33.56 for new mess; $23.00 for old mess.—Lard heavy at 18½c. @ 19½c. for steam; 20c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 18—p. m.—Consols 93; Bonds 78¾; Illinois Central 97; Erie 24¼; Atlantic & Great Western 38.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 18—p. m.—Cotton flat; Uplands 11½d. Manchester market heavy. Breadstuffs dull. Flour 25s. California Wheat 10s. 9d. Red Wheat No. 2. 9s. 6d. Corn 32s. Pork flat. Lard 76s. 6d. Turpentine 32s. 6d.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can alone be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as is the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND, [Post Office Block,]

Have just received
Bow Bells, London Society,
Good Words for the Young,
Chambers's Journal, &c.
Goday for March, Demorest for March, Budget of Fashion, Harper's Bazar, Chimney Corner, Boston Pilot, Sporting Times, Ledger, &c., &c.
"Captain Jinks" Song Book, 1 cent each.
Ottawa, February 17, 1869.

BOOKS, BOOKS.—J. DURIE & SON have received Essays on English Writers, by the author of the Gentle Life; The Words of Wellington, (Bayard Series); Rassela's Prince of Abyssinia, by Samuel Johnson, [new edition, Bayard Series; Whittaker's Almanac, 1869; the Statesman's Year Book, 1869; Molesworth's Engineer's Pocket Companion.
Latest English editions of Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography.
Isaac Pitman's Phonographic Teacher.
Isaac Pitman's Reader.
The Best Books published on Phonography.
Chambers's Encyclopedia, 10 vols., ½ calf.
Chambers's Papers for the People, 6 vols.
Chambers's Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols.
Chambers's Journal, 1868, bound.
For sale by J. DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned:

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

G. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY,
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*,

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS
STATIONERY,
AS FOLLOWS:

☞ PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

☞ FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

☞ MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

☞ ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

☞ WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

☞ POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—
Of every denomination.

☞ STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

☞ LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

☞ BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

☞ COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

☞ PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

☞ COTTON TWINE,
And other twines.

☞ WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

☞ BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

☞ PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

☞ SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:
FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*

Wholesale & Retail.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,
Sparks-st.

☞ Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

☞ In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

☞ The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700	YARDS HEMP CARPETS,	
180	" all wool DUTCH	do
575	" UNION	do
1925	" 2 ply, ALL WOOL	do
450	" 3 do	do
200	" PRINTED DRUGGETS	
225	" GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,	
1575	" "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,	
750	" do BRUSSELS	do
225	" WOOL STAIR	do
150	" TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS.	

☞ All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

☞ The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks.

☞ All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

☞ LOW PRICES, ☜

HORROCKS and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,
3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,
From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS
In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES
In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,
In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,
In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,
PLAIN AND FANCY,
Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,
CANADIAN & ENGLISH,
A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,
BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,
Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,
at reduced prices.

VELVETS,
MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,
In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,
Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,
Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Carks.

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
The Tea Pot, Ottawa

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,
GOODERHAM & WORTS'
RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 925.3m

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
—LIKEWISE,—
A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.
TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.
PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.
ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.
50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.
200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.
SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.
PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.
ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.
100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.
LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.
10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.
TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.
COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.
TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.
A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.
For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,
FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups,
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jelli a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.
The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his
FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call ...dly solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $150 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York.
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa.

LOST.
Between Daly and Sparks-sts., a LADY'S GOLD WATCH, with a small black chain. Whoever may find it, and return it to the office of the TIMES newspaper, will be liberally rewarded.
Ottawa, February 17. 977tf

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1869.

About half a dozen sleighs were on the market place yesterday with general produce, and on the hay market square there was as many loads of hay, which sold at $20 to $23 per ton.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@ 6 75
No. 1	5 25	@ 5 50
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@ 3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@ 2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@ 4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring "	1 20	@ 1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	60 0	@ 0 64
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@ 0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@ 28 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@ 18 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@ 7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@ 0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@ 0 60
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@ 0 28
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@ 0 24
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 22	@ 0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@ 4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@ 0 40
HAY—Per ton	20 00	@ 23 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@ 0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOMB.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant. JNO. T. DAY.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

WINFIELD—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.
To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. CHENY,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. REID.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality. —Brantford *Courier.*

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly,
P. A. DROLET.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20 or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, of two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.
MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 891-3m

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Tenders.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are now prepared to receive TENDERS for THREE FURTHER SECTIONS of the line.

Section No. 5 will be in the Province of Quebec and will extend from Forty miles East of Riviere du Loup, at the end of Contract No. 2, to the Sixty-sixth Mile Post, near Rimouski, a distance of about Twenty-six miles.

Section No. 6 will be in the Province of New Brunswick and will extend from the Easterly end of Contract No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the Main Post Road near the 48th Mile Post, Easterly from Jacquet River, about Twenty-one miles.

Section No. 7 will be in the Province of Nova Scotia and will extend from the Southerly end of Contract No. 4, near River Phillip, to Station Fifty at Folly Lake, about Twenty-four miles.

Plans and profiles with specifications and terms of contract will be exhibited at the office of the Board of Works, Toronto, and at the offices of the Commissioners at Ottawa, Rimouski, Dalhousie, St. John and Halifax, on and after the FIFTH day of MARCH, 1869, and SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tender," will be received at their office in Ottawa up to SEVEN o'clock, p.m., on the TWENTY-NINTH day of MARCH, 1869.

Intercolonial Railway Office,
Ottawa, 11th February, 1869.
A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
W. F. COFFIN,
976a-81 Commissioners.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE, WITH GARDEN,
TO LET, FROM 1st MAY.

The present Residence of DOCTOR WILSON, Sen., Stewart-st. Rent, £35.

Apply to
ALLAN POYNTZ PATRICK,
975-4 Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's Office

FOR SALE.

That Splendid
STONE BUILDING,
situated in the very centre of the
VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,
formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the
"ONTARIO HOUSE,"
combining all the advantages of a
FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,
including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.
J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.
Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

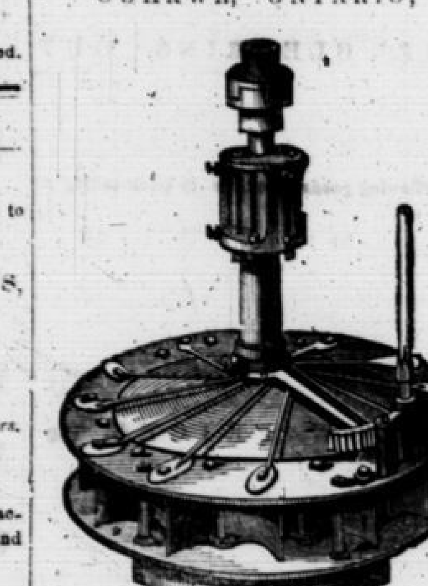
VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION!
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 532y

JOSEPH HALL
MACHINE WORKS,
ESTABLISHED 1851,
JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.
PROPRIETORS
OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and, taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—
F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

CHANCERY SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE,
IN THE
VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1865, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October, 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, com prising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to
MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK,
Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.
Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire,
Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.
989-1awtd Signed, A. N. BUELL.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL
BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.
WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

DOG LOST.

A Prince Charles Cocker Dog, Black, with Brown Paws and Muzzle, which answers to the name of "Charlie," was lost last Monday night. He had on a Leather Collar, bound with Brass, when he disappeared. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the dog to the Grand Trunk Agency Office, Russell House Block. Any person found harbouring the same after this notice will be prosecuted.
Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972a

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public-Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces		different qualities Black Silks			
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines	7		1 3
70	do	do Poplin	7½		1 0
150	do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	FancyColors—your choice for	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen..........6d each.

SHAWLS.
35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.
126 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d.
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars......6½d
165 do Good Prints......4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's......6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces		Waterproof	3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o
BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,
Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,
Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!
1,000 Flannel Shirts, only......2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only......3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed......5 0 worth 8 9
Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.
500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting......3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting......1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50......OVERCOATS.
4.00......heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up......PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25......VESTS.
$8.00......Black Broadcloth......FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.
H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,
HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,
OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.
His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.
ALSO ON HAND,
2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.
Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.
WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

Wants.

WANTED.

A Female Teacher for the Junior Department of the Arnprior Common School, holding a second-class certificate. Applications will be received up to the 18th day of FEBY., 1869.
JAS. G. CRANSTON, M.D.,
Chairman.
974- GEO. CRAIG,
Secretary.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 833.3m33y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10.30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.
J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 693y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!
NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.
For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.
By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.
ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
H. of Commons.
Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B.; Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B.; Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq., M. D., M. P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

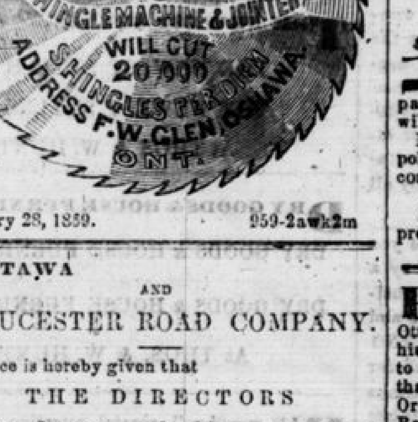
A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their
Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA
AND
GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that
THE DIRECTORS
Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
have this day made a further
CALL OF TEN PER CENT.
on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

100,000 FEET OF
SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER
For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of
OAK,
MAPLE,
ELM,
BIRCH & ASH,
PLANK & SCANTLING,
of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.

Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.
WALTON SMITH.
Ottawa, February 8, 1869. 973tf

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME
ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.
N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.
Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at......9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at......7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at......8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at......7.00 a m
Express for Boston at......8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at......3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at......2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at......10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1, 1868.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

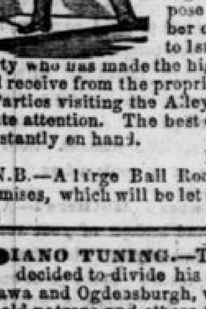
REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE
PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,
Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829 6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his
BOWLING ALLEY.
This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.
B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT,......Desbarat's Block
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET,
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,
Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:
METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.
Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE:
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.
ALSO,
STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,
By appointment
BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.
930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.
L. GRANT,
960b JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 785y

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South-Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 980. OTTAWA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 488y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!

But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES

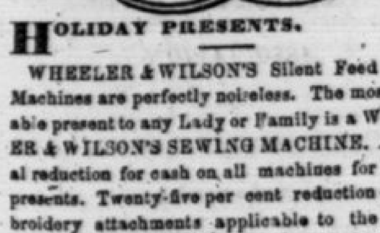
OF THE

LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED *PATTERNS,*

Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks st., op. Ontario Bank.

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

☞ Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 8 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates,

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"

THEN USE

WATERS' QUININE WINE,

The finest tonic in the world.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.
January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

TO LET, ON O'CONNOR-ST., a nine-roomed House. Possession immediately. Apply to Mr. CHARLES HUBAND, or to Mr. JONES, the present tenant.

Ottawa, February 13. 973-3

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.

☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜

W. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

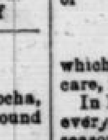
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots. Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.
Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4297 GEORGE MURPHY

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.
Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 951-3m

REMOVAL TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88?y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these Is at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country to solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold.

The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Round Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

☞ Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

TAKEN INTERNALY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine: It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

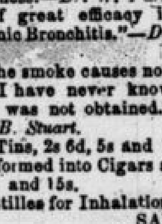
Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation. Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy endered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED

☞ ROCK OIL, ☜

Just received at the

OIL DEPOT,

73

SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,

BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.

Chimneys, Wicks, and Lanterns.

D. R. LEAVENS,

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.

☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.

CITY

HOOP SKIRT

FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.
Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 958d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery, China, and Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

☞ Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

CAPITAL - - - - $100,000.

Incorporated under Act 23 Vic., Capt. LXVII.

Tenders will be received until FIRST MARCH, 1869, for the construction of the first section of the Company's line, being from Ottawa to Montreal.

The Tenders to name a rate per mile for the erection of 32 Poles to the mile, with two wires.

The Directors reserve the right to supply the Wire, and do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

Any further information can be obtained from the undersigned

DIRECTORS:

S. B. FOOTE,
Chairman.
A. JOSEPH,
Treasurer.
D. C. THOMSON.

February 15, 1869. 979-6

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

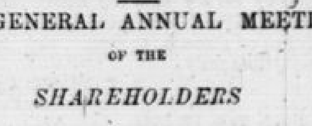
☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

UPPER OTTAWA



STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS

FOR

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

AND

Transaction of General Business,

will be held at the office of

R. W. CRUICE, SPARKS-STREET,

in this city, on

Wednesday, 3rd day of March next,

at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

By order,
R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Feby. 17, 1869. 976td

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

Public notice is hereby given, that on TUESDAY, the 16th day of MARCH next, at noon, at Gowan's Hall, Sparks-street, will be sold, or let on lease, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, to the highest bidder, the following Lots and Pieces of Land, in Ottawa, and the Township of Nepean:

To Let or Lease, for a term of twenty-one years, Four Wharf Lots on the north east side of the Rideau Canal to the south of Sappers' Bridge, Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12.

To be sold, the following sub-Lots lying east of the Rideau Canal, in Lot F, Concession D, Nepean: Nos. 2, 17, 18, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31 and broken sub-Lots 32 and 33.

On the north of the Rideau Canal, being part of Lot K, Concession C, Nepean, sub-Lots 34, 35, 36, and of Lot K, Concession B, sub-Lots 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, Gore of Gloucester, Hogsback, front of Lot 21, sub-Lots 69, 70, 71.

Also in the City of Ottawa, on the south side of Maria-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57; and on the north side of Gloucester-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, and on the south side of Gloucester-street, pieces of land, numbered 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56 and 57, and letter A.

Terms of sale—Ten per cent. cash, and the balance in nine equal annual instalments, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. on unpaid amounts.

Plans to be seen at the Ordnance Lands Office, of this Department. Further conditions at time of sale.

By order.

E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 18th, 1869. 979-3awtd

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

BRITISH TAXATION.

Nearly the whole revenue of the British empire from customs is derived from seven articles, and ninety-six and-half per cent. of the revenue from excise comes from spirits, malt and licenses. The figures for customs, for the last two years, are these:—

	1867. £	1868. £
Sugar and molassses	5,647,787	5,582,473
Tea	2,658,716	2,827,317
Coffee	397,190	390,161
Corn, meal and flour	797,636	869,323
Spirits	4,173,027	4,298,403
Wine	1,391,192	1,468,993
Tobacco and snuff	6,455,011	6,542,250
Other imports	577,666	581,481
Sundries	200,838	104,580
Total customs	22,299,066	22,664,981

The British income tax is little more than ten per cent., but yields just about as much as the United States; and the whole revenue of the kingdom is considerably in excess of that of the United States, although we tax some hundreds of articles where Great Britain taxes one. Yet the resources of the two countries are not practically very different in amount.

England has tried both plans; first, that of adjusting universal taxes so as to protect and help everything; and, secondly, that of selecting a few articles to tax, solely for revenue purposes. By the latter plan she now collects more revenue, more cheaply, and with incomparably less pressure on the people, than she ever could by the former.

THE ISTHMUS OF DARIEN.—The treaty made by General Cushing with Columbia, concedes to the United States the exclusive right to construct a canal across the Isthmus of Darien, at any point which may be selected by the United States. The Columbian Government cedes six miles of land on each side of the canal, one half for its own benefit, and the other for that of the party undertaking the work. The Columbian Government is to receive ten per cent. of the net income for the first ten years, and after the canal is paid for, 25 per cent. of the net profits. The treaty is to be ratified by the United States within ten months; the surveys to be made within two years after; the canal begun within five years, and finished within fifteen years, or otherwise the charter fails. The charter runs for 100 years. The canal is to be under the control of the United States, and Congress can fix the tolls. The navigation is to be open to all nations in time of peace, but closed to belligerents who may seek to avail themselves of its advantages. It is estimated that the canal will cost $100,000,000. A company was not long ago organized in New York, with Peter Cooper as President. It is said that the company has the capital, and is ready to commence. Congress, however, is at liberty to give the preference to this or any other private company, or the United States can itself undertake the canal.

ORDNANCE.—The joint committee on ordnance submitted a report on heavy guns to the United States Senate. The report condemns the Rodman system, which, while partially successful in smoothbores, is entirely unreliable in rifles of large calibre. Several of these guns have exploded spontaneously in the foundry while being finished, through excessive tension. The navy solid cast guns, the committee think, are better as smoothbores, but no better as rifles. Experiments are recommended to determine upon a reliable system of fabrication. The failure to secure better guns the committee think due to the influence of officers and inventors, who have secured the adoption of their own inventions without due regard to merit. The report contains considerable testimony, and a large amount of technical information of interest to iron-workers. It is accompanied by a bill which creates an ordnance commission, into whose hands it is proposed to place the duty of making experiments and adopting arms for both army and navy.

TRICHINA SPIRALIS.—The trichina fever which prevailed here to such a fearful extent a few years ago has broken out afresh, and so far with equally fatal results. Last week seven boarders in a German boarding-house in Carlisle-st. sickened with this malady, and were taken to hospitals. Two of them died a day or two ago, at the New York Hospital, and a piece of flesh taken from the arm of one of the men, while he was alive, when placed under the microscope, revealed millions of these little creatures. It is also reported that several other deaths have occurred from the same cause in different parts of the city.

The *Times* says the scarcity of ice near Chicago and other western cities has opened a new field of speculation in Hamilton, and a large amount of that article is being shipped west. Forty carloads have already been shipped to Windsor. The contiguity of the bay to Hamilton station lessens considerably the expense of handling the ice, and it is probable that a large trade will be done in that article this year by Hamilton men.

—Two little boys, sons of a farmer, living not far from Seaforth, were amusing themselves, says the Stratford *Beacon,* building castles in the sand in a sand pit, when suddenly the bank caved in, holding them both—for although in an erect position, the earth was up to their chins. In this predicament they remained for a considerable time, till their cries attracted some persons to their assistance, who began to apply the spade to extricate the oldest one first, when he exclaimed:—"Oh, never mind me; hook out Bobby!" What blissful unselfishness! Would he say so twenty years hence?

—The Wellington papers notice a cruel expedient resorted to lately, by Mr. James Berney, a farmer in the neighbourhood of Elora, who threw his dog from the Irvine Bridge on to the ice below, a distance of from 70 to 80 feet, for the purpose of killing him. It would naturally be supposed that a fall from such a height would have immediately destroyed life, but in a short time the dog was able to climb up the bank, when he actually fawned on and licked the hand of the man who had thus treated him. The village constable and another

person witnessed the transaction, and the former deemed it his duty to lodge a complaint against Berney, under the act for prevention of cruelty to animals; and Mr Barron, on Tuesday last, imposed a fine of $1.00, with $1.50 costs. Berney admitted the offence, but thought he did nothing wrong, wishing to be rid of the dog before the assessor paid him a visit, and believing that the fall would secure his immediate death. Such tenacity of life is surprising, though such affection on the part of a dog is by no means unusual.

—At the late meeting of the Victoria county council Mr. Staples brought up the report of the standing committee on emigration, which was read, and the council went into committee thereon, Mr. Cruise in the chair. The report stated that returns have been received from the various municipalities respecting the number of emigrants required in this county, and find that no fewer than 835 will be certain of employment on arrival—according to the following classification:—Farm labourers, 410; female servants, 339; blacksmiths, 10; carpenters and joiners, 35; bricklayers and stone masons, 27; shoemakers, 14.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Per Cent. Discount Sale on Carpets—Magee & Russell.
Notice—Humberstown Lumber Company.
Ottawa Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum—Lecture by John Langton, Esq., M.A.
American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

The news from Hants continues to be of a most encouraging character.

From Miramichi we learn that J. C. Gough, Esq., has been elected by acclamation for the county of Northumberland, N. B. It may be remembered that Mr. Gough resigned his seat in the Local Legislature to contest the county for the vacancy created by the death of the late representative, the Hon. Mr. Johnstone. In this effort Mr. Gough was unsuccessful, but the proof of his enduring popularity in the county is to be found in his triumphant return to his old seat.

Had the contest in which Mr. Gough recently engaged been a party one we should certainly have been justified in pointing to his re-election as a strong proof of reaction, but as his opponent in the contest for the Commons, insisted on being regarded as one who would give the Ministry a fair support, we must, we suppose, content ourselves with the reflection that Mr. Gough's return to the Local Legislature proves that Northumberland does stand where it did, which having been on the right side, and it being there still, is all that can reasonably be asked.

The requisition upon which Mr. Gough consented to present himself for re-election was of the most flattering character, embracing the most influential names, and the great body of the freeholders of the county, thus rendering the prospects of Mr. Gillespie, his opponent, so slim, that the latter wisely withdrew without putting the county to the trouble of a contest.

We have heard it rumoured that Edward Blake, Esq., Q.C., is about to retire from political life. The reasons for the step alleged to be in contemplation by the hon. gentleman, are said to be that his numerous professional engagements preclude the possibility of his giving due attention to his duties as a representative of the people without sacrificing the interests of his clients.

We trust this report may prove incorrect. Whatever of political or party differences may exist between those with whom we generally work in accord, and those who justly look up to Mr. Blake as the ablest man in their ranks, we should regret to see him withdraw at so early a date from the political arena, wherein, though still a novice, he has already achieved a higher position than many men of no mean talents who have laboured strenuously for years. Our party antipathies are not so inveterate, nor are the public men of high talent in Canada so numerous, as to permit us to contemplate with satisfaction the retirement of one so young in years, and so full of promise as the member for West Durham. In spite of the trifling mistakes incident to Mr. Blake's peculiar position—matured in his education and experience as a lawyer, but necessarily unfamiliar with the practical details of Parliamentary warfare, (however perfect in theory)—he impressed all parties at once with the conviction that if he made public affairs his study there was a brilliant career before him. Those whose duty it is to sit in the press gallery, and look down upon the "assembled wisdom"—not to gratify an idle curiosity, but to discipline and instruct their minds that they may be able to speak intelligently to the vast constituency of newspaper readers—know well the commanding position achieved by Mr. Blake, even though tripping himself upon trifles which a little more experience would have taught him to avoid; and they can estimate, perhaps better than many others, the precise value of such a man in the Assembly of the people's representatives. But the observant reader of the Parliamentary reports could scarcely have failed to notice that Mr. Blake's remarks received an unusual degree of attention from the leading men on the Treasury benches; and though it may be true that personal friendship, the result of old associations, had something to do with Mr. Blake's first cordial greeting in the House of Commons, it cannot be denied that his own talents fully maintained the *status* so willingly accorded him on his entrance to public life. There is a certain degree of pleasure in political warfare, when your opponent is one who commands your personal esteem, and we can understand, therefore, that none would be more likely to regret it, if the rumour to which we have alluded should prove true, than the leader of the Government. The courtesy in debate which ever marked the "passages-at-arms" between Mr. Blake and Sir John, as witnessed from the gallery (*our* gallery we mean) and that after all is the place where the House is *judged*, fully warrants us in this assertion.

We had the pleasure of giving Mr. Blake full credit for his *debut* in Parliament, but we should certainly regret if we are to be soon called upon to record his *exit*. It would give us far more satisfaction to have many future opportunities of pointing out his shortcomings, having in view the double object of his own improvement and the country's good, when he might be called upon to take a higher part in shaping its destinies.

We desire to point out that if *our correspondent* in Ottawa, thus doing his work to *our satisfaction*, and, as *we* think, to the benefit of the public, is to be exposed to unprovoked assault, and his assailant is to be favoured by the police magistrate and sustained by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa, the only conclusion *we* can come to is that the Government of the country is *located in a very unsuitable place.*—*Globe*, Feb. 18th, 1869.

Surely then, it is the duty of the Privy Council to recommend to Parliament the selection of a place as the seat of Government where the "*our correspondent*" of the *Globe* will be unmolested!

But the new seat of Government cannot be at Toronto; for the wicked *Leader* has spoiled that prospect. Hear what it says:

We yesterday received the following telegram, signed "H. J. Hubertus"—a copy of one which seems to have been transmitted to a number of other journals:

"Ottawa, February 18.

"The Ottawa Times and the *Citizen* of February 17th, in their police report of the case of Hubertus *vs.* Goodwin, contain libellous statements respecting myself made by Goodwin when the case was before the Police Magistrate, and permitted by the latter. As a member of the press I ask that the libellous report be not reproduced in your columns."

This demand is a modest one, coming as it does from a man who has been industriously engaged for years in libelling others. It has made little difference to him in the past what wounds he inflicted by the many baseless statements to which he gave currency through the columns of an influential paper; but the moment he himself, as he supposes, is dealt with in the same way, he cries out for that mercy which has never been shown by him or those whose work he does. Mr. H. J. Hubertus would be entitled to prefer his request, if he had not, by wholesale abuse and libel of all who differed in opinion from his employer, placed himself beyond the pale of consideration "as a member of the press." As it is, we cannot gratify his wish, more especially as we can discover nothing libellous in the report given by the Ottawa Times. It is simply a statement of what transpired in the police court—a privileged publication—and it it does not show Mr. H. J. Hubertus in a very flattering light, he has only himself to blame.

Nor can it go to Belleville, for the *Intelligencer* there was even more severe with Mr. Hubertus's whine of "Oh! Don't tell!" than the *Leader*.

The question now is, to what locality can we transfer the seat of Government that the *Globe's* correspondent's *seat of honour* may be sacred from attack?

Below we give further certificates respecting the exportation of silver coin:—

City Bank,
Montreal, Feb. 19, 1869.

This is to certify that Mr. W. Weir exported from the Dominion of Canada, through this Bank, since the ninth day of February instant, Fifty Thousand Dollars of Silver Coin, making the total amount exported since the twenty-fifth day of February instant One Hundred and Fifty-three Thousand Dollars.

F. MACCULLOCH,
Cashier.

I hereby certify that the above mentioned amount of Silver Coin was exported from the Dominion of Canada through the National Express Company.

D. T. IRISH, Agent,
Per A. P. Ross.
Montreal, Feb. 19, 1869.

The poetry published in the Montreal *Gazette* on Friday, as from the pen of the late Hon. T. D. McGee, and prophetic of his death, was a *verbatim* copy from Gerald Griffin, and "Myles O'Reilly's" reply, *ditto*. A correspondent in Saturday's *Gazette* exposes the hoax. These prowling copyists are about the greatest nuisances the journalist has to guard against. The editor of widest reading and best memory may easily be imposed upon by this class in the hurry of his daily drudgery.

Montreal Snow-Shoe Club Races.—Mr. Kavanagh, of this city, won the 100 yards dash at the races of the Montreal Snow-Shoe Club, on Saturday last. The race for the Tecumseh cup comes off to-day, at which Massey, of Toronto, stands first, and Kavanagh second.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Evening Session.

Friday, February 19, 1869.

Pursuant to adjournment the council met at 7 o'clock.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that this council do now adjourn for half an hour, so as to afford the Finance and Jail Committees time to report.—Carried.

Mr. Hinton presented the report of the Finance and Jail Committees.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the reports of the Finance and Jail Committees be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the sum of one hundred dollars be continued in aid of the Protestant General Hospital on the same condition as last year, the Warden to give an order on the Treasurer for the same; also a like sum to the Roman Catholic General Hospital provided they receive patients on the same conditions as the Protestant General Hospital.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Kidd, that this council do now adjourn till to-morrow at 9 o'clock a.m.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

Saturday, February 20, 1869.

The council met pursuant to adjournment at 9 o'clock a.m.

Present the Warden, and Messrs. Smith, Hinton, Fraser, Cowan, Blackburn, McCaffrey, Greene, Tremblay, Dawson, Cummings, Lyon, Kidd, and Caldwell.

The minutes of yesterday's meeting were read.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, that this corporation will pay for any extra services rendered within the county by the police of the city or county constables, when authorized so to act by any member of this council.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the clerk of this council do notify Detective O'Neill to send in his account which he has against this council, in order that it may be placed before the finance committee for consideration.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, that the Warden consult the county solicitor in reference to the prayer of the petition of T. C. Keefer, Esq., and others, submitted at the January session, for leave to erect a bridge across the Rideau River, and report to this council at the June session.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the clerk do open an office adjoining the Treasurer's on or before the first of March, said office to be kept open from ten to three o'clock, on lawful days, and the Warden is hereby authorized to have the rooms in connection with Mr. Wilson's (chancery) office, cleaned and put in order.—Carried.

The council then adjourned to meet again in June next.

—The people of Yarmouth, N. S., intend making an effort to establish a cotton factory in that town.

THE CUNNINGHAM-BURDELL MURDER.

Some twelve years ago, (January, 1857,) 31 Bond-st., New York, became infamous as the scene of the murder of Dr. Burdell, a wealthy dentist. It will be recollected that Mrs. Cunningham, who claimed to be the murdered man's wife, together with her alleged paramour Eckles, were tried for the crime, but were acquitted, although no one at the time had a moral doubt of their guilt. The New York *World* of the 17th devotes five columns to a writer who professes to solve the almost forgotten mystery. In 1860 two men named Mathews and Walton were shot down in the streets of New York by the same hand. The murderer escaped. A desperado named Jeffords was suspected of the crime, was arrested, and lay in jail two years, when he was discharged without having been brought to trial. However a detective was placed upon his trail. This detective so wormed himself into the confidence of Jefferds that he succeeded, not only in bringing the shooting home to him but also, in a fit of drunken braggadocio, extracting from him a confession that he alone was the murderer of Dr. Burdell. The bravo's confession is thus stated in the *World*:

Jefferds stated to the detective that on that fatal night he was visiting at the Burdell house, and was in the parlour with the young girls, and was playing for their amusement. The banjo, he said, belonged to him, and not to Snodgrass, as had before been stated, Snodgrass being only able to thumb it a little. Dr. Burdell came in and met Mrs. Cunningham, with whom he had a violent quarrel, after which he proceeded at once to his room. Jefferds then went to the room of Mrs. Cunningham, and hearing from her the particulars of the quarrel, he became much incensed against Burdell, and volunteered to "go up stairs and do for the old rascal." In this proposition he was encouraged by Mrs. Cunningham, and he resolved he would do it. Accordingly, drawing a two-edged, slender dagger, which he habitually carried, and being informed by her of the exact position of the doctor's room, proceeded stealthily up stairs. The doctor was seated at his desk, looking over some papers by a single gas light. So engaged was he that he did not hear the step of his murderer, and the first intimation he had of danger was a sudden blow, struck from behind, over his shoulder, and aimed at his heart. The blow was instantly repeated, and again reiterated as rapidly as the nervous energy of the assassin could wield the knife. With a single cry of "murder," the doomed man sprang from his chair and grappled with Jefferds; they struggled from side to side of the room, overthrowing the chairs and dragging the table out of place, the doctor striving to seize the dirk or to hold the murderous arm, every blow of which was cutting away his life. "At one time," said Jefferds, "the old fellow caught my arm and twisted me against the wall, and for a minute I thought he'd be too many for me; but I put my hand against the wall and saved myself from going down, and with the other I reached under and hit him in the kidneys, and that fetched him. It was our fighting about the room that made the blood fly so all about on the walls. The old fellow was stronger than I gave him credit for, and we had a mighty tough tumble of it, but you see I had the knife, and I kept all the time jabbing him with that, and he bled a great deal, and that weakened him I suppose. Yes, sir, I did that little job myself." Then musing a minute as if to recall the scene more clearly to his mind he continued: "Yes, I did for him; but he fought like the devil; I once thought he'd a got the best o' me, but the punch in the ribs fetched him." Here he sat a minute still thinking, then continued: "Did you go into the room? well, you remember the map that hung on the wall—well, they could have found the marks of my hand on that map if they'd looked; once when he nearly turned me, I threw my hand back, and it struck flat against the wall on the map; that's the time I thought he'd be too many for me; but the blood weakened him I s'pose, for I soon got him under again, and that's when I hit him in the ribs and fetched him."

Jefferds, at the instance of the detective, was convicted of the murder of Mathews, sentenced to imprisonment for one year, and then to suffer death. The year expired, and some legal defect having arisen, the Governor did not dispose of the case, although Jefferds was still kept in Sing Sing prison. While thus in custody he was murdered by a fellow-convict a few months since, this latter murderer being now held for trial, for killing Jefferds. The writer in the *World* closes his long account thus: "And so, at last, after twelve long years of waiting, the veil is lifted from the mysterious Burdell murder, and doubtless for a short time public interest will once more centre about the once notorious house, No. 31 Bond st." Why the above confession—which, considering the circumstances of the Burdell murder, has all the appearance of truth, was so long withheld from the public, is a mystery which the *World* writer does not explain.

REVIVALISM—WHAT IT LEADS TO.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Ottawa, February 20.

Sir,—The following short extract cut from an Irish "strong Protestant" newspaper may be a salutary warning to some persons in Ottawa. The editorial comment on the profane rhyme seems to me weak if not untrue. *The press* is a censor ten times more powerful than the Lord Chamberlain, and did it choose might (and in my opinion should) exercise all its influence to discourage the patronage by the giddy public of these religious quacks—"converted clowns, converted colliers," *et hoc genus omne*. By the way, I remember having been once told by a friend—a very pious young fellow—how he got cured of his curiosity and propensity to visit such scenes of profane excitement. In the midst of a ranting tirade, supposed to be a prayer, Richard Weaver, (probably a brother of William's,) was somewhat disturbed by some shrieking behind the scenes, while he was on his knees on the stage of the theatre, and suddenly breaking off his fervent address to the Almighty, he shouted out to his *confrere*—"*Shut up—keep your breath to cool your porridge!*" And then proceeded with his declamatory harangue. It was enough for my reverential young friend, he fled from the scene, and registered a vow never to be caught in such a place again. He had gone contrary to my advice, and told me the occurrence the following morning.

Yours, &c.,
PUBLICOLA.

A paragraph went the round of the papers some weeks since in which it was stated that the revivalists in South London were going about the streets singing a hymn which was a vulgar, not to say blasphemous parody of "Tommy Dodd." We now learn that the low spirit which inspired that composition has achieved still further victories. A hymn from the pen of Mr. William Weaver, the "converted Clown," has appeared in some of our contemporaries which strikes us as being the most repulsive thing of its kind we ever heard of. The first verse runs thus:

I've given my heart to Jesus,
And mean to keep it so!
If the devil wants to have it all,
I'll tell him—"Not for Joe."

There are five verses in all, the last of which puts a climax upon the profane absurdity of the whole production:

Lord give me strength to fight,
And battle every foe:
If tempted to forsake my God,
To cry out—"Not for Joe."

We do not perceive any method by which this sort of thing can be checked. We have a censorship of the drama, and a clumsy machinery it is; but a censorship of worship would not, we fear, be tolerated; and if tolerated, could not be worked. Taste, like trade, is free in this country, and we must expect to meet with the extravagancies and calamities which freedom involves now and then.—*Cork Constitution*.

APPOINTMENTS.

Department of the Secretary of State of Canada, Ottawa, February 8.

His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz:

George Duggan, of Osgoode Hall and of the city of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, barrister-at-law, to be the Judge of the county court of the county of York, in the said Province of Ontario.

Department of the Secretary of State of Canada, Ottawa, February 16.

His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz:

Theobald Butler Barrett, of Port Dover, in the Province of Ontario, Esq., to be a collector in Her Majesty's customs.

MILITIA APPOINTMENTS.

From some sixteen pages of volunteer and reserved militia appointments in Saturday's *Gazette* we extract the following relating to our neighbourhood:

Ottawa Brigade of Garrison Artillery.

To be Adjutant:
Captain Albert Parsons.

18th *"Prescott" Battalion of Infantry.*
No. 3 Company, L'Orignal.

To be Captain:
Ensign Jno. D. Pattee, M. S., vice J. Millar, whose resignation is hereby accepted.
To be Lieutenant:
Sergeant Wm. C. O'Brian, M.S., vice S. M. Johnson, left the limits.
To be Ensign:
Charles Avery Cass, Gentleman, M.S., vice Pattee, promoted.

43rd *"Carleton" Battalion of Infantry.*
No. 4 Company, North Gower.

To be Captain, provisionally:
Lieutenant Thomas Conly, vice G. E. Johnston, whose resignation is hereby accepted.
To be Lieutenant, provisionally:
Ensign Wm. Trimble, vice Conly, promoted.
To be Ensign, provisionally:
Sergeant Wm. Elliott, vice Trimble, promoted.

In reserve militia the following appointments appear:

Regimental Division of the North Riding of Lanark.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel:
Major Robert Bell, from the late 5th Non-service Battalion, Lanark.
To be Majors:
Captain James Rosamond, from late 6th Non-service Battalion, Lanark, and Daniel Hilliard, Esq.

Regimental Division of the South Riding of Lanark.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel:
Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable James Shaw, from the retired list:
To be Majors:
Captain William John Morris, from late 2nd Non-Service Battalion, Lanark, and John Semple Hart, Esq.

Regimental Division of the South Riding of Renfrew.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel:
Eric Harrington, Esq.
To be Majors:
Major Henry Airth, from late 1st Non-Service Battalion, Renfrew.
John Harrington McLaughlin, Esq.

Regimental Division of Ottawa.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel:
Alonzo Wright, Esq.
To be Majors:
Major J. B. N. Papineau, from late 1st N. S. Battalion of Ottawa.
Major Joseph A. Levis, from late 4th do. do.

No. 1 Company Division (Hull.)
To be Captain:
Captain Thomas McGoey, from late 2nd N. S. Battalion of Ottawa.
To be Lieutenant:
Philemon Wright, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Alonzo Marston, Gentleman.

No. 2 Company Division (Township of Templeton.)
To be Captain:
Lieut. James O. Hogan, from late 2nd N. S. Battalion.
To be Lieutenant:
Joseph Lafontaine, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Richard Barber, Gentleman.

No. 3 Company Division (Aylmer.)
To be Captain:
James Aylen, Esq.
To be Lieutenant:
Tiberius Wright Symms, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Auguste LaRue, Gentleman.

No. 4 Company Division (Township of Eardley.)
To be Captain:
Captain Joseph Lusk, from late 3rd N. S. Battalion.
To be Lieutenant:
J. McLean, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
W. B. McAllister, Gentleman.

No. 5 Company Division (Township of Masham.)
To be Captain:
W. D. Leslie, Esq.
To be Lieutenant:
Ensign George Johnson, from late 3rd N.S. Battalion.
To be Ensign:
Lieutenant Hercule Trempe, do. do.

No. 6 Company Division (Township of Wakefield.)
To be Captain:
John McLaren, Esq.
To be Lieutenant:
Lieut. Patrick Farrell, from late 3rd N. S. Battalion.
To be Ensign:
J. Robinson, Gentleman.

No. 7 Company Division (Township of Low.)
To be Captain:
Henry Conolly, Esq.
To be Lieutenant:
John Brooks, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Michal Doyle, Gentleman.

No. 8 Company Division (Township of Aylwin.)
To be Captain:
John Little, Esq.
To be Lieutenant:
Charles Chamberlain, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Benjamin Reed, Gentleman.

No. 9 Company Division, (Township of Wright.)
To be Captain:
Joshua Ellard, Esq.
To be Lieutenant:
J. Laframboise, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
A. McCamber, do.

No. 10 Company Division (Township of Bouchette.)
To be Captain:
Andrew Leamy, Esq.
To be Lieutenant:
Theophile Malbœuf, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Daniel Johnson, do.

No. 11 Company Division (Townships of Kensington and Egan.)
To be Captain:
Thomas Moore, Esq.
To be Lieutenant:
James Macauley, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
John Corrigil, do.

No. 12 Company Division (Township of Cameron.)
To be Captain:
James Wright, Esq.
To be Lieutenant:
John Scallion, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
H. McNally, do.

No. 13 Company Division, (Township of Northfield.)
To be Captain:
Philemon Wright, Esq.
To be Lieutenant:
Michael McBean, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Auguste Etier, do.

No. 14 Company Division, (Township of Hinks.)
To be Captain:
Cornelius Ryan, Esq.
To be Lieutenant:
James Leamy, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Charles Morin, do.

No. 15 Company Division, (Township of Portland.)
To be Captain:
J. Scannell, Esq.

No. 16 Company Division, (Village of Buckingham.)
To be Captain:
Lieutenant Archibald McNaughton, from late 2nd N. S. Battalion.
To be Lieutenant:
William Lough, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
James Ross, do.

No. 17 Company Division (Township of Buckingham.)

No. 18 Company Division, (St. Malachy of Lochaber or Mayo.)
To be Captain:
Captain Thomas Lavelle, from late 2nd N. S. Battalion.
To be Lieutenant:
Anthony Burke, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Michael Maloney, Gentleman.

No. 19 Company Division, (Township of Lochaber.)
To be Captain:
Captain G. W. Cameron, from late 2nd N. S. Battalion.
To be Lieutenant:
Wm. Abbott, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Ensign Abel Waters, from late 2nd N. S. Battalion.

LOCAL NEWS

Deep Snow.—In many parts of Carleton, and along the Upper Ottawa, the snow is said to be from five to six feet deep on the level.

St. Alban School House Readings.—Readers for this evening, His Worship the Mayor, Mr. Langton, the Rev. H. Pollard, and Mr. Whitcher. Music and songs.

Look out for the Sheds.—Owners of sheds and outbuildings would do well to clear off the snow on the roofs, which are constructed in the majority of cases with but very little incline. Attention to this service would save property, and in some cases, perhaps, life and limb.

Police Court.—Saturday, had it not been for the poor vagrant whose case we noticed in Saturday's issue, there would have been, as on Friday, and some days preceding, no business. This was the only case. It appears that his name is Whitfield. In default of a fine of $5 and costs, he was sent to jail for two weeks.

A New Feature.—Since the recent heavy fall of snow, it has been found necessary to use the snow-shovel in the getting out of timber, and other duties connected with the trade. Almost all the teams leaving for the woods are now supplied with a number of shovels, in some parts the horses being unable to travel through the deep snow until a path has been cleared for them.

Square Timber.—We understand that in consequence of the deep snow about Green's creek, and some other places, the making of square timber has been entirely suspended, the men and the teams engaged in the business finding it quite impossible to carry on their operations. Thus a number of men and several teams have been thrown out of employment, and the business in this department brought to a stand still.

Drill Shed Partially Destroyed.—Yesterday morning it was discovered that the roof of the drill shed in the township of Gloucester, on the Eastern bank of the Rideau river, had given way under the accumulated weight of snow which had fallen upon it during the past few days. It appears that the pressure of the snow had become so great as to force out the rear wall, and the consequence was, the rear support being gone, the roof flattened out and tumbled down, leaving only a ruin with three walls standing. This is not the first roof of a drill shed that has given way under similar circumstances, as well as other buildings, and there ought to be an inquiry instituted as to whether the plans upon which public edifices are built are inefficient, or whether it is the fault of defective material, and bad mechanical construction, to which these disasters are attributable.

Personal.—The Hon. James Skead leaves by train this morning for Toronto, to attend the first meeting of the Board of Agriculture, under the new Act. The meeting is called for Wednesday next, at the Agricultural Hall, for the purpose of electing office-bearers for the Board, and transacting other business connected with the work of organization. Mr. Skead has been elected, unanimously, by the societies composing the second agricultural district of the Province—Ottawa, Carleton, Russell, Lanark and Renfrew, the members of which have thus shown their appreciation of the honourable gentleman's active efforts in forwarding the interests of agriculture. We have hopes that great advantage will result from the changes brought about by the new Act, which entirely changes the mode of electing the Agricultural Council, and that the interests of Central Canada will not be overlooked.

Mend Your Ways.—The Board of Works having been very diligent of late in the performance of their duty, so far as the streets are concerned, which by the way has been next to nothing, the public have no just cause of complaint. In recording this fact, the said board of works will not, perhaps, take it amiss if we suggest the propriety of filling a few of those deep valleys which occur here and there on some of the thoroughfares. We have seen the necessity of this for sometime past, and on Saturday night we saw sufficient to warrant an appeal to the best feelings of the board. It was this: A gentleman and lady were driving down Sparks-st. at a good round pace, when at the west side of the crossing they, as others do, descended into the valley at that place, and the lady was thrown, with considerable violence, from her seat, and fell on the snow. She was probably not much hurt by the fall, but others may be, perhaps have been. There is still another valley on the east side of the crossing, and both are very dangerous. If the matter were mentioned to the deputy head of the department, Mr. Kinsella, he would fill up those and a score of similar spots, and so prevent some of Her Majesty's liege subjects from breaking their necks. Our suggestion to open the drains has been acted on, so that whenever a thaw comes the water will escape, and there will be no necessity for that fleet of boats that was talked about, to convey passengers up and down the streets.

The County Council.—This body finished the business of the session on Saturday morning, and adjourned to the regular June session. Among the last of their acts was the agreement to pay the expenses of the city detective and police incurred in the arrest and prosecution of the Tierneys for counterfeiting. Messrs. Hinton, Blackburn, and other members strongly urged the necessity of paying the city police for extra services, because there was no knowing how soon those services might be again required in hunting crime out of the county. The chief of police had stated that if the expenses were not paid he would not again send any of his men on county business, and he had kept his word, when subsequently applied to for a similar purpose. They would be acting wisely, therefore, and for the interests of the county, in paying the claim, and they would thereby secure the services of experienced men whenever they might be required. A resolution to do so was carried unanimously. We also observe that a resolution was passed to increase the salary of the clerk of the council to $500 a year. After the adjournment, the committee appointed for that purpose on Friday, waited on the Minister of Justice, in reference to the extraordinary expenses incurred in connection with the gaol for the past nine months. The committee were courteously received, and Sir John assured them that the said accounts should be fairly considered, and be laid before the Premier of Ontario on his return from Washington.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussels, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

THE CONTRAST.

[*Addressed to Nova Scotians.*]

Now Clement is the Union policy!
Its kindness doth its merit much *enhance*;
"*Howe!*" "*Clements!*" is the Union battle cry
Alike in Yar-mouth as it is *in Hants*.

Now different the Repealers—dark and fierce—
They'd starve your-mouths rather perchance than fill'am,—
Would stab behind, or secretly would pierce,
Their only bloody watchwords "*Goudge!*" or "*Killam!*"

M.

FRENCH JEWELLERS AND THEIR CUSTOMERS.

The Paris correspondent of the *Morning Post* relates the substance of a conversation which he had with a jeweller in that city the other day. He says: Looking at the profusion of rings, bracelets, clockets, and more elaborate necklaces, glittering with gems, and displaying great artistic excellence, in the mounting, I observed to my friend—"Who are the people in Paris who purchase these costly objects; what class of people support the many jewellers' shops to be met with in most of the important streets and boulevards?" "Well Mr. M——," he replied, "it would be a long story to tell you all about our peculiar trade; some of us have a particular class of customers and deal in a different class of goods. For instance, my neighbour sells a large amount of jewellery to the Tuileries, objects bought by the Emperor and Empress for presents; he also supplies foreign courts, he has an immense capital, and never asks to be paid! The merchant who left the shop when you came in, is a dealer in imitation gems; he, again, does a peculiar business, and a very confidential business. You must have seen his wonderful productions in the Great Exhibition. The art of imitating precious stone has arrived at a wonderful perfection; the pearl manufactured by the artist—for he is an artist and chemist—almost defies the knowledge of the profession. Well, he mounts the stones of his own making in gold or silver, and uses the fashionable designs. His best jobs are when he gets an order to imitate a set of jewels. I saw a beautiful bit of workmanship of his lately. A great lady who is a desperate gambler at the Bourse, the wife of a diplomatist, was hit very hard not long since, and obliged to pay a heavy account to her broker. She sold a most valuable set of emeralds, and my friend imitated wonderfully all the ornaments; they were placed in the same old boxes as the originals; and certainly her husband and friends will never find out this little trick of his speculating wife." "But what sort of business is yours, my friend? To whom do you sell all these pretty things?" "My business," he replied, "is a peculiar one; perhaps you will not think it very respectable. My best customers have only the theatres and their own rooms to show their jewels in; they are not in society, but they are better customers to the jeweller than the married and respectable. A man in Paris will spend more money on a woman of the demi-monde than on his wife or his daughter; and, besides, you know here in Paris that many fortunes are absorbed before the young men who possess them ever think of spending money on honest women and for legitimate purposes. Well, we jewellers and the dressmakers come in for our share of those fortunes. It is a bad year if I do not clear 300,000f., counting losses which arise from bad debts and law expenses. I have customers who purchase goods that never leave the shop. You will say, "How is that?" Well, these women bring their gentlemen dupes into the shop, they fall in love with some object of value, the gentleman pays for it, and I am told to send it home. I do nothing of the sort. Mme. B—— comes herself next day, and takes the money paid for the jewellery, minus my commission, which is 10 per cent! I also take back jewellery, which I have sold, and mount it with my friend's false gems. I advance money on precious stones to these women, and they very seldom recover what they have pledged. That is a good business. Our losses are sometimes considerable. We must occasionally give credit, and when a young man has got to the end of a fortune, and is on our books, we are let in, for the parents will not pay this class of debt, and the young fellow is off on his travels. Ah! sir," continued my friend with a smile, "the Parisian jeweller's ledger is a very romantic novel. Frenchmen are evidently the most generous fellows in the world with a certain class of fallen angels. There is no longer a young *demi monde*." Such, according to a great French author, are the young men of this great nation, which is at the head of civilization.

—It is thought that by the first of July next the journey from St. John to Halifax can be performed in nine hours.

—Two "gentlemen" were recently sentenced in London to five years' imprisonment, with hard labour, for having wilfully damaged a railway carriage on the Dover and Chatham Railroad. All pecuniary offers were refused point blank by the magistrate.

Apparent Death.—A prize of $4,000, it is stated, has been recently offered in France for the discovery of a sure and simple means of recognizing if death be real or apparent. A French journal announces that a Dr. Carriere intends to claim the money for a process which he has successfully employed for forty years. This system consists in placing the hand, with the fingers closed, before the flame of a lamp or candle. In the living person the members are transparent and of a pinkish colour, showing the capillary circulation and life in full activity; whilst in that of a corpse, on the contrary, all is dull and dark, presenting neither sign of existence nor trace of the blood current.

—A great mystery has been solved at last. Twelve years ago Dr. Burdell was mysteriously murdered in New York, and the crime was laid to the charge of Mrs. Cunningham, with whom he boarded. She was tried and acquitted, but was obliged to leave the country. For a long time the woman was lost sight of, but recently she turned up in California; and now it is solemnly averred that the murder was committed by one Charles Jefferds, who afterwards murdered John Mathews and John Walton, and was finally murdered himself a year ago in Sing-Sing, by a fellow convict. The story is told by a detective, who declares that he had the confession from the lips of Jefferds, who said he took advantage of his acquaintance with Mrs. Cunningham to commit the murder with her knowledge.

BIRTH.

At the Chaudiere, on the morning of the 20th, the wife of Mr. John E. Askwith, of a son.

DIED.

At Quebec, on the 19th instant, Elizabeth Collins, daughter of W. F. Collins, Esq., Crown Lands Department, Quebec, deeply regretted.

OTTAWA MECHANICS' INSTITUTE AND ATHENÆUM.

Second Lecture of the Course, 1869.

Tuesday, February 23rd, at 8 p.m.

GOWAN'S HALL,

by JOHN LANGTON, Esq., M.A. Subject, "Early French Settlements in Canada."

Admission 10 cents.

W. WHYTE, President. G. KENNEDY, Secretary.
Ottawa, Feby. 22, 1869. 980-2

NOTICE.—We herewith inform the lumber trade and public generally that WM. HENRY ROLFE, who for many years acted as our Agent at Burlington, Vt., ceases to act in that capacity from and after Jan. 25, 1869.

We have appointed MESSRS. OTIS, SHEPPARD & CO., of Burlington, Vt., our sole agents at that point; they will hereafter have the exclusive sale of the products of our mill, and to them alone all orders for Humberstown Lumber must be addressed.

HUMBERSTOWN LUMBER CO.
Humberstown, Pro. Quebec,
Jan. 25, 1869. 980d

Customs Department,
Ottawa, February 19, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 26 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

WANTED TO RENT, furnished, in a respectable locality, TWO or THREE ROOMS with kitchen, or use of kitchen. Address, X Times office. 978-6

Wholesale & Retail.

NOTICE.

THE TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT SALE ON CARPETS,

Now going on, will positively close this month.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

February 22, 1869.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

☞ Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

☞ In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in bankable funds.

☞ The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do
575 " UNION do
1925 " 3 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS.

☞ All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

☞ The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks.

☞ All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from MISS MARY HANLIN to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION her entire fit-out of BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE, at her house, in Mr. Aumond's Block, on the South side of Daly-st., consisting in part of

PARLOUR FURNITURE, viz.:—Sofa, Chairs, Carpet, Window Curtains and Cornices, Centre Table, Whatnot, Pictures, &c.

DINING ROOM—Black Walnut Extension Table, made by Jacques & Hayes, Sideboard, Chairs, Carpet, Table Cutlery, Crockery, Glass and China Ware of the very best description.

BED ROOMS—Bedsteads, Mattresses of all kinds, Blankets, Quilts, Sheets, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Carpets, Washstands, Bureaus, Looking-glasses, Baths, sets of Chamberware, &c., &c.

Cooking, Hall and Parlour Stoves and Stove-pipes, Hall Oil Cloth, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

The whole of the Furniture is in first-rate condition, and is such as may be found in a first-class boarding-house.

Sale to commence on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of MARCH next, at ONE o'clock, p.m.

Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 976td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

has been commissioned by Mr. Thomas Mathews to sell,

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

on the premises, on

Thursday, the 4th day of March, Next,

At 12 o'clock, noon,

That very valuable property known as the

REVERE HOUSE,

Consisting of three lots in one block, viz.: Part of Lots 1 and A on the south side of Rideau-st., and part of 1 and A on the north side of Besserer-st. The house is 105 x 40 feet, and four stories high, roofed with tin, and contains 4 Large parlours, a first-class dining-room, sitting-room, bar-room, 2 kitchens, and 50 large, airy bed-rooms, and has a cellar under it the whole size of the house; with Sheds, Wood-house, Coach-house, a brick stable 66 x 30 feet, with accommodations for 40 horses attached.

The property, together, is one of the best in the city for a first-class hotel. A bargain may be expected.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

For further particulars apply to the owner,

Mr. THOMAS MATTHEWS,
At Matthews' Hotel, York-st.,
Or to the Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 974td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY

HECTOR McLEAN,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

has received instructions from ROBERT BELL, Esq., to offer for sale

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

on the premises,

On Friday, the 12th day of March next,

at 12 o'clock, noon,

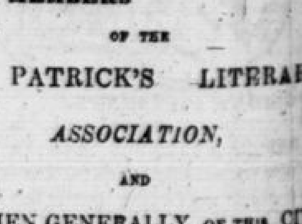
that very valuable property in Block D, LeBreton's Flats, on which he resides, consisting of four lots in one block, viz.:

Lots Nos. 7 and 9, on Lloyd-st, and 6 and 8, on Bridge-st., containing nearly an acre of land. On Lot No. 7 there is a first-class STONE HOUSE, containing 4 rooms, a large Hall, Bath Room and Water Closet on the first flat, and 5 rooms, a Hall and Water Closet on the second flat, all finished, painted and papered in the best and most modern style, and in the rear of the house there is a large stone addition, containing a GRANARY and STORE ROOMS. In the basement of the house there are a large Kitchen, Cellar, Larder, Washroom, Pantry and Ice House, and a large Cistern capable of containing 300 puncheons of water, from which water pipes lead to all the principal rooms in the house. There are also Stone Stables, Sheds and Outhouses attached, and there is a magnificent Safe Vault in the house. The Grounds are tastefully laid out and planted with the best of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, and the whole premises thoroughly drained. The property altogether is one of the most complete, thoroughly built, finished and appointed in the city, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

The property can be viewed at any seasonable hour, and an examination of it is respectfully solicited by intending purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1869. 973td



THE MEMBERS OF THE ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION, AND IRISHMEN GENERALLY, OF THIS CITY, are requested to attend a meeting

IN THE ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

ON

Tuesday Evening Next, at half-past Seven o'clock,

regarding the celebration of their national anniversary.

JOHN KELLY,
Secy.

Ottawa, Feby. 20, 1869. 979-3

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 972-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 968tf

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 956tf

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 20.

Dr. O'Brennan lectured last night on "The grievances of Ireland." The doctor complained strongly of the manner in which he had been treated by the press of Montreal and Quebec. They had circulated reports which he could stigmatize as nothing else than lies, and he looked on the man who could circulate a lie in a newspaper as a liar a thousand times intensified. He then went on to lecture, and at the conclusion there were some symptoms of a row, but these were quieted, and a vote of thanks passed.

A committee of the city council was appointed to submit Kauffman's design of the new registry office of the Dominion Government for approval That obtained the building will be commenced. It is estimated to cost $8,000.

(Another pigeon shooting match came off yesterday between Ward, of Toronto, and Ira Payne, of Rhode Island. Stakes $50 aside. The firing was at fifty birds. Payne killed forty-three; Ward forty-five birds, thus winning by two.

Yesterday an officer of the army arrived here from a hunting trip. He had been in the Rocky Mountains several months. He brings a little managerie of live animals with him which he intends to take to England. He has the antlers of a deer three feet across.

Hon. John Ross has returned from France.

Howe's chances seem improving. At Avondale on Thursday he was well received. He was opposed by Jones and Troop. The Repealers are not so sanguine as at first. It is thought at Halifax that McDonald cannot continue to hold the Queen's printership and oppose the Local Government.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 20.

The races of the Montreal Snow-shoe Club to-day were largely attended. Massey, of Toronto, though entered in several races, did not run, Kavanagh, of Ottawa, ran in the 100 yards dash, and took the first heat, but the other two heats were taken by Jones, of the Montreal Club. The Indian Kararonwa won the four mile race, and ran it in 28 minutes 10 seconds; and also the one mile race in 6 minutes 49 seconds. The Indian Daillehout won the half mile race in 3 minutes 12 seconds. Much disappointment was felt in allowing the Indians to run in the two last races. Kavanagh and Massey refused to run in consequence. Massey stands first for the Tecumseh cup on Monday; Kavanagh second.

Gough was elected by acclamation at Northumberland, N.B., to-day.

Robson, Secretary of the Gas Company, died suddenly this morning.

Sugar has advanced two cents per lb. Flour is down to $4.55.

In the Quebec Assembly Mr. Tremblay has given notice of the following motion: That this House while appreciating the qualities for which Mr. C. J. Brydges is distinguished, cannot but express their regret at his appointment as a commissioner on the Intercolonial Railway, he being already at the head of a company which is largely indebted to the public treasury, and at the same time is powerful enough to control to a certain degree the action of the Government; and that the silence of this House, under these circumstances, where such great interests are concerned, might be considered as an indication of approval of Mr. Brydges' appointment, which this House considers prejudicial to the interests of the Province of Quebec, and the Dominion generally, consequently this House feels compelled to protest against such an appointment.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

SOUTHAMPTON, February 19.—The steamship *Cambria*, from New York February 9th, arrived to-night.

LONDON, February 20.—The proposed rejection of the *Alabama* claims treaty is commented on by the press as follows:

The *Morning Standard* regrets the rejection of the protection and laborious negotiations. The advances for a treaty must come from the United States. England is now unfettered from concession and will only recall her course on a treaty of absolute equality.

The *Times* says that the present treaty has testified to the amount of England's liabilities. Its failures does not tend to friendly relations between the two countries, but will rather serve as a warning in arranging the points of a new convention.

The *Morning Post* regrets the rejection of the treaty only on account of the delay it will occasion in the restoration of friendly relations between Great Britian and the United States.

GLASGOW, February 20.—The steamship *Columbia*, from New York, was signalled off Movelle this morning.

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 20.—The recent order of the Minister of the Interior for guarding against an abuse of the right of the people to hold an assembly was put in force yesterday. A public meeting was contemplated at Mont Parnasse, an *arrondissement* of the city, but it was dispersed by the authorities. All public gatherings on Wednesday next have been positively prohibited. Wednesday will be the twenty-first anniversary of the second inauguration of the Republican Government.

KEY WEST.

Arrival of the Peruvian Ironclad Fleet.

The *Herald's* Key West special says the Peruvian ironclad fleet, with the convoys, arrived there this morning from Pensacola.

CUBA.

HAVANA, February 19.—The insurgents hold Guanaja, a port south of the Roman Cays, have fortified the town, and have batteries mounted by Americans.

The *Herald's* Havana special says the Spanish forces in arms on the Island, number 70,000 men.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Trouble Between Cuban Refugees and the Spanish Residents of New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, February 19.—The trouble brewing between the Cuban refugees and the Spanish residents in this city, has occasioned a communication from the Spanish Consul to the Governor, asking for Governmental interference.

NEW YORK, February 20.—The *Herald* says it is rumoured that Gen. Butler and Mr. Fisk, of Erie, are about to purchase a newspaper in Springfield, Mass., to run in opposition to Mr. Bowles' *Republican*.

Probable Repeal of the Tenure-of-Office Bill.

The *Times* says the repeal of the tenure-of-office bill comes up to-morrow in the Senate. The probabilities are it will be repealed; or, in other words, that the House bill will be agreed to.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 20.—Gold 133¾.
American exchange 4¾.
Money easy at 4½ per cent.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 20.—Cotton steady at 28½c.—Flour dull; receipts 2,300 barrels; sales 4,900 barrels at $5.75 @ 6.30 for superfine State and western; $6.50 @ 6.95 for common to choice extra State; $6.35 @ 7.20 for common to choice extra western.—Rye flour dull at $5.25 @ 7.20.—Wheat dull and heavy; receipts 21,000 bushels; sales 43,000 bushels at $1.35 @ 1.58 for No. 1 spring delivered; $1.85 for white western.—Rye dull; receipts 95,000 bushels.—Corn heavy; receipts 17,000 bushels; sales 36,000 bushels at 88c. @ 89½c. for new mixed western.—Barley quiet.—Oats declining; receipts 15,000 bushels; sales 21,000 bushels at 74c. @ 74½c. for western in store; 75½c. for do. afloat.—Pork lower at $31 @ 31.75 for new mess; $30 @ 30.50 for old mess.—Lard lower at 17½c. @ 19½c. for steam; 19½c. @ 19½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 20—p. m.—Consols 93½; Bonds 78½; Illinois Central 97½; Erie 24½; Atlantic & Great Western 37.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 20—p. m.—Cotton flat; Uplands 11½d. Corn 32s. for old mixed western; 30s. 6d. for new; others unchanged. Lard 76s. Bacon 58s.

OUR FUTURE.

From the Halifax Express.

A glance at the map of the world will shew a remarkable analogy between the geographical position of the British Isles, with reference to the Continent of Europe, and that of the Maritime Provinces of Canada, as connected with the North American Continent. The peninsular condition of Nova Scotia, the most important of these Provinces, brings out this geographical similarity more strikingly than in the case of New Brunswick; as, with the exception of the narrow isthmus between Bay Verte and Chignecto Channel, salt water encircles it as completely as it does the insular shores of Great Britain and Ireland. This situation has already a most weighty influence on the development of our resources, and our trade; and is destined in the future to enter still more largely into the progress of the country. As England, Scotland, and Ireland, standing at the doorway of Northern Europe, possess in themselves the sources of agricultural and mineral wealth; and the means of establishing vast factories where the products of a large part of the world can be worked up, and made fit for transhipment; so do the seaboard Provinces of the Dominion hold in their arable lands, and in their mines of coal, iron, copper, gold, and other minerals and metals, the material for enriching themselves, and for bringing into existence work shops to utilize the productions of the far-stretching Western Provinces which lie behind them. Again, as London and Liverpool; Southampton and Glasgow; Cork and Londonderry, have become, through their natural position, (in the first place,) the piers from which are embarked to every quarter of the globe, not only the raw material, and manufactures, of substances of their own growth, but much of the wealth of the world in a condensed and available form; and to which a return trade flows in a continuous stream; so must Nova Scotia, and especially Halifax, become the shipping place, not only for the limited area circumscribed by the boundaries of our own Province; but the point of debarkation for all that our great western background has to send abroad; and the port to which will steal by far the greater part of the inward bound commerce in which all Canada may be engaged. Farther, this New Dominion will possess one very great advantage over the older kingdoms into which Europe is cut up, in that the whole territory will be under one Government, and no custom houses will bar the tide of trade setting to and fro, between the interior and the ocean. By the exercise of a judicious foresight, then, we may proceed to build up our city as the wharf of at least half a Continent. And, were it not beside our present purpose, it might readily be shewn that this course of trade will be eventually beneficial to each Province of Canada from the Atlantic to the far-west.

The Intercolonial Railway will undoubtedly be the chief route, over which the traffic of the Dominion with foreign ports will find its way to this outlet, and by the aid of which the return cargoes from abroad will be sent up to the different parts of the country. But, owing to the delays in the beginning of this great work (for which we are unfortunately indebted, in a great measure, to the useless agitation raised, and fostered by the opponents of Union) we cannot expect the benefits to arise from its completion to be felt by us for some years to come. Meanwhile, though the life blood of the country cannot yet circulate through this main artery; there is a tolerably direct channel to be opened in the course of a few months. The Annapolis and Windsor line of railway will give a speedy mode of transit through the western portion of Nova Scotia, across to Portland, and thence, as now, *via* the Grand Trunk to Montreal; and, as it is intended to cross the Bay by means of fast Clyde-built steamships, we should reach the shores of Maine in, at most, twenty hours. Nor is this line likely to serve only a temporary purpose; else the Company, undertaking the construction and maintenance of it, would have little encouragement to carry out the enterprise so thoroughly as they are doing. Even after the Intercolonial is in full working order, we anticipate ample employment for the Annapolis and Windsor Railway, in transmitting to this market the produce of our western counties, and in serving as a quick and pleasant method of making the journey to our Upper Provinces; nor shall we be surprised to see United States mails and passengers, bound to and from Europe, using that line in order to make this a final starting point; in the way that Queenstown is used for like purposes, at the other end of the ocean track. But, to secure this, we must be prudent enough to see established before long, between this and England, a line of really first-class Atlantic steamships. Even supposing New York to be the ultimate destination of the traveller, he could save about a day by leaving the ocean ship here, and proceeding *via* Annapolis and Portland to his journey's end. And the New England States would economise much more time by following this course.

We are rather looking this evening at the benefits to accrue to Halifax as a port, from this Province having become a portion of the Dominion of Canada; but to the thoughtful mind will be at once suggested the long future of prosperity opened up to our agricultural, mining, and fishing population; and how, with their interests, thus inseparably bound together, reciprocal advantages must spring up, and grow year by year throughout the whole of the British North American Provinces.

In this trio we have placed our agriculturists first; as it is the landowner, and the farmer, with his axe to clear the forest, and his plough to turn up the fertile soil, who always must be the foundation of his country's riches. In too many instances he may not gather the direct reward of his labours, in filling his own purse with money for luxuries; but while, at least, he can live in ease and comfort, build his own house, eat his own bread and meat, and wear his own homespun, he enjoys an enviable lot; and without the first movement of his hand, commerce would languish, and ships lie idle for want of freight, while no market would exist for the measures of our mines, and our manufactured metals, and other products of industry. But, with our farmers realising good prices for their crops, their well-fattened stock, their butter and cheese, and home-made cloth, we rejoice to see our mines in full operation; here the useful coal turned out from the exhaustless pit, man's greatest helper in these busy days; and there the precious gold dug from its rocky bed, or washed from the sparkling sand, leaving some of its richness in every hand that touches it in honest labour. And with our increasing towns, our toiling fishermen will find a more ready sale for the fruit of their weary days and nights; though we fear a sad mistake has been made hitherto by too many of our coast inhabitants, in trusting to the fishery altogether for a living. There seems to be a fascination about the treacherous ocean, which lures men, often to disappointment, and poverty. Were it not so, we think but few would follow the sailor's or the fisherman's calling, while enough dry land remained to put a foot on. We trust a dearly bought experience may induce many of those dwelling by the shore, to turn their eyes inland; and even at the risk of a short journey from their former homes, to put a spade in the ground, rather than a net in the sea.

Now that the voice of faction is dying away among us, our future prosperity is guaranteed by our natural position in the path of trade; by our soil yielding by ordinary energy the comforts (and many of the luxuries) of life; by our rich inheritance of mineral wealth, waiting only the due application of skill and capital to increase enormously in value; by a climate, which by the thoughtless was too long foolishly abused, but which in reality is superior to most, and so ordered that one month will promote vegetation as rapidly as two months in Central Europe; and lastly, after these gifts, which a bountiful Creator has freely bestowed, a prosperous future is now assured to us by a form of Government which gives more freedom to us, and our fellow-countrymen of Canada, than any other Government can afford to its people. Our chief duty, as members of a free community, is to be always vigilant to keep this liberty intact.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need obtain no further for the required aid.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

MISPLACED CONFIDENCE.—On Saturday last Mr. Emanuel White, a resident of Mt. Bridges, township of Carradock, Middlesex county, Ontario, arrived at Detroit, and was received with open arms by his wife, who had preceded him a few weeks and was stopping at the Western Hotel. Soon after his arrival, Mr. White placed his money, amounting to $600 in gold and bills, in the possession of his better half for safe keeping. Not long afterward, she was missing, and on inquiry, it was ascertained that she had left the hotel, carrying a valise, and dressed as if for a journey. This design she has undoubtedly carried out, for she is not to be found, and Mr. White has placed a description of her personal appearance, dress, &c., in the hands of the police, and appended thereto an offer of a reward of $50 for the return of funds and wife.

THE MILD WINTER IN EUROPE.—Mr. Frank Buckland writes in *Land and Water*: "I cannot conceive what is coming to the weather. I suppose the clerk thereof is indisposed, and cannot attend to his work. Warm Januaries like the present are by no means desirable. During the present month the temperature has been unusually high. The thermometer marked at Vienna, on the 7th of December, 15 6 centigrade (60 Fahrenheit) above zero. So high a temperature at this period of the year has not been observed in that city since 1775. Warm Januaries have, however, occurred before. We read that the January of 1862 was as warm as the middle of May or June, so that a fast was proclaimed, and prayers read in the churches for more seasonable weather. Apples were growing at the time. My own opinion is that the Gulf Stream has got into a kink (as the sailors say) somewhere."

FATAL ASSAULT.—On Tuesday evening of last week, Patrick Whalen, a farmer of the township of Longhboro, interposed in a squabble between three men at Inverary, on behalf of one of the combatants who was being unmercifully beaten. As a reward for his interference, he was struck by one of the other fellows a heavy blow with a slung shot on the head, from the effects of which he died on Monday morning last. Though the assault was of a most aggravated nature no steps were taken, up to the hour of Whalen's death, by either his friends or those of the other injured party to secure the arrest of the assailants. On Monday word was brought to the city of the fatal result of the affray, and Detective McAuley left at once for Inverary to make the proper arrests. Yesterday morning Dr. Dunlop, who attended Whalen throughout his illness, opened an inquest on the body, the result of which we have not heard. The deceased was a man of much property, quiet and inoffensive, and very generally respected.—*Kingston Whig, February 17th.*

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND, [Post Office Block,]
Have just received
Bow Bells, London Society,
Good Words for the Young,
Chambers's Journal, &c.
Godey for March, Demorest for March, Budget of Fashion, Harper's Bazar, Chimney Corner, Boston Pilot, Sporting Times, Ledger, &c., &c.
"Captain Jinks" Song Book, 1 cent each.
Ottawa, February 17, 1869.

BOOKS, BOOKS.—J. DURIE & SON have received Essays on English Writers, by the author of the Gentle Life; The Words of Wellington, (Bayard Series); Rassela's Prince of Abyssinia, by Samuel Johnson, [new edition, Bayard Series; Whittaker's Almanac, 1869; the Statesman's Year Book, 1869; Molesworth's Engineer's Pocket Companion.
Latest English editions of Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography.
Isaac Pitman's Phonographic Teacher.
Isaac Pitman's Reader.
The Best Books published on Phonography.
Chambers's Encyclopedia, 10 vols., ½ calf.
Chambers's Papers for the People, 4 vols.
Chambers's Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols.
Chambers's Journal, 1868, bound.
For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.
The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his
FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call dly solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for
COAL OIL,
they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the
BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's
HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.
C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.
THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY,
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*,
A complete assortment of
PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS
STATIONERY.
AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indellible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Proteotors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—
Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE,
And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:
FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,
Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)
N.B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
ARE CLEARING OUT
the following goods previous to stock-taking at

HORROCKS'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,
3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,
From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS
In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES
In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,
In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,
In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,
PLAIN AND FANCY,
Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,
CANADIAN & ENGLISH,
A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,
BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,
Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,
at reduced prices.

VELVETS,
MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,
In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,
Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,
Wholesale and Retail.
20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,
HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,
GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.
CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.
CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
The Tea Pot, Ottawa
Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

SKIRTINGS,

FLANNELS,
PLAIN AND FANCY,
Best and Cheapest in the city.

ON SALE,
GOODERHAM & WORTS'
RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.
The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN
AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES
&c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
—LIKEWISE,—
A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.
TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.
PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.
ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.
50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.
200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.
SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.
PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.
ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.
100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.
LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.
10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.
TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.
COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.
TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin-foil and plug.
A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.
For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

TENDERS.

TENDERS
will be received by the undersigned, up to
Twelve O'Clock, Noon, on
Wednesday, the 3rd day of March, Next
FOR THE
ERECTION OF A REGISTRY OFFICE
In the Town of Pembroke.

The building to be completed on or before the first day of November, 1869.

Each tender must be accompanied with the names of two good and sufficient sureties for the due performance of the work.

The undersigned do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or other tender unless otherwise satisfactory.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Andrew Irving, Esq., Registrar, Pembroke.

ARCHIBALD FOSTER,
Chairman;
S. G. SYMS,
T. M. CARSWELL,
Building Committee.
Pembroke, January 28, 1869. 963-1-6wd

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No. 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also, the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to
PATRICK HERBERT,
4tf Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

NOTICE.—Tenders will be received by the Trustees of School Section No. 7, Township of Fitzroy, until the 24th day of FEBRUARY, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, for the Carpenter work and Plastering of School House in said section.

Specification to be seen at Robert Walker's.

Dated 6th February, 1869.

ROBERT WALKER,
SAMUEL STEVENSON,
JOHN BAIRD,
Trustees.
974-1-8-2

NEW GROCERY STORE.

Esther-street, (continuation of Bank-street), opposite the first public well.

JOHN COOK announces to his neighbours, farmers and others that he always keeps on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, of the best description, which he will sell at as low rates as they can be bought in any of the large city stores.

Also, on hand, LIQUORS of the finest brands.

JOHN COOK,
947-1-2-3m Proprietor

FOR SALE.—That well-known place, situated on the side of the Richmond Road, 4½ miles from the city. There is over two acres of land, with two dwellings and outhouses attached. A small stream runs through the lot. Also, a well with not less than 10 feet of water in the driest season. The place is well adapted for a hotel, or any public business, as the road passes at the front of the lot, and the new railroad lately commenced, at the rear. For further particulars apply to R. PERKINS, Chaudiere. 893-1-46-3m

FOR SALE.—The north half of Lot Number Fourteen, in the tenth Range of the Township of Hull, within two miles of Chelsea, containing one hundred acres, seventy of which are wooded with good hardwood, chiefly rock maple. For further particulars apply to SERGEANT DAVIS, of the Ottawa Police
Hull, Jany 14, 1869. 947-1-24

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown..... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00
Halifax..... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown..... 30 00
Halifax..... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

LOST.

Between Daly and Sparks-sts., a LADY'S GOLD WATCH, with a small black chain. Whoever may find it, and return it to the office of the TIMES newspaper, will be liberally rewarded.
Ottawa, February 17. 977tf

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1869.

There were about a dozen small loads of produce on the market on Saturday, and a middling supply of hay. For the latter $27 were in some cases demanded, though we are not aware that more than $25 was paid.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	60 0	@	0 64
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs.	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 0	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 28	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 25
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	22 00	@	25 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOME.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

WINFIELD—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE. To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake. G. CHENY, Manager, Canadian Express Company.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. RIED.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality. —Brantford *Courier.*

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. DROLET.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY. 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Some Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 5ec, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fin Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

JOSEPH MOONEY, Russell House Block.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS, Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers,*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON, Sign of the Golden Lyre, No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's 944tf

Tenders.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are now prepared to receive TENDERS for THREE FURTHER SECTIONS of the line.

Section No 5 will be in the Province of Quebec and will extend from Forty miles East of Riviere du Loup, at the end of Contract No. 2, to the Sixty-sixth Mile Post, near Rimouski, a distance of about Twenty-six miles.

Section No. 6 will be in the Province of New Brunswick and will extend from the Easterly end of Contract No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the Main Post Road near the 48th Mile Post, Easterly from Jacquet River, about Twenty-one miles.

Section No. 7 will be in the Province of Nova Scotia and will extend from the Southerly end of Contract No. 4, near River Phillip, to Station Fifty at Folly Lake, about Twenty-four miles.

Plans and profiles with specifications and terms of contract will be exhibited at the office of the Board of Works, Toronto, and at the offices of the Commissioners at Ottawa, Rimouski, Dalhousie, St. John, and Halifax, on and after the FIFTH day of MARCH, 1869, and SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tender," will be received at their office in Ottawa up to SEVEN o'clock, p.m., on the TWENTY-NINTH day of MARCH, 1869.

Intercolonial Railway Office, Ottawa, 11th February, 1869.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
W. F. COFFIN,
976a-3d Commissioners.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE, WITH GARDEN, TO LET, FROM 1st MAY.

The present Residence of DOCTOR WILSON, Sen., Stewart-st. Rent, £55.

Apply to ALLAN POYNTZ PATRICK, 975-4 Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's Office

FOR SALE.

That Splendid STONE BUILDING, situated in the very centre of the VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM, formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the "ONTARIO HOUSE," combining all the advantages of a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON, Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT, Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.
Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

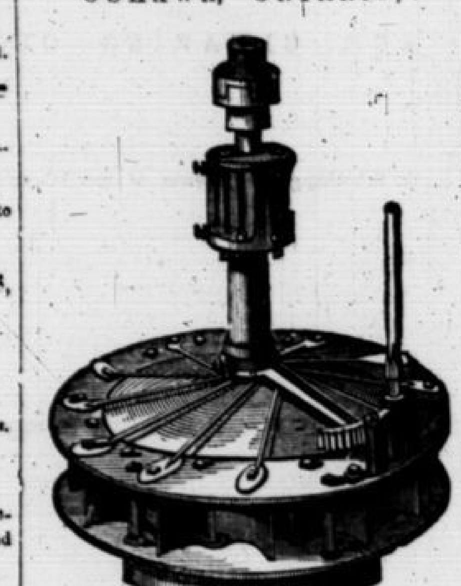
VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of great value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa. Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION! BOTH COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, AT W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery. Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 533y

JOSEPH HALL MACHINE WORKS, ESTABLISHED 1851, JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO. PROPRIETORS OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President, 959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

CHANCERY SALE OF REAL ESTATE, IN THE VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October, 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, comprising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK, Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto. Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.

989-1awtd Signed, A. N. BUELL.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

DOG LOST.

A Prince Charles Cocker Dog, Black, with Brown Paws and Muzzle, which answers to the name of "Charlie," was lost last Monday night. He had on a Leather Collar, bound with Brass, when he disappeared. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the dog to the Grand Trunk Agency Office, Russell House Block. Any person found harbouring the same after this notice will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 973a

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks				
80 do	Single width plain Wincey		5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey		7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey		7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines		7		1 3
70 do	do Poplin		7½		1 0
150 do	do Cobourg		7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods		9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps	1	6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1	6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2			
200 do	Black Empress Rep only		10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Albertcena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen ... 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

126 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for	6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars	6½d
165 do Good Prints	4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's	6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns	8 d

CLOTHS.

	s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces Waterproof	3 9		
80 do Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100 do Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100 do Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS, Witneys, Mantle Cloths, *BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,* at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED, Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only	2 6		
200 White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9		
500 Under Shirts, only	3 3		
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth	8 9
Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.			
500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting	3	worth	5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1	do	3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice			

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50	OVERCOATS.
4.00	heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up	PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25	VESTS.
$8.00	Black Broadcloth FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART, AND COMMISSION SALE ROOMS, HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY, OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS, INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which one notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,* House, Land and General Agent.
75-y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR, PORK, OATMEAL, &c. ALSO ON HAND, 2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO., Forwarders and Commission Merchants, Canal Basin

Wants.

WANTED.

A Female Teacher for the Junior Department of the Arnprior Common School, holding a second-class certificate. Applications will be received up to the 18th day of FEBY., 1869.

JAS. G. CRANSTON, M.D., Chairman.
GEO. CRAIG, Secretary.
974-

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 834.3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. 969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa. R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by D. W. COWARD & CO., Commission Merchants, 912.3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,

E. PARENT, Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State, Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD, Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills, H. of Commons.
Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office. Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c, Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa. J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa. WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 399tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq, M. D., M. P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st, corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL, DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL: REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

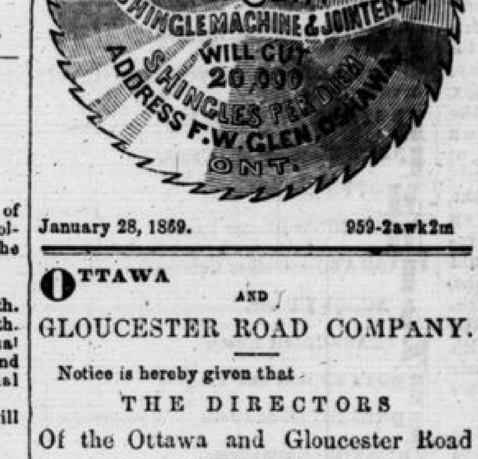
MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS OF THE CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME, *FROM MONTREAL,* respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their *Educational Establishment in Ottawa.*

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIORESS, 863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that THE DIRECTORS Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further CALL OF TEN PER CENT. on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on *Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.*

By order, W. H. FALLS, Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

100,000 FEET OF SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER *For Sale in this city.*

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of *OAK, MAPLE, ELM, BIRCH & ASH, PLANK & SCANTLING,* of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.

Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.

WALTON SMITH.
Ottawa, February 3, 1869. 979tf

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY, (formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations of the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT, *Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.*

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*
Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10 a m
Night do do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at	8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7.00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at via Vermont Central.	3:30 p m
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1 1868.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gents' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

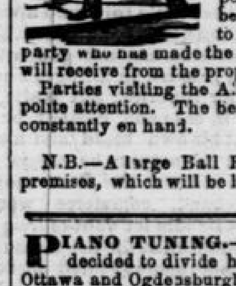
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY, PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS, *AND PAPER HANGERS,* Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829 6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure. B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER! Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON, AGENT, Desbarats' Block Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance, JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H Gray, M P, has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY;

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS, CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER, AT THE OLD STAND, No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET, AND AT THE WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET, Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE! AT THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN, PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS, *IRON, COAL,* SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE, NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS, and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be had in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood, from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS., By appointment BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930 3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT,
930b JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. The preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 1y

GEO. MAYES, COPPER PLATE PRINTER, *Bank Street, Centre Town,* Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX ROBERTSON, Editor

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 981. —OTTAWA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.

☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

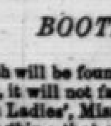
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a arge stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4297 GEORGE MURPHY

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Winceys, Cottons, Prints, &c., Black Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Meltons, Tweeds, &c.

We have also on han a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

887y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. MARK.

A.

& Co.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA nd COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Pound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

—Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan, says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It s used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.

78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

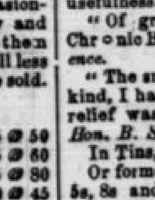
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy endered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED

☞ ROCK OIL, ☜

Just received at the

OIL DEPOT,

73

SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,

BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.

Chimnies,

Wicks, and

Larterns.

D. R. LEAVENS,

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.

☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.

CITY

HOOP SKIRT

FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 968d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery,

China, and

Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

☞ Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,

General Agent.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

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PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,

C. C. Rly.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

CAPITAL - - - - $100,000.

Incorporated under Act 21 Vic., Capt. LXVII.

Tenders will be received until FIRST MARCH, 1869, for the construction of the first section of the Company's line, being from Ottawa to Montreal.

The Tenders to name a rate per mile for the erection of 32 Poles to the mile, with two wires.

The Directors reserve the right to supply the Wire, and do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

Any further information can be obtained from the undersigned

DIRECTORS:

S. B. FOOTE,

Chairman.

A. JOSEPH,

Treasurer.

D. C. THOMSON.

February 15, 1869. 979-6

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578v

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile of* "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

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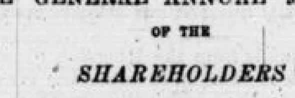
UPPER OTTAWA



STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS

FOR

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

AND

Transaction of General Business,

will be held at the office of

R. W. CRUICE, SPARKS-STREET,

in this city, on

Wednesday, 3rd day of March next,

at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

By order,

R. W. CRUICE,

Secretary.

Ottawa, Feby. 17, 1869. 976td

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

Public notice is hereby given, that on TUESDAY, the 16th day of MARCH next, at noon, at Gowan's Hall, Sparks-street, will be sold, or let on lease, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, to the highest bidder, the following Lots and Pieces of Land, in Ottawa, and the Township of Nepean:

To Let or Lease, for a term of twenty-one years, Four Wharf Lots on the north east side of the Rideau Canal to the south of Sappers' Bridge, Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12.

To be sold, the following sub-Lots lying east of the Rideau Canal, in Lot F, Concession D, Nepean: Nos. 2, 17, 18, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31 and broken sub-Lots 32 and 33.

On the north of the Rideau Canal, being part of Lot K, Concession C, Nepean, sub-Lots 34, 35, 36, and of Lot K, Concession B, sub-Lots 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, Gore of Gloucester, Hogsback, front of Lot 21, sub-Lots 69, 70, 71.

Also in the City of Ottawa, on the south side of Maria-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57; and on the north side of Gloucester-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, and on the south side of Gloucester-street, pieces of land, numbered 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56 and 57, and letter A.

Terms of sale—Ten per cent. cash, and the balance in nine equal annual instalments, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. on unpaid amounts.

Plans to be seen at the Ordnance Lands Office, of this Department. Further conditions at time of sale.

By order.

E. PARENT,

Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,

Ordnance Lands Agent.

Ottawa, February 18th, 1869. 979-3awtd

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,

Improved Perfumed Distributors,

&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

RED RIVER.

The *Nor'-Wester*, of the 29th ult., says the work on the Government road is being prosecuted briskly, and the line has been laid down for several miles beyond Broken Head river, and a portion cleared and opened, so far, we hear, presents a very fine appearance, and a permanent highway will reflect the highest credit upon the gentlemen in charge of the construction. We cannot, indeed, too highly commend the zeal and carefulness and economy on this most important work, by the two gentlemen, Messrs. Snow and Mair, to whom the various duties of the construction have been assigned by the Canadian Government. Each is thoroughly competent to his work, and both born Canadians with definite opinions, are keenly alive to the interests of this great country and its manifest importance to the New Dominion. It may be that some parties, who contemplated netting an exceedingly handsome profit out of the transaction with the Canadian representatives here, are disappointed; but efficiency and economy, in an important public work, are not every day conjoined; and when the temptations and opportunities to do otherwise are numerous, these qualities have a more than ordinary value.

The people of Manitobah have recently held their fifteenth annual election of officers, and, to their own credit, it was conducted in an orderly and respectable manner, and the choice of the people in this case was almost unanimous. To properly understand the following extracts from the official minutes of that meeting, it is necessary to keep in view the fact that in their system of government, which is thoroughly democratic, all local regulations are made at these annual meetings. These councillors, who are also magistrates, decide all legal causes, and appoint all subordinate officers; sit in council only on trivial matters, and are compelled by the local code to call a general meeting when any action of importance is to be taken. The cause for reducing the number of councillors does not appear from the minutes, but, as the action was unanimous, no doubt good reason existed. From Mr. F. H. Burr, the clerk of the late, and also of the present council, we have received the following extracts from the official minutes of the meeting:—"At the annual public meeting, on the 7th January, at the Portage la Prairie section of the district of Manitobah, to elect a council for the year 1869, it was then unanimously resolved that three (only) magistrates be elected, and that they shall form the council. It was then unanimously resolved that in every civil action tried before a magistrate, or before the council, either party is entitled to a jury. It was then resolved to proceed to the election of officers, and in the ordinary method of ballot, Messrs. W. Cummings, F. A. Bird, and Charles Curtis, having received a majority of votes, were elected councillors, and the election having been declared, the parties were duly sworn in.

Now that the "catch" of the early winter is coming in, we can form some idea of what the yield of furs is likely to be for the winter. It would appear that, from perhaps the excessive "catch" of last year, mink are not likely to yield over one half of their usual numbers. The lynx is caught in far less numbers than last year. The yield of otters, beavers, martens, rats, fishers, and foxes, will be about the same as that of last winter. While the number of skins of that pretty but odorous animal, the skunk, will be largely in excess of last year. The buffalo—erratic always—seem to have almost entirely deserted us, and the Crows, Black Feet and Pegans, to have enjoyed almost a monopoly of their skins, but the latest reports bring the welcome tidings of their continued movement in our direction, so that we safely predict for the spring trade a still large, if decreased supply.

THE RISE OF THE MANITOBAH GOVERNMENT.

From the Nor'-Wester.

Seventeen years ago there lived and laboured, in the Red River Settlement, one of the most zealous, one of the most pious, and one of the most persevering of the missionaries which graced the roll call of the Church Mission Society. This man, the Rev. Mr. Cochrane, adding to a vigourous frame, the powers of a cultivated and observing intellect, quickly reached a point of influence among our working people scarcely ever before or since attained. "Not content with a pastoral charge in the spiritual sense only, he exerted himself to improve their physical condition, and not satisfied with his influence of pulpit and family circles, he extended it to their manual labour, and might have often been seen taking the plough from the unskilled hands of some convert Indian who had yet to learn the advantages of a civilized state of existence. This rev. gentleman, as his influence increased, was made an archdeacon of the church, and as years advanced he rose to the dignity of a patriarch among the people. In the early cases of resistance of the oppression of the Hudson Bay Company, he always took the side of his flock, and met the attempts to make them utterly dependant on the company with as vigourous a resolve to free them from all oppression. His action on this latter motive resulted in the establishment, in 1852, of what was then known as the Portage la Prairie settlement. A considerable tract of land was bought from the Indians, churches and a parsonage were built, and soon a large portion of the soil was brought under cultivation. Free trade, with its attendant benefits, then began, and soon there passed away forever that want of a market for produce which has been before complained of.

It is proper to say that the exodus of the Venerable Archdeacon and his people was opposed even with the threats of violence, by the Governor of the colony, and that, when all coercive measures failed, this Hudson Bay Pharaoh informed them, that they should not receive the slightest help in case of Indian attacks. Under such disadvantageous circumstances did the present colony of Manitobah take its rise, but the example of the archdeacon, the beauty of the country, richness of its soil, and abundance of wood, caused it to be rapidly filled up along the banks of the Assiniboine, and it now bids fair, in a few years, to excel in population and wealth our own colony of Assiniboine. Two years after the first settlement, in 1852, the population had so increased that in 1854 it was decided to establish the present local Government, and ever since that time, on the 7th of January of each year, the people have met for the purpose of choosing their magistrates and councillors for the year. These magistrates are duly sworn, and are to dispense justice in accordance with the common law of England, and such enactments for local contingencies as are made by the yearly meeting of the inhabitants.

Two years ago that colony was visited by a gentleman named Thos. Spence, who, being a man of intelligence, was elected a member of the council; but, being a visionary man, made use of that election to claim for the Government and for himself an amount of importance not justified by the actual condition of affairs. A despatch was sent to the Duke of Buckingham, then Secretary for the Colonies, by him, which elicited the well-known reply. Spence left people abroad under the impression that only then had this Government been instituted; that only then, and at his instigation, had the people determined to govern themselves. Disgusted, no doubt, with the failure to turn this Government into an impossible republic, Spence resigned, and since that time affairs have gone on as usual, and will, we trust, go on till the *colony* of Manitobah becomes the county of Manitobah, with a regular county organization under the New Dominion.

JACKEROO LIFE IN AUSTRALIA.

A young gentleman with £5,000 to his credit arrives in Sydney. He first goes into a station, (one of the rough-and-ready ones), to gain colonial experience, as a "jackeroo," as they are called in Queensland. We will presume that the squatter is a steady family man, (not always the case by any means), and his companions ordinarily-well conducted youngsters. He leads for twelve months a hard riding, hard living, though temperate life, exposed to all weathers and every hardship common to our veriest tramps; sees lambing, shearing, and washing, and, in the latter, learns to stand up to his waist in water for half a day at a time. (I am aware that there are many improvements in the more civilized and longer-occupied country, such as Darling Downs and many other stations further north, where "spout" washing prevails, in which the exposure is less trying; but these were the exceptions which I left twelve months ago). After this he is competent to manage a station of his own and commences searching for one. He finds one of moderate size, say two blocks, (25 square miles each) of fair sheep country, with from 12,000 to 14,000 sheep on it, and capabilities for about 30,000, with the necessary stock and fixtures viz: homestead, cattle, working bullocks, horses, out-stations, sheep-yards, &c., sold at the very moderate rate of 20s per head all round, (*i. e.*, for the sheep, including the above named extras in the price), and he buys it on the most liberal terms one-third down, one third in twelve months, and one-third in two years. It now mainly depends on the seasons whether he stands or falls. I will suppose he has a bad season, as being, for the last ten years that most generally experienced. The frost extends into the lambing, and the young grass no sooner shows its green shoots than it is withered. The sheep are consequently poor, and have no milk for their lambs, which, therefore, are rickety and unhealthy. Hundreds die soon after birth, many more from earmaking and cutting, while a large percentage of the ewes are unproductive. Say he saves 40 per cent. of the lambs; some of these fall victims to rough treatment during shearing and washing. After this there is a heavy flood, when both ewes and lambs perish from the bitter wind and incessant rain, while, not unfrequently, whole flocks are carried away by the spreading waters; or there is a long drought, during which they die off from sheer want of nourishment. The day for second payment arrives, and he cannot meet it, so he mortgages his wool. Should he have a second season like this, he has to sink his possessions to meet the final payment; then the creditors foreclose, or he is condemned to a long and weary servitude, with, probably ruin at the end of it. On the other hand, should he be successful, his first year's increase is, say 70 per cent., he has a good "clip" of wool, and it brings him a good price. He pays the second instalment with ease, has a good balance in hand for living expenses and improvements, and, should he be equally fortunate the second season, pays the last portion, and comes off with flying colours, having fully trebled his original capital. Many will say that these are extreme cases; and yet they have both come more than once within my few years' experience, and it seems hardly probable that what so presented itself should be exceptional. In fact, squatting, to my mind, is like a game of "hazard"—the weather stands for your dice, differing only in this, it will not admit of being cogged. If a man goes out without money or influential friends, the probability is, that after staking his health and worldly prospects on the cast, he is condemned to work for many years on a salary commencing at £50 and rising to £300 a year, with the hope that by the time he is between thirty and forty, (provided he escapes fever and ague, and rheumatism), he may have saved a few hundred pounds to speculate with, but this only with great self-denial and rigid economy. But while saying so much that is detrimental to Australia, it must not be understood to be without its redeeming points. During my stay there, and while roughing it with the best of them, I met much kindness, and never had a day's ill health, except what was caused by accidents—falls from horses principally. I suffered, as did others also, from the sameness of diet, which caused small scratches to become most objectionable wounds, and other inconveniences caused by the too great heat of blood. But the life is very exciting, and the freedom from restraint has a strange charm, that even while writing with the view to deterring others from entering on it, exerts its full power. The men are generally rough, but inclined to make the best of everything and everybody, excepting, of course, the grumblers, which will be found in every society, but are less frequently met with in bush life than elsewhere, I think. Besides this, I have heard English hunting men who have emigrated say that a good cattle-chase beats our English fox-hunting hollow.

ENGLISH NEWS.

—Earl Spencer's first *levee*, at Dublin Castle, was a grand affair, and was very largely attended.

—The Archbishop of Canterbury, (Dr. Tait,) was enthroned Primate of all England, Metropolitan, and 92nd Archbishop, on the 4th inst.

—Prince Leopold, the Queen's eighth child, was confirmed on the 30th ult., by the Archbishop of Canterbury, at Whippington church.

—In the Court of Exchequer Mr. Charles Bradleigh was indicted for publishing a libelous newspaper, and was fined £140 and costs.

—Mr. Milner Gibson has declined to contest Norwich. No liberal candidate has yet been selected; but Mr. Sergeant Parry is named as a possible candidate.

—The Prince and Princess of Wales arrived at Alexandria on the morning of the 2nd inst. They proceeded at once to Cairo, where they would be the guest of His Highness the Viceroy of Egypt.

—The *Gazette* announces that the Queen has issued a *conge d'elire* to the Dean and Chapter of Lincoln for the election of a bishop to the vacant See. Mr. H. A. Bruce is gazetted an Ecclesiastical Commissioner for England.

—Her Majesty is at Osborne House. Among the recent guests have been the Prince and Princess Teck, the Archbishop of Canterbury, Earl Grenville, (Colonial Secretary), and Mr. Reverdy Johnson.

—The *Tablet* points out that a rumour, which has appeared in some papers, that the Marquis of Bute is about to enter the Romish priesthood, cannot be true, inasmuch as no man can be made a priest at the age of twenty-one.

—The Indian papers bring the unwelcome news that the famine, so long dreaded, is spreading fast in largely populated districts. The Government is making great efforts to deal with the distress inevitably occasioned, and to ward off its worst consequences.

—The memorial presented to the Queen, by the Irish bishops, praying that the Irish church may be permitted to meet in convocation, has been published, together with the reply of the Government. The memorialists state that they make the request more urgently at the present instant, "seeing that measures are pending which must nearly affect the welfare of this church, on which, while yet in debate, it seems only just that the bishops and clergy should be able, in a regular and constitutional manner, to deliberate and express their judgment." Mr. Bruce, in reply, informs the Archbishop of Armagh that "Her Majesty's Government, after mature consideration of the memorial, do not feel justified in advising Her Majesty to accede to its prayer."

The remains of John Wilkes Booth, the assassin of President Lincoln, has been given up to his friends. The body was contained in a plain pine box, two Government blankets being wrapped about the person. The original box, which was much decayed, having been rotted by dampness, was exchanged for a plain coffin. The remains were taken to Baltimore as secretly as possible, and deposited at the wareroom of Mr. Weaver. It became noised about that his body was here, and at an early hour on Tuesday crowds of people began to assemble, all anxious to get a glimpse of the last mortal remains of the assassin. All were denied admission, however, until about 3 p. m., when the box was again opened and the body, or rather skeleton, was transferred to a splendid metallic coffin. There was but little remains left, the flesh having all disappeared, leaving nought but a mass of blackened bones. Upon one foot was an old army shoe, and upon the other a boot, cut open upon the top. This covered the left boot, the leg having been broken in his leap from the stage-box of the theatre, after he had assassinated President Lincoln. The remainder of his dress consisted of a rough brown coat, black pants and vest, all of which were rotten and decayed. The hair all remained, and the silken curls of glossy black reminded one of the handsome face which people once so much admired; but the intelligent face was gone. During the afternoon hundreds of people visited the place, and some were allowed to view the remains. After a short time it was found that the curious crowds had cut the blankets almost to pieces to get souvenirs. Many persons also visited the Baltimore cemetery during the day, believing the interment would be made there, but came away disappointed. A disposition was evinced to get up a demonstration; but the relatives of Booth bitterly opposed anything of the sort.

ANECDOTE OF THEODORE HOOK.—At a certain printing office where a work of this celebrated humourist was being printed, there was an old compositor who went by the nickname of "Twaddle." In completing a sheet of one of Mr. Hook's novels, the copy was given out in small "takes," or portions, to each one of which the compositor's name was, as usual, appended. When the proof was sent out to the author, there appeared a little line drawn down the margin of a certain page with the word "Twaddle" at the side. Mr. Hook received his proof, read it, and brought it back to the office, with the remark "though he was not above criticism, he did not think the reader was quite the man to make it." The overseer sent for the reader, who explained the circumstance to the novelist. Mr. Hook heard him patiently, but was by no means satisfied with the explanation offered. "It is very ingenious of you, Mr. Reader," said he, "to explain away the matter in that fashion. I have read the passage over and over again, and though it certainly was not very brilliant, I do not think it deserves to be called twaddle." The reader protested, and assured him that the man was so called in the office, and offered to send for him to confirm his assertion. But Theodore Hook would not be convinced. "Well, well," he observed, "I shall say no more about it, but don't let it occur again. Twaddle, indeed!"

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Publications—Jones & Holland.
Auction Sale of Furniture—H. McLean.
St. Patrick's Church—J. McCarron.
Brick Houses for Sale—Robert Surtees.
House to Let— do.

The Ottawa Times

Office 38, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

THE Hon. Mr. ROSE left yesterday for Washington, in the discharge of his duties as British Commissioner, for the settlement of the boundary question between Great Britain and the United States, on the Pacific Coast. He will probably be absent for a couple of weeks.

Mr. AQUILA WALSH, M.P., Chairman of the Intercolonial Railway Board, is expected here to-day.

WE understand that Messrs. HORSEY & Co. have declined to enter into the contract for the building of the first section of the Intercolonial Railway, which was awarded to them, their tender having been the lowest.

Under these circumstances it is not improbable that Messrs. WORTHINGTON, who, if we mistake not, were the next lowest, will also receive the contract for this portion of the road. Messrs. HORSEY & Co. we understand discovered some error in their calculations, such as to impress them with the idea that they had better not undertake the work.

We do not presume that the Commissioners will hold these gentlemen to their tender. In fact we do not believe that the country expects any firm to be held to what it may consider a ruinous bargain. All that the people look for is, that if the bargain is entered into it should be fulfilled to the letter. This we believe the Commissioners will exact, but we do not suppose that they will hold a firm to an offer which subsequent investigation may have shewn to be unprofitable or utterly ruinous. It is only after the contracts are signed that the public expect their conditions to be fulfilled. We are sure that the public do not desire that any firm should enter into an unprofitable bargain; but the bargain, whether unprofitable, or otherwise, being once agreed upon, it is very certain that its conditions will be rigidly exacted. We presume that such considerations will govern the Commissioners in their dealings with the Contractors; and, therefore, we infer that if, otherwise unobjectionable, the next lowest tenderers will be offered the section which we have reason to believe that Messrs. HORSEY & Co. have declined.

SURELY it was an indication of progress to have had P. A. EGLESON, senr., Esq., and LYMAN PERKINS, Esq., take the lead in the water works movement the other day. Our citizens cannot have forgotten that these gentlemen, the latter especially, formerly held views diametrically opposed to the construction of water works; and, therefore, the resolution, framed doubtless by Mr. EGLESON himself, which was adopted at the public meeting, is a proof of the rapidity with which ideas of progress are making headway among our old and respected settlers.

The resolution itself was in every way creditable to Mr. EGLESON'S judgment. Carefully framed with a view to guard against future extravagance; extremely liberal towards the scientific men who might see fit to compete for the premium; and above all, recognising the supreme necessity of the city that water works should be constructed at all hazards, we regard it as expressing all that could reasonably have been expected from such an assemblage of citizens.

And while we give Mr. EGLESON due credit for having assumed the responsibility of pledging the citizens of Ottawa to the construction of water works, we cannot withhold our meed of praise from Mr. PERKINS, who from being, but a year ago the inveterate opponent of water works has now become their most strenuous advocate!

It is perhaps somewhat unfortunate that the premium system recommended by these gentlemen has not been successful in other cities where it has been tried. We know that Hamilton and Toronto spent a good deal of money for premiums, that they spent a good deal more in finding out which was the best plan; and finally that after all the money they had spent in this way they found it to be decidedly to their interest to abandon the premium plan and engage a competent Engineer. If Ottawa desires any such experience on its own account, we believe, as the phrase goes, that "the coast is clear" for it, but it will act more wisely, we think, if it adopts the plan which the cities we have named followed *after* their experience in the premium business. But whatever may be done, we trust will be done well; and we think that as our corporation have been elected with the full confidence of the citizens, the members should not shrink from their obvious duty in the matter of water works.

If anything were needed to strengthen the backbone of timorous aldermen, it might be found in the fact that Messrs. EGLESON and PERKINS took the lead in inaugurating the new movement for water works. With these gentlemen on their side, members of the corporation need not fear to face their constituents, and we heartily rejoice that a movement in the success of which we at first entertained some serious doubts, was fortunate enough to obtain such influential advocates. Having once put their hands to the plough, we are confident these gentlemen will not turn back until the good work is completed. And it needed the influence of a few such men to make the scheme popular with all classes of our citizens.

SINCE the *Globe* has given us credit for maltreating its correspondent we intend, as we said before, to treat that gentleman in about the same way as other journalists. After the *stern* rebuke he received the other day, we thought he would have carried himself with becoming modesty; but we see by the *Globe* that he was able on Friday to telegraph what the official *Gazette* of Saturday would contain. It is true his information was not of much value, but it might have been, and the question we desire to direct attention to is this: Whether those who by accident or arrangement may be charged with the printing of the QUEEN'S *Gazette* have the privilege of communicating its contents, beforehand, to Mr. HUBERTUS? And if to HUBERTUS, whether it extends to anybody else?

We don't go round the printing offices of the city reading "galleys" and *sponging* information; but if it is really the case that the official *Gazette* is a privileged publication whose contents are only to be made known to the public when the *Gazette* itself is published, we wish to know it.

Surely the QUEEN'S PRINTER ought to be able to keep his own secrets until they reach the public in a legitimate fashion. If not; and if on the contrary he makes himself serviceable to Mr. HUBERTUS, then all we have to say is that we shall take upon ourselves the trouble of letting the public know it. The *Globe's* man has figured a good deal about Ottawa; we have been very chary in our allusions to him, because the matters whereof, in his connection, we might have treated belonged, as we stupidly thought, to the domain of private affairs. However, the *Globe* has seen fit to accuse us of doing every naughty thing against its "special" pet, and we have, accordingly, taken off our gloves, and mean to treat him henceforth according to his deserts.

The question we have to propound to-day is: How did Mr. HUBERTUS, on Friday, come to know what the official *Gazette* of Saturday would contain? When this question is answered to our satisfaction, we shall have a few more to propound. But, in the meantime, let nobody make the mistake of supposing that we are not in earnest in our resolve to discharge this new duty of shewing up Mr. HUBERTUS in all his lights. He has invoked the aid of the *Globe* for our crime of having treated him like a gentleman; he has *lied* by telegraph to almost every paper in the country by saying that our (to him) too favourable police report was "libellous;" and we wish now, *sans ceremonie*, to deal with this man just exactly as he deserves.

If, then, he is to be permitted to prowl round "proof galleys;" if he is to be permitted to "pump" leaky printers; if he is to be allowed to know beforehand what every Saturday's *Gazette* will contain, we expect to "know the reason why." There are a great many things about which we concern ourselves very little; but those little matters that we *do* take an interest in, we have an ugly fashion of probing to the bottom; and we certainly do mean to find out whether the QUEEN'S PRINTER, or Mr. HUBERTUS, is the legitimate custodian of Government secrets. When this problem is solved to our satisfaction, we shall probably have another to propose.

MONTREAL AND OTTAWA ROAD COMPANY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—In your issue of the 20th inst. I notice a series of charges made against the Montreal and Ottawa Macadamized Road Company, over the signature "Observer." The first charge is that the company, contrary to the custom adopted by other macadamized road companies, charges full toll in the winter season, as they do in the summer—that charge is false and untrue. The next charge made is "for the last ten or twelve days consecutively, and several other times during this winter, the road in question has been all but impassable, and for this luxury the public is compelled to pay full toll:" this latter statement of "Observer" is also untrue. The advice given to the directors as to ploughing the road, as "Observer" says, for their own good, they may possibly take that into their consideration at their convenience. And as to the directors being actionable for the gross neglect of duty on their part, if such action should take place, it is to be hoped that "Observer" will not be appointed judge to decide the case.

A STOCKHOLDER.

OTTAWA, February 22nd, 1869.

STEAMBOAT COMMUNICATION WITH NOVA SCOTIA.—The Portland *Argus* learns that an English company proposes putting on an iron propeller between Portland and Annapolis, N.S., to connect with a railroad to Halifax. The road will be ready by spring for travel; the passenger and freight cars will be completed at an early day. The steamer will be first-class in every respect, of 800 tons, English measurement, and will cost about forty thousand pounds sterling. This route will enable travellers to reach Halifax or Portland in fifteen hours from the time of starting, and has another advantage in being an inside route. The same company will also run a steamer between Annapolis and St. John, N.B., connecting with the same railroad. Capt. McGune, recently of the steamer *Carlotta*, has made application for the captain's position in the steamer that will run from Portland. Parties interested in the undertaking, belonging in Nova Scotia, have gone to Europe to complete arrangements.

—Montreal is to have a velocipede school.

—Mme. Patti has received from the Czar a fur wrapper which cost $16,000, gold.

—Welland village is out of debt, and has a surplus of $500 cash on hand.

—The Barrie market fees, including stalls were sold last week for $883.

—William Trent, the Newmarket absconder, left liabilities to the amount of $30,000 behind him.

—At a lecture by the Rev. Mr. Punshon, in Thorold, on Monday evening, the large sum of $1,110 was realized by the sale of tickets and subscriptions for the benefit of Victoria College.

—Counterfeits on the Bank of Montreal (Ottawa Branch) are in circulation in Montreal. They are easily detected, being pale in tint and having two impressions of the arms instead of one.

—Petrolia is beginning to revive, notwithstanding the stagnation in the oil trade. A new school is to be built there at a cost of about $2,000. The Sarnia *Canadian* says 20,000 barrels of oil were recently purchased from the refinery in Petrolia.

—We regret to learn that the storm of Sunday night last, has done a great deal of damage to the fruit trees in the district extending from Grimsby to Niagara—the finest fruit district in the Province. The peach trees have been very seriously injured.

—The Rev. W. J. Sargent, head master of the grammar school of Ingersoll, was brought before the mayor on Monday evening, and fined the sum of $5 and costs for thrashing a child by the name of Gaylor. The Hamilton *Times* says, two doctors gave evidence under oath that the boy was most fearfully bruised, and that they had often seen most serious results follow injuries less severe.

—Mr. Richard Dunn, aged about 73 years, who had been residing at an hotel in Enniskillen, under a physician's care, got up on the morning of the 13th instant, wrapped in a quilt for the purpose of arranging the stove damper, it is supposed, and must have tripped at the head of the stairs, as he went headlong to the bottom. His neck was dislocated by the fall, and life was extinct in a very few minutes.

—The English papers state that the funeral of the late Ernest Jones was one of the largest which has been seen in Manchester for some years, and was attended by the mayor of the city, Sir Elkanah Armitage, Mr. Jacob Bright, M.P., Mr. T. B. Potter, M.P., Mr. Beales, and other political associates of the deceased. The executive of the United Liberal party and of the Reform League was also represented, and a long line of private carriages brought up the rear of the procession. In a few words spoken over the grave, Mr. Beales bore high testimony to the disinterestedness and the consistency of the departed politician.

WATER WORKS—A SONG FOR THE "TIMES."

Addressed to His Worship the Mayor and Council.

BY A. CARTHORSE, ESQ.

Come ye who in the town hold sway
And you who hope to reign,
And listen to my gentle *neigh*,—
I've "water on the brain."

Don't scorn my *quadrupedal* verse—
I am no "hoss" low bred;
I'm of the *hairy-stock-racy*
Though doomed to haul a sled.

And well I may a "*tail* unfold"
With "eloquence of *Punshon*"—
Of driver cruel, stable cold,
And lack of oats for munchin'.

I've prayed the skies a *bit of rain*
To pitifully send,
But found the *bit* and bridle *rein*
Cling to me to the end.

Then came the tale of water works—
Ah! like refreshing showers—
Hydrants for casks, and reservoirs,
With other *mains* than ours.

But at the meeting called by *Mayor*
It roused my indignation
To be bro't out upon the Square
In *hoss-tile* demonstration.

I hoped the Mayor would *Friely* give
Us leave our minds to neigh,
Or City Clerk our drivers make
To *Lett* us go away.

But no! compelled against our will
Was every noble trotter,
Each like his *neigh*-bor to be still
While drivers screamed "no water!"

As mute each *horse's head* must be
As *hogs heads* on the sled,
And bear with *equine*-imity
The taunts our drivers said.

Full long in bondage we have hauled
The mild adjunct of soap,
Hamed in and *collared*, *blindered* too,
Without a *trace* of hope.

But ne'er again will we permit
By foolish driver clowns
Our *longer heads* and keener wit
Thus to be hooted down.

In gallant charge upon their *flank*—
They'll not dare say "*hold back!*"
We'll make a *breach in* on their ranks
And *run* them off the track.

He who would speak for *Ottawa*,—
E'en though but fun he pokes—
Ought to weigh well his words and say
None else but *Capital* jokes.

And it thought strange that I should *pun*
Or aim to be thought *witty*,
Know that I carry a *Punch*-on
When going round the city.

And if I hurl the *shafts* of wit
It clearly will be seen,—
I've stood—and that's the cause of it—
Full long the *shafts* between.

And strange it seems to me and all
Who don't the question shirk,
The city's got a *water fall*
But has no *water works!*

But 'tis not strange, from *running* streams
And water *soft* debarred,
That people patronise the *still*
And take to drinking *hard*.

Then build us *stable water works*
What e'er the cost be set,
And even though the city should
Be *saddled* with a debt.

For *w(h)eal* or *w(h)oe* in our be *hoof*
I've urged this long discourse,
And though I might bring further proof
I *paws*—because I'm *ho(a)rse*.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE ROADS.—We were informed by several country people yesterday that the roads generally will become good for travelling after they shall have been broken by a few days' use. The drifts do not appear to be so bad as at first represented, though the snow is deeper than they have ever before seen it.

CHILD BURNED.—We understand that on Saturday evening last, a little girl, daughter of Mr. Fink, of New Edinburgh, was badly burned by her clothes taking fire. It appears that she was up stairs at the time, and thinking she could extinguish the fire herself did not at first call for assistance, or the injury she sustained might have been less. What was its real extent we did not learn.

TURN-OUT.—Last evening about six o'clock a "Captain Busbie," who had been enjoying the fine afternoon sleigh driving, had the misfortune to be "spilt" while driving down the road beside the canal locks. His fair companion appeared rather the worse for her unceremonious turn-out, but she got on her feet in an instant. The horse made a few bounds and was brought to a stand still by getting out of his depth in deep snow. With the assistance of a few friends the gallant officer was righted and sent on his way rejoicing.

ROOFS GIVING WAY UNDER THE WEIGHT OF SNOW.—Yesterday morning about 9 o'clock the roof of a stable belonging to Mr. Robert Elliott, of the Commercial hotel, York-st., fell in. We learn that at the time a man was on the roof shovelling off the snow. It appears that the roof fell through the floor of the hay loft. There were at the time two horses in the stable, both of them escaping uninjured. One got out, and the other stood in a corner where he was safe from harm. We heard of another roof of a barn or shed falling in on Nicholas-st. These things should teach people to build such places stronger, and remove the snow immediately after each storm. This remark should apply to all buildings.

CONCERT IN THE RIFLE BRIGADE SCHOOL-ROOM.—On Friday evening a concert, together with humourous readings, was given by the glee class of the above corps, under the direction of Mr. Foster, the schoolmaster. The singing was really very good, and reflects great credit on their teacher. The children sang well, and show evident signs of the good training they have received. As the pieces were all so capitally rendered, it would be invidious to particularize any one. The readings were given in good style. Mr. Foster has a fine, deep voice, and the manner in which he read humourous pieces kept the audience in roars of laughter. The room was crowded to excess. Colonel Lord A. G. Russell and several of the officers were present. A great number of civilians also were present, who appeared to be highly delighted with the evening's entertainment.

POLICE COURT.—Lawrence Brown was charged with obtaining two cords of wood from Gilbert Merangere under false pretences. When the first load was delivered Larry pretended to offer the money for it, but then thought it better to pay for it all when the last load should be delivered, and Merangere seemed very well satisfied and brought the remainder of the wood. But then it was not convenient to pay; Larry had no money and he sought to allay apprehension in the mind of his victim by representing that he was employed by Mr. Desbarats, and the pay was sure. This, though a lie, softened the man a little, and he went his way and shortly after called again, and again, but got no money. The charge of obtaining under false pretences was not sustained, but the magistrate cautioned Larry against operations of this character, for he would most likely be caught some day, and then he would certainly send him for trial. He is known by some of the police to have done something in this line before, and more than once. The case was dismissed.

LECTURE THIS EVENING.—It should be remembered that the second lecture of the Mechanics' Institute course will be given this evening in Gowan's hall. Mr. Langton is the lecturer, and those who know him will require no other recommendation. The subject is "Early French Settlements in Canada." We understand that the lecture will be illustrated by the exhibition of a number of articles carefully preserved by archæologists, and which cannot fail to throw much light on the various subjects to be brought to the notice of the audience. As in all human probability Canada is destined to become a great nation, it is well that the people should at this comparatively early period of her history familiarize themselves with, and treasure up a knowledge of its earliest minutiæ. Such being the case then, we would say to all who have their country's interest at heart, go to the lecture.

THE SNOW.—We have not been able to consult "the oldest inhabitant"—he is probably showed up somewhere—but from all we can learn there never was a time when so much snow fell in so short a space of time, as within the past four days. Parliament Square presents the appearance of an entrenched camp, the lines of trenches, parallel, diagonal and circular forming the only approaches, through something like six feet of snow. In the streets of the city, which have the appearance of huge dykes, as fast as one layer of snow has been trodden down another has fallen upon it; and now that the snow has ceased falling, thrifty people to whom the many roofs falling in have been an effective warning, have commenced shovelling it from the tops of their houses, often to the great dismay of octogenarian pedestrians, although thus far we have heard of no accident from this cause. Should a sudden thaw come on, our citizens will be obliged to abandon the snow-shoe and toboggin for the gondola, for we can certainly promise them a Venetian plethora of water, if we cannot *soft* Italian skies.

SNOW-SHOE RACES.—From the fact of an Ottawa man—Mr. Kavanagh—being engaged in the snow-shoe races which took place yesterday at Montreal, a good deal of interest was felt among young gentlemen of sporting proclivities during the afternoon, and when the time arrived for the news to come the telegraph office was visited by numbers anxious to learn the result. And if the countenance is an index to what is passing in the mind, one would judge that a great deal of *real interest of money value* was felt by many parties present. Presently the following despatch arrived:

"MONTREAL, February 22.

"Kavanagh won the first mile, and gave up "sick. Massey took a stitch after a mile and "a quarter and stopped. Harper came in "winner in thirteen minutes and eight sec"onds; Brindley second. Kavanagh making "a match with Harper before leaving."

With what fortitude the intelligence was borne we cannot undertake to say. Of course all were sorry for Mr. Kavanagh's sickness, and some appeared to be sorry for themselves.

LECTURE IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL.—The fifth lecture of the course under the auspices of the St. Patrick's Literary Society will be delivered in the Society's Hall, Sussex-st., to-morrow evening, by E. A. Meredith, LL.D. The subject selected by the lecturer is "Common words and phrases as indicative of the character and habits of thought of a people." The study of words has for some years past engaged the attention of many men eminent for their learning, and a large number of volumes have been written on the subject. It is moreover a branch of philology, which, being easily popularized, all can engage in to a very considerable extent without the aid of classical learning, and the study is as pleasing as it is useful. But Mr. Meredith's lecture embraces phrases and deduces from the use of words and phrases the character and habits of thought of the people using them. The learning and "habits of thought" of the lecturer constitute a sure guarantee that his production will amply repay a visit to the hall, and we confidently expect to see a large and intelligent audience there to-morrow evening.

ROBBERY OF THROUGH FREIGHTS.

The following is from the Kingston *News*:—"We have had occasion to notice the turning out of 'through freight cars' from the Ontario engine shop here, and in connection with through freight may mention certain risks such freight runs in reaching its destination. The cars are locked with non-burglar proof locks, and what locks now-a-days are burglar proof? A curiously inclined person possesses himself of a conductor's key, by fair means or foul, and at some wooding or watering station, during a dark and stormy night, quietly opens one of those cars and gets in. As soon as the train gets under motion, a few of the choicest bales and packages are tumbled out and immediately taken care of by accomplices, while at the next stopping place he as quietly gets out and relocks the door. This is perhaps done within a hundred miles of the starting place, and unless every car is examined, and the freight checked off by the way bill every few hours, it will be next to impossible, when the car arrives at its destination, five, eight, or ten hundred miles, to say on which road or part of the route the robbery was committed, and it is, therefore, the more difficult of detection. Leaden, or other clasps are no protection, for robbers can replace them. We have said this much to preface a notice of a padlock which was shown to us the other day, invented by an American, designed to meet this difficulty. It is a combination lock, capable of 10,000 modifications, and to unlock it only two figures are required to be remembered, and if these be not known, or if forgotten, a person might try it 10,000 times before he opened it. And he must know how to open the lock even if he have the proper numbers. The only way for robbers to get into the car is to break off the lock, or break open the door, in either of which case the discovery would be made within a sufficiently short distance of the place of the burglary to enable the thieves to be the more readily detected. We are assured that the lock can be made for very little more than the cost of ordinary car locks. It is simple, and not liable to get out of order, and may be made of the ordinary size. A patent has been applied for at Washington, and it will very probably be patented also here and in other countries. It has been invented expressly to meet the difficulty stated above, and would seem calculated to meet the case admirably, and if it does, the inventor deserves to make his fortune out of it, as well as to receive the thanks of railroad freighters."

SUDDEN DEATH.—We regret to state that Mr. George Robson, an old and highly esteemed citizen, died suddenly from disease of the heart, while in the act of shovelling snow in rear of his residence, on Saturday. Mr. Robson was secretary of the city Gas Company for nearly fifteen years; was an active leader in several of the Wesleyan Sunday Schools, in which he laboured for the amelioration of those under his charge with great zeal and earnestness; was a kind friend to the poor, and his loss will be keenly felt by this class of society.—*Montreal Herald.*

—The steamers *City of Paris* and *Russia* left New York on the 10th for a race across the Atlantic. The matter was kept quiet, and it did not leak out until just before they started that there was to be a trial of speed. A despatch from Queenstown states that the *City of Paris* arrived there at five o'clock Friday morning, and the *Russia* an hour and a-half later, showing that the contest was a close one. The trip was made from port to port in less than nine days.

—Aaron Jones, the pugilist, died at Leavenworth, Indiana, on Tuesday morning. He was an Englishman by birth and came to this country after several desperate fights in England. Here he figured for some time as one of the heroes of the prize ring. During the late war he was in the South and served Gen. Beauregard as his chief equery. His latest appearance in public was in the fight with McCoole, in which he was worsted.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

—A New York boot black has $6,000 in the bank. A newspaper says that he has "improved the shining hour" to some advantage.

DEATH OF THE HON. GEORGE STRANGE BOULTON.

The town was very much shocked on Saturday morning last, to hear of the sudden death of the Hon. Mr. Boulton, one of the oldest and most highly respected townsmen. His health for some time past had not been very good, but he was able to be about, and only a day or two before his death was in the street attending to his business as usual.

The Hon. George Strange Boulton was born on the 11th September, 1797, at Green Bush, in the county of Rensselaer, New York, where his family lived for some time before finally settling in Canada, which he did about the year 1800, first in Cornwall, and 7 years in Toronto, where he was made judge of the Superior Court. Mr. George Boulton was educated by Dr. Strachan, the late Bishop of Toronto. He was brought up to the profession of the law, and commenced his career as Barrister in Port Hope, where he resided for some years, till his removal to Cobourg on appointment as Registrar of the county, about the year 1824, which post he retained to the day of his death. The present Chief-Justice Draper was a student in his office, also Deputy Registrar, and one or two others, afterwards of note, commenced their career under his auspices. He indentified himself with the politics of this country from his earliest youth, and was remarkable for his adherence to the conservative cause. He clung instinctively to the banners of the Church and State party, which he never once failed to uphold to the day of his death. He represented in the House of Assembly for Upper Canada, the County of Durham upwards of 20 years. The last time he contested the county, however, he was defeated by the late John Tucker Williams, Esq. In 1847, he was appointed by the crown a member of the Legislative Council, which post he continued to fill to the confederation of the provinces into our present Dominion. He was ever an upright and consistent politician. He was one of the remaining few who took an active part in the war of 1812, and as an officer of militia responded to Sir Francis Head's call in 1837. He was also for many years Colonel in command of the Fourth Military District of Upper Canada.

Mr. Boulton was twice married. First in 1824, to Elizabeth, third daughter of the late Henry Boulton, Esq., of Geddington House, near Kettering, Northamptonshire, England; she died in 1836, leaving three children, two of whom survive. Secondly, in 1840, to Anna Maria, eldest daughter of the late J. Walton, of Schenectady, N. Y., and relict of N. F. Beck, Esq., of Albany, N. Y.; she died in December, 1862.

Though advanced in age, he will be much missed in the town of Cobourg, where his presence and influence were never wanting when the interests of the town were at stake. He was always a kind friend to the poor, and rich and poor alike will miss his pleasant smile or little anecdote of early Canadian life, which was ever on his lips in greeting a friend. His death was very sudden; he returned from Peterboro' on Friday evening, feeling tired, and after partaking of his usual evening meal, he awoke, complaining of chilliness and pain, and in two hours breathed his last.—*Star.*

THE PROJECTED CANAL ACROSS THE ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.

From the New York Albion.

Mr. Seward, a few weeks ago despatched Mr. Caleb Cushing to Bogota, to neogtiate a treaty with the Government there, for the construction of a ship canal across the Isthmus of Panama, and that gentleman was successful in his mission. All nations have reason to be glad of this, for such a highway connecting the Atlantic and Pacific will be international, and the commerce of the world will be benefitted thereby. For more than three hundred years, we may say that such a project has been contemplated. Hardly forty miles of land intervene between the two oceans, and the wonder is that it has not been cut through before, for the railway but very imperfectly answers the end in view. As early as the sixteenth century, Philip the Second of Spain sent two engineers to make a survey for such a canal as is now proposed, but political and physical obstacles prevented the accomplishment of such a design. Several attempts have been made by various governments and individuals to revive the project, without success, but this time we hope the result aimed at will be achieved. The support it has received from the press of this country, without reference to party, is encouraging, and it is generally admitted that although the natural obstacles to be overcome are very formidable, such a canal has become a necessity. It is estimated by a good authority that thirty-six millions of dollars will be annually saved to the United States by the work, and probably nearly double this amount to the commerce of the world at large. Ships passing through this canal on their way from New York to Melbourne, Australia, will save 3,300 miles; those from New York to Calcutta, 4,000 miles, and those from New York to Shanghai, 9,600 miles. The text of Mr. Cushing's treaty will be perused with interest.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will CURE coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

BIRTH.

At Buckingham, P.Q., on the 3rd inst., the wife of Rudolf E. Rauscher, Esq., P.L.S., of a son.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

The FIFTH LECTURE of the course at the St. Patrick's Hall, will be delivered on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 24th instant, by

E. A. MEREDITH, ESQ., LL.D.

SUBJECT—"Common words and phrases as indicative of the character and habits of thought of a people."

Admission 12½ cents.

Doors open at 7½, lecture to commence at 8 o'clock.

Tickets may be had at Jones & Holland's News Depot, Post Office Block, and from Members of the Committee.

JOHN KELLY, Secretary.

981-2

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND, [Post Office Block,]

Have just received
Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine for March,
Good Words for the Young,
Chambers's Journal, &c.
Godey for March, Demorest for March, Budget of Fashion, Harper's Bazar, Chimney Corner, Boston Pilot, Sporting Times, Ledger, &c., &c.
"Captain Jinks" Song Book, 1 cent each.

Ottawa, February 23, 1869.

BOOKS, BOOKS.—J. DURIE & SON have received Essays on English Writers, by the author of the Gentle Life; The Words of Wellington, (Bayard Series); Rassela's Prince of Abyssinia, by Samuel Johnson, [new edition, Bayard Series; Whittaker's Almanac, 1869; the Statesman's Year Book, 1869; Molesworth's Engineer's Pocket Companion.

Latest English editions of Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography.
Isaac Pitman's Phonographic Teacher.
Isaac Pitman's Reader.
The Best Books published on Phonography.
Chambers's Encyclopedia, 10 vols., ½ calf.
Chambers's Papers for the People, 6 vols.
Chambers's Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols.
Chambers's Journal, 1868, bound.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON, 19 Sparks-st.

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ......GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ......GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ......OVERCOATS,
$9 ......COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ......GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ......DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

☞ Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.

Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"

THEN USE

WATERS' QUININE WINE,

The finest tonic in the world.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH,

UPPER TOWN.

TENDERS FOR COMPLETION.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until THURSDAY, the 4th MARCH, for the completion of the Church, [R.C.,] in Upper Town, known as St. Patrick's Church. Plans and specification can be seen, and all other information obtained, at the office of J. J. Murphy, Esq., Attorney, Rideau-st.

The undersigned will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. McCARRON.

Ottawa, 22nd Feby., 1869. 981a

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!

But we are selling as good

COOK STOVES,
BOX STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES,
DOUBLE STOVES,
HOTEL STOVES,
COAL STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES

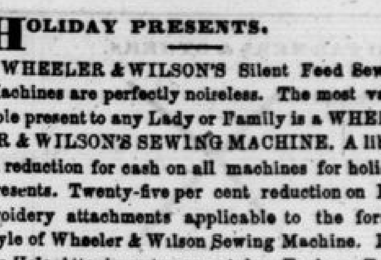
OF THE

LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED *PATTERNS*,

Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario*,
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

TO LET.

A semi-detached HOUSE, in the Village of New Edinburgh, containing eight rooms, with Cistern, Out-buildings, and Garden attached.

Rent moderate. Possession given immediately if required.

For particulars apply to

Mr. ROBERT SURTEES,
New Edinburgh.

New Edinburgh, February 22, 1869. 981-3

FOR SALE.

TWO NEW BRICK HOUSES, South side of Daly-st. Possession given May 1st.

For particulars apply personally, or by letter, to

Mr. ROBERT SURTEES,
New Edinburgh.

New Edinburgh, February 22, 1869. 981-3

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from MISS MARY HANLIN to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION her entire fit-out of BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE, at her house, in Mr. Aumond's Block, on the South side of Daly-st., consisting in part of

PARLOUR FURNITURE, viz.:—Sofa, Chairs, Carpet, Window Curtains and Cornices, Centre Table, Whatnot, Pictures, &c.

DINING ROOM—Black Walnut Extension Table, made by Jacques & Hayes, Sideboard, Chairs, Carpet, Table Cutlery, Crockery, Glass and China Ware of the very best description.

BED ROOMS—Bedsteads, Mattresses of all kinds, Blankets, Quilts, Sheets, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Carpets, Washstands, Bureaus, Looking-glasses, Baths, sets of Chamberware, &c., &c.

Cooking, Hall and Parlour Stoves and Stove-pipes, Hall Oil Cloth, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

The whole of the Furniture is in first-rate condition, and is such as may be found in a first-class boarding-house.

Sale to commence on FRIDAY, the 26th FEBRUARY, at ONE o'clock, p. m.

Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 976d

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

has been commissioned by Mr. Thomas Mathews to sell

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

on the premises, on

Thursday, the 4th day of March, Next,

At 12 o'clock, noon,

That very valuable property known as the

REVERE HOUSE,

Consisting of three lots in one block, viz.: Part of Lots 1 and A on the south side of Rideau-st., and part of 1 and A on the north side of Besserer-st. The house is 106 x 40 feet, and four stories high, roofed with tin, and contains 4 large parlours, a first-class dining-room, sitting-room, bar-room, 2 kitchens, and 50 large, airy bed-rooms; and has a cellar under it the whole size of the house; with Sheds, Wood-house, Coach-house, a brick stable 66 x 30 feet, with accommodations for 40 horses attached.

The property, together, is one of the best in the city for a first-class hotel. A bargain may be expected.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

For further particulars apply to the owner,

Mr. THOMAS MATTHEWS,
At Matthews' Hotel, York-st.,
Or to the Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 976d

ERIN GO BRAGH

THE MEMBERS

OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY *ASSOCIATION*,

AND

IRISHMEN GENERALLY, OF THIS CITY,

are requested to attend a meeting

IN THE ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

ON

Tuesday Evening Next, at half-past Seven o'clock,

regarding the celebration of their national anniversary.

JOHN KELLY, Secy.

Ottawa, Feby. 20, 1869. 979-3

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 972-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 868tf

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 956tf

OTTAWA MECHANICS' INSTITUTE AND ATHENÆUM.

SECOND LECTURE OF THE COURSE, 1869.

Tuesday, February 23rd, at 8 p.m.

GOWAN'S HALL,

by JOHN LANGTON, Esq., M.A. Subject, "Early French Settlements in Canada."

Admission 10 cents.

W. WHITE, President. G. KENNEDY, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feby. 22, 1869. 980-1

NOTICE.—We herewith inform the lumber trade and public generally that WM. HENRY ROLFE, who for many years acted as our Agent at Burlington, Vt., ceases to act in that capacity from and after Jan. 25, 1869.

We have appointed MESSRS. OTIS, SHEPPARD & CO., of Burlington, Vt., our sole agents at that point; they will hereafter have the exclusive sale of the products of our mill, and to them alone all orders for Humberstown Lumber must be addressed.

HUMBERSTOWN LUMBER CO.
Humberstown, Pro. Quebec,
Jan. 25, 1869. 986d

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 19, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 26 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

WANTED TO RENT, furnished, in a respectable locality, TWO or THREE ROOMS with kitchen, or use of kitchen. Address, X Times office. 978-3

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA.
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S.
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 22.

The Premier and D. A. McPherson arrived from Washington on Saturday.

A meeting of the Volunteer Relief Fund Committee was held on Saturday. The object of the meeting was to consider the propriety of ceasing further aid. A sub-committee was appointed to enquire into several cases. The chairman, in the meantime, was authorized to aid a case of urgent need. A grant of $100 was made to one man.

Payne is not satisfied with his defeat by Ward, and has challenged the latter to shoot with him on the 8th of March, at a match for $500 each, the firing to be at 100 birds.

The Toronto photographers have established a photographic society, the object being the improvement of the art, and the elevation of its profession.

Mr. Duggan, late Recorder, held chambers in the County Court to-day, for the first time, thus taking his seat as County Judge.

In the curling match played at Clover Hill on Saturday between Toronto and East Flamboro, the former was victorious by eight shots.

The movement for the endowment of colleges progresses at Guelph. $1,500 were subscribed for the Queen's College. The total raised in the districts of Kingston, Ottawa, Scarboro', Toronto, Vaughan, and Guelph, reaches $45,000. Total for Victoria, $38,000.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 22.

The Tecumseh cup was won by Harper in 14.30 at the snow-shoe races this afternoon. Seven ran. Kavanagh fell out in the first mile; Massey second; Stevenson third.

His Excellency the Governor-General has written a letter to the Mayor, in which he expresses the great satisfaction that he experienced from his recent visit to Montreal.

On Saturday afternoon McDonald, connected with the forgery committed at Hartford, Conn., was given up to the custody of the United States officers. He left by the 3.30 train.

In Griffintown, yesterday morning, a male infant, aged six months, was found dead in bed, having been suffocated with his parents.

The *débris* of the St. Patrick's Hall is nearly all cleared away, and the erecting of the scaffolding and the temporary roof will be commenced this week. Over the latter the new wooden roof is to be erected, and is to be completed in May.

Thomas Hight, aged 59 years, retired on Saturday night in a state of intoxication, and yesterday morning was found dead in bed.

Yesterday morning, about eight o'clock, S. W. Woodward, assistant commissioner of the Trust and Loan Company, died suddenly at his residence. The deceased was preparing to rise from his bed when he fell back on the pillow, and Mrs. Woodward, who was in the room at the time, hearing a gurgling sound, turned round, and saw her husband gasping for breath, and in two minutes afterwards he expired. The deceased was 63 years of age, and was much respected by all who knew him. Disease of the heart was the cause of his death.

The Secretary of State for War has decided that it is unnecessary to retain an officer of the rank of Commissary-General in Canada after the end of the financial year. Commissary-General Archer has been instructed to hand over the charge to the next senior officer, A. C. G. Gould. From the 1st prox. D. C. G. Marston will conduct the duties at Toronto in place of Mr. Gould.

In Quebec at the Court of Queen's Bench to-day O'Farrell, the advocate, was fined £25 for contempt of court. He had threatened in court to slap the face of Solicitor-General Irvine.

In the Quebec Assembly this afternoon the House sat with closed doors for half an hour on the publication of a libellous article in the *Evening Star* against Mr. Chauveau, alleging that he charged to the public account his domestic expenditures. Several members were in favour of having the editor brought to the Bar of the House, but others thought him too insignificant, and so the matter dropped.

After receiving a few petitions, and advancing a few Bills the House adjourned.

There was a little more animation in the flour market to-day, and there were several buyers at $4 50 for superfine, but only very ordinary lots were sold at that price. Some strong flour was sold at $4 55 @ 4.60, the holders of choice lots asking higher figures.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 22.—In the House of Commons to-day in reply to an enquiry of the O'Connor Don, Mr. Fortescue said that the Government proposed to release from imprisonment forty-five Fenians, who were convicted of treason last year in England, including several leaders.

LONDON, February 22.—Baron Lionel de Rothschild, Liberal, has been elected to Parliament from London city in the place of Mr. Bell, Conservative.

DUBLIN, February 22.—Messrs. Costello and Warren, Fenian prisoners, have been set free.

FRANCE.

A French Frigate Under Orders for Cuba.

PARIS, February 21.—A frigate fully manned has been ordered to Cuba to protect the interests of French citizens.

SPAIN.

An Iron-clad under Orders for Cuba.

MADRID, February 21.—The iron-clad *Victoria* is under orders to sail for Havana. By a recent decree of the Colonial Minister all restrictions are removed from the office of commercial broker in the island of Cuba and Porto Rico.

MADRID, February 22.—The press of the country urge upon the Provisional Government the necessity of preserving the friendship of the United States.

ITALY.

A War Ship Blown Up—Great Loss of Life.

TRIESTE, February 21.—A terrible disaster occurred yesterday on the frigate *Radetzky*, while cruising in the Alderian. An explosion took place in the powder magazine, making a complete wreck of the ship, and causing great loss of life. Most of the officers and crew were instantly killed or blown into the water and drowned.

GERMANY.

BREMEN, February 22.—The bark *Bee Hive* has sailed on another Polar expedition.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 22.—The decree and orders recently issued by the Sublime Port against the Greeks have been revoked, and the Turkish ports have been thrown open to Greek shipping again.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 22.—Despatches from Athens announce that the Great Chambers have been dissolved, and the elections for members of the new legislature are to be held in May next.

JAPAN.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 22.—The *Herald's* Japan correspondence says the Mikado has secured four Americans as chief of the naval brigade, and has appointed Gen. Paul Frank, formerly of the United States army, General-in-Chief of the Japanese military forces at a salary of $12,000 a year. The English and French representatives had protested against these appointments, but were met with a reply that the Japanese were an independent nation, and did not recognize their right to question or dictate its policy. Notwithstanding the report that the war has terminated rumours of an occasional encounter are still received. It is said that the Tycoon's fleet had seized upon Hakodadi.

ST. THOMAS.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 22.—The *Herald's* St. Thomas letter of the 13th says hopes of annexation are still entertained by the people.

HAYTI.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 22.—The steamer *Telegraph*, formally the *Red Gauntlet*, which had been sold to the Haytien rebels, had been seized, and is now under the guns of Fort Christian. A rumour was prevalent that she had been released. Further reports from Hayti state that the rebels had met with considerable success.

MEXICO.

The whole Country on the eve of Revolution.

Mexican advices state that the revolution in Yucatan was merely local. Revolutions have broken out or were about breaking out, all over the country.

A telegram from the city of Mexico, dated 17th, reports that Gen. Negre is at the head of a revolutionary army, 30 leagues from the capital, on which he was marching. Rumours regarding the situation are conflicting. One report states that he has Gen. Cuellar, commander of the Government forces, while another states that Negre has been routed, and forced to fly. Gen. Dorco, commanding the national forces has defeated the rebels at Pactucua.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The War about Ended—The Allies Victorious.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 21.—Rio Janerio advices to January 26th state that the war was considered ended. Asuncion was occupied by the allies on January 5th.

NEW YORK, February 22.—The steamer *Mississippi*, which has arrived yesterday from Rio Janeiro, brought as passengers, Bliss and Masterman, recently prisoners of Lopez, with orders to report at Washington. Mr. Bliss states that they were arrested upon charges made by a brother of Lopez to attract the attention from himself, he having been detected in robbing the National Treasury. Bliss and Masterman were examined before a military tribunal, and subjected to repeated tortures. When finally released they were compelled to attest to the truth of the statement extorted from them in the presence of the United States naval officers.

The *Herald's* Rio Janeiro correspondence, January 26th, says Lopez is at present believed to be intrenched in a mountain pass in the vicinity of Cerro Leon. Minister McMahon is with him. Much ill-feeling exists against the Brazilians along the LaPlata, and at Monte Video. A small party of them had been mobbed; two being killed.

CUBA.

Another Amnesty Proclamation—The Revolutionists Losing Ground.

HAVANA, February 21.—The term mentioned in the proclamation of the Capt.-General granting amnesty to all rebels who would lay down their arms and submit to the Government has expired. Another proclamation has been issued still offering forgiveness to all those who will leave the cause of the insurgents, excepting the leaders and those convicted of crime.

One hundred Cuban revolutionists are reported to have surrendered at Colon, their leader having been killed. The report that a body of insurgents are surrounded is confirmed. An incendiary proclamation calling upon the negroes to rise has been seized by the authorities.

HAVANA, February 22.—The 7th battalion of volunteers which forms a portion of the garrison of the city yesterday sent a deputation to the Capt.-General, and demanded that vigorous measures be resorted to against the rebellion to save the island. When relieved of duty during the day the soldiers of the battalion shouted "Death to Traitors!" "*Viva Esparza!*" These demonstrations caused great agitation, which, however, subsided towards evening. To-day the excitement was renewed, and the volunteers sent another committee to the Capt.-General to reiterate their demand for severe measures. Gen. Dulce replied firmly that he could not permit any interference with the political or military Government.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

The *Herald's* Cuba special says the *Diario* says the insurgent chiefs in the jurisdiction of Colabana have surrendered.

Advices from Trinidad report several encounters in that vicinity. The insurgents have been totally defeated near Villa Clara, and the insurrection ended in that part of the island.

The *Herald's* Havana special of the 21st says the steamship *Santander*, from Spain, has arrived here with 1,000 more chasseurs, making 2,000 men of this arm of the service who have reinforced the troops on the island. At a meeting held at the Capt.-General's palace today it was unanimously resolved to grant the issue of eight millions of dollars in paper currency by the bank, which issue Gen. Dulce declared a legal tender in payment of all debts. Gen. Dulce has applied to the United States consul for the names of all American residents in Cuba. Dunlop, an American who was arrested here by reason of not having a passport, has been notified to leave the island. The new consuls have assumed their duties. The Capt.-General has resolved to effect the pacification of the island within the limits of the law, and of this determination he stands firm. The volunteers demand that those prisoners who were arrested during the late rebellion, and whom they call assassins, be immediately put to death. Gen. Dulce replied that the courts will first try these prisoners. He declares that he counts on the endorsement and aid of Spain, and on the sympathy and moral aid of the United States, because he intends to act in accordance with law, and believes that a good policy. He says precipitate action in the existing state of affairs would be highly imprudent, but he is determined if it becomes necessary to repel force by force, although he would regret the shedding of fraternal blood. The commercial interests have suffered greatly through the alarm created by the violent proceedings of the volunteers, and to-day business is at a stand—paralyzed by the fears which agitate this city. Reinforcements from Spain continue to arrive. Yesterday 1,200 regular troops landed. Official reports state that the organized forces of the rebels in the Central Department are disbanding, and the rebels there are presenting themselves in large numbers to the authorities to receive pardon. The insurrection at Jagua LaGrande, in the vicinity of Trinidad, is at an end. The Spaniards taken prisoners by the rebels at Bayamo were liberated, and have arrived in Havana. Senor Udnets, late Governor of Bayamo, is under arrest in this city, and is to be tried by court martial on charges connected with the circumstances of the surrender of his post to the rebels.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The "Alabama" Treaty not yet Rejected.

WASHINGTON, February 21.—The action of the Committee of Foreign Relations, who have resolved to recommend the rejection of the *Alabama* claims treaty has not met with corresponding unanimity from other Senators. It is probable the consideration of the treaty will be deferred till next Session. It is certain that the Senate will act with deliberation on the subject.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, February 22.—The steamships *Allemania* and *Cuba*, from Europe, have arrived.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Anniversary of the Birth of Washington.

NEW YORK, February 22.—Despatches from different parts show that the day has been generally observed as a holiday.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 22.—There were only a few operations in Bond st. to-day, and the quotations were for gold 133¼.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 22—p.m.—Consols 93¼. Bonds easier at 78¼. Illinois Central 96¼. Erie 24¼. Atlantic and Great Wester 36.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 22—p.m.—Cotton firmer and more active. Uplands 11¼d. Corn 23s.; old 30s. 3d. New Pork dull. Tallow 45s. 3d.

Wholesale & Retail.

NOTICE.

THE TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT SALE

ON

CARPETS,

Now going on, will positively close this month.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

February 22, 1869.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do
575 " UNION do
1925 " 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned:

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY,

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS

STATIONERY,

AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—
Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE,
And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:
FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3¼d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.;
The Tea Pot, Ottaw

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japan—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon,
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call solicited.

D. WHELAN,
41, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $160 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

LOST.

Between Daly and Sparks-sts., a LADY'S GOLD WATCH, with a small black chain. Whoever may find it, and return it to the office of the TIMES newspaper, will be liberally rewarded.

Ottawa, February 17.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 23, 1869.

The market yesterday was next to nothing. There were a few potatoes for which 50 cents to 55 cents was asked. Hay was as well represented as could be expected under the circumstances, and sold for $22 to $24 per ton.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	60 0	@	0 64
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 0	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 28	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 25
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 50	@	55 0
HAY—Per ton	22 00	@	24 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOMB.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant. JNO. T. DAY.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

WINFIELD—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE. To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake. G. CHENY, Manager, Canadian Express Company.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,

GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. REID.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality.—Brantford *Courier.*

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. DROLET.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 5*c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.
MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS.

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL.

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944f No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Tenders.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are now prepared to receive TENDERS for THREE FURTHER SECTIONS of the line.

Section No 5 will be in the Province of Quebec and will extend from Forty miles East of Riviere du Loup, at the end of Contract No. 2, to the Sixty-sixth Mile Post, near Rimouski, a distance of about Twenty-six miles.

Section No. 6 will be in the Province of New Brunswick and will extend from the Easterly end of Contract No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the Main Post Road near the 48th Mile-Post, Easterly from Jacquet River, about Twenty-one miles.

Section No. 7 will be in the Province of Nova Scotia and will extend from the Southerly end of Contract No. 4, near River Phillip, to Station Fifty at Folly Lake, about Twenty-four miles.

Plans and profiles with specifications and terms of contract will be exhibited at the office of the Board of Works, Toronto, and at the offices of the Commissioners at Ottawa, Rimouski, Dalhousie, St. John, and Halifax, on and after the FIFTH day of MARCH, 1869, and SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway and marked "Tender," will be received at their office in Ottawa up to SEVEN o'clock, p.m., on the TWENTY-NINTH day of MARCH, 1869.

Intercolonial Railway Office,
Ottawa, 11th February, 1869.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
W. F. COFFIN,
976a-3d Commissioners.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE, WITH GARDEN,
TO LET, FROM 1ST MAY.

The present Residence of DOCTOR WILSON, Sen., Stewart-st. Rent, £55.

Apply to
ALLAN POYNTZ PATRICK,
975-4 Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's Office

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.
Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery.
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

JOSEPH HALL
MACHINE WORKS,
ESTABLISHED 1851,
JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.
PROPRIETORS
OSHAWA, ONTARIO,

Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to, the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days; they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

CHANCERY SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE,
IN THE
VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October, 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, comprising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to
MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK,
Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.
Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire,
Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.
989-1awtd Signed, A. N. BUELL.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

DOG LOST.

A Prince Charles Cocker Dog, Black, with Brown Paws and Muzzle, which answers to the name of "Charlie," was lost last Monday night. He had on a Leather Collar, bound with Brass, when he disappeared. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the dog to the Grand Trunk Agency Office, Russell House Block. Any person found harbouring the same after this notice will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, February 12, 1869. 972a

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces		different qualities Black Silks			
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines	7		1 3
70	do	do Poplin	7½		1 0
150	do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	FancyColors—your choice for	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen ....6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

126 pieces		Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for	6 d
160	do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars	6½d
165	do	Good Prints	4 d
303	do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's	6½d
159	do	French Calicos, in choice patterns	8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces		Waterproof	3 9		
60	do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,
Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,
Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only.........2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only.........3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ....5 0 worth 8 9
Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.
500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting.........3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting.........1 do 3½
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.........OVERCOATS.
4.00.........heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up.........PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25.........VESTS.
$8.00.........Black Broadcloth.........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,
HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,
OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.
ALSO ON HAND,
2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.
Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

Wants.

WANTED.

A Female Teacher for the Junior Department of the Arnprior Common School, holding a second-class certificate. Applications will be received up to the 18th day of FEBY., 1869.

JAS. G. CRANSTON, M.D.,
Chairman.
GEO. CRAIG,
974- Secretary.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 833-3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w1t0y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Survey of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office. REFERENCES—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!
NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912 3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
H. of Commons.
Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 917d

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq, M. D., M. P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9.30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

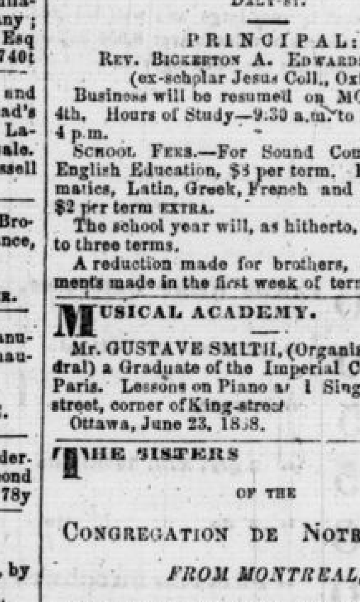
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA
AND
GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

100,000 FEET OF
SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER
For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of

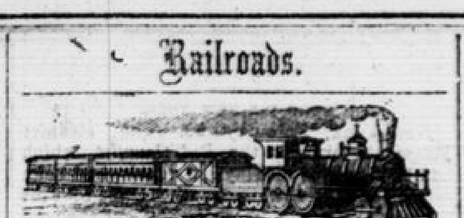
OAK,
MAPLE,
ELM,
BIRCH & ASH,
PLANK & SCANTLING,

of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.

Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.

WALTON SMITH.
Ottawa, February 8, 1869. 973tf

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME
ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at......... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at......... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at ....8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at......... 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at......... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at......... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at......... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at.........10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1, 1868.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

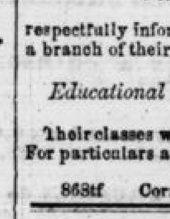
MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY.
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT, ...DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

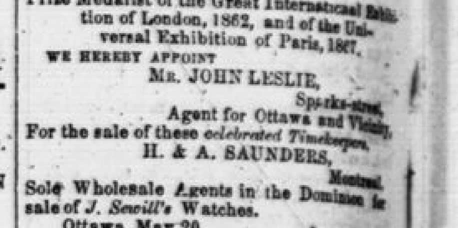
J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET,
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for W. nut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be had in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT,
960b JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. The preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st. Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director ALEX ROBERTSON Editor.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 982. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moisture to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy endered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED
☞ROCK OIL,☜
Just received at the
OIL DEPOT,
73
SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,
BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.
Chimnies, Wicks, and Lanterns.

D. R. LEAVENS,
OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.
☞Sign Red Oil Barrel.

CITY
HOOP SKIRT
FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.
Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 968d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery, China, and Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

☞Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

CAPITAL - - - $100,000.

Incorporated under Act 32 Vic., Capt. LXVII.

Tenders will be received until FIRST MARCH, 1869, for the construction of the first section of the Company's line, being from Ottawa to Montreal.

The Tenders to name a rate per mile for the erection of 32 Poles to the mile, with two wires.

The Directors reserve the right to supply the Wire, and do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

Any further information can be obtained from the undersigned

DIRECTORS:

S. B. FOOTE,
Chairman.
A. JOSEPH,
Treasurer.
D. C. THOMSON.

February 15, 1869. 979.6

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2..................GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50..................GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4..................OVERCOATS,
$9..................COMPLETE SUITS,
$1..................GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25..........DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waves over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of
Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

☞Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"

THEN USE

WATERS' QUININE WINE,

The finest tonic in the world.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

WANTED TO RENT, furnished, in a respectable locality, TWO or THREE ROOMS with kitchen, or use of kitchen. Address, X Times office. 978-3

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa.

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!

But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES

OF THE

LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED
PATTERNS,

Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwif *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞and take no other.☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

UPPER OTTAWA

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS
FOR
ELECTION OF DIRECTORS
AND
Transaction of General Business,
will be held at the office of
R. W. CRUICE, SPARKS-STREET,
in this city, on
Wednesday, 3rd day of March next,
at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

By order,
R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feby. 17, 1869. 976td

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

TO THE ABSENT ONE.

While day in the lap of fair evening is lying
And cool sighing breezes blow softly along;
The heart of thy loved one is heavily sighing,
Ah! why dost thou tarry so long?

I miss the clear light of thy dark laughing eye,
I miss thy sweet voice, both in welcome and word,
I miss thy soft smile and the hours flag by,
Ah? why dost thou tarry so long?

The bright golden chain of affection that bound
Together so sweetly, so closely, so strong;
Is it broken? Alas! and no longer around us,
Ah! why dost thou tarry so long?
Ah! why dost thou tarry so long?

AILEMA.

GREECE AND THE PARIS CONFERENCE.

The *Debats,* of January 24, gives the following as the substance of the "declaration" drawn up at the conference, and signed by all the plenipotentiaries, with the exception of Djemil Pacha, who thought it better taste not to associate the Turkish Government as directly interested in a cominatory summons addressed to Greece:—

"The declaration lays down the proposition that a State cannot, without contravening the law of nations, authorize or tolerate the formation and organization upon its territory of bands of volunteers whose existence may be dangerous or threatening to its neighbours; neither can it approve or permit that trading vessels, or others bearing its flag, should arm and victual in its ports and carry supplies to insurgents in disregard of a regularly established blockade; further, that these principles of public and international law are obligatory upon all civilized countries without exception, and that no particular institution or special legislation can be an excuse for infringing them. Greece, therefore, ought to observe these principles for the future, and take all necessary measures to enforce their observance throughout her territory."

EX-GOVERNOR EYRE AGAIN.

On Friday, the 29th ult., in the Court of Queen's Bench, the Lord Chief-Justice delivered judgment in the case of Phillips v. Eyre, argued before himself, Mr. Justice Lush, and Mr. Justice Hayes in the course of last term. The action arose out of the Jamaica insurrection, and was brought by Mr. Phillips against Governor Eyre for assault and false imprisonment. The defendant by his plea justified the course taken upon the authority of the act of indemnity passed by the local Legislature. To this plea the plaintiff demurred upon the ground that an act of indemnity, passed by a local Legislature, could not deprive plaintiff of the redress allowed him in the courts of his own country for the tortious act of a fellow-subject done abroad, and then the plaintiff further replied that the Government of a foreign settlement of the crown had no authority to assent to a measure of indemnity passed in relation to conduct of his own. To this replication the defendant in turn demurred. His lordship, who read the judgment of the court, said that upon both demurrers their conclusion was that the defendant was entitled to judgment. The plaintiff admitted the full power of the Jamaica Legislature to pass an act of the Legislature indemnifying the authorities of the island for any acts bona fide done under a reasonable belief of their necessity for the suppression of the rebellion, but he denied the extension of the privilege beyond the limits of the island. The court was of opinion that the reasoning in support of this contention was utterly unsound. It was undoubtedly more difficult to come to a conclusion upon the objection that this was ex post facto legislation, and that an essential difference existed between such and the authorization given by statutory enactments previously to acts done. The conclusion, however, of the court was that the same principle must be held to apply in both cases, and that was, that where the right of action was taken away by the local Legislature before action brought, no action was maintainable in this country. As to the objection embodied in the plaintiff's replication that the Governor of a colony is without authority to assent to acts of the Legislature in which he is personally interested, such a contention was entirely untenable. As reasonably might be contended that the Sovereign herself was debarred from giving the Royal assent to an act of Parliament conferring upon Her Majesty certain rights and privileges. Judgment was entered for Mr. Eyre.

GRAND ORANGE LODGE OF ONTARIO WEST.

The election of officers of the Right Worshipful Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario West, took place at Stratford, on Wednesday. The following gentlemen were elected: Dalton McCarthy, Barrie, Grand Master, (John Coyne, M. P., resigned); W. H. Connor, Huron, J. Ross Robertson, Toronto, Deputy Grand Masters; Rev. Mr. Smith, St. Mary's, Grand Chaplain; Thomas Keys, St. Catherines, Grand Secretary; James W. Bessey, St. Catharines, Grand Treasurer; W. Parkhill, King, Grand Lecturer; W. S. Fletcher, St. Catherines, G. D. F. C.

CENTRAL GRAND ORANGE LODGE.

The Grand Orange Lodge of Central Canada met in Cobourg, on Tuesday, and the next day the following officers were elected:

M. Bowell, M. P., W. M.; D. G. Hatton, Senr. D. M.; N. S. McDonald, Jr. D. M.; S. S. Peck, Treasurer; A. J. Van Ingen, Secretary; Dr. Oronhyatekha, D. G.; Rev. W. Burns, G. C.; Dr. C. J. Potts, Lecturer; Alex. Barr, G. D. C.

—The artesian well of St. Louis, which has reached a depth of nearly three thousand five hundred feet, and is still going downward, is said to be two degrees colder than at the surface. How is this? Have the philosophers been wrong in the opinion that the temperature of the earth increases towards the centre?

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

THE NEW GOVERNOR OF CANDIA.

Omar Pasha having been appointed Governor of Candia, a few particulars concerning his past history will not be out of place. For most of them we are indebted to the *Illustrated London News.* He was born in 1801, and is of Croatian origin. He received his early instruction first at the military school of his native village, and afterwards at the high school of Thurm, near Carlstadt, in Transylvania, and it is said distinguished himself by his proficiency in mathematics. On leaving school he became a cadet in the border regiment of Ogulin, which he shortly after left to become an assistant surveyor of roads and bridges. Of this drudgery he soon became heartily tired, and deserted from the Austrian army. Some time afterwards he became a master in the military school at Constantinople. Korsrew Pasha, then Minister of War, perceived the genius and enterprise of the stranger, and from him Omar, now in his 33rd year, received the appointment of officer in the regular army of the Sultan, and shortly afterwards that of adjutant on his personal staff. It was in quelling the insurrections in Syria and Albania that Omar first distinguished himself. He was equally successful in Kurdistan. In the year 1848, having become a Pasha, he kept the aggressive policy of the Russians in check in Wallachia. In 1865 Omar Pasha was sent to effect the reduction of the hardy and warlike Montenegrins, and he had advanced to within a day's march of Cettinje when the Austrian special commissioner at Constantinople induced the Divan to recall him and abandon the war. In June, 1853, the Russian troops marched into Moldavia and Wallachia, when Omar Pasha was appointed the generalissimo of the Turkish army. The Sultan's declaration of war was dated October 4, and the first important collision between the belligerents occurred on the 4th of November, when the Russians were defeated with immense loss, as they were in subsequent actions. The repulse of the Russians at Eupatoria, February 17, 1855, was also effected by Omar Pasha, with great loss to the Russians. Subsequently Omar Pasha joined Gen. Canrobert and Lord Raglan with a part of his army before Sebastopol. His troops, however, took no part in the siege, nor had any other opportunity of distinguishing themselves. He was sent to restore order in Herzegovina in May, 1861, and, having performed various services, established Turkish rule in Candia in 1867.

A LYNCHING CASE IN IOWA.

Two Desperadoes Hung for Murder.

Sydney, Freemont C., [Jan. 17th] correspondence of the Council Bluffs (Iowa) Nonpareil.

About eleven o'clock, on Saturday night, our little city was thrown into somewhat of an excitement by the appearance of about a 100 men, principally mounted, the rest in sleighs, and supposed to be from the vicinity of Plum Hollow, in the northwest part of the county, where a Mr. Holloway of that place, received injuries resulting in death, on the evening of the 14th inst., at a dancing party in his own house. The town was not generally aware of this mysterious visitation, inasmuch as those who were attracted by the movements of the party being arrested and placed under guard as soon as their presence was known, had no opportunity of communicating the intelligence or alarm to others. The men were fully armed, besides being provided with sledge hammers, axes and other tools suited to their purpose, and immediately on arriving in town proceeded to the county jail, where Jackson and James Orton, the men charged with Holloway's murder, had been placed in confinement. They then demanded the keys of Sheriff Martin, and made various threats of violence in case they were not produced, but he resolutely refused to deliver them or reveal the place where they were concealed. Happily, these threats of violence were not carried into execution, and the mob contented themselves with placing him under guard, and began with the implements they had brought along to effect a forcible entrance to the cell where the luckless prisoners were confined; a portion of the crowd instituting in the meantime a general search for the missing keys. The work of demolition was complete, the outside door being literally cut and hammered open. While this was going on some individual discovered the keys hid under the carpet in the Sheriff's family room, but the outer lock had been so injured that in the attempt to turn the bolt the key was broken off and rendered useless. But in about two hours and fifteen minutes the door was got open, the cell within opened, the men taken out and placed in a shed with their hands and feet tied, and the crowd, immediately and rapidly, with their victims in charge, left on the Plum Hollow road. When about one and a half miles from town, on the limbs of a large white oak tree, the unfortunate desperadoes were found suspended at an early hour next morning.

The scene of execution was visited and the ghastly spectacle witnessed by a large number of people this morning. The men were hanging about four feet apart, their feet not more than six or eight inches from the ground, Jackson's neck having doubtless been broken by the fall, while Orton apparently died from strangulation.

TASTE OF TURNIPS IN BUTTER OR MILK.—The flavour of turnips cannot be removed entirely from milk or butter when the cows are fed on them, but much may be done to mitigate it. It is said that a tablespoonful (per gallon of milk) of nitre dissolved in as much water as it will take, and put in the pai before milking the cow, and giving no turnips to the cow for two or three hours before milking, will lessen the flavour, as will, also, giving only the centre part of the turnip, having the top and bottom cut off.

CARBOLIC ACID FOR WOUNDS UPON HORSES.—If a wound will heal by the first intention, the less done to it the better. If, on the other hand, suppuration is inevitable, the most beneficial effects follow the use of carbolic acid combined with glycerine or linseed oil, in the proportion of 1 to 20; it may be applied, night and morning, with a feather. Of course, as with all other dressings, the wound must be kept clean and in the case of backs and shoulders, all pressure removed by small pads of curled horse-hair, sown on to the harness, above and below the sore.

MONO LAKE—AN UNRIPPLED SEA.

Mono Lake lies ten miles southwest of the dividing line between California and Nevada, and is about fourteen miles long and nine wide. It has never been sounded, but a trial said to have been made with a line of three hundred feet failed to reach bottom. By a chemical analysis a gallon of the water, weighing eight pounds, was found to contain 1,200 grains of solid matter, consisting principally of chloride sodium, carbonate of soda, sulphate of soda, borax and silicia.

These substances render the water so acid and nauseating that it is unfit for drinking or even bathing. Leather immersed in it is soon destroyed by its corrosive properties, and no animal, not even a fish or a frog can exist in the water for more than a short time. The only thing able to live within or upon the waters of this lake is a species of fly, which, springing from larvæ bred in its bosom after an ephemeral life, dies, and collecting on the surface, is drifted to the shore, where the remains collect in vast quantities, and are fed upon by the ducks or gathered by the Indians, with whom they are a staple article of food.

Nestling under the eastern water-shed of the Sierra, Mono Lake receives several considerable tributaries; and although destitute of any outlet, such is the aridity of the atmosphere that it is always kept at nearly a uniform level by the process of evaporation. So dense and sluggish is the water rendered through supersaturation with various salt and other foreign matters that only the strongest winds can raise a ripple on its surface. As the Sierra in this neighbourhood reaches its greatest altitude the scenery about Mono Lake is varied and majestic, some parts of it being at the same time marked by a most cheerless and desolate aspect.

The bitter and fatal waters of this lake render it literally a dead sea, and all its surroundings—wild, gloomy and foreboding—are suggestive of sterility and death. The decomposing action of the water is shown by its effect on the bodies of a company of Indians twenty or thirty in number, who, to escape from their pursuers, took refuge in the lake, where they were shot by their enemies, who left them in the water. In the course of a few weeks not a vestige of their bodies was to be seen, even the bones having been decomposed by this powerful solvent. Mineral curiosities abound in the neighbourhood of Mono Lake, among which are numberless depositions in the shape of tiny pine trees.

MISCELANEOUS.

—Cambridge University has accepted the challenge of Oxford for the usual annual race.

—Lady Henry Paget was fined forty shillings by the Marlborough-st. police magistrate, for furious riding in Hyde Park, on the 26th of December.

—There has been formed at Birmingham a "National Education League," with the object of establishing a system "which shall secure the education of every child in England."

—The subscription for the testimonial proposed to be presented to General Peel, by his old Huntingdonshire friends, now exceeds £1,000. The day for the presentation of the testimonial has not yet been fixed.

—The Queen has approved the appointment of Colonel Henderson, C. B., as the Commissioner of Police of the metropolis. Colonel Edmund Y. W. Henderson, the newly-appointed Commissioner of Police, was for 13 years (from 1847 to 1860) at the head of the convict establishment in Western Australia.

—An old man employed to hunt rabbits on the Duke of Portland's estate in England was recently found dead in a rabbit hole, into which he had crawled, and from which he could not get out. He was drawn out by his heels, grasping a rabbit and a ferret in his hands.

—A pair of fond lovers in New Orleans tired of life and the persecutions of cruel parents, recently tied their right hands together and leaped from a bridge with suicidal intent. But while the youth went over the rail, the maiden went under, and they were found, dangling and kicking and screaming.

—It is said that the coal dealers in London are obliged to have their carts or waggons so made that each of them is in effect a weighing machine. By the use of a lever, near the wheel, the load of coal is placed upon the scale, and the true weight immediately and easily ascertained.

—Mr. S. R. Graves, M. P., at the annual distribution of prizes to the Liverpool Rifle Brigade, spoke strongly in favour of increased support being given to volunteers by Government. He also thought that greater inducements should be held out to officers by freeing them from the heavy expense which generally at present they are subjected to, relieving them from the civil obligations of citizens, and allowing them after they have retired to retain the rank they held in the force.

—Zinc may be given a fine black colour, according to Knafil, by cleaning its surface with sand and sulphuric acid, and immersing it for an instant in a solution composed of four parts of sulphate of nickel and ammonia in forty of water, acidulated with one part of sulphuric acid, washing, and drying it. The black coating adheres firmly, and takes a bronze colour under the burnisher. Brass may be stained black with a liquid containing two parts arsenious acid, four hydrochloric acid, and one of sulphuric acid in eighty parts of water.

—One of the most noted examples of rapid growth in recent times is furnished in the case of the infant city of Cheyenne, Wyoming Territory. On the 4th. of July, 1867, it consisted of a single house. Now it boasts of a population of 7,000. It has six boot and shoe stores, five drug stores, eight dry goods stores, three clothing stores, five whosesale groceries, three hardware and cutlery stores, three restaurants and game stores, four stationery and Yankee notion firms, six wholesale liquor dealers and four tobacco and cigar stores, besides twelve other firms engaged in various branches of business. There are four hotels, eight lawyers, and seven physicians in the place. Four papers—three daily and one weekly—are published in Cheyenne. The Union Pacific Railroad passes through it, and four lines of telegraph radiate from it. It contains one very

fine church (Catholic), and three or four other denominations are about to erect houses of worship.

SURGICAL OPERATION ON A MULE.—The *New Jersey Enterprise* says: "Dr. Cattell, veterinary surgeon, of Bridgeton, N. J., last week performed a surgical operation on a mule, which had a large lump upon its shoulder blade. Upon opening the excrescence, to the astonishment of all present, a silver ten-cent piece was discovered in the wound. How it got there is a mystery." The mule might have been brought from the South or Southwest, in some parts of which it is the practice to insert a small silver coin underneath the skin of a horse or mule, so that in case the animal is stolen, the owner has proof positive of his ownership at hand should he chance to find the animal again. The marked coin is placed in various positions, so that it is difficult to find, except by the one who inserted it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Books—J. Durie & Son.
A Parlour Set Wanted.
North American Birds' Eggs—Wm. Couper.
Chief Undertaker—A. Swalwell.
Fancy Bakery—Charles Hoy.
Commission Merchants—W. H. Easton & Co.
Flour, Pork, &c., &c.— do.
Furnished Rooms to Let.
Young Men's Christian Association.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

THERE was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon, at which Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, and the Hon. Messrs. CAMPBELL, TILLEY, MITCHELL and KENNY were present. Departmental business is understood to have been under consideration.

IT is understood that Mr. WALSH was at Prescott yesterday, and will be here with the first train.

Mr. C. J. BRYDGES is also expected in town to-day.

EXCEPT the items with which we may be favoured by the telegraph wires, our readers need not expect any late news from the outside world this morning. As there were no mails yesterday, we were not troubled with looking over our exchanges, and accordingly, our selections may not be quite so fresh as usual.

IT is not improbable that we were wrong yesterday in surmising that section No. 1 of the Intercolonial Railway would now be awarded to the next lowest tender above that of Messrs. HORSEY & Co. The Commissioners have not as yet had an opportunity of considering the matter, and anything that may be said concerning it should be accepted as mere conjecture. Of this class was our remark of yesterday that Messrs. WORTHINGTON might receive the contract; and of this class is our remark to-day that the section may be again put up to competition.

There are those who think that the contract having been formally awarded to one firm, should not be given to another without fresh competition; and they probably reason that as the parties to whom the contract was awarded have been virtually permitted to amend their figures by withdrawing from the work all the other tenderers should have a like opportunity by putting the section up again for competition. There is some force in this consideration, though our impression is that ordinary practice is against it. However, it will be for the Commissioners when they meet again to determine the matter.

It may be remembered that in respect of one tender the party who put it in applied to the Commissioners for permission to withdraw it, and was allowed to do so. But this was before the awards had been made, and the Commissioners righteously concluded that they should not take any steps to enforce compliance with the tender. After the awards had been made, it is quite clear that the position of the parties whose offers were accepted had changed towards the Commissioners. But still as the contract has not been signed it may be supposed that the parties having come to the conclusion that they cannot satisfactorily fulfil it; and being thereby disqualified according to the conditions laid down in the Railway Act, will be allowed to withdraw without being subjected to penalties. It is not desired that any party should be ruined, or materially injured, by their dealings with the public, and, therefore, we assume that the firm will be allowed to give up the contract awarded; and that the Commissioners will take into consideration whether the section should be given to the next lowest tender, or whether it should be put up again for competition.

MUCH mystery prevails as to the selection of General GRANT's new Cabinet. The President-elect, when officially notified of his election, was kind enough to confide to his friends the announcement of his determination not to confide in their judgment in the matter of selecting his chief Secretaries of State. His reason for keeping his secret was a sensible one: he did not desire to expose himself to the annoyance of receiving, or his friends to the trouble of making, representations as to the fitness of this, that, or the other prominent man of the party. He has thus saved himself a great deal of trouble, though he must have given the party wire pullers no little annoyance. But if we are to credit rumour the GENERAL intends to give another example of his want of confidence in the party to whom he owes his exalted position. It is now said that he will not even trust the Post Office Department with the carriage of a letter conveying the anxiously desired information. He fears that the Post Office is "leaky," and so he has resolved simply to invite certain parties to meet him at Washington; and discuss his designs with them under the seal of profound secrecy. In this way GENERAL GRANT hopes to defy the prying curiosity of the *quid nuncs*, and baffle the schemes of the wire pullers, while at the same time he will have the opportunity of exercising his own judgment in the selection of the members of his Cabinet. The General has given other hints of his determination to act, at least in administrative matters, according to the light of his own judgment. If he succeeds in conquering the great army of revenue swindlers now preying on the vitals of the United States, he will have achieved a greater victory than that over LEE. It is said he will make the attempt, and we cannot but heartily wish him success.

OTTAWA is rather a retired sort of place during the prevalence of such a stiff "Nor'-'easter" as that with which we were favoured yesterday. The railway train went out in the morning, but the trains from Prescott, both morning and afternoon, were wisely withdrawn. The clearing of the recent accumulations of snow from the track having left a high embankment on each side, we can understand that after yesterday's storm the railway track would have been pretty thoroughly "blocked."

Several gentlemen at Prescott junction, yesterday, anxious to reach the capital, amused themselves by telegraphing to their friends here that they were coming—so soon as they could get the chance. Perhaps they may get through to-day, but if so, the railway people will have to do more than yeoman's service, for the storm of yesterday was one of the heaviest during the winter, and that is saying a great deal.

The roads leading to the city were all but impassable, and as a consequence business was pretty nearly at a stand still. In the absence of other employment there was a very general assault made on the snow, which had accumulated on the sidewalks. Trucks were also busily engaged in hawling the snow from the back yards and "dumping" it on the carriage way of the streets. This is probably about the best that can be done with it; but in spite of all efforts to prevent it the city stands a good chance of a general flooding when the thaw sets in. The quantity of snow which has fallen during the past few weeks is enormous, probably unequalled by any winter's experience that is yet fresh in the memory of the "oldest inhabitant." And withal it has been very mild, the temperature having been such as to make an agreeable contrast with that of last winter.

Should the heavy fall of snow have extended to the upper country, it is to be feared that the operations of the lumbermen will be very much impeded. In the early part of the winter they suffered from a superabundance of snow, but a thaw set in for a few days which considerably reduced the quantity, and packed the remainder so firmly as to make it most serviceable for the purposes of the lumberman. The recent falls, however, must have again tended to retard his work.

The storm raged in the city during the morning and the earlier part of the day with considerable violence. The paths were all but obliterated, and drifting snow nearly blinded the struggling wayfarer. Those who lived on the back streets, or in comparatively untravelled neighbourhoods had a hard struggle to make their way to their ordinary places of business; but if their employment depended mainly upon the calls of the public, they had, doubtless, ample opportunity to rest themselves during the day, for very few went "a-shopping." Those who rejoiced in the possession of snow-shoes, and knew how to use them, had an excellent opportunity yesterday, for we are assured that our most frequented streets furnished capital "snow-shoeing," so plentiful had been the fall of snow. Many gentlemen availed themselves of their snow-shoes, and they appeared to profit thereby, judging from the apparent facility with which they passed others on the streets. Towards evening the storm abated, and the sky "lifted" to prepare for frost.

AFTER all, it appears that the detective's story, pretending to unravel the mystery of the BURDELL murder, was a complete hoax. JEFFERDS, according to the statement of Mr. HOLMES, a New York barrister, was not old enough at the time of the deed to have been the perpetrator. We ventured to express our surprise that the story of JEFFERDS's confession, if true, had been so long concealed; but the following letter shows that the pretended revelation was a trumped-up affair; perhaps the work of some hard-up penny-a-liner:

To the Editor of the World.

SIR,—The statements made in your journal of Tuesday last are incorrect in every particular, so far as Charles Jefferds is concerned. He scarcely knew Mrs. Cunningham; was a mere child at the time of the murder of Dr. Burdell; and, strange as it may appear, was not the murderer of Walton or Matthews. The present Mayor, Mr. A. Oakey Hall, my deceased friend, Mr. James T. Brady, and I were his counsel; and I made the last argument in his behalf in the Court of Appeals. I think that Mr. Hall *knows* that he was innocent of the Matthews murder, and, consequently, of the murder of Mr. Walton. I am sure that Mr. Brady knew it, and he frequently so expressed himself to me. Indeed, in view of the facts confided to us under the seal of professional secrecy, we could come to no conclusion except that he was innocent, and was wrongfully convicted. I feel confident of this, and know that Jefferds suffered his imprisonment like a hero, and not like a felon. Justice to a poor dead convict dictates these lines.

Yours, very respectfully,
ROBERT D. HOLMES.

THE Rev. Mr. DAWSON, in his lecture on "British Canadian Poets," now being published in the Quebec *Journal of Education*, has the following allusion to certain local celebrities:

"That accomplished scholar, Mr. Gane, better known in Canada as '*The Lowe Farmer*,' has contributed many elegant and truly classical pieces of verse to the periodical press of these Provinces.

"Miss Mary Ann McIvor, of Ottawa, Mr. Lett, the City Clerk of the Canadian Capital, and Mr. Carroll Ryan, of the Ottawa *Volunteer Review*, a native of Toronto, have given proof of a poetical mind, but have not, as yet, published so extensively as to attract general attention, or to command that of the critics who are, to a certain extent, the exponents of public opinion."

THE county of Prince Edward has had a year's experience of the operations of the "DUNKIN Bill," a piece of legislation already almost forgotten, and the County Council has now repealed the by-law which gave it effect, because of its unsatisfactory working.

REVIVALISTIC.—During the recent religious revivals in Glenwood, Iowa, a reprobate youth informed the minister that he could induce fifty wild associates to attend a devotional meeting. The minister doubted his word, but promised him a "V" if he succeeded. True to his word, at the next prayer meeting, in marched the aforesaid youth at the head of fifty-four sinners, who took seats in order, and attentively listened to the admonition of the pastor and his followers.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

THE ST. ALBAN'S MONDAY READINGS.

These popular weekly readings appear to increase rather than to fall off in attractiveness. On Monday last the school room was filled to its utmost capacity, and numbers, for the want of chairs, were compelled to stand throughout the performances. His Worship the Mayor and the Rev. H. Pollard sought and found in Eastern story subjects of instruction, and of amusement also; and Mr. Langton's pathetic irony was well appreciated. Mr. Sinclair as usual in his quiet, generous way gave spirit to the readings, and spice to the evening, by his well selected and well rendered songs. The ballad duet "Gaffer Gray and Robin Rough," between Mr. Sinclair and the Rev. T. Bedford Jones, was most effectively given, and deserved the rapturous applause it received. In regard to the music we were pleased to hear that arrangements were in progress by which the meetings of the St. Alban's Reading Society and the Philharmonic Society would, it was hoped, be held on separate evenings in future. Such an alteration will enable the members of both societies to take advantage of each other's entertainments, and at the same time add to the strength as well as to the attractions of their own. We regretted to observe that there seemed to be on the part of a few young persons who were old enough to know better a wilful determination to be noisy as well as mischievous. It is of course a comparatively easy thing for a few frolicsome, feather-headed persons to give annoyance. Neither will it affect them to say that such ungenerous conduct should carry shame to the minds of the authors of it. But the question arises whether a remedy for such an evil is within reach. We have been informed that the president and several others who originated the readings in that part of the city have from the first been steady advocates of free readings, but it would seem that some of those for whose benefit and amusement the readings have been made free, are the very persons who seem least to appreciate such freedom. However, the intention of these gentlemen was good and generous, and if it should fail the failure must be at the doors of those persons who have brought, or who may bring, such failure about. Mr. Fennings Taylor, from the outset, has, we know, been the advocate of an open house and of free readings; but he and others who have thought with him, are in danger of being put out of court by their own clients. Thus the more sagacious people who have counselled a fixed charge, and individual tickets of admission, will probably receive, what they have much right to expect, a fair trial of their plan. We should regret the change, but no fault could be found with the authorities were they at once to make it. Perhaps a better arrangement of the seats might be made. The chairs, for example, which represent the boxes, might, with advantage, be placed at the back of the room, while the forms which, let us say, represent the pit, might be placed near the reader's desk. The President and his clients would thus be brought into closer contact, and possibly with advantage to the latter. It is distressing to think that half a dozen noodles should have it in their power to make a gathering of three or four hundred people unpleasant, if not impossible. Of course the noodles might be got rid of, but it would be more satisfactory if such persons ceased to be noodles, and learned to be men.

"EARLY FRENCH SETTLEMENTS IN CANADA."

Last evening, under the auspices of the Ottawa Mechanics' Institute, John Langton, Esq., delivered a very interesting lecture on this subject in Gowan's Hall. Owing to the stormy character of the evening the audience was small, although it is but just to say that the fine hall, which is admirably suited for such purposes, was warm and comfortable to a degree seldom found in such weather. With a slight allusion to the relics of Norsemen, and possible visitors from Ireland to America, the lecturer traced the various attempts at colonisation from the discoveries of Jacques Cartier in 1534 to the coming of Champlain under whom the first real settlement took place in 1608. Sketching Champlain's policy in endeavouring to secure the friendship of the Indians, and showing that the most powerful—the Iroquois or Five Nations, who occupied the southern shores of Lakes Ontario and Erie—were always opposed to the French, and in favour first of the Dutch, and then of the English, the lecturer traced the route of one of Champlains expeditions up the Ottawa to Lake Nippissing, thence to Lake Huron, and thence down the northern shore of the Georgian Bay to what is now Collingwood, where he collected his Indian allies, and proceeded by Lake Simcoe to Ontario, and thence to the foot of the lake, where he attacked the Iroquois on the southern side. This expedition was unsuccessful, and was obliged to return to Quebec by the same circuitous route for want of canoes in which to descend the St. Lawrence. Of this expedition many interesting remains had been found. Speaking of the inaccuracies of pretended historians, concerning this portion of the history of the country, the lecturer gave some glaring and amusing instances from the State papers of the time of Louis XIV, and other sources. Up to 1663 the expeditions from France were the projects of mere trading companies. After that period New France, as the country was then called, became part of the Crown domain, and trading posts were established from Quebec up the shores of the great lakes to the waters of the Mississippi, and down that river to New Orleans. In order to show the ignorance which prevailed in France with regard to the territory, he related how one officer of the Government proposed that the woods should be set on fire in the winter, in order to burn out the Iroquois, and another that the frontier should be fenced for the same purpose! Among other absurd restrictions it was decreed that no colonist should absent himself from the French lines for more than 24 hours on pain of death! With regard to the social life of the early settlers, he gave some interesting incidents particularly with regard to the ladies and the means taken to provide wives for the French officers, who, however, in many instances, disregarded the solicitude of the Government, and followed the bent of their own inclinations. When Jacques Cartier visited the country, the Indians lived in walled villages, but in the time of Champlain scarcely a vestige of these villages remained. At this latter period the Algonquins occupied the territory on both banks of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, New Brunswick, and as far west as Lake Simcoe, north of Lake Ontario, while the dominant Iroquois held the territory south of the lakes, and were always the strongest enemies of the French settlers, until Canada was finally conquered by the English. In his peroration, the lecturer alluded to the mixture of Celt and Saxon, of which the inhabitants of this country is composed, and hoped that adopting the best traits in the character of both, the New Dominion would continue to prosper until it had achieved the position of a great nation. After an expression of the thanks of the audience to the lecturer, tendered through the chairman, Mr. White, of the P. O. Department, Dr. VanCortlandt, at the chairman's request, exhibited some interesting relics of Champlain's expedition, found on the Upper Ottawa, which with some Indian specimens, and interesting explanations regarding them, concluded a very interesting evening's entertainment.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shown by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

IN HAPPIER DAYS.

BY THE LOWE FARMER.

In happier days—in brighter hours—
With joy, too redolent to stay,
When every path was crowned with flowers,
Twin sisters of the smiling May—
How beautiful was life, for then
Hope would her rainbow colors cast
O'er all retraced by mem'ry's pen,
And cheered the Eden of the past.

Life, now, is like a desert waste,
Which zephyrs nor young showers will bless,
Without a single blossom graced
To save from utter loneliness.
But Hope, the friend that ne'er forsakes,
Still 'mid the gloom reveals her ray,
As thro' the clouds most threat'ning breaks,
The glory of the God of Day.

And will those joys, whose early flight,
Instruct how vain it is to place
Affection on a world of blight,
Revisit man's degraded race?
Yes—for delights that are no more,
Were images of those above,
And, though as brief as lovely here,
Bear impress of Eternal Love.

ON SEEING THE PICTURE OF A CORMORANT AND QUAIL IN A BROKEN WINDOW OF MR. TUCKER'S SCHOOL.

'Twas desolate enough before,—we know it
And needed not this *paneful* sight to show it;—
'Twas bad enough alike outside and *in*doors
Without that awful *cormorant* in the window,
And all the passers-by observe the more it
Stays there, the more the other *quails* before it.

Oh by the memory of that other Tucker—
Illustrious "Dan"—"fine man" tho' "late to supper"—
Whose reputation never got a scare by
His long career in song and on the "Darby"
Away with that ill-omened bird! Replace it
With bird less dismal, or let vulture chase it;—
Or bring Minerve's learned owl, and let her hoot it,
Or "teach the young idea how to shoot" it,
But do not, or you drive us to despair—
Oh do not, Mr. Tucker, leave it there!

LOCAL NEWS.

THE SKATING RINK.—We are informed that the ice at the Rink is at present in excellent condition for skating, and as it is less crowded than formerly, greater accommodation and less interruption is afforded to visitors. Those who desire to avail themselves of the present opportunities for skating exercise, or for learning to skate, will find Mr. Kier, the caretaker, obliging and attentive.

RE-COMMENCEMENT OF BUSINESS.—By announcement in another column it will be seen that W. H. Eastman and Co., who were burned out at the fire at the Canal basin, have recommenced business as commission merchants, in one of the new stores in little Sussex-st., Canal basin, where their old patrons will find them as attentive to their interests as formerly. For particulars as to business see advertisement.

DIED FROM BURNING.—The little girl, Evelina Tink, who was burned at New Edinburgh, on Saturday night last, died on Monday. The deceased child was on the day of her death just four years old. She was the daughter of Mr. Robert Tink, of New Edinburgh. It appears she was left upstairs with a candle, and her clothing accidentally took fire. She suffered great pain, which was alleviated as much as possible by the family physician, Dr. Bell, but all his efforts were unavailing to save her life.

ONE OF THE OLDEST INHABITANTS.—The year of grace one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six may be regarded, for Ottawa, a period of very remote antiquity, and any one who could be shewn to have lived here at that time would justly be regarded as one of the oldest inhabitants. Such a one it appears has been found, and he declares that he does not remember to have seen the snow at any time as deep as it is at present. This point being settled, we shall be at liberty to speak of the present as the deepest snow ever known in Ottawa and the regions round about.

ANOTHER ROOF FALLEN.—Yesterday, in the forenoon, the roof of a stable belonging to Mr. Whitty, of the Hibernian Hotel, Murray-st., fell in and killed a horse. At this rate we may expect to find the roofs of many other sheds, stables and barns fall in. Many persons about town have taken advantage of the hint we gave yesterday, and have gone to work in earnest to remove the snow from stables, sheds and dwellings. If all would do so they might save much future trouble and expense, the danger of which increases every hour they neglect the precaution.

THE MARKET.—The farmers who came into the market yesterday morning appeared in woeful plight. The snow was falling plenteously and they and their teams were covered with it. Every load was white and looked almost like a load of snow. Every man was clothed in white raiment and drove white horses. Snow was in rich abundance, but provisions were scarce indeed. In the hay market, however, there was no scarcity. Hay was unexpectedly quite plentiful, and it was hinted by some evil minded persons that a few of the loads appeared to have been built with the broadest possible upper surface, in order that it might hold a large quantity of snow, to be sold with the hay at twenty-two to twenty-four dollars a ton. This of course was a foul slander.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION LECTURE.—The next lecture of the series will be delivered by P. LeSueur, Esq., Civil Service. Mr. LeSueur is to treat of the "Love of the Beautiful." In other cities of Canada where this lecture has been delivered, it has on every occasion attracted a numerous audience and given great satisfaction. Non-holders of season tickets are admitted to the lectures of the Y. M. C. A. for ten cents, and as usual the lecture will be given in the Sussex-st. chapel. The young men should be encouraged in their efforts to elevate the moral and intellectual faculties of their own class, while at the same time they are benefitting the general public in cultivating a taste for public lectures. For a comparatively young organization, thus far they have succeeded in making something of a name for themselves, in securing for our citizens during the present season, the delivery of some admirable lectures.

DANGEROUS AND DISAGREEABLE.—At almost every street crossing in the city the snow has become packed by the feet of foot passengers in such a way as to present a barrier, on each side of which the soft snow is displaced by passing teams so as to form a gulch into which the front parts of sleighs descend, and come against the packed crossing endangering the precipitation of the occupants upon the heels of their horses; and unless the animals are very gentle, cause runaways and smash-ups generally. It is surely the duty of the Corporation to attend to this matter at once, as if life should be lost, or limbs broken from neglecting to do so, the Corporation would undoubtedly be responsible; and this consideration, to say nothing of humanity, should induce prompt action to remove the danger. But these are not the only impediments to travel. In several parts of the city there are to be found holes or *cahots* in the streets, which are even more dangerous, though less numerous, than the places above mentioned.

POLICE COURT.—Michael Hanly, drunk and disorderly, was dismissed on his petition, but ordered to appear this morning with evidence of his having signed the temperance pledge.

James Kilpatrick, for assault on Mr. William Litle. Defendant, it appears, is a tenant of complainant's, and had gone into his house to pay rent, and whilst there had charged his landlord with having circulated some reports reflecting on his character, and becoming distasteful Mr. Litle ordered him to leave. Angry words arose and an assault was alleged to have been committed. Defendant was ordered to pay a fine of $8 and costs.

Francois Bleau, a water carrier, was charged with assaulting Francois Daufousse, another waterman, while both were in pursuit of aqueous avocation on the ice, for which the aforesaid Francois the first was ordered to pay into the municipal exchequer $1 and costs.

Two boys, Baptiste Paul and Joseph Bordeleau, were charged with breaking down a door on Sunday evening, when they should have been in church. The boys were anxious to get another boy to come out to play with them, but the latter refused, and held on to the door so firmly that in their efforts to pull him out they pulled down the door. The father of one of the boys swore so positively that his son did'nt do it, that the case was dismissed.

E. M. MACDONALD AND THE CONCESSIONS.

No man in Nova Scotia has a fuller knowledge of everything pertaining to the various phases of the anti-Confederation agitation in that Province than E. M. Macdonald, editor of the *Citizen*, Dominion member for Lunenburg. Next to Mr. Howe, Mr. Macdonald rendered to the anti-Confederate cause in N. S. the chief oratorical service. Knowing this to be the case, we were anxious to see in what terms Mr. Macdonald would comment on Mr. Howe's address to the men of Hants. In the *Citizen* of the 11th inst. that address is referred to. The *Citizen* says:

"The address is not a long document, but brief as it is, it contains a clear and impartial statement of the various phases of the anti-Confederate agitation, from the time when the British America Act was passed in England, down to the present day. The policy announced by Mr. Howe in Hants during the election contest of 1867, was the policy of the anti-Confederate party nearly all over the Province. In Pictou, and perhaps in one or two other counties, a purely repeal policy was declared; but everywhere else, save in Halifax, where by consent of the League it was decided not to raise the question of repeal, the policy announced in Hants was more or less closely adhered to, viz., first to defeat the men who had forced Confederation on the country without the consent of the people—second, to seek a repeal of the Act—and third, failing repeal, to strive for such modification of the scheme as would make its operation more just and equitable to this Province."

The *Citizen*, however, remarks that the public sentiment of N. S. has advanced beyond the point at which it stood at the last general election in that Province. But it adds:

"Whether the change of sentiment has become so extreme as to defeat Mr. Howe in 1869 for trying to carry out in good faith the policy he was elected in 1867 to advocate and maintain, depends altogether on the extent to which reason and truthfulness have given place to passion and prejudice in the public mind."

Let the *Freeman* and *Globe* ponder these words and this testimony of the *Citizen*.

It may be considered remarkable that the Local Government of Nova Scotia do not eject Mr. Macdonald from the Queen's printership, which he holds. But perhaps the "calm soldier" who is Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia has taken into his head to think that before a loyal subject of the Queen is ousted from the Queen's printership for simply refusing to countenance disloyal attempts to defy her authority and throw off her rule, an appeal on the question ought to be made to Her Majesty's loyal people of Nova Scotia. If that is the opinion of Gen. Doyle Mr. Macdonald's position is safe for some time yet. Messrs. Annand and Wilkins would certainly prefer that Mr. Macdonald should hold his office rather than that they should lose theirs by attempting to turn him out.—*St. John (N. B.) News.*

A DOLEFUL PICTURE.

The parliamentary correspondent of the *Nouveau Monde* gives a very bad picture of the morals and manners in Quebec, from which we extract the following:

"In Quebec the houses of prostitution are numberless, and the streets are encumbered with their inhabitants. From three o'clock in the afternoon until late at night, a shameless crowd insult peaceful and honest people. At street corners noisy loafers insult respectable females, who cannot go out alone at the approach of night. There are associations of bullies collected from the lowest ranks of society always ready to give their services to anybody who will pay them most. Candidates at elections hire these gangs, which control public meetings, intimidate the citizens, and cause riots. Everybody has heard of the innumerable robberies, murders, and assaults committed every year in this city, and it is notorious that the police are insufficient, too timid, or are the accomplices of these cut-throats."

—A Dublin telegram states that Mr. Carleton, the Irish novelist, a false report of whose death was recently circulated, died on January 28. The deceased gentleman was the author of several novels, but he was best known by his "*Traits and Stories of the Irish Peasantry.*"

—The funeral of the Duc de Brabant, Prince Royal of Belgium, took place on January 27, at eleven o'clock, at the Church of St. Michael and St. Gudule, at Brussels. The choir, entirely hung with black, was decorated with the arms of the nine provinces of Belgium, canopied with festoons of crape. In each arch of the nave hung long mourning draperies. Immense candelabra with three rows of wax lights were placed between the entrance and the high altar. In the transept, a catafalque of silver cloth with cross and fringe of gold, and surmounted by the royal crown, was arranged upon a dias reaching nearly to the roof of the church. The touching ceremony of placing the body in its temporary resting-place at Laeken is thus described in *Le Nord* of January 28:—"After the ceremony ended, and the body had been placed in the funeral chapel, the King entered, accompanied by the Count de Flander. On the threshold the King, overcome with emotion, fell on his knees, while copious tears streamed down his cheeks. His grief was terrible to witness. Shortly after, his Majesty rose and took from the hands of M. Donny two violet wreaths, one of which he placed upon the tomb of the late queen, and the other upon that of the late king. Then his Majesty hung upon each of the angles of the coffin which contained the remains of his dearly loved son a wreath formed of white roses, of mysotis, of camellias, and white lilies."

DIED.

In this city, on the 23rd instant, Frank, infant son of J. R. Booth, Esq, aged fifteen months and seven days.

The funeral will take place from his father's residence, Bridge-st., on Thursday, 25th instant, at 2 o'clock, p. m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have new RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
Extra Superfine	6.00
Fancy	
Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine No. 2	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1	2.25
80,000 No. 2	1.50
80,000 Fancy	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

WANTED a good Parlor Sett of Furniture. A cash purchaser will be found if price and articles suit. Address "Beta," TIMES office. 982a

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS, within two minutes' walk of the Russell House and Post Office—two sitting-rooms and bed-rooms. Address A., P. O. box 15, Ottawa. 982-3

TO LET.

A semi-detached HOUSE, in the Village of New Edinburgh, containing eight rooms, with Cistern, Out-buildings, and Garden attached.

Rent moderate. Possession given immediately if required.

For particulars apply to
Mr. ROBERT SURTEES,
New Edinburgh.

New Edinburgh, February 22, 1869. 981-3

FOR SALE.

TWO NEW BRICK HOUSES, South side of Daly-st. Possession given May 1st.

For particulars apply personally, or by letter, to
Mr. ROBERT SURTEES,
New Edinburgh.

New Edinburgh, February 22, 1869. 981-3

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

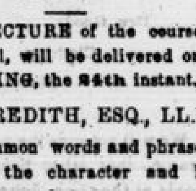
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 904tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and SITTING ROOM. 868tf

Lectures.



ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

The FIFTH LECTURE of the course at the St. Patrick's Hall, will be delivered on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 24th instant, by

E. A. MEREDITH, ESQ., LL.D.

SUBJECT—"Common words and phrases as indicative of the character and habits of thought of a people."

Admission 12½ cents.

Doors open at 7½, lecture to commence at 8 o'clock.

Tickets may be had at Jones & Holland's News Depot, Post Office Block, and from Members of the Committee.

JOHN KELLY,
Secretary.
981-2

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

LECTURES 1868-9.

The Eighth Lecture of the Series will be delivered by P. LeSUEUR, ESQ., in the Chapel of Ease, Sussex-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, the 25th instant, at 8 o'clock.

SUBJECT—"The Sublime and Beautiful, in "connection with Man's affectional, moral, and "intellectual nature."

Admission 10 cents.

Ottawa, February 24. 981-2

Publications.

NEW BOOKS.

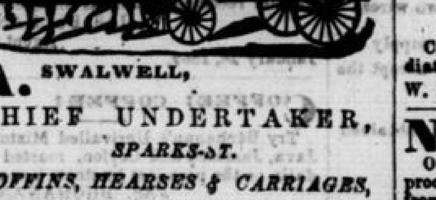
J. DURIE & SON have received
Cast up by the Sea, by Sir Samuel Baker;
Haslitt's Mechanics Book of Reference and Engineer's Field Book.
Haswell's Engineer's and Mechanic's Pocket Book.
Henck's Field Book for Engineers.
The Canary; its varieties, breeding and management.
Braithwaite's Retrospect for January.
McMillan's Pocket and Wall Maps of New Brunswick.
McKinlay's Pocket and Wall Maps of Nova Scotia.
Dawson's Pocket Map of the Dominion.
Bow Bells, Young Ladies' Journal, Once a Week, All the Year Round, London Society, Temple Bar, &c., for February.
The American Magazines for March.
For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

JONES & HOLLAND,
[Post Office Block,]

Have just received
Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine for March,
Good Words for the Young,
Chambers's Journal, &c.
Godey for March, Demorest for March, Budget of Fashion, Harper's Bazar, Chimney Corner, Boston Pilot, Sporting Times, Ledger, &c., &c.
"Captain Jinks" Song Book, 1 cent each.
Ottawa, February 23, 1869.

Fancy Bakery.

CHARLES HOY begs to return thanks to the public for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, also to announce that he has removed his establishment on Wellington-st., next to the Union Brewery. He has also opened a store at No. 97, Rideau-st., where he will supply every day fresh, with the superior articles in his trade, bran and white bread one penny cheaper than other bakers. His fancy bread, breakfast and dinner rolls, French loaves, scons, twists, sweet bunns, and a variety of fancy cakes. His biscuits are of a superior quality, constantly fresh made: Cabin, Wine, Abernethy, Cheese Bowlers, Crackers, Fancy, Water. Cross Buns on Good Friday.
Two apprentices wanted. 981d



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Black Cloths, Winceys, Beaver Cloths, Cottons, Meltons, Prints, Tweeds, &c., &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these is at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

Tenders.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH,

UPPER TOWN.

TENDERS FOR COMPLETION.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until THURSDAY, the 4th MARCH, for the completion of the Church, [R.C.,] in Upper Town, known as St. Patrick's Church. Plans and specification can be seen, and all other information obtained, at the office of J. J. Murphy, Esq, Attorney, Rideau-st.

The undersigned will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. McCARRON.

Ottawa, 22nd Feby., 1869. 981a

NOTICE.—We herewith inform the lumber trade and public generally that WM. HENRY ROLFE, who for many years acted as our Agent at Burlington, Vt., ceases to act in that capacity from and after Jan. 25, 1869.

We have appointed MESSRS. OTIS, SHEPPARD & CO., of Burlington, Vt., our sole agents at that point; they will hereafter have the exclusive sale of the products of our mill, and to them alone all orders for Humberstown Lumber must be addressed.

HUMBERSTOWN LUMBER CO.

Humberstown, Pro. Quebec,
Jan. 25, 1869. 980d

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.,

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

NORTH AMERICAN BIRDS' EGGS.

Oologists, whose collections are incomplete, may procure identified species at reasonable prices from the undersigned, who has devoted upwards of twelve years to their study. The numerals on each species correspond with the Smithsonian Institution Catalogue of Birds.

WM. COUPER,
Naturalist, &c.,
Clarence, near Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

February 24, 1869. 982a

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from MISS MARY HANLIN to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION her entire fit-out of BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE, at her house, in Mr. Aumond's Block, on the South side of Daly-st., consisting in part of

PARLOUR FURNITURE, viz.:—Sofa, Chairs, Carpet, Window Curtains and Cornices, Centre Table, Whatnot, Pictures, &c.

DINING ROOM—Black Walnut Extension Table, made by Jacques & Hayes, Sideboard, Chairs, Carpet, Table Cutlery, Crockery, Glass and China Ware of the very best description.

BED ROOMS—Bedsteads, Mattresses of all kinds, Blankets, Quilts, Sheets, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Carpets, Washstands, Bureaus, Looking-glasses, Baths, sets of Chamberware, &c., &c.

Cooking, Hall and Parlour Stoves and Stove-pipes, Hall Oil Cloth, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

The whole of the Furniture is in first-rate condition, and is such as may be found in a first-class boarding-house.

Sale to commence on FRIDAY, the 26th FEBRUARY, at ONE o'clock, p. m.

Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 978d

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

has been commissioned by Mr. Thomas Mathews to sell

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

on the premises, on

Thursday, the 4th day of March, Next,

At 12 o'clock, noon,

That very valuable property known as the

REVERE HOUSE,

Consisting of three lots in one block, viz.: Part of Lots 1 and A on the south side of Rideau-st., and part of 1 and A on the north side of Besserer-st. The house is 106 x 40 feet, and four stories high, roofed with tin, and contains 4 large parlors, a first-class dining-room, sitting-room, bar-room, 2 kitchens, and 50 large, airy bed-rooms, and has a cellar under it the whole size of the house; with Sheds, Wood-house, Coach-house, a brick stable 66 x 30 feet, with accommodations for 40 horses attached.

The property, together, is one of the best in the city for a first-class hotel. A bargain may be expected.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

For further particulars apply to the owner,
Mr. THOMAS MATTHEWS,
At Matthews' Hotel, York-st.,
Or to the Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 978d

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and the make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made on all CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*

☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

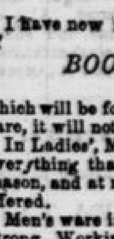
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the above said reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 971-2m

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT,

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,

Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S.

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons, Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 23.

This morning the following notice was hung on the door of Brown's Bank: "Unable, in the absence of Mr. Brown, to carry on business, owing to heavy losses in New York. I have determined to close Brown's Bank.—W. C. CHEWETT." On the latter the loss chiefly falls. Any statement referring to the circumstances is refused until Mr. Brown returns, who is expected to-morrow. Though the place is called a bank it is merely an exchange office.

A grand temperance convention, consisting of delegates from the different temperance associations in Ontario, met this afternoon to organize one society for the Province, and have agreed to unite under the name of the Canada Temperance Union. A good many questions connected with temperance are to be brought up.

The first meeting of the new Board of Agriculture takes place to-morrow, for the purpose of electing officers and organizing anew.

The New England Society celebrated the anniversary of the birthday of Washington last night by an assembly at the Rossin House. The gathering was very large. Dancing was kept up till an early hour, but there was not much oratory. Music was furnished by the band of the 29th regiment.

No meeting of the city council last night for want of a quorum.

An advertiser in the *Globe* cautions all persons from interfering with the discovery of perpetual motion, which he says he has made, and a patent applied for.

A snow storm commenced last night, and continued until this afternoon. Snow is now six feet eight inches deep.

The contest in Hants seems doubtful. The 18th of March is named as election day, though nothing official has transpired. McLellan is to go out and aid Howe. The Repealers are making extraordinary efforts, but admit if Howe wins, the Repeal movement is at an end.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 23.

A snow storm is raging since morning. There is no mail, and no traffic on the Grand Trunk, causing great loss to the line.

Mr. Bernard, a notary of Terrebonne, was robbed at the Bonaventure depot this morning of his valise, containing $9,000 in promissory notes, a sum of silver, and clothes. There is no clue to the robbers.

$3,000 more is to be expended in strengthening the armoury roof of the drill shed.

Velocipedes are all the rage in Montreal, an exhibition took place at the Canadian Institute last night, and one at the Crystal Palace to-night. About a dozen of them are in the city.

The St. Patrick's Hall association have decided to take action against E. E. Gilbert, for the unsatisfactory performance of his contract, the commissioners having reported that the accident was caused by the iron girders not being made of the iron specified, or according to the instructions of the Engineer.

Flour dull at $4,80 to $4,65.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

QUEENSTOWN, February 23.—The steamers *City of Cork* and *Hecla*, from New York, have arrived.

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 23.—In the Constituent Cortes yesterday Serrano, the Prime Minister, officially announced the resignation of the Provisional Government. Gen. Prim, the Minister of War, in an address assured the House that the late dynasty would never ascend the throne. Admiral Topete, the Minister of Marine, asked the House to pass an act of indemnity for the navy for its acts during the recent revolution. Subsequently the House passed a vote of thanks to the retiring Provisional Government, although the Republican members opposed it with unanimity. The House also by a large majority empowered Marshal Serrano with full executive powers for the time being, and granted him the authority necessary for the formation of a new ministry.

Gen. Cabellero de Roda is to succeed Gen. Dulce as Governor-General of the Island of Cuba.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, February 23.—The press of this city almost unanimously condemn the movement for a union of Spain and Portugal under the old name of Iberia, which has been recently contemplated.

CUBA.

A New Programme of Military Operations—American Blockade Running—Capture of a Spanish Gunboat.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 23.—The *Herald's* Havana special says the Government has changed its policy towards the revolutionists. Instead of harrassing the Spanish troops by useless pursuits, all the fortified points will be occupied by garrisons, and for the present no military operations of an offensive nature will be carried on. An American blockade runner slipped through the Spanish war vessels on the coast at night, and landed a cargo for the insurgents. Intelligence from Manzanillo reports that the insurgents have captured a Spanish gunboat with two guns.

HAVANA, February 23.—Gen. Dulce has issued a proclamation addressed to the Volunteers, announcing that he is about to commence a vigourous campaign against the rebels yet in arms. He tells the volunteers that they have been misled by the machinations of their enemies, and advises them to remain quiet and obey their superior officers. The citizens were greatly alarmed. Excitement and agitation prevailed all day yesterday, but partially subsided in the evening when it was known that the danger had been averted by the firmness of Gen. Dulce. The insurgents had a battle with the troops at Moyajilqua, near Remedios, and defeated them, capturing the town. Frequent accounts are received of smaller engagements in the vicinity of Trinidad, Cienfuegos, and Villa Clara, with a result sometimes in favour of the rebels and sometimes in favour of the troops. The rebels have got possession of a tug on the Domiyi river leading into Jaqua bay.

A despatch from Spain, received yesterday afternoon, announcing the organization of a force of 3,000 Catalonian volunteers for service in Cuba.

Noon—The city is quiet. The volunteers are guarding the streets and walls as usual. The agitation of the two preceding days has abated. The weather is very hot. The *Perusia* publishes as authentic accounts of the situation in the Central Department. It says persons living in the country abandoned their houses and estates and took refuge in the cities. Insurgents are to be found in every Province of the Department. They take only the property of Spaniards. The rebels in the jurisdiction of Cienfuegos have artillery, and their cavalry is well mounted. The troops sent in pursuit of them are infantry.

The *Perusia* says that it is useless to indulge in allusions as to the state of affairs in the interior, but we must acknowledge that the condition of the inhabitants could not be worse. There is no other political news of importance.

MEXICO.

Disgraceful State of Affairs—A New Project for the Payment of American Claims.

NEWS VIA HAVANA.

HAVANA, February 23.—Further advices from Mexico represent a disgraceful state of affairs at the capital. Foreigners are strongly of opinion that the Government is imbecile, that ministers are corruptly making money, and sending it to foreign countries. It was reported that Englishmen and Americans are negotiating in the United States for the payment of the English claims, the United States to take Mexican territory in consideration thereof.

HAYTI.

Slaughter of the Insurgents—Damage to the Sugar Crop—Rebellion in St. Domingo.

NEWS VIA HAVANA.

HAVANA, February 22.—Dates from Port-au-Prince state that after the surrender of the town of Acquin Salnave's troops perpetrated an indiscriminate slaughter. The Haytien ships of war were bombarding the ruins of the towns on the coast. An arrival from Porto Rico brings intelligence that heavy rains have prevented cane-grinding, and the planters fear that they will be unable to made a good crop. Vessels are unable to obtain cargoes there.

Additional advices from St. Domingo represent that the Republic was greatly agitated by revolutionary pronunciamentos, which were making their appearance in every part of the country. The Province of Crebas was in open rebellion, and in other Provinces a guerrilla warfare was waged against Baez.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The United States Legislature.

NEW YORK, February 23.—The *Times* special says the indications are that no action will be taken on the *Alabama* claims treaty at this session, and if the St. Thomas Island purchase treaty is reported upon it will be on an adverse report.

Suspension of the Fourth National Bank.

PHILADELPHIA, February 23.—The doors of the Fourth National Bank was not opened this morning, owing to the defalcation of the cashier MacMullen. The suspension caused a large crowd to collect in the vicinity of the bank. MacMullen is here but refuses to give any information. The police have him in their possession. The bank has been in bad order for some time, and the event has not caused much surprise. The capital of the bank is $225,000; deposits $50,000; and the assets $130,000 at the last report.

Trains on the Union Pacific Railroad Delayed by Snow.

NEW YORK, February 23.—Trains on the Union Pacific Railroad are delayed west of Laramie by the snow. West of Cheyenne the mercury ranges at from ten to fifteen degrees below zero.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

(For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.)

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 23.—American exchange 43¼.
Gold 132¼.
3 p.m.—Gold closed at 132¾.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 23.—Cotton steady; sales to-day at 29¼c. for Middling Uplands.—Flour declining and dull; receipts 8,634 barrels; sales 4,200 barrels at $5 75 @ 6.35 for Superfine State and Western; $6.50 @ 7.05 for common to choice Extra Western; $6.65 @ 8.10 for Round Hoop Ohio.—Rye flour without a decided change; sales 2,000 barrels at $5.25 @ 7.25.—Wheat heavy; receipts 37,975 bushels; sales 46,000 bushels at $1 54 @ 1.58 for No. 2 Spring in store.—Rye dull.—Corn firm; receipts 2,295 bushels; sales 39,000 bushels at 89c. @ 91c. for new mixed Western.—Barley firm; sales 3,000 bushels of extra choice State at $2.17 in store.—Oats dull; receipts 6,625 bushels; sales 19,000 bushels at 93c. @ 93½c. for Western in store; 95c. for do. afloat.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 23—p.m.—Consols 93¼ @ 93½ for both. Bonds quiet and steady at 78¾. Stocks steady. Erie 24¼. Illinois Central 97.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 23—p.m.—Cotton active, Uplands 12d. @ 12½d; sales 15,000 bushels. Lard dull. Pork quiet. Tallow 45s. for old mixed Western. Corn 32s. 6d.; new do. 30s. Wheat firmer and unchanged. Yarns and fabrics at Manchester firmer.

Antwerp Markets.

ANTWERP, February 23.—Petroleum easier but not lower.

PAUPER EXPORTATION.

This question is exciting great interest in this country. The following letter from Mr. W. Dixon appeared in the *Times* of January 27: In 1865 the Limerick guardians made a shipment to Quebec of seventy-nine girls, who were forwarded to Montreal, and placed in the St. Patrick's Home until situations could be found for them. Of this lot the Rev. Father O'Brien, manager of the home, wrote to the emigration agent:—

"The conduct of the girls was anything but what it ought to have been. The nuns in charge of the home were shocked at the impropriety of their conduct. Some years ago a batch of girls were sent out to Montreal from the North Union Workhouse, Dublin, whose conduct was most scandalous; the traces of whose shame in the lying-in hospitals, in the public gaols, and the corruption of the public morality are felt even to the present day. Wherever they went sin, shame, and death where in their track. I think it very strange that the Government of this country (Canada) does not protest against this wholesale influx of pauperised corruption into the land. I cannot promise to receive into the home such another batch, but when you have any reasonable number of poor girls from the dear old land who have got the stigma of the workhouse upon them, we will receive them with pleasure, and do all we can to procure such places as may secure for them a comfortable livelihood."

In 1867 the guardians of an East London Union voted a large sum of money to be applied to the shipment of paupers. These people on arrival at Quebec were sent at the expense of the Canadian Government to inland towns, and employment found for them by the emigration agents. Some of the men and women proved to be disorderly and intemperate. Others were lazy, and could not or would not adapt themselves to circumstances. Two of the men absconded, leaving their families to be supported by the public; another was brought before the magistrates for threatening to burn a range of buildings, &c. A gentleman who was on board the vessel which carried these people to Canada informed me that he had never met with so debased and utterly worthless a set of creatures. Last summer a board of guardians in a large town in one of the midland counties decided on voting funds for the shipment of a few workhouse inmates to Quebec. According to the reports of their proceedings which were published in the local papers, one of the members thought it would be a saving to the ratepayers to ship them, because one of those selected had already cost them £150 for keep and clothing. Another thought it would be unwise to choose girls who were known to be honest, industrious, and worthy—as there was not the slightest difficulty in getting good situations for them—where girls like those selected for emigration would be refused. Another guardian said the selected ones were too idle to work; they might get situations if they liked, while the vice-chairman of the board, who was also Mayor of the town, opposed the sending of girls trained in their schools, who generally turned out good servants, but would support the sending of those that continually hung on their hands. With such samples as the above of the conduct of the paupers already shipped to their shores, is it surprising that the colonies should be slow to second the efforts of the mother country in riding herself of the incubus of her pauper population?

We understand that some forty inmates of the Medway Union Workhouse have petitioned to be sent to Canada, on the ground that they saw no prospect of improving their condition in this country.—*European Mail, Jan. 30.*

INVIGORATING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhœa, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

Wholesale & Retail.

NOTICE.

THE TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT SALE ON CARPETS,

Now going on, will positively close this month.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

February 22, 1869.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds.*

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do
575 " UNION do
1925 " 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY,

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS

STATIONERY,

AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—
Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE,
And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 34 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

29 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

The Tea Pot, Ottaw

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS:

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.2in

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$x to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1·50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call ...dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$110 00
Halifax..... 20 00
St. John's N F., by branch steamer..... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 30 00
Halifax..... 15 00
St. John's, N F., by branch steamer..... 10 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Grand Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Janv. 18, 1869. 950tf

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 24, 1869.

A few sleigh loads of provisions were brought to market yesterday, amongst which we noticed one or two loads of oats which sold for 65 cents to 67 cents. There were also some small lots of pork, some of it being very light, brought $8.50, and for some that was heavier $10 was demanded, and the heaviest was held at $11.50. Mutton sold for 6 cents to 7 cents. Of beef there was a very small supply at last quotations. Hay was, unexpectedly, in good supply, varying very little from our quotations.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 67
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@	18 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	11 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 28	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 25
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	22 00	@	24 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOME.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

WINFIELD.—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.

To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENY,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,

GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. REID.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality.—Brantford *Courier.*

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.*

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

Tenders.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are now prepared to receive TENDERS for THREE FURTHER SECTIONS of the line.

Section No. 5 will be in the Province of Quebec and will extend from Forty miles East of Riviere du Loup, at the end of Contract No. 2, to the Sixty-sixth Mile Post, near Rimouski, a distance of about Twenty-six miles.

Section No. 6 will be in the Province of New Brunswick and will extend from the Easterly end of Contract No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the Main Post Road near the 48th Mile Post, Easterly from Jacquet River, about Twenty-one miles.

Section No. 7 will be in the Province of Nova Scotia and will extend from the Southerly end of Contract No. 4, near River Phillip, to Station Fifty at Folly Lake, about Twenty-four miles.

Plans and profiles with specifications and terms of contract will be exhibited at the office of the Board of Works, Toronto, and at the offices of the Commissioners at Ottawa, Rimouski, Dalhousie, St. John, and Halifax, on and after the FIFTH day of MARCH, 1869, and SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tender," will be received at their office in Ottawa up to SEVEN o'clock, p.m., on the TWENTY-NINTH day of MARCH, 1869.

Intercolonial Railway Office,
Ottawa, 11th February, 1869.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
W. F. COFFIN,
976a-8d Commissioners.

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

Public notice is hereby given, that on TUESDAY, the 16th day of MARCH next, at noon, at Gowan's Hall, Sparks-street, will be sold, or let on lease, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, to the highest bidder, the following Lots and Pieces of Land, in Ottawa, and the Township of Nepean:

To Let or Lease, for a term of twenty-one years, Four Wharf Lots on the north east side of the Rideau Canal to the south of Sappers' Bridge, Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12.

To be sold, the following sub-Lots lying east of the Rideau Canal, in Lot F, Concession D, Nepean: Nos. 2, 17, 18, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31 and broken sub-Lots 32 and 33.

On the north of the Rideau Canal, being part of Lot K, Concession C, Nepean, sub-Lots 34, 35, 36, and of Lot K, Concession B, sub-Lots 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, Gore of Gloucester, Hogsback, front of Lot 21, sub-Lots 69, 70, 71.

Also in the City of Ottawa, on the south side of Maria-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57; and on the north side of Gloucester-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, and on the south side of Gloucester-street, pieces of land, numbered 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56 and 57, and letter A.

Terms of sale—Ten per cent. cash, and the balance in nine equal annual instalments, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. on unpaid amounts.

Plans to be seen at the Ordnance Lands Office, of this Department. Further conditions at time of sale.

By order.

E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.

Ottawa, February 18th, 1869. 979-3awtd

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

DOG LOST.

A Prince Charles Cocker Dog, Black, with Brown Paws and Muzzle, which answers to the name of "Charlie," was lost last Monday night. He had on a Leather Collar, bound with Brass, when he disappeared. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing the dog to the Grand Trunk Agency Office, Russell House Block. Any person found harbouring the same after this notice will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, February 13, 1869. 972a

JOSEPH HALL

MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,

Manufacure Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President.
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

CHANCERY SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE,

IN THE

VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October, 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, comprising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to

MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK,
Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.

Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire,
Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated th's 27th day of January, 1869.

959-1awtd Signed, A. N. BURLL.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL

BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868 874tf

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 19, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 26 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DISMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces		different qualities Black Silks			
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines	7		1 3
70	do	do Poplin	7½		1 0
150	do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for 6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars 6½d
165 do Good Prints 4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's 6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns 8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces		Waterproof	3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only 2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only 3 9
500 Under Shirts, only 3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed 5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting 1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50 OVERCOATS.
4.00 heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25 VESTS.
$8.00, Black Broadcloth FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75 y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

Wants.

WANTED.

A Female Teacher for the Junior Department of the Arnprior Common School, holding a second-class certificate. Applications will be received up to the 18th day of FEBY., 1869.

JAS. G. CRANSTON, M.D.,
Chairman.
GEO. CRAIG,
974- Secretary.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 833.3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m. and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

989y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912 3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,

E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 923-2td

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
H. of Commons.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq, M. D., M. P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $3 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,

W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 529td

100,000 FEET OF

SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER

For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of

OAK,
MAPLE,
ELM,
BIRCH & ASH,
PLANK & SCANTLING,

of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.

Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.

WALTON SMITH.

Ottawa, February 8, 1869. 973tf

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:39 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at 9:10 a m

Night do do do do do 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at 7.00 a m

Express for Boston at 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m

Express for Island Pond, at 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 1 1868.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,

AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, DESBARAT'S Block

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10¼.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, Gov't.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 916f

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862; and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*,

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET,

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had *over 20 years'* experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930 3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT,
950b JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 78y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL. IV.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state
OPENED AN O
OVER A. McCORMIC
SPARKS-STRE
Where all orders for the
CANADA GA
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, O
may be sent, and will be punc
as usual, arrangements having
vent any interruption to the bu
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful
endered him on all sides, and
patrons and friends in his new
GEORGE E
tawa, January 21, 1869.

OIL! OIL! OIL!
DOUBLE REFI
ROCK O
Just received at the
OIL DEPO
73
SUSSEX-STRE

CHANDELIERS and H
BRONZE LAMPS,
Chimnies,
Wicks, and
D. R. LEAVE
OIL DEPOT, 73 SU

Levin will introduce all the late
SKIRTS, which will be sold
prices, in order to clear the st
hand. Attention is respectfull
CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA,
NIER and the DUCHESS Skir
elite in all the principal cities.
Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869.

WHO WANTS FURN
HOUSE FURNISHIN
If there are any such let the
application to
THE VARI
Where there is to be found eve
House. A good assortment
hand Cooking and Double S
every description, and among t
ful Couches.
For Crockery, China,
We cannot be beat west of M
Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards
Wood and Willow Ware.
A general assortment of Toy
Furniture, Crockery, Ch
Rented as usual at reasonable
JOSEPH

CONCENTRATED LYE
CAUTION TO THE
The remarkable success which
introduction of the celebrated
into Canadian market, by the
cited the cupidity of an unprinc
(which has already been convi
other people's brains) by a s
called Saponifier. To avoid dis
chasers should be careful to ask
centrated Lye, which is sold
Druggists and Grocers in town a

PUBLIC NOTICE
Is hereby given that the Map
of Reference of the Canada
Company, from the City of Ott
with the Line of the Brockville
way Company, have been depos
the Department of Public Wo
such parts of the Map or Plan a
ence, as relate to the County of
deposited in the office of the Cle
the County of Carleton, and a
as relate to the County of Lan
posited in the office of the Clerk
County of Lanark.
Dated this Tenth day of Aug
W R.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRA
CAPITAL
Incorporated under Act 32 V
Tenders will be received un
1869, for the construction of th
Company's line, being from O
The Tenders to name a ra
erection of 22 Poles to the mil
The Directors reserve the
Wire, and do not bind them
lowest tender.
Any further information
from the undersigned
DIRECTO
February 15, 1869.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 983. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,
may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

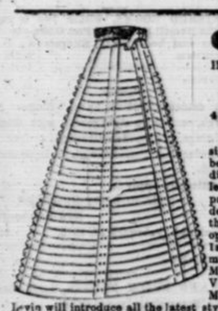
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED
ROCK OIL,
Just received at the
OIL DEPOT,
73
SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,
BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.
Chimnies,
Wicks, and
Lanterns.

D. R. LEAVENS,
OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.
Sign Red Oil Barrel.



CITY
HOOP SKIRT
FACTORY,
42 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.
Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 955d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to
THE VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex-st.,
Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.
For Crockery,
China, and
Glassware,
We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards:
Wood and Willow Ware.
A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods
Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

CONCENTRATED LYE.
CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.
W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Ry.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

CAPITAL - - - $100,000.

Incorporated under Act 22 Vic., Capt. LXVII.

Tenders will be received until FIRST MARCH, 1869, for the construction of the first section of the Company's line, being from Ottawa to Montreal.

The Tenders to name a rate per mile for the erection of 32 Poles to the mile, with two wires.

The Directors reserve the right to supply the Wire, and do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

Any further information can be obtained from the undersigned

DIRECTORS:
S. B. FOOTE, Chairman.
A. JOSEPH, Treasurer.
D. C. THOMSON.
February 15, 1869. 979-6

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.
O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION.
A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $3.00
TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ..... GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ..... GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ..... OVERCOATS,
$9 ..... COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ..... GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ..... UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ..... DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE
to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the
GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG
waives over the far-famed
SILVER BOOT,
and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for
CHEAP GOODS.
We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell
GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,
for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of
Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 5, 1869. 966d

Groceries.

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.
In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:
Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.
The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 885-6m

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"
THEN USE
WATERS' QUININE WINE,
The finest tonic in the world.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"
BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.
January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

WANTED TO RENT, furnished, in a respectable locality, TWO OR THREE ROOMS with kitchen, or use of kitchen. Address, X TIMES office. 978-3

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!
Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated
HOT AIR FURNACES.
Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,
AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found
The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.
Also, a general assortment of
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.
Together with
PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 488y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,
SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock.
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in
CENTRAL CANADA,
at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated
"MORNING LIGHT,"
AND
ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,
House Furnishing Goods.
Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige
H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES
OF THE
LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED
PATTERNS,
Still selling below cost at
ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES
are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,
KEARNS & RYAN,
KEARNS & RYAN.
THE ABOVE FIRM
having bought out the
BANKRUPT STOCK
AND
LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY
MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,
AT A
LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,
are now prepared, and will sell from it is date
THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,
DIVIDED
BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,
AT AN
IMMENSE REDUCTION
FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,
THIS SALE TO CONTINUE
UNTIL THE
WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT
GREAT BARGAINS
may be expected.
KEARNS & RYAN.
Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL
TO
NO. 34½ SPARKS-ST.
T. RAJOTTE
having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.
Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Hagee & Russell's old store.
881y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,
Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,
They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,
They have resolved to clear out the whole of these is at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,
and all other Cotton Goods,
They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,
Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,
14 Rideau st.,
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON
Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of
PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,
In their new Show Room, comprising
PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*
WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,
ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.
Now is the time for intending purchasers.
PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL
Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.
New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.
J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 3, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Due Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.
MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.
Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!
A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!
Boots and Shoes Below Par!!
AT THE RED BOOT,
All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at
ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!
and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for
SPRING GOODS,
an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of
TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!
The stock includes a splendid lot of
CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,
for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the understanding.
Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.
W. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
AT THE OLD
CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.
The whole of
THE BANKRUPT STOCK,
comprising the latest styles and best qualities of
LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots. Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.
A. J. STEPHENS & CO.
Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.
I have now received my fall and winter stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.
429y GEORGE MURPHY

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.
A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)
Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 912y

THE SERVICES.

ARMY.

A mirror has just been invented by Louchaine, of Paris, with apparatues by Schmidt, of Berlin, for the purpose of distinguishing the enemy at a distance. With this instrument it is possible to see clearly at a distance of 1,200 feet, a space covering 50 feet, showing distinctly the enemy at work constructing gabions, &c., and to have a pop at night with the certainty of day. In order to make the mark the more sure the objects are greatly magnified so that a cannon ball may be aimed at a nose as a target.

A reform of considerable importance, it is reported, will shortly take place in the French cavalry. The intention is to substitute the English trot for the French, the former being much less fatiguing to man and horse.

The abolition of the rank of Ensign, it is reported, has met with the particular approval of the Commander-in-Chief, who is most anxious to open more widely to the non-commissioned officer the door to the commissioned ranks; thus the Captain is a necessity, the Lieutenant is his deputy, but the supernumerary Ensign will have his place in future occupied by a supernumerary Sergeant. Something in the idea, but it must not be done without due consideration.

It has been determined to provide India with a new field artillery, and the question is whether India should manufacture her own ordnance, or whether she should be supplied from home. India, however, can only manufacture bronze or brass ordnance, which is in many respects inferior to wrought iron or steel, and becomes useless, while an iron or a steel gun is still serviceable. If iron guns are preferred it would be necessary to provide India with resources and machinery for their manufacture, which would involve expense and delay. India in many parts is ill adapted for the transport of heavy field artillery, and a light gun of large calibre is best. Ammunition can be divided between waggons, camels, and elephants, while the dead weight of a heavy gun is constant. A comparison of the two different methods of rifling, the Woolwich and the Whitworth, shows many advantages on the side of the latter, such as accuracy of aim at long ranges, much less expense in the projectiles, and the ready use of either shot or shell.

The majority of the great prizes of the army will fall vacant in the year 1870, when new appointments will have to be made to the posts of Commander-in-Chief in India, Adjutant-General, Quartermaster-General, Commander of the Forces in Ireland, Commander-in-Chief in Bombay, Governor of Gibraltar, Lieutenant-General Commanding at Aldershot, Lieutenant-General Commanding at Portsmouth, Inspector-General of Cavalry, and Major-General Commanding in Dublin. But in the year which has just commenced a fair sprinkling of staff appointments will also fall into the patronage of the Horse Guards. It may be expected that Major-General Hamilton will have attained higher rank during the year, thus vacating his appointment as General of the Guards. For the gunners the command at Woolwich and the post of Inspector-General of Artillery will be vacant on the 1st of June and 1st of July respectively, and Colonel Gambier's time as Deputy Adjutant-General of Artillery will be up on the 7th of April. The principal appointment open to the Line is that of Governor of Guernsey, in which Major-General Rochfort Scott will have served his five years in April. Major-General Crutchley vacates his appointment as second in command at Gibraltar in June; Colonel Mackenzie ceases to be Deputy Adjutant-General in Ireland in March; Colonel H. Hamilton gives up a similar appointment in Ceylon almost immediately; Major-General J. Armstrong will have filled his five years' term at the Cape in April.

There is no intention, and there never was any, of disbanding the Marines. The distinguished corps will continue to exist and be ready when called upon to maintain the high reputation which it has acquired, but in such reduced numbers as the altered state of the day demands. The reduction spoken of for the Royal Artillery would bring the arm in guns and horses very much to the state in which it was before the Crimean war. The troops and batteries would lose two guns each, and a corresponding number of horses and men. However, no plan is yet approved of definitely.

NAVY.

The following steering and sailing rules were proposed to the Board of Admiralty some time back, by a naval officer, and we publish them as having the merit of conciseness and clearness:—When two vessels, either sailing or steaming, are meeting end on, the helms of both shall be put to port. When two sailing vessels are crossing, the vessel with the wind on the port side shall give way; and the vessels to windward or going free shall always keep clear of those to leeward or on a wind. When two vessels under steam are crossing, the vessel which has the other on her starboard side shall give way. Vessels under steam shall always give way to sailing vessels. Every steam vessel, when approaching another vessel, shall slacken speed, stop, and reverse, as may be necessary, and in a fog or thick weather go at a moderate speed. Every vessel overtaking another shall give her a wide berth in passing. Nothing in these rules shall exonerate any vessel, master or crew thereof, from the consequences of neglecting to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect in keeping a proper look-out, or neglect of any precaution required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

A naval court-martial assembled on board her Majesty's ship Victory, at Portsmouth, on January 4, for the trial of Captain Arthur Wilmshurst, R. N., on the following charges:—First charge—"For that he, the said Arthur Wilmshurst, being a person subject to the Naval Discipline Act, 1866, and captain of her Majesty's ship Flora, and having the command and authority in the island of Ascension, in the absence of the Commodore commanding on the West Coast of Africa, was, during such absence of the Commodore, guilty of conduct unbecoming the character of an officer, in this—that the merchant ship Bremensis, Thomas Webster, master, laden with a cargo of cotton and other goods and merchandise, having been wrecked on the said island on or about the 13th day of August, 1868, ordered the work of clearing the wreck to be suspended, with intent to compel and oblige the master of the ship Bremensis to apply for a survey on the said ship, whereby she and the remainder of her cargo might be sold; that the master of the Bremensis was, in consequence, obliged to apply, and did apply, to Capt. Wilmshurst for a survey on the said ship, and that the surveying officers reported that the ship and remaining cargo ought to be sold in consequence of Captain Wilmshurst informing them that no labour would be provided for clearing the said ship and saving the cargo; that the said ship and remaining cargo were sold by auction, and at the sale were improperly purchased by Captain Wilmshurst for the sum of £20; that the work of saving the cargo was afterwards resumed by orders from Captain Wilmshurst, and about 600 bales of cotton saved; that the purchase by Captain Wilmshurst was not for the benefit of the owners or underwriters, or other persons legally interested, and portions of the wrecked vessel saved subsequently to the purchase were not saved for the benefit of those legally interested, as it was Captain Wilmshurst's duty to have done." Second charge—"For that he, the said Arthur Wilmshurst, being a person subject to the Naval Discipline Act, 1866, and Captain of her Majesty's ship Flora, was guilty of an act unbecoming the character of an officer, in having, on or about the 1st day of October, 1868, sold to Messrs. Solomon, Moss and Gideon, merchants of St. Helena, some of the cotton and other articles saved from the wreck of the Bremensis for a sum of about £365, for his own benefit and advantage, and not for and on behalf of the owners, underwriters of the said ship, or others legally interested, as it was his duty to have done." The charges first submitted were withdrawn, and the above, which are of a somewhat milder form, were submitted by order of the Admiralty.

SUMMARY PUNISHMENT IN THE NAVY.—In the new tables of offences and summary punishments we find some judicious changes. Above all, we (*United Service Gazette*) congratulate both officers and men on the elimination of the detestable punishment of flogging from the list of summary punishments in all ordinary cases. For four extraordinary offences only can the cat now be called into requisition, viz.:—(1.) Mutinous or highly insubordinate conduct. (2.) Indecent assaults or indecent acts of a grossly immoral character. (3.) Aggravated or repeated cases of theft. (4.) Aggravated cases of deserting post. Little tenderness as we may feel for men who may come under the penalty of the lash in any of the above categories, we cannot but think that the infliction of corporal punishment on board our men-of-war is a disgrace to the service. The cat should be confined to jail discipline, and intrusted to the hands of the public executioner alone. If any person in or belonging to a man-of-war shall so far disgrace the service as to render himself liable to this punishment under either of the last three heads, he should be sent to jail, and there punished among rogues no better than himself. As to the first head, mutiny, and the exceptional power to use the cat without reference to superior authority in cases of open mutiny, it might as well be removed from the table. Solitary cases of mutinous conduct can be dealt with without degrading the seamen by an *in terrorem* exhibition of corporal punishment. In wholesale cases of open mutiny, if such things be possible in the future, which we do not believe, corporal punishment will be either impossible, or it will make the matter worse. Such mutinies never yet have originated in the fault of the men, and, therefore, they can always be rendered impossible. We shall rejoice to see the words "corporal punishment" expunged from all lists of penalties, except such as are to be inflicted within the precincts of the jail.

THE TERM OF ENLISTMENT.—An impression appears to prevail, writes the *Army and Navy Gazette*, that among the new schemes of the Government will be one to favour a shorter term of enlistment, by keeping a certain number of infantry battalions always at home, and a certain number, in effect, localized—in short, never relieved—in India. This would have a very beneficial effect in easing the reliefs, and we do not think there will be any serious practical difficulty in carrying out such a plan. We have now, or very soon shall have, 52 battalions at home, as against 52 in India and 37 in the colonies, or 89 altogether abroad. The colonial strength will no doubt be speedily reduced by five or six battalions; and if we put 85 as the number of battalions to be provided for we shall not err on the wrong side. Now, if we took the 25 double-battalion regiments, kept one battalion of each always at home in time of peace, in a state of efficiency, in the event of war, leaving the other battalion always in India, we should have only 60 battalions abroad to provide for in the way ordinary relief. For this purpose we should have 30 battalions at home on the roster for service to provide for the due return home, after ten years, of 27 battalions in India and 33 in the colonies. Our infantry strength would thus be made up—at home, 25 first battalions not liable to foreign service except in war time, and 30 battalions liable to serve in India and the colonies, or 55 in all; abroad, 25 second battalions not entitled to relief, and 27 to be relieved in India, or 52 altogether, and 33 entitled to relief in the colonies.

THE COASTGUARD.—The *Army and Navy Gazette* believes that one of the contemplated reforms which Mr. Childers has in view, and which will result in a considerable saving to the public, is the abolition of the coastguard department as a separate office. The Controller-General and the Deputy-Controller will be relieved from the discharge of their present duties, and will be employed elsewhere as opportunities may offer. The establishment of clerks (probably reduced) will be removed to the central building from Spring-gardens, and the coastguard ships will be placed under the command of the various admirals at the different outports, who will be responsible for their state of discipline to the Admiralty; and in future they will possess much less of the old "guardo" type, and more of that which constitutes a British man-of-war, both in point of officers, crew, armament, and in all other respects.

SHOOTING EXTRAORDINARY.

An Old Man of Eighty Years Takes a Pop or two with his Grand-sons and Son-in-law

From the Memphis Avanlanche.

An old family feud came to a shooting focus last Monday at Abbeville, in Lafayette county, Mississippi, about fifty miles from Memphis, which, from the disparity of the parties engaged, and their peculiar relations, rather takes the lead of all the shooting scrapes we have had the mournful pleasure of recording in many years. There is something so incredible and solemnly ludicrous in an old man with wintry hair, and little of it, turning back from the open grave to have a deadly conflict with his grand-children, that we would not tell such a story without the most satisfactory evidence of the fact. But yesterday we met a prominent citizen from Mississippi who gave us the following authentic statement:

Last Monday one John Clarke, aged eighty, of Lafayette county, Miss., and his son, a man of years and family, had a difficulty with Mr. William Wimberly and Wimberly's two sons, both young men. Now, Wimberly, senior, is the son of Clarke, senior; hence the young Wimberlys are the grand-sons of old Mr. Clarke. The fracas they had was the result of an old family feud, which has been on hand many years, but the history of it we are unable to give.

They met in town, perhaps by chance, perchance by a concerted plan; any way they met; they skirmished, they flourished revolvers and bowie-knifes, fired several shots at each other and slashed vigorously with their knives. It is to be regretted that the spectators interferred before any work was made for the Coroner. When the smoke of battle cleared away, it was ascertained that there were killed, none; wounded, *five*. Old grand-father Clarke received a shot in the head that might have killed a younger man, but he will probably recover and live yet to kill his man. His affectionate son-in-law, old man Wimberly, was well shot in the neck; he also may recover. The three young men, Clarke *versus* his nephews, the two Wimberlys were sliced and hacked with the knives, but not dangerously. It is said that they all intend to recover as soon as convenient and finish the battle.

The Clarke family became famous in the line of tragedy many years ago. Not long before the war the old man Clarke had two sons, John and William, killed by a neighbonr named Thomason and his two sons. The peculiar feature of that tragedy was that one of the Clarkes killed was Thomason's son-in-law. In the fracas Thomason was beaten nearly to death, but his sons came to his relief, and the two Clarkes were shot down like beeves. The Thomasons fled to Arkansas and never returned to Mississippi. This makes a family history, when all put together, that is without parallel. Match it!

—The best head-quarters—Brains.

—When does a ship tell a falsehood?—When she lies at the wharf.

—When do flowers become highwaymen?—When they show pistils and stamen.

—Why is a pawnbroker like a drunkard?—Because he takes the pledge, but cannot always keep it.

—An article announcing the decease of a person, says:—"His remains were committed to that bourne whence no tra-traveller returns accompanied by his friends.

FEMININE WIT.—A fair one wrote to her lover to send her some money. She added, by way of postscript, "I am so ashamed of the request I have made in this letter that I sent after the postman to get it back, but the servant could not *overtake* him."

—A bashful young man escorted an equally bashful young lady. As they approached the dwelling of the damsel, she said, entreatingly, "Zekial, don't tell any body you beau'd me home." "Sary," said he emphatically, "don't you mind. I am as much ashamed of it as you are.

—A New Hamshire editor, who has been keeping a record of big beets, announces at last that "the beet that beat the beet that beat the other beet is now beaten by a beet that beats all the beets, whether the original beet, the beet that beat the beet, or the beet that beat the beet that beat the beet."

WITTY THOUGH WEARY.—An honest Hibernian whose bank pocket, to use his own phrase had stopped payment, was forced to the sad necessity of perambulating the streets two nights together, for the want of a few pence to pay his lodgings, when accidentally hearing of the lying-in hospital, he cried "That's the place for me, for I have been lying out these last two nights."

—A young lady from the "States" arrived in Hamilton, the other day, and was seen to be suffering from an aggravated development of the "Grecian bend." At the custom house she was subjected to the usual treatment, and relieved of twelve yards of black silk velvet, six pair of French kid gloves forty yards of rich lace, four white ostrich feathers, and a bottle of magic hair restorer. She was convalescent at last accounts.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Persian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well, nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own a horse require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bank-st. Church Bazaar.
Ottawa Snow Shoe Club Races—John Walsh.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

No train was able to reach Ottawa yesterday from Prescott, and as a consequence the city was another day without receiving the mails "from the front."

Yesterday morning a train left Prescott for this city with about twenty passengers. But notwithstanding the most strenuous exertions on the part of the Railway officials, it had only got as far as Gloucester up to yesterday evening, and it was then expected would not reach the city until midnight, or later.

Yesterday was the day appointed for the reassembling of the Railway Commissioners, for the purpose of having the contracts entered into with the successful competitors. The snow, however, made it impossible for either Commissioners or Contractors to reach the city. We understand that Messrs. Brydges and Walsh will leave Prescott for Ottawa this morning.

The express train on the Grand Trunk from the west, which arrived at Prescott at six o'clock on Tuesday morning, did not get away from Prescott until yesterday morning at nine. On Tuesday there were no up trains; but travel was resumed again yesterday, though it will probably be somewhat tedious for a day or two.

Mr. Lawson, M.P. for the South Riding of Norfolk, has come under the censure of the local "Reform" newspaper, inasmuch as that he (Mr. Lawson) did at the dinner given in his honour at Port Rowan, declare that he was "a follower of the present Government." So astounded is the editor of the *Reformer* at this declaration that he says, "If we had "not been sitting by and hearing with our "own ears, we could not have believed," &c., &c. Now had this gentleman made but moderately good use of his own eyes in reading the reports of the proceedings in Parliament during last session, he would there have found abundant reason for believing that Mr. Lawson was a supporter of the Government; and the transition from "supporter" to "follower" in the political sense, is surely not so great as to stagger one's belief until his faith is confirmed by his own hearing. The discovery which the *Reformer* has made concerning Mr. Lawson comes too late to create a sensation even in Norfolk. The people there have not been so unobservant of their member's parliamentary career as to be in doubt about his political position.

But it may be true that the *Reformer* and a few of the same political stripe supported Mr. Lawson at the general election, notwithstanding his professions of moderation and a fair trial to the Government, in the hope that so soon as he secured his seat he would make a mockery of such pledges by going with the Opposition. If it was through such anticipations that the *Reformer* lent the weight of its powerful influence to secure Mr. Lawson's return, then we can understand that our *confrere* has had some reason to feel disappointed. In this light, however, it would appear that Mr. Lawson's crime is in not having deserted his professions, and this is not likely to condemn him in the eyes of the public. The fact that he has been recently entertained by a large number of his constituents may be accepted as an indication that they approve of his course in Parliament, and feeling this, Mr. Lawson is not likely to concern himself much about the censures of the *Reformer*.

On the last day of the old year we copied a pretty full synopsis of an article in the *Year Book* for 1869 on the Municipal Loan Fund. The editor of the *Year Book* has given a complete history of the fund, and of its present condition, together with important tabular statements, shewing by which Municipalities the money was borrowed, for what it was expended, and how much has since been repaid. He also suggests a mode of settlement, of which we may say that it deserves at the least careful consideration, for if Mr. Harvey's proposals are not adopted it is certain that some mode must be, which will either wipe out the fund or place it on such a footing that it will cease to harrass the people and repress the progress of certain localities, without doing any appreciable good to the country at large.

But before discussing the question—what shall we do with the fund?—it may be as well to state very briefly a few facts concerning its past history and present position. The fund was established in 1852, by the Hincks' Administration, for the purpose of enabling the Municipalities to carry on local improvements, and aid public works. Subsequent legislation in following years was passed regulating the fund, until 1859, when the borrowing power was altogether withdrawn, the Municipalities at that time being indebted in the sum of $7,300,000 in principal, besides arrears of interest. We speak only of the Upper Canada Fund, with which the Government and Legislature of Ontario will have to deal; and we find by the *Year Book*, from which we draw the facts concerning it, that no less a sum than $5,867,400 was spent on railways, and the balance, $1,432,600, on local improvements. The borrowing Municipalities are:

Counties—Grey, Northumberland and Durham, Perth, Oxford, Lincoln, Lambton, Lanark and Renfrew, Elgin, Hastings, Essex, Huron and Bruce.

Townships—Hope, Bertie, Brantford, Wainfleet, Canborough, Moulton and Sherbrooke, Middleton, Stanley, Woodhouse, Norwich, Ops, Windham, Elizabethtown.

Cities—Ottawa, London.

Towns—Port Hope, Niagara, Cobourg, Brantford, Paris, Prescott, St. Catharines, Woodstock, Cornwall, Belleville, Simcoe, Brockville, Stratford, Goderich, Barrie, Chatham, Dundas, Guelph, Peterborough.

Village—Chippawa.

Here then are forty-six Municipalities scattered throughout the Province directly concerned in the disposition of this fund. Twenty-one of these Municipalities, representing a total loan of $1,442,600, had at the credit of their sinking fund on the 30th June, 1868, $487,730, thus reducing their indebtedness to $954,870. The remaining twenty-five Municipalities are in arrears, and at the date named their original loan of $5,857,400 had swelled to $9,814,783, though no interest on arrears of interest had been charged by the Government.

What then is to be done with this fund? We think some assistance in finding an answer may be got by considering what was done with the money. It is shewn in great part to have been sunk in railways. The Municipalities, either by stock or loan, invested in the

Buffalo and Lake Huron Railroad	$1,278,000
Bytown and Prescott R. R.	300,000
Woodstock and Lake Erie and Harbour Company R. R.	580,000
London and Port Stanley R. R.	455,400
Brockville and Ottawa R. R.	1,354,000
Cobourg and Peterborough	500,000
Peterboro' and Port Hope, and Port Hope and Lindsay R. R.'s	920,000
Other Railways	480,000
Total	$5,867,400

There are two tables among those given in the *Year Book*, one of which shows the Municipalities having an amount to the credit of their sinking fund, and the other those which are in arrears. In each of these tables there is a column shewing the percentage which each Municipality's indebtedness bears to its total assessment. From this the paying capacity of the Municipalities may be approximately estimated. Of the twenty-five Municipalities not in arrears the proportion is highest in the township of Bertie, being 6.18 per cent.; in some of the others the proportion is three or four per cent., but in the majority it is less than one per cent.

Turning to the other table shewing the Municipalities in arrears, we find the proportion lowest in the town of Barrie, being only 2.77 per cent.; Ottawa stands next lowest, the proportion being 5.75 per cent.; and unfortunate old Niagara heads the list with a proportion of 163.70, or a debt to the Municipal Loan Fund of $504,278 against an assessed value of only $308,039! Port Hope is almost as hopelessly sunk as Niagara, and in the other Municipalities the proportion between their debt to the fund and their assessed value ranges from about 11 up to 77 per cent. The editor of the *Year Book* remarks that this proportion is "truly ridiculous, and we "of course cease to wonder that they are "in arrears, when we remember how "financially valueless to the Muni-"cipalities are the railroad invest-"ments they made."

It is positively certain, therefore, that some of the Municipalities have practically solved the question of the ultimate discharge of the debt in so far as they are concerned: *They are not able to pay it.* On the contrary the debt will grow year by year against them, despite the Government exaction of five cents on the dollar, (annual value of assessment). This virtually converts this charge into a tax in perpetuity, while the constantly accumulating debt will tend to discourage all enterprise within the unfortunate Municipalities.

It is suggested in the *Year Book* that all debts due the fund for money invested in railways and harbours should be assumed by the Government, and the Municipalities released from their obligations on account thereof. This view has frequently been urged through the press and on the hustings; on the assumption that such a course would be adopted, proposals have been discussed for indemnifying those Municipalities which invested money in railroads borrowed on their own credit, and we think the time has now come when this or some other plan should be taken into consideration with the view to finally wiping out the debt, and relieving the Municipalities.

It needs no great amount of argument to show that the country at large was benefited by the expenditure of this money; and if this be conceded it needs no great stretch of generosity to consent that the country at large should assume the liability for it. As the authority from which we have already quoted remarks, "The injustice of "the present arrangement is manifest. Ot-"tawa city is taxed 5 cents on the dollar for "money lent to the Ottawa and Prescott Rail-"way, for which though it benefits the "counties of Carleton, Russell, (Leeds and "Grenville) these counties have not to pay a "cent, while it gives to the whole country "access to the Capital. Brantford is taxed "heavily for its loan to the Buffalo and Lake "Huron Railway, which benefits all the "counties from Goderich to Fort Erie, and "pours on the Grand Trunk road a quantity "of produce, which flows down and benefits "the merchants of Toronto and the whole "country at least as far as Montreal. Lan-"ark and Renfrew are taxed for having "brought about improvements which benefit "Pontiac and all the Upper Ottawa as much "as themselves."

We hope the Ontario Cabinet will take up this question and consider it not with the view to discover how to squeeze more money out of the Municipalities, but to devise a general plan for their relief and the closing up of the fund. Since it cannot be disputed that at least over eighty per cent. of the money borrowed was sunk in enterprises of a general character, in the benefits of which the borrowing Municipalities did not participate to a greater extent than others; and since these Municipalities have also had to bear their share of taxation for the appropriations heretofore made for similar purposes by the Government, it only seems fair now that the Government should step in and relieve them of their special load.

It is no answer to say that the Municipalities should not have gone so deeply into debt. They have already suffered sufficiently for their folly, and their folly has secured the completion of enterprises of which the country now enjoys the benefit. Is it reasonable, therefore, that they should be longer held to obligations of so peculiar and exceptional a character, or that the Legislature should refuse to accept the full consequences of its too confiding proffer of the public credit?

The offices of the Railway Commissioners have been removed from the Western to the Eastern block, to the rooms recently occupied by Mr. Henry Cotton, of the Governor-General's staff, who now occupies rooms up stairs. Other changes in the location of the Departments are also about being made.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEADQUARTERS, OTTAWA, Feb. 20, 1869.

No. 1. The officers of such corps of Volunteer Militia as failed to re-enrol under the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 40, respecting the militia and defence of the Dominion of Canada, but who have served as officers in such corps during the full period prescribed in General Orders as necessary to entitle them to retire retaining rank, will be permitted to do so so soon as it appears that the arms and other public stores issued for the use of such Corps have been satisfactorily accounted for and handed over to the proper officer appointed to receive them.

No. 2. Officers holding certificates from any of the Schools of Military Instruction, who have been appointed "Temporary" to the Volunteer Force, and who now hold such "Temporary" rank therein, are hereby confirmed in their several grades from the dates of their appointments respectively.

No. 3. Gentlemen who hold certificates from any of the Schools of Military Instruction, may hereafter be appointed substantively to commissions in the Volunteer Militia.

Regimental Division of the city of Ottawa.—No. 1 Company Division, (East part of St. George's Ward). To be captain: William Pennock, Esq.

No. 2 Company Division, (West part of St. George's Ward.)—To be captain: Joseph Fulgence Pellant, Esq.

No. 3 Company Division, (East part of By Ward.)—To be captain: Captain William White, from late Civil Service Regiment.

No. 4 Company Division, (West part of By Ward.)—To be captain: Nazaire Germain, Esq.

No. 5 Company Division, (East part of Ottawa Ward.)—To be captain: James Goodwin, Esq.

No. 6 Company Division, (West part of Ottawa Ward.)—To be captain: Moore Higgins, Esq.

No. 7 Company Division (East part of Wellington Ward.)—To be captain: Thomas Hunton, Esq.

No. 8 Company Division, (West part of Wellington Ward.)—To be captain: Jovite DeBoucherville, Esq.

No. 9 Company Division, (East part of Victoria Ward.)—To be captain: James Cunningham, Esq.

No. 10 Company Division, (West part of Victoria Ward.)—To be captain: Ensign William B. Ross, from late Civil Service Regiment.

Regimental Division of the South Riding of Leeds.—To be lieutenant-colonel: Samuel McCammon, Esq. To be majors: Benjamin Tett, jr., Esq., Joseph Redmond, Esq.

Regimental Division of Carleton—No. 1 Company Division, (Township of Fitzroy.)—To be captain: Wm. Dean, Esq.

No. 2 Company Division, (Township of Torbolton.)—To be captain: James Hedly, Esq.

No. 3 Company Division, (Township of Huntly.)—To be captain: Captain Andrew Lett, from late 2nd Non-Service Battalion of Carleton.

No. 4 Company Division, (Township of March.)—To be captain: Captain John G. Street, from late 2nd Non-Service Battalion of Carleton.

No. 5 Company Division, (Township of Goulburn.)—To be captain: John Kemp, Esq.

No. 6 Company Division (Village of Richmond.)—To be captain: W. H. Butler, Esq.

No. 7 Company Division, (Portion of Township of Nepean.)—To be captain: Lieutenant James Bearman, from late 1st Non-Service Battalion, Carleton.

No. 8 Company Division, (Portion of Township of Nepean.)—To be captain: John Nelson, Esq.

No. 9 Company Division, (Township of Marlborough.)—To be captain: Lieutenant James Mills, from the late 5th Non-Service Battalion of Carleton.

No. 10 Company Division, (Township of North Gower.)—To be captain: Ensign Wm. Cowan, from late 5th Non-Service Battalion of Carleton.

Regimental Division of the South Riding of Grenville.—To be lieut.-colonel: Lieut.-Colonel Hamilton B. Jessup. To be majors: Henry Dark, Esq., Dudley Ackland, Esq.

By command of His Excellency the Governor-General.

WALKER POWELL, Lt.-Colonel,
D. A. G. Militia,
Canada.

GLORIOUS OLD NORFOLK.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—By the demonstration given to Mr. Walsh lately at Simcoe, you can judge of the enthusiastic endorsement his course has hitherto received, as well as that of the Government in their Intercolonial policy on that occasion, which was enhanced from the large and influential representation of Reformers that participated in the demonstration.

Since then a demonstration was given to Mr. Lawson and Mr. McCall by their constituents in the South Riding of Norfolk, when the former gentleman justified his conduct in supporting the Government, and condemned that of Blake & Co. in unmistakable terms, and this without remonstrance from his Reform supporters.

It is worthy also of note that the dinner committee refused to invite Mr. G. Brown, while a cordial invitation was tendered to Sir J. A. Macdonald. What say you to "glorious old Norfolk?"

Yours, COM.

PORT ROWAN, February 12, 1869.

SHIPWRECK ON THE AFRICAN COAST—SUFFERINGS OF THE CREW AND PASSENGERS.—By the arrival at Liverpool of the African mail steamer *Biafra*, we have an account of the loss of the *Florence Nightingale* bark, of London, Captain J. J. Bright, and of the fearful sufferings of the passengers and crew. The *Florence Nightingale* left Bathurst, Gambia River, for Sierra Leone, on the 24th of December, with seven females, two priests, two Kroomen, and nine ship's crew. On the night of the 20th, the bark unexpectedly struck on a sand bank not marked on the charts, and which was not at the time surrounded by broken water. In attempting to get her off two boats were stove in, and one of the Kroomen drowned. All hands then set to work and made a raft, on which some provisions, brandy, and sherry were placed, but the captain in the hurry forgot water and his charts and instruments. After trying for some time to tow the raft by the aid of a small boat—17 feet by 6 feet—they were forced to leave it and crowd into the boat. The provisions were soon exhausted, and under a hot sun, without water, they all took to drinking sea water. This soon made one seaman, named Brown, crazy, and so violent that he had to be kept at the bottom of the boat. The captain bled him twice, and each time he did so the blood was greedily sucked up by the others, who were very quarrelsome and violent. They at last resolved to draw lots who should kill Brown before he died. The lot fell upon a coloured boy from Bathurst, who, however, refused to act. Just then the captain providentially caught a fish of three pounds weight, having made a fish-hook from a woman's hair pin, and baited it with a small crab he caught in some floating seaweed. This was eagerly devoured, as were also some crabs and butterflies, which showed that land was near. In fact they soon after reached the Isle de Los, where Captain Curren, of the whaler *S. A. Paine*, of Provincetown, Mass., not only treated them with the greatest kindness, but took the crew to Sierra Leone, whence they were sent home in the *Biafra* as distressed British seamen. These twenty persons were nine days in an open boat, under a tropical sun, with only 20 lbs. of provisions and no water. They drifted in that time over 200 miles.

WORTH KNOWING.—The following is going the rounds of the papers: "One of the most annoying and painful little troubles is a felon. A genuine remedy is worth circulating. It is said that a poultice of onions, applied morning and night for three or four days will cure a felon. No matter how bad the case, lancing the finger will be unnecessary if the poultice is applied. The remedy is a sure, safe, and speedy one."

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

PRESENTATION AND SUPPER TO MR. THOMAS PAINTER.

Mr. Thomas Painter, Secretary of the St. George's Society, being about to leave the city to reside in Kingston, the officers of the above society invited Mr. Painter to a supper last evening at Salmon's Hotel, York-st., for the purpose of testifying their high appreciation of his valuable services as Secretary of the St. George's Society, and of his meritorious character as a man and a citizen.

The supper was served in Mr. Salmon's best style, and was in all respects worthy the occasion which had called the party together. A goodly number of the members and friends, as well as the officers, of the society surrounded the tables, and a more sociable and agreeable company could not easily be assembled. The chair was occupied by Dr. Sweetland, the president, and the vice-chair by Mr. E. C. Barber, and the second vice-chair by Mr. James Slocum. The choice viands prepared by "mine host" having been disposed of to the intense gratification of all the participants, the cloth was removed, and the usual loyal toasts having been drank and responded to in eloquent terms, the chairman in a speech replete with manly eloquence, spoken from the heart, proceeded to state the object for which they had been called together. He paid a high and well merited compliment to Mr. Painter, whose character he had long watched and admired. He had watched him in the performance of his official duties in several capacities, and he was bound to add his testimony to that of all who knew him as to the diligent, able and conscientious manner in which he had never failed to discharge his duties of whatever nature they might be.

The following address, which was beautifully engrossed on parchment, was then read by the chairman:

To Thomas Painter, Esq., ex-Secretary of the St. George's Society of Ottawa.

DEAR SIR,—The officers of the corporation of the St. George's Society of Ottawa, fully appreciating the valuable services rendered by you in your official capacity of Secretary, to them and to the society at large, have great pleasure in presenting you with a trifling testimonial of their sincere regard.

They, with many others, regret exceedingly that you should have occasion to leave this city, at the same time they rejoice to learn that your removal is likely to prove beneficial to yourself and family.

To enlarge upon your merits is, in their opinion, unnecessary. They are too generally known to require comment, and therefore it is that, desiring to avoid the employment of superfluous and extravagant language, they now offer you this simple but sincere address, and wish you most heartily God speed.

(Signed),
JOHN SWEETLAND, M.D., President.
WILLIAM MILLS, Secretary.

OTTAWA, February 24th, 1869.

The address was then handed to Mr. Painter, and accompanied with a beautiful writing desk furnished with suitable stationery. The desk, made of English walnut, was a fine specimen of workmanship with a plate on the lid bearing the inscription: "Presented to "Thomas Painter, Esq., by the officers of the "St. George's Society, of Ottawa."

The following is the reply to the address:

MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN,—In accepting your very kind address, accompanied by this beautiful token of your regard, let me assure you that I do so with more gratitude than I can find words adequately to express. I, therefore, can but thank you most sincerely and heartily.

My humble services in the cause in which we have together laboured, you have, I fear, valued too highly. I am fully sensible of my many defects and shortcomings therein. My sins of omission have been very considerable; of commission also not very light. I have, however, in as far as my time and the means at my command would permit, endeavoured to discharge the duties of the office I have just vacated to the best of my abilities, and I am happy to find that the office has fallen into better and far abler hands.

In the discharge of some of those duties I have frequently felt the embarrassment, the awkwardness of my position. The advantages of social position, and its usual accompaniments, which so materially assist a man to properly fill such an office, I was not blessed with. As a mechanic my associations have been more particularly with the hardy sons of toil, and to that class, however, I am yet proud to belong. Therefore, in the capacity of Secretary of St. George's Society I have often felt, as it were, out of my proper and legitimate sphere—out of my natural element—but encouraged by my many friends I persevered in the work, and for the encouragement and assistance I am truly and profoundly thankful, particularly to Mr. Mills who, for his ever ready and generous assistance so often and so freely offered, I shall ever hold in grateful remembrance.

I had no idea, until now, that I had so many warm friends. On every side I am as it were assailed with tokens of their regard, and I shall therefore leave Ottawa with feelings of pride, as well as of regret—with pride and gratification because of the manifest approbation received, and with feelings of regret at the necessity of parting with those friends.

I trust that St. George's Society will continue to prosper increasingly. Indeed it can scarcely do otherwise, while so many zealous and tried friends remain, who have spared no pains to help it onward and forward, and that they will continue to do so I am more than certain, for the chain that binds them cannot easily be broken.

I have heard some of those friends in times of despondency, and viewing the apathy of those who might and ought to lend a helping hand, I have heard them say—"This is the last year I shall remain an officer in St. George's Society;" but let the 23rd of April again come round, and you will find them again at the post, ready to "accept the situation"—to again put on the harness, and to incur the responsibility, and it may be the "odium."

Again I thank you for your kind expressions on my behalf, and for this manifestation of your esteem and friendship, and may a kind Providence prosper you all individually and collectively.

"The Press" and "The ladies" were proposed and duly responded to, after which a number of volunteer toasts were duly honoured.

In the course of the evening fine old British patriotic songs were sung by Messrs. Robert Stevenson, Richard Stevens and W. Green, and others, in good old English style. A very happy evening was spent by the party who broke up at a rather *early* hour.

LOCAL NEWS.

STILL ANOTHER ROOF FALLEN IN.—Yesterday the roof of an unfinished house on the corner of King and St. Patrick-st., belong to Alderman Traversy, gave way under the great weight of snow upon it, and fell in. Others may be expected to fall to-day, and others have probably fallen that we have not heard of.

ST. PATRICK'S HALL.—The following gentlemen will read at the St. Patrick's Hall this evening: Messrs. W. H. Johnson, M. Higgins, Dr. VanCortlandt, M. Battle and Chas. Roger. Amateurs of talent—ladies and gentlemen—will assist in the vocal and instrumental musical part of the evening's entertainment.

THE MARKET.—From day to day it is devoutly hoped that we shall have something in the market to satisfy the requirements of the household, and from day to day housekeepers return home with empty baskets. When is this state of things to end? When the thaw comes? No; for then the country will be flooded. How we live with our present market supplies, is a mystery. There is no help for us, but to hope that in some way or other relief will come.

SNOW-SHOE RACES.—Our Ottawa Snow-shoe Club though but recently formed have made good progress, and in a very short space of time have so far advanced that they have determined on holding annual races, the first to take place in the square in front of the Parliament Buildings on Saturday, the 6th of March. Nine prizes are offered, four of them being silver medals, and the races sufficiently varied to embrace all who could make any pretensions to compete, evidently with the view to inducing the largest number to take part in the sport, and to make it popular three only of the races have been reserved to the club exclusively. We may now expect that this healthy and invigorating exercise will take high rank among the manly sports of this city. For particulars of the races see advertisement in another column.

CURLIANA.—Yesterday afternoon an exciting match at curling took place between a team of old men of the city, and one of the young men. The match was for a walking cane, to be payed for by the losers, and to be played for again among the winners. The players were:

Old Men—H. Inglis, skip; T. McKay, W. Hutchison, senr., and T. Gallagher.

Young Men—J. W. Russell, skip; T. Russell, George Hutchison, and William Hutchison.

For a length of time the juveniles led the play, and the chances were in their favour, but the ancients finding they had a hard fight before them, if they would carry off the laurels, nerved themselves for the task, and when time was up they had beaten their opponents by the following score: *Old Men*, 18 points 13 ends; *Young Men*, 17 points 9 ends. The ice was in excellent condition, and the match was one of the most satisfactory played this season.

POLICE COURT.—There was no case at the Police Court yesterday, not even of the most trifling character. The police reported that no disturbance had occurred to mar the harmony of peace during the previous day, or through the night, and that order reigned supreme throughout the city; and the whole force were present to testify to the correctness of said report. They had been ordered to muster for inspection. His Worship inspected their uniforms, arms, and accoutrements with military minuteness, and found everything as nearly O. K. as he could reasonably expect. He next turned to their countenances, and finding them clean, and each particular beard cut, or uncut, according to the ideal of the beautiful existing in the mind of the wearer. His Worship, assisted by the Col. of the Civic Regiment, then put them through the "march past," which was beautifully executed in varied time, and they were dismissed with compliments according to merit.

MOSS ROOFS DOWN.—The roof of a shed belonging to Mr. McIntyre, of the Victoria Hotel, St. Paul and Mosgrove-sts., fell in on Tuesday. Fortunately there was not at the time much in the shed that could be injured by the fall, consequently little other damage was done than the partial destruction of the shed. Last week, however, as we learn, another roof belonging to Mr. McIntyre fell in, and two pigs were buried in the ruins. The poor frightened grunters were with some trouble exhumed unmaimed, and with the exception of the fright tolerably well in health. They performed a savage duet of squeaks and grunts, which might have been interpreted to signify that they would'nt be sorry to see the author of their trouble writhing in the agony of *strichina spiralis*. We have thus far chronicled all the falling roofs we have heard of in the hope of calling attention to the danger that still exists to life and limb, as well as property, from the same cause, unless people take the precaution of removing it.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY SOCIETY.—Last evening E. A. Meredith, Esq., LL.D., delivered a most interesting and instructive lecture before this society on the subject of "Common words and phrases, indicative of national character." Owing to the inclemency of the weather during the afternoon, and the difficulty of traversing the streets, the audience was not so large as the nature and treatment of the subject deserved, and for that reason we shall merely allude to it, reserving a fuller report for to-morrow. The learned lecturer took the position that apparently trivial words and phrases were better as indicating the character of a nation, than the stately utterances of eminent men, which were promulgated for a purpose; and running through the idioms of England, France, the United States, Russia, and other countries, he amply proved his thesis, and at the same time exhibited a vast amount of research, and a practical application of the knowledge so acquired, which is seldom found in popular lectures. At the conclusion of the lecture a vote of thanks to the lecturer was tendered through the chairman, Thos. Guerin, Esq., and carried with applause; and indeed throughout the delivery the lecture was warmly applauded.

THE LATE MEHEMED FUAD PACHA.

A telegram from Paris announces the death in Nice of Mehemed Fuad Pacha, the Turkish Minister for Foreign Affairs. If this announcement is correct the Sultan will have lost one of his ablest and most astute statesmen. Fuad Pacha was a native Turk, and was descended from a distinguished family. He was born at Constantinople in 1814. His father was a judge and his mother a poetess. In 1828 Fuad's father fell into disgrace, his property was confiscated, and he himself exiled. Fuad, however, did not accompany him, but devoted himself to the study of medicine. In 1834, we find him serving in the Turkish navy, and subsequently entering the Interpreter's office of the government. His *debut* in diplomatic life was at the critical period of the death of Mahmoud II. He was subsequently sent on a special mission to Spain, and on his return published his reminiscences of that country in a poem entitled "The Alhambra," which gained him great popularity among his countrymen. His name first became famous throughout Christian Europe in connection with Prince Menschikoff's mission to Turkey, just prior to the Crimean war. The first act of the Prince was an insult to the dignity of the Sultan. Instead of waiting upon Fuad Effendi, who was then Minister of Foreign Affairs, as etiquette demanded, Prince Menschikoff, though aware that the visit was expected, passed his door, which was open to receive him, and waited only on the Grand Vizier. This insult was promptly resented by Fuad Pacha who tendered his resignation, and although the Sultan entreated him to retain office, he firmly declined. Finding him determined, the Sultan, for the first time in the annals of Turkey, issued a *hatti-sheriff*, announcing that the resignation was accepted. But, although no longer in office, the deceased had already secured the alliance between Turkey, France, and England against Russia, and during the Crimean war he again became Minister for Foreign Affairs, and after the close of the war was publicly thanked by M. de Bouterieff, the new minister from Russia, for the indulgence he had shown the Russian merchants during the contest. Fuad Pacha was the invariable choice of the Sultan as his representative in all diplomatic affairs of importance. He was the imperial commissioner to Syria in 1860, and by his firm course put an end to the massacre of Christians by the bloodthirsty Druses. In 1858 he represented his imperial master at the Paris Conference, which excited so much attention, and only a few weeks ago was again a representative at the Conference held at Paris to settle the troubles which have arisen between Turkey and Greece. Although a Mahommedan in religion, Fuad Pacha was by no means a fanatic. The conciliatory course adopted by the Sultan towards his Christian subjects has been the result of his policy.

HIGH BOARDING HOUSES.

A great success is claimed for the new eight story boarding house of Dr. Dio Lewis, in Boston, and the doctor regrets that he did not build it five stories higher. The lower story is a restaurant. The building has a steam elevator and two dumb waiters, sixty large rooms, with hot and cold water in every bedroom, a mile and a quarter of speaking tube connecting every room in the house with the office. The price of suites of rooms ranges from $300 to $2,000 per annum. "Let me illustrate one advantage," he said the other day. "My own bedroom is in the eighth story, one hundred and fifty feet from the office. On going home at three o'clock to-day for my dinner, I at once rode in the elevator to my own floor, and suggested to my wife that we should dine in our own parlor. Turning to the mouth of the speaking tube I blew, ringing the bell in the office, which threw down a silver ball which indicated the number of my room. The clerk at once asked, "What is wanted?" I replied that I would have such and such articles for dinner for my wife and self in fifteen minutes. The articles were put in a little cupboard with non-conducting side, placed in one of the dumb-waiters at the right time, and sent up to the eighth floor, giving notice to the waiter on that floor that dinner for Mr. Lewis was coming up. The waiter spread the table and left us in peace and quietness to dine at our leisure. No servant had ascended a single flight of stairs."

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

Amusements.

OTTAWA SNOW SHOE CLUB.

GRAND ANNUAL RACES

Will be held on the Square in front of the PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS,

On Saturday, the 6th March, 1869,

At TWO P. M. precisely.

Stewards—J. M. Currier, Esq., M. P., Major Alexander, R. B., T. D. Harington, Esq., Sheriff Powell, W. McK. Wright, Esq., and Capt. Glyn, R. B.

Starter—G. P. Baker, Esq.

President ——

Vice-President—G. A. Chesley, Esq., M. D.

RACES.

1.—Two miles; open to all comers; Prize—Silver Medal.
2.—One mile; Club Race; open to members only; Prize—Silver Medal.
3.—Boys' Race, half mile; open to boys under 14; Prize—Pair of Snow-shoes.
4.—Quarter mile; Club Race; open to members of Club only; Prize—Silver Medal.
5.—Hurdle Race; in heats over three hurdles; 100 yards; Prize—Belt; open to members of the Club only.
6.—Soldiers' Race, one mile; open to all Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates, H.M.S., [Regulation Snow-shoes.] 1st Prize, $4; 2nd Prize, $3; 3rd Prize, $2.
7.—Half mile; open to all comers; Prize—Silver Medal.
8.—One hundred yards in heats; Prize—Gold Breast Pin, given by M. Kavanagh, Esq., of "The Queen;" open to all comers.
9.—Quarter mile; Consolation Race for losing competitors; Prize—a Cap.

No Snow-shoes to be under 10 inches in width [except in No. 3.]

Intending competitors must enter before 5 p.m., on Thursday, the 4th March, with the Secretary, as no entries will be received afterwards.

The Secretary will be in attendance at the Medical Hall, 28 Sparks-st., on the 3rd and 4th March, from 4 to 5 p.m., to receive entries, &c. Or competitors may enter by letter, addressed JOHN WALSH, Esq., Post Office Department, Ottawa.

Entrance fees for races Nos. 1, 7, 8 and 9—25 cents each, to be paid at time of entering. Members of the Club free.

Start in all the races to be by pistol shot.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

JOHN WALSH,
Secretary O. S. S. C.

983TMW

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have new RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
" Superfine No. 2	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 983tf R. M. EASTON.

Lectures.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

LECTURES 1868-9.

The Eighth Lecture of the Series will be delivered by P. LESUEUR, ESQ., in the Chapel of Ease, Sussex-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, the 25th instant, at 8 o'clock.

SUBJECT—"The Sublime and Beautiful, in "connection with Man's affectional, moral, and "intellectual nature."

Admission 10 cents.

Ottawa, February 24. 982-2

Publications.

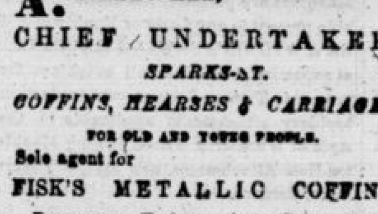
NEW BOOKS.

J. DURIE & SON have received
Cast up by the Sea, by Sir Samuel Baker;
Haslitt's Mechanics Book of Reference and Engineer's Field Book.
Haswell's Engineer's and Mechanic's Pocket Book.
Henck's Field Book for Engineers.
The Canary; its varieties, breeding and management.
Braithwaite's Retrospect for January.
McMillan's Pocket and Wall Maps of New Brunswick.
McKinlay's Pocket and Wall Maps of Nova Scotia.
Dawson's Pocket Map of the Dominion.
Bow Bells, Young Ladies' Journal, Once a Week, All the Year Round, London Society, Temple Bar, &c., for February.
The American Magazines for March.
For sale by J. DURIE & SON.,
10 Sparks-st.

JONES & HOLLAND,
[Post Office Block,]
Have just received
Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine for March,
Good Words for the Young,
Chambers's Journal, &c.
Godey for March, Demorest for March, Budget of Fashion, Harper's Bazar, Chimney Corner, Boston Pilot, Sporting Times, Ledger, &c., &c.
"Captain Jinks" Song Book, 1 cent each.
Ottawa, February 23, 1869.

Fancy Bakery.

CHARLES HOY begs to return thanks to the public for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, also to announce that he has removed his establishment on Wellington-st., next to the Union Brewery. He has also opened a store at No. 97, Rideau-st., where he will supply every day fresh, with the superior articles in his trade, bran and white bread one penny cheaper than other bakers. His fancy bread, breakfast and dinner rolls, French loaves, scons, twists, sweet bunns, and a variety of fancy cakes. His biscuits are of a superior quality, constantly fresh made: Cabin. Wine. Abernethy, Cheese Bowlers, Crackers, Fancy, Water. Cross Buns on Good Friday.
Two apprentices wanted. 983d



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

WANTED a good Parlor Sett of Furniture. A cash purchaser will be found if price and articles suit. Address "Beta," TIMES office. 983a

BAZAAR.

The ladies of Bank-st. Church intend opening their BAZAAR on TUESDAY, 16th of MARCH. Donations received by Mrs. Wm. Hutchison, Maria-st.; Mrs. Wm. Moore, O'Connor-st.; and Mrs. T. McKay, Chaudiere. 983tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgia or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR CASES of

CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.,

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 983tf R. M. EASTON.

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from MISS MARY HANLIN to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION her entire fit-out of BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE, at her house, in Aumond's Block, on the South side of Daly-st., consisting in part of

PARLOUR FURNITURE, viz.:—Sofa, Chairs, Carpet, Window Curtains and Cornices, Centre Table, Whatnot, Pictures, &c.

DINING ROOM—Black Walnut Extension Table, made by Jacques & Hayes, Sideboard, Chairs, Carpet, Table Cutlery, Crockery, Glass and China Ware of the very best description.

BED ROOMS—Bedsteads, Mattresses of all kinds, Blankets, Quilts, Sheets, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Carpets, Washstands, Bureaus, Looking glasses, Baths, sets of Chamberware, &c., &c.

Cooking, Hall and Parlour Stoves and Stove pipes, Hall Oil Cloth, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

The whole of the Furniture is in first-rate condition, and is such as may be found in a first-class boarding-house.

Sale to commence on FRIDAY, the 26th FEBRUARY, at ONE o'clock, p.m.

Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

has been commissioned by Mr. Thomas Matthews to sell,

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

on the premises, on

Thursday, the 4th day of March, Next,

At 12 o'clock, noon,

That very valuable property known as the

REVERE HOUSE,

Consisting of three lots in one block, viz.: Part of Lots 1 and A on the south side of Rideau-st., and part of 1 and A on the north side of Besserer-st. The house is 106 x 40 feet, and four stories high, roofed with tin, and contains 4 large parlours, first-class dining-room, sitting-room, bar-room, kitchens, and 50 large, airy bed-rooms, and a cellar under it the whole size of the house; with Sheds, Wood-house, Coach-house, a brick stable 66 x 30 feet, with accommodations for 40 horses attached.

The property, together, is one of the best in the city for a first-class hotel. A bargain may be expected.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

For further particulars apply to the owner,

Mr. THOMAS MATTHEWS,
At Matthews' Hotel, York-st.,
Or to the Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS, within two minutes walk of the Russell House and Post Office—sitting-rooms and bed-rooms. Address A., P. O. box 15, Ottawa.

TO LET.

A semi-detached HOUSE, in the Village of New Edinburgh, containing eight rooms, with Out-buildings, and Garden attached.

Rent moderate. Possession given immediately if required.

For particulars apply to
Mr. ROBERT SURTEES,
New Edinburgh.

New Edinburgh, February 22, 1869.

FOR SALE.

TWO NEW BRICK HOUSES, South side of Daly-st. Possession given May 1st.

For particulars apply personally, or by letter to
Mr. ROBERT SURTEES,
New Edinburgh.

New Edinburgh, February 22, 1869.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Sink, Kitchen &c., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 2, in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868.

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

Tenders.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH,

UPPER TOWN.

TENDERS FOR COMPLETION.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until THURSDAY, the 4th MARCH, for the completion of the Church, [R.C.] in Upper Town, known as St. Patrick's Church. Plans and specification can be seen, and all other information obtained, at the office of J. J. Murphy, Esq., Attorney, Rideau-st.

The undersigned will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. McCARRON.

Ottawa, 22nd Feby., 1869.

NORTH AMERICAN BIRDS' EGGS.

Oologists, whose collections are incomplete, may procure identified species at reasonable prices from the undersigned, who has devoted upwards of twelve years to their study. The numbers of each species correspond with the Smithsonian Institution Catalogue of Birds.

WM. COUPER,
Naturalist, &c.
Clarence, near Dalhousie-st., Quebec.

February 24, 1869.

TIGHT BINDING

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 24.

Dr. O'Brennan lectured last night on "O'Connell and his times." The lecture was rather a failure.

Mr. Morphy, of the Crown Lands Department, lectured last night on "Our defences." Referring to Ireland he said the subject always brought to his mind Heber's hymn "Where every prospect pleases, and only man is vile."

The annual meeting of the Board of Directors of the Toronto Dispensary was held yesterday. From the report it appeared that nearly 6000 poor had been relieved at a cost of less than $4,000.

The Board of Agriculture met this afternoon. Hon. Mr. Christie was elected President. The Board then adjourned on account of the absence of several members.

The Temperance Convention continued its sittings to-day. Nothing of much importance was done.

A public meeting will be held to-night.

A "social" in aid of the Red River Relief Fund was held at the private residence of Mr. Jackson, of Newtonbrook, last night, and $30 raised.

A woman arrested last night for drunkenness was caught in the act in the act of hanging herself.

Nothing really definite is known about Brown's bank.

Trains are again late in consequence of the snow storm. No mails from the East to-day. The train from the West was three hours late, thus leaving the passengers on it for the East late. As the number was large a special train was sent after the regular train, which was overtaken and the passengers transferred.

Nothing definite from Howe to-day.

Frank Killam and N. K. Clements have published cards to the electors of Yarmouth. Killam pledges himself to repeal. Clements advocates railway and other public improvements, but makes no reference to Confederation.

The following is the reply of the Newfoundland Assembly to the Speech from the Throne recommending union: "We fully concur with your Excellency that the time has now arrived for us to take action on the great question of Confederation, and we can assure your Excellency that we shall give our earnest attention to the consideration of our union with the Dominion of Canada, on such fair and equitable terms as may be calculated to serve the interests of the colony, be approved of by the Dominion of Canada, and which we trust may prove acceptable to all classes of the people, when submitted to the constituencies, and that it may also receive the final approval and ratification of Her Majesty."

BRAMPTON.

Special to THE TIMES.

BRAMPTON, February 24.

A farmer named James Pettigrew, residing in this vicinity, died suddenly here this evening. He was in town doing some business, and while jocularly bargaining with a clerk in Mr. Atkins' store for an axe he was suddenly taken with a fit of apoplexy, and notwithstanding that medical assistance was promptly rendered, he died in about two hours. The deceased was in good circumstances, scarcely past the prime of life, and apparently enjoying perfect health. He leaves a wife and family, and was the father of the unfortunate young man who met so untimely an end while bathing in the Don river last summer. An inquest will be held to-morrow.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LIVERPOOL, February 24.—The steamships *City of Baltimore*, from New York, and *Hibernian*, from Portland, have arrived.

LONDON, February 24.—In the House of Commons last evening Solicitor-General Coleridge introduced a bill to abolish the University tests.

CUBA.

Troops to be sent to the Interior—Thirty-six Cane Fields Burnt by the Insurgents.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

The *Herald's* Havana special says three thousand Spanish troops leave here to-morrow for the interior. Another estate has been burnt near Villa Clara at Jaguey. The insurgents have fired thirty-six cane fields.

HAVANA, February 24.—The insurgents fortifications at Laguaneja were captured by the fleets. The rebels retreated into the interior. Two battalions have went to the relief of Puerto Principe. Gen. Dulce addressed the officers of the volunteers yesterday, urging them to discountenance all dangerous agitation. A large number of rebel prisoners have been brought here, and more are expected. The sugar manufacturers demand relief from the burdensome taxation.

HAVANA, February 24.—Accounts from Santiago de Cuba are unfavourable. The cholera does not abate, and the insurgents are plundering and destroying the plantations in the vicinity. The revolutionary General Figueredo has issued strict orders to his subordinates to respect all property and estates owned by the French citizens. Cane grinding has commenced on a few plantations in the Santiago District, but it is not expected that more than half a crop can be realized this season. American provisions are wanted on the plantations in the provinces of Nuevitas, Gibcara, and Manzanillo. With a few exceptions cane grinding has not commenced on these plantations. The Captain-General has issued a proclamation imposing additional export and import duties.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Prize Fight in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, February 23.—The fight between Gallagher and Allen came off to-day, and resulted in favour of Gallagher after three rounds had been fought.

Arrival of the SS. "India."

NEW YORK, February 24.—The steamship *India*, from Glasgow, arrived this morning.

Adulterated Milk in New York.

Dr. Chandler, of the Board of Health, yesterday analyzed the adulterated milk seized a day or two ago, and by the aid of a microscope discovered sights in the water used that the board does not feel justified in allowing the public to know at present.

A Pennsylvanian Selected to Fill a Seat in Grant's Cabinet.

The *Tribune's* special says Gen. Grant informed several Pennsylvanians who called on him yesterday, that he had already selected a man from that State whom he intended inviting to a seat in his Cabinet.

Arrival of the Steamship "City of Antwerp.

NEW YORK, February 24.—The steamship *City of Antwerp*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Fire in Chicago.

CHICAGO, February 24.—This evening a fire occurred in Nos. 135 and 137 Lake-st. in a four story building. The fire originated from spontaneous combustion in the varnish room of H. W. Parsons. Homantry and Phelp's carpet manufactory were greatly damaged by water. The total loss is estimated at $40,000.

Two Men Frozen to Death.

On Saturday night two brothers named Luter, and a man named Dubble, started to walk across the prarie from Carroll Station, Iowa. This morning the elder Luter and Dubble were frozen and dead, and young Luter was so badly frozen that his feet and hands will have to be amputated.

Arrival of the SS. "Colorado."

NEW YORK, February 24.—The steamship *Colorado*, from Liverpool, arrived to-night.

Decision of Judge Ingraham in the Express Case.

NEW YORK, February 24.—Judge Ingraham of the Supreme Court has decided that the consolidation of the Merchants' Union Express Company with the American is illegal, and the injunction against enforcing the terms of the consolidation is continued until a final decision of the case.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, February 24.—American exchange 41¼.
Gold 132¼.
Money easy at 6 per cent.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 23.—Cotton 29½c. @ 29¾c.—Flour dull; receipts 5,600 barrels; sales 5,700 barrels at $5.50 @ 6.35 for Superfine State and Western; $6.35 @ 6.90 for common to choice Extra State; $6.25 @ 7.15 for common to choice Extra Western.—Rye flour steady at $5.25 @ 7.25.—Wheat heavy; receipts 61,000 bushels; sales 21,000 bushels at $1.54 @ 1.57 for No. 2 Spring in store and delivered; latter extreme.—Rye dull.—Corn firmer; receipts 12,000 bushels; sales 42,000 bushels at 88½c. @ 91c. for new mixed Western.—Barley firm; sales 30,000 bushels of extra choice State at $2.17 in store.—Oats dull; receipts 6,000 bushels; sales 19,000 bushels at 73c. @ 73½c. for Western in store; 75c. for do. afloat.—Pork firmer at $31.75 @ 32.00 for new Mess; $31.25 @ 31.50 for old Mess.—Lard firmer at 17¾c. @ 19½c. for steam; 19½c. @ 19¾c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 24—p.m.—Consols 93¾ for both. Bonds quiet at 78¾. Stocks quiet. Erie 24¼. Atlantic and Great Western 35¼. Illinois Central 96¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 24—p.m.—Cotton flat; Uplands 12d. Old corn 31s. 6d. Lard 75s. Breadstuffs unchanged.

—A Bill is before the Illinois Legislature, providing special punishment for boys who steal newspapers from doorsteps. Indiana, has such a law already.

—One Irish banker in St. Louis sent, during Christmas and New Year's week, £1,125 from the Irish servant girls in that city to their friends in the old country.

—A young man in Lowell has invented a water wheel, which, it is said, gives more power than the turbine wheel, now in general use in factories.

—The Shah of Persia has recently granted to English capitalists the monopoly of railroad building in that country for twenty years.

—The yield of the coal mines in Prussia during 1867, was 105,000,000 tons of coal from 426 mines, and they give employment to 102,774 men and 175,229 women and children.

—There are twenty-five tobacco factories in Chicago, with an aggregate capital of three millions dollars, the annual product of which is about ten millions dollars.

—Three thousand men were at work night and day for a month before Christmas on the new Metropolitan District Railway, London, in order to get it ready for the holiday traffic.

—A fifteen hundred dollar velocipede race from New York to Chicago has been arranged between two gentlemen connected with the theatrical profession in New York. The day of starting is not yet named.

—Lord Carnarvon, the Bishop of Chester, and Mr. Buxton, M.P., have been appointed the new members of the Ritual Commission, in the place of Sir W. Page Wood and Mr. Gardwell.

—Mr. James Gorden Bennett has set aside $10,000 for the benefit of the New York *Herald* Club. This association is composed solely of the employees of the *Herald* and is a mutual benefit society. Its members are thus kept above want in cases of sickness and misfortune.

—The District of Columbia contains twenty-seven regular telegraph offices, exclusive of fire-alarm and police telegraph stations. The bulk of these are in Washington from whence they transmit news, at all hours of the day or night, to the press at all points of the country.

—M. Maurice Strakosch received a few days ago a valuable present from Mme. Rossini, namely, the unpublished mass of her husband, and its value was considerably enhanced by her assurance that she gave it in obedience to the desire of her husband, expressed some time before his death.

—The New York *Observer* says the managers of the American Bible Society have virtually decided to discontinue the May anniversary meetings. It is supposed that other religious societies will follow this example. The May anniversaries were once popular; but for some years past their usefulness has been more than questionable.

—A writer on underdraining says he should not hesitate a moment to mortgage land of his own to raise money for draining, if he could get the money in no more convenient way. The mortgage would, of course, be an annoyance, but would be an insignificant one compared with the uncertainty of getting crops from wet land without drainage.

—On Friday of last week, while the scholars of Mr. Hinden's school, near St. Catharines' cemetery, were out playing at recess, a boy named Dorson came along with a shot gun on his shoulder; but was not particularly noticed until a report was heard from the gun, and a boy named George Morehouse was seen lying on the ground a short distance off. The boy was conveyed to a doctor, who found that twelve shots had been fired into his head and body; but hopes are entertained of his recovery. Dorson explained that some of the other boys had cocked and fired the gun while in his hands.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leel's, Sparks-st.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attilaments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as surely cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Wholesale Agt., proprietors for Canada.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$x to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1·50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS at prices according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
BIRD'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jelli. a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call d'ly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00
Halifax..... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 30 00
Halifax..... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York

or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Convent at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 956tf

Wholesale & Retail.

NOTICE.

THE TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT SALE

ON

CARPETS,

Now going on, will positively close this month.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

February 22, 1869.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MACEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive a possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do
575 " UNION do
1925 " 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks.

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,

Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3¾d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868. The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY,

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS

STATIONERY,

AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indellible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—
Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE,
And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the Ottawa Times.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1869.

A few sleigh loads of provisions were brought to market yesterday, amongst which we noticed one or two loads of oats which sold for 65 cents to 67 cents. There were also some small lots of pork, some of it being very light, brought $8.50, and for some that was heavier $10 was demanded, and the heaviest was held at $11.50. Mutton sold for 6 cents to 7 cents. Of beef there was a very small supply at last quotations. Hay was, unexpectedly, in good supply, varying very little from our quotations.

Flour—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring	1 20	@	1 25
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 65	@	0 67
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	11 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 28	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 25
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
Hay—Per ton	22 00	@	24 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

Felcome.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, Jno. T. Day.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

Winfield.—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, John Heritage. To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. Cheny,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

Montreal Tea Company,
Gentlemen,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, Francis T. Greene, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

Peterborough.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere.
J. H. Reid.

The Montreal Tea Company.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality. —Brantford *Courier.*

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 5oc, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Montreal, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

Tenders.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are now prepared to receive TENDERS for THREE FURTHER SECTIONS of the line.

Section No. 5 will be in the Province of Quebec and will extend from Forty miles East of Riviere du Loup, at the end of Contract No. 2, to the Sixty-sixth Mile Post, near Rimouski, a distance of about Twenty-six miles.

Section No. 6 will be in the Province of New Brunswick and will extend from the Easterly end of Contract No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the Main Post Road near the 48th Mile Post, Easterly from Jacquet River, about Twenty-one miles.

Section No. 7 will be in the Province of Nova Scotia and will extend from the Southerly end of Contract No. 4, near River Phillip, to Station Fifty at Folly Lake, about Twenty-four miles.

Plans and profiles with specifications and terms of contract will be exhibited at the office of the Board of Works, Toronto, and at the offices of the Commissioners at Ottawa, Rimouski, Dalhousie, St. John and Halifax, on and after the FIFTH day of MARCH, 1869, and SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tender," will be received at their office in Ottawa up to SEVEN o'clock, p.m., on the TWENTY-NINTH day of MARCH, 1869.

Intercolonial Railway Office,
Ottawa, 11th February, 1869.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
W. F. COFFIN,
Commissioners.

976a-td

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

Public notice is hereby given, that on TUESDAY, the 16th day of MARCH next, at noon, at Gowan's Hall, Sparks-street, will be sold, or let on lease, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, to the highest bidder, the following Lots and Pieces of Land, in Ottawa, and the Township of Nepean:

To Let or Lease, for a term of twenty-one years, Four Wharf Lots on the north east side of the Rideau Canal to the south of Sappers' Bridge, Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12.

To be sold, the following sub-Lots lying east of the Rideau Canal, in Lot F, Concession D, Nepean: Nos. 2, 17, 18, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31 and broken sub-Lots 32 and 33.

On the north of the Rideau Canal, being part of Lot K, Concession C, Nepean, sub-Lots 34, 35, 36, and of Lot K, Concession B, sub-Lots 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, Gore of Gloucester, Hogsback, front of Lot 21, sub-Lots 69, 70, 71.

Also in the City of Ottawa, on the south side of Maria-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57; and on the north side of Gloucester-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, and on the south side of Gloucester-street, pieces of land, numbered 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56 and 57, and letter A.

Terms of sale—Ten per cent. cash, and the balance in nine equal annual instalments, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. on unpaid amounts.

Plans to be seen at the Ordnance Lands Office, of this Department. Further conditions at time of sale.

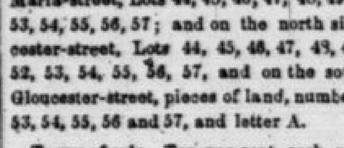
By order.

E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.

Ottawa, February 18th, 1869. 979-3awtd

UPPER OTTAWA



STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING of the *SHAREHOLDERS* for ELECTION OF DIRECTORS and Transaction of General Business, will be held at the office of

R. W. CRUICE, SPARKS-STREET,

in this city, on

Wednesday, 3rd day of March next,

at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

By order,
R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feby. 17, 1869. 978td

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 972-2m

Customs Department,
Ottawa, February 19, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 26 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

NOTICE.—We herewith inform the lumber trade and public generally that WM. HENRY ROLFE, who for many years acted as our Agent at Burlington, Vt., ceases to act in that capacity from and after Jan. 25, 1869.

We have appointed MESSRS. OTIS, SHEPPARD & CO., of Burlington, Vt., our sole agents at that point; they will hereafter have the exclusive sale of the products of our mill, and to them alone all orders for Humberstown Lumber must be addressed.

HUMBERSTOWN LUMBER CO.
Humberstown, Pro. Quebec,
Jan. 25, 1869. 980d

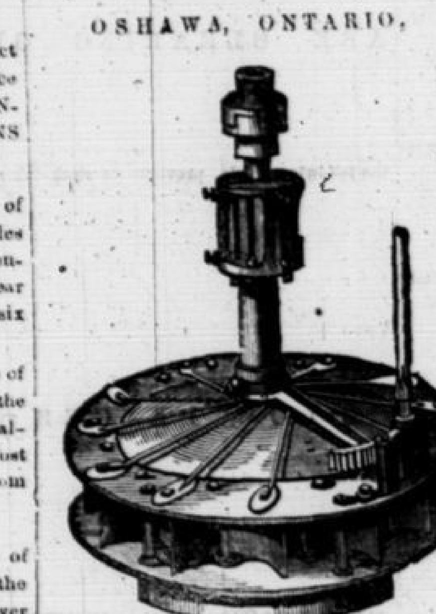
JOSEPH HALL MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

Springfield, Ohio, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. Glen, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
OSHAWA, ONT.

959-2aw4m

CHANCERY SALE

of

REAL ESTATE,

in the

VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October, 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, com prising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to
MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK,
Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.
Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire,
Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.

989-1awtd Signed, A. N. BUELL.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. G. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.			
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45	@	50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55	@	60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75	@	80
Sound Oolong	0 40	@	45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55	@	60
Very Fine, do do	0 75	@	80
Japan Good	0 50	@	60
Very Good	0 65	@	70
Finest	0 75	@	80
GREEN TEA.			
Twankay, Common	0 35	@	40
Fine do	0 55	@	60
Young Hyson	0 50	@	60
Fine do	0 75	@	85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00	@	00
COFFEE.			
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33		
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32		
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29		

Remember the place,
A. G. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the Times Office.
Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DUSMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces		different qualities Black Silks			
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
68	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines	7		1 3
70	do	do Poplin	7½		1 0
150	do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 6

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins, Albertcena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen......6d each.

SHAWLS.
35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces	Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for		6 d
160	do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars	6½ d
165	do	Good Prints	4 d
303	do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's	6½ d
150	do	French Calicos, in choice patterns	8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces		Waterproof	3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,
Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,
Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

		s. d.
1,000	Flannel Shirts, only	2 6
200	White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9
500	Under Shirts, only	3 3
300	Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces	2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting	3	worth	5
5	do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1	do	3
81	do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice			

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50......OVERCOATS.
4.00......heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up......PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25......VESTS.
$8.00......Black Broadcloth......FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

House, Land and General Agency,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

Inglis' New Buildings, Sussex-st.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.
His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

75.y

Wants.

WANTED.

A Female Teacher for the Junior Department of the Arnprior Common School, holding a second-class certificate. Applications will be received up to the 18th day of FEBY., 1869.

JAS. G. CRANSTON, M.D.,
Chairman.
GEO. CRAIG,
Secretary.

974-

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

of

EVERY DESCRIPTION

both

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

at

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To Tourists.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery.
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No: 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 833.3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. Cancers Cured, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
989y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office. References.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
H. of Commons.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq, M. D., M.P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-tf

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:
Rev. Bickerton A. Edwards, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

School Fees.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term extra.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

of the

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

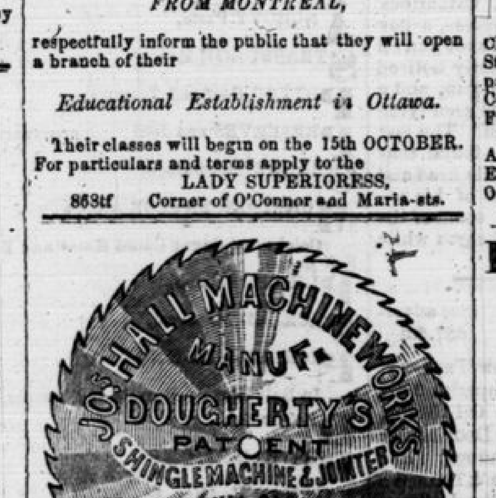
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

100,000 FEET OF SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER

For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of

OAK,
MAPLE,
ELM,
BIRCH & ASH,
PLANK & SCANTLING,

of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.

Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.

WALTON SMITH.
Ottawa, February 8, 1869. 973tf

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

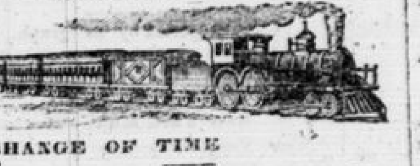
It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at......9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at......7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at......8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at......7.00 a m
Express for Boston at......8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at......3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at......2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at......10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director,
Montreal, Dec. 1 1868.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
Agent,......Desbarat's Block
Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, *OF MAINE.*

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 14y

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET,
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.
Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 83y

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE
Nails, Rope, Chains,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

L. GRANT,
960b JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 78y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton Managing Director. Alex Robertson Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 984. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.35 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT;

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"

THEN USE

WATERS' QUININE WINE,

the finest tonic in the world.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.
Jany. 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!

We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock

We are not retiring from business!

We are not having a clearing sale!

But we are selling as good

COOK STOVES,
BOX STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES,
DOUBLE STOVES,
HOTEL STOVES,
COAL STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES

OF THE

LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED

PATTERNS,

Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

Publications.

NEW BOOKS.

J. DURIE & SON have received
Cast up by the Sea, by Sir Samuel Baker;
Haslitt's Mechanic's Book of Reference and Engineer's Field Book.
Haswell's Engineer's and Mechanic's Pocket Book.
Henck's Field Book for Engineers.
The Canary; its varieties, breeding and management.
Braithwaite's Retrospect for January.
McMillan's Pocket and Wall Maps of New Brunswick.
McKinlay's Pocket and Wall Maps of Nova Scotia.
Dawson's Pocket Map of the Dominion.
Bow Bells, Young Ladies' Journal, Once a Week, All the Year Round, London Society, Temple Bar, &c., for February.
The American Magazines for March.
For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

JONES & HOLLAND,

[Post Office Block,]

Have just received
Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine for March,
Good Words for the Young,
Chambers's Journal, &c.
Godey for March, Demorest for March, Budget of Fashion, Harper's Bazar, Chimney Corner, Boston Pilot, Sporting Times, Ledger, &c., &c.
"Captain Jinks" Song Book, 1 cent each.
Ottawa, February 23, 1869.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the Times Office.
Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.
Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Black Cloths
Winceys, Beaver Cloths
Cottons, Meltons
Prints, Tweeds
&c., &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these is at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL.

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF

ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........				
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
63	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines.....	7		1 3
70	do	do Poplin........	7½		1 0
150	do	do Cobourg.....	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	FancyColors—your choice for........	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only...............	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen..................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

170 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars........6½d
165 do Good Prints ....4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's.....................................6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..........		3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating..................	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed............	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed.........	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only...........2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only..............3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ....5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting.......................3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting....................1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50...............................OVERCOATS.
4.00.........................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up..............................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25.........................VESTS.
$8.00,......Black Broadcloth.......FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*

Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.

W. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots. Moose Mocassins. Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.
Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

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AT THE

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BOOT & SHOE STORE,

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I have now received my fall and winter stock of

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which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

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Consisting of

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PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

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FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

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SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

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ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS rice according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

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A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

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THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

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And for sale cheap, by

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Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
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GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
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MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
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TOMATO and other Catsups,
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Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
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PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces.
DRY Codfish,
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FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

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The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

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First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
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Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

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Ottawa.

THE TRUE STORY OF DON JUAN.

BY BABINGTON WHITE, AUTHOR OF "CIRCE," &c.

When the orange and citron groves of the Alcazar were in their ripest glory, and the gilded palace of the Moors yet wore the freshness that had made it splendid in the days of its first masters there lived a certain hidalgo, whose entrance to the Plaza de Toros was a signal for a hum and whisper among the multitude that filled the bloody arena; whose presence at vespers in the dusky aisles of the great cathedral boded ill to some fair worshipper within the solemn fane; a man from the touch of whose infidel fingers the priest withdrew his holy water brush as from a contact with the foul fiend himself; a man behind whose steps followed ever the smothered anthema of the pious and weak.

This man was Jaun Tenorio, one of the twenty-four, the best hated and most feared among the inhabitants of Seville. Handsome, proud, brave—with a desperate brutal courage—false and cruel, he was all these, and known to be all these—for he came of a race in which these qualities had been hereditary since the Mohomedan was driven out of Spain.

Don Juan's wealth was even greater than his rank. He was master of many a square mile of vineyard between Seville and Jerez, and owner of a delicious oriental villa on the banks of the Guadalquivir, built in the true Moorish style, with airy barbaric colonades, and pierced pavements of coloured marble, through which a hundred jets of limpid water rose to cool the sultry southern atmosphere, and had a quadrangle where a fountain played all day and night amidst a wealth of exotic blossoms, beneath the shade of a wide silken awning. Here, in the idle summer noontide, the noble Sevillian loved to bask, and here, beneath the tender light of the southern moon, was held revels of which all good citizens spoke with a shudder. Dancing-girls and matadors had told strange stories of banquets given in those marble-paved chambers—banquets at which Lucifer himself might have taken the chair; of dances performed in that Moorish quadrangle which might have delighted the Prince of Darkness and his chosen courtiers; of deeds scarcely less terrible than those by which Pedro the Cruel had given the Alcazar a hideous renown. Don Juan Tenorio had elevated vice into a kind of a poetry, and refined sin into a science. From his very boyhood his name had been a terror to husbands, fathers and brothers; but of late the good people of Seville crossed themselves when they spoke of him, as when they pronounced the name of the fiend. His latest crime had surpassed his former villanies; for on this last occasion he added murder to betrayal.

Amongst those weak enough or bold enough to countenance this man, in spite of his villainous repute, was the Commander Gonzalo de Ulloa, with whose young and beautiful daughter Don Juan Tenorio professed himself eager to form a matrimonial alliance. The Commander was influenced by the rank and wealth of the suitor. The terms of the contract were arranged, and the contracted parties were allowed to meet in the most cermonious manner on certain rare occasions—the promised bride attended by her duenna and supported by her proud old father.

Whether Juan entered upon this engagement in good faith at first is known only to himself. Certain it is that, after a short courtship the idea of matrimonial bondage in the future, and the wearisome attendance of father and duenna in the present, became alike obnoxious to him. The habit of evil-doing had grown with his growth and strengthened with his strength. He was practised in the corruption of duennas, and versed in all delusive arts for the conquest of a weak, inexperienced girl, and the end in this case came too soon. One morning the gossips of Seville were startled by the tidings of Donna Octavia's elopement with Don Juan; and before nightfall a great terror fell upon the city, with the knowledge that the Commander Don Gonzalo de Ulloa had been found stabbed through the heart on a lonely road twenty miles through the gates.

He had discovered his daughters disappearance within one hour of the wretched girl's flight; had extorted some half-confession from the unwilling duenna, and followed the fugitives attended by only one servant who saw his master overtake a traveling carriage, in which were a lady and a gentleman, both masked. The Commander had dragged the gentleman from the carriage, and a sharp encounter had followed on the spot, with fatal result to Don Gonzalo, the lady shrieking piteously all the while. The gentleman had not once removed his mask, and sprung into the carriage directly after his opponent's fall, crying to to his postillions to drive like a thousand devils.

The servant was an inexperienced rustic, who had been but a few weeks in the service of the Commander, and he was unable to identify the masked traveler, though he had a kind of an idea that it was no other but Don Juan Tenorio, who had graciously sworn at him more than once for a base-born dog, on the occasion of his visits to Don Gonzalo.

The commander's family were furious against the libertine, scarcely knowing whether to hate him most as the seducer of their kinswoman, or as the murderer of their kinsman. Shame was new to her house, and was so much the more bitter to bear. They urged their wrongs in the ear of legal authority, and demanden that the seducer and assassin should be brought before the tribunal of Justice; but as the duenna had contrived to disappear from Seville during the confusion of her employer's death, there was no evidence against Don Juan Tenorio. And, besides this difficulty was another in the fact that Don Juan was not to be found. It was reported that he and his frail companion had embarked at Cadiz on a vessel bound for the East.

Don Gonzalo's remains were brought to Seville and interred with much solemnity in the church of the Franciscan monastry, where the house of Ulloa possessed a mortuary chapel, and of which the only son of the late commander was a superior, and after affording gossip and excitement for all Seville, the monstrous scandal gradually died away, and, if not forgotten, at least ceased to be a common subject of conversation.

But there was one gloomy mind from which no time could efface the iniquities; there was one chief member of the holy order of St. Francis, from whose thoughts the fatal image of the seducer and murderer was only banished during the supreme service of the altar, and scarcely banished then.

Father Onofrio, of the Holy Sepulchre, whose name in the world had been Paez de Ulloa, cherished the memory of his father's murder and his sister's disgrace as other men cherish the image of a lost love, or wasted wealth, or long-departed happiness. By day and night his prayers arose to heaven, imploring justice from Him, who claims the devine right to avenge all earthly wrongs.

"Thou hast said, 'Vengeance is mine,'" cried the monk. "Surely thou wilt not not permit this libertine to go unpunished. And if Thou needest an earthly instrument, behold Thy servant is ready!"

Months grew into years, and it seemed as if the brother's pleadings were unheard by the supreme tribunal. A marble effigy of the murdered Commander was executed for the mortuary chapel in the church of the Franciscan, a noble image of the dead, "in his habit as he lived," erect and sword in hand, as if standing guardian over the vault below, awfully lifelike in the obscurity of that solemn shrine.

Three years had passed since Donna Octavia's flight, and in all that time the Moorish villa on the banks of the Guadalquivir had been deserted by its master. Suddenly as he had disappeared Don Juan Tenorio came back to his native city, and again his name was a terror in all virtuous households.

He reappeared with a bold and dauntless front, expressed himself profoundly grieved to hear of Don Gonzalo's death and his daughter,s elopement, declared that he had quarreled with and parted from the damsel on the very day before her flight, having reason to suspect her of a low intrigue with one of the matadors of the circus, and left Seville quietly alone immediately after the quarrel, and since which departure he had been traveling in the Holy Land.

The story was rendered somewhat plausible by the fact that a celebrated matador had disappeared from Seville about the time of Donna Octavia's flight, but the Sevillians were not less convinced of Juan Tenorio's guilt; and regarded him with a gloomy interest as he stalked among them at bull fight and festival, shunned yet admired, splendid and lonely.

Unhappily the very fact of his evil reputation rendered him an object of interest to foolish women; and from the hour of his return he grew bolder and more successful in crime. The rumor of his return and his new iniquities penetrated to the sombre retreat of the Franciscan monks, and Father Onofrio declared that the hour had come in which the majesty of Heaven must be vindicated by an earthly champion. This blasphemous libertine whose career was as devastating as the dragon of some fabulous story—this hardened sinner whose rank enabled him to defy the law, and whose infidelity mocked the dangers of divine wrath—had come back to the scene of his guilty deeds, and had come to expiate them.

"The hour has arrived," said the superior, in solemn conference with the holy brotherhood, "When the cowardice of venial man shrinks from chastising the high-born sinner—when the outraged law is powerless, it is time that the church should assert its authority. The man is an incarnate vice, and it is the office of the church to vanquish sin. Juan Tenorio must die."

The superior spoke with a tone of conviction that seemed inspiration. His pale, careworn face brightened with an awful radiance; so might look the avenging angel as he procaims the doom of a sinner.

"There should be no scandal," faltered one of the brotherhood. "The deed must be done secretly."

"The church can keep its secrets, and can answer for acts to God," replied Father Onofrio, calmly. "For the safety of Seville, for the glory of heaven, it is expedient that this man should perish.

"And the means by which he shall die?" nervously interrogated Brother Ildefonzo.

"Leave the means to heaven—and to me," replied the superior. I want to put the question of the righteousness of this deed to vote. Let those of the brotherhood who are opposed to this act of justice hold up their hands.

There was a solemn silence of some minutes, during which Father Onofrio waited with a calm, inflexible countenance. No hand was uplifted, no voice pleaded for the, abandoned libertine, Juan Tenorio.

"Enough," said the superior, "it is decided. Diximus."

The suppers and dances at the Moorish villa had been gayer than ever since the return of Don Juan from his wanderings—unholy festivals, to which men and women stole between dusk and midnight, in a stealthy, secret manner. But to have partaken of one of these banquets was to be a lost creature in the sight of all good men and women, and over the gates of that barbaric paradise might have been written, "Who enters here, leaves honor and good name behind." The distant flash of many lamps, the fitful sound of gay dance music, or snatches of song floating Sevillewards on the still night air, were all that respectable people knew or sought to know of the festivities of Don Juan Tenorio. But 'twas said that morning sun beheld the close of revelrics more disgraceful than the fair orb had shone upon since Commodus and his venal favourites greeted the god of day with their drunken chorus of jubilee.

It was at the end of one of these infamous orgies that Don Juan strolled alone on the broad terrace walk, from which he looked across groves of orange and cypress, myrtle and arbutus to the fair winding river glorified by the morning sun. The festival just ended had wearied and disappointed the giver of the feast. That dread hour had come, in which the cup of pleasure begins to pall upon the lips of the libertine, and in which he asks himself for the first time the fatal question, "And is this happiness? Is this all? Is it to be always the same? Lovely eyes with the same fond, flattering looks, soft, round arms, wreathed in the same caresses, music and song as old as life itself, wines that have lost the power to warm the blood, dances whose voluptuous enchantments have ceased to enchant, the mere dull mechanism of profligacy, the dreary *coulisses* of vice. Is this all life has left for me?" cries the libertine, "Oh, for some intrigue that shall thrill every sense with the old fire, something mysterious, awful, terrible, something which will outstep the limits of earthly bliss; and carry my jaded soul into the domain of the supernatural! I am weary of women. Is there no fair fallen angel among the ranks of the damned who will take pity on a soul as lost as her own?"

"A packet for his highness, Don Juan Tenorio."

The address was so sudden as to seem like an answer to that blasphemous invocation. But it came only from a messenger who had approached the musing hidalgo with a stealthy foot. He handed Don Juan a small packet, carefully sealed with a blank seal, bowed and disappeared before there was time to interrogate him.

The packet contained a letter and a miniature. Don Juan first examined the miniature. It was exquisitely painted, and it represented a lovelier face than any Don Juan Tenorio had ever seen out of his dreams. Dark eyes of marvelious bewilderment, parted lips of richest crimson, and a smile that was almost of diabolical beauty.

The letter was brief.

One who has long cherished your image and watched your career would fain see you alone. If you are bold enough to venture a meeting with a stranger, and in a place not often devoted to such meetings as you can attend, come, two hours after midnight, to the Franciscan church, where you will be waited for in the chapel to the left of the high altar.

This was all. The writer made no allusion to the portrait, but could Don Juan doubt that those delicate feminine characters were hers upon whose image he gazed with new hope and passion.

"A rendezvous two hours after midnight in a church!" exclaimed the hidalgo. "Yes, fair fallen angel, I will come, though the foul fiend himself should make a third at our meeting. The church of the Franciscan monastery. It is surely there that Don Gonzalo was buried; yes, I remember."

This association was scarcely an agreeable one to even Don Juan, who held all things lighter than his own pleasure; but it nowise deterred him from attending the rendezvous. He looked at the miniature twenty times during the day, wondering how it was he had never beheld the lovely original.

There were no revels at the villa that night, and at one o'clock Don Juan left his house alone, and on foot. It was a somewhat memorable departure, for he was destined never again to cross that familiar threshold.

The monastery of the Franciscans was situated in a dreary spot in the outskirts of the city. Beyond lay the open country, wild and solitary. All was dark and silent even in the city. But beyond those deserted streets and squares reigned an unspeakable gloom. Intrigue affects darkness, and the unknown senorita had chosen a moonless night for her assignation.

As the hidalgo approached the lofty walls of the monastery, he began to wonder how he should gain admittance to the church at this dead hour of night. Did the pious Franciscans leave their gates open for the faithful and penitent all night long? The customs of the pious were not familiar to Don Juan Tenorio, and he could not answer the question.

"My fallen angel has made all things smooth for me, no doubt," he reflected, with an insolent smile, "but a church is a strange place for a past-midnight rendezvous; and if nothing but a church will suit my unknown mistress, I should have been better pleased had she chosen any other fane than that which hallows the ashes of the Commander."

He was close under the walls by this time. The western door of the church stood before him. It was ajar, and he saw a faint light light burning within. He pushed the door open gently, and entered the sacred building with stealthy steps. There was no such feeling as fear within his mind. He was not even awe-stricken by the solemn, time-honoured solitude. He felt only a chill, unpleasant sense of repugnance to the place, and a vague sentiment of vexation against the folly of the fair one who had selected such a spot and such an hour.

"She must be of rank to render extreme caution necessary," he thought, "or she would scarcely bring me to such a place."

He walked slowly along the southern aisle, looking to the right and left. Solitary tapers burned dimly before the images of Virgin and Saints. No living creature was to be seen within the solemn precincts. The cautious footsteps of Juan Tenorio sounded loud upon the broad stone flags, beneath which reposed the ashes of many a patient brother whose feet had paced them living.

The chapel to the left of the high altar was in deepest shadow. Don Juan's footsteps quickened as he drew near that appointed spot. His heart beat loud and fast with the old eagerness for triumph and conquest. He entered the chapel and stood face to face with—Don Gonzalo de Ulloa.

It was only the Commander's statue, the noble marble effigy of the murdered gentleman, that confronted Don Juan, sword in hand, with—but that was a trick of light and shadow—a vengeful frown upon its lifeless brow.

"St. Jago! if this should be meant for a jest, the senorita shall pay dearly for it," muttered Don Juan, as soon as he had recovered his breath.

He turned his back on the statue and the mortuary chapel, and looked along the shadowy aisles in search of the person who had summoned him.

At an insignificant door in the opposite aisle he saw a light, black robed figure, beckoning to him with uplifted hand. He crossed the church and followed the figure through the open door into the grounds of the monastery. Here he would fain have arrested the course of the black-robed stranger, But the unknown kept in advance of him, and pointed onward with commanding gesture.

They crossed a cypress grove and entered a small enclosure surrounded by high walls. It was a ground which had been used for a burial place for the brotherhood since the vaults below the church had been filled.

Here Don Juan saw a group of monks encircling an open grave. The scene was illuminated by torches stuck in the new-

ly-dug earth, that made a bank upon one side of the grave, and the picture had something of the diabolic in the fitful glare of the torchlight.

"If this be a jest," cried Don Juan, "It is a sorry one, and Franciscans shall answer to the king for such an insult to the noblest among his servants."

He grasped the loose garment of his unknown guide, who turned towards him with uplifted hood and showed him the boyish countenance of a young novice.

"It is no jest," said one of the hooded monks, in a voice that was strangely familiar to the libertine. "You have been summoned hither, Don Juan Tenorio, to expiate your many crimes."

"Before what tribunal?"

"The tribunal of the church. When a sinner of your rank outrages Heaven and man, and defies the laws of his country, it is time that a superior power should take upon itself the punishment of his iniquities. It is better that one man should perish than that the souls of many should be destroyed. You have been the incarnate scourge of your native city, you have sinned with an impunity that is a lasting witness against the cowardice of your fellow-citizens—but you shall do evil no more. Prepare yourself for death, guilty brother; your grave is ready."

Don Juan drew his sword, but a strong hand snatched the weapon from his grasp, and flung it to the bottom of that dismal yawning grave. Other hands seized him at the same instant, and bound his arms to his sides with a rope. Bound thus, in the midst of that circle of solemn, black-robed figures, the sinner knew that he was doomed.

"You are allowed half an hour to prepare for death," said the calm voice of the superior. "Kneel, brother, and pray that your guilty soul may be finally purified in the flames of purgatory."

"I believe as much in purgatory as I believe in heaven or hell," answered Don Juan, "and I have no breath to waste in prayer. I conclude this performance is some priestly practical joke, or a stratagem for the extortion of money. If it be the latter, you had better name the price of my liberty at once. I am prepared to be liberal, and I deserve to pay dearly for my credulity in coming here at the behests of a lady who exists—"

"Only in a picture of Joseph's Temptation, by Leonardi de Vinci, from which one of our brotherhood, skilled in miniature painting, copied the head of Potiphar's wife. We knew the kind of beauty calculated to attract Don Juan Tenorio," said the superior. "Once more, wretched man, I tell you this is no jest, but solemn earnest, no trick to extort money, but a tribunal to execute summary justice on a villain. And in order that you may believe this the more easily, know that I who within these walls am called Father Onofrio of the Holy Sepulchre, bore in the world from which I have withdrawn myself, the name of Paez de Ulloa, only son of the man you murdered, and brother of the woman you seduced. Now let the *Dies Iræ* be sung, and the sinner prepare for death."

The solemn hymn was chanted, and the funeral service was performed. Juan Tenorio stood by motionless as the statue of the Commander in the mortuary chapel. White as that marble effigy was the face of the condemned, but the haughty lip curled in a defiant sneer, as if in scorn of death itself.

The coffin was brought forward to the brink of the grave, and the victim was lifted in the arms of four stalwart monks, and laid living in that last habitation of mortality.

"We would not inflict unnecessary torture even on such a criminal," said Father Onofrio. "A draught has been prepared which will shorten the pangs of death. Brother Ignatius, let the cup be presented to the lips of the condemned."

A monk advanced with a metal goblet in his hand, knelt by the side of the coffin, and offered the vessel to the lips of Don Juan. He drained it in silence. This being done, the lid of the coffin was adjusted, and nailed down by two other monks, and then the funeral service proceeded.

The first faint streak of day glimmered in the East as the last shovelful of earth was thrown into the grave, and in that faint morning light the procession of monks moved with slow and solemn step from the burial ground. A bird began its gay carol as they crossed the monastic garden, beneath the dark cypress avenue, and the bell for matins sounded from the gray church tower.

The disappearance of Juan Tenorio was the subject of much wonderment to the Sevillians—but their wonder was speedily changed into horror upon the arising of a strange rumour as to the manner of his death.

It seemed that Don Juan had gone at midnight to the church of the Franciscans, and had there insulted the statue of the Commander, Don Gonzalo. And lo! horror of horrors! the statue had been endowed with life and motion, and had invited the insulter to mortal combat, which ghastly challenge being accepted, the effigy had led the way to a waste place beyond the convent garden, and suddenly a great chasm in the earth was opened, and Don Juan Tenorio was devoured alive.

This story was vouched for by the monks of the Franciscan monastery, certain members of that holy brotherhood having witnessed the awful doom of the profligate. And on such indisputable evidence the story of Don Juan passed into the records of Seville, a never-to-be-forgotten legend of human guilt and supernatural retribution.

EXTRAORDINARY GUNSHOT WOUND.—On Tuesday last, a very remarkable surgical operation was performed by Dr. Simpson, of this town, (Southampton). At the battle of Victoria, fought on the 21st of June, 1813, (when Wellington defeated the French, commanded by Joseph Buonaparte), Colonel Stretton, brother-in-law of the late Dr. Cursham, Vicar of Mansfield, who was in that engagement, was severely wounded, two balls having been driven through his groin, one of which was speedily extracted, but the situation of the other could not be ascertained, and it remained in the body for a period of more than fifty year, although the Colonel has consulted some of the most eminent surgeons of the age, amongst them being Mr. Cæsar, Mr. Hawkins and Sir W. Ferguson. During the last eight or ten years he has frequently been a sufferer from inflammation, caused by the action of the unextracted bullet, and about a fortnight ago he had a severe attack of this description, when Dr. Simpson, his medical attendant, felt convinced that he had discovered the place where it was lodged. He then prescribed the best preliminary appliances, and on Tuesday last extracted the ball from Colonel Stretton's body, a little above the thigh. The operation was most successfully performed under the influence of chloroform locally applied. We are glad to hear that the gallant Colonel is now perfectly convalescent, after having got rid of an enemy which had stuck so closely to him for upwards of half a century. It is only three months since the Colonel was on a visit to the Vicarage at Mansfield.—*Hampshire Independent, Jan. 16th.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

People's Telegraph Company—S. B. Foote.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

THERE was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon, but the nature of the business did not transpire.

MR. WALSH, Chairman of the Railway Commission, who was one of the passengers by the "slow train" from Prescott, arrived yesterday afternoon.

MR. BRYDGES is expected to arrive to-day.

ANOTHER extra of the official *Gazette* was issued yesterday afternoon, containing a further long list of Militia appointments. It is evident that the Militia Department is meeting with abundant success in the organization of the force under the new Act.

WE beg to refer our readers to the sketches of the very interesting and able lectures of E. A. MEREDITH, Esq., LL.D., and P. LESUEUR, Esq., elsewhere published. With such talent as we have in our midst it will be the fault of our literary associations if they do not contribute much to the moral and intellectual improvement of the city. But we are glad to acknowledge that what with readings, lectures, and other scientific or social gatherings of an elevating tendency, Ottawa is this winter more than ever distinguished in the march of progress. And we have to add to this pleasing record the fact that, in spite of the increase in population which the past few years have brought, our city is distinguished almost above all others for its quiet and orderly habits, its general freedom from offences against the law, and the extreme peacefulness which ordinarily reigns within it.

YESTERDAY afternoon about five o'clock the mails which left Prescott on Wednesday morning were brought by sleigh from the train which remained impeded by the snow a few miles this side of Gloucester station.

A few adventurous passengers walked into town yesterday morning; the rest were brought in by sleigh in the afternoon.

It is quite probable that the regular running of the trains will be resumed to-day. The railway officials have put forth the most strenuous exertions to clear the track, but the snow was so deeply and firmly packed that the work has necessarily been slow. It is to be hoped we have got over the last of our great snow storms for the winter; the next look out must be for the freshets.

The passengers by the ill-fated train desire us to convey publicly their most sincere thanks to Mr. GOUIN and Mr. RICE of the Russell House, and also to Mr. BRUSH, for their prompt relief under somewhat trying circumstances. But for their intervention the passengers might have had some difficulty in obtaining such speedy escape from their unpleasant predicament; notwithstanding the energetic efforts of the officers of the line, who did the best they possibly could under the circumstances.

DOUBTLESS many of our readers, equally with ourselves, were amused by a paragraph in our Toronto despatch published yesterday, which stated that

"Mr. Morphy, of the Crown Lands Department, lectured last night on "Our defences." Referring to Ireland he said the subject always brought to his mind Heber's hymn 'Where every prospect pleases, and only man is vile.'"

For our own part we were delighted to discover such a distinct trace of early piety in MR. MORPHY as that of the recollection of Ireland bringing to his mind one of HEBER's hymns. But when we scan the outrageous orthography of his patronymic, we are forced to the conclusion that in "referring to Ireland," MR. MORPHY's mind might have been touched by other thoughts. He might, for instance, have reflected that by substituting "u" for "o," he would acknowledge himself a scion of the respectable family of "MURPHY;" and passing from this he might have queried as to which particular snob in the race of his progenitors violated the received orthography, and cut him out of this respectable connection. Whether his name be "MORPHY" or "MURPHY," we take it for granted that this lecturer on "Our defences" is himself an Irishman, either by birth or descent, and from this we deduce that he was guilty of the unpardonable impertinence of measuring his countrymen's oats by his own bushel when he arrived at the conclusion, in respect of Ireland, that "*only man is vile*."

What has been the experience of Canada? In the pulpits of all, or nearly all, our churches Irishmen have been the most eloquent and venerated of Christian instructors. On the bench the most learned and impartial of our judges. At the bar the most successful of our lawyers. In politics, though to-day they may seemingly be at a discount, surely they have sustained their full share in moulding the destinies of our country. On the press, it is true, they may never have been so grasping, and so selfish, as certain Scottish gentlemen we wot of, but have they not left an honourable record? In other professions, in trade and commerce, have Irishmen been behind? Or, in the noblest of all works, hewing down the forest, and making the "wilderness blossom as "the rose," have they not been the foremost throughout the whole length and breadth of Ontario, with a few insignificant local exceptions?

Yet this miserable *Misspelling*, attached to the Crown Lands Department at Toronto, can only think of Ireland in association with the unctuous recollection of his early training that "only man is *vile!*" It may be "thrue for *you*, Misther MURPHY," but assuredly it is not true for the great body of your countrymen. It is not what the Englishman, the Scotsman, the Frenchman, or "any other men," who in common with your race people this Canada of ours, think of them. Hence we arrive at the conclusion that you, being (originally) a "MURPHY," have degenerated to very small potatoes!

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

WE have received a copy of Dr. GRANT's lecture on "The superficial Geology of the Valley of the Ottawa, and the Wakefield Cave," read before the Ottawa Natural History Society, on the 25th November last.

By the scientific man the republication of this lecture will be highly valued, and the general reader will no doubt be glad to have it for the sake of the interesting account of that remarkable phenomenon, the "Wakefield Cave." The pamphlet is embellished with two "lego-type views" of the cave from drawings by E. A. MARA, and the other from drawings by ROWAN and BILLINGS. These "views" serve to illustrate the text of the lecture in relation to the cave, which as our readers already may remember was pretty fully explored by Dr. GRANT himself.

The pamphlet is on sale at the stores of Messrs. DURIE & SON and JAMES HOPE. Price 20 cents.

THE GREAT WEST.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

CALEDONIA, Ont., Tuesday, February 16.

Since I wrote from Brantford, I have been devoting considerable time to further researches among the aborigines of the country; and the more I see of them the less I like them. They differ as widely as is possible from their brethren of Lower Canada, and the variance is altogether to the advantage of the latter. There are good times to be had down Lake of Two Mountains, and round the Long Sault *passim*, but romance has died out of the Reserve, and Brant and Beauty have but the initial in common. Between Point Fortune and St. Ann's, you may, any summer's week you please, take your fill of adventure, and meet upon your road representatives of a Savagery that involved nothing sordid, and still existing types of a Past to which neither grace or dignity were unknown. You will find lithe shapely women and stalwart muscular men, excelled by no barbaric race of the world, Maoris alone excepted. While here, where the squaw is not a fine lady she is simply a clumsy, stolid animal, as patient as a cow, and about as engaging. She is wrapped round with a hideous blanket, and the neat moccasins of her Eastern sisters are replaced by clod-hopping high-lows served out by "the Company" to the family all round. The males of her household are more civilised, and infinitely more objectionable. One of them, a shade more drunk than common, has been persecuting me all day to engage himself and some choice spirits—his comrades—for an exhibition of Indian sports and pastimes, to travel through the country and earn thousands of dollars. If I have politely declined once, I have done so an hundred times, but he still returns perseveringly to the charge. The persecution is horrible, and if it should last much longer, I fear I shall have to give way at last. Then shall you behold your special correspondent returning to the capital with an interesting family of One little, Two little, Three little, Two little, Ten little Indian boys, who would drink Pat O'Meara or Mike Kavanagh dry before you had time to reckon them.

I met one of their "Chiefs" in the cars to-day. He is by way of being an educated gentleman, and his wife is a white woman—of respectable ecclesiastic connexion, as I understand. The Chief, who had the misfortune to have his countenance damaged in a recent encounter with a refractory vassal, and who presented a correspondingly distorted outline of lineament, was mainly noticeable for wearing the most outlandish over-coat which it has entered into the heart of man to imagine. It was buff-coloured leather, shockingly ill-fitting and preposterously long, and ornamented about the shoulders with tawdry woollen tags of blue and scarlet, such as we used long ago to put into the epaulets of our soldiers. Altogether the costume was an irresistible reminder of that of the stage flunkey of a third rate provincial theatre, who comes before the curtain to lay the carpet for the farce, or to raise it for the ballet, and who, for some mysterious cause, is greeted on each appearance with the deep derision of the gallery. This tinsel savage is the most enlightened of the Six Nations. It is Heaven's great mercy that there are no more of them.

I regret, however, to be able to state that they are on the increase, and numbered twelve more last year than the year before. I regret to say also that white women, who ought to have known better, have contributed to this increase materially, and I regret especially that other white women—young and attractive, and otherwise respectable, many of them—are this moment prepared to assist still further in the propagation of the copper species.

The Patriarch of all these tribes was old Joseph Brant, the Mohawk. His name, and his achievements, are celebrated in undying song. Mr. Campbell's verse has given us a picture of the Wyoming massacre, which will not readily be forgotten. It is said, however, that the Laureate was mistaken, and that Gertrude's miseries have been wrongly ascribed to this hero. Be that as it may, his rude life was a coarse record of blood. He was on our side, I am ashamed to say, in the American war, and, to his undying glory, tomahawked forty-four of our rebellious colonists in a single engagement. He tomahawked a son of his own afterwards, for which, it is said, he had the grace to be sorry. He was a colonel of some sort or other in our own service. I should not like much to sit at mess with him—with anything stronger than water on the table. But I went to see his grave the other day. As with Artemus Ward at that of Cotton Mather, I shed nary tear. He had been dead too lengthy. The tomb is a big stone thing standing in a festering uncared-for grave yard, and fenced in with a rotten old tumble-down pallisade. The rank growth of neglected burial-grounds is everywhere rife about it, and its grandiloquent inscription is almost obliterated by the sickly mossy slime that the legend of such bygone virtues is apt to generate when neglected. Altogether the hero's resting-place is marked by about as forlorn-looking a monument as it is easy to picture, and I suppose there is not a Mohawk on the Reserve who cares two-pence whether it stands or falls.

In the centre of this graveyard stands what is said to be the oldest church in Western Canada, and probably the oldest Protestant church in either Province. It is, like everything else native, shaky and dilapidated, and decaying, and unhealthy, and discouraging—picturesque in the distance, but repulsive when you stand by its side. The dear little Indian boys have diverted themselves by breaking the windows, and there has not been service there for a year or so. This, too, although the head missionary lives within a mile, and professes a conservative regard for the Antique. When I saw it, some faded decorations, which had done service on a previous day, still hung on the mouldering walls, grinning, as it almost seemed, in ghastly fantastic mockery of the ruin they were twined to hide, and the sepulchre they had so imperfectly whitened. It was a disheartening, dispiriting, ghostly rendezvous, to be got away from as speedily as might be, and re-visited never more.

And yet the vulgar ruin possesses at least one rare historical memento. This is a superb communion service, presented by no less august hand than that of good Queen Anne herself, to her faithful children of the Mohawk tribe. In the inscription upon each separate piece she is styled Queen of Great Britain and Ireland, and "of her Plantations in America." The date is 1712, two years before the death of the donor. She gave them at the same time a big Bible, date 1705, in which an heir to her crown wrote his name 148 years later.

This place is on the B. and L. H. R. R., and you come to it through Stratford. Stratford is rather a comfortable sort of place, with at least one excellent hotel—the Albion. Stratford is not, however, a remarkable place. That is to say, it has not been left undesolated by the devouring fury of the excise. I have, I believe, already adverted to that very expensive malt vat in which it cost one gentleman under this control $5,600 to make a trifling alteration. I have spoken of the rape of the books of the establishment, and enquired anxiously whether the "settlement" submitted to was not considered sufficient to redeem them, and if so, what has become of them, and if the luminaries of the Inland Revenue keep them for their amusement upon damp, moist, unpleasant Sundays; to which, to this hour, no one has deigned an answer. The silence will not improbably prove unfortunate for these estimable gentlemen, as it may become my consequent duty to relate certain other chapters of their official biography as a mild incentive to garrulity. For example, I am to-day tempted to invite them, with or without the aid of Mr. Wellis, to whom I have not heretofore presented you, but who I have pleasure in assuring you is assiduous in the exertion of his great abilities towards making himself in every way worthy of his cloth, to clear up that little affair of Mr. A. Zummerman's of Bamberg, and to elucidate the problem of his brewery having been kept, for close upon two months lately, under seizure, and subsequently and finally re-opened without infliction of fine whatsoever; as well as to call the attention of those who make laws and who administer them to the state of things which permits their inferior agents to rove the country under the departmental letters of marque, and exercise their own sweet will in the selection of the peculiar commerce to be preyed upon.

For the present let it suffice to write down that, excepting their own irreproachable selves, no single being of their districts has aught but reprobation for the manifold high-handed action which leaves its trail of ruin in the path of the excise officers. No hitherto unfleeced manufacturer but trembles at the anticipation of the grimly significant enquiry "Well, what proposition do you make?" Positively this question is one of the most fearful conundrums by which the arch-enemy could choose to torture us. Nor is there one of them who has not some project of his own for a cheaper and more equal collection of revenue, which plans, however widely they disagree among themselves are, each one, based upon the abrogation of existing temptations. Of temptations, that is, to abnormal excise activity, by which excise pockets may be abnormally replenished. Even an inspector is mortal, and it were charity to remove from his weak innocence the existing snare so dangerous to virtue.

The real fact is that the Inland Revenue was defrauded yesterday, and seeks to recover itself by *coup de main* (or legerdemain) to-day. Blind in times past, it wears magnifying glasses ever since. Glasses that recall the younger Mr. Weller's notion of a patent double-million microscope power, capable of seeing through two flights of stairs and an inch door, and making marvellous discovery of what never occurred at all. Glasses, too, that for those who use them turn all they gaze upon to gold, and make the whole Dominion one vast "Tom Tiddler's ground," from which to pick up eternally uncounted treasure. But glasses that are to be shivered in the light of public information, and by the adoption of a more intelligible system of excise.

LECTURE BY E. A. MEREDITH, LL. D.

The subject of Mr. Meredith's lecture before the St. Patrick's Literary Society, on Wednesday evening, was "Common words and phrases as indicative of national character and habits of thought." He opened his lecture by stating that it was an old remark, as old indeed as Plutarch, that the character of individuals was seen more in trifles than in important matters, more in their familiar and unreserved intercourse with each other than in their more studied and laboured utterances. In the same way he argued that the character of nations could be seen much more in the familiar phrases habitually in the mouths of the common people than in the composition of their great writers, or the language of State papers. The common and familiar words—the household words of a people—shew the character of the common people, and the common people determine the character of the nation. The history of one single word, the knowledge of the way in which it is used by a whole people, it has been truly said, would often afford a truer insight into the character of that people than volumes written expressly to give that insight. The lecturer instanced four or five classes of words as of peculiar value in indicating national character: 1st. The "dominant" words of each language, meaning by dominant words those that were in most constant use. 2nd. The words commonly used in praising or blaming others—the ordinary terms of censure or commendation. 3rd. Words indicating the general notion of the people in reference to their *beau ideal* of happiness and enjoyment. 4th. The terms commonly employed in designating good and bad actions—moral and immoral conduct. 5th. The usual modes of greeting or salutation. 6th. The proverbs of a nation. With reference to the two last classes the lecturer remarked that he had not included any notice of them in his paper partly because those branches of the subject had been treated by others, and partly because they were too comprehensive to be discussed in a single lecture. Of all the other classes or groups of characteristic words the lecturer cited numerous and striking examples illustrative of his theory. He humourously contrasted the shrill "go ahead" of the Yankee driver with the comfortable re-assuring "all right" of the English coach-guard, and argued that these two familiar phrases indicated, not only that speed was the first consideration with travellers in the one country, as safety was in the other, but also pointed to a deep-lying moral difference in the character of the two nations—a difference that manifested itself in great national transactions as well as in the conduct of individuals. As characteristic English words the lecturer mentioned among others "honour," "gentleman," "fair-play," "pluck." Amongst characteristic French words were noted—*mode, bon-ton, bon gout, gloire, prestige, bon-hommie, jeu d'esprit, sottise, betise, spirituel, espionage.* He called attention to the fact that the characteristic words of a country were generally found to be those that were untranslatable, and thus were frequently borrowed by other countries. Thus England had borrowed many of the French words enumerated above, and France, in the same way, has been constrained to borrow our "sport," "club," "jockey," "comfort," "comfortable," and last, not least, our "roast beef and beef steak." The overflowing and general hospitality of Ireland found, the lecturer remarked, a fitting expression and symbol in the energy and fire of its untranslatable "cead mille a failthe." The terms ordinarily employed by a Yankee, an Englishman, and a Frenchman when praising another, were then noticed. When a Yankee would say, "I guess he is a smart man;" the Frenchman would say, "C'est un brave homme;" and an Englishman, "He is a good man," or "He is a worthy fellow." Plainly the Yankee prizes shrewdness most, the Frenchman courage, and the Englishman moral worth. Again, alluding to the national idea of happiness, the lecturer referred to the contrast between the English "comfort" and the French "plaisure," the one being permanent and solid, the latter showy and ephemeral. He then noticed the characteristic *dolce far neinte* of the Italian as indicating a people blest with a beautiful clime, and beautiful country, could feel happy in the mere pleasure of animal existence, and referred to the idea of dreamy voluptuous indolence expressed by the wonderful word *keif*, which formed, as it were, the base of the Turkish language. The lecturer enforced earnestly the importance of considering the great moral power of words. Referring to Lord Bacon's apothegm "men conceit that their reason hath the mastery over words; but it happens also that words re-act upon and influence the reason," and stated that history bore out the fact that the corruption of the language of a people was at once a certain indication and an effectual cause of the decline of a people. He referred to South's eloquent sermons under the title of "The terrible importance and power of words," and strongly set forth the duty of guarding against the fatal perversion or abuse of language, of calling things by their right names, giving names to ugly things, and good names to good things, not "putting bitter for sweet or sweet for bitter." The lecturer closed his lecture by citing the eulogy on the English language pronounced by a learned philologist, and hoped his paper might lead some of his audience to study their mother tongue and to value it, as not the least important part of their proud heritage as Englishmen, as a language whose morality it should be their care to preserve, and in whose bold and manly spirit it should be their pride to act.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

LECTURE AT THE CHAPEL OF EASE.

The eighth lecture under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association was delivered last evening in the Chapel of Ease, Sussex-st., by P. LeSueur, Esq., before a large and highly intellectual audience. The subject selected by the lecturer was "The sublime and beautiful, in connection with man's affectional, moral and intellectual nature." The lecture was a masterly production, and evinced a keen perception and a just appreciation of the beautiful in all its varied manifestations in nature and art, but especially in its moral, social, affectional and intellectual aspects.

The audience testified the deepest interest in the subject, and cannot fail to have received instruction and advantage from the lecture.

Mr. LeSueur disclaimed the intention of giving what was usually understood by a lecture, but would endeavour to place before the audience a series of word-pictures drawn after his own fashion, such as it might be, and the objects presented would be generally familiar to most minds. He then proceeded to show that the love of the beautiful was an element of man's moral constitution, and that it served very valuable and important purposes. This quality was exhibited by all classes of mankind and by all nations. It was grandly exhibited in the works of man, and especially in the cultivation of the arts of design. The love of horticulture was another proof of its existence in its purest and most natural form, and in this respect was exhibited by the poor, as well as the rich, everywhere. The lecturer here gave several proofs of the existence of this sentiment in humble life, and then passed on to the beautiful as exhibited in the developments of natural affection. A mother's love was presented in a very tender and impressive manner, then filial, then conjugal love, and the descriptions were regarded as quite effective. The beauty of conscientiousness came then under review, and some noble and touching examples of fidelity to conviction were adduced. The self exile of the Puritan Fathers, the life devotion of Wesley, the noble sacrifices of the Church of Scotland Ministers who left their livings and threw themselves upon the sympathies of the people; the self-surrender of the young missionary, who took his life in his hands, and braved the greatest dangers to proclaim the "good news" of salvation, and particularly the poor, persecuted, and finally immolated martyr for the truth, were all described in a manner which deeply impressed the audience. Then the lecturer drew what might be called full length portraits of Moses and St. Paul, and as an illustration of true patriotism, closed with a sketch of the life and character of Washington. The discourse was varied with some fine poetic selections, and closed with an appeal to the hearers to do all the good during their brief span of life which their hands might find to do. As a whole Mr. LeSueur's lecture was, to say the least, one of the very best that has been delivered in this city. It is moreover a subject, the due consideration of which could not fail to refine the character of a people, cultivate a taste, and a knowledge of the beautiful, which would leave its impress on man's creations, and, by transmission, on the character of future generations.

The lecture elicited the warmest approbation, and a vote of thanks was tendered to the lecturer.

A RAILROAD TRAIN TWO NIGHTS AND A DAY IN THE SNOW.

Notwithstanding the great exertions of the managers of the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Railroad to keep the track open for travel they have at length been over-ruled, and we have to record a most unusual and unfortunate, though unavoidable, detention of Wednesday morning's train in the snow for two nights and a day. Knowing that the road was in a bad condition, every provision that could be deemed necessary was made in order to overcome the expected difficulties. At eight o'clock, a. m., the train, drawn by four locomotives, left Prescott Junction for Ottawa, and should have arrived here at eleven a. m. Instead of this, all that could be done was to reach Kemptville, twenty-four miles from the city, by two o'clock p.m. There they waited to give the passengers an opportunity to take dinner, and left immediately after on the way for this city. So packed was the snow, however, that further progress appeared every moment impossible. The melting of snow to supply the boiler was kept up, and the least progress encouraged a hope that they would be able to reach the city sometime during the night. The passengers, of whom there were about forty-five, including four females, bore the detention with varying fortitude, until about nine o'clock at night, when they found themselves at Gloucester, and the prospect of getting to the city that night became all but hopeless. Still attempts were made to push forward to their destination, and a mile and three quarters was with the greatest difficulty accomplished. But this was the end of it. The iron monsters could not budge. The snow was up to the windows of the cars. There was the same difficulty about the water, and the difficulties in every other respect increased. Here then there was no alternative but to lay up for the night. The scene, or scenes, inside the cars can be better imagined than described. The gnawings of hunger were felt by persons unused to that sensation, and for that night, at any rate, there was no hope of supplies. Sleep came to the relief of many, perhaps to the majority. Some conversed sleeptly, by fits and starts, some grumbled, but not a few adopted the laughing philosophy, and the night was got through as best it might be.

At about three o'clock, a. m., Mr. Bain, of Toronto, resolved to set out for the city on foot, and he did so, arriving at the Russell House at eight o'clock. Mr. Baldwin, of Montreal, and Mr. Couvrette, of Lachine, performed the journey in the same way, arriving at 9 o'clock. Soon after day-break most of the passengers undertook the journey on foot, back 1½ miles, and got an apology for a breakfast at Mr. Cunningham's. The women remained in the cars, and not having dined the day before at Kemptville, had fasted, if they carried no provisions with them, as they probably did not, forty-eight hours.

S. B. Foote, Esq., of Quebec, seeing this to be the case, got off to some house, and procured some food for them.

About nine or ten o'clock several gentlemen drove out to the train and brought several of the passengers in. Mr. Rice, accompanied by Mr. Brush, took a cutter and carried out from the Russell House some packages of sandwiches and some wine, and were no doubt welcome visitors. The following gentlemen were brought in, and arrived at the Russell House at five o'clock p.m.: James H. Pearce, Montreal; C. E. Coulson, do.; John Hughes, London; S. B. Foote, Quebec; F. C. Capreol, Toronto; Mr. Fowler, E. Peiler, do.

About eighty men were sent on as early as possible to dig out the train and clear the track to the city, and the whistle was heard last night at 8 or 9 o'clock, but at a late hour at night it was quite doubtful if it would be possible for the train to get in till morning.

The mail was brought in in the afternoon, and in the evening Mr. Thomson, the mail conductor, left with a team for Prescott, to take the English and other mails.

Immediately after the above was in type—viz. eleven o'clock last night—the train arrived at the station with the following passengers, the others having left the train to come by other conveyances, or on foot, and had either not reached the city, or had gone to some other places than the Russell House: Robt. Grant, Toronto; D. D. Calvin, Kingston; W. H. Scott, Peterboro'; B. R. Epps, Quebec; E. G. Green, Montreal; A. B. Macdonald, Brockville; and Mr. Detlor.

We are requested to announce that only one train will leave this city for Prescott to-day, and that will leave at 8 a.m., and one only from Prescott for Ottawa to leave in the afternoon. It is hoped that the road will be again in good working order to-morrow.

MILITIA APPOINTMENTS.

HEADQUARTERS, OTTAWA, February 20, 1869.

Regimental Division of Ottawa—No. 18 Company Division.—To be captain: Ensign R. J. Lusk, from late 2nd N. S. Battalion of Ottawa. To be lieutenant: E. W. Murray, gentleman. To be ensign: Thomas Ackert, gentleman.

THE SNOW—A POEM WITH NOTES.

BY THE AUTHOR.

MR. EDITOR,—As you will doubtless perceive on reading this I am well *versed* in all kinds of *literature*, but more especially of that kind—the out crop of the waste basket—which *litters* the floors of editorial sanctums. I read Carthorse's poem in the TIMES with many tears. How he has suffered! It was evidently *punish-meant*. Since then I have been given up to solemn reflections—reflections on the snow. I kept close at home realizing painfully what the poet sang "There 'snow place like home!"

I expect the subjoined poem, (my first) to live in history. It it don't I can't help it, but shall take consolation from the fact that in the nature of things a *still born* poets never born to die, and shall consider myself immortalised any way. I shall never write another, but will leave the field to C. R, M. A. McL., W. L. G., W. P. L., and others, who would have no chance if I continued. I want them to have a chance. In consideration of the importance of the piece I have added the notes, unveiling in some instances the secrets of the workshop, if I may so speak, and showing how I have *left out* many things that would have marred the symmetry of the poem. I hope that these *notes of hand* based on *real capital* will carry *interest* with them, and assist others on the highway to fame.

The snow piles up, the city lowers—
Fine people in amazement
Quite humbled, find that their first floors,
Like them, are *in a-basement*.

(For the information of the *lower* order of readers, I would say that the last word of the first line of this verse is pronounced exactly the same as the adjective in the *comparative* degree, with which I have now "qualified" them. I consider it a *positive* fact that the last line is a *superlative* hit.)

Ten *feet* already! well for those
Who've learned to tramp on snow-shoes;
Alas for them whose *feet* and *toes*,
Poor *soles*, as yet have *no* shoes!

(Slightly inaccurate, perhaps, to say "ten feet already," but this is only a matter of time. The charity of the latter two lines should be sufficient to cover a multitude of such faults. May the charity of our citizens cover the unshod feet!)

Even now this poor Metropolis,
So sunk is its condition
Is prey to *she* monopolists—
The *mails* have "no admission."

(No offence to the ladies, and no reference to the vexed question of women's rights intended. This verse was wrung from the author whose papers and letters had not come to hand, and having, therefore, nothing fresh to read, when his *better half*, determined to give "no quarter," set him "to rock the baby." The snow was deep outside, and there was no alternative, but to obey.)

Oh *Boreas* do not *bore us* so
With more of snow's descension,
For through it all full well we know
The *drift* of your intention.

Leagued with our city's other *foes*,—
Bad coalition—very—
Determined with your *flakes* and *blows*
To kill us and to bury.

(*Boreas* is both a *blow* and a *bore*, and like most members of each class is very *long-winded*. That he intends to kill us with his *blows* may be doubted, but the old howler is doubtless ready to bury us, and chant our requiem in his most dismal style. This we are *averse* to, hence this *verse*.)

Till all our city's *pomp* shall lie
Deep hid with all who love it
Like to another *Pompeii*,
With nought but snow above it

(The author here *left out* a reference to *Herculaneum*, which a less discriminating writer would have brought in connected with Pompeii, or else some twaddle about the *Herculean* task of making *lanes* through the snow, perhaps.)

And out of sight beneath it will
Art's works and nature's settle,
The stately towers of Barrack Hill
And Chaudiere's mighty "*kettle!*"

(The grand catastrophe overwhelming the two chief resources of the capital—the Executive and the "water power"—is well brought out, as is also the affinity between the two "powers"; the Chaudiere, it will be seen, resembling "Barrack Hill" in its *milling-tary* aspect. The Chaudiere! how full of inspiration to the poet! How oft have we stood by it with breath in *suspension*, and our spectacles moist with its spray, gazing on the sublime *spectacle* of the Falls and the *Suspension* bridge! Our *train* of thought recalled other bridges, especially those more noteworthy ones of the *Grand Trunk*—the "VICTORIA" and "C. J. BRYDGES." And then again the music at our side reminded us of "the kettle singing on the hob," and our emotions overcame us. Sing on sweet kettle!)

What will be done by M.P.'s who
The people represent,
If none can come to *parley vous*
In this great *Parliament?*

Men from N. B.—*take note* of them—
From N. S. quarters *tidey*—
Those from P. Q.—*peculiar* men,
And from P. O., *quid vide.*

("*Quid vide*"—which *sea*—i. e., *which* ever of the several inland *seas* they may live a near. A classic thing.)

Now, will the very wordy ones
Contain their unsaid speeches,
Without the *bursts of eloquence*
Rending their vests and breeches?

(On this verse comment is superfluous.)

The poem ends here. It might have been lengthened out by treating of the *buried capital* in a *financial* point of view, or by speaking of the effect of the snow upon the railway—the *track laid* to sleep beneath the snowy covering on its *bed* among the other *sleepers*—the locomotives become "stationary engines," and things in the vicinity of the *station* all buried very *deep, oh*—very deep. But the author *left this all out* determined that his poem, beautiful in its simple brevity, should be laid before an admiring public without it.)

[THE quail upon the window-pane of Mr. TUCKER's school-room has found a voice, and replies to the lines which appeared in the TIMES the other day after the following fashion:]

The senseless *pup* that bays the moon,
Pleased wi' the echoes o' his *croon*,
Oft needs a quiet skelping;
But that vile cur wha would assail
The harmless picture of a *quail*,
Should hae a stick upo' his tail
To send him hameward yelping.

Puir *Jock!* ye need na quite "despair,"
That strange, "ill-omened" *critter* there
In window-light's deflection,
Is but a shadow on your brain;
So bark nae mair, 'tis a' in vain,
You'll find, when e'er you look again,
Your *personal reflection*.

The world will fidge fu' fain to know,
If *puppies* sic as ye, we grow,
Midst winter's frost and heaps o' snow;
What maun th' *imported herds* be?
And reas'ning by analogy,
If 'mang our dogs sic *whelps* there be,
Guid faith, what maun our *birds* be!

But *Jock*, lest ye delirit rin,
And wi' your *doggerel* raise a din;
Oh! dinna droop, but dight your een;—
Tak heart, tak heart wi' me:
Hark ye a wee, perhaps ye ken,
Gin ye stay coiled within your *pen*,
Nae *quails* will trouble thee.

QUAIL.

OTTAWA, February 25, 1869.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shown by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

LOCAL NEWS.

BAZAAR.—By advertisement in our columns it will be seen that the ladies of Bank-st. Church are making preparations for a bazaar to be held on the 16th of March. The ladies of this church have been heretofore successful in such matters, and there is no doubt but they will manifest an equal zeal in so good a cause as that in which they are now engaged, and make success certain. All who can aid them in their laudable undertaking should at once go to work and produce something worthy the occasion. For particulars see advertisement.

POLICE COURT.—James Kelly was charged with furious driving at the crossing of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where he just escaped killing one of the corporation labourers. This being his first offence he was fined only $2 and costs, amounting in all to $6.

Charles Rowan for the same offence was fined $1 and costs.

Thomas Rousell being found in the streets under the influence of (the) spirits was fined $2 and costs.

John Fitzgerald, a schoolmaster, was charged with beating one of his pupils named O'Connor on the head. His Worship very properly condemned such conduct, and fined the defendant $2 and costs.

COME TO GRIEF.—Yesterday morning a gentleman, in driving through the Parliament Square, mistook the snow-shoe track for the ordinary carriage road, and soon found himself in a snow embankment too deep for either himself or horse. The poor animal floundered about in a vain effort to regain *terra firma*, until, utterly exhausted, it refused to make another effort. Under these circumstances the cutter was detached, the harness taken off, and the horse finally dragged to the solid foot-path, from which the snow had been excavated, where it was again got to its feet in a most woe-begone condition, by a number of people, who had gathered together to find out the cause of the catastrophe. On the roads leading to the city (or rather where there is a tradition that there once were roads before the storm) many accidents of this character have occurred, some of them of a ludicrous, and others of a more serious character, and we suppose they will continue to occur until the genial rays of the spring's sun abates the snow nuisance.

POPULAR READINGS.—The readings at the St. Patrick's Hall last night excelled anything of the kind ever held there before. The hall was completely packed to its utmost capacity, standing room not being available. The readers were Messrs. Johnson, Roger, Battle, and Dr. VanCortlandt, the last gentleman reading "Mosquitoes on a spree," which kept the audience in roars of laughter. The musical portion of the programme was well rendered by the following ladies and gentlemen: Miss McCarthy who sang "Tis better to laugh than be sighing," and for an encore, "Golden Days." Miss Patterson sang "Foot-steps on the stairs," in a sweet voice, and was deservedly encored, and responded with "Five o'clock in the morning." Mr. Higgins sang in his usual style, "Two o'clock in the morning," being encored sang "Jolly Nose." Mr. Walsh sang "Far from old Ireland" and "Little barefoot." Mr. Sinclair, who appears to be a great favourite with the audience, if we judge by the applause that greeted his appearance, sang "I'm sitting on the style Mary," "Get up and bar the door, oh," and "I'm not myself at all." Mr. Higgins was again called on, and sang "The Irishman's courtship."

STEALING NEWSPAPERS.—We have more than once received complaints from subscribers that they occasionally, and in some cases frequently, missed their papers. In the office this has sometimes been attributed to the neglect or dishonesty of the carrier boy, because every paper belonging to his route is given into his hands every morning before he goes out. That newspapers are often stolen from the doors of subscribers in every city and town we have ever heard of is a well-known fact, and one of which thousands have had to complain, and which is not less annoying to the newspaper publisher than to the subscriber himself. Thus the newspaper thief does a double injury, and deserves to be punished more severely than others. Being generally boys, however, and sometimes young boys, they have hitherto been dealt with very leniently. It is the intention of the proprietor of the TIMES to protect its subscribers by insisting on the vindication of the law, and the infliction of the severest penalty in all cases where the thief is detected. One of the juvenile thieves has been discovered, and steps have been taken to secure his arrest if possible, but hitherto, perhaps, by the connivance of his friends he has eluded the vigilance of the police.

A SHAM DUMMY.—A few evenings ago, there walked into one of our city hotels, a woe-begone-looking wight in a not very nice garb, but in keeping with a leaky old boot on one leg and an Indian moccasin to match on the other foot. He carried a slate with him, and in pantomimic language intimated that he was a deaf mute seeking contributions from the charitably disposed persons present, and wrote that he had become incapacitated by cutting his foot in the shanty. At first he was not clearly understood, and seeing this he tendered his slate as the only medium through which he could receive their communications. A joker present wrote on his slate, "Are you a Fenian?" and he, being apparently a stranger to all the persons in the room, and they being strangers to him, he possibly imagined that he had got into Fenian quarters, than which a greater mistake could not have been made; and so, to accommodate himself to their supposed character, and to become all things unto all men, for the hope of charity, he wrote under the question, "Yes, I am a Fenian." This blasted his prospects instanter, and he found it better to leave. In another place where he was begging *viva voce*, he was heard by one of the gentlemen who had seen him in his former character of mute, and who seeing Detective O'Neill in the distance, handed him over to his tender mercies as an imposter. The detective presented him with the alternative of going to jail or leaving the city. He accepted the latter and left.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Tenders.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

CAPITAL - - - - $100,000.

Incorporated under Act 22 Vic., Capt. LXVII.

Tenders will be received until FIRST MARCH, 1869, for the construction of the first section of the Company's line, being from Ottawa to Montreal.

The Tenders to name a rate per mile for the erection of 32 Poles to the mile, with two wires.

The Directors reserve the right to supply the Wire, and do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

Any further information can be obtained from the undersigned at Quebec,

DIRECTORS:
S. B. FOOTE, Chairman.
A. JOSEPH, Treasurer.
D. C. THOMSON.

Quebec, February 15, 1869. 979-6

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH, UPPER TOWN.

TENDERS FOR COMPLETION.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until THURSDAY, the 4th MARCH, for the completion of the Church, [R.C.,] in Upper Town, known as St. Patrick's Church. Plans and specification can be seen, and all other information obtained, at the office of J. J. Murphy, Esq., Attorney, Rideau-st.

The undersigned will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. McCARRON.

Ottawa, 22nd Feby., 1869. 981a

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from MISS MARY HANLIN to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION her entire fit-out of BOARDING-HOUSE FURNITURE, at her house, in Mr. Aumond's Block, on the South side of Daly-st., consisting in part of

PARLOUR FURNITURE, viz.:—Sofa, Chairs, Carpet, Window Curtains and Cornices, Centre Table, Whatnot, Pictures, &c.

DINING ROOM—Black Walnut Extension Table, made by Jacques & Hayes, Sideboard, Chairs, Carpet, Table Cutlery, Crockery, Glass and China Ware of the very best description.

BED ROOMS—Bedsteads, Mattresses of all kinds, Blankets, Quilts, Sheets, Pillows, Pillow Cases, Carpets, Washstands, Bureaus, Looking-glasses, Baths, sets of Chamberware, &c., &c.

Cooking, Hall and Parlour Stoves and Stove-pipes, Hall Oil Cloth, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

The whole of the Furniture is in first-rate condition, and is such as may be found in a first-class boarding-house.

Sale to commence on FRIDAY, the 26th FEBRUARY, at ONE o'clock, p.m.

Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 976d

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has been commissioned by Mr. Thomas Matthews to sell, BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, on Thursday, the 4th day of March, Next, At 12 o'clock, noon, That very valuable property known as the REVERE HOUSE,

Consisting of three lots in one block, viz.: Part of Lots 1 and A on the south side of Rideau-st., and part of 1 and A on the north side of Besserer-st. The house is 106 x 40 feet, and four stories high, roofed with tin, and contains 4 large parlours, a first-class dining-room, sitting-room, bar-room, 2 kitchens, and 50 large, airy bed-rooms, and has a cellar under it the whole size of the house; with Sheds, Wood-house, Coach-house, a brick stable 66 x 30 feet, with accommodations for 40 horses attached.

The property, together, is one of the best in the city for a first-class hotel. A bargain may be expected.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

For further particulars apply to the owner, Mr. THOMAS MATTHEWS, At Matthews' Hotel, York-st., Or to the Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 976d

Teas.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers, THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY. 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Fine do, 60c; Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY, Russell House Block.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from A. G. AUDY & CO., who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ [illegible]
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 32
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. G. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 25.

An error occurred in my despatch of yesterday. Hon. Mr. Christie was nominated for President of the Board of Agriculture, but not elected. The Board adjourned to-day without a vote being taken. Mr. Christie declines to be a candidate. Edwin Malloy, of Napanee, was chosen for President, and George Graham, of Brampton, for Secretary.

Steps have been taken by the Directors of the Royal Canadian Bank to prosecute Mr. Chewitt, on the ground that he (Chewitt) induced them on Monday to mark a $500 cheque "good" on the pledge that the money would be returned to-day. This was not done but the bankruptcy of Chewitt's concern, "Brown's Bank," followed.

A meeting of the creditors of Mr. Romaine, of Oakville, was held in the Queen's Hotel to-day. By the statements made it appears that the insolvent lost $17,000 by going security for his brother. The liabilities of the estate are estimated at about $29,000. Property to the amount of $12,000 has already been given up.

The *Freeman* to-day contains a pastoral from Bishop Lynch on matrimony. He warns his people against attempts to place it on a level with civil contracts. He declares that no Christian legislator can conscientiously aid in framing a law of divorce in a Christian community.

No mails from the East to-day. The train due at midnight has not yet arrived. No train left for the East to-day.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 25.

A grand masquerade ball is to be given here on Easter Monday.

Two grocery stores were broken into and robbed last night.

Whiskey detective Mason is daily bringing up unlicensed liquor sellers to court.

A person was brought before the Police Magistrate to-day, accused of attempting to pass a counterfeit note on the Bank of England. He is remanded until to-morrow.

Another roof fell in last evening, but no one was hurt.

Telegrams from Halifax to-day announce that Mr. Howe is certain of success in Hants. He is prosecuting his canvass vigourously. The Local Government has asked Governor Doyle not to interfere in Mr. Howe's election, and if he is defeated they will discontinue the agitation of the Repeal question, and make terms with the Dominion Government. The *Chronicle* is the only paper in Halifax that opposes Mr. Howe. Mr. Compton, of the *Express*, has bet $1,000 with an Anti merchant that Howe would be elected. The nomination it is believed will take place next week.

Flour firm at 24c. @ 5s. of an advance.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 25.—Mr. Bright made a speech at the banquet of the Associated Chambers of Commerce, in which he urged the importance and necessity of adopting a system of ocean penny postage.

In the House of Commons this afternoon an enquiry was made as to whether the usual legal investigations before the pardon had been granted in the cases of the Fenian convicts recently released from prison.

Mr. Fortescue replied that what investigation the Government had made was quite sufficient, as these cases differed from ordinary commutations of sentence.

In reply to a question Mr. Monsell said the negotiations for the settlement between the Hudson's Bay Company and the Dominion of Canada were still pending; and it was undesirable to make any statements as to the prospect of building a telegraph line through the territories of the company to connect the Atlantic with the Pacific coast, until a complete adjustment was reached.

In reply to a question Mr. Torrens, for the information of Mr. Otway, stated that the Government had received no authentic advice of the rejection of the *Alabama* convention by the United States, nor had it any information whatever in regard to the ratification of the naturalization protocol.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, February 25.—The North German Parliament meets on the 4th of March. The Prussian Diet closes its sessions on the 6th.

BELGIUM.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, February 25.—The Belgium Government has prohibited the granting of concessions to foreign railroad corporations without sanction.

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 25.—The vote in the Cortes thanking the retiring Provisional Government, and authorizing Marshal Serrano to form a new Ministry stood—for 180; against 63.

In the constituent Cortes the proceedings on the occasion of the passage of the vote of thanks to the Provisional Ministry were very interesting. The Ministry explained their action towards the religious orders and the church. It was stated that the Jesuit College of St. Vincent was suppressed because it is said they were engaged in a conspiracy against the Government, and three of them are accomplices in the assassination of the Governor of Burgos. The order directing the civil authority to take charge of certain articles of church property were also explained, and justified on the ground that the proceedings of the clerical party demanded the interference of the Government to preserve the objects of art in the church. When the result of the decision was announced Gen. Serrano rose to speak, and was greeted with prolonged cheers. He made a temporary and tranquilizing speech, addressing the minority to pursue a policy of conciliation in view of the firmly rooted and inexorable principles held to by the members of the Cortes, and as for himself he promised them loyalty, patriotism and abnegation.

CUBA.

HAVANA, February 25.—General Puria, formerly of the Spanish army in Dominico, left yesterday for Cienfuegos, to take command of the regulars in that quarter.

The arrangement that General Caballero de Rodo is to succeed General Dulce as Captain General produces great excitement.

The steamship *Cricket*, which is known to have left Charleston for Havana, on the 8th inst., has not arrived at this port, and it is believed that she has landed a cargo of supplies for the insurgents somewhere on the Cuban coast.

HAVANA, February 25.—The insurgents remain in the neighbourhood of Cienfuegos. Their main body is around Villa Clara, while a large force occupies Manicaragua. The Government is forwarding all available troops to Cienfuegos and other menaced towns. The journals here do not publish the report of General Caballero de Rodo's appointment.

FLORIDA.

KEY WEST, FLO., February 25.—A Spanish man-of-war is outside the Sand Key watching the movements of the Peruvian monitors.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

CONGRESS.

The Proposed Postal Telegraphic System—An Adverse Report by the House Committee.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—The House Committee on Post Office and Post Roads, has tendered an adverse report on the schemes of Messrs. Washburn, Hubbard and Hall for the establishing of a postal telegraph. The committee advert to the fact that in the infancy of the invention, Professor Morse offered it to the Government, and an experimental line was established between Baltimore and Washington, and operated on by the Post Office department. That upon the working of this line and the progress of assuming the business, the Postmaster-General, at the request of Congress, made an adverse report of the business, and was thereupon remitted to the hands of the people, and the Legislature of the States. After a lapse of more than twenty years the subject was in 1866 again brought before Congress by an application for a private Act to incorporate a telegraph company, and also by the introduction of a bill to create a postal telegraph system. The opinion of the Postmaster-General was again invoked, as in 1845, and he reported against the inauguration of the proposed system of telegraphs, as part of the postal system, not only because of its financial success, but also, the questionable feasibility under our political system. The result was a denial of the legislation of a private or personal character, and the passage of a general law extending to all teleggaphic companies then existing, and to be in future created by State laws, rights of way over the public domain, over post roads, and routes, and across navigable rivers, upon condition that they should grant the privilege of the use of the lines to Government officers on public business, at a rate to be fixed by the Postmaster-General, and also agree to sell their entire lines and property to the Government at an appraised value at any time after five years. All the leading companies accepted this Act, and are now subject to its obligations. The Act when accepted created a compact between the Government and corporations, and the reasonable construction of that compact is that during the period of obligation the Government should do no act which would impair the value of the property over which it held the suspended right of purchase. Mr. Washburn's plan is not calculated to succeed for several reasons. The appropriation is entirely inadequate. The Bankers' and Brokers' Line is substantially built of four wires between Washington and New York, and therefore exactly corresponds to the proposed experimental line of Mr. Washburn's. The president of the company states that with the exercise of the utmost economy and diligence, and with the very best class of customers, the line cannot, at existing rates, be made to pay more than its operating expenses, and has never paid dividends or interest upon its cost. There are already three lines between Washington and New York, and a fourth is building. When the Government enters the field it will encounter the opposition of not less than three wires, and in that competition its line must go to the wall, for however unremunerative the tariff may be, private companies make up their losses out of other lines which they own in other localities, while the Government must meet its deficiencies out of the public purse. Two systems, one public and the other private, cannot work together with success to either, or with benefit to the public. The functions of the Government are necessarily exclusive, and when once assumed private parties cannot be allowed to exercise them, and must be rigidly excluded, as was the case with private expresses which attempted to carry the mails. A part of the press is dissatisfied with the existing arrangements for the collection and transmission of news, but it is not claimed that the prices charged by telegraph companies are unreasonable. On the other hand many of the most influential journals are openly opposed to any meddling with the wires by the Government. The constitutional right of Congress to grant a charter to a private company to build telegraph lines within the States without their consent, is very questionable. Congress is asked in a public bill to confer on him and his associates the right of domain—a right which the Federal Government never exercises—if it possesses it—even when it threatens to acquire land in States for purely public purposes. An extremely objectionable feature of the proposed postal telegraph system is the right to secure priority in the transmission of messages by paying an extra price for it. The rule of all American lines is: first come, first served. Any other rule would destroy the usefulness of service, and transform it into a pernicious engine of speculation.

Mr. Hubbard's scheme violates a radical principle in regard to Government work—whatever service falls within the proper functions of the Government should be performed by it at once, and not through the intervention of private parties reaping an intermediate profits. It is a proper subject of taxation, and the whole revenue it yields belongs to the Treasury. Government has not occasion to build railroads for the transportation of mails, because they already exist, for the much more important business of carrying freight and passengers. But the transmission of a telegram over the wires is an essential element of that service, to which all skill and responsibility is attached, and it cannot be done successfully, except under the immediate responsibility of the party sending.

The report closes by saying that in a business so well established as that of telegraphs, the introduction of improved machinery may safely be left to the stimulous of competitors seeking to avail itself of the latest and best instrumentality, and whenever iron posts and air cables commend themselves to the judgment of the telegraphic managers, American machinery will probably be found ready to make them. The obligation which would be imposed on the Government by Mr. Hall's bill, to buy his lines at cost and interest after three years working, is such as Congress ought not to sanction.

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra		$6.50
" Extra Superfine		6.00
" Fancy		
" Superfine No. 1		5.25
" Superfine No. 2		4.75
OATMEAL		7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES		2.50
100,000 No. 1 "		2.25
80,000 No. 2 "		1.50
80,000 Fancy "		1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered		4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 932tf R. M. EASTON.

Fancy Bakery.

CHARLES HOY begs to return thanks to the public for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, also to announce that he has removed his establishment on Wellington-st., next to the Union Brewery. He has also opened a store at No. 97, Rideau-st., where he will supply every day fresh, with the superior articles in his trade, bran and white bread one penny cheaper than other bakers. His fancy bread, breakfast and dinner rolls, French loaves, scons, twists, sweet buns, and a variety of fancy cakes. His biscuits are of a superior quality, constantly fresh made: Cabin, Wine, Abernethy, Cheese Bowlers, Crackers, Fancy, Water. Cross Buns on Good Friday.

Two apprentices wanted. 932d

NORTH AMERICAN BIRDS' EGGS.

Oologists, whose collections are incomplete, may procure identified species at reasonable prices from the undersigned, who has devoted upwards of twelve years to their study. The numerals on each species correspond with the Smithsonian Institution Catalogue of Birds.

WM. COUPER,
Naturalist, &c.,
Clarence, near Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

February 24, 1869. 926a

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY, may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy endered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

OIL! OIL! OIL!

DOUBLE REFINED

ROCK OIL,

Just received at the

OIL DEPOT,

73

SUSSEX-STREET.

CHANDELIERS and HALL LAMPS,

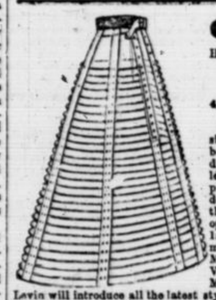
BRONZE LAMPS, &c., &c.

Chimnies,
Wicks, and
Lanterns.

D. R. LEAVENS,

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.

Sign Red Oil Barrel.



CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNIER and the DUCHESS-Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.

D. MILLAR.

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 953d

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery,
China, and
Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards:

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods

Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

BAZAAR.

The ladies of Bank-st. Church intend opening their BAZAAR on TUESDAY, 16th of MARCH. Donations received by Mrs. Wm. Hutchison, Maria-st.; Mrs. Wm. Moore, O'Connor-st.; and Mrs. T. McKay, Chaudiere. 983tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.,

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 932tf R. M. EASTON.

Wholesale & Retail.

NOTICE.

THE TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT SALE

ON

CARPETS,

Now going on, will positively close this month.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

February 22, 1869.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.

AT

MACEE & RUSSELL'S,

Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive a possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700 YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180 " all wool DUTCH do.
575 " UNION do
1925 " 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450 " 3 do do
200 " PRINTED DRUGGETS
225 " GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575 " "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750 " do BRUSSELS do
225 " WOOL STAIR do
150 " TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BELS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

RESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

COAL OIL,

HORROCKS'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO

The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY,

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

A complete assortment of

PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS

STATIONERY,

AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—

Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—

Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—

Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weight, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—

Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—

Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—

Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—

Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—

Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS,

Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

COTTON TWINE,

And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER,

To suit all purchasers, from 25 cents to $5 per ream.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorised by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
do Elementary do
Pinnock's History of England,
Collier's History of British Empire,
Collier's English Literature,
Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
Head Line Copy Books,
White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE,

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office Ottawa, Feb. 26, 1869.

The markets were yesterday a slight improvement on the day previous, but yet not sufficiently so to enable us to quote prices.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 65	@	0 67
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	11 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 7
Cheese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2.00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 28	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 25
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per bbl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	22 00	@	24 00
WOOD—Per cord (cable measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOME.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant. JNO. T. DAY.

WYOMING.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I have great pleasure in testifying to the satisfaction which my customers have universally expressed as to the quality of the tea which I have sold them. Of course it is my interest, the same as any other merchant, to buy where I can suit myself and customers best, and with this view I have purchased from you, and now testify my entire satisfaction of the tea. I remain, yours truly, DUNCAN MCBAIN.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

WINFIELD—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.

To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake G. CHENY,

Manager, Canadian Express Company.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,

GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. REID.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality. —Brantford *Courier.*

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS, within two minutes walk of the Russell House and Post Office—two sitting-rooms and bed-rooms. Address A., P. O box 15, Ottawa. 982-3

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSENT, Barristers, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 972-2m

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are now prepared to receive TENDERS for THREE FURTHER SECTIONS of the line.

Section No. 5 will be in the Province of Quebec and will extend from Forty miles East of Riviere du Loup, at the end of Contract No. 2, to the Sixty-sixth Mile Post, near Rimouski, a distance of about Twenty-six miles.

Section No. 6 will be in the Province of New Brunswick and will extend from the Easterly end of Contract No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the Main Post Road near the 48th Mile Post, Easterly from Jacquet River, about Twenty-one miles.

Section No. 7 will be in the Province of Nova Scotia and will extend from the Southerly end of Contract No. 4, near River Phillip, to Station Fifty at Folly Lake, about Twenty-four miles.

Plans and profiles with specifications and terms of contract will be exhibited at the office of the Board of Works, Toronto, and at the offices of the Commissioners at Ottawa, Rimouski, Dalhousie, St. John and Halifax, on and after the FIFTH day of MARCH, 1869, and SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tender," will be received at their office in Ottawa up to SEVEN o'clock, p.m., on the TWENTY-NINTH day of MARCH, 1869.

Intercolonial Railway Office,
Ottawa, 11th February, 1869.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
W. F. COFFIN,
Commissioners.

976a-3-1

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

Public notice is hereby given, that on TUESDAY, the 16th day of MARCH next, at noon, at Gowan's Hall, Sparks-street, will be sold, or let on lease, by HECTOR MCLEAN, Auctioneer, to the highest bidder, the following Lots and Pieces of Land, in Ottawa, and the Township of Nepean:

To LET, or Lease, for a term of twenty-one years, Four Wharf Lots on the north east side of the Rideau Canal to the south of Sappers' Bridge, Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12.

To be sold, the following sub-Lots lying east of the Rideau Canal, in Lot F, Concession D, Nepean: Nos. 2, 17, 18, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31 and broken sub-Lots 32 and 33.

On the north of the Rideau Canal, being part of Lot K, Concession C, Nepean, sub-Lots 34, 35, 36, and of Lot K, Concession B, sub-Lots 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, Gore of Gloucester, Hogsback, front of Lot 21, sub-Lots 69, 70, 71.

Also in the City of Ottawa, on the south side of Maria-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57; and on the north side of Gloucester-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, and on the south side of Gloucester-street, pieces of land, numbered 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56 and 57, and letter A.

Terms of sale—Ten per cent. cash, and the balance in nine equal annual instalments, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. on unpaid amounts.

Plans to be seen at the Ordnance Lands Office, of this Department. Further conditions at time of sale.

By order.

E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.

Ottawa, February 18th, 1869. 979-3awtd

UPPER OTTAWA

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS

FOR

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

AND

Transaction of General Business,

will be held at the office of

R. W. CRUICE, SPARKS-STREET,

in this city, on

Wednesday, 3rd day of March next,

at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

By order,

R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feby. 17, 1869. 976td

NOTICE.—We herewith inform the lumber trade and public generally that WM. HENRY ROLFE, who for many years acted as our Agent at Burlington, Vt., ceases to act in that capacity from and after Jan. 25, 1869.

We have appointed MESSRS. OTIS, SHEPPARD & CO., of Burlington, Vt., our sole agents at that point; they will hereafter have the exclusive sale of the products of our mill, and to them alone all orders for Humberstown Lumber must be addressed.

HUMBERSTOWN LUMBER CO.

Humberstown, Pro. Quebec,
Jan. 25, 1869. 980d

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The argest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 395y

JOSEPH HALL

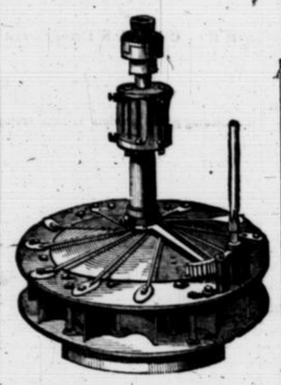
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851.

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of, and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gauges, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Sawrigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Sawrigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

CHANCERY SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE,

IN THE

VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October, 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, comprising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

For further particulars apply to

MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK,
Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.

Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire,
Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.

969-1awtd Signed, A. N. BURLL.

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES,

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

If an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.

78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, and BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR CASES of

CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st, London.

WANTED.

A Female Teacher for the Junior Department of the Arnprior Common School, holding a second-class certificate. Applications will be received up to the 18th day of FEBY., 1869.

JAS. G. CRANSTON, M.D.,
Chairman.
GEO. CRAIG,
Secretary.

974-

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m85y

EDWARD C. HALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. 969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season. A well be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to be comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMONT'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., (post-paid), or left at the office of Messrs. Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. S. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
5067 WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 787y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA

(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITHS,

$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Office—17 Sparks-st.

912.3m

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk Committees and Private Bills,
H. of Commons.

Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scoten Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs. Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq, M. D., M. P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

100,000 FEET OF

SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER

For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of

OAK,
MAPLE,
ELM,
BIRCH & ASH,
PLANK & SCANTLING,

of various widths and thickness. The whole can be

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 985. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Red, Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!

We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock

We are not retiring from business!

We are not having a clearing sale!

But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES

OF THE

LATEST STYLE AND MOST APPROVED

PATTERNS,

Still selling below cost at

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 Sparks-st., op. Ontario Bank.

Publications.

NEW BOOKS.

J. DURIE & SON have received

Cast up by the Sea, by Sir Samuel Baker;
Haslitt's Mechanic's Book of Reference and Engineer's Field Book.
Haswell's Engineer's and Mechanic's Pocket Book.
Henck's Field Book for Engineers.
The Canary: its varieties, breeding and management.
Braithwaite's Retrospect for January.
McMillan's Pocket and Wall Maps of New Brunswick.
McKinlay's Pocket and Wall Maps of Nova Scotia.
Dawson's Pocket Map of the Dominion.
Bow Bells, Young Ladies' Journal, Once a Week, All the Year Round, London Society, Temple Bar, &c., for February.
The American Magazines for March.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st.

JONES & HOLLAND,

[Post Office Block,]

Have just received

Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine for March,
Good Words for the Young,
Chambers's Journal, &c.
Godey for March, Demorest for March, Budget of Fashion, Harper's Bazar, Chimney Corner, Boston Pilot, Sporting Times, Ledger, &c., &c.
"Captain Jinks" Song Book, 1 cent each.

Ottawa, February 23, 1869.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the Times Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these is at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 994-3m

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DISMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
68 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines......	7		1 3
70 do	do Poplin.......	7½		1 0
150 do	do Cobourg.....	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	FancyColors—your choice for........	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only............	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths	Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins	Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins	
Mandarin Lustres	Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen..................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

130 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......	6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars........	6½d
165 do Good Prints	4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's..	6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...	8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..................	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating.........................	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed..............	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed.........	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only............	2 6	
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......	3 9	
500 Under Shirts, only...............	3 3	
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting..........................	3	worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting..........................	1	do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice..............		

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50...........................	OVERCOATS.
4.00.....................heavy	OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up..........................	PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25................	VESTS.
$8.00,.......Black Broadcloth........	FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*

Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long.

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

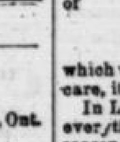
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS, price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japan—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible]dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......................$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown....................... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown..................	$160 00
Halifax...	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..................	30 00
Halifax...	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York or to HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

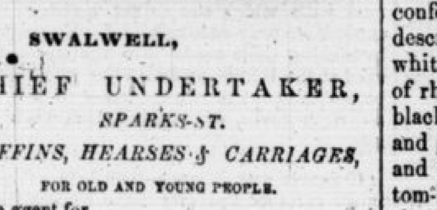
They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy endered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

WHO WANTS FURNITURE, or

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS?

If there are any such let them make immediate application to

THE VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex-st.,

Where there is to be found everything to furnish a House. A good assortment of new and second hand Cooking and Double Stoves, Furniture of every description, and among the lot some beautiful Couches.

For Crockery, China, and Glassware,

We cannot be beat west of Montreal. Beautiful Tea Sets from $2.50 upwards.

Wood and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware Rented as usual at reasonable rates.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

BAZAAR.

The ladies of Bank-st. Church intend opening their BAZAAR on TUESDAY, 16th of MARCH. Donations received by Mrs. Wm. Hutchison, Maria-st.; Mrs. Wm. Moore, O'Connor-st.; and Mrs. T. McKay, Chaudiere. 983tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.,

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

NORTH AMERICAN BIRDS' EGGS.

Oologists, whose collections are incomplete, may procure identified species at reasonable prices from the undersigned, who has devoted upwards of twelve years to their study. The numerals on each species correspond with the Smithsonian Institution Catalogue of Birds.

WM. COUPER,
Naturalist, &c.,
Clarence, near Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

February 24, 1869. 988a

GAME IN AMERICA.

In reviewing a book called the "Gun, Rod, and Saddle," the *Pall Mall Gazette* says the author is familiar with a great part of America, and has shot not only on the prairies and in the back settlements, but in the Central and Atlantic States. We fancy that most people are under the impression that whatever advantages the Union may boast over the old country, superiority in small game is not one of them. Without venturing on odious comparisons, "Ubique" makes it clear that America need not be ashamed of the sport she can show on occasion, and in his opinion the acclimation of many of her birds would be a great gain both to our sportsmen and epicures. He goes into raptures over the Virginian partridge, "which varies in weight from eight to ten ounces, is erect in its walk, very handsome in plumage, strong upon the wing, feeds principally on grain, grass, seeds, and ants, frequents indifferent brush, timber, or open country, is capable of standing great cold, is not quarrelsome with other game, is very prolific, frequently hatching two broods in a season. Moreover, an advantage that cannot be too highly estimated is that it never gets so wild as to rise so far from your dogs as to be out of gunshot." In wet weather it is apt to fly up into trees, and when flushed gives "the hardest possible shots;" no slight advantage, we should say, thus to unite the pleasures of partridge and woodcock shooting. So much for partridges. But we have even something to envy them in the way of grouse, although it is true that the bird so scientifically classed seems to have more of the habits of the pheasant; pheasant, indeed, is its popular American name. The ruffed grouse lives in heather and brush in the absence of heather and open. "Ubique" says they are much hardier than the pheasant, "swifter on the wing, lying better to dogs, disinclined to run before flushing, requiring the quickest and straightest aim to bring them to bag, nor are they much inferior to the Oriental favourite in beauty of plumage." Then there is the pinnated grouse, "a noble lord," but with something of those roving tastes that makes pheasant rearing so disappointing when preserving neighbours are scarce. His flights are so long that it would be a case of *sic vos non nobis* for any modest-acred Scotch proprietor who might import him. But surely some great territorial magnate might make the experiment, and submit to the tax of parting with a share of his broods. The late Lord Breadalbane's success in colonizing Perthshire with the capercailize is a proof of what may be done in that way. The vast swamps of the West are, of course, the paradise of wild fowl, although he must be an enthusiast indeed who would find in that severe and patience-trying sport a reward for his pilgrimage thither. Sitting with frozen feet and numbed or tingling fingers, watching for shots that may never come, seems to us ill re-paid even by a few occasional bloody hours in the gloaming. Yet we confess, one evening's work "Ubique" describes was a thing to mark with a white stone and to chance a martyrdom of rheumatism for. Mallards and blue-blacked teal, pintails, and butter-ducks, and geese, came streaming by overhead, and fell fast to shots far ahead, as phantom-like they swept down wind across the clear sky. The old retriever kept plying his ceaseless journeys, each adding something to the pile that rose fast by his master's feet. The water all around seems alive with water fowl; he hears the continual plash as they pitch down in it, and sometimes the quack rises so near that he half fancies one of his victims must have come to life. We wish we could spare space for his own description instead of condensing it, but twenty-eight brace of ducks, two geese, and three brants were the total of his bag. Talking of duck-shooting, once when watching for duck he fired at something for a water rat and bagged a hare. On examination it proved that the animal was not a *lusus naturæ,* but a peculiar species, that, making its form in the rushes by the edge of the swamps, takes to the water as naturally as to the land. Passing by natural transition from the amphibious to the aquatic, we find "Ubique" makes the acquaintance of some very queer fish indeed in the course of his tours. In Illinois, chancing to come up when some men were dragging a pond, he found a perfect aquarium of fresh-water monstrosities. Among others there was a "spoonbill catfish," the bill being sixteen inches long, and six inches broad in the centre, and shaped like the blade of a paddle. It was extremely sensitive, and, anatomized, proved to consist of gristle thickly covered with veins. In "Ubique's" opinion the fish uses it for its food among mud and weeds. There were sunfish, catfish, bass and pike, mullets and turtle, and, last of all, a brute with four short awkward legs, called by the natives a water dog, and with so venomous a reputation, that when about to lay his hands on it, he was stopped with, "You don't want to die before your time? If you touch it, all the whisky in the country won't save you." As specimens of piscine ferocity and voracity, he saw his favourite retriever nearly seized by a cuttle fish off Gibraltar, and the deep sea lead as it was going from a vessel in the Chinese seas nearly bitten through by a shark. Wherever he went he fly-fished the rivers and lakes when there were any, and failing these he fell back on the sea. The sport he had of nights off the new Mole at Gibraltar, and by day out of the caverns by Catalian Bay, are "wrinkles" for the campaigner who finds his time hang heavy on the rock or at its lonely little outpost.

One afternoon in January, says a London paper, a race was determined on the Dulwich road, in which four gentlemen travelled on velocipedes over two miles of ground for a sweep-stakes of £20. The first mile was got over in five minutes, Mr Merry commanding a lead, the next mile was sharply contested, and terminated after a spirited race by Mr. Waloski winning by four lengths, and accomplishing the two miles in nine and a half minutes.

The recent wet weather in England having given place to kindly skies, fox hunting has been resumed with great vigour. Foxes are very abundant and active in the East Surrey and Kent this season, and have afforded the hounds many a long run without a kill.

THE MARVELS OF SOCIETY ETIQUETTE IN WASHINGTON.

Correspondence Chicago Republican.

The time has been, when our government was a small infant, that there was a fusion of the elements that go to make up what is called society; but that time has passed away as completely as the domestic manners of dear Mrs. Madison. Lines and dots mark the social map as rigid and well-defined in meaning as those that stand for the cities and towns on the geographical atlas. A Senator's wife stands on a point elevated above a member's wife, and the chasm between them can no more be crossed than the celebrated Styx. To picture this amiable fact, we will cite an actual occurence in illustration. This little passage of arms came off between the wife or a Senator and a member, both of the husbands hailing from the western part of the Union; but while the Senator is so small that he is like a needle in the hay, the member is one of the great political lights of the country, though alas! alas! this significant fact could not help the matter.

The member's wife committed a grave error; in other words she perpetrated a fearful mistake. She undertook to play with the social dice, and the dear little warm-hearted Illinois woman lost. What did she do? Listen ye fates! She invited the Senator's wife "to come and spend an evening socially with her." She forgot the gulf that separates a Senator's wife from a member's. She forgot that she had only a two years lien on the public notice, while the woman she insulted held fast to the political plank for six years, from beginning to end. But this social rupture was speedily settled according to the code of fashionable life. The Senator's wife told her own dear "set" about the vicious *faux pas,* and the member's unfortunate wife received sentence accordingly. In the capitols of all great notions the rules of ettiquette are strictly enforced. The President and his family are lifted above the sea of ceremony, and while everybody, from the Chief Justice to the least fraction of a ragged newsboy, can pay a visit to the White House, nothing is to be expected in return.

The masses can also pay visits of ceremony to the wives of Senators and members upon their reception days, but these dainty dames are not expected to make any return for these civilties. In no case would a Senator's wife call upon the wife of a member first; but etiquette peremptorily commands Mrs. Senator to return the call within a certain specified time. Sometimes one or both of these visits are made by card, these solemn facts at the time appearing to have no effect on the general government. The wife of a Senastruck the key-note when she said "If a member's wife wants anything of me, she must come where I am." In old feudal times these little matters used to be settled by blood. Only a short time ago, a fierce war was raging between the wives of the Supreme Judges and those of the Senators, each side contending for the precedence. After a whole winter's contention, it was decided that both combatants stood upon the same round of the social ladder.

—It would be difficult to enumerate the uses to which old-cigar boxes are applied. Bridget usually has one for the reception of the pumice and rags with which she imparts the lustre to the silver plate and hinges of the hall door. In gardens, the wren often has lodging in the cigar-box placed for his convenience on the top of a poll or in the fork of some tree. Bachelors use cigar boxes for their pipes and tobacco ashes, and we lately noticed an economical spinster of a "certain age" who used one for a work box. A few days since we saw on Long Island, a couple of city boys "birding," and the traps used by them were ingeniously devised out of old eigar boxes. Entomologists too, may be often seen on autumn days in the Jersey meadows, with their hand nets, the brillian insects caught in which they after transfer to cigar boxes arranged for that purpose. One use for an old cigar box—the older for this purpose the better—is, for panels to paint small pictures on. The cedar of which these boxes are generally made are excellently adapted for this object, and we have seen them thus utilized by many a painter.—*Exchange.*

MILITARY FUNERAL.—The remains of the late Mr. James Paxton Marriott, of No. 2 Company, Queen's Own Regiment of Volunteer Militia, commanded by Capt. Morrison, were followed to St. James Cemetery on Sunday afternoon by a large concourse of citizens as well as of the military. The band of the Queen's Own, under the leadership of Mr. Robinson, was present, and their mournful strains added much to the solemnity of the occasion. The "Young Britons" were represented by Captain H. P. Gowan, and Messrs. R. A. Hutchison, W. M., No. 1, and Robert McCallum, W. M., No. 3, and other members. The inclemency of the weather prevented many from being present who were desirous of paying a last tribute of respect to their deceased young friend whom they so highly respected and beloved, notwithstanding which the funeral procession was a very large one.—*Leader, 23rd.*

VOLUNTEER RELIEF FUND.—There was a meeting of the committee of this fund held at the Exchange on Saturday afternoon, the Rev. Dr. McCaul in the chair. The members present were Sheriff Jarvis, Messrs. Rutherford, Wm. Gooderham, sen., Wm. Cawthra, Hodgson, Edgar, Nasmith, John Boyd, Medcalf, Perkins, Graham and others. Four applications were read from persons asking for aid. There was a long discussion about the amount of an account for brandy and wine used by one of the applicants while lying in the hospital where his leg was amputated, but it was ultimately resolved to grant him $100. A committee consisting of the chairman, Messrs. Rutherford, Boyd, Medcalf, Nasmith, Perkins and Gooderham was named, to enquire into the cases brought under their notice, and report to the next meeting, and that the chairman be authorized to administer temporary relief in the meantime to urgent cases.—*Leader, 23rd.*

—The British volunteer force now numbers close upon 250,000 men. Of volunteer militia men, armed pensioners, etc., near upon 400,000 effective men could be at once mustered for the defence of the United Kingdom, without counting regulars.

THE VALENTINE IN ENGLAND.

Correspondence of the London Telegraph.

That society sends and receives vast quantities of these "test ballots" of flirtation every year will, in a few days, be evident; for the shop windows in every fashionable thoroughfare will be filled with magnificent specimens of valentinian art, some of them costing as much as two and three guineas apiece. I do not quarrel with the luxury displayed. I do not regard it as wasteful. Long live the fancy stationer, the chromo-lithographer, the perfumer, the hot-presser, the engraver, the enameler, the gilder! They give out work, and work means bread. Thousands of women and girls find employment every year in colouring, and glazing, and embossing valentines of the higher class. But three weeks hence these trifles will be posted and received by tens of thousands of people who do not belong to "society." Valentine-sending among the middle and the working classes has attained the proportions of an annual mania. The well-nigh universal price of the valentine patronized by these classes is one penny; and the remembrance of this emboldens me to hint at what valentines should *not* be like. I don't think they should be either scurrilous, malevolent, or obscene. I am constrained to walk about a great deal in low neighbourhoods, to dive into slums and rookeries, and to prowl about outlying suburbs. I will appeal to anyone whose peregrinations are of a like nature to bear me out when I say that a majority of the valentines exhibited in the small newsvenders and toyshops of the metropolis are of a nature absolutely scandalous and revolting. Some are so frankly indecent that they might be at once seized by the police under Lord Campbell's act. Others are nearly half blackguard and half imbecile; but the greater number are devoted to the exposition of human spite and human hatred. If you happen to know anybody with a hump back or a club foot, with a bottle nose or a hare lip, with a wen or a "port-wine stain," with red hair or a squint, you may at once find a penny valentine for your mind.

No human deformity is spared, no human weakness condoned in these abominable productions. Every trade in the category of industry has its grossly caricatured type, with its suitably abusive quatrain, warranted to insult a man because he happens to be a butcher, or a baker, or a carpenter; to outrage a woman because she is a cook, or a milliner, or a schoolmistress. Love has scarcely anything to do with these foul things. The artist and poet trouble themselves very little about hearts and darts, smiles and wiles. This is an average specimen of the poetry,

> "You bloated, dirty, greasy elf,
> You think of nothing but yourself;
> But though you deem yourself so fine,
> You shall not be my Valentine."

Would not "good old Bishop Valentine," of whom the gushing gentlemen talk so sentimentally, be infinitely shocked, if he revisited earth, to see his name thus taken in vain?

EXTRA BARRACK FURNITURE.—The order issued for the return into store of all articles of bedding and barrack furniture, held in possession by officers and others at Aldershot beyond the quantities authorized was notified on the 16th inst., as not to take effect until further orders. This suspension indicates, in the opinion of the *United Service Gazette,* a kind consideration on the part of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, as it is certain that, if the order had been carried out, much inconvenience would have been felt by the troops in camp, more especially by those occupying the huts.

THE WAY TO DO IT.—An invalid once sent for a physician, and after detaining him some time with a description of his pains, aches, &c., he thus summed up: "Now, doctor, you have humbugged me long enough with your good-for-nothing pills and worthless syrups; they dont touch the real difficulty; I wish you to stick the cause of my ailments, if it is in your power to reach it. "It shall be done," said the Doctor, at the same time lifting his cane and demolishing a decanter of gin that stood on the side-board.

—Theresa, the notorious Prussian cantatrice, has finished a brief autobiography, in which she relates her interviews with many celebrated personages of the times. Two years ago the Princess de Metternich gave her two thousand francs for fifteen lessons, at which she taught the Princess to sing such such songs as "Le Sapeur," "The Bearded Woman," &c. Madame de Metternich afterward sung these songs at the amateur theatricals which were given at the sojourn of the Imperial Court at Compeigne.

—It is rumoured in Paris that the recent illness of Prince Napoleon was caused by a dose of poison which has been administered to the nephew of Napoleon. Rohcefort, the editor of the *Lanterne* mentions the unpleasant rumor, and adds, he hopes the court will supœna him as a witness in order to say who he believes administered the poison. He says he has made a very plausable guess about it, and is conrageous enough to speak it out.

—A little electioneering incident took place the other day at Seville. A French civil engineer, resident there, was going quietly along the street, when he was accosted by a rough fellow, armed with a long knife, who threatned to to stab him if he did not cry "*viva la Republique.*" But the Frenchman had a brace of large revolvers, one in each pocket; presenting them at his antagonist, so as to cover him well, he made him first throw down his knife, and then shout "*Viva le Roy.*"

—Two young girls were nearly suffocated last week at a hotel in West Aurora, through having gone to bed with their stove full of coal and the draft shut off. When the door was opened in the morning one of them was found with her eyes rolled backwards, her jaws firmly set and looking generally as if in epilepsy. Restoratives were applied, and after some time both were pronounced to be out of danger.

—On Monday, the 15th, a passenger on the early train going into Chicago was approached by a stranger, and informed that the conductor wished to see him immediately in the baggage car. The passenger started for the baggage car, followed by the stranger, and when he had reached the platform of the second car he was set upon by a gang of three or four men, who garrotted and robbed him of $200. The gang then jumped off the train and made their escape.

—Baron Khun has estimated the strength of the great military Powers of the Continent as follows:—France 1,350,000; North German Bund, 1,028,945; South Germany, 200,171; Austro-Hungarian Monarchy, 1,053,000; Russia, 1,467,000; Italy, 480,461—making a grand total for these six Powers of over 5,578,000.

Last year the Huntingdon, Pa., County Commissioners paid $625 bounty for owls and hawks killed, $650 for polecats, $65 for foxes, and $40 for wolves.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

Cabinet-maker, Upholsterer, &c.—S. Rogers.
Non-explosive Lamp—D. R. Leavens.
Wesleyan Missions.
Compositor Wanted—L'Original *Advertiser*.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page*

HON. JOHN ROSE and C. J. BRYDGES, Esq., were detained at Prescott Junction yesterday. They will probably reach the city to-day.

NO trains reached the city yesterday, the afternoon train from Prescott being cancelled on information that it would be impossible to get through.

A train left the city yesterday morning, but could not get any farther on its journey than Billings' Bridge, whence it returned about 2 p. m.

WE understand that MARY ANN McIVOR has in the press a volume of some two hundred pages of poetry, which will be published some time in April. The writings of this young lady have been very generally appreciated, and we sincerely hope that there will be a large subscription list to her forthcoming volume.

THERE is a custom prevailing in this city which, we believe, has been abolished in almost every other incorporated city of Canada, namely, the carrying of coffins to the cemetery in ordinary carriages. We trust we have only to call the attention of the Corporation to this abuse to secure its abolition. There may, sometimes, be infectious diseases prevailing in our midst, and any one can understand the danger to which unsuspecting citizens are exposed by the custom to which we have alluded. All that is required is a by-law to prevent the practice named, and we are sure the local police force will see that it is honestly carried out.

THE new militia law of last Session, and the manner in which it has been administered, have been so far successful that the active militia force has been maintained without a resort to the draft. The quota of Ontario is full, and the offers of many new companies have been received in the ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S Department, which must await their turn for recognition; while in instances where companies have become disorganized those officers who have served for a sufficient length of time have been permitted to retire retaining their rank, and should the force at any time be increased their claims will not be overlooked. Indeed it is the fixed intention of the Department to avail itself of the services of men of military knowledge and experience in the country, whenever opportunities offer, by placing them in positions in the active force. In the Province of Quebec the quota is being rapidly filled, and no apprehension is felt that a resort to the draft will be necessary; and the same remark applies to New Brunswick. In Nova Scotia the militia system has heretofore been placed on a different footing, and although more than a sufficient number to fill the quota of that Province drilled last year, owing to the distance and difficulty of access to that part of the Dominion from headquarters, we cannot speak so positively; and besides the entire change from the system under which the Nova Scotians have been in the habit of performing their military duties, has necessitated the employment of new machinery for organizing the force there, which in itself involves delay. But notwithstanding these drawbacks there is every reason to believe that before the annual drill is required every section of the Dominion will be represented by its full complement of Active Militia, made up of Volunteers. The organization of the Reserve Militia is going on rapidly, and will soon be completed. In the appointments to this branch of the force it will be noticed that military qualifications have been a secondary consideration. The reason of this has been that the chief duty of the officers of the Reserve force will be to take the enrolment, and, in case of necessity, to furnish men for the active force in such numbers as may be required, and these will be placed under the command of officers who can give proof of military qualifications. So far as regards the appointments in the Reserve force, they are men who will command the confidence of the people of their several localities, that the duties devolving upon them will be carried out fairly and loyally. As these duties are more of a civil than of a military character, the absence of military qualifications will not entail great disadvantages; and even if it had been necessary to confine the commissions in the Reserve to military men, they could not have been filled, because the trained material does not exist in the country. There will no doubt be cases in which the best men in localities have not been appointed, and others in which strong claims have been overlooked; but if such cases should exist, the vast number to be commissioned must be taken into consideration, rendering it next to impossible to act with perfect knowledge in every case. But it has been the wish of the Department to do justice in every case, and there have been but few instances, so far as we can learn, in which they have not been successful in doing so. Our Militia system is now placed on a fair basis, and the law is so framed that its success will mainly depend upon its administration, and the disposition of the representatives of the people to provide the ways and means. First among the amendments which ought to be made is one to confer upon the officers of the active force pay according to rank when on duty. No one who has any knowledge of the constant expense to which a volunteer officer is exposed, will deny that without this measure of justice the force cannot be kept up satisfactorily, and even with it the officers will be losers in a pecuniary point of view. This, and some advantages to active service men, besides their drill pay, which those who remain at home attending to their business do not possess, should be strongly urged upon members of Parliament by those who desire to maintain an efficient and creditable force.

AS THE 4th of March approaches, when General GRANT will assume the reins of Government in the United States, the press and politicians of the Union grow more eager in their speculations as to the line of policy likely to be pursued, and these speculations are all the more vehement because those who indulge in them are absolutely without any data for their surmises. Hence in every prediction it is only fair to presume that the wish is father to the thought, and that lines of conduct are marked out for the incoming Chief Magistrate, not so much because they are likely to be the ones he will follow, as with the purpose of so impressing him with their importance as to induce him to adopt at least some portion of them. But whatever may be General GRANT's policy the indications are that it will disappoint those who were chiefly instrumental in securing his election. "To "the victors belong the spoils" has always been the war cry of political parties in the United States in their elections, and never more so than in that which took place in November last. During the war the Republican party assumed to itself all the loyalty of the nation, and the Democracy was everywhere denounced as sympathisers with the rebellion; and under the plea of loyalty many men rose to high positions for which they had no other claim. These men whose name was legion, were keenly conscious of the unstable nature of the ground on which they stood, and they therefore were the most vociferous in support of GRANT; arguing that he who had been a leading instrument in putting down the rebellion could not forsake those who were his co-workers in the cause of the Union. Now if we are to take the statements of the American journals of all parties as even approaching the truth, there never was a more dishonest set of men than those politicians who were engaged in army contracts during the war. The criticisms of the legitimate opposition were everywhere met with the cry of "copperhead," "traitor," and other opprobrious epithets, and the consequence was that to be denounced as a swindler by a Democratic organ was a thing to be courted rather than avoided by those who wished to stand well with the dominant party. That party was strong enough to protect its members, no matter how grave the charges that were brought against them, and the fact that few, if any of them, were brought to punishment for gambling with the funds of the nation, would lead to the conclusion that public corruption was more extended than even the journals of the United States have shown it to be. These men, if not chiefly, were at least largely, instrumental in giving General GRANT his great majority; and if he should now, forgetful of their loyal record, carry out the policy foreshadowed in his speech to the Congressional Committee, and demand a character for honesty as the principal qualification of successful candidates for appointment, he will bring a nest of hornets about his ears whose vituperation will exceed that heaped upon ANDREW JOHNSON, who also was the idol of the same party until he was placed in a position to thwart their views. A Conservative-Republican paper, remarking upon the chances of appointment under GRANT, says: "Candidates had better get good men to back "their applications. Above all they should "be sure that the endorsers of their integrity "do not need too much endorsing on that "point themselves." If the GENERAL has made up his mind to "fight it out on that line," the occupation of the professional politicians will be gone, and a new day will have dawned upon the governmental history of our neighbours. But we suspect that the last pitfall set for him by the rings and wire-pullers will be found deeper, and dirtier than the last ditch of the war, and if after four years' administration he can show that he has adhered to this program, his reputation as a statesman will far exceed his record as a general. Herculean as the task, he appears to have undertaken seems to be, he has some advantages on his side. The Democratic party, having nothing to expect for themselves, will be only too glad to join the honest portion of the Republicans in carrying out an honest policy, the more as by doing so, they will assist in bringing about dissensions in the ranks of their opponents; and the old army of corrupt wire-pullers must perforce form a party of their own, which may have a baneful influence at a future Presidential election, but will have no power over the incoming administration. Whether Gen. GRANT will be equal to the *role* which his friends and the friends of the Republic have marked out for him, a short time will tell. One thing at least appears certain from his character heretofore, and that is, that whatever he has determined upon, he will carry out with a stubborn determination which will not be easily thwarted.

THE first annual competition of the Ottawa Snow Shoe Club takes place on Parliament Square, on Saturday next; and as the matches are exciting a good deal of interest among our young sporting friends, we present the following review of the merits of the contestants, together with the efforts of the club to accommodate spectators, and to make the affair, as it should be, a success:

The two mile race will be strongly contested. If the best "two miler" of the club (Mr. KAVANAGH) was in perfect health the members of the club would have little fear for the result. But as matters stand now the probability is that an outsider will carry off the coveted honour, though with such men as HANNUM and CAMERON to do battle for it, the club will make a hard struggle.

Outsiders will have their work cut out if they intend to carry off the dash from the club. Few clubs in Canada can put a better team into the field for this race than the Ottawa club. We need only mention the names of Messrs. G. AUMOND, JOHN WALSH, W. McKAY, M. KAVANAGH, and J. EMMONS, to prove this.

The hurdle race will be spiritedly contested. It is difficult to say who is the greatest favourite, Mr. G. AUMOND or Mr. W. McKAY. The general impression is that this race is in the hands of these gentlemen, though accidents are of such frequent occurrence in hurdle races, that predictions are very unreliable.

The half mile will bring out the largest field, and last time may be looked for. A number of men are being regularly trained, and in a day or two we will give our opinion as to their comparative chances.

For the quarter mile the popular Secretary, Mr. WALSH, is a great favourite, and the chances are in his favour.

The mile club race is the hardest to estimate, and we must reserve our remarks on the aspirants for a day or two.

The arrangements now being carried to completion by the Vice-President, Dr. CHESTAY, for the comfort of the spectators, and the security of the racers from crowding on the track, are such as will meet with approval. Among many other matters he is arranging for a number of seats to be placed in front of the Parliament Building, so as to command a full view of the whole track. It is proposed to reserve these seats on payment of a small sum to cover carpenter's expenses, carriage, &c. Due announcement of the charge will be made.

It is expected that Col. Lord A. RUSSELL will kindly place a number of men at the disposal of the committee for the purpose of keeping spectators from pressing on the track at the "finish" of the different races.

Excellent arrangements are being made for securing accurate time-keeping, the track will be of exact length, and the time may be relied upon.

We understand Messrs. YOUNG & RAMFORD have finished the medals, and that they are now in the engraver's hands.

The members of the club turn out every night for practice, and levelling and cutting out the track.

Everything indicates a most successful and well managed series of races.

AT a meeting of the county council of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, the subject of a railroad through the counties was taken up, and elicited the following motion which was carried unanimously:

Moved by Mr. William Bradley, seconded by Mr. Casselman, that whereas the council of the united counties of Prescott and Russell having been informed that steps are now being taken for the purpose of constructing a railroad through these united counties; and whereas in the opinion of this council the construction of the same would largely contribute to the prosperity of these counties,

Resolved, That this council recommend to the favourable consideration of the local municipalities any railroad enterprise, whose object would be to open up the country and develope the resources of the united counties of Prescott and Russell.—Carried unanimously.

N. D. McLEOD, Warden.

ANOTHER DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Bangs's Corner Burnt Down.

About $10,000 Worth of Property Destroyed.

It is again our painful duty to chronicle a destructive fire, showing the miserable inefficiency of the means we have at hand to extinguish fire, and save valuable property from destruction.

About 1 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the rear of the saloon owned by John Cahill, and known as the Terrapin restaurant, caused, it is supposed, by some defect in the kitchen chimney. The whole of Mr. Cahill's stock of liquors, and household furniture, with the exception of some bar fixtures, was entirely consumed. His loss is but partially covered by an insurance of $1,000 in the Imperial of London.

Messrs. Robertson and Lawrence, merchant tailors, occupied the store adjoining the saloon, and had a large stock of cloths and ready-made clothing on hand. The most of their stock, however, was saved. Insured for $1,000, which will cover the comparatively trifling damage sustained in its removal.

The flat above the tailor shop was occupied by Mrs. Greenwood as a boarding-house, the most of whose furniture was destroyed, or so injured in its removal as to be almost valueless.

The three premises above mentioned comprised the Bangs's corner, and was owned by Ald. Bangs. Amount of insurance $2,000 in the Liverpool and London.

The next building was owned and occupied by Messrs. John Durie & Son, booksellers and stationers. The fire communicated to the attic, and destroyed the most of the roof, but the strenuous efforts of the firemen were in this case, at least, partially successful. The building, though terribly gutted and racked, still remains. Great credit is due to the members of the hook and ladder companies, some of whom perilled life and limb in their efforts to tear away portions of the roof, in order that the engine companies might throw water into the attic, where the fire was raging. The stock on hand was a large and very valuable one, but from the exertions of a number of gentlemen the most of it was saved, though necessarily very much damaged. Insurance on building, $1,200.

The flat above the bookstore was occupied by Dr. J. A. Beckett, dentist, the amount of whose loss we could not learn.

MISERABLE THIEVES.

A fellow whose name we did not learn, but who will appear before the Police Magistrate this morning, was caught in the act of stealing two bibles from Messrs. Durie's store. He was handed over to the police, and taken in charge. He will probably have an opportunity of reflecting on the ten commandments, one of which he was about to violate, and learning the penalty inflicted upon those who disregard them.

Two others were afterwards arrested, also for stealing. These miserable thieves should be punished rigorously, as an example and warning to the class of wretches, unfortunately too numerous, who do not hesitate to ply their nefarious calling at times when the misfortunes of others should command the sympathy and active aid of every one.

A SNOW-SHOE ADVENTURE.—Several of the young bloods of the city have taken lodgings at Longueuil, so as to indulge their taste for snow-shoeing, leaving Montreal at night and returning to business in the morning. Yesterday morning four of them left the village for Montreal, walking in Indian file. All went on as merry as a marriage bell till they were about half way across. Here the third tramper stopped to adjust the strings of his shoes; happening to look back, he was horrified by seeing that his comrade behind had disappeared. For an instant he was stunned, then recovering his senses he called to his mates, and they on turning, also saw that one of their number had gone. Their thoughts are better imagined than described. Quickly they retraced their steps, and at last at a short distance from their track, beheld a deep chasm fully seven feet deep, in which held up by his snow-shoes was their missing companion, who was only just recovering from a blow he had received on falling into the hole. Laying down on the snow and reaching down, his mates were just able to get hold of his arms, by which they managed to haul him up safely, fortunately he had not reached the water. He said that he only stepped out of their footsteps a few moments when he felt the snow give way, and did not recollect anything more till they got him out of the chasm. His shoes saved him, for had they not caught as they did, he would have been swept away by the cold current and never heard of more. As it was he experienced a fright that he will not forget for many a day.—*Montreal Evening Star.*

LOCAL NEWS.

POLICE COURT.—Sarah Sullivan, an old offender, so entirely abandoned as to leave no hope of her reformation, was sent to jail for two weeks. There was no other case.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.—Mr. Thomson, the mail conductor, who left this city by team on Thursday night at seven o'clock, with the English mails, arrived at Prescott at six o'clock last evening, in time to catch the train on the Grand Trunk.

AN OMISSION.—In yesterday's issue we omitted to mention in our notice of the readings at the St. Patrick's Hall that a piano solo was executed in excellent style by Miss McGillivray, and also that that talented young lady presided at the piano during the evening, assisted by Miss Lockwood.

A NARROW ESCAPE.—Yesterday as Mrs. O'Meara was walking with a child by her side near the Russell House a quantity of ice and frozen snow fell from the roof close to the child, but fortunately not so close as to strike. Had it fallen on its head, death would probably have been the result.

A WOMAN INJURED BY ICE FROM A ROOF.—We were yesterday informed that a woman, whose name we did not learn, was so much injured by ice falling from a building in Centre Town, that it was deemed necessary to call in two medical gentlemen to attend her. The extent of the injury has not been ascertained.

YESTERDAY MORNING'S TRAIN.—According to our announcement the train left for Prescott at 9 o'clock a.m., and with great exertion proceeded to a distance of about three miles, when finding there was no possibility of going on, the train, with wood and water barely sufficient to get back to the city, returned, and reached the station at a little after 2 p. m.

ST. ALBAN'S BELL.—We are glad to hear this bell now calling the parishioners to prayer, and congratulate them on its fine mellow tone on Sundays. The bell rings we are informed, half an hour before service begins, and again for the five minutes immediately preceding. On Wednesdays there is an interval of five minutes from the stopping of the bell to the beginning of service.

ANOTHER NARROW ESCAPE.—Those who persist in neglecting to remove the ice and snow from their buildings should consider that they not only endanger loss of property, but of the lives of those who are compelled to walk under the eaves of such buildings. As Mr. Hubertus, the *Globe* correspondent, was walking along Wellington-st, near the Union Forwarding Company's office, a huge mass of ice fell from the roof, striking a spot not more than five feet from that gentleman, and had it fallen on him it would inevitably have killed him. This sort of eaves dropping should be prevented by the enforcement of the by-law, which is, or should be, in such cases made and provided.

FRENCH DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE.—The French company of amateurs have engaged to give a representation at the Canadian Institute on the 8th of March, under the patronage of Sir John and Lady Young, in aid of the funds of the St. Joseph Orphan Asylum. The entertainment will be in two parts. The first will be an oration by Mr. E. P. Dorion, Chief French Translator to the Commons, on the influence of the Sisters of Charity in modern society. The second part will be the French drama "*Gregoire*," by a celebrated author. Those who desire to brush up their French a little, and at the same time to aid a charitable object, will have a good opportunity of doing so.

ADROIT MANAGEMENT OF HORSES.—Yesterday about noon there was a mad attempt on the part of two horses drawing a sleigh over the Sappers' bridge to run away. The animals were less vicious than frightened, for in some way a trace gave way on one of the horses, and struck him on the leg, at which, and his partial liberation from the sleigh, he seemed, for a moment agitated with fear. The other also becoming alarmed, they both tore off at a rapid pace, and bounded as if bent on something terrible. Nothing but the cool adroitness with which the driver managed them could have prevented mischief. He succeeded in turning their heads into the apple stand shed at the bridge, and with the assistance of police Sergeant Brown contrived to get matters right again, and proceeded on their journey.

CLEARING THE ROOFS.—Numbers of people in all parts of the city have during the last two days turned their attention to the state of the roofs of their premises, and by shovelling off immense loads of snow have relieved themselves of the danger of the roofs falling in. But there was far less danger in leaving the snow on many of those buildings from which it has been removed than in neglecting to remove it from many an old house that has received no attention in this respect from its owner, and some of which are pretty sure to yield; after a little rain shall have added something more to the weight of the loads under which many a dwelling house and other building creaks, the danger will be greatly increased. Self interest, therefore, should prompt its speedy removal, even if there were no danger, as there is, to life and limb.

WESLEYAN MISSIONS.—Next Sunday the sermons in connection with the Wesleyan Missionary Society will be preached in the church, Metcalfe-st., in the morning, by the Rev. Dr. Nelles, of Victoria College, well known as one of the most effective speakers in the connection, and in the evening by the Rev. George Cochrane, of Toronto, who, we believe, is an orator of a very high order of talent. On Monday the annual missionary meeting will be held in the same place, when we have no doubt there will be some very able addresses delivered. On Tuesday a soiree will be given by the ladies of the church which will be enlivened, as the other services will also be, by the vocal strains of the fine choir so well trained by Mr. Millar of the Rifle Brigade. No doubt the members and friends interested, and many others, will avail themselves of the opportunity of enjoying the many good things provided for them. The soirees of our Wesleyan friends are always eminently successful we believe.

DISGRACE BROUGHT ON A FAMILY BY A DAUGHTER'S CONDUCT.—Two or three weeks ago a fine looking French girl, some eighteen years of age, was sent by her friends to an aunt in Quebec with a view to obtaining a situation there, and her friends here supposed her to be still at Quebec, when the other day they received a letter from the aunt, stating that she had been there, but had gone away again. This information reaching the ears of one of the city policemen, he told the father that he believed she had returned to the city, and he thought she could be found. They then went together to a house of ill-fame in Lower Town, kept by a notorious strumpet named Lucy Lahale, and there the poor deluded girl was found. She had previously lived at service near this house, and it is supposed made her acquaintance at that time, and was probably enamared by that infamous woman into the commencement of a career which never fails to bring ruin on the victim and disgrace on all connected with her. The wretched girl was taken home by her sorrowing father, who would rather have seen her die in her virtuous home than find her in that polluted place. Lucy was promised by the policeman that she should suffer for her conduct more severely than she has hitherto done. She has been several times at the Police Court, but out of her ill-gotten money she has always been enabled to pay her fines. It is to be hoped that the law will shortly be able to overtake her, and that she will be consigned to jail for the longest term it assigns to her crimes.

NO TICK.

Tick, for credit, is a word at least as old as the seventeenth century, and is corrupted from ticket, as a tradesman's bill was formerly called; and the phrase was originally, on ticket, *i. e.*, things taken to be put into the bill. Sedley, in the "Mulberry Garden," 1868, says:

"I confess that my tick is not good;"

and Oldham (Poems, 1863,) was

"Reduced to want, he in due time fell sick,
Was fain to lie and be interred on tick."

The statute 16 Car. 11, against gaming, enacts that "if any person shall lose any sum of money so played for, exceeding the sum o £100 at any one time or meeting, upon ticket or credit," etc.

THE DARIEN CANAL.

[From the New York Post.]

Cape Horn may now tremble; the first practical step towards the construction of the Darien Canal has been taken. A treaty has been signed by the Colombian Government, which, if it is ratified by our own, will at least give the Darien Ship Canal Company the right to begin work.

This treaty makes a grant of land, and leaves the company to select its own route. It provides that surveys must be made and the line determined within two years after the treaty is ratified; and the canal must be begun within five and completed within fifteen years after the ratification. The canal is to be open to all nations, to be controlled by the United States, to be closed against belligerents, and the Colombian Government is to receive for its grant of right of way ten per cent. of the net income for ten years, and twenty-five per cent. after the canal has paid for itself.

On paper, therefore, we have a Darien Canal. A company is already formed in this city, to build it, which has among its members Peter Cooper, Cyrus Butler, W. T. Coleman, Marshall O. Roberts, F. M. Kelly, C. K. Garrison, F. A. Conkling, W. M. Vanderbilt, and other men of capital and energy. The treaty now brought by Mr. Cushing was, we believe, framed by Mr. Seward and the Colombian minister in consultation with the leading men of this country.

The time allowed for surveys, as well as for completing the canal, seems to us too short. Two years are scarcely enough to make a thorough survey of the isthmus and to determine upon the line, unless the company should conclude to buy the Panama Railroad and adopt its line for that of the canal. We have heard that Mr. Cushing is ready to recommend that step.

Nor do fifteen years seem a long enough time in which to cut the canal. The work promises, on several accounts, to be far more difficult than that on the Suez Canal, which was begun in 1859—the surveys having been begun in 1855—and is not yet completed. In the first place, the country is probably far more difficult, and next, there is no population from which to draw labourers.

We have heard that it is proposed to establish a line of steamers between Panama and Chinese ports, in order to draft labourers from China. Doubtless Chinamen can dig the canal; they are building the Pacific Railroad; and they are perhaps the people who can best be spared for such work. But it is a fact, we believe, that in building the Panama Railroad the most effective workmen were found to be Nova Scotians and natives of other British Provinces; the next Irishmen and Germans; and the Chinese were the least useful of all and possessed the least endurance.

—A London pauper destroyed the clothes furnished him by public charity, because they "were not fit for a gentleman to wear."

—An English woman, formerly a pupil in the London Orphan Asylum, has given twenty-five thousand dollars towards the new building.

—In McHenry County, Illinois, there is a cheese factory which produced $25,225 worth of cheese last year from the milk of eight hundred cows.

—The London *Globe* says that the Indian Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir R. Temple, announces that he anticipates a surplus of £200,000 in the next budget.

—A machine is in use at Melbourne for shearing sheep by steam. The machine is used in the same fashion as the shears, but cuts much quicker and far cleaner, without the least danger of injuring the fleece or the sheep.

—The Maine farmers in convention at Augusta, decided that the Orono, as it is called, was the best potato to grow in the State. It is also called the Carter, Reed and Foote potato, but the convention held to the name Orono.

—A London (N. H.) citizen spots a coat made of cloth spun and wove by his grandmother when she was "sweet sixteen," and which his mother, now in her ninety-sixth year, first wore as a cloak when seventeen years old.

—A hungry fellow in Bath, Me., devoured for his supper, the other evening, one keg of oysters, three large sheets of ginger bread, one bowl of clam chowder, and drank two cups of tea, and one quart of lager. He is still alive and well, and ready to perform the same operation should he get any person to pay for the lunch.

—The *Pioneer*, of Sherbrooke, mentions that a farmer of Bedford, who, from a piece of wooded land, last spring, obtained sugar to the amount of $35; then he cut down the wood, burned it for potash, and got $46 for it; then he planted potatoes, and in the fall sold them for $250, making a total of $321 in nine months.

—A Frenchman at Natchitoches, Louisiana, intends to plant, the coming year, several acres of poppies, and to manufacture opium. He says that an acre of poppies will make fifty pounds of opium, worth fifteen to twenty dollars a pound, at a cost of less than four dollars a pound for manufacturing.

—The fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of Odd Fellowship in America is to be celebrated in Philadelphia on the 26th of April next. It will probably be one of the most imposing demonstrations ever made by any Order. It is estimated that not less than 80,000 men will be in line, representing all sections of the country.

—The Australian gold fields appear to have decidedly increased in productiveness last year. The returns for the year are not finally made up, but it appears that the total value of the exports effected to the 30th of November was £5,356,192, as compared with £3,291,014 in the corresponding period of 1868, and £6,231,612 in the corresponding period of 1866.

—The small-pox has broken out in the Eastern townships. Several cases had occurred at Hartley and Sweetsburg. It had also made its appearance at Frelighsburg, and the municipal council had blocked up the roads, and requested Judge Johnson to adjourn the courts. Vaccination was becoming, in consequence, the order of the day in many of the surrounding villages.

—The Episcopalians are commencing an effort to erect a cathedral in Halifax, on a lot of ground on the Spring Garden Road, presented for the purpose by Judge Bliss. The sum desired is $100,000 or $112,000 toward which a listener of a sermon delivered by the Rev. Mr. Edghill, at midnight service, in St. Luke's on New Year's eve, presented $200, and this was supplemented by another of $4,000 by the bishop.

—The St. Catharines' *Times* says the proprietors of the Grimsby Cheese Factory have decided not to open their factory this coming season for the manufacture of cheese, not getting a sufficient quantity of milk to pay them for their outlay and trouble. The farmers bringing milk for cheese making, on shares, are reaping the whole advantage. Each farmer should be a shareholder, and there would be no trouble in keeping the factory open every season.

—Intelligence from the Muskoka district is very gratifying. In a place which a year ago might be said to be a wilderness, there are now eight hundred ratepayers, and next summer there will be fifteen post offices in operation in it. This very marked success is owing, to a great extent, to the free grant system, and to the fact that the Government has undertaken to improve the navigation of the enclosed lakes, by which means access will be had to a very great extent of country now shut out. This is such practical reform as the country wants.

—On the 11th instant as Albert Roblin of New Glasgow, Aldboro', was returning from Wardsville in a waggon, in company with two others, Angus McIntyre and John McColl, the wheel of the waggon suddenly dropped into a deep hole, throwing Mr. Roblin and Mr. McColl violently on the ground. Mr. Roblin received such injury about the head and shoulders as to cause immediate death. An inquest was held and the jury returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts. He leaves a wife and family.

—The fair held at Fergus on the 18th last. was well attended, both by buyers and sellers. The stock offered comprised cattle of all kinds; but business was almost exclusively confined to beef animals. Numerous milch cows and yokes of oxen were on the ground, but few sales were effected among these, and not many inquiries made. Prices were about the same as last fair, but the stock was scarcely equal. Buyers were numerous, and very few cattle were taken from the ground without changing hands. The Fergus fair is now one of the best in the Province.

THE ALLEGED DISCOVERY—IMPORTANT IF TRUE.

The past year, like so many of its immediate predecessors, was distinguished by noteworthy discoveries and the development of useful inventions. Prominent among these, if the accounts relating to it prove reliable, may be classed perhaps a discovery made by Professor Halford of Melbourne, Australia, of the antidotal effect of ammonia to snake poison, when injected through a vein into the circulation of a serpent-bitten person. It appears that for a considerable period Professor Halford had been carefully investigating, by the aid of the microscope, the effect produced by snake-poison on the corpuscles of the blood. In the course of his investigations it occurred to him that the results of the operation of the poison, which he was thus tracing, might be counteracted by the direct introduction of ammonia into the blood. Following up his thought, he proceeded to submit his theory to the test of experiment. He caused several dogs to be subjected to the influence of the poison of highly venomous serpents, and then forced ammonia through the veins of the bitten animals. The result was remarkable and decisive. The poison was rapidly neutralized, and its effects thrown off. The professor naturally inferred that like results could be obtained by like measures in the case of serpent-bitten human beings. The rumour of his investigations and experiments in this matter spread abroad; but for some little time opportunity was not afforded to verify his theory by experiment on the human system. But after awhile a case occurred fitted to test the value of the alleged discovery.

The case in substance is thus described by the Melbourne correspondent of a leading London journal:—On a railroad in the vicinity of Melbourne, a man found an apparently dead brown snake, its head crushed flat. He took it up, kept handling it about the head, saying, "Ah, you'll never bite again." Presently he fancied he felt something piercing his hand or finger, and in a little while he began to exhibit unmistakable signs of having been snake-poisoned. A deadly stupor crept over him, but before he became insensible he told some one near about the snake and his fancy that he had been stung by it. A neighbouring doctor was at once sent for, who administered the usual remedies without the least visible effect. To all appearance death was certain.

At this juncture the Dr. happened to remember that Professor Halford had been devoting himself to the investigation of the phenomena connected with snake poisoning, and hastily sent for that gentleman. On arriving, Professor Halford found the poisoned man apparently dying. No time was to be lost. Quickly, therefore, laying open a suitable vein, the Professor injected ammonia into the circulation of the suffering man. The effect was almost instantaneous. The patient immediately revived, and before long wholly recovered.

The Melbourne correspondent adds that intelligence had arrived that similar experiments, in two other parts of Australia, had been crowned with similar success.

Should more extended experience confirm the conclusions arrived at from the facts connected with the cases reported, the value of this alleged discovery will be very great indeed. At present, a large number of persons are yearly destroyed by serpent-poisoning in tropical and semi-tropical lands. In almost all such countries venomous snakes are very numerous, and deadly in their bite. We saw it stated a few weeks ago that about two thousand persons had died in one year, in one part of India alone, from the bites of serpents. The poison of some serpents is much more deadly than that of others. And probably there may be some specific difference in the action on the human system of the different kinds of snake poison; so that one remedy might not be successful in all cases. The poison of the brown snake of Australia, of the hooded snake of India and the rattle-snake of America, might require different antidotes, as is the case with various vegetable and mineral poisons. But if ammonia injected into the circulation shall be proved to be a specific against the operation of the poison of one sort of snakes, of a decidedly dangerous kind, it is exceedingly likely that it will prove to be a specific against the venom of, at least, many other deadly serpents.—*Morning News.*

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 867.6m

MARRIED.

In St. Louis, on the 18th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Berkley, K. B. Hunter, of New York, to Olivia Henrietta, second daughter of J. B. Lewis, Esq., of this city.

WESLEYAN MISSIONS.

Services in connection with the Wesleyan Missionary Society will be held on SUNDAY, the 28th, in the Church, Metcalfe-st. The Services commence at 10:30 a m, and 6:30 p m.

The Sermon in the morning will be preached by the Rev S S Nelles, D D, Principal of Victoria College, and that in the evening by the Rev George Cochran, of Toronto.

On MONDAY EVENING the Annual Public Missionary Meeting will be held in the same place when the rev. gentlemen, above named, and others, will deliver appropriate addresses.

The Chair will be taken at 7.30.

Collections in aid of the funds of the Society will be made at each of these Services.

On TUESDAY there will be a Tea Meeting in the Lecture Room, which there is good reason to expect will be of an interesting character.

The effective Choir of the Church, under the able management of W Miller, Esq, have made special preparations for all these occasions.

Tickets for the Soiree—Single, 35 cents; to admit two persons, 60 cents; and to admit four, $1; may be had at Messrs. Hunton's, Sparks-st.; Howell, corner of Rideau-st.; Hall, Confectioner, and Skinner, Apothecary, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 26, 1869. 985td

D. R. LEAVENS,

AGENT FOR THE NEW METALLIC

"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

now offers to the public this valuable improvement: The principle employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated

"MINER'S SAFETY LAMP,"

is strictly adhered to, rendering it safe from

THE POSSIBILITY OF EXPLOSION;

besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor*. If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking; this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal, and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.

Call and see them at the

OIL DEPOT,
73
SUSSEX-STREET.

☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.
O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Salinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS.... $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 .....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 .....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 .....OVERCOATS,
$9 .....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 .....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.....UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .....DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

to take place on the 8th of this month, and those wishing to see it can do so by coming to our store Wellington-st., Upper Town, where the

GREEN, WHITE AND BLUE FLAG

waives over the far-famed

SILVER BOOT,

and there only will it be visible that we eclipse all others in this city for

CHEAP GOODS.

We have resolved to change our business, and will, without any humbugging, sell

GOODS EXTREMELY LOW,

for that indispensible thing—Cash, and continue to do so during this month.

The winter being far advanced goods for this season will be sold at figures to induce anyone to buy, and spring goods being in advance of the season will be sold lower still.

Our stock is new, and composed of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, &c.

We will not give the prices of our goods, for this reason—that other houses would offer inferior goods at the same figures, and induce their customers to believe they were as good value as ours.

Come and look, and price our merchandise, and you will then be satisfied this is not a mere puff, but a reality.

☞ Keep a look out for the emblem of unity, the Green, White and Blue.

JAMES McCARTHY & CO.
Ottawa, February 6, 1869. 966d

Groceries.

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents.	And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"I HAVE NO APPETITE,"
THEN USE
WATERS', QUININE WINE,
the best tonic in the world.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Feby. 10, 1869. 970tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"
BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.
January 28

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, February 26.

The Temperance Convention adjourned to meet in Toronto on the first Tuesday in September.

The Lieutenant-Governor invited the members of the Board of Agriculture to dine with him last evening. Several did so.

Ex-Treasurer Dennison appeared before the Board to-day, and was heard in support of his claim for commission. After hearing him the Board passed a resolution to the effect that unless the money was paid, or security given within a month, legal proceedings will be taken.

The salary of the new treasurer is fixed at $4 0, and he has to furnish four securities of $5,000 each, and himself in $10,000.

The annual exhibition takes place on the 20th to the 24th September.

Hon. Mr. Wood's demonstration at Brantford last night was highly successful; over three hundred gentlemen were present. Mr. Wood was received with enthusiasm, and delivered an able speech in defence of the coalition and financial policy.

The *Globe* has published a report trying to throw ridicule on the affair, but has no comments as yet.

The Premier and Mr. Carling are absent through illness.

Mr. Chewitt, of Brown's Bank, has made an assignment to Mr. Kerr, official assignee. The deed was sent to New York for Brown to sign. That gentleman has not yet returned, nor does it now seem likely he will.

PRESCOTT.

Snowed Up at the Junction.

Special to THE TIMES.

PRESCOTT JUNCTION, Friday, Feb. 26.

A crowd of passengers are here who hope to get through to-morrow. Among them a number of contractors. Some of them have been here since Tuesday or Wednesday.

Hon. Mr. Rose arrived here yesterday.

Mr. C. J. Brydges came up to-night, and will start in the morning for Ottawa, or rather to make an effort to reach the capital.

Stockdale got through with the mails about six o'clock this evening in time for their despatch east and west.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, February 26.

The steamship *Hibernian* arrived at Portland this morning at 11 o'clock.

The contest for the election of councillors in St. Antoine and St. Louis Wards is progressing, and is very close in the latter, and there is considerable excitement as to the result.

Another heavy snow storm occurred to-day.

The *Daily News* this morning has a long letter from Gilbert, the contractor for the iron used in the roof of the St. Patrick's Hall, in which he endeavours to justify himself. A meeting of the shareholders was held to-night. The result is not yet known.

The lecture this evening by the Rev. Mr. Hunter at the Merchants' Hall was largely attended. The subject was "The manly man."

Dr. Hunt lectured last night in the Natural History Society rooms, on "Primeval chemistry." Dr. Dawson was in the chair.

Veloscipedism is getting quite the rage here. Two rinks are in full operation. Some new veloscipedes for ladies' use are on their way, and expected to-morrow.

PORTLAND.

Special to THE TIMES.

PORTLAND, February 26.

The steamship *Moravian* arrived at 12:30 this afternoon.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LIVERPOOL, February 26.—The steamships *China*, *Westphalia*, *Queen*, and *Europa*, from New York, have arrived.

LONDON, February 26.—The Cobden club gold medal has been awarded to Dr. Joshua Leavitt, of New York.

The Marquis of Hartington, Postmaster-General, has been elected to the House of Commons from Radnor.

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 26.—The bullion in the Bank of France has increased 10,000,000f.

TURKEY.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, February 26.—The Sublime Porte in a circular thanks the Great Powers for their attitude in the late Grecian difficulty.

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 26.—It is expected that the modifications which are to be made by Marshal Serrano in the Provisional Government will probable provide for the introduction in the new Cabinet of a representative of the radical element.

CUPA.

HAVANA, February 26.—Official information has been received here that an engagement between the Spanish forces and the rebels, took place at the mouth of Damyi river, in the Cienfuegos district. The troops were victorious. The steam tug which the rebels had seized on that river was captured.

NEWS VIA KEY WEST.

KEY WEST, February 26.—The volunteers for the past few days have shown a mutinous and dangerous spirit. Captain-General Dulce to-day assured their commanders that justice would be done to the traitors. An order has been given to the troops in the field to take no prisoners in arms, but to shoot them all. The Government at Spain is much incensed at the conduct of the Cubans in refusing to accept its conciliatory proposals, and it has now determined to crush the rebellion if it takes 50,000 troops to do it. The volunteers have become quiet.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Gen. Sheridan to Command the Military District of Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, February 24.—It is thought Gen. Sheridan will be assigned to the command of this military division, when Gen. Sherman assumes the duties of chief at Washington.

Distillery Burnt.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 24.—The large distillery owned by Gen. Nagle, at San Jose, was burnt to-day. Loss $100,000, including a large stock of native brandy.

The Constitutional Amendment.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—The Conference Committee appointed to reconcile the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the Constitutional Amendment discussed the subject last evening for an hour, and will meet again to-day. The general drift of the discussion was in favour of adopting the original proposition of the House, and it is more than probable that the committee will report to-morrow.

Gen. Sherman's New Residence.

The residence of Gen. Grant, which has been purchased for Gen. Sherman, with furniture, will be at once put in readiness for him.

A Nurse's Revenge.

LOUISVILLE, KY., February 24.—A negro girl employed as nurse for the family of J. E. Mosely being enraged at a chastisement by Mrs. Mosely, revenged herself by causing Mrs. Mosely's two year old boy to drink lye, which resulted in his death.

A New Overland Telegraph Line.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 25.—Capitalists here are talking of a new overland telegraph line.

Successful Mining.

Despatches from White Pine mining district report the mines exceedingly rich, and a large emigration there is certain in the spring.

Female Suffrage Defeated in Nevada.

Female suffrage has been defeated in the Nevada Legislature, and an amendment to the constitution striking out the word white was adopted.

Grant Opposed to the Bonded Warehouse System.

NEW YORK, February 25.—The *Tribune's* special says at Mr. Bowen's financial interview with Gen. Grant to-day, some interesting points were debated. Gen. Grant spoke plainly in condemnation of the present administration of the New York custom house, and said he believed it could and should be made work without dishonour to the Government. He did not like the present bonded warehouse system. He thought it encouraged foreign manufacturers to send hither all their surplus goods to the exclusion of our own.

State Representation in Grant's Cabinet.

There is no longer any doubt but that New York, Pennsylvania, and Massachusetts will be represented in the Cabinet.

Georgia and Louisiana to be Excluded from the next Congress.

It seems settled that the clerk of the next House will not call the names of representatives from Georgia and Louisiana. The House will then stand 137 Republicans to 62 Democrats.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

A "Novel" Libel Suit.

NEW YORK, February 26.—In the Supreme Court to-day the suit of Charles Reade, the English novelist, against Charles H. Sweetzer, of the *Round Table*, for libel, has commenced. The novel "Griffith Gaunt" was put in as evidence by the plaintiff, and several chapters were read to the jury by Mr. Vandenhoff, the elocutionist. The case is postponed to Monday.

Arrived.

NEW YORK, February 26.—The steamship *Hammonia*, from Hamburg, on the 11th, via Havre, on the 14th, has arrived.

Woollen Mills Burnt.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., February 25.—Geo. James Waterhouse's woollen mills, in Centreville, Warwick, were burnt last night. Loss, $90,000. They are fully insured.

Advices from Gen. Sheridan.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., February 26.—Advices from Gen. Sheridan's headquarters to January 31st state that the third regular cavalry under Col. Hays had a fight with the Indians, ten days travel west of Washita mountains, in which an Indian village was totally destroyed and eight savages killed. It was Col. Evans command that whipped the Indians so severely Christmas Day. There are straggling bands of Indians made up of several fighting tribes, and it is probable that it was with these that Col. Evans had the fight referred to.

Opening of Navigation.

GARRISON, N. Y., February 26.—The first steamboat this season, the *John L. Nusbrouch*, forced her way through to Poughkeepsie this morning. She broke through six inches of ice for a distance of nine miles.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, February 26.—Cotton 29c. @ 30c.—Flour dull and declining; receipts 280 barrels; sales 4,300 barrels at $5.75 @ 6.25 for Superfine State and Western; $6.30 @ 6.85 for common to choice Extra State; $6.20 @ 7.05 for common to choice Extra Western.—Rye flour steady at $5.25 @ 7.25.—Wheat dull and favours buyers; receipts 22,000 bushels; sales 27,000 bushels at $1.51 @ 1.56 for No. 2 Spring in store and delivered; latter an extreme.—Rye quiet and heavy; receipts 950 bushels; sales 51,000 bushels at 91c. @ 93½c. for new Mixed Western; $1.00 @ 1.01½ for old in store.—Barley quiet and drooping; receipts 4,000 bushels; sales 13,000 bushels at 73½c. for Western in store; 75c. for afloat.—Pork firmer and quiet at $32 for new Mess; $31 @ 31.25 for old do.—Lard firmer in fair demand at 18c. @ 19½c. for steam; 19½c. @ 19½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 26—p.m.—Consols 93¼ for both. Bonds ¾l. Stocks steady. Erie 24¾. Illinois Central 96¾. Atlantic and Great Western 31.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 26—p. m.—Cotton heavy; Uplands 11¼d. Pork dull. Lard 74s. 6d. Breadstuffs dull and unchanged. The Manchester market is flat and nominal.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Coco Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street.
(All seats free.)
REV. DR. BEDFORD JONES and REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS.

Services To-morrow.—Morning Prayer, Sermon, Holy Communion 11 a.m. Litany—Public Catechising, 3 p.m. Evening Prayer, Sermon, 7 p.m.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET, M A, Curate.

Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7 Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET, M A, Curates.

Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

Military Service—Chaplain, Rev. T. D. Phillips, M.A.—in the Sussex-street Chapel at 9 a.m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.
REV. GEORGE NOEL HIGGINSON, M.A., Clerk in charge.

Service in the New School House. Morning Service at 11. Afternoon Service at 4:30. Holy Communion on the first Sunday in the month at 11 a. m., and on the 3rd Sunday in the month at 3 a. m. The services are maintained by the choristory.

St James Episcopal Church—Hull.
REV JOHN JOHNSTON.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W PICKETT.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
REV. EDWARD ESSE, Minister.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D MCPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. WARDROPE.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev. Mr MOORE.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street, at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. DANIEL M. GORDON.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev MR. HARPER.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Episc. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts
Rev. S. G STONE
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. GUILLARD, P P
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass.—8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull,
Rev R J W ROBERTS.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 6 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
OF
VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
has been commissioned by Mr. Thomas Mathews to sell,

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
on the premises, on

Thursday, the 4th day of March, Next,

At 12 o'clock, noon,

That very valuable property known as the

RIVERS HOUSE,

Consisting of three lots in one block, viz.: Part of Lots 1 and A on the south side of Rideau-st., and part of 1 and A on the north side of Besserer-st. The house is 186 x 40 feet, and four stories high, roofed with tin, and contains 4 large parlours, a first-class dining-room, sitting-room, bar-room, 2 kitchens, and 50 large, airy bed-rooms, and has a cellar under it the whole size of the house; with Sheds, Wood-house, Coach-house, a brick stable 66 x 30 feet, with accommodations for 40 horses attached.

The property, together, is one of the best in the city for a first-class hotel. A bargain may be expected.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

For further particulars apply to the owner,
Mr. THOMAS MATTHEWS,
At Matthews' Hotel, York-st.,
Or to the Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 17, 1869. 976td

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have new RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,
CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,
CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO
30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
" Superfine No. 2	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982f E. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,
HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,
IDDLE'S NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,
OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos. From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq. Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

Fancy Bakery.

CHARLES HOY begs to return thanks to the public for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, also to announce that he has removed his establishment on Wellington-st., next to the Union Brewery. He has also opened a store at No. 97, Rideau-st., where he will supply every day fresh, with the superior articles in his trade, bran and white bread one penny cheaper than other bakers. His fancy bread, breakfast and dinner rolls, French loaves, scones, twists, sweet buns, and a variety of fancy cakes. His biscuits are of a superior quality, constantly fresh made: Cabin, Wine, Abernethy, Cheese Bowlers, Crackers, Fancy, Water. Cross Buns on Good Friday.

Two apprentices wanted. 982d

Wholesale & Retail.

NOTICE.

THE TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT SALE
ON
CARPETS,
Now going on, will positively close this month.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

February 22, 1869.

IMMENSE CLEARANCE.

SALE OF CARPETS.
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,
Sparks-st.

Previous to stock-taking, and to make room for our NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS, now being purchased in the British and French Markets.

In order to make this sale as attractive as possible we have decided upon offering the entire stock of CARPETS, without reserve, at a discount of *ten per cent* for cash in *bankable funds*.

The stock is very large and well assorted, and amounts in value to over 8,000 dollars, and comprises the following, viz.:

700	YARDS HEMP CARPETS,
180	" all wool DUTCH do
575	" UNION do
1925	" 2 ply, ALL WOOL do
450	" 3 do do
200	" PRINTED DRUGGETS
225	" GREEN & CRIMSON BAIZES,
1575	" "NEW DESIGNS," TAPESTRY CARPETS,
750	" do BRUSSELS do
225	" WOOL STAIR do
150	" TAPESTRY & BRUSSELLS CARPETS.

All Remnants of Carpets, under 20 yards, will be sold cheap.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY MORNING, the 1st FEBRUARY, and continue (only) for a few weeks:

All Carpets sold during this sale, and not paid for on delivery, will be charged full price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

RESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,
BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

THE TEA POT LIST.

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCKS and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,
PLAIN AND FANCY,
Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,
CANADIAN & ENGLISH,
A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,
BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,
Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,
MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,
In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100	BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100	do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100	do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100	BBLS WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500	CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100	CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150	CHESTS TWANKAY.
200	CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100	BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.
500	BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300	BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Stationery.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY,
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*,

A complete assortment of
PLAIN, FANCY & MISCELLANEOUS
STATIONERY,
AS FOLLOWS:

PAPERS—
Writing (plain and ruled), Blotting, Drawing, Coloured, Printing and Wrapping (all descriptions). Also, Green Paper for Window Shades.

FANCY—
Perforated Card Board, Fancy Tissue Paper, Bristol Board, Crayon Paper, Drawing Paper, Tracing Linen, Camel Hair Pencils, Black Crayons, Silk Taste, Pink Tape, Notarial Seals, Gum Tickets, Music Paper, Toy Colour Boxes, Indelible Ink, Indelible Pencils, Indian Ink, Ink Erasers, India Rubber, Wax Vestas, Twisted Tapers, India Rubber Bands, Pocket Books, Porte Monnais.

MISCELLANEOUS—
Quills, Quill Pens, Wire Fyles, Paper Holders, Letter Clips, Pen Racks, Paper Weights, Envelope Boxes, Invoice Cases, Date Boxes, Letter Scales, Erasing Knives, Paper Knives, Pocket Knives (Rodgers'), Parallel Rulers, Round Rulers, Twine Boxes, Book Slates, Ivory Tablets, Paper Fasteners, Oiled Paper, Blotting Pads, Ink Powder, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Bottle Wax, Visiting Cards, Printer's Cards, Playing Cards, Pencil Protectors, Paper Folders.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.—
Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Cash Books, Indexes, Copying Letter Books (*Foolscap and Post* 4to), Invoice Books, Pocket Ledgers, Price Books, Metallic Memorandums, Bill Head Paper, Account Paper.

WRITING INKS—
Carter's, Stephens', Todd's and Walkden's Mauve, Red and Carmine Inks.

POSTAGE and BILL STAMPS—
Of every denomination.

STEEL PENS—
Blanzy, Poure's, Gillott's, Mitchell's, Barnard's, Hughes' and other makers.

LEAD PENCILS—
Faber's, Rowney's and other makers. Draper's, Carpenter's, Red and Blue, assorted colours.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

COPYING (LETTER) PRESSES,

PAPER BAGS,
Made of Gray, Brown and Manilla Paper.

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And other twines.

WRAPPING PAPER,
To suit all purchasers, from 35 cents to $5 per ream.

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Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

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THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth Five cents.

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FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

ALSO,

Lennie's Grammar,
Edwards' Summary of English History,
Carpenter's Spelling Book,
Miller's Table Book,
Easy Lessons in Geography,
Hodgins' History of Canada,
Sangster's National Arithmetic,
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Pinnock's History of England,
Collie's History of British Empire,
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Spelling Book Superseded,
Exercise Books,
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White Chalk Crayons (for Black Board.)

N. B.—Any other School Books or Requisites supplied on short notice. A liberal discount allowed to Teachers.

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
STATIONERY
AND
PRINTING HOUSE,
21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa,
Feb. 27, 1869.

A very small quantity of produce was brought to market. Nothing to notice.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 65	@	0 67
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	28 00
Prime Mess per do.	17 00	@	18 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	11 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 28	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 25
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	22 00	@	24 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOMB.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant. JNO. T. DAY.

WYOMING.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I have great pleasure in testifying to the satisfaction which my customers have universally expressed as to the quality of the tea which I have sold them. Of course it is my interest, the same as any other merchant, to buy where I can suit myself and customers best, and with this view I have purchased from you, and now testify my entire satisfaction of the tea. I remain, yours truly, DUNCAN MCBRIDE.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

WINFIELD—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.
To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. CHENY,
Manager, Canadian Express Company.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. REID.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality. —Brantford *Courier.*

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

TORONTO.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the two chests of tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton one chest fine flavoured new season Congou at same price, viz: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c., JAMES EDGAR.

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid
STONE BUILDING,
situated in the very centre of the
VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,
formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the
"ONTARIO HOUSE,"
combining all the advantages of a
FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,
including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.
J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.
Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for Acts to incorporate the DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE and GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION, and the DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Dated Ottawa, Feby. 11th, 1869. 972-2m

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are now prepared to receive TENDERS for THREE FURTHER SECTIONS of the line.

Section No. 5 will be in the Province of Quebec and will extend from Forty miles East of Riviere du Loup, at the end of Contract No. 2, to the Sixty-sixth Mile Post, near Rimouski, a distance of about Twenty-six miles.

Section No. 6 will be in the Province of New Brunswick and will extend from the Easterly end of Contract No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the Main Post Road near the 18th Mile Post, Easterly from Jacquet River, about Twenty-one miles.

Section No. 7 will be in the Province of Nova Scotia and will extend from the Southerly end of Contract No. 4, near River Phillip, to Station Fifty at Folly Lake, about Twenty-four miles.

Plans and profiles with specifications and terms of contract will be exhibited at the office of the Board of Works, Toronto, and at the offices of the Commissioners at Ottawa, Rimouski, Dalhousie, St. John, and Halifax, on and after the FIFTH day of MARCH, 1869, and SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tender," will be received at their office in Ottawa up to SEVEN o'clock, p.m., on the TWENTY-NINTH day of MARCH, 1869.

Intercolonial Railway Office,
Ottawa, 11th February, 1869.
A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
W. F. COFFIN,
976a-8d Commissioners.

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

Public notice is hereby given, that on TUESDAY, the 16th day of MARCH next, at noon, at Gowan's Hall, Sparks-street, will be sold, or let on lease, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, to the highest bidder, the following Lots and Pieces of Land, in Ottawa, and the Township of Nepean:

For to Let or Lease, for a term of twenty-one years, Four Wharf Lots on the north east side of the Rideau Canal to the south of Sappers' Bridge, Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12.

To be sold, the following sub-Lots lying east of the Rideau Canal, in Lot F, Concession D, Nepean: Nos. 2, 17, 18, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31 and broken sub-Lots 32 and 33.

On the north of the Rideau Canal, being part of Lot K, Concession C, Nepean, sub-Lots 34, 35, 36, and of Lot K, Concession B, sub-Lots 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, Gore of Gloucester, Hogsback, front of Lot 21, sub-Lots 69, 70, 71.

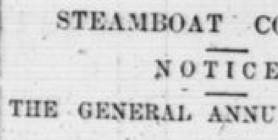
Also in the City of Ottawa, on the south side of Maria-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57; and on the north side of Gloucester-street, Lots 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, and on the south side of Gloucester-street, pieces of land, numbered 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56 and 57, and letter A.

Terms of sale—Ten per cent. cash, and the balance in nine equal annual instalments, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. on unpaid amounts.

Plans to be seen at the Ordnance Lands Office, of this Department. Further conditions at time of sale.

By order.
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 18th, 1869. 979-3awtd

UPPER OTTAWA



STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS
FOR
ELECTION OF DIRECTORS
AND
Transaction of General Business,
will be held at the office of
R. W. CRUICE, SPARKS-STREET,
in this city, on
Wednesday, 3rd day of March next,
at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.
By order,
R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Feby. 17, 1869. 976td

NOTICE.—We herewith inform the lumber trade and public generally that WM. HENRY ROLFE, who for many years acted as our Agent at Burlington, Vt., ceases to act in that capacity from and after Jan. 25, 1869.
We have appointed MESSRS. OTIS, SHEPPARD & CO., of Burlington, Vt., our sole agents at that point; they will hereafter have the exclusive sale of the products of our mill, and to them alone all orders for Humberstown Lumber must be addressed.
HUMBERSTOWN LUMBER CO.
Humberstown, Pro. Quebec,
Jan. 25, 1869. 980d

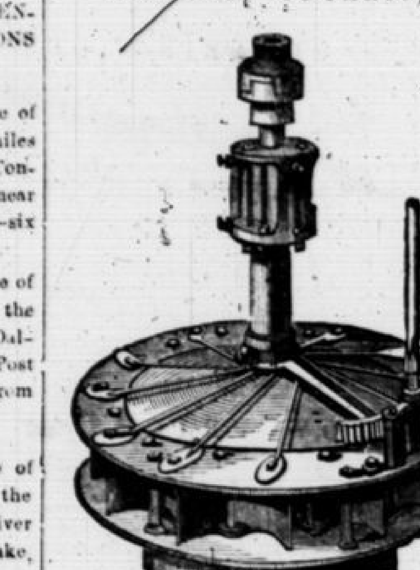
FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of
HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL
BULBS.
These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.
WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868 874tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

JOSEPH HALL
MACHINE WORKS,
ESTABLISHED 1851.
JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.
PROPRIETORS
OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.
Signed; JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

☞We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—
F. W. GLEN, President.
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

CHANCERY SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE,
IN THE
VILLAGE OF RICHMOND.

In pursuance of a decree bearing date the Nineteenth day of November, 1867, and of a final order for sale, dated the Seventh day of October, 1868, made in a cause of GILLESPIE vs. SHELLINGTON, pending in the Court of Chancery, will be sold by Public Auction, by HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, at Reilly's Hotel, in the Village of Richmond, with the approbation of Andrew Norton Buell, Esquire, the Master in ordinary of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MARCH, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon, in three parcels, the following properties, situate in the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, composed of

Parcel 1.—Lot number two, on the west side of Fowles-street, in the said village.

Parcel 2.—Also lot number two, on the east side of Maitland-street, in the said village. The above parcels are vacant, but fenced in.

Parcel 3.—Also lot number nine, on the west side of Lennox-street, in the said village, (excepting one quarter of an acre sold to one Wright.) This is a corner lot, with a pine board fence. There is a frame building on the premises, comprising store dwelling and bakery.

The last mentioned parcel will be put up at an upset price of five hundred dollars.

The purchaser to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitor, and the remainder of his purchase money, without interest, within one month thereafter. In other respects the conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court of Chancery.

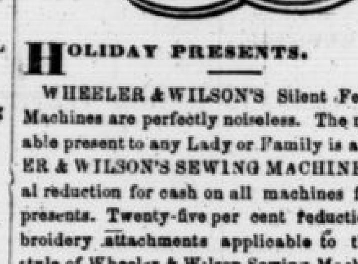
For further particulars apply to
MESSRS. BEATTY & CHADWICK,
Vendor's Solicitors, Toronto.
Or to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esquire,
Solicitor, Ottawa.
Dated this 27th day of January, 1869.
959-1awtd Signed, A. N. BUELL.

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S.
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES
are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.
G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c. it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

☞We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabes S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:
"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."
☞This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

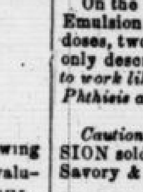
CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.
Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.



FOR CASES OF
CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.
See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*
Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.
Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*
"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*
"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.
No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st, London.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10.30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.
Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.
Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*
Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests.
Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.
J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!
NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.
For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.
ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
H. of Commons.
Ottawa, February 9, 1869. 971td

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scoten Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.
A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 365tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 30y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs. Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq, M. D., M. P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st. corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION--CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.
Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

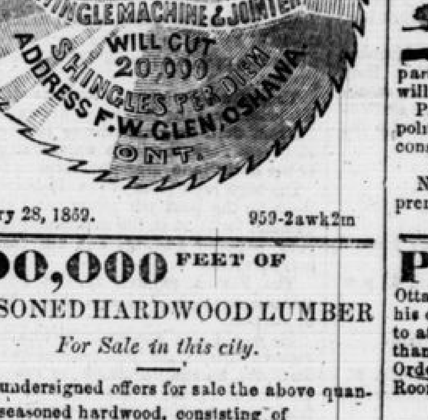
The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their
Educational Establishment in Ottawa.
Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER.
For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

100,000 FEET OF
SEASONED HARDWOOD LUMBER
For Sale in this city.

The undersigned offers for sale the above quantity of seasoned hardwood, consisting of
OAK,
MAPLE,
ELM,
BIRCH & ASH,
PLANK & SCANTLING,
of various widths and thickness. The whole can be seen in the Union Forwarding Company's Yard where it is piled.

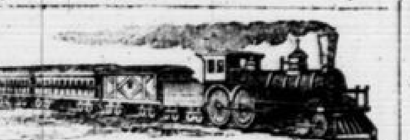
Apply at the office of the Union Forwarding Co., or to the proprietor at Onslow.
WALTON SMITH.
Ottawa, February 8, 1869. 973tf

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.		ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express,	8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed,	1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.		ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed,	7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express,	2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.
N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.
Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at .... 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m
3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at .... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p m

☞Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 1, 1868.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, January 23. 955d

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY.
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE
PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,
Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.
References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his
BOWLING ALLEY.
This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.
B. B. LARIVIERE.
N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY;
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

CITY
HOOP SKIRT
FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st.
The undersigned having been unable to dispose of the lease of his premises has decided to keep the business open until May 1st, under the management of MR. G. LEVIN, from Montreal. Mr. Levin will introduce all the latest styles in HOOP SKIRTS, which will be sold at manufacturers' prices, in order to clear the stock of material on hand. Attention is respectfully requested to the CAN-CAN, LA CLARITA, ISABELLA PANNLER and the DUCHESS Skirt, now worn by the elite in all the principal cities.
D. MILLAR.
Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1869. 986

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.
Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.
W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Ry.

Hardware.

HARDWARE:
AT
THOS. ISAACS, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.
ALSO,
STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

SATCHELL BROS.,
By appointment
BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.
Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.
N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.
930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.
L. GRANT,
960b JOHN S. HENDERSON

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director. ALEX ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL. I ...
Dry G...
KEARNS & RYAN ...
KEARNS & ...
KE...
THE ABOVE ...
having bought out the
BANKRUPT ...
AND
LEASE OF PREMISES ...
PIED ...
MESSRS. GRANT ...
AT A
LOW COMPOSITION ...
are now prepared, and w...
THE WHOLE OF THE ...
DIVID...
BETWEEN THEIR ...
AT A
IMMENSE REDUC...
FROM ORIG...
THE SALE TO ...
UNTIL T...
WHOLESTOCK ...
GREAT BA...
may be expected.
KE...
Ottawa, January 22, 1869.

REMOVAL
TO
NO. 34, SPA...
T. RAJO...
having removed to more c... takes pleasure in announcing ... tomers and the public genera... large and well sele... STAPLE AND FANC... consisting ...
Flannels
Winceys
Cottons
Prints
&c.,
We have also on han... READY-MADE C... which, being manufactured ... can recommend, and sell chea... this city.
THE TAILORING ...
This department is under t... a well-known first-class cutte... orders punctually attended to.
☞Don't forget the place ... Store lately occupied by G. ... door to Magee & Russell's ol...
88y

Previous to Sto...
CUNNINGHAM & LI...
No. 14, Ride...
Offer great inducement...
IN DRESS GOODS, W...
They have made a great ...
IN FANCY WOOL... CLOUDS, &c.,
They have resolved to clean ... is at cost.
IN PRINTS, GREY a... TONS,
and all othe...
They have splen...
IN CANADIAN CLOT...
Their prices commence a...
REMEMBER THE P...
14 R...
CUNNINGHAM...
Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

Music
MESSRS. J. L. ORME ...
Respectfully call the atten... their magnificent stock of
PIANO-FORTE...
AND MELOD...
In their new Show Room, co...
PIANO-FORTES, *from all* ...
WARREN'S PIPE ...
ORGANS and MELODEO... tories in the United States, ex... tone anything ever brought h...
Now is the time for intendi...
☞PRICES LOW & TE...
Our stock of Concertinas, ... &c., is, as usual, very large.
New Sheet Music and Bo... ing.
J. L. OR...
Sign of ...
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st...

Due W...
BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE ...
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell* ...
MACDONALD ...
SILK AND WOO...
Scourers, Hot P...
☞Gentlemen's Clothes ... Kid Gloves cleaned.